

WITFULLY ATTACKS PUBLIC UTTERANCES OF GOV. WILSON

HOUSE HEARS CONGRESSMAN RODENBERG ON CANDIDATE'S VIEWS.

RODENBERG'S LACK OF CONSISTENCY SHOWN—OTHERS JOIN IN AVIOL CHORUS.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Representative William A. Rodenberg, of Illinois, today delivered his speech against Woodrow Wilson in the House. Rodenberg has been studying Governor Wilson's writings for a long time, and the Republicans have been looking forward to his effort as certain to furnish good material for campaign purposes.

WORKERS WIN IN SHADY SIDE STRIKE

Compel Corn Products Company of New Jersey to Concede Demands. Struggle Was Peaceful. The strike of the employees of the Corn Products Company, of Shady Side, N. J., is over and the men are victorious. The workers have won an increase of 2 1/2 cents a day, about 16 per cent more than the previous wage, and have compelled the recognition of their organization through a committee, which is empowered to present whatever grievances may arise to the employers. The men are to be taken back without discrimination.

ARRESTS KINK UP TRIP TO EUROPE

Three Persons in Party of Margaret McNamara, of San Mateo, Cal., Wanted by Frisco Police. The wife of Mrs. Margaret McNamara, a retired banker of San Mateo, Cal., through the continent on her way abroad, landed yesterday afternoon, when, at the request of the San Francisco police, Mrs. McNamara's companion, her chauffeur, and a valet, were arrested at the Hotel Knickerbocker. The charges against the three is the larceny of McNamara's automobile, valued at \$1,500. Mrs. McNamara and her two children, who were also in the party, were not wanted, according to the telegram, and they quickly left the hotel in a taxicab and could not be found later.

DENVER POST OWNER IN CONTEMPT OF COURT

DENVER, Colo., July 26.—On charges brought by William C. Evans, president of the Denver Tramway Company, District Judge Hubert L. Shattuck this afternoon adjudged Frederick S. Bonfils, one of the owners of the Denver Post, in contempt of court and sentenced him to imprisonment in the county jail for sixty days, and a fine of \$5,000 was also imposed.

CURRENT THROUGH ICE KILLS WORKER

PITTSBURGH, July 26.—Peter Polus, aged 30, a driver for the Consolidated Ice Company, was killed in a peculiar manner this morning in Truby's Cafe, 134 South Federal street. Polus was carrying a block of ice on his shoulder. In the basement the ice rubbed a light wire from which the insulation had been removed. The man fell dead.

ALLEGED FIREBUG FREED.

Dr. Ethel Smyth, British Suffragette, Not Identified by Witnesses. OXFORD, England, July 26.—Dr. Ethel Smyth, the suffragette leader who was arrested on July 23 on a charge of burning down the historic residence of Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the colonies, at Nuneham Park on July 13, was discharged by the police magistrate today owing to the failure of witnesses to identify her.

ALLEGED INCOME TAX BILL PASSES SENATE

Imposes a 1 Per Cent Assessment on All "Business" Incomes. WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Senate, after about eight hours' consideration of the House excise bill, passed the measure tonight by a vote of 47 to 13. The bill is the one reported and passed by the House and extends the special corporation tax that was a feature of the Payne-Adrich Law to individuals and partnerships. It is an income tax in disguise and levies 1 per cent, the rate now imposed on corporations, on all incomes from other businesses in excess of \$5,000. The word "business" includes all professional and other activities yielding an income. The Democrats in the Senate were reduced to a choice between the excise bill and a straight income tax. It required a party caucus for them to decide what they would do. The caucus was hastily called this morning and lasted for over two hours, and resulted finally in the adoption of a resolution which declares in favor of an income tax, but added that in view of the fact that the ratification of two States was yet necessary to the constitutional convention legalizing the income tax they would support the Underwood special excise bill. Senator Borah, of Idaho, brought forward an income tax bill which he offered as a substitute for the excise measure, but the substitute was voted down by a majority of 10. The defeat of the income tax amendment was accomplished by the votes of Democrats. Some of the Democratic Senators are very restless under the outcome and declared it was poor politics to defeat an income tax bill for the sake of a temporary party advantage. Senator Fletcher, of Florida, added an amendment to the bill extending the exemptions under the present corporation tax law to the new excise law. This was adopted without a division. It provides that religious and benevolent organizations and benevolent societies, when incorporated, shall not be subject to the tax.

U. S. NOT INTERESTED IN TRIAL OF KOREANS

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The State Department has received no appeals from any mission board in this country in regard to the American missionaries in Korea, supposed to be involved in the trial of more than 100 Koreans for alleged conspiracy against the life of the Japanese Governor, Teruchi. Neither the State Department in receipt of any appeal from missionaries in Korea in connection with the case. It is said that developments in the case are being followed with great interest, but it is not known as yet before the Department of State. So long as the interests of Americans are not in any way menaced or endangered it is not expected here that the State Department will consider officially the cases of the accused Koreans. There is no issue between the Government of the United States and the Government of Japan in the matter at this time. It is emphatically stated. Propaganda calculated to stir up resentment between the two nations is regarded with disfavor in Washington. The Washington authorities are assured of protection of the life, property and interests of all Americans, missionaries and others, in Korea, and also has knowledge of the friendly attitude of the Government of Japan toward Christianity. No apprehension is felt regarding any aspect of the Korean situation.

WORKERS ON CANAL LOSING THEIR JOBS

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Disintegration of the labor force at work on the Panama Canal has begun with the approach of the completion of the isthmian waterway. It has been found that the majority of the unskilled laborers thrown out of work are going to work on the banana plantations of Costa Rica and Guatemala. A statement recently received from the United Fruit Company, which is the principal fruit growing corporation in Central America, shows that in the last few months 1,330 former canal laborers have gone to Guatemala alone and in that country of these 446 were West Indians, 250 were Greeks, 473 were Spaniards and 170 were Hindus.

BIG BROADWAY CROWD LISTENS TO SOCIALIST

In the neighborhood of 2,000 persons listened to an address on Socialism by William Bessmer, of Cleveland, on the corner of 38th street and Broadway last night under the auspices of Local New York of the Socialist party. Bessmer held his audience spellbound for more than two hours and his remarks were greeted with frequent outbreaks of liberal applause. The speaker used black-board illustrations to show how the working class supports every other division of society. An extensive variety of questions were asked and about \$10 worth of literature was sold.

INVALID FALLS TO DEATH.

In the momentary absence of her nurse, Mrs. Catherine Horn, 68 years old, who has been ill for several weeks at the residence of her nephew, Louis Schaefer, 242 West 125th street, fell from a second story window yesterday and was killed.

TWO NOW HELD FOR ROSENTHAL MURDER

Bridgie Webber With Slay-ers Before They Got Into Shapiro's Car. Louis (Bridgie) Webber was with the murderers of Herman Rosenthal just before they got into Shapiro's gray car and sped out of 43d street. That was the statement made before Coroner Feinberg yesterday by Louis Krese, a new witness, who singled out Webber in the courtroom and then pointed to Jack Sullivan as another man who was in front of the Metro-ville at the time of the shooting. Sullivan as well as Webber is now charged with murder. Frank Ehrlich, who the police contend is the Daigo Frank that took part in the murder and who was arrested late on Thursday night with a young woman named Rose Harris and with Abraham Lewis, was held on a charge of murder, while the Harris woman and Abe Lewis were held as material witnesses. Both the District Attorney and Deputy Commissioner Dougherty were active in examining witnesses, and both announced that definite progress had been made in the investigation. District Attorney Whitman conferred with the lawyers for Jack Rose, Sam Fein, Shapiro and Libby and Bridgie Webber, and intimated last night that the prospect of more revelations favorable to the clearing up of the case was good. From Police Headquarters came the word that detectives have picked up the trail of the men now at liberty who are wanted for the murder—Harry Horowitz, Whitey Lewis, Lefty Louis and Sam Schepps. Tels of Signal for KIlling. The identification of Bridgie Webber and Jack Sullivan by Louis Krese, who is a waiter, and who lives at 238 1st street, Coney Island, came as a complete surprise not only to Webber and his counsel, but to the police and the District Attorney as well. No hint had come to Dougherty that there was a witness available who had seen not only the preparations for the killing of Rosenthal, but who had seen the deed itself and had observed the murderers in their retreat. The story told on the witness stand by the Coney Island waiter was so complete that it included a detail which had not even been guessed at previously, that the shooting of Rosenthal followed a signal given by a man who stepped out of the Metro-ville restaurant a few seconds before the gambler himself, his eyes fastened on the front page of a newspaper, appeared on the threshold. The signal was a quick touch of a hand to a hat brim. The man who gave the sign stepped aside and four or five men, who had been waiting in the street in front of the hotel, darted toward Rosenthal and emptied their revolvers at him. And then, says Krese, the murderers stood briefly talking to Bridgie Webber before they climbed into the gray automobile. The writer's story came out in the hearing before Coroner Feinberg to determine whether enough evidence had been obtained to warrant holding Bridgie Webber for murder in the first degree. There had been a postponement of two, and it was necessary yesterday for the District Attorney and Dougherty to produce enough evidence to satisfy the Coroner. They had John Reiser (John T. Barber) as a witness to prove that Webber had tied up the car so that he wouldn't start at the time Rosenthal was shot, and they were going to rely upon Reiser.

BOSTON CAR MEN WIN THE R STRIKE

Arrogant Elevated Company Forced to Grant Recognition to the Union. BOSTON, July 26.—An agreement between officials of the Boston Elevated Street Railway Company and the recently formed union was reached this afternoon after a three hours' conference and the strike declared off. The strike involved 1,500 elevated motormen and conductors and was on for seven weeks, during which the company brought in scabs and more or less serious accidents were the order of the day. In speaking of the settlement, Mayor Fitzgerald said: "The chief dispute between the parties was with regard to the question of how the strikers shall be reinstated. There was practically no disagreement on other points." One point was the formal and complete recognition of the union, a thing the Boston Elevated has fought since it was organized, but which it was forced to grant. Mayor Fitzgerald had just left a conference at which Governor Foss, street railway officers and officials of the union were in attendance. An important factor in effecting the settlement and winning the victory of the union men was the decision of the Central Federated Union to call a general strike soon, in case the struggle was not won by the men. The fact that there will be an election next fall also proved a powerful incentive in causing the Mayor and Governor Foss to act.

PROSECUTION CLOSES IN PITTSBURGH SCANDAL

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 26.—The prosecution in the trial of Police Safety Director John M. Morin closed today after Detective Robert Wilson, for the Voters' League, testified that some well known gamblers had paid Detective Henry McWilliams to skip to Canada July 6. McWilliams had gathered all the evidence against gambling houses. Attorney A. Leo Weil, for the league, accused Director Morin of giving more than 2,000 police courtesy cards to disreputable people and lawbreakers. Weil produced a copy of a report Police Superintendent McQuaide made in 1906 in which he informed Mayor Guthrie that he had closed 334 disorderly houses. Weil says the police have not closed any since Guthrie's term expired. SAY NATIONAL GUARD WERE IN WILD ORGY CHICAGO, July 26.—War Department officials may be called on to investigate reports published here that members of the Illinois and Wisconsin National Guard and of the Regular Army gathered at Camp Douglas, Wis., to take part in maneuvers for which Congress appropriated money, engaged in a drunken orgy a few hours before the start of the campaign. It is alleged that officers in charge made no effort to put an end to the debauchery. Insults to women, street brawls, and soldiers in a stupor on sidewalks or falling into gutters are alleged to have made the opening of the campaign a mockery. The men of the "Red" army are not accused. They were fifteen miles away.

TO PAY ROADS EXACT COST OF CARRYING MAIL

WASHINGTON, July 26.—To ascertain the exact cost to railroads in transporting the mail and compensate thereon on this basis was the plan proposed in a drastic bill introduced by Senator Bourne, of Oregon, chairman of the Postoffice Committee. The measure prescribes a \$20,000 fine or five years' imprisonment for any railroad employe furnishing false information. It also specifies that railroads built through government land grants should only receive the exact cost of transporting the mail.

RELIEF BEING SENT TO VICTIMS OF STORM

PITTSBURGH, July 26.—Relief was sent today into the flooded districts in Fayette and Westmoreland counties. Trolley service was resumed from Uniontown to Dunbar and the Pennsylvania line one track into Dunbar and Evans Station. The Frick Coke Company threw open its company stores throughout the district to the families distressed by the food. A committee of women from Uniontown went to Evans Station to give aid to the widows and orphans of the men who were drowned in Polact Mine Wednesday. KILLED IN AUTO CRASH. FORT SMITH, Ark., July 26.—Babe Eild was killed and James D. Matthews probably fatally injured when the automobile in which they were riding struck a telephone pole on the outskirts of this city today. SEVEN FILIPINO LOSE TROUSERS ON TRAIN. DISTRICT ATTORNEY JOHN MARR, clothing, 471 Broadway, Brooklyn, is the only man who has the address they could reach. He has to go there at 25

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ARREST SOCIALIST AT NOON MEETING

Ehrlich Wouldn't Stop Distributing Literature at Bond and Fulton Streets, Brooklyn. The Socialist noon hour open air meeting at the corner of Bond and Fulton streets, Brooklyn, was attended yesterday with an arrest. Solomon Ehrlich, who was distributing literature, was approached by a policeman and told to discontinue handing out the leaflets. Ehrlich, failing to see wherein he was doing any harm, continued to pass around his literature. The policeman again approached him with the same warning, and when Ehrlich again ignored him, he was arrested and taken to the Adams street police station, nearby. From there he was taken before Magistrate Dodd in the 3d District Court, 2 Butler street, and arraigned. Edward Lindgren, organizer of the Socialist party, Kings County, came to court in response to a telephone message, and spoke to the magistrate in behalf of Ehrlich. But Lindgren was ordered down when Dodd discovered he was not a lawyer. Just about this time, Lindgren and the magistrate were coming into pronounced conflict. Dodd then said he would let Ehrlich go if he would promise not to distribute literature at other meetings. Ehrlich would not promise, so his case was put over till August 3 at 2 o'clock, and he was paroled on his own recognizance. The speakers at the noon hour meeting were Patrick Quinnlan and Hubert Harrison.

SEIDEL OUTDRAWS TEXAS DEMOCRATS

At Big Meeting in Gainesville, Socialist Candidate Gets Crowd From Both Factions. (Special to The Call.) GAINESVILLE, Tex., July 26.—Vice Presidential Candidate Emil Seidel tonight his fight for Socialism in Texas tonight at the Gainesville Socialist encampment, which has been attended for the last five days here by farmers from Northern Texas and Southern Oklahoma. The Texas Democrats are split into two factions and tonight while the local dismembered fragments were fighting each other in two small open air meetings the Socialists drew the greater part of the populace, both from the city and country, to their meeting, which was the most successful ever held in this part of the Lone Star State. Seidel left tonight for Halleysville, Okla., in the heart of the Southwestern coal fields, where he will speak Saturday afternoon. Seidel then returns for four more dates in Texas. Fred Holt, secretary of the Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas miners' unions, known as the Southwestern District of the United Mine Workers, is a Socialist candidate for Congress in that section. The miners have big hopes of sending him to Washington.

TWELVE DEATHS IN PAINT CREEK MINE WAR, SAYS REPORT

Nine Detective Thugs Supposed to Have Been Shot. (Special to The Call.) CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 26.—William Springer, a Baldwin detective, was shot and killed and William Phaup, head of the detective force in the coal fields, was fatally wounded today when armed miners are said to have attacked a handcar in the Paint Creek district, where several thousand miners have been on strike since early spring. Springer's body fell from the car riddled with bullets, but companions held Phaup on the car and he was rushed to a hospital at Paint Creek Junction. He died this morning. All the telephone and telegraph wires have been cut and it is impossible today to obtain reliable information from the district. General Elliott, commanding a detachment of State militia, is at Peytona, but it was impossible early today to communicate with him. The Baldwin detectives were employed as guards to "protect" the property of the coal companies. Phaup and Springer were riding with several companions, from Martinsburg, two miles from the mouth of Paint Creek, when the strikers are alleged to have attacked them. A report reached here at noon today that seven more Baldwin men and three others had been killed by an attacking force which swooped down on Baldwin men operating a machine gun and exploded a dynamite bomb. The State authorities are not even able to get mesager details of the slaughter which they fear has resulted from the numerous pitched battles along the creek. Troops Being Rushed to Scene. Governor William E. Glasscock issued orders ordering the two State regiments of National Guard to duty in the Paint Creek and Peytona fields. The orders were wired to the guard commanders at Mount Gretna, Pa., and the two National Guard regiments which arrived at the man-covers camp this morning immediately entrained and started up the West Virginia coal field on special trains. Every available guardman in the State has been ordered out. All communication to the Paint Creek district from its mouth for miles back was cut off today, except as some couriers broke through the brush with stories of carnage. The trains which are usually operated up and down the valley have been annihilated. According to persons who are familiar with the strike of the miners in the Paint Creek region, the battle has been attended by every conceivable brutality upon the part of the Baldwin men, who were imported by the mine owners in the face of the fact that the strikers were maintaining absolute peace. When the detectives first arrived, a committee of the strikers called upon General Manager Hale and asked him to send off the Baldwin men, offering to protect the mine property themselves and demanding to know why the thugs had been imported in the face of the order which prohibited But Hale would not listen to the miners. For about a week the detectives lounged about in idleness. They realized that their jobs in the mine district depended upon the prevalence of trouble, they began precipitating violence on every possible occasion. Baldwin Myones Reign of Terror. The reign of the Baldwin thugs in the Paint Creek district has been one of unrestrained terror and brutality. In many cases, it is said, they have not stopped short of attempts to outrage the delicate woman of the miners. The homes of the miners have been invaded in their absence, their families grossly treated, their families driven into terror and submission, and the menager belonging either shot or thrown out into the street or into the river. The Baldwin thugs have been indicted on charges of kidnapping, murder and other offenses. The strikers are demanding that the State should order the Baldwin men out of the mine.

NO DECISION YET IN STAGE HANDS' CASE

The conference between the theater managers and the local of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees over the new agreement for the stage employes continued yesterday, but the conferees did not come to any conclusion. The union officials say they will insist on an agreement and will refuse to work without it. There is no question of wages or recognition of the union involved in the conference, said Charles C. Gray, president of the national organization, but it is a question of regulating the work while on the road and other important matters. While on the road the men are at times paid on account of illness or a day or some other reason for a week at a time for which they receive no pay, and they have to make other arrangements which the union wants to remedy. The managers strenuously object to a demand for the establishment of an arbitration board to settle disputes that may arise. The committee to be composed of one man from each side and a third to be selected by both, but the union will insist on the arbitration clause to be a part of the agreement. DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR YEAR. WASHINGTON, July 26.—The bill providing a Department of Labor and establishing an industrial conciliation

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heads off if they permitted themselves to be seen outside of their cabin.

PERU AGAIN PROBES RUBBER ATROCITIES

Sends Commission to Investigate Conditions in Putumayo District.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—That Peru has put aside her plan of having a commission report by July 25 a definite program for the prevention of further atrocities against the Indians in the Putumayo rubber districts was learned today.

THREE OF THE FIVE MEN WANTED BY NEW YORK POLICE FOR ROSENTHAL MURDER



The New York police have sent out circulars asking for the arrest of five men for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler. Pictures of three of the men are given here with.

TWO NOW HELD FOR ROSENTHAL MURDER

(Continued from Page 1)

struction George Gordon Battle, his counsel, to bring suit against each of these papers for \$250,000 for libel.

BIG BRIBERY SCANDAL SURPRISES DETROIT

(Continued from Page 1)

DETROIT, Mich., July 26.—Fourteen Aldermen and the secretary of the Common Council committees are involved in a bribery scandal that broke out in this city today.

SENATE TO PROBE ORIGIN OF REVOLTS

(Continued from Page 1)

WASHINGTON, July 26.—An investigation to determine whether any persons or organizations in the United States have been engaged in fomenting rebellion in Cuba or Mexico was directed today by the Senate.

MOLDERS BACK STREET CLEANERS

Newark Union Scores Board of Public Works for Indifference to Demands of City Employees.

The Molders' Union of Newark, N. J., scores the Board of Public Works for its attitude in the impending strike of the street sweepers.

WINCHESTER EMPLOYEES ARE ORGANIZING UNION

(Special to The Call.)

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 26.—The Brotherhood of Machinists, which has been busy around this section for the past few weeks trying to organize the employes of the Winchester Repeating Arms Company, held a successful open air meeting on Munson and Ashmun streets this afternoon.

KILLED IN RAILROAD YARDS

An unidentified man was killed by a New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad train yesterday while waiting on the tracks in the Grand Central yards, opposite 49th street.

ARRAIGN GANG FIGHTERS CHARGED WITH MURDER

The four alleged gang fighters who were arrested Thursday at Lodi, N. J., for the death of Theresa Ehrbauer, 10 years old, of 503 East 12th street, and Vincent Mazeralla, 15 years old, of 445 East 12th street, were arraigned yesterday before Coroner Felbers.

TONG VICTIM MEETS DEATH IN CHINATOWN

Jow Chuck, 30 years old, of 10 Pell street, a member of the Hip Sing Tong, was shot to death yesterday while he was peeling potatoes in a rear room of the New York restaurant at 11 Pell street.

SCHEIDTGOFF'S DAUGHTER WILL HAVE EASIER LIFE

Feeling that something had happened to his wife, Louis Scheidtgoff, a garment maker, hurried yesterday from his home in Manhattan to his home at 435 12th street, Brooklyn.

Advertisement for 'All Aboard! Moonlight Excursion LOCAL KINGS Saturday, August 3d Boat leaves 2 P. M. from South 5th Street Dock, Brooklyn.'

SCHWAB GETS ANOTHER JOB

ATHENS, July 26.—The contract for the supplying of armor and guns for the new armored cruiser Greece was awarded today to the Bethlehem Steel Company of America, Charles Schwab's company.

FIRE DESTROYS MATCH FACTORY IN BROOKLYN

The four-story brick factory owned by John T. Huner, manufacturer of matches, and an independent, who has been fighting the Match Trust in and out of the courts for years, was burned yesterday.

DRUMS FLEEING ARREST

TRENTON, N. J., July 26.—While fishing in the water power dam to-night, Melvin Thomas, a young boy, saw the body of Hiram Siegel floating down the stream.

Advertisement for 'McCann's Hats'.

Advertisement for 'The Wilder Shoe'.

Advertisement for 'Men's Furnishings and Hats'.

Advertisement for 'The Rand School of Social Science'.

Advertisement for 'BITTERLY ATTACKS PUBLIC UTTERANCES OF GOV. WILSON'.

Advertisement for 'GOD DOESN'T WANT DEVONPORT-TILLET'.

Advertisement for 'SUICIDE HOPES DAUGHTER WILL HAVE EASIER LIFE'.

Advertisement for 'SUBWAY BIDS IN THE FALL'.

Advertisement for 'CIGARS'.

Advertisement for 'CALLAHAN'.

Advertisement for 'Where Today? To Clason Point'.

Advertisement for 'B. PFEFFER'.

### IS ORDERED TO MATTEWAN

#### Slayer of Stanford White Fails in Fight for Liberty.

PLAIN, N. Y., July 26.—Court Justice Martin J. Keogh this afternoon handed down his decision in the case of Harry K. Thaw who had recently made an attempt to be released from Matteawan Asylum. Justice Keogh denied the application for the release of Stanford White's slayer. The judge said: "My whole mind is fully informed when I decide this question presented for decision: Is Harry K. Thaw insane and dangerous to the public safety?"

The writ, therefore, must be dissolved, and Harry K. Thaw be delivered to the authorities at Matteawan. "My whole mind is fully informed when I decide this question presented for decision: Is Harry K. Thaw insane and dangerous to the public safety?"

Justice Keogh, who has been staying at the Carlton Arms since the hearing on Thaw's condition began here June 17, was much disappointed at the outcome. He refused to be interviewed. He said by those interested that she had a great injustice had been done to her son, in whom she has a great faith. When Thaw was informed of the decision of Justice Keogh, he wrote the following statement, which he gave to Sheriff Doyle, with the request that it be given to the public: "I am sending the sad news to my mother. It would have been better if I had been acquitted like Captain HARRY K. THAW."

### ARTISTS ORGANIZE IN A NEW SOCIETY

An organization of artists and sculptors for the promotion of interest in "modern living art" was formed yesterday when Supreme Court Justice Gelpic approved the articles of incorporation of the Association of American Painters and Sculptors. Among the incorporators are Arthur E. Fisher, Gutzon Borglum, Walter D. Hunter, McKim, White, Henry F. Taylor, Jerome Myers and J. Mowbray

### MEAN BROTHERS EXPLAIN.

Complete Report That They Are to Propose Grocery Merger. The Mean Brothers, wholesale grocers of this city, issued the following statement yesterday: "The report that has been circulated through the public press concerning our name with a proposed merger with other jobbing grocery interests has, so far as we are concerned, absolutely no foundation in fact. Ordinarily, we pay no attention to the inevitable rumors of this character, but inasmuch as some of the statements made recently are quoted emanating from individuals well known in the trade, thus giving some credence to their authenticity, this special denial seems necessary."



### House of Morrison

106 & 108 Fulton St., N. Y. Tailors

### PREFERRED DEATH TO WAGE SLAVERY

#### Victim of Our Present Industrial System Attempts to Kill Himself in Central Park.

Toiling eighteen hours a day for a paltry salary without any prospect of advancement or a possibility of saving a penny led Jacob Asteran, 24 years old, who says he lives at 228 South 3d street, Williamsburg, to attempt suicide yesterday by shooting himself in the right ear after saluting Policeman Miller in Central Park. Asteran was within a few feet of the policeman when he quickly raised the weapon and fired. He is in a critical condition in Bellevue Hospital.

After Miller sent in a call to the Presbyterian Hospital for an ambulance he placed the injured man on a bench and learned his name and address. Asteran said he had been working for several years in a factory, but did not state where, and that he averaged eighteen hours a day. He declared he tried to save money to start a little business to escape from the servitude in which he had lived, but the small salary he received was not in supporting himself. He felt he was doomed to what he called "human slavery" for the rest of his life. Rather than lead that kind of an existence he decided to kill himself.

Miller was in the east drive of the park, near 82d street, when he saw Asteran approach. The man saluted him. Almost at the same instant Asteran took a revolver from his pocket. Miller guessed his intention and ran forward, but a shot rang out as he was approaching and Asteran fell. Dr. McGuire, who responded from the Presbyterian Hospital, took the injured man to Bellevue.

### GOVERNOR DIX HELD UP FOR AUTO SPEEDING

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., July 26.—Motorcycle Policeman Davis this afternoon speeded an automobile passing through Amsterdam at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour, a greater speed than is allowed by the city ordinance. Policeman Davis halted the occupants of the car who proved to be Governor Dix and wife, and the military secretary, Eckford C. McKay. The governor informed Policeman Davis that he was in a hurry, as he was late in making an appointment and consequently proceeded on his way. Policeman Davis reported the matter to Police Headquarters, and the Governor, it is understood, will be required to return to the city and make explanation.

### SANTO DOMINGO ABOUT TO EXPEL AMERICAN

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The expulsion of Washington Lithgow, an American citizen, from the Dominican Republic has been averted through the intervention in his behalf of United States Minister Russell, it was learned today. Lithgow's expulsion was ordered by the Dominican Government because of alleged political activities. It was charged that Lithgow had been sending exaggerated and revolutionary disturbances to the Dominican Republic from Puerto Plata, where he resides, to a New York newspaper which has always been opposed to the American receivership established in Santo Domingo by the United States. Lithgow recently took his troubles to the commander of the United States gunboat Nashville, who informed Washington of the threatened expulsion of the American. Minister Russell was then instructed to investigate and the order was rescinded.

### GALBO GETS TWENTY YEARS.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 26.—I am not guilty. God will take care of me," was Domenico Galbo's reply this morning when asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon him for the murder of Francesco Mansello. His sentence was not less than twenty years in Auburn Prison.

### TAILORS' UNION OFFICER DEAD.

Emil Glass passed away at the St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, Thursday, after an operation. He was a well-known business agent of deceased was a business agent of Journeymen Tailors' Union, Local 399. The funeral services will be held at his home, at 85 Walnut street, Winfield, L. I., tomorrow.

### "SUPERIOR CLASSES" URGED TO PROCREATE

#### Must Have More Numerous Progeny, Professor Tells Eugenists.

LONDON, July 26.—At today's session of the International Congress on Eugenics, Professor Hoffman (Lewis Angelo), the author, editor and journalist, in advocating numerous progeny, said that until the superior classes realized that it was their duty to increase and multiply in reasonable numbers to allow for the high rate of mortality in early life, there was no chance for the survival of those most precious characteristics which had been carried by heredity through the predominant stock and had made the world a fit place to live in. He continued: "Take that marvelous group of people whose memory is perpetuated in Westminster Abbey and ascertain whether many of them were not second children; whether a considerable proportion were not the seventh, eighth, ninth or even the tenth. In the case of a Russian who is the most valuable acquisition mankind he is the seventeenth child."

The professor said: "It is easy to say that native born Americans are influenced by considerations for improving the stock and quality rather than quantity, but anybody who lives in America will bear witness to the fact that the ever increasing foreign born element is the greatest menace to fundamental American institutions in the transmission of English laws and the conception of the English constitution and the common law that we have. Every comparison you make will come out unfavorably for the native born woman, who represents a type which not only has the right, but the duty to survive and perpetuate itself and represent the ruling classes."

C. B. Davenport, director of the station for experimental evolution of the Carnegie Institution since 1904 and of the Marine Biological Laboratory of the Brooklyn, N. Y., Institute since 1908, and sole trustee of the eugenics record office since 1910, made an address in which he dealt in a most interesting manner with consanguineous marriages. He said that while the prohibition of cousin marriages was a rough equal measure, it would be better to qualify the prohibition by forbidding the marriages of cousins when in the parental fraternity there is a case of inability to learn at school, dementia, depressive insanity, or any form of such disease, epilepsy or congenital deafness, albinism or cleft palate.

The question as to whether the forbidden marriages of cousins could be enforced was important. In numerous, extensive areas of the United States, where there was a lack of social control, a law against such marriages would not prevent them. There was, he said, inland communities in the United States where practically all the marriages for at least two generations have been cousin marriages. There are other communities, largely rural, where probably not one-half the permanent marriages are legal and these are chiefly between cousins. Davenport also insisted that marriages between different races should be barred.

### CHINESE ASSEMBLY YIELDS TO THE ARMY

PEKING, July 26.—The Chinese Assembly today acceded to the demand of the military commanders who yesterday insisted that the assembly approve the selection of cabinet ministers made by President Yuan Shi Kai. The commanders declared that unless this was done they would assume the control of affairs, and it was considered that this would lead to a personal dictatorship of Yuan Shi Kai supported by the military.

### AUTO PRESS STRIKERS ARE STANDING FIRM

The striking machinists of the Auto Press, College Point, have been unable to get any settlement with the company. The men have been on strike for the last two weeks for the minimum rate of \$18 per week. The firm has secured three or four strikebreakers, but the pickets have more than evened the matter by getting some of the men in other departments out.

### COLBY QUILTS REPUBLICANS.

NEWARK, N. J., July 26.—Ex-State Senator Everett Colby, William A. Lord, City Council member of Orange, and four other members of the Essex County Republican Committee resigned from the committee tonight. The resignations were sent in letters to the committee, which, at a meeting at its headquarters tonight, accepted them with considerable show of enthusiasm. Colby in his letter said that he was no longer in sympathy with the Republican party, its policy, leadership or methods, and that he believes it fails to represent the wishes of its members.

### Martin Dix

Martin Dix, a well-known business agent of deceased was a business agent of Journeymen Tailors' Union, Local 399. The funeral services will be held at his home, at 85 Walnut street, Winfield, L. I., tomorrow.

### EVICT CUSTOMERS OF MEAT MARKET

#### New Method of Attack Employed Against Bronx Co-operative Enterprise by Its Enemies.

Not content with assailing a member of the Business Management Committee of the meat market now being conducted by the Co-operative League at 1444 Boston road, Bronx, enemies are resorting to eviction as a weapon to discourage people in the neighborhood from patronizing the market. The wholesalers also have a new method of attack. They have refused to sell the Co-operative League meat, declaring those in charge of the market are not butchers. Albert Sonnichsen, secretary of the league, told a caller yesterday of the attempt to intimidate customers of the market by having them evicted. He said: "Philip Rosenthal, one of our members and a buyer of co-operative meat, living at 1449 Boston road, has received notice of eviction, the reason, frankly stated, being that he has supported the co-operative store. Louis Gold, at 1447 Boston road, has been served a similar notice for the same reason. Six others have been served in a like way."

"As it stands now, the league is not prepared to meet this sudden onslaught. Without outside support, and that given within a few days, we shall be driven out of our position in Boston road. 'Properly supported,' Sonnichsen went on, 'we shall be able to make such a successful fight that there will never be another meat strike in New York. The purchasing power of the people is irresistible. Those who do not buy, can assist financially. The first is most important on the whole, but only the second means to fight the meat dealers who have refused to sell and to defend our members against the action of the landlords,' Sonnichsen concluded."

### MORE RIGID FIRE INSPECTION NEEDED

#### Death of Girl in 13th Street Blaze Displays a Lazy Pregnant With Much Danger.

The death of Miss Emma Scheingold in the fire at 249 1/2 East 13th street, Thursday, recalls the need of greater activity on the part of those charged with the duty of making such fires impossible. The building is of the kind which is usually regarded as safe, since it is only two stories high and used by only two people. But the contents were not safe, the stairway was narrow and winding, and no fire pulls of sand or water were on hand to distinguish the flames. There were, besides the many barrels and cans of oils and disinfectants, a quantity of rubbish scattered about in the hall. When the fire broke out it rapidly swept the room and burned the wooden ceiling, floor and partitions. There was no way out except the winding stairs in the front of the building, where the fire began. Unable to gain this stairway because of the smoke and flames, Miss Scheingold broke open the skylight which gave the fire a good draught and ignited her clothing. While so much inflammable material was allowed in an old wooden building with no fire extinguishers cannot be answered. It was impossible to learn from the Bureau of Combustibles whether a permit for the storage of oils had been issued for these premises. If there was such a permit issued, it was a grave error, and should be removed in all similar cases. But Miss Scheingold has paid for that error and the mistake of her employer in running the risk he did. Inquiry at the Bureau of Fire Prevention shows that the premises had not been inspected by them and no orders had been issued.

### STATE FIRE BUREAU TO BEGIN INSPECTION

ALBANY, July 26.—Inspectors from the office of the State Fire Marshal will begin an investigation of the mills and factories of this State within the next month. It is held for the purpose of devising means for prevention and the installation of apparatus to facilitate speedy exit from the buildings in case of fire. State Fire Marshal Ahern is planning to make all structures smoke-proof as well as fireproof. He says that in case of fires in buildings where many people are housed the fatalities are more the result of smoke than of fire.

### THREE DROWN FROM ROWBOAT

Two Women and a Man Lose Lives in Pennsylvania Lake. EXPOSITION PARK, Pa., July 26.—Three lives were lost and one man had a narrow escape from drowning on Connetquot Lake early today when a rowboat containing two women and two men capsized. The dead are William King, of Wilmerding, Pa.; Alta Robinson, of Pittsburgh, and Lillian Gustafson, of Spring Creek, Pa. McKinney Oddett, the fourth member of the party, reached shore in a delirious condition and gave the alarm. The water was very rough, and as the waves began to leap over the gunwales the women became panic-stricken and rocked the boat. King clung to the boat until just before the arrival of a rescue party, but he was exhausted and went down.

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NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 26.—Two white men, George Sheldon and George Batley, were hanged here today for the murder of Ben Pettigrew, an old negro, and his two children. The triple killing had been carefully planned. As Pettigrew and his children came along the road they were shot down. A dispute over land is said to have been the motive.

### ANTHONY E. WELLS DEAD.

Brooklyn Man Was Playwright and Producer of Plays. Anthony E. Wells, the Brooklyn dramatist, died Thursday at 276 Bedford avenue, Williamsburg. Although only 28 years old, Wells had gained a reputation as a writer and producer. At the age of 19 years his first novel, "Monsieur Paul de Fere," was successfully published, and thereafter he contributed regularly to various magazines. Five years ago he entered the ranks of professional theatrical producers after work as an amateur. He presented several of his own successes including "The Lost Trail," which played for five years. He also presented "The Squawman" through the United States for two seasons. Some of his own best known works are "Oak Farm," "A Regiment for Two," "College Chums," "The Stranger," "Too Many Husbands" and "The Struggle."

### EMPLOYEES OUTING TODAY.

The employees of Friedman & Rabinovitch, 109-112 Spring street, will have an outing today in Washington Park. The expense for the outing has been paid for by the firm.

### HAYWOOD SPEAKS IN BROWNSVILLE

#### Over 7,000 Hear Him at Giant Ettore-Giovannitti Demonstration.

Brownsville attended an open air meeting last night, which for size and enthusiasm and spirited talks was a record breaker. It was held under the auspices of the Ettore-Giovannitti Conference of Brownsville, at Saratoga and Pittkin avenues. Fully 7,000 men, women and the inevitable children gathered into the slightly depressed square formed by the junction of half a dozen different streets. Before the meeting began the brass band and the temporary platform played revolutionary airs. Harry Watson, chairman, opened the meeting. W. Schatoff, the first speaker, made his address in Russian. J. Goldstein spoke in Yiddish. E. Bernard also spoke in Yiddish. Tom Inganni made an impassioned talk in Italian. It was roundly applauded. A monster ovation greeted Big Bill Haywood. He took the platform amid thundering applause.

He denounced the A. F. of L. with its craft unionism. "Most of you are in the clothing trade. The fur coat makers have their little union. The raincoat makers have theirs. The overcoat makers theirs. The long pants makers, the short pants makers, the makers of no pants at all, waist makers, cloak makers, etc., all divided among a score of little craft unions. Why? To make jobs for more walking delegates. One, big union would cut out that graft and be more efficient besides. Crafts clubs on such other with no compaction. When the clothing firm of Hart, Schaffner & Marx sent goods to New York. Here the goods was made into garments by union workers. New York union garment workers scabbed on Chicago striking garment workers. If Ettore and Giovannitti die, 29,000,000 working men and women will know the reason why."

Haywood told the crowd that he did not care to take it that way if he wanted to, as such was the case he wanted to. He appealed to the delegates to remember the company, and said it was too late to organize the employees of the ice company this year, but it is up to organized labor to organize them for next year. Jake Tazelaar, former organizer of the American Federation of Labor, appeared in behalf of the Union Trading Company, an organization formed for the purpose of promoting the demand for union label wearing apparel. He said he did not seek for any endorsement, as it was a purely business enterprise. The Wright Health Underwear Company has recently unionized its plant, and is using the label of the Textile Workers, and this organization will push its products. Delegate Kaspar, of the Cigar Makers, complained against the Laundry Workers for signing an agreement with the Star Laundry, which he said was unfair. He said the proprietor of the Eureka Laundry, who is a member of the Cigar Makers' Union, was running a strict union plant and the signing of an agreement with the Star Laundry was unfair. The matter was referred to the Executive Board.

The Pipe Caulkers and Tappers complained that Sullivan Bros. Company, of Flushing, which is doing work for the gas company, was unfair. The Musicians' Union complained that the Pipe Caulkers hired a nonunion band for their picnic, and the Caulkers' delegate stated that the mistake would be corrected and union music engaged.

### DISASTER AT MASONIC PICNIC; NO DEATHS

WHEELING, W. Va., July 26.—Two hundred Masons attending a Masonic picnic, and their families, seated on a wooden platform covering a twenty-five-foot ravine in front of the open air theater at Wheeling Park, were mangled and badly injured this afternoon when the platform broke in the center and they were violently thrown and crushed into the bottom of the V-shaped breach at the bottom of the ravine. Doctors were rushed to the scene of the accident and the injured were hauled out by rescue parties with stout ropes and placed in the pavilion. Every available ambulance in this city was dispatched to the scene, but proved inadequate in removing the injured and twenty automobiles were pressed into the service. Many received injuries of a serious nature, although no one was killed outright in the crash.

### GAMBLER'S WIDOW OUT.

Mrs. Anna Jacobs, who was administrator of the estate of her husband, Henry Jacobs, a gambler, who was partner in partnership with Benny Rosen, and was shot and killed in Harlem in 1908, has been removed as administrator by Surrogate Collins yesterday. The application to reveal the testamentary letters to Mrs. Jacobs was made by her husband's father, Isaac Jacobs, of 88 West 118th street, who is entitled to half the estate.

### The 129th Edition of The Call and Our Associates

## SIG. KLEIN

AND ASSISTANTS

### 50 THIRD AVENUE

Near 10th Street, New York

#### Offer Union Label, Up-to-Date, Clean, Well Made Goods at Standard Prices

Underwear, Shirts, Sox, Suspenders, Neckwear, Collars, Collar Buttons, Cuffs, Belts, Caps, Overalls and All Men's and Ladies' Furnishings.

Litholin Collars 23c. Cleaning Soap Free.

WAITERS' AND COOKS' OUTFITS.

### C. F. U. VOTES AID TO PHILA. ICEMEN

Will Assist Strikers Who Were Forced to Rebel Against Intolerable Working Conditions. The Central Federated Union at its meeting last night decided to assist the striking ice men, engineers and oilers of the American Ice Company of Philadelphia, who have been out on strike since July 11, and all unions were appealed to to assist the strikers as much as possible. The action followed the reading of a letter from the Philadelphia Central Labor Union asking for funds to be sent to Felix Hestel, secretary-treasurer, 232 North 9th street, Philadelphia. The letter stated that the men were compelled to work twelve hours a day, seven days a week, and that at times the working hours of the men ran up ninety and a hundred hours a week. The wages paid to the men in Philadelphia are lower than those paid to men in other cities and it is stated that conditions in general are very bad. James Holland reported that he tried to see the officials of the American Ice Company here, but after calling at the offices twice, was informed that the manager was out. He then called up the office and inquired for the manager, but was informed that the manager was busy. Holland then told the men over the wire to come out openly and say he did not care to take it that way if he wanted to, as such was the case he wanted to. He appealed to the delegates to remember the company, and said it was too late to organize the employees of the ice company this year, but it is up to organized labor to organize them for next year. Jake Tazelaar, former organizer of the American Federation of Labor, appeared in behalf of the Union Trading Company, an organization formed for the purpose of promoting the demand for union label wearing apparel. He said he did not seek for any endorsement, as it was a purely business enterprise. The Wright Health Underwear Company has recently unionized its plant, and is using the label of the Textile Workers, and this organization will push its products. Delegate Kaspar, of the Cigar Makers, complained against the Laundry Workers for signing an agreement with the Star Laundry, which he said was unfair. He said the proprietor of the Eureka Laundry, who is a member of the Cigar Makers' Union, was running a strict union plant and the signing of an agreement with the Star Laundry was unfair. The matter was referred to the Executive Board.

### WITNESS FURTHER ABSOLVES DARROW

Impeaches Franklin's Testimony—Declares Ford 'Wanted' Labor Lawyer. LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Further efforts to impeach Bert H. Franklin, witness against Clarence S. Darrow, were made by the defense in the Darrow bribery trial. Franklin was Darrow's confidential man, employed to investigate the record and disposition of probable jurors during the trial of James B. and John J. Namara, convicted of dynamiting the Los Angeles Times Building. He pleaded guilty to jury bribing. The taking of testimony was resumed after the defense had lost the right to force Juror Lavitt out of the box on the ground of prejudice and to substitute alternate Juror Blackwell. Lecompte Davis, formerly associated with Darrow in the defense of the McNamara brothers, was the only witness called. He deposed many statements made by Franklin, and gave some new testimony, favorable to Darrow. Davis declared that he, Darrow and Franklin held a conference at Davis' office shortly after Franklin's arrest. "Franklin said that Colonel George Johnson, an attorney, had called on him," Davis testified, "and had said he was from Assistant District Attorney Ford, who offered, if Franklin would plead guilty, to let him go with a fine, which could be paid from the money found on Franklin when arrested. "Then," Davis continued, "Darrow broke into the conversation by saying, 'Why do they want me and more than Job Harriman or any other attorney connected with the case?'"

### KEYMEN PREPARE TO SEE WESTERN UNION

It was announced yesterday that the Grievance Committee of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union, which is to call on the Western Union Telegraph Company, and file complaints of discrimination against union men and ask for the cancellation of the blacklisting, was complete. The committee was picked out of a list of men who volunteered to act. The committee will not call on the company until it hears from leaders in other cities which are to submit grievances on the company. S. J. Kunkin, president of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union, is in this city with the committee on the proposition to be submitted to the company.

### TWO GRADE CROSSING VICTIMS

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Two men were killed and one woman injured tonight when an Automobile Railroad locomotive hit an automobile which was in an unprotected crossing at Collinswood, Camden County, N. J. Those killed were: William J. Rogers and Ernest P. Sutor, both of Merchanville, N. J. The two men were accompanied by their wives. Mr. Rogers was slightly injured and was taken to the Cooper Hospital in Camden.

### TWELFTH ANNUAL PICNIC AND SUMMERNIGHTS FESTIVAL OF THE Carriage, Wagon and Auto Workers Union of Brooklyn, N. Y.

TO BE HELD AT Brooklyn Labor Lyceum Hall and Park 842-847 Washington Avenue

On Sunday Afternoon and Evening, July 29

Tickets, Admitting Gent and Lady, including Refreshments, \$1.00

EXTRA LADY 25 CENTS

Prize Bowling for cash prizes and other amusements. Free music at 8 P. M. Dancing at 9 P. M. THE COMMITTEE

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# SPORTS

## GIANTS LOSE TO CUBS

Chicago Hit Matty in Last Two Innings and Aided by Errors Full Out Game.

No team has been making more trouble for the Giants lately than their esteemed enemy, the Cubs, and yesterday the urbane band came out of the West and beat the Giants again, the latter, too, just from the West. The Cubs won, 4 to 3, in a stormy, brilliant game, one of the scrappiest scraps of the season. They nailed the victory in the last two innings, these choleric Cubs, though all the choler displayed wasn't by the Cubs. For the first time in a month the Giants, two of them at any rate, became involved in a verbal jam with the umpire, and Larry Doyle and Chief Meyers were ejected by Umpire Klem. Meyers was sorely missed in the ninth inning when his powerful bat might have helped grab the game away from the Cubs.

Getting into clean clothes and putting aside the road begrimed suits seemed to have a most refreshing effect on the Giants and they played the game with snap, dash and accuracy. They had snap and dash throughout, but were not so accurate toward the finish. The Cubs outstayed them, bunching their hits with better effect and fielding more cleanly. Although hits were grouped on Matty and his winning streak was broken, it was not his fault that the game was lost. Three costly errors were made, behind him with men on base, and each of the errors was responsible for a run. Mathewson pitched splendidly as a whole. Meyers and Shaffer made the errors.

The Giants did not face pitching themselves from which they could propagate any wild oray of base hits. They hit just hard enough to establish a two run lead, but Richie was a tough customer and stood them off after the third inning. The only inning in which they made more than one hit was the first. Mathewson pitched splendidly as a whole.

Fourteen men faced Mathewson before one of them reached first base. The veteran performed superbly during this time, the first hit coming in the fifth inning with two out. The infield playing of the Giants was swift and sure, all four operatives making fast plays. The score:

Chicago	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Sheppard	4	0	0	1	0	0
Schulte	4	1	1	4	0	0
Tinker	4	0	1	5	1	1
Zimmerman	3	0	1	3	0	0
Leach	4	0	1	3	0	0
Salor	4	2	3	0	0	0
Evers	2	0	2	4	0	0
Archer	3	0	4	1	0	0
Richie	2	0	0	0	1	0
Adler	1	0	0	0	0	0
Reulbach	0	0	0	0	0	0

Total	AB	R	H	O	A	E
New York	33	4	27	11	3	0
Devore	3	1	1	0	0	0
Doyler	3	1	1	3	0	0
Shaffer	3	0	1	1	1	1
Becker	3	0	0	0	0	0
Merkle	4	0	1	1	0	0
Murray	4	1	0	3	0	0
Hernoz	4	0	1	0	3	0
Meyers	3	0	1	2	0	0
Wilson	3	0	0	2	1	0
McCormick	1	0	0	0	0	0
Fletcher	3	0	1	3	4	0
Mathewson	3	0	0	2	0	0
Snoodgrass	1	0	0	0	0	0

Chicago... 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 2—4  
 New York... 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—3

First base on errors—Chicago 1, New York 1. Left on bases—Chicago 2, New York 6. First base on balls—Off Richie 2, struck out—By Richie 2, by Reulbach 1, by Mathewson 2. Three base hit—Merkle. Two base hit—Devore. Sacrifice hits—Tinker, Shaffer, Sacrifice fly—Becker, Stolen bases—Zimmerman, Evers, Double plays—Evers and Salor; Shaffer and Merkle. Umpires—Klem and Bush. Time—1 hour and 40 minutes.

## Johnson Wasn't Listening

The Call's local boxing scribbler for a while in the fierce white light of sporting publicity yesterday. It was all on account of a headline in an afternoon paper. A Brooklyn paper at that.

Coming to the office somewhat later than usual he picked up this particular sheet and like a thoroughbred sport, turned at once to the sporting page. There was fame being thrust upon him, all the way from Brooklyn, and he rose to the occasion by emitting a whoop of triumph that would have done credit to a Sioux Indian. "He listened to me, did Johnson," he exclaimed. "I'm certainly some man now."

Recited as he was, he showed the item to the office crowd, who read on the headline to which he pointed with pride the announcement:

**JOHNSON LISTENS  
TO NEW YORK CALL**

But a perusal of the text immediately shattered his hopes and reduced him to a state of abject humility. Nostalgic Johnson hadn't been listening to him after all. The text merely alluded to the fact that Billy Gibson, of the Garden, had communicated with the great black man concerning a match with Jeannette at the big local auditorium.

The sporting editor immediately dropped his haughty crest, remained silent for the rest of the evening and at the office long before his usual hour.

**AD WOLGAST'S PEOPLE  
SOCIALISTS; HE'S NOT**

A pen picture of Ad Wolgast, the lightweight champion, by an intimate friend of his, published in a Brooklyn evening paper yesterday, showed him up in a striking light. According to the writer Wolgast is a very versatile fellow, even outside of his fist language, seemingly always willing to discuss any topic of the day with an interviewer. Wolgast's admirer says in part:

"The public know Wolgast as a tough little Dutchman with the heart of a lion. They do not know the real Wolgast. I have hunted with him, fished with him, rooted with him at ball games, climbed mountain trails with him. We have talked over everything from dry farming to Maude Adams, from Socialism to the hope of the hereafter."

"Wolgast's people are Milwaukee Germans—strong believers in Socialism and equal distribution of wealth. He has told me several times that there has been considerable difficulty in the family because he can't see that it is his duty to divide his not inconsiderable wealth with the world at large."

"Modern finance—not so much the gritty little money grabber, but the big game—appeals very strongly to Ad. Every time you see him he is bursting with some kind of a scheme that sounds like Wall Street."

"A typical Teuton, Ad has an appalling ability to look at himself with cold, critical, impersonal judgment. He has sized up the coming champion contenders as though it were some one else's crown they were after."

"This is what he thinks of them: 'Rivers—a false alarm. He thinks the Mexican lacks courage and has only one good hand—the right.' 'Paky McFarland—Would be very dangerous if he could choose the weight, but I'll always go into the ring with at 125 pounds. It is likely to last longer than any other prominent fighter who ever was connected with the ring, because he has not fought many hard battles.' 'Willie Ritchie—Problematical. Very fast boxer and hard hitter; can't tell what he would do in twenty rounds.' 'Joe Mendor—Not a dangerous contender.' 'Young Jack O'Brien—The hardest boy now in the ring to hit.'"

**STANDING OF THE CLUBS.**

National League.	National League.		
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	45	22	.747
Chicago	34	33	.621
Pittsburg	30	35	.582
Philadelphia	42	41	.508
Cincinnati	44	46	.489
St. Louis	39	44	.469
Cleveland	32	47	.404
Brooklyn	23	57	.287
Boston	23	64	.264

## LIEUTENANT BEAVER, OF U. S. ARMY, IS TRYING FOR A PLACE WITH HIGHLANDERS



Lieut. George W. Beaver, U. S. A., is trying for a place with the Highlanders. Manager Wolverton likes his looks and has promised to give him a trial. Beaver has been practicing regularly with the team. When he was at West Point, five or six years ago, he made a great reputation as a halfback on the football team and he was also considered a star as a baseball player.

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**KID MCCOY IS ARRESTED.**

LONDON, July 26.—Kid McCoy, the American boxer, was arrested today on a provisional extradition warrant and brought up at Bow Street Police Court on a charge of larceny, alleged to have been committed at Oxford. Magistrate De Rutten recommended him without bail.

## FEARS UNION LABOR CONTROL OF ROADS

## Erie Official Wants Federal Law to Hold Organizations Responsible.

The scarecrow of "absolute control of the railroads by the labor union," was waved at the Straus Arbitration Board by Vice President J. E. Stuart, of the Erie, at yesterday's session at the Oriental Hotel, Manhattan Beach. President James McCrear, of the Pennsylvania, also took the stand and dealt with the impossibility of the situation which, in his belief, would result if the engineers of the Eastern lines are granted the moderate wage increase which they demand.

"In the past five years the company I represent has received five strike votes," said Stuart. "The leader in charge claimed he had the power to stop the highways of this country and expressed his intention to exercise it; to appreciate the gravity of the situation I imagine any other individual—president of a railroad or its directors—assuming to stop the public highways for any reason and deprive forty to fifty millions of people of the necessities of life."

"The best test of their power is for the general public to attempt to pass a federal law to place responsibility upon organized labor engaged in interstate traffic."

"A president of a strong labor organization within a year, requesting a substantial increase, was asked by the committee whether he had considered the ability of the railroads to pay, and where the money was to come from, replied that he was not a financier and really did not know, and yet he had the power to stop the wheels on every railroad in the United States."

"It is proper to regulate the common carrier, but it is equally as essential to regulate labor organizations engaged in public transportation, the purpose being to maintain the principle of property rights and the continued prosperity of this country."

**Says They Won't Be Satisfied.**

"We have not settled ourselves yet. We might settle what I might call this local affair, but is the country to be confronted with a crisis every few months, or are we to go through all of this difficulty without learning a lesson? If you gentlemen grant the engineers all they ask for, will they be satisfied? At the end of a year, there is doubt, based on previous experience, that this country will again be confronted with a crisis."

Stuart said that as far as the problem affected the Erie, if the engineers were granted their demands and the other classes of labor got their corresponding increases, the Erie and the annual \$1,003,884 behind its fixed charges. Stuart said that he meant by fixed charges the amount necessary to preserve the integrity of the railroad and to keep it from going into the hands of a receiver. Eight hundred and forty-two thousand dollars of this deficit would fall upon the Erie, he said, \$149,402 upon the New York, Susquehanna and Western, and \$58,482 upon the New Jersey and New York.

"Would that be a new experience for the Erie Railroad?" asked Commissioner Morrissy.

"The first time in my experience," said Stuart.

"I think the commission have before them certain questions which are fixed and on which decisions have to be made," said McCrear, "but I think that in their consideration they should go farther. They are entirely able to do it, and the country and those that are interested are expecting that the situation as a whole should be treated on a very fully."

"The railroads are in this position: Their rates are controlled by government regulations. They are at a standstill, in fact, are being constantly reduced as the result of specific hearings, while their expenditures, what you might call the fixed expenditures, in the way of taxes, special provisions made by special legislation, are constantly increasing and are burdens over which they have no control. I do not complain of many of them, but at the same time with your resources of income controlled and many of your fixed expenditures controlled, the question of additional cost of labor is a most serious one."

**New Capital to Cost More.**

"How are the railroads going to provide the additional capital that is required to make improvements that the public demand, and which the necessities of giving proper transportation require?" There have been a number of ways in which the demands have been met heretofore, maturing indebtedness has been met by issues of new indebtedness at lower rates, and the differences have been saved. That day is past, as far as we can see. We have this year ten million of dollars worth of bonds falling due on which we are paying 3 1/2 per cent. They cannot be renewed under any circumstances at less than 4 1/2 to 4 3/4 per cent, and in 1916 there are eighty-six millions of 2 1/2 per cents coming in the same way."

"The cost of living has gone up to the

investor just as it has to other people and he feels the same necessity for an increased income that those whose income is dependent upon their field of labor feel. It has reached this condition, that if an advance in wages took place we must receive advances in rates or have some compensation or some way of recouping ourselves. In the latter decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in the language that was used, we are not encouraged to feel that we are going to get that. I merely want to impress you with the fact that the railroad companies, under present conditions, cannot stand an increase in their costs of operation without compensation of some form."

Commissioner Van Hise asked McCrear whether he considered that the surplus over the dividends that was put into the road each year was a part of the return to the investors.

McCrear said that he didn't consider it as such, and therein he agreed with all the railroad officials who have been on the stand. "I think that the minimum of safety for the Pennsylvania is to put back in the property half as much as it pays out in dividends," he said.

James A. McCrear, who is general manager of the Long Island Railroad, a subsidiary of the Pennsylvania, preceded his father on the stand. He said that his road showed a yearly deficit, and that it certainly could not stand an increase of wages. The first witness was J. H. Smith, of the Coal and Coke Railroad. He said that he had been forced to grant increases of 40 per cent to labor in the last two years, and that the present rate would mean 50 per cent more and would swamp the company.

"It would make Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford green with envy to see the way they manipulate figures on that road," ventured Grand Chief Stone, the engineers' representative. "If you gentlemen will take these figures home they will make an interesting winter night's reading."

E. D. Robbins, general counsel for the New York, New Haven and Hartford, began the summing up for the railroads.

## DODGERS PLAY GOOD GAME AND BEAT REDS

Rube Benton, the Cincinnati Reds' crack southpaw, was batted heavily by the Brooklyn at Washington Park yesterday and so was Frank Davis, a newcomer. In the second, third and fourth innings Dahlen's men made all of their runs and won by a score of 3 to 4. The Dodgers, were minus the services of Jake Daubert, who was ill with stomach trouble, but they played brilliantly, the work of Curtshaw and Smith on ground balls being especially clever.

Eagon was belted solidly by the Reds in the fourth inning, just when he began to look like a winner. He was succeeded by Curtis, formerly of Boston, Chicago and Philadelphia, who held O'Day's crew in check with a well controlled curve ball. Nine bases on balls were handed to the Dodgers by the visiting baxmen and Northern received four of them, knocking out a two-bagger in his only official time at bat. Six passes were distributed among the Reds, three of them to Bates. Bob Beschler, the Reds' dashing sprinter, distinguished himself by stealing three bags, third base twice. The score by innings:

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	7	1
Brooklyn	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	9	11

Batteries—Benton, Keefe, Davis and Clarke, Ragon, Curtis and Miller.

**BOUTS AT FAIRMONT TONIGHT.**

Jack Dorman, an old-timer who has been going strong of late, will mix it for the main ten round attraction at the Fairmont A. C. tonight, with Lee Barrett, the Milwaukee lad, who made a surprisingly good showing at the same club about a month ago. Milton Blair and Joe Mooney will clash in another ten round scrap, while Willie Brown and Battling Reddy will furnish the fireworks in the other long route go. Besides these, two six round preliminaries are offered.

**BOUTS IN BROOKLYN TONIGHT.**

The usual bouts at the Clermont Rink, Brooklyn, will be held under the auspices of the Royale A. C. tonight. An attractive and lengthy bill of boxing events has been arranged by Manager Dunn, which promise to wind up around midnight. Popular prices admit one to the show.

**OTHER BASEBALL GAMES.**

**National League.**

At Philadelphia—R. H. E.
Pittsburg... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 6 0
Philadelphia... 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 2—1 6 1

Batteries—O'Toole and Gibson, Adams and Simon; Moore and Killifer.

At Boston—Boston-St. Louis, team held up at St. Thomas, Ontario, by a hot box on railroad train.

**American League.**

No games scheduled.

**PITCHER FOR WHITE SOX.**

VANCOUVER, July 26.—Ted Sullivan, scout for the Chicago White Sox, today purchased Pitcher Clarke, of the local club of the Northwestern League. Clarke has had a good season with Vancouver.

## ASK FOR FIFTH AVENUE

## The Leading Union Made Turkish Cigarette of Quality



L. B. KRINSKY, 207 N. 4th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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## SAILORS DECLARE THEIR STRIKE OFF

## Firemen, However, Hold Out and Say They Will Not Return Until Demands Are Won.

The Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union yesterday called off the strike against the coastwise liners, and its members returned to work on the ships. The decision to call the strike off was reached at a well attended meeting of the union at its headquarters, 51 South street, after a lengthy discussion.

The firemen, however, are still holding out and they are determined to continue the fight until their demands are granted. James Vidal, secretary of the Marine Firemen, Oilers and Water-tenders' Union, said yesterday that the strike of the firemen has just begun.

He said he had received word from Boston, Philadelphia, Galveston and New Orleans that there were many ships tied up there and that the strike is general there. The reports which he had received state that not a pound of freight is being moved in those ports and the only ships leaving those ports are passenger ships.

He said the engineers are asking the union to supply them with firemen, but the men refuse to go to work unless the companies sign agreements with the union. The men are just beginning to realize their power, in that they have been able to cripple the freight traffic, and there is no sign of the firemen going back to work, in Galveston one of the engineers of the Mallory liner San Jacinto offered the strikers \$40 and the firemen \$40 for one trip to New York, which is about three times more than the men had been receiving previous to the strike, but without results.

Vidal said the scabs have deserted the ships, as most of them were engaged under false pretenses. Most of them have been hired to act as waiters and when brought aboard the ships were sent to work in the fire-room, and when they found out the work they had to do they quit their jobs. It was also reported that three Morgan and two Mallory liners have been tied up in Erie Basin for the past few days and that all the efforts of the companies to get scabs have failed.

A committee of Cigar Makers yesterday brought in \$300 to the strike

**THE UNION HATTER**

**H. Rosenblum**

7 MANHATTAN AVENUE

Two doors from Broadway, Brooklyn, next to John Moran.

**STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the stockholders of the J. WANG & CO. that a special meeting will be held at the Manhattan Hotel, at 10 o'clock on the 30th day of August, 1912, at a o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the New York City, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, being the city where the last annual meeting of said stockholders was held, for a reorganization that said corporation be authorized, according to law.

Dated, July 9, 1912.

D. GILMAN, Secretary.

**UNION LABELS.**

## Pretty Nurse Missing

## From Home Two Weeks



Miss Dorcas Ijans Snodgrass, the society girl and nurse at the Mount Vernon Hospital, who disappeared from her home July 17, is still missing, though there have been reports that she has been seen in New York. She left her sister's home ostensibly to visit friends in New York, since which time no trace of her has been found. Her brother, Edward T. Snodgrass, of Berryville, Va., has offered a reward of \$500 for definite information about her.

headquarters, 229 West street, which they said they collected last Saturday in cigar shops in New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City. They promised to make another collection today and keep it up until the strike is won. They also sent out appeals to the cigar makers of Tampa, Key West, Havana, Chicago, Toronto and Montreal asking them to collect funds for the striking seamen.

Richard Sassen, delegate of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union, said yesterday that the strike of the sailors was called off in this port only and stated that the strike in the other ports is still on.

## HELD WITHOUT BAIL ON POLICE TESTIMONY

## Unincorporated police testimony is good enough for Magistrate Herrman to hold strikers without bail. Herrman, sitting in the Tombs Court yesterday, held Walter Richter, a striking sailor, who was charged with assaulting a colored scab by throwing a stone at him, without bail on the testimony of a cop, though the complainant himself failed to show up in court to press the charge.

The cop volunteered his testimony, which looked incredible, for he testified that when he saw a crowd on West street he did not run over to disperse it, but walked over to see who the people in the crowd were. As he walked over to the crowd the cop said he saw Richter come out from the crowd, pick up a stone and throw it at the scab. Though the complainant told the cop that he was going to leave the city there was no attempt made to hold him in the House of Detention, as Magistrate Herrman evidently thought the police testimony was good enough to hold Richter without bail.

Joseph Darling, attorney for the union, appealed to Herrman to consider the testimony, as there was nobody to corroborate the cop, and Herrman said that would take the whole matter into consideration. Magistrate Murphy, in the Jefferson Market Court, held two strikers in \$1,000 bail each on a charge of assaulting a colored scab with a blunt object. Two other strikers, who were arrested at the same time, were discharged. Though three of the strikers were six-footers, the scab picked out the fourth, who is a midget. Magistrate Murphy had a laugh when the six-foot scab picked out the midget as his assailant, but he held two strikers in \$1,000 each for the Grand Jury, just the same.

## Drink "Peter Brew"

The Wm. Peter Brewing Co.  
UNION BEER, N. Y.

## Reingold Beer

Brewed and Bottled by  
**S. Liebmann's Sons**  
Brewing Co.  
26 FOREST ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

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MARTIN LAWLER, Sec. 11 Wm. Penn. Pl.

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When Buying Caps for Yourself and Children

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SURGEON DENTIST  
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**DR. S. BERLIN**  
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1790 Fifth Ave., bet. Rockaway and Stuyvesant  
I am with The Call since The Call started.

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DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

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VOL. 5. SATURDAY, JULY 27. No. 209.

## Paper-Made Presidents

By JOSEPH E. COHEN.

Now the insurgent newspapers are trying to explain the meaning of the divergent views in the budding Progressive party.

That it needs explaining goes without saying. But the most curious feature of the spectacle is that what is recognized to be a purely third-term movement of Theodore Roosevelt, contending for supremacy, is a third-term movement, and nothing but that, the boosters would be as one man. Or, if it were a genuine progressive movement with sharply defined principles, then it goes without saying that the party would be a unit.

It is nothing more nor less than Theodore Roosevelt's seething ambition foisted upon genuine sentiment in every State making for reform and advancement. And just to add another element that is nothing but drops in the political mint, there is no end of discredited bosses who see in an attachment with some popular idol, such as they take Roosevelt to be, a chance to rehabilitate their dilapidated political fortunes.

That is the only way such progressives as Boss Elinor of Pennsylvania can be explained.

Of course, the fact that the progressive movement is unqualifiedly allied to the fall of Roosevelt's coal is more a side-man affair in this respect than is the Democratic party a Wilson boom and the Republican party a Taft abortion. Each and all of these are known by the company they keep, as Presidential candidates, and not by any platform representations they may give.

And let us not, in passing, forget to say that Mr. Roosevelt has committed no political misdemeanor less than the appropriation of Mr. La Follette's well-earned nomination in rough riding to the head of the progressive movement. One good thing accomplished by Roosevelt in doing so is nothing short of sealing his political suicide, for he will be a forgotten leader when the 1916 campaign rolls around.

But it should be food for thought for Americans to ponder over that each and every one of the men prominent in the old parties—to the extent of being their standard bearers—has a purely newspaper made reputation. Each and every one of them lives, so far as the public mind is informed, a life of nothing but paper and printers' ink. Each and every one of them has done absolutely nothing that raises them above the mediocre level of hundreds and thousands in their respective parties.

In a sense this has always been so. In a larger sense, it is a fault inherent in the very selection of one man to be the personification of one mass, or the chief of the party, something which is, of course, true in a much less degree in the old countries, where there is no such figurehead office as President, and where the legislative bodies have much wider jurisdiction than our own.

But it is to watch the American system of alleged democracy go to seek to sit idly by while men of no consequential parts are picked by a group of bosses and editors and given ticket of leave to gather the party machinery about them and dictate the policies of our government.

And let it not be overlooked that the powers that make the party chiefs can and do unmake them. And our wandering who will be the popular hero in this campaign and the next and so much is the effort for real democratic reform and change warped out of shape by the injection of false hero worship.

Let us try to drive into the average man's head the idea that any party that swings around one man's sun is to that extent wanting in popular force, and that the Socialist party is superior to the old parties, Republican, Democratic and Progressive, because it conducts a campaign of literature in which its standard bearers are only a man with their comrades, and that the movement is the mass thought and energy.

## Lunatics or Hypocrites—Which?

Commenting on the recent speech of the British First Lord of the Admiralty, in which he announced that Britain must keep ahead of Germany in warship construction at all costs, the New York World says in an editorial paragraph:

"If these two nations want war, they are pursuing the best course to bring it about. But what a commentary it all is on the Jingo shibboleth that the way to avoid war is to keep on preparing for it more and more."

Quite so. And many and many a time has the World preached that very sermon, which it now says invites such queer comment. Does not the World stand right now for the battleship program which is at present a bone of contention in Congress? It does. And what other reason does it give for its attitude but that same "Jingo shibboleth?"

And every one of the World's contemporaries in New York with the exception of this paper—the Call—still yell that the way to insure peace is to prepare for war more and more.

Hearst, who perhaps out-jingos all others, in this respect, sneers at the British in his headline as giving a "desperate answer" to the naval plans of Germany, while his own editorial page is filled with matter advocating the building of more battleships and approved quotations from other papers making the same demand.

The Times declares that because England and Germany are speeding naval construction, we must do so too, "to keep in our proper relative position." The Sun advocates it because "Japan has entered upon a new naval program of expansion" also, as well as Britain and Germany. The Tribune takes the same position and so does the Herald, and the Mail, the Globe and the Press. The latter paper, however, has the candor to quote editorially the opinion of a well-known naval writer who goes straight to the mark by coming out squarely with the reason for increased armaments. Admiral Mahan, the expert in question, is quoted: "Neither the sanctions of international law nor the justice of a cause can be depended upon for a fair settlement of differences, when they come into conflict with a strong political necessity on the one side, opposed to a comparative weakness on the other."

## Rights of the Minority

By RALPH KORNHOLD.

Mr. Taft is opposed to the recall of the judiciary because he fears it would enable the majority to override the rights of the minority.

What are these "rights of the minority" whereof Mr. Taft speaks? The right of the trusts to fleece the people to their hearts' content. The right of employers to maim and kill working people with immunity. The right of capitalists to work women any hours they please.

The right of capitalists to blackmail workers.

These are some of the "rights of the minority" which the courts have upheld of recent years.

It may be a theory that the majority might oppress the minority. It is a fact that the minority oppresses the majority, and that one of their most effective means of oppression is the courts.

Mr. Taft would not allow the people to reach the courts with the recall. But how is he going to prevent the capitalists from reaching the courts with the social, financial and political influences at their disposal?

Mr. Taft need not worry about the "rights of the minority." It is not the minority which needs protection against the majority, but the majority which needs protection against the minority and its allies, the courts.

The courts are not impartial. They never can be impartial when it comes to the fundamental issues between capital and labor. Judges are flesh and blood men like other men. They are either with labor against capital, or with capital against labor.

Thus far they have always been on the side of capital. I do not believe, however, that the recall of the judiciary will solve the problem.

The Republican and Democratic parties are of the privileged classes. They are controlled by the privileged classes, they are financed by the privileged classes and the privileged classes vote for them. Is it any wonder that their elected officials—judges, governors, legislators, etc.—serve the privileged classes?

To vote for an old party judge and then complain that he serves the capitalists is like putting one's hand into the fire and complaining because it burns.

Elect Socialist judges and you will not have to recall them.

But the principle of the recall of the judiciary is right. Therefore—on with the recall!

**A POSTSCRIPT TO COMRADE IRVINE'S CHANGE OF FRONT.**

Comrade Irvine failed to mention in the Masses in his note of the Change of Front in the Magazines—failed to mention the Masses, in which is being published a series of articles on the deeper interpretations of Socialism by Brock White, the author of "The Call of the Carpenter." These articles are written at the request of Comrade Rufus W. Weeks, whose devotion to the great cause has long been noted by the number of Socialist books dedicated to him.

Comrade Weeks, knowing how widely "The Call of the Carpenter" was used by many as propaganda for Socialists and appreciating the book was published at an expense too great for the average man, desired to get Mr. White's ideas into popular circulation, hence the series of articles in the Masses.

Comrade Irvine told me at one time for the space of one year he never spoke publicly without quoting from the earlier publication of Comrade White's—"Quo Vadit?"—a book which is now out of print. It seems the articles in the Masses should have the widest publicity and circulation, for Mr. White has what has been recognized as a distinct and original contributive note to the Socialist movement. The response and desire to see his point of view reaches me through many avenues which would be astounding to those at present unaware.

**COME RIGHT UP HERE, YOU BOB!**

Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, pastor of the St. James Methodist Episcopal Church of Chicago, last Sunday made the following singular request of the Lord in prayer: "O God," he exclaimed, "send us another Bob Ingersoll to arouse the people! They sit in the pews with dull, dead indifference that breaks our hearts. It would be better if they threw bricks at us as they did at Wesley, but they don't even talk back."

How inconsistent mortals are anyhow! If Bob Ingersoll or somebody like him did come along and started to empty Mr. Mitchell's church, that gentleman would instantly send up a roar to the Almighty to put Bob out of business. That is what they did when Ingersoll was on earth—praise Mr. Mitchell did so himself—and now they want him, or somebody like him, back again. But neither "Bob" Ingersoll nor "Jack" Wesley can come back anyhow, and if they did, the good people would be as indifferent as ever. They would neither yell approval nor throw bricks. Times have changed, and either of these gentlemen would be considered "has-beens" if they came back. So what's the use of bothering the Lord with such feeble requests? He knows better than Mitchell what will rouse them—and so do we. If Mitchell wants to start something that will make that bunch sit up and take notice, let him just hand them down some Socialism from the pulpit, and then watch them shake off their lethargy and "talk back." Throwing bricks wouldn't be in it in such case.

**ABLE TO TRANSLATE LATIN.**

Long years ago an Indiana candidate for Congress was making a stump speech. Two merchants who had been boys together and in the same class in Latin, heard his speech. The speaker closed his peroration in full, round voice, with "Vox Populi, vox Dei!"

Tom turned to William and remarked: "Bill, I'll bet you'll think you don't remember enough Latin to translate that sentence."

"Make it ten," replied William, "and I'm on."

The bet was made and William translated as follows: "Vox populi, vox Dei—My God, my God, you have thou forsaken me!"

Without protest Tom passed over a \$10 bill, remarking, half-regretfully, half-admiringly: "William, I really didn't think you would be able to do it."

—J. A. W., in Judge.

## Jewish Joker Jars "Junkers"

By JOSEPH M. COLDWELL.

Some Hebrew joker has evidently been "putting one over" on the blue-blooded scions of German and Austrian aristocracy, by issuing a satirical almanach in the style of the stupid "Almanach De Gotha," which purports to show that these "dumkoepe" carry a considerable quantity of Jewish blood in their august veins.

However, the libeled ones have not even by suppressing the book, although the joker, no doubt for the purpose of reconciling them to the newly discovered infusion, traced the Jewish ancestral connections of Czars, Kings and Popes of ancient days and even included the great Napoleon in his genealogy.

While the genealogy is probably a fake, it doesn't follow that those who resent its appearance have been libeled in any way, even if the compiler has been lying about them, as we think he has.

If there really were any strong intermixture of Jewish blood in these people, they would certainly show it in the manifestation of a superior brain power to that which they now possess. Their palpable stupidity and dullness is perhaps the only refutation of the "libel" that is needed.

The few among them who have ever manifested any intelligence beyond the ordinary have always regarded such an intermixture as a most deplorable thing, and have often lamented that there was not more of it. The great Bismarck, who had a rather primitive method of expression on such subjects, once remarked:

"In his course way that one of very things that German Jews needed most to improve the nation was a 'cross between a Christian and a Jewish man.' He wasn't suppressed for making a remark. Bismarck was no 'Almanach De Gotha.' He made real mistakes."

However, it is just as well to these mistakes cleared up. There's no use in every walk of life.

Alongside the news item, which counts the suppression of the book as the indignant aristocracy, we find other describing a somewhat of a local happening in our midst which speaks. It seems that on Sunday an attendant at the Bronx Zoo, usually by mistake, placed Chinese Jackans in an exhibit labeled "Sacred Cow." The attitude of visitors accepted him as such until he started to bray. Then more intelligent of them began to suspect that he wasn't a sacred cow at all, but just a plain jackass. The attention of the head keeper called to the matter, the keeper rectified, and the jackans retreated to his proper section, proud and filled no doubt that he had thus vindicated his real ancestry before the world. If it was a joke, no doubt considered it was really a bad joke, and that it was up to him to rectify it by voicing his own opinion. And the German "Junkers" exhibited at least equal intelligence in repudiating the "mistake" of Hebrew tormentor in this matter of genealogy.

**Everybody Is Doing It; Are You?**

By JOSEPH M. COLDWELL.

The campaign is on; every Comrade is working just as hard as he or she knows how; "everybody is doing it." But how are we doing it? Are we getting the best possible results for the money and energy we are expending?

Can we get better results if we use a little more common sense? If it was up to me to answer these questions, I should say "no" to the first question and "yes" to the second. But as this is our campaign and our party, we must each answer these questions to our own satisfaction. So I am going to offer a few suggestions, which will make our work more effective, if they are carried out. At least I think so, and I hope every Comrade who has any suggestions that would help us to carry on a more effective campaign will tell us, as we do not want to be wasting our energies.

In the first place, we need publicity, and then we need more publicity. Soap-boxing is one method, hall meetings another, distributing Socialist newspapers and leaflets is also good, but we do not reach a lot of people that we want to reach and that we could reach because we do not let our light shine so that men may see our good works.

Why, do you know I have been asked during the past week who the Socialists had nominated for President. It is a fact, funny as it may seem. Now, we have nominated a candidate for President and also one for Vice President. You and I know that, but do our shopmates and our neighbors know it? Just for fun, ask somebody who is not a Socialist if he can tell you who the Socialist candidates are; try it on a dozen people not Socialists and you will be surprised at the answers. If we want to do good, effective work we must get people talking and thinking about our party and our candidates. If we can do that, just think how much easier it will be for you and me to talk to those same people about our principles, which, of course, is our main object in view.

You are a member of the Campaign Committee, Comrades; we all are, as this is our campaign. So let us get to work and boost our candidates. At the next meeting of your branch or local send for some Debs and Seidel posters and tack them up or paste them up, or stick them up everywhere, in the shop, in the factory, in the barber shop, in the poolroom, in the luncheon, in your own window, all over the country, in New York City, and throughout the State. Live Oak, Fla.; Lorain, Ohio, in fact, let us do it everywhere. Let us put up 1,000,000 posters, let people know that the Socialist party is a political factor, and just watch them grab our leaflets and read them.

Every local should buy a single column cut, coat of arms, of both Debs and Seidel (they only cost 30 cents each) and see if you can't get the editor of the paper to run it in connection with the story of Debs or of Seidel. Now, ten he will do it if your story is of human interest. Of course, every branch where Debs or Seidel will appear the campaign will organize a press conference, see that the papers are kept fully informed about the speaker. See that the paper has a cut and a copy of the program and probably will arrange for an interview. These are the duties of the committee, and, say, this is in the nature of a campaign between you and me, of course, it is better than a press conference. So if you have a Comrade who is a mixer and a jollier, just see that we make press agent of the local, and let him write at once to J. Mahan, the national campaign manager, 115 Market Street, Chicago, and notify Comrade Barnes that he (your local press agent) has been appointed and has taken care of the press conference, etc., and then let him cultivate the acquaintance of the papers and city editors. You will be surprised what fine fellows they are, and if you know them, then give them a news item you can think of about your union, your lodge, your church, and first thing you know that response is looking for you and asking you news, and you will be surprised how it is for you to get Socialist newspaper.

**NOT A STOCK COMPANY.**

A couple of actors met on Pennsylvania Avenue.

One said: "Are you going to do Hamlet?"

The other said: "Yes, I am going to do 'Hamlet'."

"What are you going to do with 'Hamlet'?" asked Yoric Hamm. "I'm going to do it."

"Can't get a job in stock," said Hamlet Fatt. "So I'm going to do it with the comedian with some beautiful clothes."

—Pittsburg Post.

## "THEY HAVE HEARD IT, ANYHOW"

Many years ago it was our fortune to make the acquaintance of an old and respected Comrade, one of those stubborn and persistent agitators who could neither be daunted by hostility, ridicule or indifference in his public expositions of the message of Socialism. It was his custom, when returning from unpromising meetings, where the audience might be very small, hostile or apparently indifferent, to console himself with the remark: "Well, they have heard it, anyhow." It was impossible to discourage him by insisting that they were of the type that had ears but heard not. They had heard, and sooner or later he maintained that what they heard would have its due effect.

The old veteran was right. The passing of time has proven him correct. When he maintained that no word ever spoken for Socialism was really lost he knew of what he was speaking.

The results are apparent today and are becoming more and more apparent every day. From North and South, from East and West, tidings are constantly coming in of the increasing attention of the masses to Socialism. The message no longer falls upon ears that hear but are apparently deaf. There is a specific demand for it that grows in volume every day.

It is the turn of the old party political spellbinder to preach to ears that hear not, to audiences growing ever more indifferent to the old party shibboleths, slogans and catchwords that once were all potent to delude the masses, while the Socialist remained apparently unheard. But a few years ago a Socialist political meeting larger than that of even a comparatively unimportant capitalist politician was an unheard of thing. Today to outnumber their best is a commonplace, one might say, an everyday occurrence. An ordinary Socialist candidate now sometimes attracts a greater audience than a Presidential candidate of the capitalist parties, and the thing is accepted as in the ordinary course of events. And the respective attention given the two furnishes, in the case of the Socialist speaker, a contrast rather than a comparison.

It is, however, but the working out of the law of compensation. Once the public would not listen to us—now they will not listen to the other fellow. Once they regarded the exposition of Socialism as a vain repetition of impossible things—now they know that the vain repetitions come from the mouths of the enemies of Socialism.

This is our year. Steadily and surely Socialism is attracting the attention of the masses, while the preaching of the worn-out and discredited doctrines of capitalism become of ever less effect.

This is partly due to the development and decay of capitalism, and partly due to the persistence with which Socialism has been spread by its indefatigable expounders. Our campaign was always on. We worked while the others slept.

And no word for Socialism is ever lost. As the old veteran said, "They have heard it, anyhow."

"Many a hundred years passed over, have they labored, deaf and blind; Never tidings reached their sorrow, never hope their toil might find. Now at last they've heard and hear it, and the cry comes down the wind.

As their host comes marching on."

## LLOYD GEORGE AS A SINGLE TAXER

Dispatches from England intimate that the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Lloyd George, is a firm believer in the doctrine of the Single Tax and is expected to frame measures in the near future which, if enacted into law, will practically confiscate land rentals through taxation.

If wishes could have any effect we should certainly desire to see this program put in complete operation. In such case it would make plain to all whether or not the Single Tax can make good as a panacea to cure the economic ills from which England suffers. We have no doubt also but that the adherents of that doctrine would welcome the experiment.

Single Tax has the apparent "advantage" over Socialism that it is a "plan" of which a sample can be given at any time that it is desired to experiment. Unlike Socialism, it is not a matter of economic evolution, but a remedy that can be applied now, could have been applied a hundred or five hundred years ago, or a hundred or five hundred years hence; a remedy the same, yesterday and forever, so to speak.

However, it is altogether likely that Lloyd George will go as far as he can in that direction, and we are of the opinion, also, that he will be able to go to a considerable length. Taxation of land values is at present undoubtedly the line of least resistance in England, and the continually increasing sums that have to be raised for the "State Socialist schemes" of Lloyd George and the ever growing military expenditure in the race for naval armaments will undoubtedly first tap the "taxation of land values" vein for the necessary finance. The landlord will be plundered to keep the capitalist going.

This year \$225,000,000 is to be spent on the British navy, a sum never before reached by any many millions. Next year it will be still further increased.

The opposition of the medical fraternity and their refusal to serve under the Chancellor's insurance scheme will necessitate steps being taken for the nationalization of medicine and medical service, and this in turn requires still more money.

Neither militarism nor these "State Socialist schemes" can be possibly abandoned. To relinquish sea power means the destruction of the empire through loss of markets and the attack of hostile competitors, and to abandon "reform" means internal revolt, insurrection, civil war and social revolution.

Single Taxers may well look expectantly to England for the carrying out of their plan, and the signs are that they will not be disappointed, for England is inevitably approaching the point where she will have to try Single Tax, or at least taxation of land values in ever increasing amount, as a measure to keep capitalism alive a while longer. Thirty years ago Marx described Single Tax as the "last ditch" to which capitalism would be driven for its final stand. And as he had England especially in mind at the time, the appearance of Lloyd George in the role of a Single Tax advocate is merely another confirmation of the accuracy of Marx's forecasts in political economy.

However, there isn't money enough in taxation of land values to give capitalism more than a short lease of life. Militarism and the awakening proletariat are two leeches that continually cry "Give, give," and that cannot be satiated until they have devoured the system that has called them into being.

## Socialist Mailing Lists

By W. R. SHIER.

In the opinion of the present writer the best way to advertise Socialist meetings is by mailing circulars directly to those who are most likely to come to the lecture.

In order to do this a local Campaign Committee, or, better still, a specially appointed Publicity Committee, should spare no pains to compile an effective mailing list. This mailing list should include the name and address of every person (1) who is a member of the Socialist party, (2) who is a Socialist sympathizer, a subscriber to a Socialist paper, or a person known to be interested in the Socialist movement, (3) who is the officer of a trade union or some other organization, (4) who is a single taxer, a woman suffragist or a social reformer, (5) who is a clergyman, a public speaker or a newspaper writer, (6) who is a barber, newsdealer or a book agent, (7) who is a musician or an entertainer.

If only a small sum of money is to be spent upon advertising, it should all be spent upon addressing circulars to these people, especially to those in the first four classes.

Small display advertisements in the newspapers are absolutely worthless. Window cards are good, but circulars are better. Gummed stickers are cheap, but not very effective.

I include public speakers, newspaper writers, salesmen and entertainers in the list, because, although they may not be especially interested in our propaganda, it is very desirable to awaken their interest in our movement. It is important that we get our ideas discussed in the press and on the platform, that we attract the attention of those who could help us a great deal in disposing of Socialist literature, and that we make friends with those who could help make our gatherings a success by their music and their fun.

In sending out circulars it is well to put four or five copies into each envelope for the recipient to distribute among his or her friends. It is not necessary to seal the envelope, but it is better to do so, if it will not involve paying more postage. The personal touch strengthens the appeal. In addition to mailing circulars to individuals, a supply should also be sent to the secretary of every progressive organization in town along with a courteous little note asking that they be distributed among its members at the next meeting, and intimating that the Socialist party will be glad to return the favor at any time. A great deal is to be gained by the Socialist party keeping a friendly touch with radical bodies of every description.

A supply of circulars should also be sent to each school for distribution among the teachers.

To avoid the duplication of names and to save yourself heaps of trouble, use the card index system in filing your mailing lists.

**MODERN IMPROVEMENT.**

What Claude Duval and Captain Kidd scoured beaches and swept the main. "Twas thought no robbers quite so bold. Would ever come again; But Claude and Kidd were amateurs. Though clever on the nab. And never could have pulled the robbers out. Laid to the taxcab.

—J. A. W., in Judge.

## SOCIALIST CANDIDATES NATIONAL

FOR PRESIDENT	EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana
FOR VICE PRESIDENT	EMIL SEIDEL, of Wisconsin
STATE	
NEW YORK	FOR GOVERNOR CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR GUSTAVE STREBEL
MAINE	FOR GOVERNOR GEORGE ALLAN ENGLAND
NEW HAMPSHIRE	FOR GOVERNOR WILLIAM H. WILKINS

VERMONT	FOR GOVERNOR FRED W. SUITOR
MASSACHUSETTS	FOR GOVERNOR ROLAND D. SAWYER
RHODE ISLAND	FOR GOVERNOR SAMUEL H. TASEL
CONNECTICUT	FOR GOVERNOR LAWRENCE B. WELLS