

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

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The New York Call

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

Socialists have no interests separate and apart from the Working Class as a whole.

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NEVADA TO BE FIRST SOCIALIST STATE IN THE UNITED STATES

Victory for Entire Party Ticket Is Almost Certain.

SEIDEL IN THE FRAY

Sending of Troops Against Strikers Will Mark Old Parties' Waterloo.

(Special to The Call.)
RENO, Nev., Oct. 20.—All indications here show that Nevada will be the first State in the Union to go Socialist. It is highly probable that this will be the news at the coming elections.

Emil Seidel, Vice Presidential candidate of the Socialist party, and Socialist Mayor J. Stitt Wilson, of Berkeley, Cal., started last night on the great two-week windup of the State campaign, the result of which will be the carrying of the first State for Socialism. The election of one Congressman, one United States Senator and three Presidential electors is practically certain, it is believed.

Seidel addressed a gigantic rally yesterday afternoon at Fallon, a Socialist stronghold, and was received with remarkable enthusiasm. Wilson in the meantime addressed a great throng at Tonopah.

Both Seidel and Wilson joined forces here last night. The Nevada Socialists point out that with only eleven locals and 101 dues paying members in the entire State they polled in 1910 3,637 out of 20,800 votes. They now have thirty-seven locals with 1,942 members and a complete party ticket in the field in every county in the State. This shows that Nevada has a greater average of party members in proportion to its vote than any other State in the Union.

Owing to the fact that this year presents a four-cornered fight, the chances for the Socialist party are exceedingly bright. "We are going to poll 10,000 votes and carry the entire State ticket to victory," declares Congressional Candidate Worden.

"There is greater enthusiasm here than anywhere I have ever been," was the declaration of Mayor Wilson. The fact that this State has a greater proportion of union men, and radical union men at that, largely accounts for the encouraging prospects for a Socialist landslide in November. There are 17,000 wage workers in the State out of a total of 20,000 voters. Most of these workers are members of the Western Federation of Miners.

The troops and State Constabulary have been ordered out against the striking miners at Ely and McGill. In this act the workers have an object lesson which shows whom the capitalist set into office. The sending of the troops to the strike-affected district is making more voters for Socialism than two scores of speakers could. The Socialists here say that "the only way to defeat us is to shoot the miners out of the State."

The National Campaign Committee, realizing what great possibilities this State holds out for Socialist victories, has decided to spare no efforts and do its utmost to beat the capitalist parties to it on election day. Money is being sent in from the National office to assist in the two weeks of the windup. George H. Goebel and Walter J. Hillard, speakers of national prominence, are now touring the State. Caroline A. Lewis enters the State next week to aid in the fight for woman suffrage.

MAUD MALONE IS PAROLED.

Maud Malone, the determined suffragette, who was bodily carried out of a Democratic meeting at the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, Saturday night, because she insisted on asking Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic Presidential candidate, for his opinion on the question of woman's suffrage, was arraigned in the Adams Street Police Court yesterday and paroled in the custody of her counsel until 2 o'clock Wednesday.

PRINTERS STILL OUT.

The employees of S. N. Katz, printers, rulers and bookbinders, 704 Center street, who went out on strike for higher wages and shorter hours last Wednesday, are still out and are firmer than ever in their demands. The International Union has now full charge of the strike.

EX-COP THROWN FROM AUTO.

John J. O'Brien, a former policeman, living in Elmhurst, was thrown from his automobile at Thompson avenue and Hulst street, yesterday afternoon. Three ribs and his left arm were broken. His machine was wrecked.

VERY GOOD.

Knicker—Have they a library?
Bocker—Yes; a check book, a cook book and dictionary for the baby to sit on.
Knicker—Anything else?
Bocker—Yes. He has a comfortable and elegant suit from John Marsa, the Clothier, 671 Broadway, Brooklyn, "Union Made," for \$12.50.
Knicker—Marsa is O. K.—Adv.

ARREST MARRIED MAN FOR ABDUCTING GIRL

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 20.—Charged with the abduction of an 18-year-old Milwaukee girl, Albert H. Bitter, 37 years old, married, and the father of two children, was arrested here and is being held awaiting the arrival of officers from Milwaukee. Bitter is said to have been the president of the A. R. Miller Piano Manufacturing Company, of Milwaukee.

Since the elopement, sixteen months ago, the girl, Miss Freda Norman, has given birth to a baby girl which is now 5 months old. The couple had been living at Bradley Beach. Miss Norman also is detained at police headquarters. She is the daughter of a Milwaukee letter carrier. Miss Norman was one of Bitter's clerks. Since the elopement, the couple have been in Europe, South America and many cities and towns throughout the United States, according to the story told the police by Miss Norman.

Miss Norman said she had been forced to flee with her employer under threat of death. Bitter will waive extradition and return to Milwaukee with the officers.

THIRTY SAVED FROM SHIP AFIRE AT SEA

Three Vessels, Called by Wireless, Race to Aid of Burning Steamer.

BAITIMORE, Oct. 20.—Forced by fire to abandon their ship on the high seas the thirty passengers on board the Merchants and Marines' steamship Berkshire, bound from Savannah to Philadelphia, were aroused from their beds this morning and loaded into small boats and carried over rough waters to another steamer which had come in response to the Berkshire's wireless call for help.

The fire was discovered Saturday midnight while the Berkshire was breasting the heavy seas kicked up by a strong north wind forty five miles northwest of Cape Lookout, one of the danger spots of the treacherous North Carolina coast.

The Berkshire left Savannah late Friday night with a cargo of general merchandise and passengers. When the fire broke out the Berkshire was some distance from the coast, rolling and tossing, and making but fair headway against the head winds.

When the fire was reported to the captain he realized immediately the necessity of getting to shore as quickly as possible. Ordering all the hatches battened down, he had the wireless operator send out the distress call and immediately turned the ship's nose toward Lookout Cove, a slight harbor back of Cape Lookout.

Three vessels answered the call almost immediately. They were the Cretan, of the same line, which left Baltimore Friday evening for Savannah; the Apache, of the Clyde Line, and another vessel, and soon came in sight of the burning liner. The Cretan followed, and both stood by to offer what assistance they could. It was 1 o'clock when the Apache reached the side of the Berkshire. Two hours later the vessel dropped anchor in the less turbulent waters of the cove, the other two ships immediately behind her.

It was still dark, but the work of transferring the passengers was begun immediately.

There was no sign of a panic and the passengers had abundant time to take their valuables with them.

AUTOS BREAK LEGS OF TWO BRONX BOYS

Two boys roller skating in the Bronx yesterday afternoon were knocked down by automobiles and their legs were broken. One of them, Benjamin Resowitz, 6 years old, of 1503 Charlotte street, was injured by the machine of Dr. B. J. Kantrowitz, of 1018 East 163d street. The doctor and his friend, Dr. J. Sleeman, of 3012 Charlotte street, who was in the car with him, carried the lad to his home and gave him medical attention. His right thigh was fractured.

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GREEKS BEAT TURKS; TAKE SEVEN GUNS

Capture Eighty Prisoners. Montenegrins Take Plava and Gussinje.

ATHENS, Oct. 20.—Bayonet and cavalry charges sealed the Greek victory in the fighting at Elasona, Thessaly. As the Turks were menaced at the same time by an attack on their flank, they fled, abandoning seven guns. The Greeks captured eighty prisoners, besides many wounded.

Twenty-five hundred Cretan soldiers arrived here yesterday for service with the Greek army.

PALERMO, Oct. 20.—Four Greek torpedo boat destroyers, conveying transports which are carrying war material, arrived here today. They took on food supplies and sailed under armed orders.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 20.—Eleven Greek warships are reported to be off the island of Lemnos. This island belongs to Turkey and is in the Grecian archipelago.

PODGORITZA, Oct. 20.—The Montenegrins have captured Plava and Gussinje on the route to Scutari. Seven battalions of irregulars have been raised in the neighborhood of Berana, in the sanjak of Novi-Bazar, in behalf of the allies.

SOFIA, Oct. 20.—It is reported that the bombardment of the forts at Adrianople has begun. These forts are old works which have recently been remodeled and armed with twelve centimeter and fifteen centimeter guns.

CARRIE W. ALLEN HAS CAPACITY AUDIENCE

The doors of Metropolitan Saenger Hall, Watkins street and Pitkin avenue, Brownsville, had to be closed ten minutes after they had been opened last night because more than 1,000 persons filled it to its capacity to hear Carrie W. Allen, Socialist party candidate for Secretary of State, and Barnett Wolf, Congressional candidate from the 10th District.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the 23d Assembly District of Local Kings County of the Socialist party, and is one of a great series of indoor meetings planned for the few remaining days of the campaign.

Both speakers were received with great enthusiasm and the interest of the audience in the subject of Socialism became evident when it was found that more than \$25 worth of literature had been disposed of.

TEXAS TO GO AFTER MOVING PICTURE TRUST

AUSTIN, Tex., Oct. 20.—Attorney General James D. Walthall said today that he would have charge of the prosecution of the suit filed at Beaumont against the companies charged with being in the alleged moving picture trust. The petition alleges that the trust has been operating in Texas since 1908.

The possible penalties aggregate \$5,000,000 and the defendant companies may be forever enjoined from doing business in this State. The defendants are the Motion Picture Patents Company, General Film Company, Biograph Company, Thomas A. Edison, Essanay Film Manufacturing Company, George Klein, Lubin Manufacturing Company, Kalem Company, Pathé Freres, Selig Polyscope Company, Vitaphone Company of America, Armat Moving Picture Company, Frank L. Dyer, Henry N. Navarin, J. J. Kennedy, William Pelzer, Samuel Long, J. A. Berst, Sigismund Lubin, Gacto Melch, Albert E. Smith, George K. Spoor and W. N. Selig.

GOT 6 CENTS DAMAGES.

Miss Blanche Edwards, daughter of the late Colonel Edwards, one of the founders of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in Ridgewood, N. J., won 6 cents damages in her suit for slander to recover \$500 from Walter Ely, of Hackensack, secretary of the Bergen County S. P. C. A.

HAT PIN POISONS MILLINER.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Oct. 20.—While trimming a hat and adjusting it for a customer, Miss Florence Ready ran a long hat pin into her thumb. The hand swelled and before she could reach a hospital for treatment blood poisoning developed. Even if she recovers, the surgeons say, it may be necessary to amputate her thumb.

COULDN'T LAY CORNER STONE.

The inability of all the members of the board of trustees of the Montclair (N. J.) Art Association to assemble yesterday caused the postponement of the laying of the corner stone of the new municipal art gallery and museum until yesterday.

LOOKING FOR BAIL JUMPER.

The Bergen County (N. J.) authorities are searching for Allegre Suggs, of Lodi, whose bail of \$1,000 was forfeited on Saturday when he failed to appear for a hearing on charges of shooting Frank Marmola about a month ago.

2,000 BLOCK STREET TO HEAR SOCIALIST AT LITTLE FALLS

Authorities Say They Have Enough Notoriety Already.

ORGANIZE NEW LOCAL

Ovation Greet Lunn's Triumphant Return to Schenectady.

(Special to The Call.)

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 20.—The officials here, apparently scared by the remarkable determination of the Socialists to fight for their constitutional right of free speech, have decided not to stop the Socialist party meeting in Clinton Park tomorrow.

The Mayor, Chief of Police and the Sheriff have passed the word around that they have about received all the notoriety they wanted and that hereafter they will not interfere with Socialist meetings. It remains to be seen, however, whether the mill owners can bring pressure to bear on them to change their mind overnight.

The general impression here is that Clinton Park tomorrow will not be the scene of the disgraceful performance of the last few days. At any rate, the workers here will give the Socialist party standardbearers a rousing welcome, such as they have not received anywhere up-State.

It is evident that the workers of this town and the rest of the population are fully in sympathy with the fight the Socialists are putting up here. Last night more than 3,000 persons blocked the streets for two hours listening to State Organizer John T. Vauxha, and as a result a good local of the Socialist party was organized here today.

The first of the indoor meetings was held with Sigurd Russell, a French Socialist organizer, and Otto Endres, of Utica, as speakers. A meeting scheduled for this noon at Clinton Park was abandoned on the advice of U. Solomon, State Secretary of the Socialist party, so as not to interfere with tomorrow's demonstration.

Several thousand people were in the park waiting for hours for the speakers to arrive, but had to go home disappointed when they learned that the meeting will be held tomorrow.

No Sheriffs or policemen were in evidence.

(Special to The Call.)

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Oct. 20.—The reception that greeted the arrival of Mayor George R. Lunn and his fellow prisoners from Little Falls here last night was inspiring. More than 5,000 citizens stood for hours about the railroad station and awaited the arrival of the free speech champions.

When the train finally arrived the throng organized itself into marching order, four to each line, and with the paroled prisoners at the head of the parade marched through the leading city streets.

Later on a meeting was held on Barnet street, with Mayor Lunn, Simmons, Robert A. Bakeman and Phil Callery as speakers. This was one of the biggest street meetings ever held in this city. There were no fewer than 10,000 persons in the audience and a collection of \$250 was realized for the campaign fund.

In the meantime the Bull Moosers had a monster rally at Crescent Park with only eighteen persons in the audience. The sentiment here is very strong for the Socialist party, and there is not the least doubt that the county will be carried by the Socialists with an equal chance of sending Lunn to Congress.

ASKS JUDGE TO REDUCE FINE.

When Thomas Wayland, of 237 East 17th street, was convicted yesterday of playing dice and fined \$1, he pleaded with Magistrate Kermoahan, in the West Side Court, to make it 55 cents, declaring it was all the money he had. The Magistrate told him he was not running a bargain counter and refused his request, whereupon a sympathetic lawyer contributed 25 cents. Wayland took it, paid his fine, and was released.

DEBS AT RUTGERS SQUARE.

On to Rutgers Square this noon! The greatest open air meeting ever held in New York is to take place today. Eugene V. Debs, Socialist party candidate for the Presidency, will be the principal speaker at this rally.

A special platform has been erected for this historic meeting. The event will be held under the auspices of the East Side Campaign Committee of the Socialist party.

The other speakers will be Meyer London, candidate for Congress from the 12th District; Abraham Cahan, editor of the Forward; and William Karlin, Socialist party candidate for the Assembly from the 8th Assembly District.

PLAYING WITH GUN, GIRL KILLS YOUTH

Aims Weapon at Young Man Who Had Dared Her to Shoot.

Eleven-year-old Jennie Winters, daughter of David Winters, of Mahwah, N. J., accidentally shot and killed Leon Hammond, 22 years old, yesterday afternoon during a foolhardy frolic started by Hammond with an old-fashioned gun, which he took for granted wasn't loaded. The charge entered his body under the right arm and he died instantly. It was so apparent to County Physician Samuel E. Armstrong that the child was blameless that he refused to order an inquest. The girl was not placed under arrest.

Hammond was employed as a mechanic at the American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company's plant, not far from the village boundary line, between Mahwah and Suffern, N. Y. He boarded with Mrs. John Harris on the Island road. Mrs. Harris is crippled and the Winters girl was in the habit of dropping in and helping her with the dishes. Hammond was fond of the child and frequently joked with her as she busied herself about the house.

When the young man reached the house after leaving the shops he washed and shaved, after which he began to "jolly" the little housekeeper.

The family gun, which hadn't been used in an age, stood in a corner of the general living room, and Hammond, having nothing else to do, picked it up. Then he walked to a chair, sat down and placed the weapon across his knee.

According to the story told later by Jennie, Hammond handed the gun to her and said:

"I dare you to shoot me."

The girl laughed at the joke of such a thing.

"I double dare you," Hammond exclaimed. Whereupon the girl, believing firmly that it wouldn't go off, raised the gun, squinted along the barrel and pulled the trigger. There was an explosion and Hammond fell forward.

The girl ran in great distress to her home, a short distance from the Harris house, and told her mother what had happened, and a call was sent to the nearest physician for Mr. Hammond.

Albert Winters, a prominent Mahwah business man, who employs the girl's father as a driver, telephoned to the County Physician at Rutherford, and Dr. Armstrong went to Mahwah. Albert Winters and David Winters are not related.

Under Sheriff Robert M. Heath of Bergen County and Coroner Charles Rhoads of Ramsey made official investigations, and both were satisfied that the dead man was to blame for the tragedy for "skylarking" with a loaded gun and daring the child to shoot.

It is reported here that Hammond was engaged to be married to a young woman living at Suffern.

BOY KILLED, FATHER INJURED BY AUTO

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 20.—A little boy was killed and his father seriously injured in an automobile accident in Morris avenue near the Elizabeth city line. The boy, Vincent Hauck, 3 years old, was killed outright. His father, Clarence J. Hauck, of 572 Cherry street, received deep gashes about the head and face and probable internal injuries. He was removed to the General Hospital. An infant daughter, who was in a baby carriage, escaped injury, although the carriage was totally demolished.

The accident occurred when George S. Mahoney, of 200 Haventon avenue, Port Richmond, N. J., who was driving a touring car, attempted to steer clear of a machine driven by Dr. T. E. Bleick, of 433 Elizabeth avenue, this city. He cleaned Bleick's car, but ran his own machine into the gutter on the west side of the avenue.

Hauck, with his two children, were taking a stroll. Before the father or boy could get out of the way the big touring car ran into them, knocking down the father and the 3-year-old boy and tossing the infant from the carriage.

The wheels of the big machine driving over the boy, killing him almost instantly. The father was pinned beneath the machine.

EXPLODING AUTO TANK INJURES 20 IN FRISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20.—Over twenty persons, including members of the Volunteer and Paid Fire Department and the Mayor, were seriously injured today in Petaluma as the result of explosion of a gasoline tank of an automobile.

The car caught fire during a demonstration in a garage, and it was promptly pushed into the street. A great crowd gathered, and suddenly, without any warning, the tank exploded, tearing the machine to pieces.

Firemen and others were struck by pieces of wood and machinery and were horribly burned by the dumping gasoline. The Mayor, William Zartmann, and two of the Fire Department were severely hurt. The explosion was felt for many blocks and many plate glass windows were broken.

CLERK HURT BY AUTOMOBILE.

An unidentified automobile dangerously injured George Lang, 19 years old, a clerk, of 249 Hart street, Williamsburg, at Broadway and Wall about street, early yesterday. Two women were in the car, which was rapidly driven away.

BIG JERSEY CROWDS ADDRESSED BY DEBS

DIX ORDERS THAT FREE SPEECH BE UPHELD

ALBANY, Oct. 20.—Governor Dix today sent the following message to the Mayor of Little Falls and to the Sheriff of Herkimer County:

"Your attention is invited to the fact that the Constitution of the State of New York guarantees the right of free speech and the right of people peacefully to assemble and discuss public questions. The people of the State of New York look to you to see that those rights are not unnecessarily curtailed, but are respected in spirit as well as in letter, within your jurisdiction."

MAY TAKE STAND IN OWN DEFENSE

Becker to Be Called "In All Human Probability," Says Attorney.

Lieut. Charles A. Becker will take the witness stand in his own defense some time this week "in all human probability," according to his chief counsel, John F. McIntyre. There has been doubt whether the police lieutenant, who is on trial for his life on the charge of murdering the gambler, Herman Rosenthal, would be called as a witness in his own behalf. McIntyre, as late as Saturday, declined to make any positive statement, one way or the other. Yesterday, however, he had made up his mind and made the statement unreservedly, unless the phrase, "in all human probability," leaves room for reservation.

Mrs. Becker is not likely to take the stand, so far as the present plans of the defense go. The question of her testimony, however, hinges largely upon what her husband is permitted or compelled to testify to. The chief value of which Becker as a witness to the defense would be a corroborative witness of telephone conversations of her husband with other persons. Should these telephone conversations be excluded, as there seems to be reason to believe they will be, there will be no occasion for the wife of the lieutenant to take the stand. Should they be admitted upon Becker's testimony, then his wife will be called to back up the lieutenant. This, so far as the counsel for the defense knows at present, is the only purpose to which the testimony of Mrs. Becker could be put.

The defense will make an effort this week to put in testimony tending to show that it was not one of the "gunmen" who fired the shot which killed Herman Rosenthal, but Harry Vallon, one of the State's witnesses, who, according to the stipulation presented by District Attorney Whitman on Saturday, received a grant of immunity from the State. McIntyre declined yesterday to go into details about the testimony which might be offered regarding Vallon beyond saying that witnesses had offered themselves against Vallon.

The case probably will go over to the first or next week. McIntyre said yesterday that he did not believe he would be able to finish the taking of testimony by the defense, with the cross-examination, by Wednesday night, as had been announced on Saturday. McIntyre expressed the opinion that it would take all day Friday and Friday night to finish with the witnesses for the defense, presuming that night sessions are held through the coming week. In this event, Mr. McIntyre hopes that Justice Goff will not demand that the summing up be done the following morning, but that time will be granted to prepare for the summing up by adjourning from Friday over to Monday.

If both sides sum up that day the case could go to the jury Monday night or Tuesday morning.

There was a rumor about town yesterday that witnesses are being examined before the Grand Jury with regard to the alleged grafting operations of Lieutenant Becker, and that testimony in this connection had progressed to a degree that it would not be surprising if an indictment were handed down against Becker on a grafting charge before the week is over.

At all three meetings the auditoriums were appropriately decorated. The warm, pulsing color of red was liberally present. Around the walls and from the balconies of the three auditoriums hung red banners from Socialist party locals, trade unions and other progressive organizations.

In spite of constant and rigorous campaigning, yesterday found Debs in splendid condition. Each speech was delivered with a fervor that held the hearers rapt.

At the meeting in Jersey City, Debs sealed the very pinnacle of eloquence. In an address that endured for almost two hours, he lashed, in language which abounded in scintillating phrases, the capitalist political parties until they were figuratively stripped into ribbons.

As Debs stepped upon the platform, of Elks' Hall, a little girl was lifted upon it from the audience, and she presented Debs with a large bouquet of red roses. Debs drew the little girl to him and kissed her. The audience cheered until it was hoarse.

With the deafening roar of the ovation were mingled the strains of the inspiring "Marseillaise."

A man rose from the audience and yelled, "Best regards from Philadelphia." There were large delegations in the hall from neighboring places.

Every One Talking Socialism.

"It is a noteworthy fact," began Debs, "that almost everyone is talking Socialism this year. Socialism is, in truth, the only living issue of the campaign."

He here recalled his first visit to Jersey City about seventeen years ago, when, he said, Socialists were the objects of either contempt or pity. "What a difference now," he commented, as he remarked upon the remarkable growth in Socialist sentiment during that span.

"Before entering further into this discussion," continued Debs, "let me have you understand that there is nothing which I can do for you. But while I can do little or nothing for you, there is nothing which you cannot do for yourselves as working people."

"All that is necessary is that you should come to understand that you have brains as well as hands and that you can think as well as work. And when you realize your economic and political power nothing on this earth, beneath the stars can stand between you and your emancipation. In urging his hearers to recognize that there is no place in the Socialist party, which he declared is the only

unrestrained enthusiasm greets Debs. When Debs appeared upon the platform of each of the places where he spoke, those who had gathered to listen to him received him with unrestrained enthusiasm. In each case the ovation was remarkable for its intensity and persistency. The great gatherings cheered, stamped, applauded, waved red ribbons, handkerchiefs, banners and flags until exhaustion subdued them.

working class political organization in the nation, he said: "George Washington Perkins, John Pierpont Morgan, Archibald, Munsey and others like them do not vote the Socialist ticket. They know that the Socialist party is not theirs. But you do not yet know that it is yours."

Capitalists Couldn't Elect Constable.

In dwelling upon the numerical strength of the workers, Debs provided much merriment when he said: "Why, the capitalists couldn't even elect a constable, they're so few."

He said that he had been a spectator at the last Republican convention. He failed to note there, declared Debs, a single delegate who came from the working class. "But there were plenty of silk-hatted and kid-gloved boodlers and grafters," he added.

The same condition, went on Debs, as regards the absence of delegates who were workmen, was present at the convention of the Democrats and the so-called Progressives.

"And this is nothing surprising," he interpolated. "For a worker would be as sadly out of place at either of these places as Morgan would be in the Socialist party."

"Tell me by whom a party is financed and I will tell you unerringly who controls it. This is the infallible test. The three capitalist parties are financed by the same sources, stand for the same system, represent the same class, and whether one or the other of them shall succeed to power there will be no material change in conditions as far as the workers of this nation are concerned. While the capitalist parties have done nothing for you in all the time they have been in office, they have done everything for your masters, and all to keep you in subjection."

"The so-called Progressive party is only an additional evidence of the fact that the old parties are so corrupt that their own members can no longer bear the stench of them."

Two Old Parties Breaking Up.

"Let us not be deceived about the significance of the so-called Progressive party. It means that the two old capitalist parties are breaking up because the capitalist system is breaking down."

"Whatever there is that is really progressive in the so-called Progressive party, whatever really progressive strain there is in it, will ultimately find its way directly into the Socialist party."

"No half-way political party of policy is possible. There are two principal classes in this country and a political party must take its stand either with one or the other. And because there are really only two classes, there can only be two real parties."

Referring to an article by President Taft in a current magazine, in which he pleads good government, Debs harked back to the days when Taft was a Supreme Court Justice, and when he issued an injunction, the first injunction, which paralyzed a great labor strike. For this act of service to the capitalist class, said Debs, he was later made President.

"Is this what President Taft means by 'good government'?" he asked. Debs dwelled for a while on the attempt upon the life of Theodore Roosevelt in Milwaukee a few days ago. "It wouldn't have occurred," he said, "if the Socialists could have prevented it. The Socialists abhor murderous violence, and that is one of the reasons why they are opposed to the capitalist system."

He denounced the capitalist press for trying to make it appear that Roosevelt's assailant was a Socialist.

Would Like to Analyze T. R.

He then recited a few of the acts in the official career of Roosevelt which stamp him as the foe of the workers. "I have not time," said Debs, "to go minutely into his record. But nothing would please me better than that he were sound, well and uninjured and with me upon this platform. I would then like to analyze for him and his own information his own record." The audience cheered and applauded this remark enthusiastically.

Referring to the manner in which Roosevelt plied Debs with the Socialist platform, Debs said: "These are the planks which he four years ago denounced as treason and anarchy."

In the midst of a plea for woman suffrage, and Roosevelt's abrupt conversion to the idea, Debs declared that 1,500,000 new vote in the United States. "Roosevelt needs these votes in his business," he added.

Before closing, Debs discussed briefly the trial of Joseph J. Ettor, Arturo M. Giovannitti and Joseph Caruso. He also referred to the free speech fight of Socialist Mayor Lunn of Schenectady and others at Little Falls, N. Y.

He closed with an eloquent plea for greater unity of the workers upon the economic and political fields.

James M. Reilly presided at the Jersey City meeting.

He introduced Debs as the "leading American spokesman of the working class, and one who has not hesitated to face imprisonment for that class."

Henry Carlisle spoke. A collection of \$117.50 was taken up. The literature sales were most encouraging. There was singing by the United Workmen's Singing Societies of Hudson County and by Mrs. J. W. Gates. Mrs. Gates was accompanied on the piano by her daughter, Elizabeth Gates. Mrs. Gates also sang at both meetings in Elizabeth. The singing in both cities was received with vociferous demands for repeated encores.

The Elizabeth meetings were presided over by George J. Reiss, who is a Councilman there and the Socialist candidate for Mayor. The prospects for further Socialist victories in Elizabeth are very encouraging.

DEBS SEES GREAT SOCIALIST GAINS

Movement Has Grown Tremendously, He Says—Predicts Democratic Split.

(By Laffan News Bureau.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Eugene V. Debs, the Socialist candidate for President, has covered practically the entire United States on his stumping tour and has had exceptional opportunities for sizing up the political situation. He said in an interview here today that Governor Wilson will not get the intelligent labor vote in the country. Debs regards President Taft as practically eliminated as a possibility.

Debs predicts an immense gain in the Socialist vote. He says that the dues paying membership in the Socialist party has quadrupled in the last four years. The Socialist candidate voiced an opinion that recently has been expressed by many political observers of all faiths here that Wilson, if the Democrats win, will certainly be confronted by as serious a split in his own party as now exists in the Republican ranks.

"The outlook from a Socialist viewpoint is most encouraging," said Debs. "The meetings in this campaign are by far larger than they have ever been before, indicating the rapid spread of Socialism and the substantial progress of the Socialist movement."

"In most of the large cities, East and West, North and South, the greatest auditoriums have been taxed to their capacity, and this becomes all the more remarkable when the fact is considered that an admission fee is paid by every one who attends these meetings."

Big Increase Certain.

"That there will be a decided increase in the Socialist vote this fall goes without saying. Four years ago, with a dues paying membership of about 40,000, the Socialist party polled almost 500,000 votes. This year the party has almost quadrupled its membership, and estimating the increase upon the same relative basis, it can be seen at a glance that the Socialist party this year will quite likely poll a vote sufficient to stamp it as a permanent factor in American politics."

"We are frequently asked if the progressive movement will reduce the Socialist vote to any considerable extent. Doubtless it will, for the reason that it will take from us many who have more or less pronounced Socialist tendencies but are not yet far enough advanced to avow themselves members of the Socialist party."

"But this does not mean that the Progressive party will get any Socialist votes. On the contrary, it is well understood by Socialists. If not by others, that the Socialists are politically uncompromising, and that they steadfastly support their own party to the exclusion of all others. The full-fledged Socialist knows no personal considerations when it comes to his duty to his party and his devotion to the Socialist movement."

"The appeal of Woodrow Wilson in behalf of the Democratic party will fall upon deaf ears as far as the intelligent workers of the country are concerned. They are pretty familiar with the record the Democratic party has made wherever and whenever it has been in power so far as the working class is concerned."

"These workers are not overlooking the fact that in all his public career Mr. Wilson had never uttered a single word until he became a candidate that could be construed as being friendly to the cause of the toilers and producers of the nation."

Wilson Union Labor's Enemy.

"On the contrary, he has taken advantage of his high position as a public educator to stamp the labor union, the only means of the toilers' defense, as an enemy of society. The claim is now being made for him that he has a friendly feeling for working people, but it is too late in the day to do him any political good. His record speaks for itself and there is nothing in it to appeal to the intelligence of the great class who work for a living and who furnish the majority of the votes which elect Presidents and all other public officials."

"During the last six weeks we have been in all of the States with four or five exceptions, and our observation upon the whole is that Mr. Taft is practically eliminated from this campaign. The reason for this is that a progressive spirit has seized upon the masses of our people, and they are seething with discontent that is finding expression in a new political alignment throughout the country."

"The average man realizes that big interests represented typically by Mr. Taft have fastened their grip upon the nation's industries and the nation's politics, and that something must be done to break their strangle hold if any relief is to come to the common people. Mr. Taft is preeminently conservative and stands for what there is and for what there has been in government and in laws, and because of this fact many thousands who formerly supported him are now deserting his standard and going over to the Progressives, if not to the Socialist party."

"It is beyond question that we have reached a point in the industrial and social evolution where a change of

an organic nature must be made if the liberties of the people are not to be wholly destroyed. The fact is too flagrantly evident to admit of doubt that the nation's industries, that is to say, the means of life of the great masses of the people, are in the private control of a relative few, who because of this fact are the economic masters of those who work and the real rulers of the nation.

"Such tremendous power cannot remain permanently lodged in the hands of a plutocracy.

"This would mean industrial despotism, and, in fact, the death of the republic. It is this fact that is primarily responsible for the widespread discontent which now prevails and which will never subside until relief comes to the people, and this can come only through a readjustment of industrial and social relations and through such a reorganization of society as will make it possible for the people themselves to control their industries to freely employ themselves and to enjoy the fruit of their labor."

"That Mr. Roosevelt has been the victim of a murderous assault is of course regrettable, but this should not interfere with the activities of the campaign. Mr. Roosevelt happily is now recovering, and from present indications will soon himself be on the platform again. In his interview following the attack upon him, he rightly said that persons are relatively unimportant and that principles amount to everything."

"If I were to be similarly attacked, I would not wish any change of program to take place, nor should I expect my opponents to relax their energies in combating the principles for which I stand. The trouble in the past has been that the people have overestimated the importance of individuals to the neglect of the principles and issues in which they are far more vitally interested."

"The Republican party here has been torn in twain and the Progressives are making a most vigorous and aggressive fight for control. The Democrats are united as far as such incongruous elements can be united because only the prospect of winning their way into office.

"Should the Democratic party succeed to power, it will in all likelihood be that party's last appearance in power, for as certainly as that day comes it will mark its wide open rupture and disintegration."

"The split that has taken place in the Republican party before the election will then be duplicated on a more pronounced scale after the election by the Democratic party. It is only the prospect of the spoils of office that prevents that party from being rent asunder by its conflicting elements even before the election."

DIES FROM POISON GIVEN BY MISTAKE

Following Tragedy in Hospital, Nurse in Attendance on Dead Woman Lapses into Unconsciousness.

Mrs. Alice Haight, a patient in the Yonkers Homeopathic Hospital, died there early yesterday morning from the effects of a poison supposedly administered in mistake for a medicine, and Miss Florence Harris, the nurse who was attending her, was so overcome when she saw the patient die that she fell into a state of unconsciousness from which up to a late hour last night it has been impossible to arouse her.

The hospital authorities have begun an investigation, but because of their inability to get any statement from Miss Harris, are much at a loss as to how to proceed. A statement was issued that Mrs. Haight appears to have been given oxalic acid, but how the poison came to be in the hospital is a mystery. It is not used by the physicians or nurses, nor is it kept in stock at the hospital pharmacy. The only explanation offered is that possibly a cleaner left it in the room.

Mrs. Haight was the wife of Abram H. Haight, a machinist for the Otis Elevator Company, who lives at 8 Yonkers avenue. Three days ago she gave birth to a baby boy. Miss Florence Harris, who has been a student at the hospital for the last two years and who is considered a competent nurse, was in attendance on the patient. A few moments before 6 o'clock yesterday morning Miss Harris summoned the night supervisor of the hospital and told him that her patient had begun to vomit violently immediately after drinking from a solution of Epsom salts. The resident physician and the attending physician were called quickly and everything was done to relieve Mrs. Haight, but she died within ten minutes.

No sooner was it announced that Mrs. Haight was dead than Miss Harris, who had remained in the room, swooned. The physicians immediately turned their attentions to her. She became unconscious, and although throughout the day efforts were made to revive her, she showed no sign of response to the various reflex action tests that were applied. Her condition gave the hospital authorities considerable concern.

PLAN TO RUN GROCERY STORE.

Consumers' Association of Queens County in Flourishing Condition.

Prospective results were reported at the executive meeting of the Consumers' Association of Queens County. The membership has increased to nearly fifty, and it is very likely that within a few months will reach 200, and then a grocery store business will be started.

Contracts for delivery of coal and potatoes to its members have been very advantageously negotiated. The next meeting of the association will take place Friday, October 25, at 8 p.m. in Glock's Hall, Woodward avenue and Linden street, Queens.

All those desiring particulars regarding the aims and objects of the association are welcome to attend this meeting, where they will be given full information.

RUSSIA NEEDS MORE PRISONS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 20.—The construction of eighteen new prisons is necessary to accommodate the increasing number of political prisoners, says the Chief Prisons Administration in presenting its budget for the ensuing year. The Minister of Justice will ask the Fourth Duma, which is to meet November 26, for an appropriation of \$5,000,000 for this purpose.

ALL ANXIOUS TO HEAR DEBS SPEAK

Socialist Candidate Will Stir Brooklynites at Two Meetings Wednesday.

Since Brooklynites learned of the exceptional treat in store at the two monster Debs meetings to be held next Wednesday in the Labor Lyceum, 249 Willoughby avenue, and Prospect Hall, Prospect and Fifth avenues, Socialists, near-Socialists and anti-labor unionists and progressives (not of the Bull Moose variety) are on the qui vive. Not without cause, for nobody is going to be disappointed.

At the Labor Lyceum, in addition to the speech by Eugene V. Debs, the audience will have an opportunity of hearing W. F. Ries, author of "Men and Mules," "Heads and Hands," "Roosevelt Exposes Socialism," etc.

These books have run into the million circulation class and are being discussed by everyone, from President to ward heeler. Ries is a graduate of the Bogart School of Oratory, a Lyceum lecturer, and a spellbinder of national reputation. Mrs. J. W. Gates will render vocal selections that will not fall to warm the hearts of Socialists and non-Socialists alike. William Mackenzie will also speak, and Charles S. Vanderporten will boss the show.

Dr. Charles L. Farman will preside at the Prospect Hall meeting and here also a very enjoyable and instructive evening is assured. For the first time in this section, Arthur Morrow Lewis, lecturer, debater, editor and author, whose Garrick Theater lectures have made his name familiar to every Socialist, will speak for our cause. No thoughtful man can afford to miss this opportunity. Bring your doubting Thomas friend.

Ethel Montrose-Greenway, vocalist and an ardent Socialist, will entertain the audience in this section by a rendition of some old Scotch ballads. She gives her voice and services wholeheartedly, and unreservedly as her part toward establishing the Co-operative Commonwealth. Gifted with truly wonderful power of song, she holds vast audiences entranced, as in the case of 20,000 people who listened to her in the auditoriums in Milwaukee.

Everything has been done that intelligence and forthright could suggest to make both these meetings represent a red let-



ETHEL MONTROSE-GREENWAY.

ter day in the local movement. Tickets have sold like hot cakes, and only a few 50 cent and \$1 seats remain unsold. These can be secured by prompt application to County headquarters. Now hurry if you want them.

Overflow meetings are expected and provided for at both places, and every Brooklyn Socialist is expected to be at his or her post. (New York comrades not barred.) Organizer Lindgren says: "All committees must be on hand promptly at 7 and report to their chairmen in order to familiarize themselves with their work. Now, comrades, all together for success with a capital S."

WILL TRY TO SECURE COMPENSATION LAW

In a statement now being sent out by the New York Association for Labor Legislation the attention of all candidates for the State Senate and Assembly is being directed to the peculiar situation in New York State in relation to a workmen's compensation act.

Paul Kennaday, the secretary of the association, yesterday explained what action is needed in this State in order to secure the enactment of a satisfactory compensation law.

"In the new famous Ives case," said Kennaday, "the Court of Appeals declared unconstitutional the limited workman's compensation act passed by the Wainwright Commission here in New York. As a result of this workmen's compensation legislation, as we had hoped to be, we have been left behind by a dozen States already."

"Before we can sweep all this aside, and do here what they have done, for example, in Washington or Wisconsin," Kennaday continued, "there is no escape from the slow process of amending our State Constitution. Under our Constitution an amendment, before it can be submitted to the people for ratification, must be passed in identical form by the Senate and Assembly and then be referred for a second passage to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators. Thus, as this is a year in which Senators are elected, the Legislature of 1913, by passing the constitutional amendment which went through the last Legislature, can submit this amendment to a referendum next year. Then this long overdue legislation may be enacted early in 1914."

LEADER OF THE ALLIED ARMIES IN THE WAR WITH TURKEY—HIS QUEEN. HOW WAR NEWS IS RECEIVED IN SERBIA



CROWD WATCHING WAR BULLETINS IN BELGRADE.

Ferdinand, ruler of the Bulgars, has been chosen by the Balkan nations to lead the allied forces in the war against Turkey. The cities of the Balkan States are all wrought up over the war, and the bulletin boards are constantly surrounded by great throngs eager for the latest news.

J. EADS HOW DESCRIBES HOW EUROPE AIDS ITS UNEMPLOYED

Yesterday afternoon the Brotherhood Welfare Association held a mass meeting at the Manhattan Lyceum, 64 East 4th street. J. Eads How, national chairman of the Committee of the Unemployed, and Max Kaufman, organizer of Branch 5, Local New York, of the Socialist party, gave addresses. Louis Braun was chairman and Alexander Law was secretary of the meeting.

Chairman Braun introduced How as a man who gave up his profession of doctor of medicine, when he saw that he could accomplish more for humanity by striking at the causes of sickness rather than by simply curing those who came to him for medical aid. That therefore he was endeavoring to build up a national organization of the unemployed, that would eventually be strong enough to demand of the government the same right to shelter and food that horses on our streets obtain. The chairman said that a man like How was worthy of at least some measure of sympathy and honor for his work of stimulating public spirit to take notice of the prevailing misery due to the thousands of men now unemployed throughout the country.

How spoke chiefly of his three months' trip in Europe, from which he has just returned. He started from New York in the middle of July, landed in Glasgow, crossed the Channel to Hamburg, toured the south of Germany as a tramp, sleeping in the municipal lodging houses when necessary, and finally reached Berlin. He kept in touch with the four estates, he called the drifting mass of the proletariat, throughout his stay, and he found unemployment quite prevalent in the European countries that he visited. Conditions were better, however, there than in the United States, because the representatives of the working class in the different legislative bodies had forced their governments to build lodging houses and pass laws to benefit the unemployed.

In Zurich, Switzerland, How attended a conference for labor legislation. He noticed that whereas the United States thought it necessary to send college professors and doctors, the countries of Europe sent workmen, who did better and more sincere work than our professional representatives. Paris he liked the best of any city that he saw, because of the political activity that he noticed among the workmen, and he felt that the new force of syndicalism was bound to make itself felt in France and in the other countries. While in England he saw more suffering among the working class than he had ever seen anywhere before.

The fact that they have forty-one labor men in the House of Commons, while we have only one in our Congress, Victor L. Berger, was what made possible the recently enacted laws for the immediate benefit of the working class.

Kaufman, the next speaker, gave a spirited address, in which he showed that as long as the capitalist system existed, so long would underpayment and unemployment exist. He said that it was necessary for the unemployed working men and women to organize politically and in their unions, in order that they may obtain the right to fight capital, tooth and nail, and thereby win their rights as individuals. He said that the Socialist party would back them up in all their demands, now and for all time.

Refreshments were then served, consisting of a big supply of "Java," "punk" and "doughboys."

SUBMITS REPORT ON TITANIC FUND

Director of Relief Committee States Circumstances of Nine Families Assisted.

W. Frank Persons, director of the Red Cross Emergency Relief Committee, has made his report as to the distribution of the \$9,000 raised at the benefit performance at the Metropolitan Opera House last April for the families of victims of the Titanic disaster. Amos Pinchot was chairman of that performance, at which a gross sum of \$11,856 was raised. It was suggested that some of this be set apart as a donation to the members of the Titanic's band and firemen and the rest be sent to Persons.

Persons in his report states the circumstances of nine families of victims to each of whom \$1,000 was given from the contribution, and says that each of these families has received or will receive gifts from other sources sufficient to carry out an appropriate plan for their permanent relief.

An artist who was just coming into a career of great promise had gone to Europe to execute an important commission and was returning on the Titanic. He was lost with his sketches and left a wife and children.

A newly married couple were coming to this country to make their permanent home here. The husband was lost in the wreck. A child has been born to the wife. When she leaves the hospital she will take a place at service in the country, where she can have her baby with her.

A widow 48 years old lost her 19-year-old daughter, who had been of help in supporting the family. She has four children surviving, all of whom are in delicate health, and she has now the support of the entire family on her hands. She has broken down under the strain and can no longer work at her washing for six days a week.

The widow of an oil operator who was lost and who left three children, one of whom is a cripple and the other an invalid threatened with tuberculosis, is to be helped at nursing, for which she has a natural gift. The widow of a laborer who was lost, leaving six children, will also receive assistance. An entire family, consisting of father, mother and 9-year-old son, were coming to this country when the father was lost and with him all their money and property.

The widow of an American merchant in moderate circumstances who went down on the ship is left unprotected. She has had a successful experience in running a small dry goods business and she wants to establish another. She will be helped in this.

A South Dakota farmer who had gone to Sweden to bring back his father was lost with his father in the wreck. He had borrowed the money for the trip and his farm and implements were mortgaged. He left a wife and six children, for whom emergency help has been given, and it is hoped a large part of the debts can be paid.

A mechanic who had gone to England with his wife and who, during his absence, had been excused from payment of dues in his union, was lost and his widow is excluded from the usual death benefit for widows of members of the union. She is incapacitated for work by reason of ill health, though she is a competent nurse and if she has proper care for a few years she may be able to support herself. She, too, has been aided.

ATTEMPTS LIFE BY BITING.

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—Frustrated in an attempt to commit suicide with a knife, a workman named Heinrich Tolle, in Göttingen Prison, tried to bite himself to death. He had bitten open an artery of his hand and gnawed huge chunks of flesh from his arm when the warders found him lying exhausted in his blood-drenched cell. He is now reported dying.

Advertisement for H. Rosenblum, Jeweler, 895 Sixth Avenue, New York. The most reliable place for Diamonds, Jewelry, Watches, Etc. All Watch and Jewelry repairing done on the premises by experts.

THE UNION HATTER

H. Rosenblum, 7 MANHATTAN AVENUE, Two doors from Broadway, Brooklyn, next to John Marsa.

Roosevelt Exposes Socialism

A NEW BOOK BY THE AUTHOR OF "MEN AND MULES"

It pretends to be against Socialism, but in reality it is one of the very best arguments ever written in favor of Socialism. It is so cleverly disguised that one reads the book half through only to find that he has been reading genuine Socialism slightly sugar-coated.

It is just the thing to annihilate that monumental faker Roosevelt and his vote-catching Bull Moose party. It is the hit of the season, and should be distributed by the million.

Other new books by the same author are: "Bees and Butterflies," "Heads and Hands," "Quis and Tiz," "Push Philcoophy," "Pop Weasel," etc., etc.

Small orders for these books will be filled from TheCall office. All large orders should be sent direct to the author.

W. F. RIES, TOLEDO, OHIO, Box 65, Station "F" Prices for any book: Single copy, 10 cents; 100 copies, \$4.00; 250 copies, \$9.00; 1,000 copies, \$30.00.

"FELLOWSHIP FARM"

"Back to the Land for the Workers." Did you read our announcement in The Sunday Call? If not, look for it next Sunday, OR WRITE TO FELLOWSHIP FARM ASSOCIATION, Stelton, N. J.

TWO TOWNS DECLARE FOR DIAZ REBELS

Alvarado and Tuxpan Go Over—Federals to Attack Vera Cruz.

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, Oct. 20.—The maritime towns of Alvarado and Tuxpan have declared in favor of the revolutionists under General Diaz.

600 Federals Join the Rebels.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 20.—The War Department confirms the report that General Zetuya, chief of the 30th Battalion, has joined the revolutionists under Gen. Felix Diaz at Vera Cruz.

The government forces have not yet attacked Vera Cruz. They are being mobilized at Teleria, a station on the Mexican Railroad.

BELIEVE STEAMER LOST IN STORM SWEEP GULF

PORT ARTHUR, Tex., Oct. 20.—The ship Nicaragua, which sailed from Tampico, Mexico, October 11 and due here last Monday morning, is believed to have been lost in the storm which recently swept the Gulf.

SOCIALISTS TO SHOW STRENGTH IN RALLY

Big Parade and Demonstration on Saturday Before Election.

One of the biggest Socialist party parades ever scheduled for New York City is organizing for the Saturday night before election—November 2.

OUTPUT OF COAL DOUBLES IN DECADE

50-Year Record of Bituminous Above Average, While Anthracite Falls Below.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—An interesting fact not startling in connection with the production of coal in the United States, according to the United States Geological Survey, is that in each successive decade the output is practically doubled.

CHASE UP BROADWAY IN TAXI, FIRING GUNS

Two Men Are Captured After Robbery of Cigar Store.

Late diners leaving Broadway restaurants witnessed an exciting chase along that thoroughfare north of Times Square about 2 o'clock yesterday morning in which taxicabs and pistols played a prominent part.

FIFTY BADLY HURT IN DERAILMENT

Illinois Central Train Plunges Off Tracks and Cars Roll Down Ten-Foot Embankment.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., Oct. 20.—A broken rail caused an excursion train on the Illinois Central to leave the tracks at Greens Crossing, six miles from here, this morning, and at least fifty persons were badly injured.

FIRE UPON POLICE TO LIBERATE PRISONER

SOMERSET, Ky., Oct. 20.—A running fight between the local authorities and friends of James Phelps, one of eastern Kentucky's wanted alleged murderers, took place this morning over twelve miles of mountain road in Pulaski County.

FAILURE OF PRIVATE ENTERPRISE EXPOSED

Adolphe Smith Points Out Superiority of Municipal Control of Meat Supply.

Folks that heard Adolphe Smith's lecture at the Rand School of Social Science, 43 East 22d street, last night, carried away a very clear idea of what municipal ownership can accomplish in one very important industry at least.

HARBOR SQUAD FIND ENSIGN BUTLER'S BODY

The body of Ensign Andes H. Butler, U. S. N., who was drowned at 5 o'clock on the morning of Sunday, October 13, while he and some of his fellow ensigns were returning to the battleship Nebraska, was found yesterday afternoon by Serg. Michael McCarthy and Policeman Otto Hegsted of Harbor Squad A.

ASSOCIATED PRESS ACCUSED OF COLORING NEWS FROM FAR EAST IN FAVOR OF JAPAN'S RULERS

(From the Japan Chronicle of Kobe.)

In a memorial by a number of missionaries in Korea addressed to the Continuation Committee of the Edinburgh Missionary Conference, dealing with the arrests of Christian converts and the charges made against them, attention is incidentally called by the remarkable position occupied by the Associated Press as regards Japanese news.

GANG VICTIM DIES; GANGSTER DYING

BUFFALO, Oct. 20.—Late last night a gang of hoodlums murderously assaulted Stanislaus Kaych, 51, on Broadway in full view of many persons.

LIBRARY OF SCIENCE FOR THE WORKERS

To understand modern Socialism, you must understand Evolution. Socialists predict the speedy end of the capitalist system as a result of irrefragable NATURAL LAWS.

BOY ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

While walking through a patch of woods in the Dunwoody section of Yonkers yesterday, John Gray, 11 years old, of 175 Linden street, Yonkers, was struck in the abdomen by a rifle bullet.

LIGHTNING HITS ARMY BALLOON; 2 KILLED

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—An army balloon exploded in the clouds above Spangberg today and Lieutenant Stehler and Engineer Goehricke were killed.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 20.—

Mike Kerkas, a miner at the Oak Hill mine, who was missing for three days and supposed to have gone away, made his appearance today after being lost in the mine.

RETURNS AFTER BEING LOST IN MINE 3 DAYS

He had crossed over into old workings and could not find his way back. He had repeatedly passed an old manway without knowing it until accidentally he came to it today and climbed out. He had no food and no light, the oil in his lamp having been exhausted in the first hours of his wanderings.

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NEW EDITION READY -OF- SOCIALISM What Is It? A SPLENDID PROPAGANDA BOOKLET Twenty-eight Pages, Pocket Size. By Dr. Howard A. Gibbs. It contains a definite and concise conception of the principles of SOCIALISM. It is just the book to put in the hands of the person you are trying to convert. Schenectady had Five Thousand of these booklets during the last municipal campaign. An Excellent and Cheap Propaganda Booklet GET IT—GET IT AT ONCE! Single Copies, 5 Cents PRICE TO LOCALS, 100 Copies - - - \$3.50 500 Copies - - - 15.00 Expressage Collect PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE BY The New York Call 409 Pearl St., New York City

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Two Men Are Captured After Robbery of Cigar Store.

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FIFTY BADLY HURT IN DERAILMENT

Illinois Central Train Plunges Off Tracks and Cars Roll Down Ten-Foot Embankment.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., Oct. 20.—A broken rail caused an excursion train on the Illinois Central to leave the tracks at Greens Crossing, six miles from here, this morning, and at least fifty persons were badly injured.

FIRE UPON POLICE TO LIBERATE PRISONER

SOMERSET, Ky., Oct. 20.—A running fight between the local authorities and friends of James Phelps, one of eastern Kentucky's wanted alleged murderers, took place this morning over twelve miles of mountain road in Pulaski County.

FAILURE OF PRIVATE ENTERPRISE EXPOSED

Adolphe Smith Points Out Superiority of Municipal Control of Meat Supply.

HARBOR SQUAD FIND ENSIGN BUTLER'S BODY

The body of Ensign Andes H. Butler, U. S. N., who was drowned at 5 o'clock on the morning of Sunday, October 13, while he and some of his fellow ensigns were returning to the battleship Nebraska, was found yesterday afternoon by Serg. Michael McCarthy and Policeman Otto Hegsted of Harbor Squad A.

ASSOCIATED PRESS ACCUSED OF COLORING NEWS FROM FAR EAST IN FAVOR OF JAPAN'S RULERS

(From the Japan Chronicle of Kobe.)

In a memorial by a number of missionaries in Korea addressed to the Continuation Committee of the Edinburgh Missionary Conference, dealing with the arrests of Christian converts and the charges made against them, attention is incidentally called by the remarkable position occupied by the Associated Press as regards Japanese news.

GANG VICTIM DIES; GANGSTER DYING

BUFFALO, Oct. 20.—Late last night a gang of hoodlums murderously assaulted Stanislaus Kaych, 51, on Broadway in full view of many persons.

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PRINTERS. CO-OPERATIVE PRESS 15 Grace St. - PRINTERS, New York GEORGE J. SPEYER :: Printer 135 William St., Cor. Spruce, New York. Commercial, Trade Union and Society Work.

ORGANIZED LABOR MAY USE "MOVIES"

Film Dealing With "White Plague" Has Just Been Released.

(Dr. A. F. of L. News Letter.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The Thomas A. Edison Company has just released for production in motion picture theaters throughout the United States a film entitled "A Curable Disease."

It is a strong, dramatic story, and deals with the "white plague," showing the conditions that arise in the life of a young linotype machine operator who contracts tuberculosis while working on a New York daily.

As in nearly all films of this character, there is woven through it a love story. The principal figure is depicted as a young girl, and eventually his engagement and preparation for marriage. All goes well until within a few days of the wedding, when the machine operator hears from the doctor that he has become a victim of the dread disease.

With the admission of his medical adviser that he should not marry until cured, he takes advantage of the opportunity, which the International Typographical Union presents to all of its members, by immediately seeking entrance into the Union Printers' Home at Colorado Springs.

The film then portrays all of the interesting points in connection with the home, "whose bounty is unpurchasable." The American Federation of Labor has just been notified in advance of the contemplated distribution of the film in order that publicity might be given through the Weekly News Letter to the organizations of labor throughout the country.

Local organizations of labor desiring to have this film displayed should consult moving picture theaters and inform the management of the existence of this film and the company which is in possession of it. A picture of this kind cannot but help to materially assist in informing the general public of the great work which is being done by the trade unions, and which, to a very large extent, is unknown to but very few outside of the trade unions themselves.

Typographical Workers. WASHINGTON.—Examinations have just been held by the Civil Service Commission in this city and every field station of the commission to secure a list of eligibles for positions as printers in the Philippine service.

Printers in this service are paid a salary of \$2,000 a year, or \$28.46 a week. At the end of six months this salary is automatically increased to \$2,250 a year, with a prospect of further promotion to \$2,500 a year. Printers in the Philippine service must have executive ability and the ability to impart their knowledge to the craft of Filipino workmen.

Their tasks are purely supervisory, as the natives do the work. After three years in the Philippines those on the rolls can be transferred to the

McCann's Hats Are always the best and cheapest. 210 BOWERY.

UNION LABELS. This Label stands for fair conditions. The Merchant Tailor using it recognizes the right of workmen fixing the price of their own labor.

CUSTOM TAILORS UNION LABEL. If your Tailor does not use the Label he is unfair in thought and action. If you believe in people receiving living wages demand the Label. If you are a Union man prove it by showing the Union Label in your Coat, Pants and Vest.

Journeymen Tailors' Union of America. Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF BREWERY WORKERS. Union Made Beer and Porter. OF AMERICA. TRIPLE TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1907.

The above is a true facsimile of the Brewery Workers' Label. It is the only guarantee that the product is made by Union Labor; therefore, always look for the label.

Workingmen, Do Your Duty. This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America. Buy no hats without it. It is a guarantee that the hats to which it is attached were made by skilled workmen under strictly union conditions.

It represents a fair wage and honest value. Don't patronize Retailers who try to sell you inferior non-union goods. MARTIN LAWLOR, Secy, 11 Waverly Place, New York

classification service in the States upon application.

PORTLAND, Ore.—From information secured, it is apparent that the Employers' Association is actively engaged in an effort to crush the Allied Printing Trades Council of this city. The association is lending every possible assistance to the local branch of the United Typothetae, which comprises nearly all the master printers in Portland.

It will be remembered that recently the pressmen of a number of concerns struck for higher wages, and then followed a lockout of the printers.

Now there is a movement among the unfair printing house employers to establish the open shop, but the employers are even going further than this by giving publicity to the fact that even though the strikers desire to come back, they will not be reinstated inside of one year, even though they accept open shop conditions.

There is a combination among these hostile employers which, it is stated, will show that they are operating in violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Law, for it has been discovered that a bid or estimate from one printing establishment in the combination is a bid from them all. The workmen involved are determined to stand firm, no matter how long the contest lasts.

Machinists. HARTFORD, Conn.—The strike of the 700 employees of the Colt Patent Firearms Company, where revolvers are manufactured for the United States Government, closed recently with a victory for the men involved.

Prior to the strike there had been no organization among the employees, but upon coming out they were organized and chartered by the International Association of Machinists, over 500 becoming charter members of the organization.

The company has agreed to meet a committee of the union to take up the question of hours and wages, and no discrimination is to be exercised by the company among the men who went out on strike.

Railroad Workers. WASHINGTON.—According to records of the Interstate Commerce Commission, practically every railroad employe in the United States has had his pay increased within the past five years, and the great volume of the increases have come within the past three years.

An official call has been sent out by Chairman H. B. Perham and Secretary A. B. Lowe of the Railroad Employees' Department, A. F. of L., for the next regular convention of the department, which is to convene at the Seneca Hotel, Rochester, N. Y., at 10 a. m., Friday, November 8. The department consists of ten organizations, and it is expected that all will be represented by delegates at the forthcoming convention.

ST. LOUIS.—President Perham of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, stated recently that the question as to whether or not the present hours of service law and the present hours of train orders and signals applies to train orders and engine men, when taking their own train orders, has not yet been decided by the Interstate Commerce Commission. A full hearing has been had upon the subject, at which the representatives of the conductors, trainmen, engineers, firemen and telegraphers favored the application of a nine-hour provision under such circumstances.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—The Brotherhood of Railway Car Men has just granted a charter for a new lodge at Lake Charles, La. An agreement has also been secured with the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railway Company as well as the Georgia and Florida Railway Company. Both agreements provide for a substantial increase and the nine-hour day.

SHERIDAN, Wyo.—The street railway employes of this city have organized a union and attached themselves to the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America, and embraces all the trainmen employed by the local company. The general manager met with the men shortly after organization and announced that he was not opposed to the formation of a union and the employes would be harmonious and difficulties arising amicably adjusted.

Automobile Workers. JACKSON, Mich.—The automobile workers of this city have formed an organization. At the first meeting called 300 applications were received, and at subsequent meetings 200 more were added.

The new organization is attached to the International Union of Carriage, Wagon and Automobile Workers of North America.

At the present rate of accessions it is expected that the new local organization will soon have approximately 1,800 members, as there are that

HAVE YOU BEEN ROBBED? If you have been cheated by any insurance company or know of any one who has, then let The Call know about it. The Call is going to expose the crooked methods of some industrial insurance companies who are preying upon the poorest of the poor of the working class. In sending information, confine yourself to facts only, giving all necessary data. Your name will be kept confidential, if you insist. Address all communications on this question to "Insurance," The New York Call, 409 Pearl street.

UNION LABELS.

number in this city engaged in the shops manufacturing automobiles and accessories.

Mine Workers. INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 20.—The United Mine Workers of America, continuing to grow, and in September, 1912, reached the largest paid up membership ever recorded in the history of the organization.

The high water mark of the coal diggers is 338,980 members in good standing on September 30, 1912. This vast membership gives added proof of the efficacy of conducting a labor organization along modern business lines.

The miners' organization probably has more agreements with employers in force, and more members involved under these agreements than any other organization in the American Federation of Labor.

The facility with which these agreements are carried out, and the methods adopted to carry into effect their provisions, as well as to protect every interest of the miners, has secured for the United Mine Workers stability, power and influence which is of inestimable value in dealing with the coal operators of this country.

Unorganized coal fields are being constantly invaded and year by year the nonunion coal miners in large numbers are taking their position with the organized miners of America.

Paper Makers. HOLYOKE, Mass.—Recently two men, prominent in paper manufacturing circles in Kalamazoo, Mich., visited this city in search of men to go to Kalamazoo and operate paper machines, which have been idle since June 27.

The strike in Kalamazoo is for the establishment of the eight-hour day. The Kalamazoo emissaries soon learned that they could not secure strikebreakers in Holyoke, the local Paper Makers' Union now contributing financially to assist their striking colleagues in Kalamazoo to fight the three-four system, and the appeals of the manufacturers were not responded to.

The Kalamazoo strike is so effective that manufacturers have been unable to get enough men even to make a pretense of operating their factories since the strike began.

Hatters. WASHINGTON.—With the advent of the new fall fashions in men's hats a trick is being turned on the hatters' union label.

The retailers are victims of a fraud on the part of unscrupulous jobbers who sell what are presumably strictly union made hats. In a case of fifty dozen there may be fifty hats, one on top of each dozen, which bear the union label, while the rest do not.

Customers call for hats which bear the union label and then the fraud is discovered. In the hats put upon the market this fall there is one style which has a fancy lining, the latter being fastened to the felt.

When the customer calls for a hat bearing the label, and goes to turn down the sweat band in search of the label he finds that it cannot be turned down, and in many cases believes the label to be under the lining.

Union men should take cognizance of this fact and be careful and see to it that when purchasing a hat that the hatters' label is in its accustomed place.

Haverhill, Mass.—Judge John J. Ryan of the District Court issued the following warning to employers on violations of the State labor laws:

"The laws were made to protect employes, and several cases have been brought here which show that manufacturers are not paying any heed to the laws, but rather are disregarding them and allowing their foremen to do the same thing. It is of no use to place these complaints on file, as this does not have the effect of stopping the violation. Manufacturers pay no heed to the State labor laws, as they are well aware that there is not a sufficient force of officials to ferret out violations. The State officials do the best they can to find out some cases, but the only way I can see to stop employers from violating the law is to impose the maximum penalty."

The resident manager of a hat concern in the Bradford district was accused of employing two minors between 10 p. m. and 6 a. m., in violation of the State law, and of employing a minor who did not have a school certificate.

Judge Ryan imposed the maximum penalty of \$50 in one of the cases and fined the other two.

Tube Workers, Molders and Core Makers. SOMERVILLE, Mass.—Over 500 employes of a large tube company in this city have formed a local organization. The charter membership comprises over 75 per cent of the entire number employed in this industry in this city. There is no doubt that within a couple of weeks every man working in the plant referred to will have become a member of the new organization.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—The strike of the molders and core makers at the Lamb Knitting Machine Company has drawn to a close and the men have returned to work. The strike only lasted a week and was for the establishment of a minimum of \$3.25 a day for molders instead of \$3, and a minimum of \$3.10 a day for core makers instead of \$2.75. The settlement involved a considerable number of men.

General Activities. BOSTON.—The new organization of butcher workmen has been installed and the membership roster hugs closely the 1,000 mark. Organization work is proceeding without friction, and it is expected that within a short time the entire packing industry of this city will be thoroughly unionized.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—There is a strong movement on foot in this city to increase the pay of the public school teachers. When the present scale of wages was adopted it was based upon the conditions of living which then obtained. The cost of living having gone up immeasurably and the school teachers not having received an increase, the city is put in the position of not giving them a fair remuneration for their work at the present. In all likelihood a sub-

stantial advance in salaries will soon be ordered.

COAL DALE, Pa.—The girls of the Lansford Silk Mill recently went on strike for an increase in wages. The strike was of short duration, as the company granted the increase of 10 per cent and the girls returned to work.

WHEELING, W. Va.—The strike of packers against the Imperial Glass Company is still in effect. The company, instead of running a packing room, has practically turned it over to a "circus" conducted by the strike-breakers. It is understood that fist fights and other contentions are the regular daily occurrence in the department mentioned. The company is having a difficult time in keeping sufficient men to do the work necessary to keep the factory in operation.

LAFAYETTE, Ind.—The strike of the retail clerks is still on in this city and is apparently destined to become a prolonged struggle. During the ten weeks of the contest but three strikers have returned to work, which augurs well for the successful conclusion of the strike. The strike of retail clerks in Springfield, Ill., was settled through arbitration, the clerks securing a minimum wage of \$10 per week for the women and an increase of \$1 after six months' employment. The strike of the clerks in Coalgate, Okla., is still on, with indications that it will be successful.

CALGARY, Canada.—The Inside Electrical Workers in this city went on strike recently to enforce their demands for an increase of 5 cents an hour. The previous rate was 55 cents for journeymen and 50 cents for foremen. The greater proportion of the employers signed up in the early stages of the strike, and the success of the strike is practically assured.

Organization Notes. WASHINGTON.—Exceptions to much of the testimony and to the ruling of Justice Wright of the District Supreme Court in the contempt case against Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison have been filed with the Clerk of the District Court. It is charged in the bill of exceptions that error was committed in allowing the trial to proceed before the taking of testimony before Referee Harper had been concluded. The case is now on its way to the District Court of Appeals, where it will probably be heard early in the coming year.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Some weeks ago the charter of the Central Labor Union of this city was revoked after a refusal to comply with Section I, Article XI of the constitution of the American Federation of Labor, in that the central body refused to unseat the I. A. Steamfitters, the charter of the international organization having been suspended by the A. F. of L. Immediately attempts were made to amalgamate the U. A. and I. A. steamfitters, the latter organization agreeing that if amalgamation did not succeed it would voluntarily withdraw from the central body on a certain date. The date having arrived and no amalgamation having taken place, the I. A. Steamfitters left the central body, and application will be made for restoration of charter.

QUINCY, Ill.—With appropriate exercises the Quincy, Ill. Labor Temple, a handsome edifice, was formally dedicated on Sunday, October 6. It is a three-story building, and is a magnificent tribute to the energy and persistence of the men of labor in this city, and will be a monument which will long stand as evidence of the humanitarian motives which inspired its builders.

U. S. HAS BIG BUSINESS IN SAND AND GRAVEL. WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—One of the important industries in the United States of which comparatively little is written is the production of sand and gravel. In 1911, according to a report by E. F. Burdard, just issued by the United States Geological Survey, the production of sand and gravel amounted to 66,846,959 short tons, valued at \$21,158,583.

The production of sand of all kinds was 40,253,977 tons, valued at \$14,438,500, and that of gravel was 26,592,982 tons, valued at \$6,720,083. The production of glass sand was valued at \$1,547,735, an increase over the figures for 1910; the sand used for building in 1911 was valued at \$7,179,286, a slight decrease as compared with 1910. This was accounted for by less activity in 1911 in the building trades, including that of concrete construction. The production of molding sand in 1911 was valued at \$2,132,469, a marked decrease as compared with 1910. The production of all other sands in 1911, such as sand for grinding and polishing, was valued at \$3,043,912, an increase of over \$1,000,000 in value as compared with 1910.

SO-CALLED LABOR MEN O. K. TAMMANY TICKET. The fake labor politicians in this city have evidently received the highest bid from Tammany Hall. According to reports a meeting of the Federated Labor party, a concern which does business once a year around election time, was held where the candidacy of William Sulzer and the entire Democratic ticket was endorsed. A reporter watched the supposed meeting, but only a half dozen people were seen entering the hall.

The organization, according to men on the inside, is composed of Edward L. Hannah and James Hatch, and they are the ones who promise to deliver the "labor vote." The so-called party is dead all year round and is only in evidence around election time. Almost every year Tammany happens to secure "labor's" endorsement.

LAWYERS. Telephone 47 Beckman. William Karlin, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. 119 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

UP TO DATE CLOTHING. B. PFEFFKORN, 427 Knickerbocker Ave., Brooklyn.

CALLAHAN, THE HATTER, 140 MOWAT, BROOKLYN.

SPORTS

PINCH HITTERS PROVED THEIR WORTH IN THE RECENT WORLD'S BASEBALL SERIES



Henriksen and Engle, of the Boston Red Sox, and McCormick, of the New York Giants, gave ample demonstration of the value of pinch hitters in the world's series. All three of them made hits when called upon in crises, and the final result of more than one of the games was affected thereby.

STEWART AND SMITH ARE OUT FOR BLOOD. When Jim Stewart, of Brooklyn, puts up his hands with Gunboat Smith, of California, in the star bout in Madison Square Garden tonight, there will be much partisan feeling. In fact, the men are bitter rivals. Stewart will weigh at least thirty pounds more than Smith, but that will not handicap the latter in the least. Smith is Stewart's superior as a hard hitter, especially with the right hand, and also is faster in his foot work.

When Referee Haley violated the rules of the Boxing Commission by declaring Stewart a winner over Smith last spring there was a howl of dissatisfaction from the Californian's friends. Smith, it was asserted, should have had at least a draw. The controversy which has been raging ever since should be decisively ended tonight. Smith has improved rapidly since his last bout with Stewart. The Gunboat recently made Jim Savage quit and Savage, it will be recalled, stopped Tom Kennedy in half a dozen rounds.

Joe Thomas, of New Orleans, who is a real fighter, will lock horns with Willie Beecher, of this city, in the second ten-round bout. The principals in the third scrap of this length are Kid Burns, of the West Side A. C., and Young Ahearn, the famous "Daring Master," now grown into a full fledged welterweight.

GOSSIP OF THE BOXERS. Pressure is growing stronger to force Packer McFarland into a match with Jack Britton, of Chicago. Britton's easy victory over Leach Cross the other night capped the climax. But regardless of McFarland, Britton is going ahead making matches with all comers. His next engagement will be a ten-round bout with Freddie Duffy, of Buffalo, at the 44th Street Sporting Club next Thursday night. Manager Gibson is keeping the wires hot with offers to McFarland to box Britton in the Garden next month.

Kid Williams, of Baltimore, who outfought Johnny Coulon in the Garden, Friday night, has been matched to box Eddie Morgan, the British bantam, who recently whipped Frankie Burns. Williams and Morgan will box either in the Garden or at the Fairmont A. C.

Mike Gibbons has not canceled his bout with Eddie McGoorty scheduled for February 11 in the Garden. Gibbons is recovering from an injured hand, a result of his bout with Tommy Maloney, but he will be fit for McGoorty, he says.

Ad Wolgast, the world's lightweight champion, is working hard to be ready for a grilling battle when he meets Joe Mandot in a twenty-round bout at New Orleans on November 2. Mandot, it is recalled, recently got a decision over Joe Rivers, who fought Wolgast to a standstill on July 4. It is worthy of note that since Wolgast refused \$15,000 to box ten rounds with McFarland here, he has been going about the country empty handed. He will box Mandot for a percentage.

WANTS TO DO UP JOHNSON. AUSTIN, Tex., Oct. 20.—Sam Sparks, former State Treasurer of Texas and president of a local trust company, today proposed that a delegation of 100 picked Texans charter a special train and go to Chicago and "attend to Jack Johnson." "I am willing and ready to head a party of Texans, say 100 in number, who shall proceed to Chicago by special train. When we arrive in that city we will know how to wait on Johnson," Sparks said. "I am in earnest in making this proposition."

George Oberdorfer, N. W. Cor. Eighth Ave. and 129th Street, Pharmacist. THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY IS OUR SPECIALTY.

TRUSSMAKER. HENRY FRAHME, Trussmaker, 1499 THIRD AVENUE, Bet. 84th & 85th Sts. Trusses, Braces, Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Crutches, Suspensories, Artificial Limbs. Ten per cent discount granted if you mention The Call.

DENTISTS—New York and Brooklyn. DR. A. CARR, SURGEON DENTIST, Special Liberal Prices for Comrades, 133 E. 84th St., Tel. 3967 Lenox.

Dr. Ph. Lewin, Surgeon Dentist, 530 Broome Ave., Cor. 149th St., Brooklyn.

DR. S. BERLIN, SURGEON DENTIST, 22 East 108th St., Cor. Madison Ave., Tel. 540-L Harlem.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, NEW YORK. When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined and, if glasses are necessary, have them made at Dr. B. L. Becker's.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, BROOKLYN. I. M. KURTIS, Expert Optician, 1025 Broadway, Brooklyn. Glasses \$1 & up, Open Eye's.

PARKS AND HALLS. HARLEM RIVER PARK AND CASINO Headquarters for Labor Unions and other Organizations, 127th Street and Second Avenue. MICHAEL KEUMANN, General Manager.

Labor Lyceum, Home for the Brooklyn Labor Organizations, Owned and controlled by the Labor Lyceum Association, Telephone 6241 Williamsburg.

Labor Temple, 243-245 East 84th St., Workmen's Educational Association, Headquarters for Lectures, Entertainments and Balls, Telephone 1960 Trib.

MUSIC. The thirty-eighth free organ recital in the public series will be given this evening at 8 o'clock in the "Old First" Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and 12th street, by Harry Oliver Hirt, A. G. O. pupil of Dr. William C. Carl Hirt, who is a post-graduate of the Gullmount Organ School, is organist and director of music in the Classon Avenue Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn. The program as follows: Sonata XVIII in A., Rheinberger; I. Phantasia; II. Capriccio; III. Idylle.

(a) Scherzo... Salome (b) Cantilene Pastorale... Salome Epic Ode... Bellairs The Curfew... Hotsman Marche Solennelle... Lemare Canzona... Wheelodon Entree du Cortège... Dubois

Gottfried Galston, the Munich pianist, will make his American debut at Aeolian Hall on the afternoon of November 2 with a program including twelve studies.

On Saturday afternoon Mischa Elman will be heard in Carnegie Hall in violin recital, with Percy Kahn at the piano. Beethoven's Sonata in F-major and Handel's in D-major are among the compositions he will play. The concluding number is Paganini's "I Palpitri."

Call Advertisers' Directory

PHYSICAL CULTURE Restaurants. MANHATTAN. CLOTHIERS, MERCHANT TAILORS AND HATTERS. 436 6th Ave., cor. 26th St. CLOTHIERS, MERCHANT TAILORS, UNION-MADE CLOTHES ONLY. UNION CLOTHIER. GENTS' FURNISHER. PRINTING INKS, CLOLORS AND VARNISHES. MASSACHUSETTS. UNION SHOES. ATTORNEYS, COUNSELLORS AT LAW—BOSTON. SURGEON DENTIST—BOSTON. PHOTOGRAPH STUDIO—BOSTON. UNION LABEL PRINTERS.

Workingmen, Do Your Duty. This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America. Buy no hats without it. It is a guarantee that the hats to which it is attached were made by skilled workmen under strictly union conditions. It represents a fair wage and honest value. Don't patronize Retailers who try to sell you inferior non-union goods. MARTIN LAWLOR, Secy, 11 Waverly Place, New York

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All matter intended for publication in this department must positively be in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which it is to appear.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Business Meetings. Branch 10—Jumel Building, 162d street and Amsterdam avenue. Special meeting. Important work on hand.

Open Air Meetings.

Branch 3—12th street and Third avenue. S. G. Rich and Pat Quinlan. Branch 4—15th street and Eighth avenue. J. C. Frost.

NOONDAY.

Branch 1—Battery Park, bandstand, John Luthringer.

Hall Meeting.

Sea and Land Church, Henry and Market streets, John A. Wall.

Branch 6 Study Club.

The first meeting of Branch 6's Study Club was held Wednesday night at 1159 Third avenue and the exceptionally well attended.

To Draw Up New Constitution.

The committee to draw a new constitution for the Y. P. S. F. will meet on Wednesday at the office of J. Hillquit, 709 Broadway, promptly at 5 p. m.

Campaign Fund Donations.

Organizer Julius Gerber acknowledges the receipt of the following donations to the various funds named below:

Donations to Campaign Fund of Local New York—Rosenfeld, \$2; Branch 19, Cremation Society, \$5; Flannish Branch, \$5.95; E. K. Shiber, \$5; Bertha Howell Mails, \$2; William Maddy, \$5; M. Vermont, \$2; Peter Krupp, \$1; Night Workers, Branch Yorkville, \$1.50; Typographical Union No. 7, \$1.50; German Painters, Local No. 495, \$15; Cigar Makers' Union No. 90, \$50; Hyman Appelbaum, \$5; Turn Verein Vorwaerts, \$5; German Branch Bloomingdale, \$5; Mrs. Anna M. Sloan, \$10; Branch No. 25, Arbeiter-Kranken Kasse, \$20; Eva Gitterman, \$2; total to October 14, \$172.50.

National Campaign Fund—Night Workers' Branch, Yorkville, \$15; Cigar Makers' Union No. 90, \$25; German Branch, Bloomingdale, \$5; total, \$45.

Income to Campaign Fund of State and Local New York—Aug. Raible, \$5; Local New York—August Raible, \$5; Peter Bott, \$7; Frank Yuzsa, \$1; John Schatz, \$4.50; V. Young, \$5; Lena Itzson, \$4.75; Charles Anshauer, \$3.50; John Schmidt, \$3.50; S. Hollis, \$3.60; J. Schoen, \$5; F. Sauter, \$1; J. Augustine, \$2.25; M. F. Pinkelstein, \$2.75; M. Hochberg, \$5.50; R. Samuels, \$1; D. Rosenthal, \$5; Myer Bagno, \$3; Clara Tepper, \$1; S. Ber-

Parade Committee Meets Tonight.

The Parade Committee meets tonight at Queens County Labor Lyceum, 1647 Hancock street. All branch organizers and other elected delegates are urged to attend.

Minutes Central Committee.

The Central Committee of Local Queens met at headquarters on Saturday, October 12. Comrade Reilly was elected chairman. The minutes of the previous meeting were accepted and read. Seventeen applications received and acted on favorably. Bills amounting to \$281.11 were ordered paid. A communication received and read from the Lyceum Lecture Bureau and then placed on file.

Turn out YOURSELVES and bring your Comrades.

Report your plans to Socialist headquarters, 235 East 84th street, either personally or by telephone as early as possible.

Make this a big, stirring, impressive demonstration.

IMPORTANT

Great Socialist Parade to March Saturday Before Election.

Uptown parade will start from the Labor Temple on East 84th street, near Second avenue.

Downtown parade will organize in front of Forward Building on East Broadway.

Assemble as early as 6:30 p. m. Processions should start promptly at 7 p. m. Saturday, November 2. Bring this notice before your union or organization. Get them to join as a body.

ger, \$1; E. A. Ury, \$3; Kranken-Kasse Gleichheit, \$2.10; Victor Boesch, \$2.80; W. M. Smyth, \$5; Anna Schranke, \$1; J. A. Mansfield, \$3; Gerald Tushock, \$5.50; A. Lichtenberg, \$5.50; L. Busick, \$1.50; W. Varel, \$7.50; L. Romm, \$3.45; M. Yussim, \$8.50; J. Hurlash, \$70; I. Simon, \$1.85; W. Lembke, \$3; A. S. Spinnaker, \$5; Jose Kraysler, \$8.55; Virginia Duff, \$2.50; A. D. Chapman, \$10; E. Eberlein, \$5; W. Dorfman, \$5; L. Autoville, \$5; J. H. Schneider, \$3; M. Jenkovic, \$1.65; Franz Marcell, \$8; L. Engelman, \$1; Louise Zohn, \$3; R. H. Zohn, \$2; R. Zohn, \$3; P. Schaefer, \$5.50; T. Janovitz, \$3.25; H. Bossan, \$4.40; J. Velpert, \$1; Wilhelm Hollstein, \$5; T. H. Mueller, \$1; Charles Behnke, \$8.25; J. Florentz, \$2; M. Greco, \$1.50; A. Cohn, \$5; P. Schmalz, \$8.90; Charles Stran, \$5.25; E. Eger, \$3; J. J. Witt, \$1; James E. Davis, \$1; John Oestricher, \$5; J. Susman, \$50; J. H. Ortmann, \$5; E. Lillenthal, \$5; Meta T. Stern, \$5; Augusta Lillenthal, \$5; M. Kraemer, \$4.50; H. Creys, \$5; G. Baum, \$7.10; J. Kuperman, \$4.75; L. Kava, \$1; Christ Hartman, \$5.25; Mrs. E. Gierzyk, \$1.50; E. Kezel, \$20; Julia Graikst, \$50; K. Sporis, \$1.50; John Flatscha, \$1.10; A. Huebsch, \$3.50; H. C. Roesch, \$1; Charles Moder, \$5.85; A. Swenson, \$2; H. Ruchenbrod, \$2.25.

Collected in Rieger's shop by R. Kirschner, \$4; W. Gilman, 25 cents; W. Gabriel, 75 cents; L. Graff, \$2.10; G. Raff, \$6.55; Richard Eichler, \$1; John Ropp, \$5; F. L. Orchlich, \$4.35; P. Puchs, \$4; V. Lemovitz, \$2.50; P. Kihne, 52 cents; F. Prasio, \$2.25; John Pravia, \$3.50; E. Hintze, \$2.50; John Weber, \$3; Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Lillenthal, \$1; Cremation Society, Branch 2, \$5.95; B. Moser, \$4.15; Henry Harner, \$1.25; Marie Luetke, \$4.75; John Kish, No. 2, \$1; John Parlin, \$1; John Silbert, \$2; F. Enkel, \$3; H. Levy, \$2.55; F. Korda, \$3; Charles Derit, \$1; F. Schmidt, \$3.50; J. Hershitz, 50 cents; John E. Lepperman, \$2.40; S. Steiner, \$1.25; I. Shifkowitz, \$1.15; Charles Horn, \$1.50; Augusta Kuerscher, \$1; Carpenters' Union, No. 209, \$22.75; Bessie Robinson, \$2; Tassle Rivlin, \$2.25; George Finkins, \$7; total, \$451.05; previously acknowledged, \$628.94. Total to October 15, inclusive, \$1,079.99.

Total income for Campaign Fund from October 1 to 15, inclusive—Donations, \$172.50; subscription lists, \$451.05. Total, \$623.55.

Subscription—Total income to October 15, donations, \$508.96; subscription list, \$1,079.99. Grand total, \$1,588.95.

BROOKLYN.

Business Meetings.

15th and 23d A. D.—365 East 51st street.

21st A. D. Branch 3—57 Graham avenue.

23d A. D. Branch 2—1701 Pitkin avenue.

Open Air Meetings.

1st A. D.—State and Smith streets, A. Cheate and H. Kentor.

4th A. D.—Bedford and Myrtle avenues, M. Rosenberg and J. A. Behringer.

5th A. D.—Howard avenue and Madison street, H. Rappaport and J. J. Coronel.

12th A. D.—Ninth avenue and 16th street, Solomon S. Schwartz.

21st A. D.—Flushing avenue and Whipple street, M. Leibowitz.

21st A. D.—Boerum and Leonard streets, D. Oshinsky.

21st A. D.—Manhattan avenue and Scholes street, S. Feldman and P. Donahue.

22d A. D. Branch 4—Blake and Williams avenues, H. Uswald and L. Weiss.

23d A. D. Branch 2—Saratoga avenue and Prospect place, S. Stark and H. Gilbert.

NOONDAY.

Flatbush, Atlantic and Fourth avenues, H. Kentor and M. Rosenberg.

Seventh avenue, between 12th and 13th streets, J. J. Coronel.

Noble and Franklin streets, Bert Kirkman.

Mr. MacDonald Speaks Tonight.

Marie B. MacDonald, candidate for Congress in the 14th Congressional District, will speak at Osborn street and Pitkin avenue tonight.

QUEENS.

Open Air Meetings.

Branch Melvina—Zeldler avenue and Nurse street, J. Kaufman and N. T. Herbat.

Branch Higdenwood No. 1—Myrtle avenue and George street, F. Stehle and H. Kantor.

Branch Metropolitan—Woodward avenue and Linden street, J. Flanagan and B. Kirkman.

Parade Committee Meets Tonight.

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Minutes Central Committee.

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again notify Stoler to appear before the Grievance Committee to answer the charges pending against him. The arrangements for the parade of Local Queens, to be held on the night of November 2, seem to be moving slowly. An additional committee of the following Comrades was elected to help with this work: Haas, Froehlich, Morstadt, Reilly, Drescher and Filtril. A telegram received notifying us that the Board of Education now allows certain public schools to be used for political meetings, and Public School No. 77 being in our county, the local will avail itself of this opportunity for propaganda.

Our organizer's report was received. Owing to his departure for California next month, the various offices he now occupies will become vacant, and the election of Comrades to serve in his place will be held at the next meeting of the Central Committee.

Branch Glendale reported a successful Strelzel meeting. Our delegate to the Editor-Giovanni Conference reports that the conference intends giving a grand concert, and tickets for this purpose were given to the delegates to the Central Committee to dispose of in their respective branches.

A motion made and carried that Local Queens insert a standing advertisement in the New York Volkszeitung and New York Call. Branches throughout Local Queens reported progress. Branch Metropolitan would use reconsidering a premium offer to the Comrade collecting the most money on his subscription list. The motion for a reconsideration of this question was lost.

Our delegate to the State Committee was instructed to bring before the State Committee the matter of having the advertisements of the New York Volkszeitung and New York Jewish Vorwaerts appear on all campaign literature issued by the State Committee. These advertisements to appear together with that of The Call.

Our organizer was instructed to write a letter of protest to the principal of the public school in which one of the teachers prohibited some of the scholars from reading Socialist literature or listening to Socialist street speakers. Branch Melvina, newly organized, was admitted to membership in Local Queens. The Festival Committee reported securing the second Saturday in March for the annual festival of Local Queens. A special meeting of the Central Committee will be called on Saturday, October 26, for the purpose of electing a new organizer and to transact other unfinished business.

M. SEUBERT, Secretary Pro Tem.

NEW YORK.

Liberty.

More than 500 citizens of Liberty heard Charles Edward Russell speak Thursday night in the largest auditorium in the town. The leading business men and politicians were present, and the next morning it was the general opinion that Russell's speech was the best ever heard in the place. Local Centerville Station arranged the meeting and is now at work forming a local in Liberty.

Watertown.

Local Watertown reports the following for Socialist Day: The afternoon meeting, held in headquarters, was well attended, there being about 250 in attendance, from whom we collected about \$5.60 for the National Campaign Fund. The speaker, Jack Britt Gearty, delivered a very well constructed lecture on Socialism, which was well received, and for the answering of questions he is without a peer. The evening meeting took place on Public Square, where, despite the chilly weather, he held a very large crowd throughout his discourse.

On October 14, Comrade Rockburn, of our local, accompanied Comrade Gearty to Hammond, as a meeting was advertised by a non-Socialist, a relative of the former Comrade, who made all the necessary arrangements for the meeting. Hammond is a town of 400 population, out of which 250 attended the first Socialist lecture and the largest political meeting held in the town.

Buffalo.

One of the Socialist Comrades employed at the King Sewing Machine Works was summarily fired a few days ago. His name is withheld, for obvious reasons. We wish to save him from the merciless capitalist blacklist. His particular "crime" was the selling of six-five tickets to the Debs meeting during the noon hour one day. Now, like all other good capitalist employers, the King Sewing Machine Company wants its employees to be meek and lowly, and not to learn anything about such hateful things as Socialism, unionism and that sort of thing. You see, they are full of the great American patriotic spirit of freedom. And so, being fond of freedom, they want always to be free to plump for working class to their heart's content. Employees who are not permitted to hear about such shocking things as getting the full product of their labor and refusing longer to divide up with the dividend seekers, are very likely to be good wage slaves. Those who begin to think with their brains are not likely to be such good wage slaves. And so the masters of the King Sewing Machine Company want their victims to hear about Taft and Wilson and Goddy, who won't teach them anything that will unsettle the masters on their backs.—Buffalo Socialist.

NEW JERSEY.

Hudson County.

The Socialist Educational Club has arranged for a reception on election night. There will be dancing, refreshments and lunch. Arrangements have also been made for receiving the election returns. The club will endeavor to make the affair one that has not been equaled in previous years. Special preparations will be made for the reception of the watchers at the polls when they return from their duty.

So, dear Comrades, on election night if you are not on duty at the polls go to the clubhouse, 256-3 Central avenue, Jersey City, and bring

Approved by and under the inspection of the REGENT of the State of N. Y. ERON PREP. SCHOOL 185-17 EAST BROADWAY, N. Y. A. Broeshauser, Academy, with an attendance of twelve hundred, were awarded College, Regents, Civil Service and Commercial courses. J. E. ERON, PRINCIPAL.

along your family and friends, and if on duty at the polls send them to the clubhouse. COMMITTEE. Jersey City.

7th Ward Branch meets tonight at Greenville Labor Lyceum, 129 Linden avenue. Newark.

Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for the Presidency, will speak in the Coliseum, 455 Springfield avenue, Newark, this evening. If you are not there early you won't get a seat. All Comrades who are to help will please be on hand at 6:30.

T. Alex Cairns, Socialist candidate for Congress, will speak at noon today at Tiffany's factory, Forest Hill.

There will be no meeting of the branch tonight on account of the Debs meeting in Newark. The next meeting will be held November 4.

PHILADELPHIA.

Open Air Meetings.

4th and Columbia avenues, G. Cornelius and N. Betullo.

Germantown and Cumberland, H. E. Close and O. B. Moss.

Euchre and Dance Tonight.

Under the auspices of the 42d Ward Branch a euchre and dance will be held tonight at Quartet Hall, Front street, above Wyoming avenue.

WISSAHICKON, PA.

Herbert M. Merrill, of Schenectady, Socialist representative in the New York Legislature, will speak at the Institute Building, 129 Vassar street, Saturday, October 26, at 8 p. m. Admission will be free.

WISCONSIN.

State Secretary E. H. Thomas writes as follows on the campaign in Milwaukee and Wisconsin:

While the Milwaukee Socialist Democratic meetings in this campaign are large and enthusiastic, the so-called "non-partisan" meetings are flat failures. At one of these, the audience literally consisted of one man—and he was a Socialist party member, attracted by curiosity. The "non-partisans" did not wish to repeat this humiliating experience. So they went to the expense of sending out postal cards, inviting the public to their meeting Wednesday night. This had accordingly resulted in a very small number of thirteen, by actual count. Such are the woes of the anti-Socialists.

The non-partisans have put out window hangers with the portraits of their county candidates, and bearing this big headline: "To Defeat Socialism." While we hate to be personal, we must say that the faces below are just about the sort of physiognomies which ought to belong to men who hope to sweep back the thunder of the rising tide with the poor little broom of "non-partisanship."

Meanwhile, the Wisconsin campaign is progressing on the usual line of tactics with the usual success. Still the Bundles Brigade marches and the factory gates every noon swarm with eager listeners to the Socialist message. "To Defeat Socialism" the enemies have started too late in the day. They should have begun before the first factory wheel spun or the first class-conscious worker felt the sting of wage slavery and the hope of the great new day which now is brightly dawning.

FLORIDA.

The result of the special election for Representative from Pinellas County shows that John S. Taylor, of Largo, was elected over Henry W. Hibbe, of St. Petersburg, by a majority of forty-six votes. This will be an eye-opener to the Democrats, and probably not take things for granted. There was but little time for the Socialists to make a campaign and the results obtained are therefore highly satisfactory.

The Democratic newspapers are trying to depreciate the results, but they are forced to recognize the strength of the Socialists, and the following, quoted from the St. Petersburg Times, is an index to what they think:

"Of all political parties today, none at all excepted, none is so ungrateably and overwhelmingly determined to win as is the Socialist party; to win a point here, there, anywhere they can; all looking and building to the time when they hope to win all along the line."

The Socialists of Pinellas County will take hold of the campaign in earnest now with a view to electing their candidates in the November election.—Florida.—Beacon, Ruskin.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Edward King will lecture on "Economics, Capitalistic and Socialist," this evening, at 8 o'clock, at the Thomas Davidson School, 307 Henry street.

A political meeting will be held tonight at the New York Evening High School for Men, 50th street and Tenth avenue. Speakers will make addresses in support of the various candidates for President. The Socialists will be represented.

ANCIENT ROMANS USED "LIFTS."

ROME, Oct. 20.—That the ancient Romans had the elevator habit, at least to a limited degree, is revealed by recent excavations in Palatine. Among the uncovered ruins of Nero's city twelve rudely constructed elevators have been found, and antiquarians say that their construction dates back to earliest times. One of them is now being cleaned and put into working order for exhibition at the Archeological Congress, which is to meet here in a few months.

CLAY TO LOOK AFTER CHILDREN'S HYGIENE

Cleveland Makes Radical Departure in Its Public School System.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 20.—"To teach children how to live—to live happily, healthily and capably."

In the opinion of Cleveland public school officials, this is the fundamental thing under the educational system. And it is the object of extension work undertaken for this school term. The establishment of a new department of school hygiene and the extension of school centers throughout the city are designed to accomplish the single result of teaching children how to grow mentally and physically in a way most interesting to the children themselves.

"What shall it profit a child to gain an education and lose his health?" is the question asked by Dr. E. A. Peterson, head of the hygiene department, in urging parents to lend their encouragement and active assistance.

Within a few weeks social center clubs will have been formed in every Cleveland public school. Mrs. Sarah W. Hyre, principal of Brownell School, long a Cleveland school teacher and champion of this work, took the lead by aiding the organization of three such clubs for boys and girls in this building. This building will be open at night to the clubs and the children's parents. Virtually the whole community about Brownell School will engage in the study of civics through the winter months.

In the broad work for hygiene, the increasing prevalence of ocular trouble is to be combated through co-operation with every outside agency.

"We have known for years that ocular trouble increases in schools from the first to the eighth grades," said Dr. Peterson, "but why it is no one has ever explained. We wish to study this trouble and correct it. We may find it is due to the wrong color of paper or the size of type."

"Also, we will find out what causes nervous disorders among pupils. We will make the boy and girl so interested in the schoolroom that they will be happiest there, because they will see that to live and study rightly will make them grow strong men and women."

The department of hygiene combines with the regular medical inspection instruction in school nursing, personal and public hygiene, physical training, recreation and school sanitation. An elaborate outline of the work, made by Dr. Peterson, requires the fullest measure of co-operation from parents.

Detection of communicable diseases and mental and physical defects and their correction are accomplished with the aid of the family physician, Board of Health, Juvenile Court, dispensaries and city charities.

By assisting the medical inspector in the treatment of minor cases and making follow-up calls at homes, pupils are given a chance to learn the fundamentals of nursing. Personal talks and demonstrations form the important part of the lessons in hygiene. Lectures, visits to the city and printed matter are offered to enlighten boys and girls on this general subject.

Dr. Peterson emphasizes the importance of physical training in the school. This first increases the vitality and endurance, but is not restricted to outdoor play. Children are taught how to sit and stand and walk in the schoolroom. Trained leadership is provided for recreation.

What the children learn at school about school sanitation is expected to be valuable in many families in their homes. They will be taught to take pride in good hygiene environment—buildings and the care of school and home grounds; also, the proper ventilation, heat, light and seating facilities.

FREE LECTURES IN NEW YORK TONIGHT

Free lecture series, most of them illustrated by stereoscopic views of motion pictures, will be delivered in New York tonight, under the auspices of the Board of Education, as follows, beginning at 8:15 o'clock:

Syracuse High School, 15th street, east of Broadway, 8 p. m.—"Andalusia," Frank H. Hanson.

Public School 27, 42d street, east of Third street, 8 p. m.—"Christian Science," Christian Gauss of Princeton.

Public School 156th street and St. Nicholas avenue, 8 p. m.—"Nationalism vs. Sectionalism," Dr. David S. Mager.

Public School 228, 22d street, 57th street, 8 p. m.—"Florida, Texas and Oregon," Dr. Willis Fletcher Johnson.

Public School 62, Heater and Essex streets, 8 p. m.—"The Historic Mediterranean," Dr. Lewis Gaston Leary.

Public School 119, 133d street, east of Eighth street, 8 p. m.—"Modern French Art and European Painting," Louis Wisting.

Public School 155, 24th street, 110th street, 8 p. m.—"Wages and Her People," Henry H. Parry.

Public School 105, 166th street, 100th street, 8 p. m.—"Charlemagne and the Dawn of the New Civilization," Prof. Adolph G. Wehr, Jr.

Public School 188, Lewis and East Houston streets, 8 p. m.—"The Live Stock Industry in the United States," Dr. J. M. S. S. S. S.

Public School, 112 East 90th street, "George Eliot and Social Responsibility," Prof. Stockton Adams, Princeton.

Public School 146, 54th street, 25th street, 8 p. m.—"Lakes to Tugot Street," Robert Wehr, Jr.

St. Luke's Hall, Hudson and Grove streets, 8 p. m.—"The New York State," Dr. Charles S. Brodbeck.

St. Peter's Hall, 20th street, west of Eighth street, 8 p. m.—"St. Peter's," Dr. Charles S. Brodbeck.

A Course of Ten Subscription Lectures

SOCIALISM

Its Principles, Practices and Achievements

BY JOHN SPARGO

AUSPICES LOCAL NEW YORK, SOCIALIST PARTY

AT CARNEGIE LYCEUM

57th Street and Seventh Avenue

A fine musical program with first rate talent will precede each lecture.

The speaker will answer questions after each lecture.

SUNDAY EVENINGS AT 8

Beginning Sunday, November 10

Season tickets, entitling holder to a reserved seat, sold in advance. Prices, \$3.00, \$2.50, \$2.00.

TICKETS FOR SALE AT Socialist Party Headquarters

239 East 84th Street Telephone 3586 Lenox

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

SMALL ADS THAT BRING RESULTS. Try an insertion in The Call, the most clearly read daily paper.

Published advertising agencies and any Western Union Telegraph office in Greater New York will accept advertisements for The New York Call at above rates.

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY

Brotherhood of Machinists

Headquarters, 34 Park Row, N. Y. City

MANHATTAN LODGE, No. 7, Thursday, Labor Temple, 242-247 E. 84th st., New York.

JOURNEYMEN TAILORS' UNION, LOCAL NO. 390

Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 108 W. 31st street. Free employment bureau. Hours, 9 to 13 p. m. Delegate Body meets every fourth Monday, 8 p. m.

Socialist Party, New York County, Headquarters, 239 East 84th st., Manhattan, Office hours, 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. Tel. 3586 Lenox. Organizer, Julius Gerber.

The New York Call

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VOL. 5. MONDAY, OCTOBER 21. No. 292.

THE RIGHT TO FREE SPEECH

It is not only a right but it is one of the most important of human duties.

The fight Mayor Lunn and his Comrades have been waging in Little Falls has been splendidly worth while. Without free speech and free assembly, the human race would be doomed to stagnation and degeneration.

While the chief of police of the town announced at the outset he "would learn them Socialists from Schenectady a lesson," and that while they might run their own town they couldn't run Little Falls, it is probable by this time that even he has learned something, and the chief thing he has learned is that he cannot lightly interfere with the liberty of the American people.

To some this may seem to be merely a piece of Dogberry stupidity. It is something more than that, and it is something we must get rid of in American municipal government. A few centuries ago the city was self-governing, self-supporting in a great degree, and self-complacently independent. It did not welcome visitors. In many instances it rigorously excluded them. The stranger was looked upon with suspicion, and not infrequently he was led forth to continue on his way, or he was imprisoned. The town government of Little Falls, in common with the town governments of many other American villages and cities, has this ages old idea of municipal importance, and tries to exclude the stranger, even though the stranger happens to be an American citizen.

All of us resident in this country have absolute right to speak and to assemble in the streets of San Diego, Cal.; Lawrence, Mass.; Calais, Me.; Portland, Ore.; Jacksonville, Fla., or anywhere else. The only demand that can be made on us is that we behave. We always do. Socialists are usually the most law-abiding of people, and they carry their ideas to the extent of wishing others to be law-abiding likewise.

Mayor Lunn went to Little Falls for the purpose of speaking to the strikers. This was within his right. Little Falls does not belong to the mill corporation, nor are the present town officials the supreme lawmakers and law interpreters. As Little Falls has not yet seceded from the Union, it is the right of every American citizen to go there and converse with or speak to whatever people he cares to address.

Mayor Lunn did that, and was right in so doing. Comrade Helen Schloss, whose long experience as a nurse has qualified her as a sanitary expert, demanded the arrest of District Attorney Schmidt because he was constantly spitting on the floor. Of course the demand was not granted. The fact that he might merely be spreading tuberculosis or some other dread disease in Little Falls was a matter of slight consequence. What they were after was that "red slob," as Chief Long elegantly and finely called Mayor Lunn.

But Comrade Schloss was within her rights as a law-abiding citizen, and it is a pity she did not succeed in having the police pig arrested. Another criminal was Algernon Crapsey, who is on tour of this State for the Socialist State Committee. His crime was unusually grave. He started to read the Bible in public. That might well be a hanging offense, and it was foolhardy of Comrade Crapsey to read to the populace such an incendiary piece of literature as the Sermon on the Mount, which was the thing he selected for purposes of crime. As well read the Constitution of the United States as indulge in any such hideous attack on constituted authority in Little Falls or attack the spitting rights of a District Attorney, the repressive rights of a chief of police, or the right to dodge of a cowardly Governor Dix or Carmody.

We believe that the Comrades who fought this fight out have demonstrated the criminal incompetence of those who are in control of Little Falls.

We believe they have performed a piece of work that will be of the utmost importance to Herkimer County, and that will before long redeem it from the Dogberrys on the bench, the spitting District Attorneys, the spineless Mayors and the other middleheads that have affected it.

This piece of work was well done. Let us have more of it. We want the laws obeyed—even by those who think the law is their special privilege to use for their own ends or to the advantage of the capitalists they cater to.

THESE NEXT TWO WEEKS

We have only a few more days in which to do the work of this memorable campaign. Workers and money are needed. If you cannot get on the platform and speak, or if your time is so limited that you cannot distribute literature, at least you can send in a contribution to the campaign fund.

Send it either to the Organizer of Local New York, to the State Secretary or to the National Office. Either place it can be well used.

Our campaign fund must be raised by ourselves. We have no generous Morgans or Rockefellers or Harrimans or others to give a hundred thousand each. If we wish a hundred thousand, we must get it in dimes and dollars.

But our money goes for educational, not corruptional, purposes. So send in. Every penny will give a lift to the cause.

WHY ARE THEY BUCKING THE SOCIALISTS?

Much of the time of the Bull Moose speakers and writers seems to be spent in an effort to kill the Socialist meetings. So far they have had the opposite effect. The Socialist, with no desire to interfere with the meetings of other parties, have had the best of the assault.

Straus says that Bull Moositis is a sure protection against Socialism. His little orators have therefore gone forth with the intention of annihilating the Socialists.

But it has availed them nothing. Most of them have come away from their attempts sadder, if not wiser, men. We should, however, understand this matter. The Bull Moose party was organized to offset the working class advance as shown in the Socialist party. It won't, however, succeed.

MURDER IS MURDER

By ROBERT HUNTER.

There was one illuminating thing brought out by Teddy's testimony at the recent hearing in Washington. "Did you have any information," asked the committee, "as to a contribution during the campaign of 1904 from the Steel interests?" "Yes," answered Teddy, "I know that Frick was a strong supporter of mine." Later he said, "I know that Frick was heartily supporting me and I was told that Mr. Frick had known of my direction to return the Standard Oil Company's money, and that Mr. Frick had said, 'If that means a loss to the campaign I will contribute more money to make it good.'"

"Did you have any personal talk with Mr. Frick on the subject?" asked the committee. "No, Mr. Knox mentioned to me the fact that Mr. Frick was cordially supporting me." Well, this interesting testimony recalls to my mind that "murder is murder."

I say without the slightest hesitation that if these two great friends of Roosevelt, Frick and Knox had been labor leaders they would have been hung years ago.

Had Dels or Haywood, Gompers or Mitchell committed the murders that lie to the credit of Frick and Knox they would have been hung instead of being made Roosevelt's right-hand men.

The dynamite explosion in Los Angeles caused the death of twenty-one men. The gang of Pinkertons that Frick and Knox brought to Homestead in 1892 caused the death of twelve men, and the injury of over twenty.

It is claimed that while the McNamaras intended to destroy property they had no intention of destroy-

ing human life. Can the plea be made in defense of Frick and Knox that they had no intention of destroying human life? Well, let's see.

Twenty years ago the workers in the Carnegie Steel Company declined to accept a reduction in wages, and they were locked out.

However, nineteen days before they were locked out Frick ordered that 300 Pinkertons armed with Winchester rifles should be sent to Homestead.

He then surrounded the works with a fence three miles long, fifteen feet in height, and covered with barbed wire.

Philander C. Knox, his attorney, then picked up a scoundrel, who was also a coward, named Col. Joseph Gray, sent him to the Sheriff of Allegheny County, and ordered the Sheriff to make Gray his deputy.

Knox then sent Gray down the river in a boat to bring up the armed men and land them in "Fort Frick."

News of this act spread abroad and a great many men, women and children were on the shore waiting for the Pinkertons.

While they were pleading and begging with the Pinkertons not to come ashore, a shot was fired and one of the strikers fell mortally wounded.

A panic ensued. The strikers drew revolvers, the Pinkertons leveled their Winchesters, and the result was twelve dead and the serious injury of over twenty.

Surely the terrors that existed in Homestead in 1892 have not been forgotten. It is the darkest and most criminal page in our industrial history. It was murder, deliberate murder, planned in advance by Henry C. Frick and Philander C. Knox.

Have the workmen of today not

only forgotten this history but also the brutal actions of the militia, the hounding of trade union leaders, the black listing of trade union men, the destruction and misery that came to trade union members and the annihilation of trade union organization in Homestead?

Has labor forgotten that trade unions have never since dared to raise their heads in Homestead, and that wages are today lower in that town than they were in 1892?

Will labor now overlook the fact that the great author of "murder is murder" takes \$100,000 of Frick's money and appoints Philander C. Knox, Frick's lawyer, as Attorney General of the United States?

In an address in Milwaukee April 3, 1903, Mr. Roosevelt referred to Mr. Knox as "the profound jurist and fearless public servant."

Well, of course Knox was the man chosen by Roosevelt to enforce the Anti-Trust Law against Mr. Frick's Steel Trust and other similar aggregations of great wealth.

Now ask yourself if "murder is murder?"

The McNamaras planted dynamite to destroy a certain property. They had done this before, but they had never before destroyed life. And Mr. Roosevelt yells, "murder is murder."

Yet Frick is on one side of him and Knox on the other, when he delivers himself of this superb moral sentiment.

If you think I'm trifling with the facts read "The Investigation of the Employment of Pinkerton Detectives," made by the House and Senate in 1892. You will find there that murder is not murder and other things you may wish to know of the history of Roosevelt's two great friends—Frick and Knox.

WHICH PARTY, MR. WORKER?

By PAUL H. CASTLE.

The Republican, Democratic, Progressive and Socialists are claiming the right to the votes of the working class, each contending that its platform is a working class platform.

How are we going to decide the issue? One good plan is to read the various platforms. This reveals to the careful readers that the differences between the platforms of the Republican, Democratic and Progressive parties are simply differences in the tactics employed by various capitalist groups to make the working class believe that the owners of the industries are really going to do something for the toilers. They all agree in perpetuating the ownership of the industries in the hands of the big capitalists, otherwise the workers would not have to turn over most of their earnings to these capitalists. Seven men and their allies own and control the industries of this country. They are going to keep this up as long as they can, and they can keep it up just as long as they can get the working people to vote for the capitalist political parties. A few of the largest trusts in America have concluded that the working class cannot be lured any longer with the old line of "dope," so they have organized a brand new party, "Progressive," they call it. This means that the capitalists are progressing in their methods of fooling the American people.

But, Mr. Workingman, if you are not yet sufficiently versed in the study of economics and the nature of the struggle between the toilers and the spoilers to see through this cunning game; if your credulity is so highly developed that you are still willing to accept a loud campaign declaration of fidelity to the workers as an evidence of sincerity on the part of these capitalist political parties, do really do something for you, we shall now produce some other good evidence to show you which political party is your party.

Mr. Workingman, you say your union is organized for your special benefit. Now do you let the owners of the industry in which you work dominate the sessions of your union and map out your politics, principles and tactics? No? Yes, I understand you to say that a labor union, if it does anything for labor, must be controlled by the laborers. Good logic. Now, what about political parties for the laborers? Do you use the same logic here? Or do you turn over your political interests to the tender mercies of your bosses? Yet I fear you do. Let us see.

We shall now go back to the G. O. P. convention in Chicago. Our G. O. P. friends are loud in their claims for labor. But who are here making the platform and selecting the candidates? The bosses. The men you have to fight in your labor unions in order to get a decent wage. Oh, you might find a real workman here in this convention, sitting "meek and lowly," if you should look for him with a microscope.

Next, we will go to Baltimore. Here is the same crowd, only a different ring, dominating. "Oh, surely not," says the Democratic workman. "Did not Bryan rot the whole plutocratic crowd?" I see you still have some considerable credulity. Who said Murphy, Belmont and Ryan were put to rout? Well, they were satisfied with the platform and candidates. And there were Taggart from Indiana, and Sullivan (the "Railroad Robber") from Illinois, who headed the stampede toward Wilson. Now, get out your microscope again, and possibly you can find a real workman somewhere on the floor of this convention, sitting "meek and lowly."

Now let us return to Chicago to the National Progressive Convention. I hear some strange names for a working class convention. Here are Perkins and McCormick. Munsey is highly spoken of. These are great Steel and Harvester Trust magnates, the trusts that Teddy was so good to while President. Why should they not return the favor? But is not Teddy very religious? Did he not say, "We stand at Armageddon and we battle for the Lord?" Well, we could all stand at Armageddon and put up a pretty good fight if the Steel and Harvester trusts would only furnish us the ammunition and pay the expenses of the commissary department.

ment. Get out your microscope again and see if you can find a real workman, sitting "meek and lowly" on the floor of this convention.

Now let us go back to Indianapolis in the month of May. The National Socialist Convention is in session. This convention has assembled to formulate a political program for the working class. Who are the members of this convention? They are working people, of course. Who else could be expected to formulate a working class program? Here are workers from the farms, mills, factories, mines and transportation systems.

Here is a convention of real workers and not a convention of people who "work" the workers. The candidates chosen by this convention, Debs and Seidel, are men from the ranks of labor. You do not need your microscope here.

Now, Mr. Workingman, since the capitalists have made the platform, and endorsed the candidates of the Republican, Democratic and Progressive parties, just let the capitalists vote those party tickets. And since the workers have made the platform and chosen the candidates of the Socialist party, let the workers vote the Socialist ticket.

Mr. Workingman, are you not yet convinced which party is your party? Then let me remind you of an important fact that may have slipped your mind while the G. O. P. brass band was playing. These capitalist political parties make loud claims just at election times of being your "friend," "the friend of labor," "between elections the Socialist party is busy helping you, Mr. Workingman, to fight off the bayonets and policemen's clubs that the executive forces have put in power. Between elections the Socialist party is busy helping you get more bread from the bosses who control these political parties. Now, why not decide at the next election, November 5, 1912, to put the executive forces of this nation in your own hands, and place in your own possession and control the industries where you get your bread? There is only one way to accomplish this—vote your own party ticket, the Socialist ticket.

"ELECT OF GOD"

By RICHARD PERIN.

On October 6, 1912, in St. Patrick's Cathedral, John Farley, cardinal, spoke at length of the respect due the priesthood, not for its position (whatever its position may be), but because its members "are the elect of God."

"No man," he said, "becomes a priest or minister because he wants to; but because he is inspired to do so by God Almighty."

He told of some man who is reported to have said that should he meet a priest and an angel walking together, he would first salute the priest.

So a priest is a little higher than the angels. Somehow the story reminds me of one I heard some time ago about an Irish "free-thinker" and a dissolute priest. The priest, half tipsy, was calling the agnostic to task for his views. The agnostic retorted by calling attention to the priest's almost habitual drunkenness and licentious ways.

"All the same," said the priest, "if the devil were to come for the two of us, he would take you first."

"Right you are," said the agnostic, "he's sure as can be of you, but he isn't sure of me."

Continuing the cardinal exhorted the members of his audience to make bigger contributions, as the increased cost of living has hit "the elect of God" as hard as it has laymen. I wonder how it has affected the angels? Are they also asking for alms? Perhaps they get a portion of the enormous sums contributed by the "faithful," but never accounted for.

But, speaking seriously, Cardinal Farley's exhortation, although on its face it looks peculiar, is founded on reason. It looks peculiar for the reason that the laity, admitted by the cardinal to be so hard hit by the increased cost of living, are asked just when poverty presses hardest upon them, to give more of what they haven't got to the "elect of God," the priests, a little higher than the angels.

But a moment's thought will show the reasonableness of this request, a

moment's thought will show that comparatively the clergy are hit harder by the high prices than are the laity who support these "elect." I can prove it.

It is the choicest cuts of beef which have risen most in price, it is lamb chops, cutlets, filets and the like which have taken the biggest jump. The great majority who support the "elect of God," if they are fortunate enough to be able to buy meat at all, buy soup meat, sausages and the tougher, least nourishing cuts of beef, and these have risen little in price compared with the choice meats.

The prices of fruits, preserves, jellies and the like have risen enormously, but the majority of the laity never are able to eat these at all, so again they score one on the elect.

Wheat flour is much higher than it was, but a great portion of the laity, especially those from Southern and Southeastern Europe, never eat white bread, but substitute for it corn meal in the form of mush, or "polenta." Score again for the laity.

But where we shall have to score more than one point in the laity's favor, say five to ten points, is in regard to wines and liquors. Imported wines, the cheaper as well as the more expensive brands, have risen considerably in price, due to the increased

import tariff, whereas asabintine has been barred entirely. Now the laity, who support the "elect of God," do not drink wines and liquors at all. They drink beer and cheap whisky have the prices of beer and whisky have not advanced; the goods have simply been more vilely adulterated. So the laity has an enormous advantage here.

Then take the question of clothing. Pure woolen goods have advanced all along the line. A natty clerical suit of pure woolen goods now costs \$25, while ten years ago it only cost \$25. The price of shoddy, worn by the great majority of the laity, has advanced some, of course, but hardly at all in comparison with wool.

There are other things, too, which I hear have risen in price, things likely to affect the "elect," but I shall not mention them here, for I want the call to print this little article. So consider these points well, and I feel sure that you will vote for—that's what comes of attending too many Republican street meetings—I mean you will be convinced that Cardinal Farley had a great deal of justification behind his request that you and I contribute more of our ill-gotten wealth to the "elect of God"—"corvi," the Italians call them, but they are not referring to the ravens who fed Elijah.

SNAP SHOTS

According to Taft's publicity bureau the prosperity that we're enduring is "somethin' ortful."

No doubt the big Bull Moose is sincere—in his desire to head off the growing Socialist sentiment.

If the Democrats or Republicans could have done anything to reduce the growing grocery bill, why didn't they do it in the last session of Congress?

The voter who imagines that all our social ills can be cured by voting

for "good men" is harboring a mighty good delusion, and his "good men" will help to rid him of it.

After the excitement of the world's baseball championship is over with, you will still have a few weeks more to decide the championship of the world as between the worker and the shirker.

That political-religious institution which is beginning to fight the Socialist movement and is decrying it as a "peril" is more political than religious and more concerned in preserving its income than its dogmas.

THE MAGIC DAWN

By SONIA URELES.

Dawn stole quietly into my room. I awoke and stared somber-eyed at the gray, dim phantoms about me. My heart, still conscious of the ache of yesterday, fluttered weakly to greet the chilly dusk that is neither light nor darkness; but just a land of fitful shadows. Soon the shadows melted and a pale, mellow glow filled the room. Near my window a bird thrilled, full-hearted; and in the distance a cock crowed greetings to the first flush of the morning.

And for one full moment silence reigned.

Then clear and piercing a cricket chirped his little song of joy, its buzzing tune echoed faintly over the quiet fields. It seemed as though that sudden echo awoke a thousand songs to life.

I raised my head slowly from my pillow and gazed up, through a myriad of dark leaves that grazed my window, at the blue sky. Pale and faint a crescent moon stared down on me, and in the north, high up, aglitter and alone, hung one cold star. A few frail, limpid clouds float low, and crown the mountain tops.

An early bird soars swiftly by. Slipping lightly from my bed I knelt at the open window. A cool, fresh breeze swept through my hair and caressed my bare arms and shoulders. I thrilled exalted under the tragic of that exquisite caress, and drew a deep, long breath. How pure and sweet the air was. How keenly it filled my lungs and spread to my innermost soul! And ah, how yearningly the birds sang, and how the glad sun burst into my room, and filled each nook and cranny there!

I held my arms out to the balmy wind, the pink-flushed sun, the trees that nodded so intimately to me, the rapture of the golden throated bird—the low cry of the cow somewhere in the pasture.

"Dear Lord, what a day! What a heavenly peace and calm! I whispered softly as I knelt in thanks. And slowly the tears of joy filled my eyes and slid helplessly down my cheeks.

Far out in the fields the swaying corn were suddenly come to life, and their lulling murmur reached my ears.

I dressed, then stole into a world of green and blue. Above dew laden green fields, dainty clouds floated easily; gracefully, then broke into a myriad of ripples that swept across an azure sky. How quiet! What peace! Only the birds and crickets broke the blessed silence, and once a crow cawed in the fields.

The wind blew little shivers through the branches overhead, the young leaves trembled as in a tumult of ecstasy, and shed tears of perfumed dew; the olden oaks nodded in gentle dignity their greetings to the sun.

A chanticleer, perched on a fence alone, raised his head up high, and crowed proud and lustily.

This was dawn in full bloom, expanding to the glory of the coming day.

A fresh sweet scent of new cut hay was showered upon me, and I laughed aloud in sudden joy, as I held my outstretched arms out yearningly to the sky. "What a wonderful world!"

"I thank thee, oh, thou God! I thank thee!" I cried loud, the fullness in me surging in a burst of gratitude for such beauty.

I felt new-born. Last night I was a heartless person gone to sleep. The early dawn still found me moaning on the bordering line of pain, and now how healed felt the wounds that bled! How soothing was the gentle voice of peace that whispered to me in the flushing dawn!

Slowly I walked along a path of tall grasses and taller trees, and dreamed my dreams.

And then my thoughts flew back to the city I had left behind. "A vision of that other dawn sprang before my eyes.

Dear God, what a melstrom! What a hell of choking streets, and noise and clamor, I saw gray hard paved paths winding and twisting, crossing and recrossing each other in a confusing manner. I saw a hot sun burst fiery red upon a land of little cells that human minds have cunningly named "homes."

I heard as in a dreadful dream the clatter of empty milk wagons, the clique of horses' hoofs upon the parched pavement. "I heard the drowsy cries of newsboys as they assorted their papers in doorways for the coming day; the grating of surface cars, the hoarse roar of elevated trucks, and a while later I heard the tramp of many feet that hurried to more dreary cells, called "factories and shops."

I saw the sun wax warmer, I felt its terrific heat upon my breast. I watched pale women, not more than girls, with hollow chests and haggard eyes hurrying quickly lest they miss a minute of their regulated day's suffering. Men and boys, old and young alike, all hastened, nor took time to draw an extra breath.

No cool, sweet breeze there to make them pause for one joyful moment of forgetfulness. No full-throated bird sinking its heavenly song of love. It was all stifling, close, and increasing with its din and hubbub. The sky seemed dry and harsh and indifferent. But who saw sky? There they saw but little blue bits peeping in between their narrow streets.

Little children, ah, those little children that lie in their fathers' doorsteps. How the mad sun scorches their poor, panting forms! And the pallid mothers with the sucklings at their breasts!

I shuddered as a cool breeze kissed my cheek and recalled me to the land of peace. For joy had fled my soul, and left my spirit low with that too vivid scene.

And dumbly as I reviewed that scene, my sad heart raised a silent cry of: "Why?—why?"

The Gang and the Grafters

(In the near vernacular.)

Inscribed to Our Choice Collection of City Crooks, High and Low.

By JOSEPH FITZPATRICK.

Oh, we are the gang of zammen bold
Who nourish on palsied laws,
And, like to the mettle that moves our
fold,
Are the bulldog's iron jaws.
We stake loose lives on a random shot,
And plunder a living along
The vicious froth on the boiling pot
Of the City's hive-packed throng.

'Twas a wise guy wrote that maxim clear,
"There's a reason for things that
grow";
And why we flourish with little fear,
All good folks want to know—
Oh, somebody needs at somebody pays.
On that can you bet your head,
And some high "Mucks" who scorn our
ways
Might starve if us crooks were dead.

The Boss who gambles on Floater's votes
When Election Day is near,
Will coax us away from the Public's
throats
—And jolly us with good cheer;
For he knows a man has a perfect plan
To loot some "Office" here,
And this man knows a still higher man,
Who can save us from the chair.

No loose-spined weakling joins our band
Of crooks all thorough bred,
Where the fool who turns the squealer's
hand
Gets his with a lump o' lead.
A trusty gun and a steady aim
—Is our court of First Resort.
And the guy who butts against our game
Finds judgment swift and short.

But the soil of the City's hive-packed
throng
Is ripe for thugs and strife,
And Political Healers work it strong
For sinures staked for life.
Oh, keen are the grafting Pirate Kings
Who float on our criminal wave
And bank on the woe our Habel brings
From cradle to the grave.

SOCIALIST CANDIDATES

NATIONAL

FOR PRESIDENT

EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana

FOR VICE PRESIDENT

EMIL SEIDEL, of Wisconsin

STATE

NEW YORK

FOR GOVERNOR

CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

GUSTAVE STREBEL

NEW HAMPSHIRE

FOR GOVERNOR

WILLIAM H. WILKINS

MASSACHUSETTS

FOR GOVERNOR

ROLAND D. SAWYER

RHODE ISLAND

FOR GOVERNOR

SAMUEL H. FASSEL

CONNECTICUT

FOR GOVERNOR

S. E. BEARDSLEY