

NATIONALISTS DEFEAT SHAH

Persian Capital in Control of Revolutionists After Hard Fight. Populace Rejoices.

TEHRAN, July 13.—The success of the Nationalists to-day is due to a well concealed night march. Leaving a small force to keep the Shah's troops busy at a point where there had been skirmishing for three days...

The Nationalists found the bulk of the population friendly, and they attacked the Shah's soldiers by merely disarming, not even arresting them. There were very few exceptions to this lenient treatment...

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INDIANS IN REVOLT

Tribesmen Attack British Post and Kill Eight Soldiers.

LAHORE, India, July 13.—A band of Khost tribesmen killed a native sergeant and seven men in a raid on Keijuri Post in the Tooki Valley today, and were repulsed by the garrison after a hand-to-hand conflict.

The tribesmen came down from the hills surrounding Keijuri and had entered the post before the garrison was aware of their presence. The unexpectedness of the attack caught the native garrison unprepared and before they could form any resistance they were engaged in a scattered hand-to-hand battle.

DIDN'T KNOW VALUE OF RHODODENDRONS

The man and woman who were arrested in the Central Park rhododendron case on Monday night, Mrs. Sarah Alry of 14 West 94th street and Stoney Point, and Frank Boyle, a bartender at Avon, N. J., were held in \$500 bail in the West Side Court yesterday for a hearing on Friday.

RUSSIAN PEASANTS DESTROY HOSPITAL

ST. PETERSBURG, July 13.—Violent riots against the enforcement of the anti-cholera precautions have broken out in many portions of the Empire, the ignorant natives failing to understand the importance of the fumigating. They appear to believe that the fumigation of their homes will prove fatal to them instead of warding off the dreaded disease.

JAILS 82 LOITERERS AT ONE FELL STROKE

Eighty-two Fifth avenue sidewalk loiterers were fined \$1 each in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday by Magistrate Cornell. They have been arrested before in batches of from 50 to 150, but this is the first time a fine has been imposed. None of the 82 paid, preferring to remain in jail until 4 o'clock.

LATHAM'S MONOPLANE BREAKS PROPELLER

CALAIS, France, July 13.—It will be some time before M. Henri Latham will be able to attempt his flight across the English Channel in his aeroplane in competition for the Mail's offering of 5,000 pounds.

TAKEN FOR MURDER

READING, Pa., July 13.—Charles J. Stadman and Richard Barnes, two whom the police have been searching since the murder of Charles J. Branke, an aged farmer, in this city a month ago, were arrested to-day.

PARIS, July 13.—Paris is threatened with another strike. The vegetable truck hands are agitating to-day for a strike under the leadership of the General Confederation of Labor.

STRIKE AGAINST MOVING HOMES

New York Central Train Service Men Won't Stand for Officials' Real Estate Game.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 13.—Orders given by the New York Central officials to move the headquarters of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad train service employees from McKees Rocks to Newell, Pa., a distance of fifteen miles, will on next Monday result in a complete tie-up of the Pittsburgh end of the New York Central according to an ultimatum handed up by the engineers and firemen to-day to the officials.

The officials are seriously considering the advisability to-night of countermanding the order and it was at the special request of Pittsburgh and Lake Erie officials that the strike was not declared for to-morrow morning.

The main line of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad runs from Youngstown, Ohio, a distance of fifty miles, while the Monongahela Valley division runs about an equal distance up the Monongahela River. The McKees Rocks headquarters for trainmen is just outside Pittsburgh on the main line and has been there since the road was first built.

BIG STORMS KILL AND DAMAGE CROPS

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 13.—Nearly every part of Indiana was visited by destructive wind and rain storms late yesterday afternoon and last night and the damage to growing crops is estimated at more than a half million dollars. In one county alone the loss to farmers is estimated at \$150,000.

INDIANS ACCUSED OF MURDERING FAMILY

OTTAWA, Ont., July 13.—Three dead bodies, those of J. W. Christie, grain buyer, his wife and their daughter, Mildred, reached Montreal to-day to be taken to Stephen, N. B., for interment.

RAILROAD AND COAL COMPANIES ARRAIGNED

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., July 13.—In Federal court this afternoon the Buffalo and Susquehanna and Erie Railroad companies and Buffalo and Susquehanna Coal Mining companies were arraigned on indictments charging violation of the interstate commerce law.

TRY ADANA BUTCHERS

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 13.—An imperial order to-day orders the trial by court martial of Djavad Bey, ex-Vail of Adama, Mustapha Pasha, the military commander at Adana; and Yussef Bey, Governor of Jebelibreket, in the vilayet of Adana, on the charge that they were implicated in the Armenian massacres of last April.

JAP STRIKERS ARRESTED

Hawaiian Authorities Help Bosses. Injunction Disregarded.

HONOLULU, July 13.—Eighteen Japanese prisoners were brought in from the Waimanalo plantation, twenty miles from here, last night and jailed. They will be charged with resisting an officer at a riot at the plantation.

Three hundred Japanese laborers went on strike yesterday. County Sheriff Jarrett hastened to the scene and arrested five ringleaders and started for Honolulu by automobile. The other strikers gathered around him and he took his prisoners to the office building of the plantation.

JAPS PUTTING THE SCREENS ON COREA

TOKYO, July 13.—According to the decision reached by the Korean Ministerial Council on Sunday an agreement was signed at Seoul yesterday by Viscount Sone, Japanese Resident General, and the Korean Premier, abolishing the Korean war office and placing the Imperial Bodyguard, the only Korean troops, under the control of the Emperor's aid de camp.

ORVILLE WRIGHT GETS ANOTHER HARD BUMP

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Adverse atmospheric conditions this evening made Orville Wright's two efforts to fly his aeroplane unsuccessful and on neither attempt did he fly more than a few hundred yards.

HARD TIMES CAUSE MORE SUICIDES

ALBANY, N. Y., July 13.—Dr. Eugene H. Porter, State Health Commissioner, announces that there is a reported increase in the number of suicides in this state. It is a common belief that the hard times are responsible for an increased number of self-inflicted deaths.

CLEVELAND'S HEAT WAVE KILLS THREE

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 13.—Three deaths and a number of minor prostrations comprise the toll of the scorching heat wave, which has subsided somewhat to-day as the result of the terrific wind and rain storms of last night. In each case the deaths resulted from heart disease, induced by the intense heat.

HUNG UP BY QUEUE

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 13.—Several Oakland school boys, who are on a vacation in Russian River country, near Guerneville, played a mean trick on a Chinese laundryman named Hop Lee because he refused to deliver their washing without pay.

OUR MASTER'S GALLERY

A system can be judged by the mind of men and women it produces. The system we are living under now is the capitalist system.

Who are its foremost representatives? Men who have reached their exalted height by careers of fraud and knavery. As for women, her position is one of bondage. The most successful thieves become the masters of society. The little thieves get the weight of the law.

"FLINTS" HEAR WOMAN UNIONIST

Miss Paterson Addresses Convention on the Label—Committee on Laws Reports.

The chief features of yesterday's session of the convention of the American Glass Workers' Union, at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, was a speech delivered by Miss Annie Paterson, of the Women's Union Label League of this city.

Miss Paterson spoke of the necessity of organization on the part of the women. She pointed out that if the wives of the union men would not make it their duty to buy union made goods only, unions could make small progress.

CRANEMEN KEEP PLANT TIED UP, 6,000 IDLE

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—With the plant of the Midvale Steel Company here still tied up by the strike of its 200 cranimen for higher wages, causing the enforced idleness of 5,000 other employees in the various shops, trouble also started to-day at the plant of a New York Shipbuilding Company at Camden when half a hundred carpenters and caulkers walked out because of the refusal of the management to confer with the men on their proposition for a raise in pay of 25 cents a day.

TWO, WEARY OF THE STRUGGLE, END LIVES

Lonesome among New York's four million, two foreigners took their own lives yesterday, rather than struggle along in a country where they were alone and homesick. Otto Kucher, forty-five, a German, cut off work since he came here six months ago, jumped from the fourth story window of the apartment house in which he lived in West 17th street, and was crushed to death on the pavement.

GIVES CLEW TO COX

MT. VERNON, N. Y., July 13.—It is the general belief of the relatives of Harold C. Cox, a bookkeeper in the Home Savings Bank of White Plains, who disappeared from White Plains on July 5, that he is now wandering around New York City while temporarily insane, and that he has not committed suicide as first believed.

IMMIGRANTS REVOLT AGAINST OUTRAGES

DRAG OUT SKELETON Uncomfortable Things Said in Court About Bird S. Coler.

Bird S. Coler is on the griddle in Brooklyn. At yesterday's hearing in the Kings County Court House, on February 14, 1908, Commissioner of Accounts John P. Mitchell dragged many interesting details into the light. It was shown that Daniel J. Ryan, a contracting carpenter who put the new roof on after the fire, did most of the work involved in carrying away debris, for which Douglas & Co. had substituted bills. Ryan denied emphatically that the Douglas people ever carried away any of the debris, built any of the scaffolds or carried any of the timber used in the roof.

LEON, OMNIPRESENT, EXCITES ASBURY PARK

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 13.—Excited police officials of the local department were certain this morning that they had captured the long-sought murderer of Elsie Sigel when Detective Herbert nabbed a man who answered very closely to the promulgated description. Shore-bound visitors rushed from their seats in the trains when they saw the sleuth get the Chinaman, and for a time a near riot prevailed.

WANT MORE MONEY FROM DRUG TRUST

Supreme Court Justice Blanchard yesterday signed an order permitting J. D. Park & Sons, a wholesale drug firm of Cincinnati, which began actions against members of the National Wholesale Druggists' Association twelve years ago alleging that the association was a combination in restraint of trade, to file a supplemental complaint in which the original damages of \$500,000 demanded from members of the association are increased to \$2,500,000.

MOORISH CAPITAL CAPTURED BY REBELS

MADRID, July 13.—A Tangier dispatch states the El Roghi, the Moorish pretender, stormed Fez and captured the city after severe fighting on July 8. The fate of the Sultan is unknown, but the palace was surrounded by El Roghi's troops.

DECIDE AGAINST P. S. C.

In a unanimous decision which directed the Public Service Commission to issue a certificate of approval to the South Shore Traction Company for its trolley line from the city line in Queens across the Queensboro Bridge to Manhattan, the Appellate division of the Supreme Court declared yesterday that the law does not require the Public Service Commission to review the terms upon which a street railway franchise has been granted, but that its only duty is to decide whether it is for the convenience of the public that such a railroad be constructed.

Refuse to Eat Vile Food and Denounce Official Brutality.

HEBREW TRADES PROTEST Jewish Labor Body Replies to Commissioner Williams and Defends Aliens.

Indignation at the brutal treatment accorded them reached a high pitch yesterday among the 700 immigrants at Ellis Island held for deportation under the unexpected ruling of Immigration Commissioner Williams, requiring the possession of \$25 as a condition of admission to the United States.

The forty armed guards assigned to watch the immigrants were concerned in the morning when the 700 prisoners refused to eat breakfast. As the day wore on, the suppressed excitement among the victims of Commissioner Williams' inhuman tyranny increased, and it was evident that the prisoners were on the point of revolt.

At dinner time the 700 men, instead of being marched into a common dining room, as has been the custom, were divided into four divisions and fed in different rooms. The inspector and his men were armed and ready for trouble, but the only outbreak was when the division which included Dr. Rudniew, the doctor jumped upon the table and made a speech denouncing Commissioner Williams, declaring the food was unfit to eat and accusing the guards of brutality.

"Let Commissioner Williams come in here and hear us," he cried, repeating the words in Russian, German, Yiddish, Polish and French, so as to make himself understood by the men of different tongues. "He put the rule in force after we left the other side and without our knowing what we had to encounter.

East Side Workers Reply.

An open letter was sent to Commissioner Williams yesterday by United Hebrew Trades, protesting against his treatment of the immigrants and replying vigorously to his reported statement that his men were for the benefit of organized labor. The letter reads: Hon. William Williams, Commissioner of Immigration at Port of New York, Ellis Island, N. Y.

Dear Sir—You are credited by several newspapers with the statement that your policy of imposing money tests upon immigrants has been customary. We introduced largely for the benefit of organized labor, and more particularly for the benefit of the Jewish workers engaged in the various branches of the tailoring trade in this city and elsewhere.

Against Any Restriction.

As it happens, the tailors of this city, and so far as we know of the country generally, are at present very

in demand. The tailoring in-...
The organized Jewish workmen...
of this city, including the tailors...

BUILDING GRAFT JAMMED THROUGH

Aldermen Adopt Boss Murphy's Code Despite Opposition of Unions.

By a vote of 40 to 27 the Board of Aldermen yesterday adopted the majority report of the committee on revision of the building code...

R. R. MEN HELP TIN STRIKERS

Employees of Plant Feeder Line Go Out When Asked to Handle Scab Products.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 11.—The McKeesport connecting railroad, supplying plants of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company...

EVYLYN THAW IS STATE'S WITNESS

Appears Against Husband at Insanity Hearing, But Testimony is Curtailed by Objections.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 11.—The sensational feature of the Thaw insanity inquiry in the Supreme Court before Justice Mills at White Plains to-day was the production of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw...

Once a Customer Always a Customer

Brooklyn, Linden & Quincy Sts

Globe Wernicke Book Cases



Have supplanted all other kinds because of their many points of superiority. They are economical of room, are easily moved and a great convenience to those collecting a library.

HATTERS ACCEPT JURY CHALLENGE

Union Will Hold Mass Meeting of Members to Take Secret Ballot on Strike.

The national officers of the United Hatters of North America held a conference late yesterday afternoon at 11 Waverley place...

IRISH CHRISTIANS WANT PRIVILEGE

Beating Each Other Up

LONDON, July 11.—All the hospitals at Belfast and Liverpool were filled with victims yesterday morning of a rioting between the Roman Catholics and the Orangemen...

BERNHART MERCHANT TAILOR 148 East 125th Street Between 84 and Lexington Ave. New York. ESTABLISHED 29 YEARS.

JULY VACATION SALE THREE PIECE SUITS made-to-order, of English Worsteds, Plain and Fancy Serges, or fine Cashmeres in all the leading fabric colors, now at \$15.00

RIOTERS FIGHT POLICE

Irish Christians Want Privilege Beating Each Other Up. The rioting was continued all day yesterday and grew to its most serious stage last night in Belfast...

BOY KILLED BY MIMIC INDIANS

Emulating Red Men, Playmates of George Tracy, Inflict Injuries That Cause His Death.

FREEMONT, N. J., July 11.—A nine-year-old boy died late to-night at the Freeport Hospital. He played Red Indian with some bigger boys in Patchogue last Thursday and they made him pretend that he was the paleface. They tied him to a tree and in some way he was hurt so badly that the doctors had to operate on him.

PERUVIANS ABOUT TO LEAVE BOLIVIA

LIMA, Peru, July 11.—The Peruvian government has given orders for the passage money shall be advanced to all Peruvian subjects in Bolivia...

UNITED HEBREW TRADER'S VICTORY FOR ONE VICTIM

Francisco D'Amato, whom Commissioner of Immigration Williams ordered deported, gained a victory yesterday when Judge Hand of the United States District Court granted his application for a hearing by the court and directed that D'Amato be held pending the Court's final decision.

ELLIS ISLAND EMPLOYEES BELOW STANDARD

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Out of 472 employees at the immigration station at Ellis Island, N. Y., more than one-fourth, or exactly 123, have been found to be below the standard of efficiency...

SUTTON'S MOTHER READY FOR INQUIRY

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Mrs. James N. Sutton, mother of Lieut. James N. Sutton, the young marine officer who was shot at Annapolis in December, 1907, returned to Washington to-night from West Point where she went several days ago to visit her son, Cadet Bolando Sutton...

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Paxton Hibben, Charge d'Affaires American Legation at Bogota, Colombia, reported to the State Department to-day that peace has been restored at Barranquilla...

TO TRY BURGLARS IN OCTOBER

District Attorney Elder, who said that immediate trial of Giro and Smythe for the murder of Mrs. Staber during a burglary attempt was out of the question...

GENUINE S. OF R. DEAD

STAMFORD, Conn., July 11.—Benjamin Weed, a real son of the Revolution, is dead at his late residence at Noroton Heights.

MISSING SINCE FRIDAY

Mrs. Nellie Downing, of 345 East 83d street, has asked the police to look for her son, John, eight years old, who disappeared from home last Friday afternoon.

ENDS LIFE BY CUTTING THROAT

SANDY HOOK, July 11.—Harry Charles, private in the Ordnance Corps, stationed in the Ordnance Barracks here, cut his throat with a razor to-day and died instantly.

UNION HATS, TRUNKS, AND UMBRELLAS

ALL STRAW HATS REDUCED \$2.00 HATS \$2.00 \$2.00 HATS \$1.25 \$1.50 HATS \$1.00 \$1.00 HATS 60c.

CLOUBURST KILLS A HUNDRED MEXICANS

MEXICO CITY, July 11.—Details reached here to-day of the cloudburst Friday at Orizaba and heavy losses of life are reported.

CORRESPONDENT DIES

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Jewell H. Aubrey, Washington correspondent of the St. Louis Globe Democrat, died here yesterday afternoon.

STRICKEN ON FERRY

JERSEY CITY, July 11.—Charles Engels, forty-two years old, of 144 St. Paul avenue, Jersey City, was suddenly stricken ill on the Pennsylvania Railroad ferryboat Newark en route from Cortlandt street to Jersey City.

TURN VEREIN SUFFERS IN \$25,000 FIRE

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—Fire early to-day totally destroyed the Kimble Glass Company's works at 324 and Oxford streets.

WEAR THE HALLA SHOE

UNION MADE SHOES. B.N. LEFKOWITZ 2 Ave C. cor. Houston St., N. Y. UNION MADE SHOES. Good Quality Arch Support Shoes for Aching, Tender Feet. Latest Styles in Ladies' Shoes. Strictly One Price. Children's Shoes.

FREE Tent Meetings for Woman Suffrage At Ocean Parkway, Coney Island

On Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Evenings, at 8 o'clock. Alma Webster-Powell cordially invites the Socialist members.

FRANK'S DEPARTMENT STORE N. E. Cor. 53d St. & Ave. A, N. Y. ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW. We handle all union made merchandise.

IMPORTANT TO CALL READERS! M. & A. KATZ Department Store 831-833 3d Avenue, Near 51st Street. A CALL AND PURCHASE AT OUR STORE WILL HELP THE CALL. SAVE OUR COUPONS, THEY ARE EQUAL TO A P. C. DISCOUNT.

PHILIP HERRSCHAFT 601 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y. ALL STRAW HATS REDUCED \$2.00 HATS \$2.00 \$2.00 HATS \$1.25 \$1.50 HATS \$1.00 \$1.00 HATS 60c.

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ARONSON BROS. & FEIN Dry and Dress Goods. We Advertise No Special Bargains. Offer No Dait, but Guaranteed Satisfaction. 61-63 BELMONT AVENUE.

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CHICAGO POLICE TRY OLD DODGE

Speak to Divert Attention From Their Corruption by Attack on Unionists.

Special to The Call.) CHICAGO, July 13.—Friends of Vincent A. Altman, union carpenter, who with his brother, Joseph Altman, is being held as a suspect...

Just why organized labor should have been going around for more than a year throwing dynamite at gambling joints is something that has not yet been explained.

On the other hand, there is a very strong motive on the part of the police to make a scapegoat of labor in this regard.

It now seems method can be found not only to make a pretense of solving the bomb outrages, but also of throwing discredit on the labor movement.

Tried With Judge Absent. The Daily Socialist charges that in the past gambler friends of State's Attorney Wayman have been "let down easy" by Judge Brentano...

First Assistant State's Attorney has short, the man who is now wasting the funds of the county in providing the "white slave" traffic and in prosecuting the little Irish lacemaker, the Gingles, on a charge of larceny.

Three for One—That's the idea! Ask your friends about it.

CONVICED BIGAMIST MAKES A CONFESSION

SAN JOSE, Cal., July 13.—Explaining, brokenly, that he would never serve the seven-year prison term to which he was sentenced yesterday for bigamy, Christopher Johnson, in the presence of Sheriff Langford, made a full and complete recital of his dealing with women all over the United States and his methods of obtaining money from his many wives.

Indictments were found yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury against Giuseppe Clementi, Luigi Clementi and Giovanni Milano, charged with dealing in counterfeit money.

NEWARK ADVERTISERS

The Good and Neat Printing Go To BUSINESS PRINTING CO.

HAUSMAN & SONS FINE FOOTWEAR

171-177 Springfield Ave., Newark, N. J.

NEGROES TRY TO VOTE

Only 45 Out of 700 in Annapolis Allowed to Exercise the Franchise.

(National Socialist Press Bureau.) WASHINGTON, July 13.—True to their promise of persistence on the day of registration in Annapolis, Md., negroes who were on that day refused the right to register, yesterday again presented themselves at the polls for the purpose of voting and were refused.

Out of 700 adult negroes in Annapolis but forty-six were permitted to vote, they almost without exception owning property, thus proving that the "lily whites" are not really opposed to negroes but are modern Tories, who are using the color argument as a blind by which to appeal to the blind prejudice of the poor whites who would otherwise revolt at the new law requiring a property qualification and which will undoubtedly be enforced rigorously against the poor whites as soon as it has become seasoned by time.

VICTIMS MAY NUMBER 700

Spanish Censor Suppresses Details of Terrible Mine Disaster.

MADRID, via Frontier, July 13.—It is reported from Belmez that scores of bodies have been taken from the coal mine at that place in which the terrible explosion occurred yesterday entombing more than 700 miners.

Details of the explosion are being suppressed by the official censor and it was necessary to send what slight information could be secured to this city by messenger and from here to the frontier.

The owners of the mine deny that they are responsible for the disaster, and the authorities are moving heaven and earth to keep the newspapers and the public from realizing the enormity of the disaster.

GHOST WAS ON STRIKE

Actors Who Went to Venezuela Gained Nothing But Experience.

Driven from Caracas by the bubonic plague, stranded in Le Guayra without funds to buy a meal, dressing under umbrellas in Barbadoes so they could give an open air performance and raise enough money to get back to New York, is but a brief summary of the experiences of a troupe of thirty-one vaudeville performers who were lured to Venezuela by promises of much gold—and who returned yesterday, broke.

In the company were twelve women and six children. Several of them have been ill. Three of the members of the party elected to remain in the Barbadoes and take a chance with the valley fever and bubonic plague rather than come back home on the banana boat that brought the others in yesterday.

LOYD GRISCOM BACK HOME.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse were Lloyd Griscom and his wife. Griscom was American Ambassador to Italy, stationed at Rome, and took a leading part in the distribution of the money raised in America for the relief of the earthquake sufferers in southern Italy.

SMASHES AUTO TO SAVE BOY.

NEWPORT, July 13.—To avoid striking a boy on a bicycle at Bellevue and Narragansett avenues today John Oldham, chauffeur for John R. Drexel, turned his automobile into a tree. The boy, who had ridden unexpectedly into the path of the automobile, escaped injury, but Mr. Drexel's car was badly smashed. Oldham was alone in the machine.

CHILD KILLED BY CAR. Dorothy Brush, five years old, of 451 Bergen street, Brooklyn, was run down and killed yesterday by a Bergen street trolley car while playing in front of her home.

GIRLS ARRESTED IN YOW MURDER

Spy Gives Police Clew to Slayers of Chinaman Found Strangled in Tub.

The first tangible clew to the series of murders which began with the killing of Elsie Sigel in the Oriental room of Leon Ling, in Eighth avenue, Manhattan, was uncovered by the police yesterday following the arrest of nineteen-year-old Sadie Brodie and Fannie Miller, on information given the police by a Chinese spy, which connects the two girls with Yung Yow, the Chinese who was found strangled and his body jammed in his own washbasin at 124 Santon street on July 1.

These two girls, with a third, named "Lily," visited the murdered Chinaman on the afternoon before he was killed. The two under arrest admit receiving rich presents from the laundryman. They say they ran away and hid at Coney Island following the murder so they would not be connected with it.

Murdered and Robbed Him. The story of the Chinaman that gave Captain Galvin, of the Chinatown police squad, the clew to the whereabouts of the two girls differs with this theory. He says he has information that the three girls told their white lovers that Yung Yow had plenty of money and that the three white men, using the girls as decoys, went to the Chinaman's place, murdered and robbed him.

When Captain Galvin arrested Fannie Miller a youth named John J. Carlo was with her. He also was arrested. The police are now looking for a man known only as "Joe" and an Americanized Chinaman known as Tom Lee, as a result of the arrest of the two girls.

Prof. George E. Ferguson, chemist at Columbia University, said yesterday that while he has not yet completed his analysis of the organs of Elsie Sigel, he has gone far enough to satisfy himself that the girl was poisoned. Professor Ferguson says he has not yet determined what poison the girl took or was given. The police have learned that an Americanized Chinaman bought poison at a drug store near the house where Leon lived shortly before the girl was killed. They have not yet identified the Chinaman who bought the drug.

TO RATIFY NOMINATIONS

City Executive Committee of Socialist Party Plans Big Meeting.

At a meeting of the city executive committee held on Monday evening arrangements were made for a big ratification meeting in Cooper Union on August 27, at which the candidates for municipal offices and other prominent speakers will make addresses.

It was also decided to authorize the organizer to negotiate with the managers of The Call about publishing a special propaganda number some Saturday in September for the purpose of making a house-to-house canvass in every Assembly district in New York City.

The organizer was instructed to make the necessary arrangements for the calling of a general party meeting to nominate candidates and to discuss plans for the municipal campaign.

Delegates from the German Agitation Committee reported that their excursion on June 26 netted about \$500, part of which was used to pay debts of last campaign.

Delegates from the German Agitation Committee reported that their meeting to-night would be devoted to the perfection of plans for active participation in the coming municipal campaign.

It was decided to inform the 20th A. D. that their candidate for the Assembly is not eligible to be a candidate, as he has not been a member of the party for one year.

One hundred thousand copies of the city platform, 25,000 of which will be in German, will be printed and distributed.

YOUNG MEN AND MEN THAT FEEL YOUNG

WE WANT GOOD SERVICE AND SERVICEABLE HATS. CORRECT STYLES AND SLEEN-DID VALUES. Wear McCann's Hats 210 Bowery, opp. Rivington St. NEW YORK.

YOUNG BURGLAR TELLS OF GANG

Says He Is Employed by Men With Rendezvous in New York.

YONKERS, N. Y., July 13.—Through the capture of a sixteen-year-old boy, Frederick Douglas, the police here believe they have found the way to break up a New York gang which has been employing boys to enter houses. Sergeant Willard Mance saw four persons this morning at 3 o'clock at the Park Hill railroad station and followed them. One was a boy, the others were about twenty-five years old. When the three elder men saw the officer they ran away leaving the boy to the police. The lad had two savings banks containing about \$20, a gold watch and chain and other belongings. Although Mance shot at the three men none stopped in the flight.

The Douglas boy told the police today under a harrowing third degree that he resided at the Children's Home, 44th street and Second avenue. He admitted after a long examination, in which he told many conflicting stories, that he was employed by several men. He said that the gang has a rendezvous in the lower East Side.

BUILDING NEWS.

Plans have been filed with Building Superintendent Murphy for a block of nine six-story houses, each containing suites for twenty-five families, to be built from designs by John C. Watson for Charles M. Rosenthal, east of the New York Central Railway right of way on 158th street, at a total cost of \$360,000.

Plans have been filed for enlarging the telephone exchange at 112 West 89th street, making it a five-story edifice by adding two stories, the improvements being made at a cost of \$75,000 for the New York Telephone Company from designs by Eilditz & McKenzie as architects.

Plans have been filed for enlarging the three-story store at 264, 266 and 268 Greenwich street, owned by Robert Ferguson, adding a two-story extension in the rear, the improvements being made at a cost of \$100,000 for James W. Coward, shoe merchant, from designs by Peter Roberts, it being the third time which this site has been improved for the leasees recently.

Plans have been filed for making over the two-story stable at 64 Washington into a garage for T. Sufferer Taller, the improvement being made from designs by John C. Cox, Jr., as architect, and for making over the two-story stable at 171 West 89th street into a garage for George McKesson Brown, the improvements being designed by Henry Otis Chapman as architect.

Plans have been filed for remodeling the three story and basement clinic building of the New York Throat, Nose and Lung Hospital, at 229 to 235 East 57th street, the improvements being made from designs by Patrick F. Brown as architect.

The Manhattan plans for new buildings reported yesterday include a three story stable for the Arcade Stable Company at 444 West 36th street at a cost of \$6,500. Thomas H. Styles is the architect.

The Bronx plans for new buildings comprise eleven two-story dwellings to be built for Thornton Bros., at the corner of Teller avenue and 168th street, at an aggregate cost of \$0,500; a two-story mill for the Vari Lace Company, at the corner of Bronx boulevard and 216th street, to cost \$40,000; a five-story flat for John Benson, at the corner of Freeman street and 174th street (CUMFVPL street and Bryant avenue, to cost \$23,000; a two-story dwelling on Gleason avenue, south of 174th street, to cost \$5,000; a two-story dwelling on Victor street, north of Morris Park avenue, to cost \$5,000; a one-story stable on Washington avenue, north of 164th street, to cost \$700, and a one-story stone and concrete garage on Jessup avenue, south of Featherbed lane, to cost \$1,000.

PAID 825 FOR A CAT.

LONDON, July 13.—What is believed to be the highest price ever paid here for a domestic cat, namely, \$825, was given by Mrs. Lyons, of Chicago, for Rob Roy, II, England's champion male chinchilla Persian, the winner of numerous prizes. The animal will be sent to the United States on the steamer Majestic.

SUFFRAGETTE HITS SOCIALISM

Miss Foley Asserts That Movement Is Intended Only For the Masculine Sex.

Socialist members of the Progressive Suffrage Union and Socialist women in general were very much amused by a speech by Miss Julia M. Foley, on "The Necessity of an anti-Socialist Attitude in the Suffrage Question," delivered at a meeting of the Brooklyn Progressive Suffrage Union, held on the lawn of the Lockwood Academy, 148 South Oxford street, Brooklyn, on Monday evening.

Miss Foley's argument follows, in part: "The woman's suffrage movement has developed out of the general class struggle for freedom, and its issue is comparatively unimportant in the evolution of labor. But its importance to woman's future is so great that it should come first in woman's consideration; for whatever change of government is to express the growing power of the working class, woman's position in that system will be determined by the degree of freedom she succeeds in attaining under the present system."

Socialism for Men Only.

In all the struggles which labor has made since that time, woman, as an economic factor, has been ignored. Only Socialism, preaching equal opportunity for all, found with dismay that the female had actually been considered a human being, entitled to that same equality of chance to live. So she in equal suffrage was put into the Socialist platform, an under plank, tolerated, but painted in invisible colors, so that even the Socialist women argue the home importance of their labor. "The golden age of Socialism is intended for the males, and the present struggle for recognition by women is but the growing revolt against all of these reform movements which leave her cause without a champion until, indeed, better conditions for males are obtained. Why does not Socialism, with its thirty millions of members, push with energy this one plank now before the world? Why? Because they are sure that when women get the vote they will only add greater protection with their votes to the present system."

MONEY VOTES IN CONNECTICUT.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 13.—A bill giving the right to vote at municipal elections to women in this state who own property was passed by the Senate to-day by a vote of 20 to 5. The bill now goes to the House.

MAKES RECORD FLIGHT

French Aeroplane Navigator Beats the World and Captures Prize.

ETAMPES, France, July 13.—The greatest aeroplane flight on record was completed this afternoon by M. Bleriot, the noted French aeronaut, whose straightaway flight of twenty-eight miles, completed in fifty-six minutes, is the most marvelous ever made in a heavier than air machine. The Wright brothers have been in the air longer and have made flights which, for distances, exceeded the Bleriot flight, but as they have always flown in a circle over a circumscribed field and never attempted cross-country flights, M. Bleriot's air journey to-day is a world's record.

M. Bleriot is soon to attempt a flight across the English Channel, from Calais to Dover, for a \$5,000 prize. His flight to-day was a tryout for his machine. He started in his aeroplane from Etampes and flew, in fifty-six minutes, to Orleans, a distance of twenty-eight miles in the air.

DISBAR LAWYER FOR AMBULANCE CHASING

Joseph A. Shay, the lawyer against whom District Attorney Jerome brought disbarment proceedings, because he had clerks in his office to whom he paid commissions as "ambulance chasers," was suspended for a year yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. In announcing the decision the court issued the warning that in the future such offenders would be punished by disbarment.

SHIPPING NEWS

Sail To-day. Teutonic for Southampton, Mauretania for Liverpool, Persantia for Argentina, Alleghany for Mayti, Guiana for Grenada, Beaconsfield for Santos, President Lincoln for Hamburg, Huron for Jacksonville, San Marcos for Galveston, Lampasas for Tampa, Hamilton for Norfolk.

Lowther Castle from Algiers, Carmanina from Liverpool, Sannio from Naples, Prinz August Wilhelm from Colon, Adriatic from Southampton, El Valle from Galveston, Jefferson from Norfolk.

MEN'S AND LADIES' FURNISHINGS Union Label. Shirts, Collars, Underwear, Neckties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Overalls, Caps. Litholin Collars, 25c. Cleaning Soap Free. Waiters' and Cooks' Outfits. Ladies' and Children's Hose and Underwear. CB P.N. and Nemo Corsets, Notions, Skirts and Muslin Underwear. SIG. KLEIN 50 and 52 3d AVENUE, Near 10th Street, NEW YORK. Telephone 4085 Stuyvesant.

EAGLE SAVINGS AND LOAN CO. 186 REMSEN ST. BROOKLYN. 4% PAID ON PASS BOOK ACCOUNTS 5% PAID ON CERTIFICATE ACCOUNTS. Capital and Surplus, \$2,000,000.

FREE SPEECH WINS Socialist Orator Maintains Right to Talk on Streets of Allentown.

(Special to The Call.) ALLENTOWN, Pa., July 13.—The local Socialists here are elated over the fact that Howard Caldwell, of Ohio, who was arrested Sunday evening for speaking on the Square was discharged in the Mayor's Court the next morning, there being no ordinance on which a charge could be based. Caldwell defended himself. He stated he had a constitutional right to talk upon the public highway as long as he did not obstruct traffic.

Mayor Hunsicker said that the city ordinance prohibiting street speaking on Sunday and he was going to enforce the law. Caldwell asked for the number of the ordinance and after the Mayor looked through the Municipal Code he said it was a rule of the Police Department to stop any nuisance which came to their notice.

After a short discussion, however, the Mayor said that the Socialists were a good orderly lot of citizens and he discharged Caldwell. There is a rumor that the Mayor is now going to have a talk with the Socialists and ask them to be good children and not disturb the bronze soldiers on the monument in the Square by holding Sunday meetings.

A HOME COMPLETELY FURNISHED \$99.98. 3 ROOMS at \$49.98. 4 ROOMS at \$75.00. ROYAL FURNITURE CO. 2188-90 3d AVE. tel. 119 & 120 ST.

United States Shoe & Leather Co. There are no better shoes made than we sell for the money. The leathers are the best, the workmanship the most thorough, and the styles such as to harmonize with your dress or costume. A perfect fit is assured. Take a look at our Men and Women Oxford. \$1.95.

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY. UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS' LOCAL No. 290.

FARM WANTED—NEW JERSEY. 10 to 50 acres, good house, spring water, near station, in New Jersey, easy commutation New York; \$5000; \$50 down, balance monthly. Experienced Farmer, care of The Call.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED. Furnished room within walking distance of 72d street and Columbus avenue by a single gentleman. Newman Burger, East 26th street.

MISCELLANEOUS. 100 visiting cards, neatly printed, with name and address, 200 mailed to any place in the United States. Send stamps or coin. Pine Print, 179 E. Broadway, New York.

THE WORLD OF SPORTS

REDS DROP GAME

Giants Defeat Cincinnati by 8 to 4. Red Ames Got a Hit.

The Giants had a comparatively easy time of it yesterday afternoon to win from the Reds. They got an early lead and kept it, although the Cincinnati people were sometimes within striking distance.

In the second inning, O'Hara laid down a perfect bunt which all the infielders in all the league teams could not have caught him on, and Devin followed with a smart single to left, both moving up on Bridwell's sacrifice, which by the way, came mighty near being safe.

Kid Campbell gave Tenney a walk, and once again there was a score after Doyle had tied out to Oakes, the scoring party being the jolly old Admiral Schiel.

Scoring time for Cincinnati came in the fourth, when Bescher singled to left, and when McCormick tumbled it, went to second, and when Oakes went out at first went to third, scoring on Mitchell's safe hit to right.

To even things up we got a neat tally in our fourth. Tenney put up a lousy Texas leaguer back of second, and Doyle made first on Downey's error, and while Larry was capering off the base to take away Cincinnati's second, then Murray singled to right, and McLean, trying to do something or other at third, threw far out to the field, and Doyle scored, while the big striking catcher scowled.

Speaking of strike-outs, Downey, the dumpy shortstop from Cincinnati, struck one to center in the fifth inning and it was so far out it counted for four bases and brought Lobert ahead of the eminent batsman, Lobert having started the frame with a single.

McCormick, in the Giants' eighth, popped to Egan. Murray singled to center. O'Hara tied out to Mitchell. Devin hit the flag pole in center, scoring Murray, but in trying to stretch the triple into a home run perished at the plate, Oakes to Egan to McLean.

There would always be kicking and grumbling if the scheme went through anyway. If an American Leaguer was at the head of the league, and he was called on to give a decision, the National magnate would think he was unfair if he rendered a decision against them, while on the other hand if a National man was put at the head of the leagues the same thing would result, with matters reversed.

"You wouldn't get a thing out of the new scheme but an inharmonious tone continually, and matters are all right as they are. Both leagues get along together all right, and we might just as well let well enough alone. I'm sticking for present conditions; they're good enough for me."

NO UNION OF LEAGUES

Dovey Would Destroy Harmony Between Rival Organizations.

BOSTON, July 13.—"Nothing doing," said John C. Dovey, president of the Boston Nationals to-day when asked his opinion as to the scheme to fuse the National and American Leagues with Ben Johnson as head of the new organization.

"What's the good of that proposition?" he said.

"There would always be kicking and grumbling if the scheme went through anyway. If an American Leaguer was at the head of the league, and he was called on to give a decision, the National magnate would think he was unfair if he rendered a decision against them, while on the other hand if a National man was put at the head of the leagues the same thing would result, with matters reversed."

CORBETT KNOCKED OUT BY CUPID

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 13.—Young Corbett is training hard at San Rafael for his fight with Johnny Payne next Saturday afternoon. He is three pounds overweight and is easily dry out in the last two days. Corbett has surprised his admirers by his quickness and his punch, and he probably is his favorite over Frayne. Corbett is so confident of winning that he has made plans to get married the day after the fight. He has already taken out a license to wed Miss Daisy Misereau, a nineteen-year-old Southern girl, who is now in Pasadena visiting friends. Corbett says he will make California his home.

WESTON HAS A GROUCH

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 13.—Weston will arrive tonight at Benicia, thirty-three miles from San Francisco. He arrived at Benicia, eighteen miles from Benicia, at 1 o'clock this afternoon. He will stay over night at Benicia and start early in the morning for the last leg of his transcontinental walk. The old man is disgruntled over the lack of interest shown in San Francisco over his arrival and regrets he did not make Seattle the terminus of his long trip.

AMERICAN HORSE SECOND

NEWMARKET, England, July 13.—The race for two-year-olds for the Kheive Plate, value 200 sovereigns, was won here to-day by Ore. W. V. Whitney's Top o' the Morning, Maria, an English second, and Sunspot was third. The betting was Ore, 3 to 1, Top o' the Morning, 10 to 1, and Sunspot, 6 to 1.

JEFFRIES WILL FIGHT

At Least So He Says—Will Arrive Here in Two Weeks to Post Forfeit.

TORONTO, Canada, July 13.—If James J. Jeffries ever wanted to fight, that time is now. Jim not only wants to fight Jack Johnson, but at present he also wants to fight—and lick—the man who sent out the story from Montreal in which Jeffries was quoted as saying that he could not get into condition and that he would not fight Johnson because the latter was a negro.

Jeffries was literally and figuratively boiling over when seen to-day. "I have never faked the public in my life and I'm not going to begin now. I gave my promise to fight Johnson and I am going to fight him as I said. I am going to whip him and then give the heavyweight championship to some good white man who will promise faithfully never to enter the ring with a negro. Then I want to get back into the ring to take it away from another negro."

"My theatrical engagements will be concluded in two weeks. Then with Sam Berger, my manager, I will hurry to New York and post my first fight to clinch a battle with Johnson. Jeffries declared the stories that he found he could not get back into prize ring shape were absolutely false. He said he was rapidly rounding into form and that when he stepped into the ring with Johnson he would be as good a man physically as he ever was."

NO FIGHT FOR NEVADA

Ketchel-Langford Battle Called Off—Purse Too Small For the Black Man.

The proposed finish fight between Langford and Ketchel at Ely, Nevada, on Labor Day, for which Ketchel has signed articles, will not come off. Langford has refused to accept \$5,000 as his end of the purse, while Ketchel will not recede from the agreement with the promoters to take \$20,000 win, lose or draw. So Ketchel will take a much needed rest in California and will take on weight before he begins training for the Johnson mill. Langford, meanwhile, says he is going back to England soon to prepare for a battle with Tommy Burns, which will be managed, it is said, by W. A. Brady and Hugh McIntosh. Burns is under contract to McIntosh, who is interested with Brady in the Burns-Johnson fight pictures, and McIntosh, it is reported, has cabled Burns to come to London at once. Langford thinks that by putting Burns away he will further strengthen the belief that he can whip Johnson, while Brady and McIntosh believe that the fight will prove a big money maker inasmuch as Langford is popular in England while Burns is not. But Langford's refusal to fight Ketchel when the chance has been offered, even under rather unfavorable terms, has not been commended here, while Ketchel's stock has received an unexpected boom.

HOW THEY STAND

Table with columns: Clubs, W., L., P.C. for National League, American League, and Yesterday's Results.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The last call has been issued to the various teams of the Socialist League to send the names of their delegates to the temporary president, M. Frucher, of 265 Sackman street, Brooklyn. A meeting will be positively called this week to make the final arrangements about the grounds. The question of hiring the Polo or Washington grounds during the absence of the major league teams will be decided.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The New York Physical Culture Club will meet to-night at the Rand School, 112 East 19th street.

Socialist Notes

All notices must be in this office by noon of the day previous to publication. All meetings begin at 8 P. M. unless otherwise specified.

To-Night's Meetings.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

- 18th A. D. (Slovak)—322 73d street. 21st A. D.—250 West 125th street. 22d A. D.—243 East 54th street.

BROOKLYN.

- 6th A. D.—155 Tompkins avenue. 15th A. D.—535 Graham avenue. 22d A. D. (Branch 2)—Halsey street and Central avenue.

MOUNT VERNON.

The local meets at Strieb's Hall, 33 South Fourth avenue.

JERSEY CITY.

Second Ward—Butler's Hall, Grove and 3d street. Business.

HUDSON COUNTY, N. J.

At the semi-annual meeting of the Socialist Fire and Drum Corps, held Wednesday last, the plans for starting the Junior Corps were completed, and a committee of three was elected to take charge of the new class.

LANCASTER PA.

The local here has passed resolutions condemning and protesting against the conviction of Fred D. Warren, editor of the Appeal to Reason, and his subsequent sentence to six months imprisonment for publishing the facts regarding the case.

20TH A. D. HOLDS ROUSING MEETING

At last meeting of the 20th Assembly District of the Socialist party, Mrs. Mary S. Oppenheimer presided. There was an unusually good attendance. Acting on a communication received from Organizer U. Solomon, the district decided to donate from its treasury \$2 toward the century club for the benefit of the Call, and the members were urged to make individual contributions as large as it is in their power to do, and assist the Call.

ENDORSE S. P. TICKET

The Sheet Metal Workers Educational Club of New York, at its meeting on Saturday, endorsed the ticket nominated by the Socialist party convention on July 4, and pledged its moral and financial support during the coming campaign.

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READ THIS

Do you want to do something big for the Call? Of course, you do. Here is the way. If you are a member of a union, Socialist local or progressive organization get up at the next meeting and move that the sum of \$1 per week for the next four months be donated to the Call.

CONVENIENT FOR THE READER.

CALL ADVERTISERS' DIRECTORY

READ IT DAILY—BEFORE YOU SPEND YOUR MONEY. Rates for The Call Advertisers' Directory—One line for three consecutive months, \$7.50; each additional line at the same rate. If paid in advance the price will only be \$6.00. Make payments directly to The New York Call, 442 Pearl Street, New York.

BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.

- BARBERS. S. Sonnenschein, 84 E. 4th St. Union Co-Op Barber, 143 Astor St.

BOROUGH OF THE BRONX.

- ATTORNEY AT LAW. Sam W. Elges, 465 E. 174th St.

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN.

- BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe, 2271 Pitkin Ave.

LONG ACRE A. C. COMES BACK TO LIFE

At the regular meeting held at the Long Acre it was decided that in the future none but bona fide members will be admitted to the club stage which are held at the club's house every Saturday night.

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SOUTHPAW FOR BOSTON

BOSTON, Mass., July 13.—After upping the Red Sox in their own home, the American League pitcher W. Collins, star pitcher of the University of Vermont is to-day in Boston team at once. Collins stands six feet, one inch tall and weighs 180 pounds. He was just outside Burlington, Vt., and always lived in that city.

BAKER'S 4TH DEPUTY

Police Commissioner Baker yesterday appointed Alfred W. Baker a lawyer, of Brooklyn, his 4th Deputy Commissioner, thus filling the vacancy created by the resignation of Commissioner Boorman.

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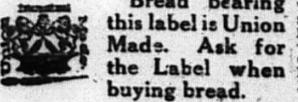
- BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe, 2271 Pitkin Ave.

OUT OF TOWN.

- SHOE STORE—Jersey City. The Bates Shoe, 640 Newark Ave.

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LABOR UNION NOTES.

PAVERS' UNION. The United Pavers, Ramblers, Flagmen, Bridge and Curb Setters' Union... LITHOGRAPHERS' UNION. The Lithographers' Association will hold a picnic at the Glendale-Schuetzen Park on Sunday afternoon and evening, August 29.

CALL GAINS IN BRONX

Sales in Some Districts Jump Eighty-five Per Cent. A canvass through some districts in the Bronx shows that The Call gained even more readers there than it did in Harlem, since it changed from an evening to a morning paper.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES

Henry B. Harris announces the engagement of Ethel Brandon for a prominent part in Martha Morton's play, "On the Eve" which will have its premier in New York in September.

THE CALL PATTERN

FURNITURE. That combine features of beauty and comfort is what our large stock consists of. GEORGE J. SCHWARZ. Largest Furniture and Carpet House in Ridgewood.



PHARMACISTS. PEROXIDE HYDROGEN (Medicinal). 4 oz. bot. 10c.; 1 pint bot. 25c. 8 oz. bot. 15c.; 5 pint bot. 90c. George Oberdorfer, PHARMACIST.

PAINTERS' UNION.

The Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers will hold a picnic and summer night festival at Manhattan Casino on August 1.

UNITED HEBREW TRADES.

The Hebrew Trades, the Central Council of the Jewish unions of Greater New York, will have a picnic and summer night festival on August 1, 1909, at Liberty Park, Evergreen, Long Island.

BOOKBINDERS' UNION.

The International Brotherhood of Bookbinders will hold a benefit for John Hart, ex-treasurer of the Brotherhood, who is totally blind, on August 21, at the Manhattan Casino.

KNEE PANTS MAKERS.

The Knee Pants Makers' Union, Local 14, which went out on strike last Thursday, has signed agreements with twelve bosses, and 400 men have gone back to work.

REEFER MAKERS.

The Children's Cloak and Reefer Makers' Union is on strike against the Children's Clothing Co.

TRIES TO KILL WIFE WHO RENOUNCED HIM

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 13.—Enraged because she had announced her intention of returning to her husband whom she had deserted, Frank Galea this morning attempted to kill Angela Fimetta, slashing her repeatedly with a razor.

AMUSEMENTS.

DREAMLAND. Continuous Free Circus, 15 Acts. Everything New But the Ocean. GRAY'S LUNCH ROOM. 123 PARK ROW. The Place That Delivers the Goods.

THE SUSTAINING FUND

Some of the letters in to-day's mail: To the Manager of The Call. Dear Comrade: The new policy adopted by The Call and announced editorially aims at making the paper a truly Socialist organ.

BOYS RUSSIAN SUIT

Paris Pattern No. 2953. All Suits Allowed. This simple little suit for the small boy is developed in crushed strawberry linen. The tunic, which closes at the center-front, is slightly gathered into the neckband and finished at the lower edge with an unusually wide hem.

OPTICIANS.

DR. S. RUBINOW. Has removed his office from 433 HIGH STREET TO 109 COURT STREET, One House Below High Street, NEWARK, N. J.

THE AGITATORS—A STORY OF THE DAWN

By JOHN R. McMAHON. Copyright, 1909, by John R. McMahon. All rights reserved.

CHAPTER XXVII. (Continued.) The night and spook with a passion of grief. As he was going out, Madeline and Emma daintily entered the room and commenced in making Sonia a little story by saying they had heard a bit of the talk.

CHAPTER XXVIII. The Sixth Regiment is on the march to Pennsylvania. They'll cross the mountain to take a special train. Sure, through the country. Yes, I guess for the sake of exercise.

It's the time to act; we can talk after the sixth is hiking for us on the way to Pennsylvania. They're going to trespass on our land. They may attack us. They'd like to rough-house us. Anyhow, they're on the way to attack our comrades at the mines.

Some grumbled at the interruption to their work; others feared their molds would be spoiled by careless feet. Laughter and jests were quickly checked by the sober face of John Day and the words that he spoke: "Men, if you have a belly for trouble, if you want to take a chance at Lexington and maybe make it Harper's Ferry, now's the time. Stuart and his regiment are coming. This shop is on an official vacation, and I won't advise any man. Figure it out for yourselves. I'm going to stand myself by what Andrew Ellis says—he knows more than I do about target work."

Exclamations and excited questions rose from the ranks. "The bluff is all right," declared a tousle-haired cormaker, "but we don't want to get into trouble." "That's right—we don't need to carry ammunition," said a molder with black-streaked cheeks.

"It's no picnic, boys," I didn't learn the molder's trade to get plugged by the militia. They'd be three to one. I got a family, and I don't want to leave orphans. So have I got a family, but I'd fight anyhow. What's the use of getting killed? Look here, workmen, get killed anyway; they get killed like steers in every trade, one out of fifteen get knocked out or wounded every year, don't even get a clean death—why shouldn't we take a chance and help start up a new deal?"

John Day. "We'll do our part." The men cheered. A middle-aged, dark-bearded molder spoke. "We're willing to put it to that woman grafting son of a— and his gang; but after we clean the landscape of the Sixth Regiment, what about the Fifth and the Fourth and all the other regiments in the state? They'll be thicker than crumbs on a bo's shirt in July."

"Dismiss your companies," said Ellis. There was biting irony in his tone. The men looked at one another and moved reluctantly. A slight figure with black flying curls, breathless, covered with the dust of travel, dashed into the shop. She gave a quick glance of compunction at the breaking lines and Ellis' face of grim wrath.

"I have come from Hazelton," she cried. "We heard that the Sixth were going to invade Pennsylvania. The miners sent me to tell you to hold them back. They know you can do it. They are winning, they can fight their own battles at home, but they ask their comrades to guard them from a foreign invasion. A few hours means everything—the railroad union will refuse to transport troops. You ought to be glad of the chance. If you don't act now, you'll never have it again. Stuart and the foundry trust are bound to break up the colon. A law will be passed in the legislature. The best that can happen here is to linger in a slow death or can go out black listed and hunt for jobs. What have you got to lose? Death is nothing, and if you die you will be martyred and loved by the working class of the world. If you smash the Sixth regiment it will be a signal for all Pennsylvania to rise. We won't stand alone. The people's revolution will begin from to-day. I have seen unarmed workers dare to go against soldiers, but this battalion can hold back an army of cowardly militia!"

eyes went together with a mating of delight, but he merely asked her abrupt questions and she replied with precision. He turned to the men. "Battalion, attention!" We will devote ourselves to holding the regiment in check. If we hold them twelve hours, it may save the day in Pennsylvania. No man will fire without orders nor leave the ranks. If any man wants to quit, let him do it now."

There was a stir in the rear rank that caused indignant eyes to turn. A small thin man held up a bandaged hand and said that his trigger finger was hurt. "I'll do anything else. I'll carry ammunition to the firing line," said the small man amid relieved laughter. Small wooden boxes of cartridges were brought in and the contents distributed along the line. The ranks were broken to enable the men to get their overcoats and cartridge belts. Ellis detailed the elders and the apprentices under John Day's command to guard foundry and club house. A squad was sent to occupy the grocery, after clearing the cottages along the bank of the creek and advising other inhabitants to take shelter in the foundry.

"Squads right, march! Forward, march! Companies, left front into line, double time, march!" Ellis, throwing out a small advance guard, maneuvered the battalion to advance in company column toward the bridge. The third company was soon ordered to halt as a reserve and keep screened behind some cottages. The second company deployed as a support. At a hundred and fifty yards from the creek the first company broke into platoons which echeloned to the right and left, forming a wide angle with a focus of range upon the bridge. Ellis sent scouts on bicycles to the east and south, and a squad to occupy the crest of the mountain opposite the quarry. The sun came out, brightening the somber gray and brown of the fields, the rusty crimson and gold of the fields, the dark green spotted the woods' background of burnt colors. The air was sharply invigorating. It seemed to the waiting men there was an oppressive silence, though the echoing crunch of the stone crusher rose and fell in monotonous spasms and far away freight trains labored and eased off the exhaust according to the grade. The quarry yawned high and deep, tinged with shadows of delicate purple. Two crows cawed loudly as they flapped their way across the creek.

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(To be continued.)

THE NEW YORK CALL

A Newspaper for the Workers.

Published Daily Except Sunday by the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, 442 Pearl Street, New York. W. W. Passag, president; Frank M. Hill, treasurer, and Julius Gerber, secretary.

Yearly Subscription, \$6. Telephone 2271 Worth.

Entered at the New York Postoffice as second-class mail matter.

GENTLEMEN, STICK TO GENERALITIES.

When Woodrow Wilson, president of Princeton University, attacked the labor unions in his last baccalaureate address, he was but performing one of the duties of his profession.

As a college president he must be a champion of the interests of capital, just as King Edward must champion the interests of the monarchy. Each of them, college president and king, but follows the duties of his calling.

Moreover, on that particular occasion President Wilson not merely performed his duty, but he performed it in the right manner. He cited no individual instances, the truthfulness and applicability of which might be challenged and tested, but confined himself to generalities. He made no specific statements, but sweeping charges. It was not this or that trade union that restricted the output of the workman, but trade unions in general, all trade unions.

To be sure, the charge of restricting the output does not appear so grave to the man who puts forth his labor as to the man who receives the product of that labor. To the former, the workman, the restriction of his output—that is to say, his labor, his vital energy—is a condition of his existence. In order to continue to work day after day and year after year with unreduced strength, he must conserve his energy, restrict its expenditure within certain limits. The employer, on the other hand, naturally demands the maximum of labor expenditure, since the health and future usefulness of his workmen do not concern him in the least, those who have become worn out in his service being easily replaced by new ones.

But this difference of interests, inherent in the capitalistic relation of employer and wage laborer, is something that we must not expect a college president to see. As college president it is his duty to teach that the workman has not done his duty when he delivered what was bargained for, but only when he "put his heart into the bargain."

President Wilson, however, committed a grave error when he proceeded to specify. In his reply to Mr. Edgar B. Laverty, who asked for proof of his general charges, he referred to two particular trades. One was bricklaying. He "had in mind several cases of buildings in New York, the bricklayers working on which spent about one-third of the day smoking their pipes and chatting because they had laid the number of bricks to which they were limited for the day by the union."

We have before us the agreement between the Mason Builders' Association and certain bricklayers' unions of New York City and Long Island for 1909-1910. Not a word in the provisions of this agreement concerning the amount of bricks to be laid daily. Presumably both the masters and the bricklayers, being practical men engaged in practical work, know the amount of bricks that might reasonably be expected to be laid within the working day. The employer expects a certain output and the laborer yields that output.

The working hours are limited from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., exclusive of the usual noon hour and the Saturday half-holiday. But it is specifically provided that the prohibition of work in other hours shall not apply "when to leave work would endanger life or property." Provision is also made for overtime work, which is to be paid for at double the ordinary rate.

This brings us to the second specific charge in President Wilson's letter. A broken window pane in the house of an invalid friend in Princeton could not be mended in the evening because the prescribed labor hours of the day were over. Here was obviously a case of overtime work, which could be obtained at a higher rate. Moreover, this was a case "when to leave work would endanger life," as the bricklayers' agreement puts it. The work could certainly have been done without fear of a strike. If President Wilson would oblige us by sending over to us the rules of the Glaziers' Union in Princeton, if there is such a union, we could prove it to him from those rules. Every union makes provisions for extra work similar to those of the bricklayers.

The "scores of instances" to which President Wilson refers in his letter to Mr. Laverty do not of course deserve the slightest attention. This is merely a recurrence to the general mode of attack practiced in his address. This is, indeed, by far the safer as well as easier way.

Messrs. apologists of capitalistic exploitation, stick to generalities.

A NEW CATHOLICISM.

The length to which our ruling classes, and their mouthpieces in the press, college and pulpit, are ready to go in their mad stand against the labor movement and all the progressive forces of the age, is strikingly exemplified in an article by Dr. C. H. Parkhurst in last Monday's Evening Journal.

In the space at our disposal we can cite only a few of Dr. Parkhurst's statements. But they will more than do.

According to Dr. Parkhurst "every man is PERHAPS entitled to his own opinion." But "to think is one thing and to think out loud is another thing."

Dr. Parkhurst's "freedom of silent thought," with a "perhaps" attached to it, might be granted by any tyrant or Spanish Inquisition.

What is it that has driven Dr. Parkhurst to this extreme of reactionary attitude? What is it that has decided him to advocate the abolition of the most precious heritage of the ages, freedom of speech? What is it that has turned him into an enemy of the human race?

Why, a mild criticism of some decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in a monthly magazine.

According to Dr. Parkhurst the Supreme Court "requires to be approached with a degree of REVERENCE, not to say with a sense of SANCTITY. To the great American it is the last step this side of God's word. To advertise the fallibility of the popular mind is a kind of political sacrilege," etc., etc.

And this is the same Supreme Court for which President Jackson had so little respect that he would not enforce its decisions when they did not suit him; that by its support of the Slave Power in the infamous Dred Scott decision contributed more than its share towards plunging the country into the throes of Civil War; that has attested

THE GOATS OF THE MIGHTY.



BLOODY SUNDAY.

By Ben Hanford.

Only Socialists can read aright the signs of the times. Some of them fail to do so. Reader, turn not your eyes, do not break step, nor pause in the march, but in thought look back a few short years to Bloody Sunday in St. Petersburg. An army of wretchedness on a Holy Day march to lay their Petition humbly before their Little Father, the Czar. All know the result. They were met by their Little Father's Cossacks and shot down like mad dogs. Surely you have not forgotten Bloody Sunday. Surely, as Socialists you understand its cause and purpose. It was neither Church nor State, neither Czar nor Priest that spoke that day. It was the voice of Capitalism that gave speech from those guns. A Capitalism that feared its own children, trembled at its own shadow, and that in its terror of the uncertain and the unknown can think of nothing but to pass and execute sentence of death on its helpless victims. Bloody Sunday in far-off Russia was Capitalism's confession that it dare not allow its slaves the right of petition.

Whatever others might think, Socialists ought to KNOW the meaning of Bloody Sunday.

Leave St. Petersburg. Recall Colorado. Have we forgotten the bulletins, the deportations, the searches of the houses of the workmen, the denial of the constitutional right of the people to have arms, the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, the violation of the rights of free speech, free press and free assemblage, the kidnapping of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, and the use of the courts in an effort to judicially assassinate these and other labor leaders, as had been done at an earlier day with the victims of the Chicago Haymarket?

Have Socialists understood the meaning of these events? Or have they forgotten them?

Do we remember that in Chicago the police denied the unemployed the right to assemble and petition and parade? Have we forgotten that the police of New York did likewise and that death followed the police dictum that "the club is mightier than the constitution?"

Do we know that Capitalism has planted its spies and agents provocateur throughout the labor movement—in America and throughout the world?

Socialist papers barred from the mails? Labor leaders sentenced to jail? The Blacklist made legal? The Boycott made illegal? The use of United States authorities to imprison Mexican revolutionary refugees and Russia's efforts to make our courts her bloodhounds? Socialist editors fined and sentenced to prison? Detectives and police? Armies and navies? Azeff and Harry Orchard? What do all these things mean? Others can only guess, but the Socialist should KNOW.

They mean that Capitalism the

world over will make its appeal to FORCE. They mean that Capitalism will enlist every pulp that can be bought, every teacher and professor that can be seduced or coerced, every pen that can be prostituted, every coward that fears and every dog that can be induced to bark and bite—all these vile forces will work for capitalism by every vile means. They are great. They are numerous. They are powerful. But THEY ARE NOT ENOUGH. Now as ever, Capitalism will make use of fraud and knaves and folly and fools. But THEY ARE NOT ENOUGH.

Last as first, Capitalism will make its appeal to FORCE AND MURDER. Rather than lose one per cent of one per cent of its robber income, without the quiver of a single eyelash, in every country on earth Capitalism would make a BLOODY SUNDAY.

Socialists should KNOW these things. Socialists should KNOW the Beast, and KNOWING the Beast, we should know the best way to oppose him.

There are many ways to fight Capitalism. We can fight and get licked, or we can fight and WIN. But there is only ONE WAY to fight and WIN. That ONE WAY comes under the heading of ORGANIZATION. Education includes ORGANIZATION. In the labor movement education and organization go together. They are inseparable. Each grows with the other.

If we would overthrow the Capitalist system and all the terrors and tragedies that of it are a necessary part, we must EDUCATE the working class. That can only be done by the Socialist press—daily, weekly and monthly. There is absolutely but ONE MEANS by which the armies and navies, the spies and police, the apostate priesthood and the prostituted collegiates, the slanderous Roosevelts, the infamous Peabodys and the monstrous Azeffs and Orchards of Capitalism can be met and routed.

That ONE MEANS is the SOCIALIST PRESS.

The New York Call, the Chicago Socialist, the Appeal to Reason and all the Socialist papers working in harmony with the Socialist party ORGANIZATION—these constitute the only power that can wrest a Working Class victory from a ruthless Capitalist enemy.

That press has reached its present stage of efficiency by the earnest effort and willing and heroic sacrifice of the entire personnel of the Socialist Movement. Thanks to their splendid past, it has now reached a point where it can be easily maintained by a little regular effort on the part of ALL. All includes ME—and YOU. The burden will break no backs. But it must not be neglected. THE SOCIALIST PARTY AND THE SOCIALIST PRESS. They constitute powers that may bring about an orderly and peaceful solution of the labor problem. So far they have prevented and they are our only protection against a BLOODY SUNDAY IN AMERICA. THEY MUST AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED.

its "infallibility" by reversing itself again and again; that has invariably taken the side of capital against labor, and finally reached such a height of infamy that it even sanctioned the kidnapping of workmen, in order that they might be delivered to the mercies of their bitterest enemies.

Truly, this tribunal cannot maintain itself in the respect of the working people and of all lovers of justice if its decisions are to be the subjects of free discussion and criticism. "The popular mind," that is to say, the working masses, will have no respect for it, unless they are taught to look up to it as God's vicar on earth, the assumption of whose fallibility is a kind of sacrilege.

The religious Protestant, Dr. Parkhurst, would establish a new Catholicism, a secular or political Catholicism, with all the accompaniments of the Mediaeval Catholicism, its claim to the highest authority upon earth, its papal infallibility, and its Inquisition.

THE STRUGGLE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTY IN PERSIA.

The news that has been dribbling in by cable concerning the movements of the Persian Nationalist forces, aided by the tribesmen, and the invasion of Persia by a Russian force from Enzei, on the Caspian Sea, are but the latest chapters in the Persian struggle for constitutional liberty. This struggle, which has been going on for some years past, Russia, aided and abetted by Great Britain, has been engaged in suppressing.

The following story of that struggle, taken from the London Justice, was given to that paper by Dr. Abdula and M. Rahim Zade, who are now in London on behalf of the Constitutional party to appeal to the people of Great Britain to protest against the Russo-British conspiracy to throttle the liberty of Persia.

The agitation for a constitution was set on foot in Teheran, rather more than four years ago. Its active spirits were merchants and Mohammedan priests. The method of procedure sounds somewhat novel to Western ears. They threatened a strike unless a constitution was granted! Indeed, the priests actually did strike, and left Teheran in a body and started off to Turkey.

This made a tremendous impression throughout the whole of Persia; and on July 27, 1905, there was a general strike in Teheran.

The merchants and their supporters in the demand for a constitution, withdrew from business and took refuge from the Shah's troops in the Moslem churches and in the park of the British Consulate.

The Shah, impotent and intimidated, was thoroughly frightened. He sent post haste after the priests, imploring them to return, and promising to accede to their demands and grant a constitution.

The priests returned; a constitutional form of government was established, and on October 3, 1905, the first Persian Parliament was opened.

The constitution was far from being a democratic one; there was nothing of the nature of universal suffrage; all the poorer classes, including the peasants, were excluded from the franchise, which was based upon a property qualification.

In spite of the narrowness of the franchise, however, the Parliament was a fairly representative one. All sections of the supporters of the constitution were represented, as were also the anti-constitutionalist supporters of absolutism. The Parliament also included a small number of Social Democrats.

This was one of the most remarkable features of the Persian constitutional revolution, that it was chiefly the work of merchants, priests and clericals. So much was this the case, indeed, that the first Socialist manifesto issued in Persia expresses hearty thanks to the clericals and merchants for the efforts they had made and the great services they had rendered in the constitutional struggle.

So far, the peaceful constitutional revolution had been successful—as in Turkey. The constitutionalists were all-powerful and triumphant; the Shah and absolutism were defeated and powerless.

It was here that the sinister hand of the Russian autocracy showed itself.

The first Persian Parliament lasted for nearly three years—till July, 1908. During all that time, however, the laws passed, the decrees issued by the Parliament, were absolutely ignored and set at naught by the Shah's government, in consequence of the power the latter was able to exercise through the brute force of its Cossacks. Persia, in spite of its Parliament and constitution, was practically under martial law; ruled by the sword of the Cossacks.

These Cossacks, a Persian force, were organized on the Russian model, by a Russian officer, Colonel Liakhoff. Nominally in the service of the Shah's

government, this Liakhoff was nothing more nor less than a Russian agent. He received every kind of support—moral (or immoral) and material—from the Russian authorities, and sent regular reports of his doings, and the general course of events in Persia, to the Russian governor general of the Caucasus—Vorontsoff-Dashkoff.

When the opportune moment had arrived, Colonel Liakhoff, the Russian Ambassador in Persia, Hartwig, and Emir Bogadur, held a meeting, and the Emir Bogadur was the chief reactionary in Persia. As Pobledonotoff or Pehve was to Russia, so was Bogadur to Persia.

Immediately after the meeting of these three conspirators, Liakhoff's Cossacks, without any warning, opened fire, with cannon and machine gun, upon the Chamber in which the Parliament was then sitting. Some of the members of Parliament were killed, others were wounded, and others were afterward hanged. Unarmed people were shot down or sabred in the streets. It was a battle, a butchery, a massacre!

Not only the Persian Cossacks, Russianized by Liakhoff, but even Russian soldiers, imported for the purpose, took part in this outrageous crime.

Parliament was suppressed, the constitution trampled under foot; Constitutionalists were murdered, and Teheran, by the force of Russian arms, was once more under the heel of absolutism.

The people resisted, but in vain. But the Constitutionalists showed a magnanimity which was hardly to be looked for in the circumstances. Over and over again was Liakhoff's life in danger and they intervened to save him. They took every means possible to protect all foreigners, and to see that no harm should befall them in order to afford no excuse for foreign intervention on the side of the reaction.

Then came the rising in Tabriz, in which the Constitutionalists were triumphant.

The Shah sent his troops from Teheran against Tabriz, under the command of Ein-Doyley. They were supported all the time by Russia, the Russian government, through the Russian National Bank at Teheran, sent Liakhoff regularly £1,000 daily, £500 being for himself and his Cossacks at Tabriz, and the other £200 being for the personal use of the Shah. Assistance in arms and ammunition was also given openly to the Shah's troops by the Russian government.

In spite of all this, however, the Constitutionalists held their own in Tabriz and successfully resisted the forces of reaction.

And outside Tabriz there was a great uprising of the people throughout the country, on the side of the Constitutionalists. The Bakhtiari, a hill tribe, rose also against the Russianized despotism of the Shah.

At first the intention of the insurgents was to march to the relief of Tabriz. When, however, they found that Tabriz could hold out without their aid, they decided to march directly upon Teheran. The Bakhtiari, starting from Isfahan, were to proceed through Kum, and the Persians, on the other side, from Reht, through Kasvin, distant about fifty miles from Teheran.

Then Russia, in agreement with Great Britain, directly intervened. Four thousand Russian troops invaded the country, marching to Tabriz, Meshed, Astrabad and Reht. A few British sailors were also landed from the Persian Gulf, but were afterward withdrawn.

The result was that the insurgents, instead of finding the places of their march occupied chiefly by friends with only a few reactionaries to overcome, found them held by Cossacks who were pursuing their usual pacificatory methods of outrage, murder and massacre, at the same time disarming the people. The Shah's troops were withdrawn

MONKEY BUSINESS.

By J. H. SEYMOUR. Afar in the heart of a tropical island, where bounties of nature abound, Resided a fortunate Simian. That lived without a penny. Abundantly coconuts grew on the trees. And all could be had for the taking. And often their dinner was a whole tree. It saving the monkeys the trouble. For years they had lived in this to-do way. Nor dreamed of a different arrangement. Till pot-bellied Jocko addressed one day. And instantly caused an arrangement. He says, "I have thought some of thinking of late. And records and deeds expected. These lands were my country estate—And property must be registered. "In view of the fact that the mine all mine. On shares we will work them after. Of coconuts you will get the mine. The rest are for Jocko, the I know not exactly what may mean. But up in the two-legged monkey I learned of his methods— I ween. I'll start on your civilization. But though he had cited a grand. He met with the others. They said, "It may go in a legged land. But here it will cause trouble. We know our descendant, and I am afraid. To strive to be more than a monkey. But though of the monkeys are made. You can't make a man monkey."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

MEXICAN ATROCITIES. Editor of the Call: At the last meeting of the Party Club of Boston, I was to put a notice in the Call of the fact that the club had received an additional contribution of Mexican Political Refugee Fund, making \$11.40 in all. The club has instructed its speakers, using seven languages, to bespeak the cause of the Mexican people at all meetings, particularly attention to the fact that the cause of labor leaders by the first class of the United States Mexico constitutes an entire working class of men, menacing such political workers still retain. The present and continuous struggle for the preservation of liberty is clearly the new service of the Mexican people, which is recorded in the histories of fifteen citizens of Voladores on the 11th of these men were unarmed and were shot on the order of the Mexican army, who called into town an army of the disturbance of the peace in life nor property had been The fifteen killed were taken from a list of the names. Faithfully yours, WALTER E. KEENE, Boston, Mass., July 6, 1909.

From Tabriz, and the march in Georgia, the alliance was offered by the Constitutionalists, which was availed by the Cossacks every day of sense being met with the reprisals. In one case a soldier was wounded, and for commanding officer, General imposed a fine of \$2,000 upon the inhabitants of Tabriz. At first the Constitutionalists thought it better to hold their own and see what would come of the Russian intervention modified by diplomacy. Now, however, determined to renew the struggle every means in their power, other weapons they have the boycott of all Russian goods will be extended to British goods, unless the British government determines to support a constitution against its Muscovite ally.

Persia's Appeal. The following is the memorandum sent on behalf of the Persian Constitutionalists to the British Office: June 25. To the Right Honorable Sir Grey, Bart., M. P., P. C., Majesty's Secretary of State, Foreign Affairs. Sir—We, the signatories of this petition, have been sent by the Constitutional party in Persia to you the following representation. The Russian government, by its proclamation on our part without our having given any for such action by any have sent their troops into Persia, into Azerbaijan, Khorsan, which, as all without its being necessary to you with further explanation, involves great injustice to the people. It is evident that the foreign troops within our territory are injurious to Persia, and to disastrous consequences to the Russian government, into Persia with the cognizance of the British government. Persia appeal to effect. Praying that you will consider our representation, endeavor to give effect to our brief acknowledgement, your obedient servants, RAHIM KHAN, DR. MIRZA...