

F. L. PLANS WORLD UNION

Executive Council Resolution to Be Presented at International Congress. A resolution favoring the organization of an international federation of labor was adopted by the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor yesterday at its regular quarterly meeting in session this week at the Hotel Victoria, 27th street and Broadway.

The resolution, which will be presented by President Samuel Gompers at the International Trade Union Congress to open in Paris on August 30, reads as follows: "Resolved, That the International Trade Union Congress recommends to trade union centers (general trade union federations or congresses) of all countries the discussion of the proposition of establishing an international federation of labor, the autonomy of the trade union movement of each country being ordained and guaranteed; the purpose of the federation being for the protection and advancement of the rights, interests and justice of the wage workers of all countries, and the establishment of international fraternity and solidarity."

The Council will remain in session until Friday. A banquet will be given to President Gompers at the Yorkville Casino on Thursday evening, and on Saturday he will sail on the Baltic to investigate the labor movements of the various European countries, as inaugurated by the last national convention of the American Federation of Labor, and act as American delegate to the International Trade Union Congress.

Yesterday's session of the Executive Council was devoted mostly to the consideration of jurisdiction controversies of the International Association of Carworkers and of the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen in regard to amalgamation of organizations and the affiliation of the amalgamated bodies with the American Federation of Labor; and a conference with Henry W. Burdette, president of the Railway Employees' Department of the American Federation of Labor, reached a tentative agreement for the purpose of amalgamation.

President James Duncan resigned having acted as arbitrator in a case between the Reliance Labor Union and the Marble Workers' Union and received a lengthy award, which was read.

Hearings were given to jurisdiction controversies between the Sheet Metal Workers and the Stove Mounters' International Union, and between the Carpenters and Excavators and the Plumbers and Building Laborers.

The application of the Jewish Newspaper writers of New York City for a charter was referred to the International Typographical Union, after President James Lynch had appeared relative to this matter and stated that the International Typographical Union did not waive jurisdiction over newspaper writers.

Official notice was taken of the death on June 6 of Vice President Max Morris, who was for twelve years a member of the Executive Council, and a committee was appointed to draft suitable resolutions.

The full membership of the Executive Council is in attendance, consisting of President Gompers, Secretary Frank Morrison, Treasurer John E. Lennon, and Vice Presidents James Duncan, John Mitchell, James O'Connell, Denis A. Hayes, William D. Hunter, Joseph F. Valentine, and John A. Altme.

WHY WORSHIP IT?

What is Law? Law is a fraud. At least, it has been hitherto. The propertied classes have made the laws, and have used them as a club to tyrannize over the working class and rob it. Even if the working class has succeeded in getting on law passed occasionally, it has been usually either nullified or turned against the workers by judicial interpretation.

M. P. ATTACKS CZAR

Thorne Calls Him "Inhuman Brute" Who Should Get His Deserts. LONDON, June 16.—The Czar was attacked in the House of Commons when the subject of his proposed visit came up for discussion. Will Thorne, a Socialist, and representative of the Independent Labor party, created a sensation yesterday when he said: "I hope he gets his deserts when he comes here," shouted Thorne, after Foreign Secretary Grey had sought to explain that there was to be no special expenditure for the entertainment of the Czar and that his visit was to be purely private.

KAISER ON HIS WAY TO MEET THE CZAR

BERLIN, June 16.—Emperor William has left here on a special train for Danzig, where he will embark on the Hohenzollern and go to the Gulf of Finland to meet Emperor Nicholas of Russia. His majesty is accompanied by Herr van Schoen, the Foreign Secretary, and a suite. It is well understood that the matters to be discussed are not of prime importance.

JAIL HIGH OFFICIALS

Young Turks Get After More Reactionaries—Powers Stay in Crete. CONSTANTINOPLE, June 16.—Four marshals, who included the ex-ministers of Marine and Public Instruction; two generals, a former Councilor of State, a former vail and sixty other high officials have been sentenced by court-martial to imprisonment in the provincial fortresses because of complicity in the recent reactionary movement. An imperial irade has been issued approving the sentences.

SURVIVES TERRIBLE FALL OF 3,500 FEET

BERWYN, Neb., June 16.—U. Sorenson, a local blacksmith, fell 3,500 feet in an aeroplane of his own construction, in which he attempted to make a descent after rising in a balloon and is to-day telling his awestricken friends all about it, for he suffered no hurt as a result of his terrible journey through the air. In view of several hundred townsmen, Sorenson made the journey upward in a balloon, with his aeroplane in tow. At a height of 3,500 feet he began the trip back to earth. When he cut the aeroplane loose he found the rudder had worked loose and he was unable to guide the machine. It began to descend at terrific speed, turning over and over as it dropped. The inventor clung to the craft, and when struck the ground he was in a sitting posture. The aeroplane was demolished. Sorenson was none the worse off for his experience.

FOUND DEAD IN RIVER

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 16.—A thorough investigation was started to-day to ascertain the cause of the death of Patrick Killen, who, after being missing ten days, was found dead in the Susquehanna River. This is the fifth drowning in Binghamton in as many weeks. On June 3 Mr. Killen drew \$40 from a savings bank and had been missing since. The money was missing, but no evidence of foul play could be discovered on the body.

OILCLOTH MUST SOLVE MYSTERY

Material in Which Samuel Bersin's Body Was Wrapped Offers Only Clue to Slayer. Though the murder of Samuel Bersin, whose dismembered body was found at Henry and Oliver streets, occurred at least one week ago, assuming that the crime was committed shortly before the hacked limbs and head were found, the police are to-day as much at sea as ever, and have failed to unearth a single clue that seems plausible, or that has led to any material revelation.

The plan is to throw a fence across the entire front end of the approach to the bridge, in which will be a number of turnstiles, and to transfer all the men ticket agents, who have become experts at passing out tickets, and replace them with women. It is the intention to abolish the ticket system entirely, and have each person as he pays his fare pass through a turnstile, as is the case now at some of the "L" stations. The plan, of course, provides for the abolition of all ticket choppers. Men are at work to-day installing the turnstiles and it is said the new plan will be in operation in a few days.

Several of the ticket sellers, it is said, have received notices that they are to be transferred and that women who have not been instructed in the work at the bridge are to take their places. One man, the head ticket agent at night, who has held the position for more than ten years, and is considered the most skillful employee of the company in handing out tickets, it is said, that he is to be transferred to Brighton Beach. Others have been told they would have to go to different stations. Their wages, too, will be cut from twenty-five cents an hour to fifteen cents an hour, the same as that received by other ticket agents. The girls who take their places will receive fifteen cents. The men have received twenty-five cents because of the extra work at the bridge and the importance of handling the large crowds. Only experts have been employed there.

BANK TELLER SOUGHT

Paul Endemann Is Charged With Embezzlement of Fpnds. Paul Endemann, paying teller at the Jefferson Bank's Houston street branch, is to-day being sought by the police, who have a warrant charging him with embezzlement. Herman Broesel, the bank's president, appearing as complainant. Endemann, according to Mr. Broesel and other officials of the institute, got away with \$9,000. The Houston street branch of the bank, it is said, will close within a few days. It was a small offshoot of the bank. A new branch will be opened on Fifth avenue. The money that was taken was part of what was known as the "special deposit fund." This included deposits of \$100 or under, in most cases the savings of poor residents of the East Side. The Houston street branch of the bank was maintained chiefly for the purpose of obtaining just such deposits. Endemann had been employed by the Jefferson Bank for fifteen years. His home is at Coney Island and he has had a good reputation. The depositors of the bank will not suffer. Its last statement showed that it had resources of more than \$4,000,000, its surplus amounting to \$700,000.

DUMA SUSPENDS WORK UNTIL OCTOBER 28

ST. PETERSBURG, June 16.—The members of the Duma are to-day resting, due to the suspension of the house until October 28. The work done in the last session includes the passage of a number of important bills and an examination of the budget, which was finished only last week. Although during the concluding weeks of the session sharp differences of opinion regarding Premier Stolypin developed, all indications point to a renewal of the reactionary forces of the Duma with the administration on the resumption in autumn.

ROBBED OF \$20,000; \$15,000 RETURNED

SEATTLE, June 16.—Mrs. Grace Shea, of Duluth, who was robbed of \$20,000, which she had concealed under the mattress of her bed, had been stolen, is rejoicing to-day over the receipt of \$15,000 which accompanied a letter signed "Two Thieves." The writers say they used \$5,000 to furnish their home, and, having no further use for the money, returned it to the donor.

You will find at the top of the fourth column on the fourth page something that deserves your attention. Read and act.

WILL USE TURNSTILES

B. R. T. to Save More Money at Expense of Employes and Public.

It is announced to-day that, not satisfied with the profits they are extracting from a long suffering public, the officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company will inaugurate a scheme which, it is believed, will endanger lives and undoubtedly cause serious congestions at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge. The plan is to throw a fence across the entire front end of the approach to the bridge, in which will be a number of turnstiles, and to transfer all the men ticket agents, who have become experts at passing out tickets, and replace them with women. It is the intention to abolish the ticket system entirely, and have each person as he pays his fare pass through a turnstile, as is the case now at some of the "L" stations. The plan, of course, provides for the abolition of all ticket choppers. Men are at work to-day installing the turnstiles and it is said the new plan will be in operation in a few days.

MAN MYSTERIOUSLY MISSING FOUR DAYS

In response to a general alarm sent out from Police Headquarters, blue-coats all over the city are to-day seeking traces of Ernest J. Lange, of 57 West 111th street, in the picture framing business at 78 West 55th street for the last twenty-five years, who mysteriously disappeared last Friday afternoon. Emil Villanyi, a lawyer of 40 Wall street and brother-in-law of the missing man, told the police that he was last seen in front of 395 East 43d street about 5 P. M. on June 11. Mr. Lange is married, but has no children, and lives with his brother-in-law and sister at the 111th street address. His relatives think he must have met with foul play.

COMPANY VIOLATES UNION AGREEMENT

EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 16.—The effort of the Schroeder Headlight Company to run an open shop has resulted in a strike of 60 union men in violation of an agreement entered into one month ago. The company has several large contracts for lights for the navy, and the strike will cause delay in filling them.

BJORNSEN WORSE

LONDON, June 16.—A dispatch received from Christiania says that Bjornsterne Bjornsen, the Norwegian novelist, who was seriously ill at Laurvik, has suffered a relapse and is in a critical condition. He had a paralytic stroke on June 5.

CALL CENTURY CLUB

- 1. Robert Hunter. 2. Mrs. Robert Hunter. 3. J. M. Huber. 4. Morris Hillquit. 5. Workmen's Circle. 6. Local Kings County Socialist Party. 7. Dr. Julius Halpern. 8. Will G. Lenker. 9. 23d Assembly District, Br. 2, S. P. Kings County. 10. Rev. Eliot White, Worcester, Mass. 11. Rufus Weeks. 12. Alexander Irvine. 13. Josephus Chant Lipas "The Father of the Call." 14. 22d Assembly District, Br. 1, S. P. Manhattan. 15. Local New York Socialist Party. 16. ? ? ? ? ?

TRUSTS SUPREME, UNTERMYER SAYS

Corporation Laugh at Anti-Trust Laws—Lawyer Fears Public Awakening. Samuel Untermyer's "telling tales out of school" caused much comment in Wall street to-day. Mr. Untermyer, who was counsel for Adolph Segal in the recent suit against the Sugar Trust, sailed for Europe with Mrs. Untermyer on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. Before his departure he criticized the Federal Government for not making an honest attempt to curb the criminal trusts.

"The Sugar Company has been a consistent lawbreaker ever since its birth," he said. "Its activities in Congress have been one of the scandals of the country for many years. It has robbed the public and ruined its would-be competitors. But it is no worse than many others in its criminal methods, and not quite so bad as some." "This suddenly aroused virtuous abhorrence of its methods is amusing. It accidentally happens at the moment to be the scapegoat, but as the Government has waited until after the principal offenders are dead it doesn't matter much. "Whenever the Government really want to bring the criminal rich who are managing these conspiracies that are notoriously violating the criminal law within the penalties of that law, it will not be difficult. There never has been an honest, intelligent effort to enforce the ample provisions of the law against any of the monster monopolies. "The Government has had no trouble in convincing and driving out of business a few poor, struggling, comparatively harmless, combinations that were put together to prevent bankruptcy and secure a small profit. "But the financial buccaners who have been 'holding up' the country for the necessities of life, keeping out foreign competition through the tariff at one end and crushing home competition at the other until the increase in the cost of living is alarming, have remained immune until every lawyer who has had to deal with this big question knows that the pretended 'enforcement' of the law is a huge farce. "If a fraction of the energy that is wasted in smashing gambling houses, doors and watching saloons, etc., were expended in getting evidence that is obtainable, we should soon be able to bring this great evil under control. Somehow or other it looks as if the power of these men is too much for the government. The evidence of the crimes have been for years available to the public authorities if they would go about their task as they do in ferreting out smugglers, counterfeiters, post office thieves and other classes of criminals. "So long as the President of the United States can defy the law by giving them immunity and go unrebuked the sentiment of the country is callosity. I dread the awakening. We are a hysterical, press-ridden people, and we go to extremes."

C. L. U. NOT DECEIVED

Subway Schemers Turned Down Hard by Brooklyn Central Body. At the last meeting of the Brooklyn Central Labor Union a resolution introduced by Delegate Atherton was adopted, condemning Governor Hughes for signing the Travis-Robinson subway bill and demanding public ownership of the new subway. President Craig of the East New York Board of Trade, representing the Broadway and Lafayette Avenue Subway League, of Brooklyn, was turned down hard when he appealed to the body to be represented at a meeting at the Iron Clad office, 204 Varet street, in behalf of the Broadway and Lafayette subway scheme and to aid in a meeting to be addressed by Controller Metcalf at the Palm Garden on June 16.

Mr. Craig was informed that under no consideration would any of the delegates attend a meeting in the office of the Iron Clad, which is one of the worst scab shops in the city, where men are paid as low as \$8 a week, and his subway proposition was shown to be a scheme to delude the public and help Metcalf and the B. R. T. to tie up things so that Brooklyn would not get any subway for a long time to come. Delegates Boyle and Atherton asked Mr. Craig several pointed questions, which he evaded, and all the delegates were "onto him" at once. The machinists and steamfitters reported that the conditions in the Navy Yard are getting worse every day, and a committee of three was appointed to investigate. The men say that in the effort to make consolidation of the shops successful measures have been adopted which have brought about an unbearable state of affairs. It was charged that men were being lowered in wages without a hearing and without cause, that unfit men were placed in responsible places through political "pull" and without examination, that employees were forced to buy tickets for political outings, and that the classification system was taken advantage of to the detriment of experienced men.

PROTEST TO BINGHAM

Police Czar Promises C. F. U. Committee to Investigate Outrages. A promise to "investigate" was the best that a committee of the Central Federated Union got from Police Commissioner Bingham when they visited him yesterday to protest against the illegal use of the police against strikes and labor unions. Those on the committee were President Curtis, Ernest Bohm, secretary of the Central Federated Union; and Delegates McConville, of the Engineers, Kaufman, of the Clothing Cutters, and Hanley, of the Upholsterers. One of the police persecutions which was called to Bingham's attention took place just before the committee's call on the Commissioner. A picket of the clothing cutters on strike against Frankel Brothers was arrested without cause by Policeman George Trojan, of the Nineteenth Precinct, and when Delegate Kaufman went to the station house to find out about the arrest of his fellow member, he was driven out. "Get out of here, or I'll knock your block off," the sergeant on duty said to the union official, according to his statement to Commissioner Bingham. The picket was afterwards discharged in the West Side Court by Magistrate Krotel. Another outrage which the non-committal Commissioner promised to investigate was the action of a patrolman in prohibiting the upholsterers on strike against the Guterman firm from meeting in a vacant store on West 24th street, which they rented for the purpose. Meetings were held there yesterday and Saturday despite the threats of the cop, who told the strikers each time that he would close the store and put a lock on the doors if another meeting were held there.

HATTERS WIN AGAIN

Seven More Connecticut Factories Surrender to the Union. (Special to The Call.) DANBURY, Conn., June 16.—Just five months to the day after the union haters went out on strike, the long tie-up came to an end when the seven hat factories, which did not open last week, resumed work to-day. All the hat factories in Bethel, New Milford, and this city are now busy. The manufacturers have all withdrawn from the National Association.

AMERICAN BANKERS TO GET CHINESE GRAFT

PEKIN, June 16.—The consent of China to America's participation in the loan for the construction of the Hankow-Soo-Chuen Railway was virtually given when Henry P. Fletcher, the American charge d'affaires, succeeded in having China refuse to ratify the English-French-German loan of \$27,000,000 for such construction yesterday. The failure to ratify this loan indicates strongly that China will request the inclusion of the American banking syndicate in the foreign flotation of the loan. Germany tried to defeat the work of Fletcher and both its diplomatic and business agents here urged the immediate ratification of the loan. Fletcher has been in almost constant conference with President Liang Tung-yen and other officers of the Foreign Board, and he is confident that American bankers will have an equal chance with the other foreign groups.

ANOTHER CHURCH WAR IMMINENT IN FRANCE

BORDEAUX, June 16.—A serious clash between the Catholic church and the state is one of the possibilities of the defiant attitude of Cardinal Andrieu, who refuses to recognize the authority of the civil law to punish him or a charge of inciting a breach of the law in his enthronement address. The Cardinal capped the climax of his defiance yesterday with the following letter, which he wrote to the Judge with regard to the separation law: "That law became non-existent for Catholics the minute their supreme chief, the incorruptible guardian of the morals of individuals and nations, condemned it as inimical to the property, authority and liberty of the church." Cardinal Andrieu refuses to answer the summons to appear for trial and the authorities are debating what to do. They do not want to see the civil law set aside, but it is feared that any interference with the Cardinal will stir up a bitter church strife.

EXPLOSION KILLS THREE

DENVER, June 16.—Three men are dead and many are injured, to-day, owing to a boiler explosion which wrecked the \$1,000,000 power plant of the Denver Gas and Electric Company. The men killed were hurled into the street, and their bodies badly mangled. The city was in darkness last night.

COP FACES JAIL FOR "MUGGING"

Lieut. Kuhne Ignored Writ of Court and Photographed Banker Jenkins as Rogue. HE IS HELD FOR CONTEMPT His Appeal Beaten—Sentence by Justice Burr is Imprisonment For Thirty Days. Police Lieutenant August Kuhne, who has been acting as captain of Brooklyn Detective Bureau for nearly three years, will be committed to Raymond street jail to-day for contempt of court, under the order of Justice Burr, of the Supreme Court, fining him \$250 and sentencing him to imprisonment for thirty days. Kuhne's trouble comes about through the "mugging and measuring" of Frank Jenkins, one of the family of bankers in Brooklyn, who collapsed in the financial crash of October, 1907. Jenkins was arrested on an indictment on November 26, 1907. After he was arraigned Kuhne's detectives rushed him to Police Headquarters. It was expected that John G. Jenkins, Jr., would be arrested first and the Jenkins lawyers were imprisoned with a writ of habeas corpus, signed by Justice Burr, commanding Kuhne to bring Jenkins before him forthwith. Dedied Allowed Writ. The unexpected arrest of Frank Jenkins made it necessary to alter the writ in a hurry. Kuhne refused to recognize the altered writ and photographed and measured Jenkins before taking him before Justice Burr. That constituted the contempt. Kuhne appealed and a divided Appellate Division upheld the judgment of Justice Burr. The Court of Appeals sustains the judgment and Kuhne must go to jail. Kuhne said last night that he would have to serve the 30 days in addition to the thirty days' jail sentence, unless the Police Department paid his fine, as he did not have \$250. It rests with Justice Burr how long Kuhne will remain in jail. In disobeying a writ of the Supreme Court the court itself and not the Justice is defended against, but the committing Justice may exercise his power to remit or commute the sentence. This suggestion was made last night that Justice Burr will commute the sentence to a few days, perhaps one day, and remit the fine.

MOTHER HEARS FROM MISSING MARKS GIRL

"I want to say that if my daughter is really married, both her father and I want her to come home and make us happy, and all will be forgiven," said yesterday Mrs. Tillie Marks, mother of seventeen-year-old Beatrice Marks, of 249 East 143d street, who has been missing from her home since Saturday. Mrs. Marks received a letter yesterday which she feels certain is from the missing girl. She was first inclined to think the girl had been kidnapped, but after getting the letter she gave up that opinion. The letter was postmarked, "Chicago, Ill.," and bore a picture of the Congress Hotel. In it the girl said she was married, and that she had run away because her father would not consent to her marriage with the man she loved. She said she was with her husband and was happy.

DOG RETURNS, MISSING BOY EXPECTED SOON

The parents of thirteen-year-old Jacob Shariss, of 1242 54th street, Brooklyn, are elated to-day because their dog Shep, which had disappeared June 2 with Jacob, returned home. They believe the disappearance of the dog presages the return of the missing boy. Shep and the boy were inseparable, and when they both disappeared Jacob's parents were not specially alarmed. They felt that if Jacob had fallen overboard the dog would either have saved him or returned home to give the alarm. The police are looking for Jacob in the vicinity of his home.

MAY DELAY TRIAL OF SUGAR WEIGHERS

Whether the trial of the seven sugar trust weighers under indictment for conspiracy to defraud the Government, which was set to begin to-morrow before Judge Holt in the United States Court, will be begun to-morrow or will be postponed is at present a matter of doubt. Counsel for the indicted weighers may apply for a postponement on the ground that just at this time their clients might suffer unjustly on trial owing to the aroused public feeling against the American Sugar Refining Company. On the other hand, the Government's prosecutors believe that the trial should proceed.



SOLIDARITY IN BAKERS' STRIKE

Poor Workmen Carry Bread to Headquarters and Feed Hungry Men.

An instance that illustrates the solidarity of the striking bakers in their present strike is the novel but pathetic method of giving up bread which the bakers who are employed are entitled to take home.

This morning, and yesterday all day, bakers carried bundles in their arms, which proved to be loaves of bread wrapped in newspapers.

It has been a custom of the baker trade for many years now, to allow each man to take home a loaf of bread a day. In time of peace the bread form a considerable part of the baker's earnings, and the loaf is chosen to suit the taste of the wife and children.

But this is not a time of peace. It is a time of war with several dozens of bosses who refuse to settle with the union. Those who are fortunate enough to be employed, know this, and the loaf of bread that is to go home, is carried to the headquarters, 127 Delancey street, where the strikers congregate.

Money is needed by the strikers, and the bread is accepted in the same spirit in which it is given—as rations to soldiers in battle. Those who are employed give up a day's work each week to a strike in addition to a dollar in cash that is donated to the fund. Unmarried men give \$3.

Three cases were thrown out of the special sessions yesterday. They were that of Abraham Foster, Mrs. Rosie Japinek and Mrs. Jennie Biegner. All three were held on charges of assault, alleged to have been committed on the premises of non-union shops. The complainants refused to testify and the defendants were dismissed.

TAFT SENDS INCOME TAX MESSAGE TO-DAY

WASHINGTON, June 16.—President Taft will send to Congress to-day a special message advocating the adoption of a tax on corporation earnings and a resolution submitting the income tax constitutional amendment to the states, unless the message, which is said to be now ready, is held over until Thursday, when the House will also be in session.

It is expected that there will be a complete discussion of the resolutions for the measure suggested as opposed to the immediate adoption of an income tax. The insurgents admit that the open move of the President destroys what little chances of success his known support of the Aldrich committee had left them.

In one respect only do the insurgents feel more reconciled to-day than they did when the news of the President's position first became known. They thought that the only concession that was being made by the committee was a 3 per cent. tax on corporate dividends with a probable limitation of that tax to two years. They ascertained that in the face of their bitter comments on the tactics of the President and Mr. Aldrich the tax will be on the net incomes of corporations, and that it will be levied without any time limit.

NEW SCALP GRAFTED ON WOMAN'S HEAD

Mrs. Anna Roderon, thirty-two years old, of 417 East 123d street, will leave Harlem Hospital to-day or so, a testimony to the skill and perseverance of Drs. Cassini, Herrity and Nealy, who have provided the woman with an entirely new scalp by grafting skin, cut from different parts of her body, during nineteen operations, since February 8.

On that day the woman was scalped by a machine in the factory of Lohman & Co., at 213 East 120th street. She was said to be fatally injured when she was admitted to the hospital.

You are at home when dealing at FRANK'S DEPARTMENT STORE. N. E. Cor. 63d St. & Ave. A, N. Y. ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW. We handle all union made merchandise.

United States Shoe & Leather Co.

There are no better shoes made than we sell for the money. The leathers are the best, the workmanship the most thorough, and the styles such as to harmonize with your dress or costume. A perfect fit is assured. Take a look at our Men and Women Oxfords. \$1.95

On sale in our stores: Corner Sixth and 123d st., New York; 248 and 249 Washington st., Brooklyn, between Concord and Tillary sts.

TAX BILL STIRS GERMANY

Kaiser Must Have Money for His Navy. Political Crisis Near.

BERLIN, June 16.—The new tax proposals that are now being debated by the Reichstag have simply turned the German nation giddy by reason of their radical and sweeping nature. "Air and sunlight are about all that is to be left us free of taxation," declared a leading Liberal to-day "if the government program goes through."

A deficit of \$123,000,000 a year, created by the increase in naval armaments, must be provided for by special taxation, and as the usual subjects of taxation have about been exhausted to meet the regular expenditures, the additional burden tax is striking right and left, at practically everything that has heretofore escaped.

The revised scheme of the Government proposes new taxes on brandy, wine, beer, tobacco, gas, electricity, advertisements—whether they be in newspapers or in street placards—succession duties, fire insurance policies, stocks, increased land values, land transfers, coal outputs, export grain and milling. The finance committee of the Reichstag has still other proposals which it will lay before the body, including taxes on perfumeries and matches, and an increase in the taxes on tea, coffee, and the export duty on coal and coke.

The schedules are being debated all together, the Conservatives believing that this plan will increase the chances of the bill being adopted.

The Liberals and Radicals are violently opposing the program on the ground that most of the increased burdens of taxation will fall on the trades, to the exclusion of the agricultural classes, which, they say, are not bearing their proportionate part of the taxation.

The chief complaint of the Socialists is that the new scheme does not hit the rich as hard as it does the common people.

The debates are being bitterly waged, and while it is probable that a sweeping bill will be adopted, the future political complexion of the Reichstag may undergo radical changes.

FOREIGN NOTES

PARIS, June 16.—Moulay El Kebir, younger brother of Sultan Moulay Haïd, has been proclaimed Sultan of Morocco by the tribes among whom he has been a refugee for many months, according to dispatches from Tangier and Fez. The adherents of El Kebir are organizing a rather formidable array, the dispatches say, and will start a campaign against Moulay Haïd. Since the overthrow of the former Sultan Abdul Aziz by Moulay Haïd last year, certain of the tribesmen have been clamoring for El Kebir to ascend the throne, declaring that he is the rightful successor.

CARACAS, June 16.—Jose de J. Paul, the Venezuelan Envoy to Europe, who was removed recently from the diplomatic service, has sent the following cablegram to President Guzman: "I have been judged and condemned without a hearing. I protest before you, the nation and the world against this infamous recoupation, and I request the publication of this protest."

PARIS, June 16.—The government's plan to reconstruct the villages destroyed by the earthquake a few days ago includes an appropriation and arrangement of loans on easy terms for the balance. President Fallieres has contributed \$4,000.

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 16.—Nilo Pecanha, who has succeeded the late Dr. Penna as President, has issued a statement saying that he intends to do his utmost to conduct the government along peaceable lines and maintain good relations among the political parties of Brazil.

PARIS, June 16.—The Franco-American treaty of extradition has been ratified, and was promulgated here yesterday.

TOULON, June 16.—Lieutenant Lucien Napoleon Bonaparte Wyse, the French explorer and engineer, who was one of the pioneers of the Panama Canal idea, died here yesterday.

PLAN MODEL DAIRY TO SELL PURE MILK

In order to try out a method of milk production by which a milk satisfactory to physicians and health authorities can be secured from the ordinary farmer with little or no change from established conditions and sold at a price which consumers will be willing to pay, the New York milk committee is organizing a model milk company, which purposes to go out into the country, purchase a creamery and work in conjunction with the farmer in improving the milk supply.

Those who cannot afford to pay the company's price for the milk will be assisted by the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, under which the milk committee is organized; the Charity Organization Society, the United Hebrew Charities and other philanthropic bodies, which are already co-operating with the committee.

ALBANY, June 15.—The Court of Appeals has handed down a decision in which it holds that the sale of skimmed milk in New York City is a crime.

Fraas & Miller THE FURNITURE CENTER Broadway, Linden and Quincy Sts., Brooklyn.

Upholstered Couches A remarkably fine showing; built for beauty, comfort and service. Very attractive prices. TURKISH COUCH, workmanship and finish first class throughout; frame of golden oak, handsomely carved; open constructions with best steel springs, fine tufting, roll head and foot; covered in chase leather, red or black; also in verona velour of any shade. No couch to equal this in style and construction has ever been sold at so moderate a figure. 14.50 Couches covered with very finest leather in a great variety of prices, beginning at \$18.00. Direct deliveries to all points on Long Island by our Auto Vans.

TRY SMUGGLERS TO-DAY

Expect Plea of "Guilty" Will Throw Light on Many Cases.

When the Kilgannons, charged with smuggling, appear for trial in the Federal Court this morning it is expected they will plead guilty and throw considerable light on the \$52,000 smuggling cases of the "sleeper" trucks which contained the imported goods sold a week ago by Marshal Henkel.

William H. Kilgannon and his wife, who was a dressmaker doing business under the name of Mrs. Loran, pleaded not guilty to indictments on May 4 and were admitted to bail. Lorne E. Walker, formerly a customs inspector, said to be involved in the conspiracy, pleaded guilty. George M. White, a partner of the Kilgannons, pleaded not guilty and went to the Tombs for a while in default of bail. The Kilgannons later withdrew their plea and demurred. The demurrer was overruled, and there was a rumor about the Federal Building that the Kilgannons had "made a clean breast" to the Federal District Attorney, but this is denied by the District Attorney's office.

FIVE RATTLESNAKES TERRORIZE TOWN

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., June 16.—This town is in a state of terror to-day, for five good-sized rattlesnakes are at large somewhere in the streets. Seven was the number that escaped from the window of A. W. Dreyfuss' cigar store where they were on exhibition, but two were caught by men in the employ of the street cleaning department who are hunting for them.

Hardly a woman has dared venture upon the streets, and when they do they take the center of the roadway and proceed cautiously. The policemen have donned hip boots, and the Board of Health has adorned the principal corners with signs reading, "Look out for the rattlesnakes!"

MURDERS UNDERTAKER

TROY, N. Y., June 16.—The police here are to-day trying to run down the slayer of Thomas H. Nealon, an undertaker, who was killed almost instantly in his office. The assassin is not known, but is described as an Italian about thirty-five years old. Mr. Nealon died while attempting to reach the telephone to summon aid. The murdered man had a large amount of money on his person and the wallet containing it is missing.

WHAT'S SO AND WHAT ISN'T

By John M. Work. Demolishes objections to Socialism. States the case against capitalism. Best propaganda pamphlet. Single copies 15 cents, postpaid; 2 for 25 cents; 12 for \$1.40. In hundred lots, \$10.50.

CALL BOOK DEPT., 442 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A DIME FOR LIFE.

There are 110,000 Socialist voters in the Eastern states alone. The Call represents them, represents all workers. Ten cents a month, or less than two and a half cents a week, from each of them would mean \$11,000 a month, \$2,750 a week. That would mean absolute certainty of life for The Call. That's less than half a cent a day. Every one of us can do that much. You can do it. Will you pledge yourself to give ten cents a month for the next three months to keep The Call?

The Call fights every battle of organized labor. Every progressive Trade Unionist, as well as every Socialist, ought to be willing to give The Call ten cents a month to maintain the most powerful advocate of Labor's cause. Will you take the matter up with your fellow unionists? Remember, in all that vast territory between Chicago and the Gulf at the south, and Maine, at the east, there is not another daily newspaper that always stands with the workers. Remember, also, that if The Call dies it will take many years to arouse the courage of the workers to attempt to start another daily newspaper. The daily press controlled by our masters defeats more strikes and wrecks more havoc in our organizations than any other weapon the masters possess. The daily press is a wrecker or builder, as you will. In the hands of our masters it is a wrecker of labor organization, a wrecker of labor's hopes and plans. In the hands of our brothers and comrades it is builder of organization, a strengthener of labor hopes and plans. Always a voice of our demands. The life of The Call hangs by a slender thread. Every moment is filled with danger. Shall The Call die for lack of ten cents a month from the hundreds of thousands of Socialists, Trade Unionists and other workers in the East? Ten cents a month now will mean life. Will you give it? Act now, or it may be too late. Do you hear, do you understand? Act at once.

SUFFRAGISTS PLAN ACTIVE CAMPAIGN

The Interurban Woman Suffrage Association held its last business meeting for the summer at its headquarters in the Martha Washington Hotel in East 29th street, yesterday morning, the session lasting from 10:30 till 2 o'clock.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the International Suffrage Alliance, presided, and presented more in detail the suffrage campaign plans suggested on the previous day at the larger meeting at the Hotel Astor.

It was also decided to open headquarters at Coney Island this summer to which all mothers and babies will be welcome as a rest room. Literature will be distributed and the petition for equal suffrage circulated.

LONGSHOREMEN WONT STRIKE, SAYS PAPER

DETROIT, June 16.—The Free Press to-day thate the longshoremen of the Great Lakes have voted against a strike, the majority being less than 2000. No official announcement is obtainable at the Longshoremen's Association here, but it is said that the returns from the various ports around the Great Lakes were completed this afternoon.

BLAME ELEVATOR MAN

Following a hearing before a jury in Coroner Harburger's court, Stephen Young, operator of an elevator that on June 7, killed Salina Schoonmaker, of Saugerties, N. Y., is to-day held in \$5,000 for appearance before the grand jury on the charge of homicide. The jury censured the owners of the building for "employing incompetent men for such duty." Testimony brought out the fact that the innegates of the elevator car had been left open.

WE DO LINOTYPE COMPOSITION AT LOWEST PRICES. THE CALL 442 PEARL STREET

JAIL SENTENCE FOR UNION MAN

Porto Rican Court Shields Law Breaking Boss by Deciding Against Worker. By VICTOR G. CANDAMO. (Correspondence to The Call.) ARECIBO, June 8.—Another instance of the "justice" dealt out by the judges and politicians of the Unionist party to the members of the Free Federation of Labor was witnessed last Friday when Manuel F. Rojas, the official leader for the cigarmakers of the West India Company, was sentenced to two months in jail, and the costs, in the Municipal Court, and was obliged to deposit \$50 in order to guarantee the costs of an appeal.

ALIVE, THOUGH AUTO STRUCK HIM TWICE

Ewan Justice, of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company's advertising department is to-day confined to his home in Riverside Drive by severe injuries sustained when he was struck by an automobile at 35th street and Broadway.

AUTO TURNS TURTLE MAN MEETS DEAD

BINGHAMTON, June 15.—J. Brintnall, a well known contractor of this city, was killed when his mobile turned turtle two miles from Owego. Mr. Brintnall was injured and attempted to turn the car back into the road, but a bad place in the road.

IMPORTANT TO CALL READERS! M. & A. KATZ, Department Store 831-833 3d Avenue, Near 51st Street.

LIBERAL ON MONTHLY PAYMENT FIRST MORTGAGES ; ; ; LOANS ON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE BUILT UP SECTIONS OF N. Y. CITY

4% PAID ON PASS BOOK ACCOUNTS 5% PAID ON CERTIFICATE ACCOUNTS

Capital and Surplus, \$2,000,000

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The reason for this arbitrary act was that Rojas had taken part in a protest meeting held by the workers against the violation of the eight-hour law and the employment of scab labor by Contractor Viera, in the construction of the annex to the public school, "Jefferson," and had been accused of inciting to riot by Francisco Tallada, captain of the insular police in this district.

All the union men of Porto Rico are indignant over this sentence, and the case will be fought to a finish in order to maintain the right of free speech and assembly. In the meantime District Organizer Esteban Pedilla, acting under instructions from the executive council of the Free Federation, has brought a charge of misdemeanor against Viera, in the court, and the judges will be compelled to go on record as being in favor of the violation of the law if they allow this greedy contractor to continue his practices.

The propaganda campaign of the federation, which has been carried on during the past four months, has resulted in the organization of twenty-two new local unions, and the reorganization of many others that were half dead. In this time the organizers of the federation visited thirty-nine cities and towns, and more than 80,000 pieces of literature were distributed. The campaign will be continued until every town in Porto Rico is visited.

Carpenters' Union No. 1486, of San Juan, has received permission from the international organization to admit members at an initiation fee of \$1 each until August 1, and an effort will be made to organize every carpenter in the capital city.

Bakers' Strike Still On.

The bakers' strike in Mayaguez is still on, as the bosses obstinately refuse to accede to the reasonable demands of the men, and the latter are determined to carry their fight to a successful end. Public opinion is with the strikers, and their ultimate victory is regarded as certain.

Because of the poor coffee crop this season the suffering of the laborers in that part of the interior where no cane nor tobacco is raised is intense. Many of these out-of-work have come to the coast towns seeking bread and employment, but their task is a hard one.

As the result of this state of affairs a young working woman named Maria Socorro Plaza, of the town of Adjuntas, one of the coffee centers, being without work and seeing her three little children starving to death, concluded that there was a quicker way out of misery and, seizing a sharp knife, she cut their throats and then her own.

On the other hand the number of men employed in the Porto Rico American Tobacco Company's factory in Bayamon has been increased lately, and more than 1,000 cigarmakers are now working there.

In this city, in Ponce, and, in fact, in all parts of the island, there is every likelihood of a split in the ranks of the Unionist party, as the politicians are already quarreling over the division of the spoils of office to be had after the election of 1916, and as there will not be enough jobs to go around there is no doubt that the break-up of the Unionist party is a question of but a short time.

On that day the woman was scalped by a machine in the factory of Lohman & Co., at 213 East 120th street. She was said to be fatally injured when she was admitted to the hospital.

For "Hands" with Brains!

Hillquit

"Socialism in Theory and Practice." Basic, Broad and Fundamental. All phases of Socialist Philosophy, with application present day problems. The book of the year! \$1.35 a copy, postpaid.

Spargo

"Socialism: A Summary and Interpretation of Socialist Principles." New and revised edition—really a new book. Clear and simple statement of principles, and a chapter devoted to "Means of Realization." Excellent general statement of Socialist principles! \$1.55 a copy, postpaid.

You

Need both of these books. Together they constitute a library on Socialism. Special limited offer, both to one address: \$2.50, postpaid.

Call Book Department 442 PEARL STREET ; ; ; NEW YORK CITY

ARE YOU GOING TO THE Annual Picnic of Local Rochester, S.

to be held on SUNDAY JUNE 20 AT YOXY'S FARM cor. Clifford st. and 1st av. road. Take the road to the grounds.

Com. GAYLOR State Senator of Wisconsin Will tell us how to get the best things at 3 P. M.



DANCING AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Games for the Old and Young.

The Arbeiter Sangerbund of 100 Voices will sing

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LIBERAL ON MONTHLY PAYMENT FIRST MORTGAGES ; ; ; LOANS ON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE BUILT UP SECTIONS OF N. Y. CITY

PAYMENTS Limited to 144 months, (12 years). Rate \$9.50 per thousand dollars per month. 95c per hundred dollars. EXAMPLE The 144 payments of \$36 to repay a cash advance of \$4,000 and cover the interest would amount to \$5,472, or \$1,472 more than the cash advanced, being equal to but \$32 in excess of 6 per cent. on \$4,000 for 6 years, the average time borrower would have full use of the \$4,000 advanced.

4% PAID ON PASS BOOK ACCOUNTS 5% PAID ON CERTIFICATE ACCOUNTS

Capital and Surplus, \$2,000,000

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PATRONIZE CALL ADVERTISERS IF YOU WANT TO SEE THE CALL GROW. Always say you saw the ad in The Call when you hand over your money to the merchant. Have each purchase entered on a CALL PURCHASERS' CARD. This will help your paper and may also secure one of the prizes offered to users of Call Purchasers' Cards.



WORKERS FORM UNION
City Wage Slaves Organizing.
Workers Hold Convention.
Socialist Press Bureau.)
WASHINGTON, June 14.—There were 100 delegates in Washington, and 100 delegates at Pythian Temple to organize a union.

OFFICE CLERKS' FESTIVAL TO-NIGHT
A summer festival will be held by the office clerks of the New York Post-Office at the Manhattan Club, 15th and Broadway, on Friday evening, June 18th.

CHANGES ITS NAME
In accordance with the constitution of the Young People's Socialist Federation, the Young People's Socialist Circle has decided that hereafter it shall be known as the Young People's Socialist Federation.

ANNOUNCEMENTS
The debating club of the East Side High School will meet to-night at 111 East Broadway, corner of 1st Street, Y. M. B. A. building.

CREDIT FURNITURE & CARPETS
ON YOUR OWN TERMS
3 ROOMS AT 49.98
4 ROOMS AT 75.00

RESTAURANTS
RESTAURANT, 166-6 WILSON ST., N. Y.
NOONDAY LUNCHEON
RESTAURANT, 166-6 WILSON ST., N. Y.

TRUSSMAKER
FRY FRAHME
TRUSSMAKER
1499 2d Ave.
Bet. 94th & 95th Sts.

THE CALL
FOR FOUR MONTHS
AND
APPEAL TO REASON
FOR ONE YEAR
BOTH FOR \$1.00

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All notices must be in this office by noon of the day previous to publication. All meetings begin at 8 P. M., unless otherwise specified.

To-Night's Meetings.
MANHATTAN AND BRONX.
Open Air.
19th A. D.—116th street and Seventh Avenue. H. C. Westemaker and Patrick Quinlan.

Reading Circle.
3d and 10th A. D.—266 East 10th Street. Subject: "The Communist Manifesto."
Harlem Agitation Committee.—250 West 125th street.

Young People's Socialist Federation.
The Executive Committee will meet at the residence of Dr. Louis Lichtheim, 149 East 89th street. Application blanks, membership cards, etc., will be distributed, so all delegates must be present.

BROOKLYN.
Business.
10th A. D.—411 Adelphi street.
19th A. D.—Labor Lyceum, 949 Willoughby avenue.

MOUNT VERNON.
There will be a business meeting of the local at Streib's Hall, 33 South Fourth avenue.

WEST HOBOKEN.
There will be a meeting of the First Ward at 807 Demott street.

JERSEY CITY.
The Socialist Five and Drum Corps of Hudson County will meet at Ganseberg's Hall, 197 Congress street.

BOSTON, MASS.
At the last meeting of the Socialist Club, the following officers were elected for the six months, beginning

BUILDING NEWS.
The following plans have been filed with the Building Department for new structures in Manhattan and the Bronx:
Fourth av. 86; for a six-story brick choir hall, 18,9x56.4; C. G. Graves, Fifth av. and 89th st., owner; York & Sawyer, architects; cost, \$40,000.

AMERICAN FIRES ON FRENCH TRAWLER
NORTH SYDNEY, C. B., June 16.—Word has been received here of a clash between the Gloucester, Mass., fishing schooner Senator Gardner and a French steam trawler on Quero Bank.

GOV. WALKER HURT IN FILIPINO SCRAP
WASHINGTON, June 16.—A dispatch to the Bureau of Insular Affairs from Acting Governor Forbes in Manila gives further details of the constabulary mutiny at Davao.

NEWARK ADVERTISERS
BELMONT CYCLE CO.,
348 Broad Street.
THOS. KEYWORD, Manager
Great reductions on all bicycles and motor supplies.

INVESTORS OPPORTUNITY
An established business man with a bright future and splendid opportunities, requires a little more capital in order to push and market profitable goods.

I. HAUSMAN & SONS
FINE FOOTWEAR
We can give you perfect fit and guarantee satisfaction.
169-171 Springfield Ave.
Cor. Broome St. Newark, N. J.
Shoes Polished Free.

YOUNG MEN AND MEN THAT FEEL YOUNG
THAT WANT GOOD SERVICE AND SERVICEABLE HATS.
CORRECT STYLES and SPECIAL VALUES.
Wear McCann's Hats
210 Bowery, opp. Rivington St.
NEW YORK.

SUGAR PLANTERS ABUSE WORKERS
Kansas Congressman Says Japanese Laborers in Hawaii Will Drive Out Exploiters.
WASHINGTON, June 16.—Representatives of the Hawaiian sugar interests here are greatly perturbed by the remarks of Congressman Victor Murdock, of Kansas, who has recently returned from a trip to Honolulu, after an exhaustive study of the labor conditions there, and who declared in an interview yesterday that the sugar planters were entirely to blame for the present strike trouble in the islands.

MOTHER IMPRISONED, TWO TOTS HOMELESS
Two homeless, pitiful little waifs are to-day in the custody of the Children's Society in Brooklyn, where they will be cared for until their mother, arrested on a charge of intoxication, serves a five-day sentence in the county jail.

LARGEST OF COTTON MILLS STAKED OUT
NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 16.—The Nashawena mill, the latest of New Bedford's new cotton mills, has been staked out. It will be erected on land opposite the Nonquitt mill, and is to be the largest of the new mills promoted within the last few years.

HUNGARIANS TO PICNIC
The Hungarian Workingmen's Singing Society "Liberty" has arranged a picnic for next Sunday to be held at Felner's Park and Casino, 170th street and Third Avenue.

JAP TO HELP START CHINESE REVOLUTION
TOKIO, June 16.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by the resignation of Maor Katakimo, who commanded the Japanese guard at Tien-Tsin, and who distinguished himself on the battlefield during the Russian-Japanese war.

INSULTED BY MAIL
WASHINGTON, June 16.—Garrett N. Wormley, a negro messenger and driver in the District Attorney's office, is a prisoner in default of \$1,000 bail here to-day, charged with sending obscene letters to Mrs. Katherine C. Berry, a white woman clerk in the same office.

HOLD NEGRO AS SLAYER
Walter Owens, a negro, who was arrested in lower Broadway for wearing female clothing, is a prisoner in the Tombs to-day awaiting further examination in the charge that he killed a trolley car conductor in Woodbury, N. J., on Friday.

THE SUSTAINING FUND
A letter like this should spur on the laggards and give encouragement to the hustlers.
Editor of The Call:
Dear Sir—I send but a small amount, yet I hope it will help your cause along. My sympathies are with the paper, and I know my best interests are there also.

MARYLAND SLAYER GETS LIFE SENTENCE
BALTIMORE, June 16.—Joseph H. Mueller, convicted of having murdered his sweetheart, Miss Regina Reed, at Mount Washington, a suburb, during the night of March 8, was taken to the state penitentiary to-day where he began the service of a life sentence.

SLAVONIA TOTAL LOSS
LIVERPOOL, June 16.—According to information received here, the Cunard Line steamer Slavonia, that was wrecked last week on Flores Island, in the Azores, has seven fathoms of water in her hold. The captain telegraphs that it is impossible to save the vessel and that she will be a total loss.

BROOKLYN ADVERTISERS
MARTIN DERX
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
608-605 BROADWAY,
Bet. Manhattan Ave. & Deverette St.
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

ARONSON BROS. & FIEST
Dry and Dress Goods
We Advertise No Special Bargains and Offer No "Bait" but Guarantee Satisfaction.
61-63 BELMONT AVENUE.

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY
UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS' LOCAL NO. 280.
Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 106 W. 31st St. Free employment bureau. Hours 9-12 A. M. Daily. Body meets every 4th Monday, 8 P. M.

PH HERRSCHAFT
10c allowed on bills from \$2.00 up.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
O. W. WERTZ, PIANOS.
1425 Third Ave., near 95th St., and 1425 Third Ave., near 142nd St.

MARCUS BROS.
ESTABLISHED 1858.
YOU
All our customers have been convinced that the Clothing House OF Marcus Bros. is the most reliable place in New York.

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1425 Third Ave., near 95th St., and 1425 Third Ave., near 142nd St.

B.N. LEFKOWITZ
UNION MADE SHOES.
We carry a Large Stock of UNION MADE SHOES. Good Quality, Arch Support Shoes for Aching, Tender Feet. Latest Styles in Ladies' Shoes. Strictly One Price.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING
RATES: EACH LINE
1 time..... 10c
2 consecutive times..... 15c
3 consecutive times..... 20c
4 consecutive times..... 25c
5 consecutive times..... 30c
6 consecutive times..... 35c
7 consecutive times..... 40c
8 consecutive times..... 45c
9 consecutive times..... 50c
10 consecutive times..... 55c
11 consecutive times..... 60c
12 consecutive times..... 65c
13 consecutive times..... 70c
14 consecutive times..... 75c
15 consecutive times..... 80c
16 consecutive times..... 85c
17 consecutive times..... 90c
18 consecutive times..... 95c
19 consecutive times..... 1.00
20 consecutive times..... 1.05
21 consecutive times..... 1.10
22 consecutive times..... 1.15
23 consecutive times..... 1.20
24 consecutive times..... 1.25
25 consecutive times..... 1.30
26 consecutive times..... 1.35
27 consecutive times..... 1.40
28 consecutive times..... 1.45
29 consecutive times..... 1.50
30 consecutive times..... 1.55
31 consecutive times..... 1.60
32 consecutive times..... 1.65
33 consecutive times..... 1.70
34 consecutive times..... 1.75
35 consecutive times..... 1.80
36 consecutive times..... 1.85
37 consecutive times..... 1.90
38 consecutive times..... 1.95
39 consecutive times..... 2.00
40 consecutive times..... 2.05
41 consecutive times..... 2.10
42 consecutive times..... 2.15
43 consecutive times..... 2.20
44 consecutive times..... 2.25
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47 consecutive times..... 2.40
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51 consecutive times..... 2.60
52 consecutive times..... 2.65
53 consecutive times..... 2.70
54 consecutive times..... 2.75
55 consecutive times..... 2.80
56 consecutive times..... 2.85
57 consecutive times..... 2.90
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73 consecutive times..... 3.70
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75 consecutive times..... 3.80
76 consecutive times..... 3.85
77 consecutive times..... 3.90
78 consecutive times..... 3.95
79 consecutive times..... 4.00
80 consecutive times..... 4.05
81 consecutive times..... 4.10
82 consecutive times..... 4.15
83 consecutive times..... 4.20
84 consecutive times..... 4.25
85 consecutive times..... 4.30
86 consecutive times..... 4.35
87 consecutive times..... 4.40
88 consecutive times..... 4.45
89 consecutive times..... 4.50
90 consecutive times..... 4.55
91 consecutive times..... 4.60
92 consecutive times..... 4.65
93 consecutive times..... 4.70
94 consecutive times..... 4.75
95 consecutive times..... 4.80
96 consecutive times..... 4.85
97 consecutive times..... 4.90
98 consecutive times..... 4.95
99 consecutive times..... 5.00
100 consecutive times..... 5.05

HOUSES FOR SALE.
My one-family brick dwellings in the East New York section, Brooklyn, offered for \$2,100 in a previous advertisement in The Call will not only bear comparison, but defy competitors to give the same value for the money. Sewer, water and gas connections paid for by me. Bath rooms have enameled tubs, basin and toilet. Kitchen contains enameled sink, best quality Alberne wash tubs and perfect range and boiler. All rooms large, light and airy. Seven minutes walk to the Mott Park Avenue L station, 20 minutes to Manhattan. Terms arranged to suit purchaser. Write or call on Wm. Butcher, 192 Nassau St., N. Y. Suite 504.

SOCIAL STORE.
Closed for summer. Books, etc., 225 East 54th street. Lectures, etc., Helmetta, New Jersey, care Organization Committee, John Wall.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.
Furnished room with bath, suitable for one or two persons, 222 E. 19th St.

HELP WANTED.
Farm Hands, experienced; understand milking. Apply between 8-11 A. M. to Free Labor Bureau, 44 New Bowery.
First-class canvassers; newspaper work in nearby New Jersey towns; good pay. P. O. Box 1624, New York.
Wanted—Sign painter. Call 9 a. m. 44 Bowery.
Farm hands; call between 8 and 11 A. M. Call at Unemployed Free Bureau, 44 Bowery.
A honest and reliable man to work on a small farm; a Spiritualist family of two. Eva Thomson, Wells, Vt.
SITUATION WANTED—MALE.
I want work. What can you offer? Can take entire charge of office in every detail; am a good correspondent and have sold goods over half of the United States, and all of England, Bohem, honest, and can give best of references. Address, immediately, A. S. 121 W. 23d street, New York.
WANTED.
Amateur musicians to join the Amateur Band (musical). Meets at Labor Temple every Thursday.
The Call offers a good opportunity to capable advertising agents. Write to the office, 442 Pearl St., New York.



DOINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

HITLESS WONDERS WALLOP BALL

Paste Sphere for Eleven Bingles and Seven Tallies.

Those alleged Hitless Wonders from Chicago, Comiskey's White Sox, went back on their reputation at the Hill-top yesterday, and by sturdy clubbing of Walter Manning and Pete Wilson gained enough runs to defeat the Highlanders in the last game of the series.



HAHN PUT IN THE AFTERNOON MAKING SWELL PICK-UPS.

There was several shades superior to Manning and Wilson, off whom the Sox made all seven of their tallies and all eleven of their hits.

It was different, however, while Manning and Wilson were working the foe from the West had a pleasant time with Sir Walter, Edgar Hahn, a Highland cast-off, who complained of being ill before the game, then conversed in the opening session, starting the controversy by poling to right center for the full route and a pair of shoes.

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The Highlanders only had Spitter Smith going once. That was in the eighth, when eight men went to bat and two scored, Jack Kleinow leading the bases full by popping to Sullivan. Manager Stallings rushed his heavy artillery, consisting of Keeler and Cree, into action a round too soon they having batted for New York's first battery in the seventh frame.

Clyde Engle, hero of the Monday argument, was a favorite with the fans until the eighth inning, having up to this time a perfect batting average. He had scored New York's only run and made two of the team's five hits. Then, in the eighth, when it seemed as if Pilot Bill Sullivan would have to change pitchers, Clyde fanned.

BROWN VS. MORAN

The bout between K. O. Brown and Johnny Moran at the Sharkey Club to-night promises to be one of the best bantam battles ever seen here. Brown is looked on as the coming champion and is fast, aggressive and clever. Moran's recent record is good. The pair are scheduled to box ten rounds.

QUINCE FOR JOHNNIES

LONDON, June 16.—Articles have been signed by Gunner Moir and Young Johnson to fight twenty rounds at catch weights for £100 a side and a percentage of the gate receipts. The fight will take place early next month.

YANKEE HORSE RUNS UNPLACED

PARIS, June 16.—Sheriff Williams, owned by J. E. Widener, was sent out in the Prix Nive this afternoon, but failed to get a place. The Prix St. Onge was won by T. P. Thorpe with The Snob.

MEN'S AND LADIES' FURNISHINGS Union Label Shirts, Collars, Underwear, Neckties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Overalls. Litholin Collars, 25c. Cleaning Soap Free. Waiters' and Cooks' Outfit. Ladies' and Children's Hose and Underwear. CIB F.N. and News Corsets, Notions, Skirts and Mutil Underwear.

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SOCIALISTS FORM BALL LEAGUE

Seven Teams Enter New Organization—Call Will Offer Trophy.

The excitement and enthusiasm that was displayed last night at The Call office when the new Socialist Baseball League was launched was enough to satisfy any pessimist about the future success of the new organization.

So far seven teams are entered within immediate reach of the people who desire to play the games. The teams from Brooklyn are the 23d Assembly District, the 15th Assembly District and the Kings County Pick-Ups. From Manhattan there are the Physical Culture Club, the Young Peoples Socialist Federation (Circle 8), and the 6th Assembly District. From Jersey City the only team entered is the Socialist Five and Drum Corps.

A committee was appointed to look after the matter of grounds. Several parks were suggested, among those being Washington Park and the Brighton Field. The question of a suitable trophy was put over to the next meeting which will be held at The Call office on next Tuesday. The Call is making arrangements to put up a magnificent banner or an immense silver cup whichever is preferred.

Aside from being a great sporting event it will be a great financial help for The Call as there is no reason why we cannot net from three to five hundred dollars a week. Baseball is the most popular sport in existence today and that amount is very little compared to what some of the semi-professional teams make.

It is hoped that another team will enter from Jersey so as to have an even number of teams. Among the delegates were M. Wiener, J. Silverstein, M. Barcan, W. Raphael, H. Chancer, S. Chancer, M. Fruchter, P. Miller, C. Eggers, S. E. Smorack, F. G. Egan, J. Jacobs, E. J. Ross.

JOHNSON BOXES EXHIBITION BOUT

BOSTON, June 16.—Jack Johnson, the world's heavyweight champion, appeared at the regular Tuesday night bouts of the Army Athletic Association last night and boxed three fast exhibition rounds with George Byers, a trainer. Johnson was well received by a large crowd and made a speech in which he stated that no one had as yet covered the \$5,000 forfeit he posted on returning from Australia. Johnson referred briefly to his early training in Boston and declared himself a Bostonian.

The main bout of the evening, a twelve-round contest, was between Bill McKinnon, of Roxbury, and Jim Flynn, of Boston, two heavy hitting local middleweights. Referee Sheehan announced the decision a draw.

JEFF IN GOOD FORM

PITTSBURG, June 16.—James J. Jeffries, retired heavyweight champion of the world, received a great ovation at Duquesne Garden last night, where he engaged in a six-round boxing exhibition with his sparring partner, Sam Berger. Jeffries appeared to have lost a great deal of weight, but was still heavy. He was extremely fast on his feet and very quick with his hands. In the preliminaries Charles Goldman, of New York, had slightly the better of a bout with Young Ziringer, of Pittsburgh, while Tommy Murphy, of New York, outpointed Jimmy Dunne, of New Castle, Pa.

NEW YORK TEAM GAINS REDRESS

CINCINNATI, June 16.—In a decision announced by the National Baseball Committee, the contention of John T. Brush, on behalf of the New York Club, of the National League, was upheld in a controversy between the New York Club and the Altoona, Pa., club regarding the purchase by the latter of players McKinley and Holmes. The finding of the commission is that the Altoona club owes the New York club \$200 balance and notice is given that unless that sum is paid within five days, protection is to be withdrawn from the Altoona club.

ANOTHER FOR PIRATES

Win 14th Game—Pittsburg Scores in Almost Every Inning.

PITTSBURG, June 16.—The Superbas fourth attempt to scuttle the Pirate ship was, like the three preceding ones, a failure, Barney's Buccaneers taking the last game of the series by a score of 8 to 2. The residents hit heavily and at opportune moments. The Superbas did quite a lot of clouting, too, but they weren't as clever in bunting their safeties as were the home athletes, who now have to their credit a record of fourteen straight victories—ten of these being over Eastern clubs. The last time the Pirates were defeated was on May 29, Chicago turning the trick, 8 to 3, in eleven innings.

The Superbas were troublesome for only a short time to-day. Fred Clarke is saving his veteran pitchers for the Giants, who are due to-day, and instructed the delivery work to Sam Frock, who was with Providence last season. The Lumleyites got two runs off Sam in the opening canto on three hits, and though they made nine swats thereafter could not again score. Frock's slab opponent was Billy Scanlan. The Pirates liked the brand



WAGNER AND MILLER MADE DOUBLE PLAYS WITH THE EASE OF A POPULAR J. P.

of curves prescribed by the Medicine Man and got thirteen bingles, Chief Corsair Clarke making a trio of one-timers. Clarke reached the bases every time he went to bat, and so did Tommy Leach. The two suburbanites got five of Scanlan's seven handouts. What helped Frock in earning the decision over Scanlan was his command and his good support. The left-hander did not issue a pass, and his supporters played fast and heavy ball behind him. The Brooklyn outfielders made some foolish throws to the plate and aided the Pirates in their quest for runs.

HOW THEY STAND

Table with columns: National League, W, L, P. C. Pittsburgh, Chicago, Cincinnati, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Brooklyn, Boston.

YESTERDAY'S RESULT

Pittsburg, 6; Brooklyn, 2. Games To-day. New York at Pittsburg. Brooklyn at Chicago. Boston at St. Louis. Philadelphia at Cincinnati.

Table with columns: American League, W, L, P. C. Detroit, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Cleveland, Chicago, St. Louis, Washington.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

Chicago, 7; New York, 3. Philadelphia, 3; St. Louis, 1. Washington, 2; Detroit, 1. Boston, 7; Cleveland, 6. Games To-day. Cleveland at New York. Chicago at Boston. St. Louis at Washington. Detroit at Philadelphia.

Table with columns: Eastern League, W, L, P. C. Rochester, Montreal, Buffalo, Toronto, Newark, Providence, Baltimore, Jersey City.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

Toronto, 8; Jersey City, 6. First game. Jersey City, 11; Toronto, 3. Second game. Newark, 6; Rochester, 3. First game. Newark, 4; Rochester, 3. Second game. Buffalo, 5; Baltimore, 2. First game. Baltimore, 5; Buffalo, 4. Second game. Providence, 10; Montreal, 5. Games To-day. Toronto in Jersey City, (two games). Rochester in Newark. Montreal in Providence. Buffalo in Baltimore.

Money spent with Call advertisers is money well invested. It will not only secure your necessities, but will also insure the life of this paper through building up the advertising patronage.

READ THIS

Is your union among these organizations that have pledged their support to The Call? If not, what are you going to do about it? There should be at least 250 on the list by the end of the month. By that time all those who have been invited to join will have had their meetings and action should have been taken. Remember, the life of The Call depends on you. If you want it to fight your battles, you must keep it ready. There may be others that will need it before you, and their cause is yours. "An injury to one is the concern of all." Words of appreciation come from as far West as California. Comrades: Inclosed find \$2 from Palo Alto Branch. It is our intention to send it regularly, but we meet only once in two weeks, and I cannot see the members to collect in the odd week. I think I am your only subscriber here, but I got the Public Library to accept a subscription, and hope to see more later. Upton Sinclair brought The Call to my notice, and I wish to say that I like it better than any other paper of its kind. You are filling a long-felt need—giving us a paper which stands for all we demand without an excess of bitterness. There are a lot of people ready for Socialism who are so antagonized by the over-voicing of feeling in our literature that they will not read it. Long live The Call! Yours in the Revolution. MRS. A. L. MUNGER. Palo Alto, Cal., June 10.

- 1. Cigar-makers Union, No. 149, Brooklyn. 2. Progressive Literary Aid Society, Brownsville. 3. 34th A. D. S. P., New York. 4. Machinists' Progressive Lodge, No. 335, I. A. of M. 5. 6th A. D. S. P., New York. 6. Local Tarrytown, S. P., New York. 7. Local Syracuse, S. P., New York. 8. American Flint Glass Workers, Local No. 68, Brooklyn. 9. Manhattan Lodge, No. 402, I. A. of M. 10. Wood Carvers and Modelers' Association. 11. Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators, Paperhangers, Brownsville. 12. Workmen's Circle, Branch 11, Brownsville. 13. Bakery and Confectionery Workers' I. U. No. 15, Jersey City, N. J. 14. 23d A. D. S. P., Kings County. 15. Woodcarvers of the Hayden Co., Rochester, N. Y. (\$3 per week). 16. Local Mercer County, S. P., New Jersey. 17. Local Watertown, S. P., New York. 18. Jewish Socialist Branch of Chelsea. 19. Workmen's Circle, Br. 94, Stamford, Conn. 20. Bohemian Bakers, No. 22. 21. 15th A. D. Socialist Club, Brooklyn. 22. 22d A. D. S. P., Kings County. 23. 26th A. D. S. P., Kings County. 24. 8th A. D. S. P., Manhattan. 25. Local Dover, S. P., Dover, N. J. 26. Suspender Makers' Union. 27. Employees of A. & H. Rosenbluth, Branch Wyckoff Heights. 28. Int. Arbeliter Unter, Verein. 29. Br. 14, W. S. D. B. F., Brooklyn. 30. Bakery and Confectionery Workers, No. 201, Philadelphia. 31. Workmen's Circle, Br. 49. 32. Franz Gerar Maennerchor, Brooklyn. 33. 3d and 10th A. D. S. P., Manhattan. 34. Harrison Lodge 156, I. A. of M. Brewers' Union, No. 69. 35. Local East Manchester, S. P. N. H. 36. Local Union County, Branch 2, Elizabeth, N. J. 37. Socialist Liedertafel, Newark, N. J. 38. Socialist Educational Club, Brooklyn. 39. United Textile Workers, Brooklyn. 40. 35th A. D. S. P., Manhattan. 41. Employees of Jerome & McLean avenue ice cream store. 42. 8th Ward Br. S. P., Jersey City. 43. Local S. P., Springfield, Mass. 44. Typographical Union No. 7, New York. 45. Cook Union, No. 81, Brooklyn. 46. Co-operative League. 47. Bronx Borough Agitation Committee. 48. Employees of Charles and Morris, Clear Factory. 49. Painters and Decorators Union No. 472, Richmond Borough. 50. Painters and Decorators, No. 848, City. 51. Local Elizabeth, S. P. 52. Shoe Cutters' Protective Association. 53. "Social Harmonics Buro" of Josephus Chant Lipset. 54. Sheet Metal Workers' Educational Club. 55. Longwood Club, Boston. 56. Bakery and Confectionery Workers, No. 1. 57. 25th and 21st A. D. S. P., Manhattan. 58. Carpenters and Joiners, Jamaica, No. 613. 59. Beer Drivers' No. 24, Brooklyn (\$2 weekly). 60. Cigar-makers, P. I. U., No. 149. 61. Paper Cigarette Makers Union. 62. Workingmen's Educational Club, Brooklyn. 63. 14th A. D. S. P., Manhattan. 64. 17th A. D. S. P., Manhattan. 65. W. C. Br. 7, West Hoboken, N. J. 66. Grovehall Socialist Club, Mass. Branch Palo Alto, Cal. 67. The Prudent Club. 68. Int. Arb. Kranken Kasse. 69. Carpenters and Joiners, No. 457. 70. ? ? ? ? ? 71. ? ? ? ? ? 72. ? ? ? ? ? 73. ? ? ? ? ? 74. ? ? ? ? ?

BASEBALL AFTER DARK

CINCINNATI, June 16.—Baseball by electric light, of which so much is expected, was given its trial at League Park here when members of the teams representing the Elks, Lodges of Cincinnati and Newport, Ky., practiced for the after-dark game they will play next Thursday night. The immense reflectors installed on high towers illuminated the field almost as brightly as daylight, and others manipulated so that light was thrown upward made it easy to find and catch balls batted into the air.

MEET FOR CHICAGO

The Chicago Athletic Association is anxious to arrange a triangular meeting between the track teams of the New York Athletic Club, Irish-American Athletic Club, and their club, to be held in Chicago early in August. Arrangements will be made so that the New York teams while on their way to the National championships at Seattle will be enabled to stop off at Chicago for a few days.

MANN BEATS SAVAGE

Jim Savage, though fully ten pounds lighter than Charles Mann, beat the latter to a standard ten-round go at Brown's Athletic Association last night. This is the second time that Savage has put Mann within a month. At the end of last night's affair was Mann front, and he held on and won with Savage in an attempt to off a knockout.

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OUT OF TOWN

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PATIENTS CURED IN IOWA STATE TUBERCULOSIS SANATORIUM.

Effort to curtail the annual hundreds of citizens to states and to afford relief to financial condition...

that consumption can be cured at all. To many others it is a greater revelation that it can be successfully treated without severing the friendships and associations of a life time...

sanatorium located at near Iowa City, was opened on February 1, 1908. For patients ended, two hundred and...

The sanatorium is effecting cures. It is doing more. It is educating the people of Iowa to the necessities of the work undertaken and pointing the way to what is certain in time to result in at least a partial eradication of the great white plague.

Two facts stand out in bold relief as emphasizing the necessity of enlarging the sanatorium equipment. As stated above, 80 per cent. of the incipient cases treated were sent away apparently cured, while more than four hundred have been denied admission because too far advanced.

It requires but a single mathematical deduction to make clear how many of the latter might have been cured had earlier provision been made for their treatment.

What are these young lives worth? What are the lives of hundreds of others who are traveling the same pitiful path to the grave worth? Will the great state of Iowa continue longer to witness with indifference this shocking harvest of death, or will her Legislature arise to the necessities of the case and broaden the scope of the only known method of treatment, the sanatorium, until all may be cared for?

From now on it will not be wholly a matter of rejecting advanced cases. The sanatorium is full and unless enlarged many patients who might be successfully treated must be kept on the waiting list while every week makes more remote their chance of recovery.

Without means many are unable to look for treatment elsewhere. More than half of the patients treated during the past year were supported by the state. Their only avenue to health is through the sanatorium.

The Legislature has been asked to appropriate funds to enlarge the scope of this institution. The appropriation asked for will not make it possible to provide for all applicants, but it will be a step in the right direction.

In preparing the budget the superintendent has endeavored to economize to the last degree in every direction. It is simply a question of whether means shall be provided for more effective treatment and the accommodation of a larger number of afflicted persons who desire admission to the sanatorium, or whether the work shall be confined to its present limitations, which in extent has already proven entirely inadequate.

The Legislature has been asked to appropriate funds to enlarge the scope of this institution. The appropriation asked for will not make it possible to provide for all applicants, but it will be a step in the right direction.

These patients who have done this year after several months' sojourn in the West that they have not done so elsewhere. One, a physician from the northern part of the state, after his return to Colorado, writes: "Tell me, if you are in the sanatorium they are better off there than here." To Iowa people it is a revelation.

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AMUSEMENTS.

HUDSON V. 44th St. E. of E'way. Ev. 8.15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.15. THE THIRD DEGREE.

DREAMLAND Continuous Free Circus, 15 Acts. Everything New But the Ocean.

STAGELAND

The thirteenth annual meeting of the Actors' Society of America was held Thursday, June 10, at 11 A. M. in the rooms of the society.

The following directors were elected: Ralph Delmore, Fanny Cannon, Wm. Courtleigh, Oscar Eagle, Edward Locke, Lionel Adams, W. D. Stone, Harold Woolf, George Seybold, Lillian F. ...

Regular monthly receptions with prominent people as guests of honor will be held throughout the coming season, and on June 20, at 11 P. M., a reception will be given to the officers of the society at its home, 133 West 45th street.

Six months have passed since Henry B. Harris produced Charles Klein's absorbing play, "The Third Degree." Only two weeks more remain for this play before it closes on account of the Hudson Theater being redecorated and renovated. It will open again at this theater as soon as these improvements are completed.

ISN'T IT A FACT?

That a cavalryman unhorsed is the most easily cowed? That one can show his temper only after he has lost it? That a contractor should be called upon to expand a house? That no young man ever rose rapidly till he had settled down? That the plow must be sowed before the soil can be plowed? That a susceptible fellow is hardest hit by the softest glances? That in everything (except baseball) you must strike out to make a hit? That many students cannot state bald facts without spitting naits? That the papers often refer to a man's double life as a singular career. —Success Magazine.

GRAHAMITE IN OKLAHOMA. The deposits of grahamite in Oklahoma occurs in veins or dikes in Ordovician and carboniferous sandstone and shale in the Ouachita Mountains and in the plains region between the Arbuckle and Wichita mountains. Deposits have been found in Impson Valley; in the valleys of Jackfork, McGee, and Boggy creeks; on Black Fork Mountain, and near loco. The only deposits that are now worked are those in Impson and Jackfork valleys.

THE CALL PATTERN



GIRLS ENVELOPE DRESS.

Paris Pattern No. 2929

All Seams Allowed.

Grass-green linen has been used for the development of this frock, which is made in two pieces, the front and back; the fullness of both distributed in narrow tucks. The band which trims the square neck is simply attached and the frock fastens at the underarm seams with pearl buttons, the belt being held in place by the buttons at the sides. The separate gumpie is made of figured lawn, the figure being in green, matching the frock. The pattern is in 5 sizes—4 to 12 years. For a girl of 8 years the dress requires 3 1/2 yards of material, 2 1/2 inches wide, 2 1/2 yards 27 inches wide, 2 1/2 yards 4 inches wide, or 2 yards 2 inches wide; the gumpie needs 3/4 yard of 18 inches wide, 1 1/2 yards 27 inches wide, or 1 1/2 yards 36 inches wide; 2 yards of insertion and 1/4 yard of edging. Price of Pattern, 10 Cents.

CALL PATTERN COUPON.

No. 2929. June 16.

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ORCHID PRICES

In 1902 only five of the precious "Cypripedium" plants were left—not counting the homestead hybrid named for Mrs. F. L. Ames of Massachusetts. Four were in France, in the Jardin de Luxembourg; one was in England, in the conservatories of Sir Trevor Lawrence. These were fast declining, and the next year one alone in the known world gave forth a flower. Despairingly, Opoex, the Luxembourg gardener, tried to breed from it; and waited in ardent and hopeful impatience. But you cannot make a high-class, decent orchid germinate its own pollen. This orchid was no exception; it was bent on race suicide.

In such a plight were the orchidists when they offered \$10,000 reward to anyone who would send a hale and virile wild specimen of the Cypripedium Fairrienum. England had long desired to open up Tibet to the range of commerce. Opportunity did not come till Russia was busy with war in Manchuria and Korea. Captain Younghusband was hurriedly despatched by the English from India with a military force to penetrate to the sacred city of Lassa. The penetration was made—at cost

of blood, life and treasure. Attached to the expedition was G. L. Searight, of Darjeeling, surveyor in His Majesty's service. Being, like many Englishmen, an amateur gardener, he obtained along the way, and one afternoon, seven thousand feet above sea level, he came upon the Lost Orchid.

He sent a thousand plants back to Calcutta by a native, to be examined. News of this reached England. Indian botanists verified the specimens as the long-vanished Fairrienum. That news, also, was carried to Europe. "Events," commented the Orchid Review excitedly, "follow each other with such startling rapidity as to make one almost breathless!" These events—the arrival, the testing, and the decision on the genuineness of the find—produced among the cognoscenti a tremendous sensation. Indeed, among orchidists, the historic expedition, even the Russo-Japanese war itself, will be chiefly memorable for having led to the reclamation of this little "lady's slipper."

When one hundred and seventy-nine Searight's plants arrived in London, they brought \$2,750 and \$10,000 reward besides. At this rate Mr. Searight's discovery must have yielded him near \$25,400—and not one of the plants yet in bloom.—Franklin Clarkin, in the June Everybody's.

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THE AGITATORS—A STORY OF THE DAWN

By JOHN R. McMAHON

Author of "TOILERS AND IDLERS"

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(Continued from yesterday.)

CHAPTER XII.

Women paid a fine imposed on his wife for disorderly conduct, but she had the right to appeal the case. She was proud of her courage, while the court of physical consequences. She did not immediately tell him all that had happened and tried to make light of the affair. His anxiety over hearing crisis overshadowed dissatisfaction at the result of the election. The local district had but a dozen party votes. It was the more surprising because several men had voluntarily come to him and said they would support the ticket. He looked at the tally sheets and found a number of defective ballots. When Madeline spoke to those who had volunteered themselves, some boldly asserted they had put a cross under the name of Torch; others did not see the problem; a few candid spirits declared that at the last moment they had voted regular as a personal favor to somebody, but they would be next year. Many were just waiting for the thing to get popular. Madeline saw the carpenter of Westchester where a fair sized vote had been cast, and learned a few lessons from him. The tall, blonde mechanic told him that he could not expect in a daylight to pry off the opinions of a mob and dovetail them onto a piece of furniture. A campaign organization was not lost. Also it was helpful to watch a vote up to the polls and see it counted.

arrived. Rensen told his fears on account of Madeline's unusual activities during the past months, culminating with the political and penal adventure. The quarry climbing epiphany and the mountain flight in a thunder storm were not omitted. "Is that all?" said the strong-bodied doctor, scratching his bushy whiskers with a lance. He burst into hearty laughter. "You don't consider it serious?" "Why, it's magnificent! I've been advising just such a program to all my patients and here's the only person that follows it—without advice. If all mothers-to-be led a life of mental and physical activity, we would have a different breed of offspring. The only trouble about yours is that he'll probably turn out a revolutionist."

space in the Ninth symphony; another journey in the Eighth when one felt through the void an irresistible compelling, the massive triple whirl and march of the planets on curving paths. These were varied with colorful, endless tapestries of human life and love in the Wagnerian mode, and with clangorous uncertain discords of a new era, tones of longing and of prophetic triumph. It was enough sometimes to glance at the written phrases; a few notes set in motion half a hundred violins. Again she took out the paint box, long neglected, and mixed the colors and tried brushes, ostensibly to paint the landscape; but she made dreamy faces of babies, changing the features in different moods, sometimes the face of a boy, then of a girl, and then a mingling of the types. She compared them with a collection of her former miniature work and smiled indulgently at the ideal of being detached. She would reprove herself for these poetic activities and begin to work with feverish energy on hand-long shirts, diapers and soft, dainty garments decorated with yards of narrow pink ribbon. A smell of sachet powder was in the air and bits of cloth and silk floss littered the floor. She seemed in her eagerness and intensity like the hare that tears the fur off its bosom to build a nest. In the last twenty-four hours she could not rest, and finding it possible to disobey orders at midnight, when all tired guardians slept, she rose and roamed through the house. Sansculotte followed her in the darkness, licked her bare feet and whined sympathetically. He had been a faithful companion, sleeping under the bed and giving comfort as far as he was able. Rensen had left this foundry in charge of John Day and stayed at home. He became so worried over the progress of final events, pacing the hall with nervous steps and setting his teeth at every little groan and cry, that the doctor appointed him an assistant. When he could make himself useful, he recovered equilibrium. It seemed, nevertheless, a terrific drama that transpired in the next half hour. Her ruddy hair braided in a crown above her pale, effortfully smiling face, Madeline's upstretched hands clutched theenameled bars at the head of the bed and gave tension to her straining body and bent knees. She smiled and caught her breath in spasms of pain. The nurse in uniform stood at an alcohol lamp, holding shining instruments. The doctor scrubbed his muscular arms up

to the elbows. A cone for administering chloroform was made ready by the assistant physician. After a few minutes of complicated action involving brute strength and scientific skill, Rensen was convinced that the new life was already ended. It was a terrible, wasteful calamity. Death had come at the threshold of being. But this feeling and his fear for Madeline, a wizen figure who moaned under the murderous brutalities of the bare-armed perching doctor, was held in check by the necessity of keeping attention on what he was told to do. Suddenly the doctor held in the palm of his hand a curled up human doll with an enormous head, which was covered with blood. To Rensen's intense astonishment, he heard a cry. It was a very feeble little self-announcement, but it had the effect of a shout. He laughed with a sudden great relief and shook hands with the doctor. "It's a boy. Didn't hurt him except the tip of his ear. . . . I was watching your face just now and I thought you'd assault me. Yes, put him on the other bed, Miss— Madeline's eyelids twitched and a trace of color came back to her pallid beautiful face beneath the ruddy crown. Her lips moved, a contralto voice spoke with feeling—accusing the doctor with being an enemy of the people and a wanton tormentor. She chided on the workers to stand up for their rights and resist doctors and police. The baby had Rensen's gray eyes, wide forehead and miniature ample lips, while the shapely nose and chin were derived from Madeline. A coxy red atom, with fat creased legs and dimpled arms, he was looked on with respect by his father for having withstood such a tremendous tussel with the doctor. A strange admirable being, thought Rensen; not at all necessarily connected with himself. The actual presence did not correspond to the imagination of familiarity. This view he did not present to Madeline, because, he saw that to her the child was the only thing in the universe. She watched for hours the tiny form as it lay sleeping softly beside her. Her arm curved around the precious treasure. A blissful smile was on her face as the little hands groped and clutched at her bosom and the warm mouth discovered a milk-ozing breast. Late at night she rose on her elbow, though it caused pain to her bandaged body, and looked down at this child with endless joy of love.

(To be continued.)

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National Secretary, J. Mathew Barrow, 180 Washington Street, New York.  
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You who have voted the Socialist ticket, the next thing you do is to join the Socialist party organization. Every Socialist should be a member of the party and do his full share round to carry on its work and direct its policy.

THE CAUSE OF HARD TIMES.  
The working class of the United States cannot expect any remedy for its wrongs from the present ruling class or from the dominant parties. So long as a small number of individuals are permitted to control the sources of the nation's wealth for their private profit in competition with each other and for the exploitation of their fellow men, industrial depressions are bound to occur at certain intervals.—From the Socialist Platform.

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THE ADVENTURES OF CHARLIE MAKEHISWAY



As He Read It In the Book.

As It Happened in Real Life.

ONE FOR THE "PRACTICALS."

Alas for those guileless folk who think that "there is a great deal of good in the Socialist ideas, but that the most practical way to realize them is to vote for one of the two great parties." They are now about to have their "steenth disillusionment. Just how many more throw-downs will be needed to clear their political vision we shall not attempt to predict.

A year ago these folk were to be found wherever the subject of Socialism came up for discussion—and where did it not come up?—thick as flies round a molasses barrel, voluble as crows in a cornfield, pragmatic as book agents selling the latest volume of Mr. Bryan's speeches. The readiness with which they conceded every point in the Socialist argument against existing conditions was exceeded only by the positiveness with which they assured us of the folly of voting a third party ticket when a Republican so broad and progressive as Judge Taft was in the field.

And they meant it all, too. They really thought they were paragons of far-sighted statesmanship, more's the pity.

Several hundred thousand of them voted for Taft and his whole ticket, trusting that thereby they were voting for a downward revision of the tariff, for the establishment of an income tax, and for heaven knows what other immediate reforms.

Now Mr. Taft and his Congress have been in power barely three months, and already the hopes of the practical ones are being cast to earth.

President Taft favors an income tax. Senator Aldrich has nothing against it—in theory. He says so.

But the Senator has his doubts about its constitutionality, and he has confided them to the President. The President knows a thing or two about constitutionality. He has been a judge himself.

The Senator reminds the President that, though the Supreme Court formerly held the income tax constitutional, some of the judges afterward changed their infallible minds and the court afterward declared it unconstitutional.

The President thinks it over and agrees that, in view of that latest manifestation of judicial infallibility, it would be very bad form indeed to pass an income tax law just now. It might be construed as "giving a slap in the face to the Supreme Court." And that, everyone realizes, is fully as wicked and a little more tactless than that other sort of conduct which dear old ladies describe as "flying in the face of Providence."

So the President and the Senator have agreed to defeat the income tax amendment. Instead, they will permit Congress, if it feels so disposed, to consider proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States sanctioning an income tax.

It will take a two-thirds majority in the Senate and a two-thirds majority in the House to initiate such an amendment. It will take a majority in the Legislature of each of thirty-five states to carry it. The amendment cannot be carried within two years. One-third of the Senators can defeat it. One-third of the Representatives can defeat it. A majority in one-fourth of the state legislatures can defeat it. And if it should successfully run this gantlet, and if a later Congress should pass and a President sign a law founded on it, the Supreme Court can still misinterpret the amendment and invalidate the law just as easily as it has declared constitutional and then declared unconstitutional the former income tax law under the amended Constitution.

A simple majority in the Senate and the House could pass a law now and put it up to the Supreme Court to rule on its constitutionality.

And an Administration desirous of using its influence could induce the Supreme Court to uphold the law just as easily as other Administrations have done in other matters, whenever capitalist business interests demanded it.

But let no one suggest that President Taft is opposed to a tax upon the incomes of the multimillionaires. He desires it ardently.

Meanwhile, what are they thinking about, those guileless voters who expressed so much sympathy with the ideas of the Socialists and voted the Republican ticket as the most practical way to realize them?

GO THOU TO THE ANT!

The little red ants in Florida are marvels. No obstacle is too big for these little fellows. In Florida good housewives put orange marmalade in stone crocks and then set the crocks in pans of water to keep the ants out. But they do not succeed.

Some of the more daring ants try to swim from the edge of the pan to the crock. They are drowned. But that does not prevent others from trying to swim to the crock.

Soon the water is thick with dead bodies. Many thousands are drowned. Still, other daring fellows try to swim to the treasure crock. Finally, the dead bodies form a bridge to the crock.

Then an army of tiny red ants move steadily over the bridge formed of the dead bodies of their comrades, and carry away a goodly supply of marmalade.

So these tiny but determined creatures gain victory, undaunted even by death.

The success of The Call should be quite as important to you as orange marmalade is to the ants. Look at what the ants do by steady work. They even give their lives to gain their goal.

With organized, determined effort we can make The Call a great success now. You are not asked to sacrifice your life, but merely to sacrifice some of your time, talent and money for The Call. Steady, persistent work wins. That is the lesson we learn from the ants. How much steady work is your local doing? How much are you doing? Go thou to the ant for inspiration.

FREEDOM'S CALL.

By Ida Crouch Hazlett.

You can raise your voice for freedom, if you cannot wield the sword; If the feet are slow and feeble, filled with thunders is the word; It can face the coward bragart with the lightning flash of truth And lay bare the lie of power with the giant strength of youth.

That a wrong has proved successful is no reason it should live, And 'tis duty calls to action and the powers weapons give To a man who weighs his honor 'gainst a party or a cause When he knows its life disgraces nature's just and righteous laws.

And to you who feel the throbbings of the mighty pulse of time There is borne the clarion summons, like a prophet's voice sublime, For a man who owns his manhood and whose presence masses wait To march with him from oppression through the Red Sea waves of fate.

Fling the weight of custom from you! Stand erect and be a man! Dare to scorn the gold of treason to truth's vast uplifting plan! Dare with avarice to grapple that has robbed the people's purse! Dare to face the mob of vultures that proved the people's curse!

And from all the winds of freedom, from the North and from the South, Shall resound the cheer of triumph echoed swift from mouth to mouth. For the heart of man beats proudly at the voice of Freedom's call, And there vibrates through his being life and hope and joy for all.

ARE THE NATIONS ON THE VERGE OF A WORLD-WIDE WAR?

EDITORIAL FROM THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST.

Europe seems to have gone war-mad. Not since the time when Peter the Hermit was preaching the first crusade, or when the dancing mania swept across the continent, has Europe been in a greater state of hysteria.

In England this mob-insanity has outrun all bounds and has transformed the collective mind into a condition where, if it were the mind of an individual, he would require the services of a strait-jacket.

When great portions of the population talk seriously about an invasion by means of airships, or see an army of invaders already landed in the form of German waiters in the hotels and restaurants, it is hard to find words to characterize the mental condition of that population. Yet both of these contingencies have been widely and earnestly discussed in England during the last few months.

This frenzy is but the logical climax of the military craze that has swept over the entire capitalist world during the last twenty years. Nation after nation has entered into the wild race of armament. The inventive genius of the world has been directed toward improving the means of murder. Each such invention has meant the destruction of all that existed before, for an outgrown weapon is almost worse than none in modern war.

Such a race could have but one end, and that end is not far distant. The whole object of the contest has been to bankrupt the opponents by outcompeting them in military preparations.

It was the application of the same principle to warlike preparations that has always ruled in capitalist industry. As has often happened in industry, these competitive preparations now threaten bankruptcy to ALL concerned. Each nation is in imminent danger of being WHIPPED INTO BANKRUPTCY BY ITS OWN ARMY AND NAVY.

The only alternative to this is a world-wide war that shall end in the complete domination of some one nation and the disarmament of all the rest. In other words, we are apparently about to enter upon a period of analogous to that which takes place just before the formation of an industrial combination. We seem to be in a sort of unstable governmental equilibrium that can be settled only by the formation of an international government trust.

To be sure, it would be foolish to push such an analogy too far. It is only suggestive.

There is another reason that is driving modern capitalist governments on to war. Armies are organized to further the interests of a class of exploiters against both external and INTERNAL FOES.

In every European nation, but especially in ENGLAND AND GER-

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

RACE-HATRED IN THE SCHOOLS.

Editor of The Call:

Recently the vice-principal of the Stuyvesant High School made the statement to one of the classes that the Italian and especially the Russian immigrants are degrading this country, and that they are not worthy of being admitted to this land of their free and home of the brave.

I should like to ask your opinion whether it is right for a man in such a position thus to spread prejudice between different nationalities.

STUYVESANT STUDENT.  
New York, June 14.

(Such an utterance is certainly inconsistent with the duty of any member of the teaching staff in the public schools. Perhaps the most important function of the schools in such a community as New York is to dissipate racial and national prejudices and weld the younger generation into a harmonious whole, regardless of their heterogeneous origin. The statement attributed to this vice-principal is not founded in fact, and it indicates a spirit at war with this beneficent purpose of the public school system. We do not believe that it would be approved by the higher school authorities.—Ed.)

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

L. F. G.—No steamer from Bremen arrived here on either March 26 or April 26, 1884. The steamer Elder came here on March 29.

George O.—Ask your question again, making it plain. As you have worded it, we are not able to understand what you mean.

P. K.—The Jewish holiday Succoth in 1888 fell on Saturday, October 1. On that day the Etruria arrived here from Liverpool and La Touraine arrived from Havre.

A. H.—The second day of Passover, 1903, fell on Monday, April 13.

Constant Reader—The steamer Cassell arrived here from Bremen on October 24, 1902.

L. S.—No steamer from Antwerp arrived at this port on March 16, 1900. The Kensington came in on March 13, the British Trades on March 18, and the Leonards on March 19.

P. P. C.—If you are unable to find what you want in the line of plays for amateurs at the places you mention, we are unable to tell you where you can. It's hard to get good plays that are new, as they usually are protected by copyright. A small newspaper advertisement might give you the necessary information.

T. M.—All we know about the United Press is what it says in its ads. All of these concerns are pure business propositions and we can say nothing either way regarding their reliability. But as far as we know none of them actually places one of their writers in the line of work where he might sell his manuscript. Of course they know better than the tyro to what magazine his writings would be most suitable.

THE END OF WAR.

By Robert Hunter.

Considerably over a hundred years ago Rousseau proposed a plan for establishing perpetual European peace.

He suggested that every state in Europe should send ambassadors to form a general council. When any difference happened between any two nations the difference should be referred to this general council for arbitration, instead of going to war.

This would be a kind of European republic, the beginning of a World Parliament.

Since that proposition was made millions upon millions of lives have been lost, not to decide any difference by justice, but by force. Nations have changed their boundaries again and again. They settle disputes precisely as two dogs settle disputes.

Billions of money have been spent to manufacture engines of war, to feed and clothe men constantly employed in marching up and down the boundaries of all our modern states.

To this moment England has become hysterical, over the prospect of a war with Germany. Both nations are preparing for the combat. New regiments are being drawn and marshalled. New dreadnaughts are being built, and out of the mouths of the hungry come the means for supporting these gigantic preparations for murder.

There are Peace Conferences without power; Hague Conferences without significance; delegations going back and forth through the nations, without import.

To-day something like the plan proposed by Rousseau exists. It is not a General Council of kings, emperors and princes' ambassadors, but a General Council of the people's ambassadors.

In Belgium there sits from time to time a score of men, representing millions of organized workers.

In Stuttgart two years ago there was a half thousand men representing the workers of all lands.

In Copenhagen next year there will be another great assembly—a General Council—representing the workers of the world.

Few notice the meetings of this

General Council. Kings fear growing power, and so ignore the Council is the beginning of power, a power they cannot ignore and so they ignore the Council.

The rich and powerful of all controlling the press, the police, the universities, ignore the Council, because they have no wish to change or influence its decisions.

Yet in this General Council of the next century all questions of national differences will be decided to-day to decide that they wish to themselves the power to decide international disputes, they wish more influence than the governments of the world.

To-day the power of these Councils is limited because the ward and less intelligent workers are not yet Socialists. The millions are Socialists are held back, weakened by lack of co-operation of the part of those who do not stand Socialism.

The working class of the world is against war. Even the conservative trade unionist, the most backward and unintelligent of the working class feel the power of war.

It would be possible now for the election of working class representatives to an international conference, to which all questions of international disputes might be referred for arbitration.

The decision of such international conferences would be well final, and if the workers of the world were to decide that there would be more wars, they have even developed sufficient solidarity to make that decision.

It takes a long time to win great ideas. Rousseau proposed kings, emperors and princes establish a General Council of kings, emperors and princes to decide war. War has made what they are, and helped them keep their power over the nations.

Now, nearly a hundred and years after Rousseau, we see workers forming their General Council, determined to end war, and finding their way to the federation of the world.

COURT DECISIONS PLEASE THE MASTERS.

The Employers' Association of Massachusetts is so well satisfied with the attitude of the Supreme Court of the state toward union labor, that it has issued an eight-page appreciation entitled "Epitome of Labor Decisions of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts."

The booklet sets forth among others the following decisions: "Sherry vs. Perkins. Bill in equity to restrain strikers from marching and displaying banners."

"Held: The acts of defendants were calculated to intimidate and frighten plaintiff's workmen, and as such were illegal means of carrying on a strike and should be enjoined."

"Veghela vs. Gunther. Bill in equity to restrain picketing and intimidation of workmen."

"Held: Picketing and patrolling and such acts of combination as threaten injury to workmen are unlawful means of carrying on a strike and should be enjoined."

"Minority opinion holds that peaceful picketing and quiet persuasion cannot be called unlawful means to prevent strike."

"Wilcut vs. Driscoll. Bill in equity to enjoin interference with workmen by the threat to levy fine by defendant's union members."

"Held: Imposition of a fine or threat to impose a fine upon a union workman to cause him to join a strike is, on the authority of Martell vs. White, an illegal means to use in furthering even a justifiable strike and will be enjoined."

"Reynolds vs. Carpenters. Bill in equity to restrain interference with employers and customers."

"Held: The abolition or open shop rules and the installation in their place of closed shop principles, since

it involves the acceptance of rules which make the union an arbiter of disputes, is an end purpose which will not justify such a purpose. Plaintiffs entitled to an injunction against furtherance of such strike means."

The employers, as a pretence, boasting pamphlet, declared: "The Employers' Association of Massachusetts has since in its taken every possible precaution to protect its members from the full attacks of labor unions."

"It has maintained a complete legal staff and promptly and seriously prosecuted and caused the punishment of all illegal interference with employees."

"We send to you an opinion those great principles which have been laid down by our Supreme Court and have become the law of the land."

"Every employer should know himself with the same."

"We shall in the future, as in the past, protect our members to the fullest extent of the law, their rights are guaranteed."

DOCTORS VS. BISHOP.  
The Right Rev. John Green, new Bishop Coadjutor of the Diocese of Syracuse, recently gave a sermon in which he severely criticized women who ride astride, the practice "an offense against physical and moral law." The case Herald couldn't see it in light at all and obtained information from five leading physicians of the city upholding and commending manly riding. The doctors said that riding astride is far less dangerous than the old side-saddle

ON THE FIRING LINE.

By MONOSABO.

Mr. Pulitzer thinks the Sugar Trust is an incorporated criminal. Good! And what is the system—your system, Mr. Pulitzer—which produces such criminals?

Now is the time when the slum children will be given "outlets" by those who made them so; and after a day in the sunshine they can go back to their misery. What a mockery is capitalistic "charity."

Mrs. Howard Gould tells on the witness stand that her husband threatened her with a divorce and chivalrously declared that "if she did not furnish the co-respondent he would." They might have tossed up a penny to see who should furnish the adultery; and yet why not make things even simpler—why not abolish the little formalities of marriage and divorce in the Four Hundred? Why not do away with homes, so the dreadful Socialists cannot break them up!

In the name of the Prophet, Bosh! Listen to Col. George Harvey, editor of Morgan's Harper's Weekly, at the University of Kansas, declaring that the passage from the Constitution guaranteeing the right of free speech, of a free press, and the right to peacefully assemble to be the greatest glory of any people. Where is this glory when the unemployed wish to hold a meeting of protest? Where is it when the police club the workers

who march against their masters? Where is it when a speaker whose doctrines we do not agree with even hire a hall and try to speak the name of the Prophet, Bosh!

Judge Gaynor, denounced controller Metz for declaring that the most beautiful subway. And did, dear Judge, he die of people's money. And as a habit of appropriating even other captains of industry—natural that his hired man should declare that Belmont the subway. At any rate, he is it his practically, and he is millions of it every year of the straphangers' union who contributes.

The big gamblers see "coming" as soon as the train is tied. So the little rogues who in bogus mining and industrial are getting into training, the harvest. Already "Fortune" and your door" circulars are the mails, and the foolish read them and part with their will find that Fortune is them good and hard. One rascals had the cheek to send immediate delivery letters the day, before breakfast, in the finding an early warm bed. But the worm turned. It turn down every stock position. It is only part of the capitalistic scheme to seduce and wind for good dollars.

WHAT LABOR EDITORS SAY ABOUT THE EVENING CALL.

SWITCHMEN'S UNION OF NORTH AMERICA.  
326 Brisbane Building, Buffalo, N. Y.

Editor of The Call:  
It is with increased pleasure I note the daily progress of The Call, and I sincerely hope the day will never come when it will have to suspend publication for lack of finance, which means lack of loyalty from the working class whose fearless champion it is.

What a terrible calamity it would be to organized labor if The Call were to die! And this, too, through the ingratitude of those for whom it is fighting! Let us banish the thought! Organized Labor to-day should feel stronger and congratulate itself, now that it has daily papers in New York and Chicago, through which it can get a hearing before the bar of public opinion.

If The Call is ever to suspend publication through want of support from organized labor in the East, Unionism has lost the most valuable ally it ever had, and trades unionists are deserving of all the indignities they may receive at the hands of the master class.

As a trades unionist of twenty-five years' standing, I hope my brothers in the East will rally to the support of The Call and never allow her strike her colors.

Sincerely and fraternally yours,  
F. M. CASSIDY, Editor,  
Journal of the Switchmen's Union.