

western coast and should reach Corinto some time tomorrow. The American military force in Nicaragua is now under command of Major Smedley in the Butler. He has under him 350 marines and 100 bluejackets, the latter being from the gunboat Annapolis, now at Corinto. The former were recently landed from the collier just in. If the situation on the east coast continues to "grow worse," the small force which has landed from the cruiser Tacoma at Bluefield on August 18, will be augmented from a larger force of marines dispatched from a vessel on the West Indian station. If General Menzies should resume an "indifferent attitude" toward the United States, it is likely that the 10th Regiment of Infantry, now on the Isthmus of Panama, and the force of marines on the Pacific Coast, numbering 1,000, also will be rushed to Nicaragua. Since General Menzies has in his possession nearly 20,000 rifles and is reported to be making every inducement to obtain recruits the situation is regarded by the American authorities as "most serious." The State Department is plainly "wrought up" over the "defiant attitude" of the rebel leader, who has continued to make preparations for a renewed attack upon Managua, regardless of the warnings given by Weitzel in the name of the American Government, declaring that no further attacks upon the capital will be permitted. In the face of this situation it would not be surprising if there should be an early clash between the American troops and the rebels. State Department officials are highly commendatory of the manner in which Weitzel has handled the situation from the beginning and expressed the belief that the American troops would have necessarily been called into action before this had it not been for the Minister's "tact, patience and diplomacy" in dealing with the rebel leaders. According to Weitzel's dispatches today General Menzies temporarized in answering the demand that he resign his looting promises to his troops, evidently to gain time until the result of the rebel attack on Leon should become known. Weitzel's proclamation declared Managua a place of refuge "for the protection of the property and lives of Americans, other foreigners and noncombatants." The sending of the army, navy and marine corps into foreign countries by the President, when Congress was in session, was strongly condemned today by Senator Bacon in his speech supporting his resolution. He referred to his present bill forbidding such use of American troops and took up the presence of marines in Nicaragua at this time. He read accounts of how Americans are participating in the affairs of that friendly power and sharply criticized the acts already committed.

GEOGRAPHERS FROM EUROPE SEE TOWN

Sixty Distinguished Foreigners Have Busy Day Looking Over New York from Battery to Harlem.
Dr. George F. Kunz was by far the busiest man in New York yesterday, for he had the guiding of some sixty distinguished foreign geographers, guests of the American Geographical Society, and they wanted to see the whole town in one day. The scientists, who came from the universities of the principal cities of Europe, met their guide at Columbia University and first went around the university. Then they started on a visit to the Mayor. The Mayor hadn't arrived yet, so they all had their pictures taken on the City Hall steps, finished up the post office, the Brooklyn Bridge, the Woolworth Building and St. Paul and Trinity churches, and then turned down Wall street to pay their respects to J. P. Morgan, Jr. Uptown again they shot to see the workings of the apparatus around Fire Headquarters, where an alarm was turned in for their benefit. Then back they went to have lunch at the lofty home of the Whitehall Club. At 3 o'clock the party started on a trip around the harbor and the rivers. The Harvard Club gave them a dinner last night. On Tuesday they had gone on a special train over the Delaware and Lackawanna for a trip through northern New Jersey, Pennsylvania and eastern New York, and today their sightseeing starts in earnest, for they leave for an extended tour through the West. Dr. Carl Uhlig, professor of geography at the University of Tuebingen, said that the observations that he had made at the Scranton anthracite coal fields and at the Delaware Water Gap would be of great value as lecture material next winter. Dr. Edward Brueckner of the University of Vienna thought that the country he had been through in Pennsylvania was like part of the Jura Mountains in Switzerland, and everyone in the party was enthusiastic over the observations made in the coal fields. Among those who took the trip were Dr. Fritz Mackatsch, lecturer on geography at the University of Vienna; Henri Baulig, instructor in geography, University of Paris; Emmanuel de Margerie, vice president of the Committee on Historical and Scientific Works, Paris; Edouard Alfred Martel of the central commission of the Geographical Society of Paris; Lucien Gallots, professor of geography, University of Lille; Pierre Bastian, student, University of Paris; Francois Herbet, assistant in geography, University of Paris; Dr. Erich von Dryzalaki, professor of geography, University of Munich; Dr. Fritz Yaeger, professor of colonial geography, University of Berlin; Dr. Joseph Patch, professor of geography, University of Leipzig; Dr. Alfred Ruhl, chief of division, Oceanographical Institute, Berlin; Dr. Cesar Calcioli, explorer, Piazza Station Eufemia, Placencia, and I. F. Niernmeyer, professor of economic geography, University of Utrecht.

WOOD ALCOHOL KILLS SEVEN.

MONTREAL, Aug. 21.—Two more of the fifty employees of a local railway who drank wood alcohol in mistake for gin died today, bringing the total death list up to seven.

N. J. STATE LABOR CONVENTION ENDED

Goes on Record for Woman Suffrage—New Officers Elected.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 21.—The 24th State convention of the American Federation of Labor, at which more than 150 unions were represented, came to an end here today after a three days' session with the election of officers, as follows: President, Cornelius Ford; first vice president, George W. Marsh; second vice president, A. J. Cozzoline; secretary, Henry F. Hillers; treasurer, Joseph P. Olone. Members of the Executive Board—James Matthews, of this city; John Lang, Patrick J. Donovan and William J. Brennan, of Newark; Henry L. Vanderveld, of this city, was elected delegate to the National convention of the American Federation of Labor, which will take place in Rochester, N. Y., in November. The next State convention will be held at Trenton.

Woman was unanimously approved at the convention. Mrs. Abby Winkle, a suffragette, of Paterson, who addressed the delegates, became a suffragette after a personal investigation of the conditions to which women workers were subjected throughout the State. "Woman should have the same recognition by labor as men," she said. The convention then unanimously adopted the following: "The New Jersey State Federation of Labor pledges itself to support woman in her economic organization wherever possible and indorses the woman suffrage movement." Every industry in the State was represented at the convention by at least one delegate, and reports were made to the effect that in every State of the Union there is some branch of the American Federation of Labor.

In reading his annual report to the convention at the opening session Monday, President Cornelius Ford, of Hoboken, in referring to the progress of labor legislation in this State, said that Governor Wilson is eminently the friend of labor. This statement was received by many of the delegates with looks of great surprise. They afterwards said that it was a strange utterance for a labor leader to make in view of the recent conduct of the Governor of New Jersey in the Beth Ambar, Bessie and other labor wars in this State. Their confusion and surprise was further intensified when they were reminded of a statement made by Wilson on a lecture platform before he was elected Governor, in which he assailed organized labor.

NO ACTION YET ON FIREMEN'S DEMANDS

The Eastern Federated Board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, which is composed of representatives of the firemen employed on the fifty-two railroads east of Chicago and north of the Potomac River, which has been in session for the past few days discussing two propositions of the railroad managers, failed to take any action at its meeting yesterday. The delay in acting on the propositions was because it was decided first to ascertain from the managers' committee, if possible, the date when any probable increase in wages would go into effect. A letter was sent to J. C. Stuart, chairman of the managers' committee, who subsequently issued a call to the managers for a meeting to be held Tuesday, when the matter will be taken up and a reply sent to W. S. Carter, president of the firemen. A man who is in constant touch with the railroad situation, but who did not want to have his name published, declared last night that he expected the matter would be settled shortly. He said he believed the managers would not like to go through the same methods used in the Engineers' Arbitration Board in giving testimony and would probably reach a settlement.

MORE JOIN RANKS OF THOMAS SHOESTRIKERS

The buffers and finishers of the Thomas & Co. shoe plant, Willsborough avenue and Sandford street, Brooklyn, where the shoe cutters have been on strike in a body for several weeks, quit their posts yesterday, augmenting the ranks of the strikers. In the early days of the strike the bosses imported college scabs to take the places abandoned by the men. The college scabs are no longer with the Thomas concern. The presumption among the strikers is that they were absolutely inefficient. The strikers said yesterday that the strike has completely crippled every department of the Thomas plant and that the season's orders have been lost to the firm as a consequence. The strikers concede that the bosses have filled the plant with persons, but maintain that they are either riff-raff or learners and are there to make a sheer appearance of activity. The strikers are firm to a man in the determination to stay out till their battle has been won. The prospect for a speedy victory is encouraging.

Platform Pledges.
I keep every promise. My strength and quality never change.
White Rose CEYLON TEA
40 Cups for 10c.
White Rose Coffee, Rich and Pure

VICE PRESIDENT SHERMAN AND SENATOR SUTHERLAND



SHERMAN SHIES AT THE RED BANDANNA

Links Roosevelt With Anarchy in Speech Accepting Renomination.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 21.—Responding to the committee which notified him of his nomination by the Republican convention at Chicago to the Vice Presidential nomination, James S. Sherman, the present incumbent of that office, assailed his political opponents, particularly directing his attack at Theodore Roosevelt and the new third party. The red bandanna of the "Moosevelt" party was linked by Sherman in his tirade with the flag of anarchy. The scene at the Roosevelt convention, said Sherman, "was scarlet overmuch," and the "red, white and blue, the symbol of patriotism," was in it with the red bandanna of anarchy. "Thoughtful and patriotic citizens will inquire the meaning of the pronouncement of that gathering that there will follow a dangerous revolution unless the policies are adopted," Sherman continued. "American voters of all parties will, I believe, resent any appeal to the terror of violence. 'The crime of this new age,' said Sherman, 'is frenzied speech and action; lack of thought, a spurning of deliberation and of the weighing of consequences. Fakirs with projects to 'get rich quick' draw gaping crowds. Mad haste is the pastime of the multitude. The third term party and Candidate Wilson urge the country to disaster and ruin. 'We warn the electorate not to be drowned by a Niagara of denunciation and abuse. Every tirade against the Constitution and the laws and the courts is a strident call to the American people to protect their homes and maintain inviolate constitutional government. Every assault upon protection is a summons to preserve their opportunities to maintain existing conditions, which place the American wage earner in every calling on a higher scale of living and civilization than he enjoyed elsewhere in the world.' Sherman also assailed the anti-protectionist proclivities of the Democrats, referring deprecatingly to the fact that Wilson is a "pedagogue." About twenty members of the Committee of Notification were present, headed by United States Senator George Sutherland of Utah, the chairman. The ceremonies were preceded by a big parade. Sherman has been ill for some weeks, but has been steadily improving for the past fortnight. He is still vigorous, and was quite fit to undertake the demands of the day.

WOMAN'S NIGHT WORK BLAMED ON THE U. S.

George W. Perkins, who in addition to being the chief financial backer of the Progressive party and chairman of its Executive Committee, is a director in the International Harvester Company, defended both business and party yesterday. He said the government was to blame for the night work for women carried on in one of the International Harvester Company's plants, that the women wouldn't be permitted to work at night if the third party was in power and that the Harvester company was getting rid of the evil just as fast as it could.

PROBERS TO CALL PERKINS. Will Be Asked to Testify in Harvester Trust Hearing.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—George W. Perkins, with other prominent officers of the Harvester Trust, will be called before a special examiner next month at Chicago to give testimony in the proceedings which the Government has instituted for the "dissolution" of the combine. It is estimated that the task of taking this testimony will take at least three months. The testimony itself will cover thousands of typewritten pages. Officers of the Department of Justice, have been working all summer to get their case in shape for presentation. All the phases of the many business activities of the International Harvester Company have been thoroughly investigated. Subpoenas will be issued to obtain the attendance of the first witnesses about September 23.

OFFER \$5,000 FOR APPREHENSION OF "LOUIE" AND "GYP"

(Continued from page 1.)

Schepps kept this incident in mind. It made him begin to doubt Becker's boasts about being able to control anybody in the Police Department. Becker sent word to Rose by Schepps to brace up. He said, according to Schepps, that he was the biggest man in the department, that he could control anybody in it, even the Commissioner, and that there was no reason for Rose or anybody to worry about what was going to happen. Schepps took this message to Rose, who was at Harry Rosenthal's house. Rose wasn't satisfied. He wanted assurance that Becker had a pull with the District Attorney as well as the Commissioner. So Schepps trotted to Becker again, this time finding the lieutenant at Police Headquarters. So while the detectives were apparently making efforts to find murderers and accomplices, Schepps was calmly chatting with Becker in the office of the strong arm squad, about 100 feet from the entrance of the Detective Bureau.

Becker Said He Had Whitman. "You go back and tell Rose," said Becker, "that I can fix the District Attorney all right. He can't do anything without evidence from the police, can he? Well, he won't get any evidence." "But he has got the number of Shapiro's car," said Schepps, who had been reminded by Rose not to forget this fact. "Well, that'll do him a lot of good, won't it?" Becker said scornfully. "What's he going to get out of that? Libby and Shapiro will stick, and all Rose will be asked about was why he hired the car. He won't be hurt down here."

Schepps looked around and took in the numerous uniformed and plain clothes men that were passing in the corridors and in and out of Becker's office. The prospect wasn't reassuring. He suggested that a lot of trouble would be made over the murder. Becker became angry. "You talk like a fool," he said. "Who gives a damn about a cur like Rosenthal? I tell you I've got this thing fixed. That's good enough, ain't it?" Schepps reported again to Rose, who was weakening. Becker, and again Rose sent him to Becker to suggest that it might be a good thing for Rose to go to headquarters and get the questioning over with. Becker didn't approve of that at all, but Schepps assured him that Rose was half crazy and was apt to do something rash. "Well, if the chump insists let him go," said Becker, talking to Schepps on Wednesday evening in the Becker home. "But tell him not to mention my name. They'll only ask him about the gray car anyway, and he's used that a hundred times."

CITIZENS' COMMITTEE CAN'T MAKE OUT WALDO

The Citizens' Committee, which is engaged in the hunt for graft, sent letters on Monday to District Attorney Whitman, Mayor Gaynor, Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo and Alderman Henry H. Curran, chairman of the City Fathers' Committee, offering to co-operate with them in their efforts to clean the city. Commissioner Waldo was urged to offer an official reward for the capture of Lettie Louie and Gyp the Blood, the two fugitives who still are wanted for the Rosenthal murder. Waldo made no reference to a reward in his reply, and there were strong indications at the headquarters of the Citizens' Committee yesterday that the Police Commissioner's conduct was not understood and that it was anything but pleasing. Allan Robison, chairman of the Citizens' Committee, said yesterday that they were fully determined now to carry on a separate investigation of their own and that they would leave nothing for granted. It was said yesterday that the Department of Accounts might also take up other lines of investigation when it has finished with the newstand grafters. William McMurtre Speer, who has been assigned by Corporation Counsel Watson to act as the special attorney of the Aldermanic Committee, arrived in town from Kingston yesterday.

MRS. ROSE GELDER DEAD

Lafayette, Ind.—Was Former Member of Local Branch.
Local Socialists will be both shocked and surprised to hear of the death of Mrs. Rose Gelder. Mrs. Gelder passed away yesterday in a hospital in Lafayette, Ind., to which she removed from New York about three months ago. Mrs. Gelder succumbed after she had undergone three operations. She will be cremated at Fort Wayne, Ind., tomorrow morning. Mrs. Gelder is survived by four children and her husband, George S. Gelder, a well-known Socialist speaker and writer who was manager of the Meyer London Congressional campaign in 1910. When in this city, Mrs. Gelder was a member of Branch 5, where she was distinguished for her ceaseless activities in the interest of the welfare of her branch. Important party duties were frequently delegated to her, and she will be remembered for her efforts in the interest of the success of Call Fair's Socialist party picnics and similar affairs. She could almost always be seen at protest and mass meetings, selling Socialist literature, making collectors or busy at one of the various scenes connected with such occasions. She was absent from the agitation meetings of her branch and she was a familiar figure at the noon hour meetings which were held last year at Broad and Wall streets, and at the Junction of Spruce and Nassau streets, and she could always be found among the workers for the success of such meetings. When she left New York City the local party organization lost one of its best members and the Socialists of Lafayette were the gainers. In her death the Socialist party and working class of the world has suffered the loss of a tireless and fearless fighter, and her family an affectionate wife and a loving mother.

PATRONIZE CALL ADVERTISERS

PIANO CO-OPERATIVE REPAIRING SHOP
The Piano and Organ Workers' Industrial Union, No. 228, will have, Sept. 1, 1912, etc. Plans at
Reasonable Charges, Guaranteeing Good Work
Will also give information as to quality and worth of new and second hand Pianos of American make. Will repair and tune Pianos of all makes. Also repair and tune Organ, and other instruments. 100 E. 12th St. New York.

ROOSEVELT SCORED BY PENROSE; KNEW OF OIL DONATION

(Continued from page 1.)

the death of Quay, offered him \$1,000,000 or \$2,000,000 if he would favor his ambition to succeed Quay in the Senate. Penrose produced a letter written by Flinn in 1904 to Archibald asking the latter to bring pressure to bear on Penrose so that he would favor Flinn's candidacy. In reply, a cipher message was sent by Flinn to Archibald. Penrose produced both the cipher and the translation.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 21.—The Leader, William Flinn's newspaper, today sent a telegram to United States Senator Boies Penrose and in enclosing a copy of the message said it feared "Penrose might omit some important details in the defense in the Senate today of his relations with the Standard Oil." The Leader wired: "Foles Penrose, Senate Chamber, Washington, D. C.: You are going to explain today why you took \$25,000 from a representative of the Standard Oil Company and what you did with this money. While you are doing this will you explain to the people of Pennsylvania what you did with the funds contributed by the liquor and corporate interests in the different campaigns in this state?"

"This is a matter of equal interest to the people of Pennsylvania and if a progressive Legislature is elected their duty will be to ask you to answer this question. It is of equal importance to you to include this matter in your statement today. Moral issues are eliminating political issues and common honesty will be the test applied by the people."

WHITMAN GOT PARCEL OF MYSTERIOUS POWDER

When District Attorney Whitman returned from Manchester, Vt., last Monday, he found in the mail awaiting him at his home at 37 Madison avenue, a small parcel addressed to him. Whitman tore off the wrapper and exposed a whitish powder. With the powder was a slip of paper marked "granite of potassium." The powder gave off an odor characteristic of granite. He said nothing about the matter until last night, when a friend showed him a letter that a newspaper had received, and asked him if he had heard from the writer. The letter read: "Whitman will never live to see the day when any of his prisoners are indicted. Where it would be foolhardiness to pull the trigger of a revolver or swing a dagger, there the poison will lurk unseen. A sample of what he is going to die from was mailed to him Sunday. He will go the way Rosenthal went."

EBBETS FIELD STILL SCENE OF STRIKE

The strike of the iron workers and painters who walked out from Ebbets Field, the new home of the Dodgers, a Brooklyn, to enforce union conditions continues yesterday with no break in the ranks of the strikers. The contractors have succeeded in securing some strikebreakers through scab employment agencies and they are now at work attempting to evict the grandstand. The Boss Painters' Association of Brooklyn yesterday sent out a call for a meeting to be held at the headquarters of Painters' Union, Local 937, 244 Livingston street, to discuss the strike. The purpose of the meeting is to direct the attention of the public and the union men of Brooklyn to the unfair conditions for painters and iron workers on the new baseball grounds at Bedford avenue and Sullivan street. The workers say that a considerable part of the profits of the Brooklyn baseball Club goes from the pockets of organized workers and that it is a fair and just demand that the work be done under union conditions. A record-breaking attendance is expected to turn out this meeting to express its condemnation of the Brooklyn baseball magnates for employing scabs on its grounds.

SHEET METAL WORKERS VOTE TO AMALGAMATE

The Brotherhood of Sheet Metal Workers, which was formed several months ago as a result of the strike of sheet metal workers, at a meeting last night voted to make an effort to amalgamate with the old union Local 11 of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers International Alliance. The brotherhood was formed on account of the opposition to the administration of Local 11, one of whom is now a fugitive having skipped the city of dollars of the union funds disappeared. Some two weeks ago a letter was received by the Brotherhood from Michael O'Sullivan, president of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' International Alliance, urging them to get back to the international. The letter was tabled at the meeting two weeks ago but the matter was again taken up last night, and it was decided to seek affiliation.

NABS PITTSBURG'S "BIG FOOT"

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 21.—Detective Captain Hanly's "gambler's squad" today broke down the door of a pool room on Diamond street, where books are made on the horse races, and arrested Max Friedman, "Big Foot" Schade, "Knappie" Williams and Joe Goodwin, known as "The Big Foot" Magistrate Kirby immediately charred the prisoners.

