

"The Right Reverend John Mitchell" to designate the ex-labor lieu-to designate the ex-labor lieu-

tenant of Mark Hanna. After his ser- mon-what else was it if not a ser- mon-delivered to the Taie divinity school, no other title but "Right Rev- erend" will fit. And thereupon the fight Reverend John Mitchell should change the name of the "United Mine Workers" into "The Mitchell Sunday School." What the nature is of the prosperity that Taitism will promote, and to whom its same is to accrue, may be gathered from the Beverley, Mass, despatches. Taft having chosen Beverley for his sum- mur residence there has/been an imme- diate boom in rents. The rise in the price of shelter, a human necessary of life, sure enough, is prosperity for hame is. Taftic prosperity is for the Home- iss. Taftic prosperity is for the Home-	 The adoption of Socialism and the driving back of the God-created individual into a mass with one common level" is the latest bus-bear G. W. Post has set up to frighten the work of the social revolution. In the days of Mumbo Jumbo the scare orow might have worked. It is too late for that now. Biguent pseudo-religious appeals to may motion and the dividuality fail upon deaf ears in the max who has no individuality. The same as the South Sea Islander who has no individuality. The same as the South Sea Islander who has no individuality. The same as the South Sea Islander who has no individuality. The same as the South Sea Islander who has no workingman. A woman bolt trimmer in the Pittsburg screw and bolt works, if she misses no motion is to the American dividuality is the maximum called and not the same op- Re the for works, if she misses no motion is to the same op- Re the sea machine, repeats the same op- Called the seare option of Socialism and the same op- Re the seare maximum called the same op- Re the seare machine, repeats the same op- Called the seare option of Socialism and the same op- Called the seare option of Socialism and the same op- Called the seare option of Socialism and the same op- Called the seare option of Socialism and the same option of the same option. Called the same option of same option of the same opt	The lake shipping interests are in no hurry preparing for the next sea- son's traffic as there seems to be no great amount of tennage in sight. The larger industries are working with a working force far below normal, and all employers can afford to be choice in selecting their "help." In the meantime, the workers of Cleveland are suffering in patience and with a tenacity that is wonder- ful. But capitalism errs when it re- gards itself secure because of the workers' indifference. Beneath this tranguility there exists a dogged de- termination to give capitalism one more and the last chance to prove its claim of being the only and best social system possible. The politicians of the capitalist class are apprehensive of a subdued discon- tent and they make all manner of at-
the House of Have-Not. Barnum used to take his curios from Africa and bring them over to Amer-	esi- are "onto" these armed upholders of "the made, it is to be hoped, with William Darragh, the slayer of fourteen-year- The eleven-yard shirt into which the	tempts to keep it thus. For enstance, up until the last session of the State Legislature it required but two per cent. of the total vote cast in the state
, ica to be "gazed at in mute marvel, Lennon, et al. first catch	heir A, monumental mile-stone in the reasoning people who get beyond their	at any general election to give a minor Joseph Schlossberg.
astonishment and curiosity." We are ovster of having the present unexter now reciprocating. The arrival of bill taken up.	ded progressive march of civic freedom The mutiny on board the steamship depth, is the fix in which Charles A. was the establishment of the prin- Indiana of the Norton line is in the Moore is floundering in his attempt to	party official standing. Which meant Daniel De Leon.
Teddy Roosevelt at the African city	ciple that held the Crown's agents to nature of sheet-lightning, a symptom of launch a new political party with "lib-	nominate its candidates in convention from the clutches of the Russian Czar,
of Mombasa, where a motley crowd Frank is the admission that is I "pressed, eagerly to see the noted made by the prosecution, in the tri	sing strict responsibility for their acts, even a surcharged atmosphere, eventually erty and constitutional principles its tof when the acts were committed by ex- bound to break loose into a violent storm. chief tenets." Mr. Moore is still in the	the same as the old parties instead of by petition, which required the sig-
American and gazed at him in mute Capt. Peter Hains, Jr., U. S. A.,	who press orders of the Crown. If the cap- Not "steamships" is the proper name for tranmels of the superstition that seeks	natures of two per cent of all voters
	the italist runners of the murderous auto- these ocean steamers. They should be for "liberty and constitutional principles" the mobile cannot be held responsible for called what they are in fact-galleys, from above, instead of from below, build-	participating in the previous general lastice Normal previous general HELD
		ten per cent. of the vote cast to be- Chicago, April 22Judge Kenesaw,
curios the same degree of marvel and at the trial. It is feared that if the	re- feurs, even though the chauffeur was the inhumanity that convicts sentenced terial wellbeing.	come an official party. In the mean- M. Landis, in an important decision has
	and apceding under orders, the only way to to do service as galley slaves used to be	time such parties must continue to upheld the "hours of labor law" and nominate their candidates by petition decided that the government had won

"Walf a million men and women are lore in Army circles." A long-beaded set Crown's agents-hold the chauffeur galley slaves has not yet broken out in workies. Buy a copy and pass it around

(Continued on page 2).

also what they do sell-on credit, with ordained privilege.

collections very slow.

its case against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

This industrial depression has brought

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1909.

THE CASE FOR THE OTHER SIDE

By K. Kildare, Knozville, Tenn.

"Socialism will never come in my time." Possibly not, friend, and nobody will be blameworthy excepting creatures like yourself, poor, weak, unmanly things that cause a self-respecting man to blush for his species. st thou, mental sluggard and ess worm, that Socialism will be blown in with an east wind? Is there a single kick in you. Mr. Never-comein-my-time? You have never tried to better your own lot, let alone that of your brother. A fit subject you, with your bent head and bowed back, for your capitalist tormentors to cast on the scrap heap when your time comes. "Oh.' you are a blankity anti-everything." Wrong again, O mental midget, the Socialist is not against everything, he is FOR everything that will benefit the people. He is for right, for justice, for freedom, for life, liberty and happiness. 'He is anti-cap-Italist, anti-evil, anti-slavery, anti-misery, anti-starvation. What are YOU for?

"You'll' never get me to swallow that." Well, sir, if your mentality won't permit of your swallowing it you are to be pitied. We don't expect a man of your calibre to swallow it. We are not appealing to clam-like intellects. We appeal to people whose brains are in their heads, not in their throats. "Continue the motion." as the drill-sergeant says, of swallowing capitalistic done in the shape of camels. Tis all you are fit for, poor thing. "You' fellows want to turn things upside down." No, sir, things ARE upside down. The Socialist would put m in order. Upside down! How about yourself? Are you paid all that you earn? Is all the food you buy dulterated? Haven't you a landlord? And for everything you buy don't you pay exactly the amount that the trusts say you shall pay? Upside

down? Are YOU right-side up? "You reds won't allow a fellow to have his own opinions." Tes, we will, oh' yes. We allow you to have your own opinion, but will your boss? . Try it on with him and see. What will pen to you if it differs from his-God knows, as Taft says.

"The Socialists haven't all the brains in the country." But yours are not in evidence. Lou don't need any, nohow. ses do your thinking for you. Let your employer catch you thinking pt in his interest - and then what? Thinks Directly you begin tothink, mister, you will join the ranks of the Socialist Labor Party. Try it, ess the result. A blessed day for you when a thought strikes you. Il swap your views when you w as old as I am." Grow old! Ha! In! the Socialist never yet grew old. He renews his youth, his hopes and fighting ambition perennially. Socialism is the most virile thing extant. When you have downed it Socialism es up and hits you. in the eye. In fact, it is hitting you in the eye all the time, on the street, in the cafes, in newspapers, magazines everywhere, us the world over, you can't escape it. No fear of the Socialist ging his views. Having tasted the sweets of economic freedom you could in it."

never persuade him to again don his discarded swaddling-clothes of indus trial slavery. He knows that in Socialism he has discovered man's highest ideal. He remains a Socialist because he knows that Socialism, is IT.

"I don't want to argue with you. Well, that's quite natural. You are afraid of giving your case away. Indeed, you have no case at all and you are half suspicious of that very fact yourself. Argument, like a poultice on a wooden leg, would be wasted on an intellect like yours, Going?. Well,

ome back again. "I'm a free American, I am." Rats! In that case why do you work longer tions. hours than the worker in Europe? In that case, Mr. Free American, why are you satisfied with some paltry 17 per cent. of the value of your product when the European worker, despite his shorter hours, receives from 24 per cent. up? "Free American," indeed. The better organized worker of France and Britain sneers at you, scorns you, contemptuously snaps his fingers at you. In slavery are they, but thine is worse, Longer hours for proportionately less pay. You produce the most, yet re-

ceive the least. Corn-bread, the fat of swine, a bug-eaten bedstead and but little soap. But be content, O saphead, do the genuflection act to "Old Glory" and joyfully sing "Star-Spangled Banner" while your elegant masters, the plutes, bestow on you the dirt from the kid coverings of their bunioned pedal extremities. A stepping-stone to graft, a doormat for the capitalist, an abject, degradel slave to his boss, a spiritless, spineless punching-bag, such is your "Free American."

"I haven't time to talk about that rot." Of course not. Your time is your boss's. He takes good care that you shall have no time to educate your self. Work a lot, eat a little, sleep a little, that's all he wants you to do. tration to Socialist management. And that's all you do. He dictates how you shall work, how long, and the amount of pay you are to receive in return; and you take it lying down. Brave man, you. When can you find time to compare your lot with that of your boss's mule? Gagged and bound hand and foot as you are, and with the wooden pate of the mentally befogged bigot, you cannot, of course, find time to talk about the betterment

of your conditions. Enslaved in misery, you prefer to live and die therese your boss. to ple "To h-1 with you and your Socialism.". That's a powerful argument. But Socialism is already in the only hell we know of, and that is the hell of misery and degradation right here. Socialism would banish hell, 'If you would refer your Socialist to a myth ical abode of fire and brimstone, pleas be informed that the existence of such a place is now denied even by the unco gude. In no church where enlightened people do congregate is the doctrine of a brimstone hell now preached. It has been reasoned away. And the Socialist is trying to reason away this hell on earth. Evidently you love hell, dear sir. In any case you helped to make it. Enjoy it, then, and for your epitaph posterity shall write:

"Born in it, he voted for it and died

The Capitalists Have Proven Their Incompetency and Vandalism.

NEW SYSTEM NEEDED

By Moritz Ruther, Holyoke, Mass.

The unfitness of the capitalist class administer the affairs of the nation for the benefit, of all is being overwhelmingly proven on every side. Ex-President Roosevelt's message to Congress, on the preservation of the nation's resources, is chuck full of facts of the criminal robbery, wastefulness and wantonness of the capitalist class, This class is utterly indifferent to the material needs of the future genera-

Roosevelt's second message, on farm life, is not less a revelation of the complete uselessness of the capitalist class as an administrator of public affairs. After nearly fifty years of wonderful material progress the American farmer stands revealed as a pitiful object of Congressional paternalism. American capitalism is robbing him of his very life blood.

Truly, the American workingman has need of speedily waking up and taking matters into his own hands. The bandit class and its system of vandalsm must be put an end to, and a working class government established. That means we will put to good use the wonderful machinery of modern wealth production, and all workers will receive their full share of wealth and be able to live a proper life. The workers are able to create suf-

ficient of the world's goods to allow of plenty for all. But, at present, they are prevented from enjoying what they produce because the capitalists appropriate it all and pay only so much vages as permit Labor to Barely exist. There is only one remedy for the nation's workers, and that is a complete change from capitalist adminis-

TO THE READER

This is perhaps the first copy of The Weskly People that has met your eye. We hope that you will read it, and trust that its contents will interest YOU.

The working class will continue to bs beasts of burden for the capitalist class so long as they, the workers, pay heed to the utterances of the press, pulpit, and platform, controlled by the capitalist class. For it is through these mediums of publicity that the capitalist class imposes upon the workers as truth the ideas, that will best serve their own class interests. Realizing this, the Socialist Labor Party set up its own press, for the purpose of educating the wage worekrs upon THEIR class interests

The Weekly People is one of the papers of the Socialist Labor Party. It is not a private enterprise for the benefit of any individual, or set of individuals. The Weekly People is owned by the Party and conducted by the Party through its officials.

In other words, the paper is owned edited and supported by workingmen for workingmen. Every workingman who: would know why the "shoe pinches" him and how to get rid of the nuisance should read The Weekly People.

\$1.00 a year, 50c, for six months. Address

THE FUNDAMENTAL FAL-LACY AND THE FUNDA-MENTAL FACT.

By Nom de Plume.

The labor problem, in itself, is easy to understand. It is not grasped, generally, because of false reasoning. There is one fundamental error at the bottom of the failure, on the part of Labor, to arrive at the "good times" so much-desired, and that is, we believe that we comprise a people whose material interests are as one. We fail to perceive that certain class divisions exist, whose interests do not harmon

ize, but conflict. For instance legislators are elected on the THEORY that whatever laws they enact are passed for the good of the WHOLE people. But PRACTICE proves that the laws are enacted for only a PART of the people. A few facts, taken from everyday experience will confirm this. Take any so-called national "issue," anti-trust, anti-rebate, or tariff, and what do we find? Legislators engage in debate over these issues, but whose material interests are affected by the questions? Are the working people concerned? Of course not. It matters not to them

whether the trust wipe out the small competitor, or whether the small rival has the trust restricted; both the trust and its competitor always unite to oppose the demands of Labor.

The same holds good of the question of anti-rebate. This is a case of the small shipper protesting against the large shipper. The little fellow, not being able to get cut rates from the railroads-the same as the big shipper-demands that the game be stopped. But the little fellow, the same as the big fellow, is just as cruel to his employes as the labor market allows him to be. Rebate or anti-rebate, there is no difference to Labor. Nor are things. any different with

How? regard to the tariff. The interests lined up in Congress disputing this issue are not fighting to do something for the working class. They don't love have a special liking for New Bedford Labor enough to fight to give it parliamentary favors. On the contrary, special fancy for railroad stock; I leave those legislators are uniformly, unanithe choosing with him. The only direcmously and unalterably agreed that tions I give him is to get the stock in Labor shall always "get it in the neck." such a corporation as will pay the high-But the tariff controversy does affect the various manufacturing, agricultural and producing interests, all of whom are the outspoken foes of the workers. Take the case from another view-

point. Say a demand is made for a safè deposit company, and I put my labor law, an eight-hour law, for instance. What happens? A terrified into my pocket, and I go and have a howl immediately goes up from the capitalist camp: "Class legislation!" "Class legislation is unconstitutional" is groaned. But the statement is an tains; occasionally I take a spin across admission that economic classes exist. Obviously, there could be no class legislation if classes did not exist; but my time with fast horses and faster wosince such divisions are a fact, special legislation is inevitable. What capitalist courts and spokesmen mean when they shout that "class legislation is unconstitutional," is that laws for the benefit of the working class are "unholy." Laws for the good of the

surely have read or heard about the employers are "sacred." miracle that God performed when the The labor problem is the problem Jews were in the desert and about to of a class, the working class. What die of hunger. The Lord opened the is good for Labor is bad for Capitalskies and let manna come. But the Jews ist; what is good for Capitalist is bad had to get up early in the morning befor Labor. If wages go up and hours fore the sun rose; if they overslept down, the Capitalist feels it: if wages themselves the sun would melt the mango down and toll becomes intensified. na, and they would have nothing to eat. Labor pays the price. There is no

HOW IT IS DONE THE REAL SITUATION

FACTS DISPROVING THAT PROSPERITY REIGNS THROUGHOUT THE LAND.

By Awake, Sparks, Nev. A great many workers, in fact the great majority, seem to think that prosperity and a chance to work lit-

is a little plain arithmetic. I take a pencil, and put down on a sheet of paper erally from rise to fall of sun are one "\$100,000." Having determined that I and the same, and 'it was in the hope shall need at least \$5,000 a year to live of getting this sort of prosperity that with comfort. I divide the \$100,000 by

> they elected Wm. Howard Taft, an ex-corporation attorney and ex-infunc. tion judge, to the supreme office in this country. But nearly five months have passed since that election, and

> the much-desired and oft-promised prosperity, has not arrived. "Where is it?" asks the worker, who acts as

though he thought Taft a magician who only had to wave a wand to have prosperity issue forth from some secret place and waft its refreshing breeze over the land. The wag answers the wage-slave's anxious question with the reply that prosperity is in the White House cellar, or in Africa with Roose-

But let us leave aside the wag. The truth is that the condition existing in the industrial world to-day is the direct opposite of prosperity-that condition is one of dull and deep depression. The capitalist press may cry and lie of the revival all it desires; the cries and the lies do not affect, except to aggravate, the feelings of an army of unemployed who walk the streets of American cities, or count the ties of American railroads or cling to the beams of American boxcars. That great idleness and a great stagnation of industry still exists in the North and South, East and West, is conclusively proven by the reports of men in closest touch with the industrial situation all over the nation. It matters not that the reports subjoined disclose the conditions of one trade, because this trade is so vitally inter-

woven with many others that when it is dull and stagnant, it means that the entire industrial machine is in the same condition. The extracts here given are taken from the Machinists'

Monthly Journal for April. Speaking of conditions around Cincinnati and vicinity, I beg to say there has not been any improvement in the iron trade in the past month.

- John Doyle, Cincinnati, O. Conditions in this city have not changed much in the past two months;

and while we have a few members out of work, there are many machinists walking the streets looking for work. Harry F. Vollmer, Cleveland, O.

There has been but little change in conditions since my last report. Nothing doing in the machinist line. Work in the contract shops is very slack, one shop working four and one-half hours per day, short-handed at that.

S. L. P. SUPPLIES.

National Constitutions, containing also the platform of the S. L. P., and declared resolutions, per 100 \$2.00 Red membership cards, containing also a record of transfers, per 100 Application cards, with exposition

W. F. Evans, Denver, Colorado. In speaking of the general conditions of our craft they are far from what we desire them in.

W. J. Pfleger, Indianapolis, Ind.

It makes no difference where you are, or who you are, do not come to Los Angeles or the aqueduct expecting to find employment, for it is not here for you.

C. N. Hughes, Los Angeles, Cal. In the railroad line business is still

very poor. Geo, Martin, St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn

Up to this writing, March 9, there is nothing encouraging to tell our members about trade conditions.

J. J. Handley, Milwaukee, Wis.

In this locality our trade has shown little tendency for picking up. James A. Schofield, New York, N. Y.

Since writing my last report for the Journal the industrial sky has become somewhat clearer, although business if vet far from being normal.

Wm, H. Johnson, Providence, R. I. We are waiting for the Taft boom and hope that it will not prove similar to "The Letter That Never Came." A. R. Gleason, Rochester, N. Y.

Conditions are not improving any on this end of the line and are not liable to.

E. H. Misner, San Francisco, Cal.

I wish to say another word and that is that the shops here are, and have been for the past eighteen months, exceedingly slack.

Li .D. Jones, Seattle, Wash.

The month of February has not only been short in days so far as the machinists are concerned, but it has been very short on work, practically everything on our lines dropping down to eight hours per day, both in the round nouses and back-shops.

Thos. Van Lear, St. Paul, Minn., Dist. No. 32.

The depression of trade is still with us, and the ground covered with a mantle of snow.

L. H. Gibbins, Toronto, Canada, These little reports show, beyond doubt, that, with a few insignificant exceptions, a condition of lethargy pervades industry on all sides, Canada as well as the United States. The intelligent worker should be stimulated by these facts to prepare an organization which will enable his class to get beyond the pale of an industrial cycle wherein his class is kept in continual doubt and fear, and periodically brought face to face with a general deadening of trade resulting in idleness, hunger, "pea"-soup and

"LIBERAL" EDUCATION. The "liberal" education given to the people of the country is a constant topic on the lips of the praise singer of capitalism. But why delude ourselves with the belief that we are educated for our, the working class', good ? Rockefeller doesn't endow universities, nor does Carnegie bestow libraries for the purpose of enlightening the working people how to throw off the burdens oppressing them in the workshop, Rockefeller takes good care that the

institutions subsidized with his coin

grind out the dope to his liking. Nor

do the Carnegie libraries contain lit-

erature which would open Labor's eyes

and show it how to gain better con-

bread lines.

ditions.

will do all he can that you may not be deprived of any part of it, but, as to himself, he has for work a constitutional aversion; the capitalist runs away from velt, or has flown away to the moon, work like the man bitten by a mad dog runs away from water. I want to live without work on my \$100,000, and yet keep my capital untouched. If you ask any farmer, he will tell you that if he invests in a Durham

The Capitalist, and the Miracle He

Works-He Gets the Profit, You Do

Say that I own \$100,000. Now, I may

not know much-no capitalist does-but

I know a few things, and among them

\$5,000; the quotient is 20. My hair then

begins to stand on end. The 20 tells me

that, if I pull \$5,000 annually out of

\$100,000 these are exhausted during that

term. At the beginning of the 21st year

I shall have nothing left. "Heaven and

earth, I would then have to go to work

if I wanted to live!" No capitalist rel-

ishes that thought. He will tell you, and

pay his politicians, professors, and politi-

cal parsons to tell you, that "labor is

honorable." He is perfectly willing to

let you have that undivided honor, and

I have \$100,000; I want you to invest

that for me. I don't tell him that I

mills' stock; I don't tell him I have a

est dividend. My broker has a list of

all of these corporations, your New Bed-

ford corporations among them, to the

extent that they may be listed; he makes

the choice, say, of one of your mills right

here in this town. I hire a vault in a

stock into it. I lock it up, put the key

good time. If it is too cold in the north

I go down to Florida; if it is too hot

there I go to the Adirondack Moun-

the Atlantic, and run the gauntlet of all

the gambling dens in Europe; I spend,

men; I never put my foot inside the

factory I hold stock of; I don't even

come to the town in which it is located,

and yet, lo and behold, a miracle takes

Those of you versed in Bible lore

1

place.

the Work.

cow she will yield him a supply of 16 quarts of milk a day, but, after some years, the supply goes down; she will run dry, and then a new cow must be got. But I, the capitalist, aim at making my capital a sort of \$100,000 cow, which L shall annually be able to milk \$5,000 out of, without her ever running dry. I want, in short, to perform the proverbially impossible feat of eating my cake and yet having it. The capitalist system performs that feat for me. I go to a broker. I say, Mr. Broker,



.30 The "liberal" public press is no better, than the ultra-capitalists here mentioned. That press will give pages to sensational matters which educate no one; but it will give only the mea-.30 grest reports of labor strikes and then in a vein to prejudice the strikers' cause. The reason of these things is clear? .30 They, one and all, would educate the worker to keep him an intellectual thrall. Real information is not favored by the system. . Antipatriotism. Celebrated address of Gustave Pierve at the close of his trial for Anti-Militarist Activity, before the jury of La Seine. An excellent answer to Capitalist Jingoism and capital exposition of the need of international unity of the working class, Price 5 Cents. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. 28 City Hall Place, New York

WHERE SNARES AND POISON AWAIT THE UNWARY

NO COLOR, CREED OR RACE QUEST ION SHOULD ENTER THE COUNCILS OF THE WOR KING CLASS.

argu

By Oyprien, Baltimore, Maryland.

Outside of the industrial field where labor and capital confront each other in frequent conflict there seems to many workingmen to lie a certain neutral ground where this strife does not enter; where laborer and capitalist stand as more men with identical interests; a place re superiority of social condition re-

ceives no special favor and private concerns no partiality. This supposedly neutral territory comprises the various educational, religious and scientific institutions of the day. It is due to the naturally upright and generous disposition of working class human nature that this view has received so steady accep-tance. Too many still hold to the "fond illusion"-so unsuspicious are they, and so unwilling to believe in the utter depravity of capitalism. They have not yet comprehended the ubiquity of capiyet comprehended the ubiquity of capi-talism; how it worms its way everywhere and poisons everything. But the same honest nature that for the present holds them true to their convictions will when they have learned the truth, make them all the better fighters for their

class. They are fighters now, good ones, in a way. But they are disposed to conthe battle to too narrow areas. They have not yet adopted the code that approves and makes obligatory in case of need the sympathetic strike. In other words, they have yet to grasp full meaning of the Class Struggle. The working class of this co

to unusual in its composition that it resents peculiar difficulties to the propants peculiar dimensions to use not a list. The fact that we are not a gandist. homogeneous race, but of many races; the same social group." It is obvious, the fact that the capitalist takes advant- then, that when ministers of religion

LAY OF THE LAND

Trief but Pointed and Instructive

By Geo, Anderson, Montclair, Colo.

Coloradol the very name reminds one

" labor battles, revolutionary wage

slaves, criminal capitalists and Pinker-

ten detectives. A state of untold wealth,

int in the State.

iberd is



When the workers learn the exten of the deception that has been practiced. upon them by that class of men nowadays called "parsons" they will be in a fair way to rid themselves of their capitalist exploiters. The ministers of religion have from time to time immemorial trenched upon fields foreign to what is properly their own, and by specious ant and pretended sanction and authority of the gods have endeavored to acquire control of men's liberty. Witness their cunning union of religion and morals. Now, religion is one thing, morals an-

other. Religion concerns the gods and man's attitude towards them. He is religious if he worships them and irreligious if he denies their existence.

Morals have to do with men and their actions towards towards one another. A man is moral or immoral according to whether or no his conduct towards his fellows conforms to the standard required by prevailing usage to be observed. Enrico Ferri says: "Morality is nothing Enrico Ferri says:

but an adaptation of our individual character to the conditions of existence of our fellow men who belong with us to

morals, assume by virtue of their re-ligious office to authoritatively prescribe to men the relations they shall observe toward one another, they may be very properly combatted and denounced by nsoever or by what rascals soeve such intrustion and advice may injure. The appositeness of these remarks will perhaps appear more clearly if it be realled that present-day bourgeois society

s looking towards the church as to its sheet-anchor, in the days of storm and stress it sees approaching. Policy com pels it to abandon the traditions of the most distinguished of its ancestors. The French bourgeois, in the storm that swept away the monarchy and brought the Third Estate to power, were fiercely

anti-clerical. But other times, other man ners. However, our bourgeois are prochurch not because they believe in church reeds. Appearances count for nothing here. Those people affect for religion : espect they do not feel. Hypocrites they patronize religion because they expect to profit by it. They imagine that hurch doctrine and church discipline will furnish them a class of wage slaves numerous enough and of sufficient docility to

render ineffective the resistance of the more enlightened and independent. Vain hope. A veritable apple of Sodom. Credulity has stood them in good stead for nany a year, but they will look fruitlessly for equally good results in the future. Ecclesiastical authority is not now the ower it used to be, and its anathemas and excommunications are not so dreaded as formerly. Everywhere is penetrating this modern, spirit of challenge and resentment against interference with free

thought and free speech, and no power that capitalism can conjure up can stay But the good, plous bourgeois do not rely solely upon church aid. They would

fain reinforce their position, with the prestige of science. They therefore enlow universities and provide comfortable stalls for a lot of subservient professors who, for the sake of their stipends, be-

leave their proper function of sacrifice-offerers and, intruding into the field of their patrons. The mistaken notion is too widespfead and too commonly accepted that the bourgeois class favors popular education. It does not, free schools to the contrary notwithstanding. At the time the free school idea fructified, the present "strained relations" between the classes did not exist and were not anticipated. To-day the free school system is not regarded with favor by the ruling class who look pon it as incompatible with this intense

ly capitalist epoch. Still they tolerate t, making sure at the same time that everything about it bears the bourgeois stamp. They do not, however, relax in their hostility to child labor legislation and such measures as would facilitate the attendance of proletarian children at the schools-free meals, free clothing, bathrooms and the like.

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1909.

come the undiscriminating champions of country so entangled in bourgeois

Los Angeles to a Baltimore paper:

"A movement recently started among

fruit growers to rid themselves of the

Japanese who have long controlled the

labor situation in the orchards is bringing

results. Hundreds of brown men have

been summarily discharged and white

men put in their places, and the time is

not far off when white labor only will

be employed. The insolence of the Japa-

nese has become unbearable and many

small holders were forced into leasing or

selling their holdings to them. The out-

look was decidedly gloomy for the grow-

ers as the demands of the Japanese were

No ambiguity about that dispatch, is

way,-unpatriotic and perhaps treason to

Only when we have learned class-con-

ciousness will solidarity be possible. To

sources that many profess to believe to

They not only do not favor popular constantly becoming more arbitrary when education, they deprecate its effect upon the general suspension of construction the masses. Only a short time ago Sena work threw thousands of white men out tor Tillman announced openly and boldly of work and afforded the orchardists the that he was against educating the work opportunity to hire them." ers of his state. The reason he gave was there? A plain case of wages and the that they were Negroes, but in that he whites scabbing it on the browns. Of is only taking advantage of popular prejudice. The true reason is that they course it is ungenerous to put it that are laborers and indigent. Suppose those South Carolina blacks were rich property the flag. But what a pity to alienate such stalwarts as these, who have "no owners and in their present place there were an equal number of white laborers mercy on the employer." How much all solidly organized for the purpose of better for the cause it would be to sink all consideration of race and give the contesting with the Bourbon aristocracy the possession of the political power of glad hand of comradeship to such splendid fighters. But that can be looked for the state, does any one believe that in that case Mr. Tillman and his kind would only when we have learned better. refuse to confer citizenship upon those blacks, grant them equality in the state, achieve solidarity, to cement together the if by so doing they could keep the proletarians out? Whenever the working workers of the country in one thoroughly people of any state shall become as thororganized body, that is the work that ughly united on the basis of class as the calls for the best efforts of all wide-

Negroes of the South are on the basis of awake workingmen in the land. Assail race they will find no end to bourgeois capitalism wherever it is found. It lurks opposition, no end to the property, eduin places where many do not suspect it. cational and other qualifications required It emits its poisonous influence from for citizenship.

It is deplorable, in view of all this, to be uncontaminated. Expose it. Spread see workingmen in different parts of the 1 the light.

chemes as not to discover their real in-Under this head we shall publish tent. Take the case of the recent uproar standing advertisements of Section headagainst the Japanese. It was of exclusively bourgeois origin, and yet hundreds quarters, or other permanent announce ments. The charge will be five dollars a and thousands of workingmen joined in the hue and cry. Read this dispatch from year for five lines. Section San Francisco Cal. S. L. P.

> Headquarters, Hungarian Socialist Federation. Lettonian Socialist Labor Federation, 883 McAllister street. Los Angeles, Cal., Headquarters and public reading room at 317 East Sev-

enth street.' Public educational meetings Sunday evenings. People readers are invited to our rooms and meetings. Headquarters Section Cincinnati, O., S. L. P., at 1808 Elm street. General

Committee meets every second and fourth Thursday. German, Jewish and Hungarian educational meetings every Wednesday and Sunday. Open every night.

Section Cleveland, Ohio, S. L. P. meets first and third Sunday of the month at 3 p. m. at Headquarters, 1366 Ontario street, near St. Clair avenue

Section Allentown, 'Pa., S. L. P., meets every first Saturday in the month at S p. m. Headquarters, S15 Hamilton street.

Section Providence, R. I., 81 Dyer st., room 8. Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesdays of each month. New Jersey State Executive Commit-

tee, S. L. P .- John Hossack, Secretary. 22 Fulton ave., Jersey City; Fred. Gerold, Financial Secretary, 102 Waverly st., Jersey City, N. J.

Chicago, Illinois. - The 14th Ward Branch, Socialist Labor Party, meets every 1st and 3rd Sunday, 2 p. m. sharp, at Friedmann's Hall, s.-e. corner Grand and Western avenues. Workingmen and women cordially invited.

Section Seattle, S. L. P. headquarters. free reading room and lecture hall, No. 2000 Second avenue. P. O. address, Box

1040. All communications intended for the Minnesota S E. C. should be addressed to Herbert Johnson, 475 Como avenue, St. Paul, Minn.

business meeting every second and ourth Sunday in the month at 10 a.m. at Federation Hall, cor. 3rd and Wabash



\$1.00. Section St. Paul, Minn., S. L. P., holds \$1.00.

ary Working Class Politics and Industrial Unionism.

EVERY WAGE WORKER SHOULD READ IT. Subscription Rate for the United States and Canada 50 Cents a Year Bundle Order Rate, \$3.00 per

1871-100 Copies, Including Postage cents. Subscribe through the office of The WEEKLY PEOPLE.

(Includes an address on Free Trade)-By Karl Marx. Cloth, 50 cents. The Ideal City-

. was beginning to worry mine owners. of the organization, and keep up the re-Something had to be done to sidetrack ceipts from dues, the leaders and officers the clear cut teachings of the S. L. P. and run into the ground the revolution-IN COLORADO ary spirit. The Mine Owners' Association was equal to the occasion. Pinkerton detectives were employed to join the Locals of the Federation and become active, thereby influencing the membership. The politicians of the state and other departments of the ruling class laid their wires to nullify S. L. P. work. Men, who apparently favored the Federation, were placed in nomination by the old political parties and these candidate were pledged to side issues such as the eight hour day. The miners promptly swallowed the bait. They elected these capitalist tools to office only to find that when the eight hour law was adopted the Supreme Court of the mine owners was

with mountains of minerals barely ched by man, and fertile farm and ds, it has been and is a parathere to declare the law unconstitutional. disp to the greedy, land grabbing and When an eight hour amendment to the g capitalist. No wonder constitution was carried by the voters. that in this state, perhaps more so than anywhere else in the country, the charac-peristics of the master class should dethe legislators refused to act. Meanwhile Pinkertons had done their work, and the mine owners were prepared to meet the

op to the point where they appear in Federation in a decisive war. In their The history of Colorado's great labor ad endeavor to gain a big share of the war is well known. The mine owners stural wealth of the state, by exploiting stopped at. nothing; they ignored all working class, without which the codes of justice and decency and trampled alth below the surface of the earth under foot laws of their own making. would be unattainable, the capitalists forgot all of their professed virtues, such The miners were shot, clubbed, bullas "morality," "justice" and "patriotism." penned or deported; the property of the lutionary spirit, and a sliding into "re-These "peace-loving," "law abiding" citi-unions was confiscated or destroyed, and, form" measures. We have been obliged as the vile, labor skinning appeared as the vile, labor skinning to cap the times, and from the state . to cap the climax, the officers were kid- to fight all sorts of issues and fakes, pure

ceipts from dues, the leaders and officers, such as Moyer, O'Neill and Mahoney, changed their tactics to the detriment of the revolutionary principles. They are letting the organization drift towards the rocks of pure and simply craft unionism Conferences were had with Gompers at the time of the late A. F. of L. convention in Denver, and it is only a matter of time before the once revolutionary W. F. M. will be a part of the great organized scabbery. Moyer and Mahoney have been lobby ing at the state capital during the recent ession of the legislature. They, were

after \$60,000 for damages sustained by the Federation during the troubles of five years ago. Bills granting this award have been passed by both houses and will probably be approved by the Governor, but the Republican minority in the legis lature claims that this is the price which the Democratic party is paying for the support given it at the last election. It is estimated that the miners gave the Democrats 7,000 votes.

When the Socialist Labor Party was abandoned by the Federation in favor of "practical politics," "something now" and like 'demands." it, of course, lost some of its influence and opportunity for distribution of sound literature. The effect of this was, as pointed out, a lapse of revo le craft un

THE LAND IN CALIFORNIA Prosperity of Capitalist, Adversity of Worker-The Banners of the S. L. P. Planted Firmly in the Field.

By H. L., San Francisco, Cal.

sun; over mountains, swept by the icy blasts; fording streams, fighting Indians, the Argonauts of '49 brought their schooners safely into the valleys of California in search of the Golden Fleece finding it in the bowels of her mountaing and in the beds of her streams. These were the days that the genius of Bret Harte immortalized in his tales of trail and of camp. But in America the sand in the glass of time runs swiftly, and when

sixty years have run away the scene has in the past always emerged victorious. completely changed. Yet there are those The sturdy Socialist Labor Party has who even to-day come to the Golden firmly planted its banners in four Cali-State expecting that primitive arcadian fornia cities: San Francisco, Los Angeles, conditions prevail and that the Golden San Jose and Oakland. Strife like that Fleece has never been wholly purloined which stirs and stenches the Socialist from her. In a way, they are right. For party troubles it not, for its' Marxian over the shining ribbons of steel swiftly 28 City Hall Place, New York. position does not invite the farmer class. slips the special train of the Twentieth much less the petty bourgeois. It is not Century Argonaut. He dines and he wines concerned about high or low taxes and as well as in his home palace, and obseces, nor yet with nous servants are alert to fill even his ship, knowing full well the imbecile futilsmallest want. Every luxury that cenity of these measures when it comes to turies of culture have generated are at eradicating wage slavery or even making his beck and call. When night overtakes that slavery more bearable. It makes its his onrushing palace, he may retire to his miraculously fitted sleeping car and appeal to the proletariat and to it alone. And it rests assured that sooner or later sleep the soft sleep of those who are conthey must hearken to the message that scienceless. Yet, strange it may seem it brings. Proudly and uncompromishe too is an argonaut in search of a ingly it stands on its solid scientific po-Golden Fleece in the sunset land. And sition, deaf alike to the clamorous cry of he finds it, does this Capitalist Jason, popular prejudice and to the slimy sneers he finds it on the toil bowed back of the of those who hate it for its worth. And western worker. while to-day, its militant band is small California is a rich field for capital but in numbers, like those' who won at Marait is a hell for the real empire builder, the thon, it is great in courage, . principle worker. In the great lumber mills and and resolution. Its enemies are many, mining camps he is driven for 10 or 12 but there cannot be a moment's doubt hours, and is housed like an animal and whose must be the victory or whose the fed worse than one. The mills shut future is. down and the worker drifts about help-That future is fast approaching and one or two good agitators in the field lessly, aimlessly, a despised hobo. Or, perchance, he picks the far famed California fruit at a dollar a day or he strips could garner the harvest that has long the grape vines for a mere pittance. been ripening. The toil tortured workers who have filled the markets with Cali-Maybe his wife and children work at his fornia products are beginning to awake. side or maybe they toil under brutalizing They are beginning to wonder how it is. conditions and for inhuman hours in the canneries. In the cities, it is true, conwhen from their labor calloused hands ditions are somewhat better for those the warehouses of wealth have been filled unto bursting, that gaunt want should that are employed, but for those that are out of work, life becomes a nightmare stalk so boldly in their midst. They are that would defy the descriptive pen of a looking askance at those who say that Dante. In the great, proud seaport town labor unions have brought this about. of San Francisco the beggar is omnipre-They are beginning to suspect that those sent and insistent. In the winter or who cry "Jap!" "Jap!" are themselves guilty of enjoying the plunder that has been pilfered from them. In their minds and case. The progressing along these lines the mem-of the Pederation manifested con-member revolutionary tendencies, and The order to hold together what remains month, second, the day, third, the year, crafts almost unmolested, for the police The California Socialist Labor Party other slack times, poisonous waves of

are practically powerless. Politically the state is operated with open insolence by the dominant economic interest, the Southern Pacific R. R. For, while other economic interests combined could easily control the state, yet like a

pack of starving dogs, snarling over carrion, they never agree. ...

The Socialist party is just the same burlesque hybrid that it is elsewhere. Within it are numberless conflicting elements; farmers, cockroaches, political shysters, jobholders, intellectual slum-Across deserts, baked by the blazing | mites, etc., etc. Just now the main internecine struggle is between the so-called "bourgeois" and "proletarian" factions. The first is composed of pale pink parlor Socialists, farmer low tax_enthusiasts, Jap-baiters and muddled revisionists. The second is composed of little more radical elements. While these believe in some reforms and stand for pure and simple unionism and politics, they are, as a whole, opposed to the step by step advance (municipal ownership). It is difficult to say to-day which wing will eventually triumph, but the first named have

SECTION CALENDAR.

Socialist Literature

> Scan This List and See If There Is Not Something on It That You Want.

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By Emile Vandervelde, member of the Chamber of Deputies, Belgium. Cloth, 50 cents.

3

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By Karl Marx. Cloth, 50 cents. History of the Commune of By Lissagaray. Cloth, 50. Wage, Labor and Capital-

tion and acted accordingly. That, in opposition to the arrogant

us selfishness

bound to be beaten. The mine owners a hard struggle we have maintained our were not going to allow the workers to organization in the state throughout it

ine owners, there should dep a labor organization in the western it. They were successful. And they will have stood the test time and again, and ining camps, peculiarly aggressive and fellions, was quite natural. Denver is keep on frustrating the moves of the we can now proceed to build up an organ-workers until these become thoroughly ization for actual constructive work. The the headquarters of the Western Federaeducated and drilled, when, understandtion of M ners, and Colorado the state in ing their class interest, they will organize industrially and politically for the purpose of taking and holding that which they produce. ich this organization was put to the which this organization was plot to the test as to its value as a labor organiza-tion. As Socialists, we hold that the essential act for a labor organization

The great and valuable lesson of this riorm is the education of the workwarfare was, however, to a great extent their place in the ranks of the revolurs to a realization of their class interest lost on the miners. The leaders them- tionary army in due course of time. selves did not recognize the facts; or if they did, it was not to the rank and file. Instead of S. L. P. literature, work of clarification. Let our aim be to organize them for final emancipation. In examining the Western Federaof Miners we must ascertain to what stent it has accomplished this mission. 'At one time the Western Federation of the miners were now fed on the dope of ars was quite revolutionary. In its John M. O'Neill, through the Minurs' other worker in Colorada that eminent arations it demanded the surrender Magazine. The result is obvious: the educator and teacher of revolutionary of the capitalist class. The literature of the Socialist Labor Party-in those days the only party calling itself Socialist-W. F. M, is constantly sliding backward. The conditions of the miners and smeltermen in the state are no better than before the great strike of 1904. There ively circulated amongst the ers, and the speakers of the Party is this difference: Formerly the Federaoften addressed meetings in the mining camps. At several annual conventions tion had most of the mines thoroughly organized, whereas now the largest mines belonging to members of the Mine Own-ers' Association, refuse to employ miners who are members of the Federation, or any other union. Thus the power and influence of the Western Federation of the W. F. of M. resolutions were cally, ready to usher in the era of eroing the Party as .as the litical party representing the nomic freedom.

"To hell with the constitution!" to stand trial for "murder." The W. F. simple Socialist politicians and pure and ed Sherman Bell in 1904, and the M. was beaten to a standstill, as it was simple Socialist politicians and pure and simple physical forcism. Though we have capitalist growd repeated the declainterfere with their exploitation and all, clean and clear as ever. Our present membership are tried and true. They

Weekly People is going into the homes of many miners in the various camps and is and they will be found ready to take

work of clarification. Let our aim be to place in the hands of every miner and Socialism, the Weekly People. By doing this we will make for real progress and make Colorado a state where all, not a few, shall share the gifts of generous Nature. Then the blood of the wage slaves shall not be spilt in vain. But we shall have a class-conscious working class, organized industrially and politi-



which through all these days of storm and stress has held the fort, now sees bright days ahead. It is looking forward to the tour of August Gillhaus with confidence, resting assured that from it the greatest good must flow. The long black night is beginning to break and the first faint flush of the dawn is coloring the sky. Not long now and the sun will rise. And no Joshus can hid it halt.



WEEKLY PEO PLE, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1909.

THE MARK OF CAIN. DELT DEOPLE

28 City Hall Flace, New York Sex 1576. Tel. 129 New Yor aned every Saturday by the CIALIST LABOR PARTY. Augustine, National Secretary. 2 W. Ball, National Treasur

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SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1909.

Man is more than Constitutions: bette rot beneath the sod,

Than be true to Church and State while we are doubly false to God! -LOWELL.

THE POLICE SPY AT WORK IN FRANCE.

For once a nasty report concerning the European Labor Movement, and apbearing in the Rep-Dem bourgeois press is more likely true than false. Alto-gether probable are the Paris despatches to the effect that a riotous m anifesto has been issued by a certain "Revolu-tionary Federation" of workingmen, "appealing to all workingmen to join in every form of violence" in order to overthrow existing society and establish a new order "exempt from all author-

Anybody acquainted with the ways of Usurpation to discredit the Movement of the forces organizing to destroy it, unst have expected, after the epoch-making recent strike of the Parisian stal employes, something of the kind the manifesto reported to have been of the manifesto reported to have been issued. The thing was due; it has ar-

The strike of the Parisian Postal em eyes marked the turning of a long in many a matter concerning the r Movement. It denoted a long step en in the enlightenment of a division of the proletariat that did not formerly the the states of the states of the states of the the states of the stat part of the anatomy of the working . It had the further effect of prooting the "setting" of a number of her bones in other parts of the same anatomy, and to consolidate "settings" that a propaganda of years had already it. This was quite enough send the shivers down the spine of , and to cause it to hasten seek to explode the dangerous comovocateurs. But worse haprentsor agents provocateurs. But worse hap-pened than a mere "setting of bones" in the anatomy of hitharto wholly dis-located Giant Labor.

The Parisian Postal employee on strike gave evidence of being legitimate chil-dren of XXth Century civilization and experience. The firmness with which party. French Movement is known as "sa-re," and here is beginning to be was, if anything, a more ominous to capitalist rule. It told the tale hat the Movement had learned to disish between Revolution, on the one and, and Felony or Blackguardism, on the other; between the freedom of legitimeeracy and the rowdyism of between the order that is led the Intelligence, and the disorder that taken in by Clowns. So epoch-making a display by the Lahor Movement of France in two import-ant respects justified the expectation of eedy agent-provocateur's coun-, ay. Dynamite bombs seem to ve lost their charm for police-spies and their hirers in France. The manifesto, so fully reported from Paris, was pre-ferred. It has all the ear-marks of its arce-the very language to captivate settled brains, by captivating these one ma human cripples, to cause the Movement to be judged by them; above all to furation with a pretext to "save man Usurpation with a society from anarchy."

An illustrated paper publishes the pic ure of two men seated beside each other and intently reading. The two men have evidently grown grey, not with dissipation, but with thought. The lines on their faces, the shapes of their heads bespeak natural capacity that has not been allowed to go to weed. Altogether

the picture may be considered a work of art-two strong intellects, drawing upon a vast fund of knowledge and experience. co-operating together in some common

purpose. Who are the two men !- George W Wickersham the present Federal Attorney-General, and Frank B. Kellog, a speial attorney for the United States. And what may the two be intent upon doing? Are they intent upon uprooting some deep social evil, whose ramified roots re-

quire their combined legal acumen to trace and grip !-- No! 'Are they intent upon promoting some legal enactment, requiring a broad

grasp of jurisprudence, whereby som of the many crying evils of the day may be redressed 7-Not

Are they intent upon freeing. s ciety from some trammel that holds it back, and thus enable it to deploy its energies, multiply its forces and lesp for-ward !-- Not at all !

What, then, are these two intellectual colossi up to? O, disillusionment! The mental energies of the two men are bent upon the opposite-they are "consulting over the brief in the suit to DISSOLVE the Standard Oil Company"-in other words, they are scheming to turn the wheels of civilization back.

The law of social progress is to pro duce wealth in increasing abundance and with decreasing waste and toil. The seemingly impossible problem is the prob-lem that faced the human race since its start. In the reaching of this goal the Standard Oil Company is the highest rung yet attained in the Jacob's ladder that is to connect man with the angels; that rung in the ladder has its serious lefects; they are defects that come from the imperfection of the artisans themselves. The defects, however, are not inherent. They can be removed. The great fort of modern society is to remove the defect and save the thing itself. The blessings that the Standard Oil rung of the ladder of civilization is instinct with rate, they would not meet with the now go to waste; worse yet, they are turned to curses. The reason is obvious -their private ownership. The intellect circumstances is to adapt the name to of the Age is centered upon stripping the Standard Oil, together with the other uppermost rungs of the ladder, from the sult set fort

of their birth. To DISSOLVE the Standard Oil would be like killing the babe that is born because of the impurities it inevitably was born with. It is to plan to throw civilization upon its hanne

Wickersham and Kellog, wasting their intellectual powers in the effort to DIS-SOLVE the Standard Oil instead of rendering it collective property, are, if they only knew it, pictorial representation of Standard Oilism-potentiality for good turned to evil.

Such is the curse that capitalism place upon its pets. It is the modern mark of Cain.

S. P. AT WORK IN GREAT FALLS. Under the above heading a corres condence is published elsewhere from

Great Falls that comes in as a timely illustration of the peculiar relations existing between the guilds, misnamed Unions, that constitute the staple of the A. F. of L. and the so-called Socialist

That there is love and affection beother hand, the name cocoañut shell did

the posture of the political body that enlists the love and affection. If such posture is one that betrays Socialism then the love and affection reveals the reason for the same, and enables an accurate conclusion to be drawn as to the character of the bestower of the love and affection, and as to his conduct.

The correspondence from Great Falls furnishes a striking illustration, among scores of others, of what It is that the A. F. of L. loves and affects the S. P. for. It loves and affects the S. P. because the S. P. cultivates the anti-Socialistic spirit of the A. F. of L. The correspondence from Great Falls thereby gives in hand the key with which to unlock the secret of whether the A. F. of L. will support the S. P. It will not; it can not. The Socialism in the S. P. is just mough to justify the A. F. of L. unto itself. For that very reason the A. F. of L. will remain shattered politically, scattering its forces among the capitalist parties, and bagged generally by the top capitalist one-leaving the S. P. jilted,

The election figures demonstrate the easoning. THE CULT OF ASO-NEITH.

While no sane man will put implicit faith in the affidavits of any corporation involved in litigations, there, neverthe less, is a strong color of truth in the affidavits presented in court by the majority stockholders of L. Schepp & Co. in the suit brought against the corporation by their minority fellow stock-

holders. A certain Mrs. Aso-Neith Cochran, described as "a priestess in a flowered wrapper," has established a cult which she named after herself-Aso-Neith. The principle of Aso-Neith is easily grasped. Everything, whether living or otherwise, has a vibratory system of its own. Likewise words and names. Consequently, if a thing that vibrates in a certain rhythm is coupled to a name that vibrates to a different rhythm no harmony is possible. Harmony is success disharmony failure. The deduction from these principles are obvious :- the name of a man or woman should vibrate to the same rhythm; if a man or woman has a name whose vibrations are unsuited to his or her own vibratory system he or she will meet with failure, at any success corresponding to their vibratory powers. The thing to do under such

The defendants in the L. Schepp & Co. sult set forth in their defence that the minority stockholders are Aso-Neith cranks. In proof thereof the defense cites a number of the plaintiffs and their adherents who changed their names because the priestess of Aso-Neith in ormed them they did not vibrate happily with the names they bore. "Louis" was charged to "Payne," "Bridget" to Mercy," "Maude" to "Clarice," etc. There is intrinsic evidence that the allegations of the defence are true. The

same intrinsic evidence, however, points to the fact that the defendants themselves are all devout worshipers at the shrine of Aso-Neith; and, what is more, the intrinsic evidence goes far to justify the new cult, proving all its devotes-at least those now in court-as everything but cranks; indeed, proving them "leve

headed businessmen." L Schopp & Co. are dealers in cocoa nuts. Cocoanuts consist of two partsthe soft coccanut pulp and the hard coccanut shell. L. Schepp & Co. sold both. The vibratory rhythm of the thing occanut pulp being in harmony with its name, the name was preserved. On the

"MORAL PRINCIPLES." The ministers engaged, in the work of closing the saloons on Sunday by law seem to have forgotten their text. What is the favorite language with these-reverend gentlemen when they orate upon the wrongfulness of Socialism? Some of them, but very few, venture into the deep water of economics. Most of them are too cautious to take any such risks. With them the language is in the nature of the plea that lawyers call of confession and avoidance. "Socialism is ideal." say they; "It is very beautiful; but it is

a high moral principle; but moral principles are not clubbed into men by laws; moral principles must be preached till they permeate society; give up arousing the animosities engendered by partisan warfare; educate public opinion; public opinion can be relied upon, it is the only way to bring about Socialism." Such is their theory of propaganda in a matter involving "high moral principle."

Can it be that these reverend sirs don't mean what they now say when they claim the crusade they are en-

gaged in to close the saloons on Sundays is a movement that involves a "high moral principle"? If they do mean what they now say on this subject how come they to strain for legislation, the effect of which would be "to club a high moral principle into men with the club of laws"? Why do they not confine themselves "to preaching the moral principle" until it permeates society"? Why do they incur the evils of "arousing the animosities engendered by partisan warfare" Why do they not "educate public opinion" and rely upon . it to close the saloons on Sundays? Why one measure for one "moral principle" and another measure for another "moral

principle"? Either the reverend worthles, who are advocating a political crusade to bring about legislation that will close the saloons on Sundays, take no stock In their claim about aiming at "a high moral principle" and are in the fight only for the financial principle of shutting the doors of what they consider to be their Sunday competitors-either that, or, when the gentlemen advise Socialists to "permeate," instead of to organize for expressly bouncing purposes, what the gentlemen aim at is to seek to lead Socialism into the ground. Seven 11

MAY DAY. By H. L. San Francisco. The first of May Is hollday For Labor The world over. The hammer's clang Ceased as it rang To April's Dying sunset.

The whirring wheel Of glittering steel Stopped dead,

Of shops and stores And tollers

THE CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS MAY ELECTIONS

Official and complete returns, now finally in, of the municipal elections held in St. Louis and Chicago on the 6th of this month, are not light straws, they are stout beams pointing the direction of the current with the Socialist party. The Socialist party has all along maintained that its policy was the correct one in that it "enlisted the sympathy of the Unions," and proudly did it point to its vote in proof of the pudding. The facts and figures furnished by Chicago and St. Louis during the last five years are appropriate commentaries upon the S. P. position.

In Chicago, the S. P. vote in 1904 was 47,743; in 1908 the vote dropped to 18,-S42, a loss of 29,101, or be it a loss of nearly 61 per cent ; this year the vote dropped still lower: it came down to 12,-672-6,170 less than last year and a record loss of 35,071, compared with 1904-this in the second largest industrial centre of the land.

In St. Louis the figures tell substan; tially the same tale. In 1904 the S. P. vote was 5,168; in 1908 the vote dropped to 4,900, a loss of 268 votes; this year the vote for the head of the ticket fell still lower: it came down to 2,986-a loss of 2,182, or more than 42 per cent compared with 1904-this in the fourth largest industrial center of the land.

What these figures denote is something more, than a drop. Read by the light of similarly declining figures in most all the industrial centers of the land, beginning with New York, the figures denote an established law of droppage. Seeing that these two latest droppages happen in the second and fourth largest of our cities, it is not a droppage merely that one faces, nor yet the law of the droppage only; it is, above all, the cause of the droppage that is thrown upon the canvas. The figures tell unerringly what The People has long been claiming, to wit, that the sympathy, which the S. P. pretends it enjoys with the, working class, is not the sympathy that one entertains for him whom he respects, but is the kind of "sympathy" one entertains for the traitor to his own colors whom one uses and-despises.

The St. Louis election, however, furnishes, besides, a timely and complementary batch of facts. Hitherto, when the acts of S. P. political corruption, dicker and deal with capitalist parties were pitchforked by The People, and the occasions therefor were not a few, the ready dodge, just so soon as affectation o doubt could stead no longer, was: "Why, that happened in a small city of no consequence"; or, "The men who did so were raw recruits and did not yet know better." The dodge "will not wash" with St. Louis. At the late municipal election in St. Louis, two candidates on the S. P. ticket-Emil Simon and Owen Miller-figured simultaneously as capitalis's candidates. The former appeared on the Republican, besides the S. P. ticket; the latter shone conspicuous on both the Republican and the Democratic tickets, besides the S. P. St Louis is the fourth largest city in

the United States-no "out of the way And silent fell: little place." The S. P. organization in St. Louis is as old as the oldest, the Wide opened doors city having been the seat of the first S. P. National Executiva Committee, besides being the residential town of the Crept from bondage; illustrious G. A. Hoehn, whom his fellow partyman Victor L. Berger conclu-Scarce born blithe May sively proved guilty of having enlisted When quick fled they as a deputy marshal against the striking The payements trolleymen at the time. Of the city, is are stout beams that uni As in a dream ably denote the direction whither the S. O'er field and stream P. stream is drifting-and whither S. P. They wander, policy was bound' to lead to. Laughing, - singing. Like men accurst The wheel is dust With hurning thirst If labor They drink in. From them is taken. Nature's beauties "Only your chain The dome of blue And gyves of pain Have you to The grass' green hue Loose or retain. They marvel And softly wonder. "Unite! Unite! To the knife, fight! The sun sinks low, A world And with step slow, Hangs in the balance." Homeward turn They to the city. In the study of the tissues of the body. the process of staining is often resorted Their galling chain And gyves of pain the various details of structure. Of the A brief day nature of such a contrast, without even They had fled, the trouble of staining are the follow-And on the morrow Their burden of sorrow 15 respectively, testified against their They'll shoulder employer that he worked them in his Bitter and grim, But not the same resident of the same city was taken to Their garb of shame And bondage Will be worn-For whirring wheel a whole week, in the vain search for em-And banner of steel Sing loud This lesson to them

the hammers clang out in the May The Chicago and St. Louis municipal Day festival. Let us sing; let us dance: let us unite in world-wide brotherhood and proclaim the redemption of man! The nine Philadelphia naval officers who now face courts martial for daring to criticize and suggest improvements to the Navy department have but themselves to blame. Were they not aware that the men at the head of this nation are men of "genius" and "brains"? How can genius allow itself to be criticized? A \$50,000 donation by the Sultan of Turkey to the theological students of Constantinople is stinginess personified. The virtual everthrow of the Turkish Constitution has been pre-eminently the work of the Moslem priesthood. And the Ulemas have followed up the "good to in order to bring out in sharp contrast work" with proclamations pronouncing disobedience to the new rule "treason. Only \$50,000 for all that is bottomless stinginess, seeing that the gratitude ing two facts: 1-On the 19th of this from which the donation flows is equally month two Brooklyn children, of 14 and bottomless. It is a telling blow between the eyes dry goods store in violation of the child that the Paris costumers give the Amerlabor laws. 2-On the same day, a ican ruling class when they charge that it is upon the fertile soil supplied by the hospital suffering from a complete the immunity of rich Americans that lapse of memory and the powers of ch, by reason of his having been on smuggling has thrived to its present speech, by reason of his having been on his feet and without food incessantly for stupendous height, over \$20,000,000 worth of the business now being admitployment. Merciless exploitation of tentedly done in a year. It is the immunder babes, adult manhood prevented from ity of the rich American in every direcworking-such is the structure of present tion that has turned society into one sink of corruption. day society. "The anvil is rust

By E. S. L., New York.

DAY CALL!

Labor's holiday, the first of May, is a signal event in the annals of the workers' movement. How the word "Labor" grates upon the enemy's ear! May Day! Aye, May Day! Pass the word along. It is the international holiday of the enlightened working class: it heralds the toiler's coming into his birthright.

Who shrinks in terror when "Labor" is spoken? The working class? Never! We have no need of fear. . We are of the army of Labor; we live by it and sustain a world. We are not the shirkers. It is the idlers, the tyrants, the craven capitalist coterie, who are the croakers. They dread the reign of Labor. And well they may, In the advancing hosts of the proletariat, they read the command: "Go to work!" Hence their fulminations. But shall we be entrapped and alarmed by their frenzy? Shall we

heed their cry of "slavery," "despotism," and "confiscation" when flung at our ranks? Are we not aware of the intent and purpose of their play?

we don't obey their behests? These ING us, THEY are the RULERS; WE are the RULED. How then dare they charge us with desiring to foist dic-The shricks of the doomed dummies

shall not swerve us. We will on with our celebration and demonstration. Why should not we? Reflect! We are the builders of empire. We lay the rails; we melt the metal; we dig the ore.' We, the working class, till the fields, plow the waves, and tunnel the rivers and mountains; we build the splendid habitations and produce the riches and raiment. Yet none of this is for ourselves. All the wealth we produce passes into the pockets of a privileged class. But this shall not be

be made to dawn, and we are enlisted in the work, Sound the tocsin far and wide: Private possession spells private profit. Profit and poverty go hand in hand;

the problem of life becomes a speculation; chaos reigns; nothing is certain but uncertainty. Evil stalks abroad; crime and lawlessness follow in Ita wake; insecurity breeds dishonesty, and a world of social impurities are stirred up in the cauldron. "Every man for himself and the Devil take the hindmost," is the mad motto of Profit. How, under such conditions, can right-

ousness flourish? Private control of man's necessities must be abolished; the profit system must be overthrown, and mankind be given a chance to live. The Socialist Army, the columns of the class conscious Labor Movement, are swern to accomplish it

Arise, ye sons of toll, and proclaim the Labor Republic! Whomever else the words may frighten, they have no terrors for us! Our's is a mission of peace and plenty. No man shall be another's slave!



UNCLE SAM AND

BROTHER JONATHAN. Brother Jonathan-I have discovered

Uncle Sam-I am all ears: let me

B. J. Does not Socialist philosophy teach that the machine does away with

skill? U. S .- Yes

B. J .--- Where no machine is used and the worker himself manages his tools he must be equipped with skill, experience, a practical hand and eye, and often with physical strength? Is it not so?

U. S .-- Exactly.

B. J .-- The moment a machine is introduced into his trade, it does away to some extent with all these qualities -skill, experience, practical hand, eye, etc.?

U. S .- Most assuredly.

R. J.-And the more the machine is perfected the more it does away with all these qualities?

U. S .- Certainly.

B. J .-- And as this process goes on we may look to the time when all those qualities may be essentially unnecessary, the pressing of a button being able to produce all that is wanted?

U. S .- You got it straight. B. J.-This being thus, I find this

law in Socialist teachings-

U. S. puts both hands to his cars. R. J .-- Socialism claims that labor produces all wealth; that the increased wealth produced by machinery is not given to labor, and that labor should have it all. Now, then, in view of then, fact that labor does less and less work. exerts less and less skill, needs less. and less vigor, experience, and so forth, I, claim that Socialism is wrong to wants that all the benefits of increased wealth; brought on by machinery should fall the

labor. What have you to say against that? U. S. (taking down his hands)-Now, stand firm because I am going to throw

you-that is, your argument-heels over head. B. J. spreads out his legs and braces

himself up. B. J .- What produces the machine!

B. J.-Why-er-hem.

U. S .- Labor, intellectual labor. With here and there an exception, all the inventors, from Watts and Eli Whitney down to John Breslin, have died poor. Their invention was stolen by the capitalist class. You know that?

B. J .- Yes, that's true.

U. S .- Again. Granted that skill, etc. is more and more absorbed into the machine and rendered unnecessary in the workingman; still, whatever skill, experience or labor is yet left necessary is exercised by whom-the worker or the B. J.-The worker. U. S .- The worker may exercise less skill, but the capitalist exercises none whatever: the same as before he is and remains an idler. B. J.-Hem, yes. U. S .- Who is entitled to the wealth that comes out of the machine - the idler, i. e., the capitalist, or he who does whatever work is needed to produce? B. J.-The worker-hem-of course. U. S .- You begin to look smashed, Now, to the last point. Suppose machinery has been so perfected that all the wealth one can want can be produced by the touching of buttons and that the idle, lazy, Seely-dinner-giving capitalists would be willing to do that much work, would it follow that the class which produced the machine buf does not own it-it having been stoles from it by capitalists-should starve be cause its work has become wholly superfluous, and that the class that did not produce the machine should enjoy if because it holds that stolen property ? B. J .- That were wrong, indeed, U. S .- Socialism maintains that the class that does the work should enjoy the fruits.

flaw in Socialism. hear it

Who but the master class are the enslavers, the despots and the usurpers? Too well do we know the humiliation and oppression suffered at their hands. What means the intimi-

dation practised over us; what signify the threats to close the industries if things mean that they are GOVERN.

tatorship!

forever. We know that a new day can

The trick is stale. Still, the ne method denotes progress. The bourgeois is becoming less barbaroas. The trick is not as dangerous to life as the dyna-mite trick formerly in vogue.

and affection of an economic for a political Socialist body, is not, in itself, a determining circumstance. The detar-Watch the label on your paper. ill tell you when your subscription ing circumstance must be looked for per. The determining circumstance is th, second the day, third, the year.

tween the two bodies can not be denied. not vibrate in harmony with the thing it That, on the contrary, between the two named. Accordingly, obedient to the other bodies-the Socialist Labor Party canons of the cult of Aso-Neith, the and the A. F. of L-as bodies, there is name was adjusted to the vibrations o canons of the cult of Aso-Neith, the little love lost can not be denied either. the thing. The thing was ascertained to Superficially considered the contrast vibrate to the name of "pepper." Accord would make for the S. P. The political ingly, it was ground and sold under that confidence of Organized Labor: without a vindication of Aso-Neith by actual test that a political party of Socialism can The figures mentioned in the L. Schepp not make real progress, leastwise can & Co. suit by the defendants themselves sion. It would, accord- are long-none shorter than \$20,000, sev it fulfill its mis ingly, seem that the S. P. has struck the right chord. This so in seeming only. If the plaintiffs in the

If the plaintiffs in the L. Schepp & Co. suit actually changed their names-Such is the nature of the separate functions of the economic and the politi-cal Movement of Socialism, that, accordwhat more natural than that they should ?- they did so, not as cranks, but ing as one looks from one side or the as level headed businessmen. The proof other one time the political, another time of the Aso-Neith pudding can not be the conomic appears to be the dominant factor. The point, long ago made by John Stuart Mill, is applicable to the questioned. The vibratory rhythm of the name pepper proved phenomenally har-monious with the thing, ground cocoanut case. If it requires 2 to be multiplied shell. The whole L. Schepp & Co. con with 20 in order to produce 40, then. 20 cern actually rendered cult to Aso-Neith ment, 2 another, will seem the in one respect. By what process of rea inant factor. The conclusion in soning can those be termed cranks wh either case is false. From the nature of carry the Aso-Neith theory to its logica the result expected both figures are of finale, and modulate their names ac equal importance, seeing that they are both necessary; consequently, neither is dominant. Precisely so in the instance of the politics, and the economic wing ism. It is a widely observed cult. Not of Socialism. Without the political the a level headed and successful business ism. It is a widely observed cult. Not ship is prowless; without the economic it is sternless. It follows that the love man but is a devout sincere devotee of Aso-Neith.

> The New York Labor News Company is the literary agency of the Socialist Labor Party. It prints nothing but sound Socialist literature

B. J.-I begin to see.

U. S .- So, then, if you want to be consistent and deny to the worker the increase of wealth because of the diminished skill he needs, fou must also deny that increase and all wealth to the cap italists, who exercise no skill or. pro ductive work whatever.

B. J.-I yield! I am overthrown.

WORDS TO BE WEIGHED

Addressed to the Revolutionary Proletariat of America, by Charles A. and Olive M. Johnson

Fruitvale, Calif., April 13, 1909. Editor Daily People, New York City. Dear Comrade :- The enclosed letter is lings, and servants of capitalism are being sent by the undersigned to the straining every nerve and employing entire revolutionary press in the country. We hope that it will meet with your approval and that you will print the same in The People.

Yours fraternally, . CHARLES A. JOHNSON, OLIVE M. JOHNSON.

Ap Open Letter to the Revolutionary Proletariat of America. Greeting

This letter is addressed to those who are, and perhaps for years have been, engaged in the revolutionary agitation and education in this country.

As we stand aside and take a of the present situation in the Labor nt, there are undoubtedly those who feel disheartened and who feel that the battle for the emancipation of the working class is a hopeless battle. Indeed; it would be a strange tribute to human endurance if it was not so. Within the Movement there is strife hatred, discord, treachery, baseness, personal ambitions, ignorance and sentimen-tal stupidity, and the working class at fight Socialism. No one exactly seems large often appear as if they were in a to know what Anarchism means, not state of hopeless lethargy, and slavish even its adherents. No two of them ever

The election returns of 1908 were probably startling to those within the Socialist Movement who drew their conclusion from superficial observations. It might well be termed a serrowful spectacle that the working class, in spite of a disastrous panic, in spite of shut-downs, lowering of wages and miserable conditions in general should march in an over-whelming majority to the polls and vote, in the fourth successive presidential election and after twelve years of continual power, for the representatives of the Republican party. And this took place too, in the face of a redoubled and enersetic Socialist's agitation and the ultra radical position and tremendous effort of the Democratic party, supplemented by the influence of Gompers and his Ameri-En Federation

Apparently, indeed, the working class stands shattered and awed before the Plutocratic Altar.

But these are only observations taken from the surface. A little prying into underlying economic causes cannot fail to reveal a more cheerful picture. The working class is neither shattered nor awed. The election returns have simply proven that no amount of bombastic phraseology, will induce the American working class to jump from the frying pan into the fire. Steady conservation that flows obedient in the ancient pathway. Scatterbrained radicalism when roken loose has all the terror of a conflagration. The Democratic party is shattered because the middle class that that it represents is hopelessly shattered eco-nomically. It possesses neither the power to attract ner to threaten and be obeyed. So the working class voted for Taft because he represents the class that con-trols industry, the class that has the power and epenly avows that it will use pierce through error. Its solid its power to throw the majority of the force that is bound to conquer. fallowed by starvation and misery if the Republican party is ousted at the polls. Only the Socialist Movement possesses the power to oppose the plutocratic class lution! If this is so, and if we claim and its prey. . But even the Socialist vote the name of Social scientists and revolufell off at the last election in almost tionists upon that fact we must stand every important industrial center. Yet and no matter what odds are against us we Socialists ought to know that it is there we must remain until the end. the industrial centers that must carry the movement to success. If we are revolutionists, in deed as well as in words, we should not fail to take to heart the lesson that the last election has taught. A socialist party can not capture the working class with bombastic phraseology or momentary enthus. When Columbus set sail westward to issm. It can not gain sound and lasting find a passage to the Indies he struck out adherents by a promise of political vic-tory only. A political victory for any confident of success. He stood upon the party is a sham as long as the class it scientific principle that the earth was opposes holds the economic power. While the Taft class holds the economic power gower gould that land must be reached westand nothing is done by the Socialists to secure that economic power, so long will the working class instinctively vote for the Tafts because they know and feel never faltered. He proceeded onward and that the Taft class can and will throw onward still, as he knew that land must them out of employment and hence make eventually be reached, for the fact rethe political victory a flat defeat. A mained still that the earth was round socialist party can enforce its victory Columbus, undaunted, among the raging at the polls only when it is prepared seas and his faltering men, is probably to take and hold the industries the day the finest figure in all history for the after election day. Then only is the revolutionists to emulate. We stand working class in a position to laugh at to-day among social forces, surrounded the capitalists' threat 'to shut down in- by the ignorance of our own class; but dustry. Then only has the Socialist still undaunted, still sure of victory for Movement secured, not only the ear and we stand upon a scientific fact that as-

capitalism, disastrous unification of the | working class the representatives, hireevery stratagem, There is not a force in capitalist so-

ciety that is not at war with the Social-

ist Movement. The Socialists continually use the phrase, "the class struggle." By the class struggle we must not only understand the economic battle that rages between the capitalists and the proletariat. The intellectual battle is as fierce. Capitalism recognizes in the Socialist Movement its only and real foe. Some blindly hate, others shrewdly carry on the battle. The inquisition methods of a class in power to deal with rebeilious subjects is absolute. There is no better and more effective method to shatter the revolutionary propaganda than by the injection of psychological poison into it. If the ideas of the work-

ing class in general, and of the propagandist in particular, are shattered the organization will remain divided. Keep the organization divided and the revolution is averted, and Capitalism triumphs, Anarchism, it has been well said, is the agree upon a single subject. But just therein lies its effectiveness as an antievery one over whom Anarchy acquires an influence, becomes hopelessly tered. Anarchy is error personlified, and error is so many sided that it always has something new for each comer. Anarchism is distorted individualism, and is the deformed child of capitalism, individualism. It has ever been Socialism's greatest foe. In earliest days of Socialist propaganda, in the days of Marx and Engels the Anarchistic elements had to be contended with. Then as now they parroted Socialist phraseology and masueraded under the name of Socialism. So ridiculously outlandish were the ideas propagated in the name of Socialism that the Socialists themselves actually be-came ashamed to bear the name. For this reason only was the first Interna tional Socialist Organization launched under the name of the Communist

League. But so far from being discouraged by this caricature of Socialism, the scientific Socialists continued their agitation, and in time raised the movement internationally above the stigma thrown he is engaged in. But the magnitude of upon it by Anarchists and muddleheaded an undertaking only spurs the energies entimentalists. In America to-day, it is apparent, that

the movement is passing through just such a stage. Its foes are straining every ecessary is being recognized to-day by any number of people. The power of nerve to quash it. But our momentary few great capitalists is becoming so gidisadvantage will in the end bring us gantic as to threaten the system itself victory. Error is manifold, it scatters and ever scatters, it breaks into so many Few people but the most bigoted are now afraid of the word Socialism. But the fluttering parts that for a time it is idea of Socialism is being perverted by capable of entirely filling the public eye. capitalist-minded people into Government But truth is one, and though it often appears entirely overwhelmed by the Ownership and State Socialism. Such "Socialism" would by the very nature of things retain the features of wage slavmagnitude of error, yet by the very ery, and the pelitical government of opfact that it is one, it unites and becomes compact. It is a solid, that is able to pression. Such Socialism would be beneficial to many capitalists who are affordpierce through error. Its solidity is a ed no protection on the economic field in Let us ask ourselves: Is ou present days when a simple million aire counts for little on the great indusscientifically correct? Is the future Socialist Republic a scientific possibility ? Is it a logical outgrowth of human evotrial competitive field. Government ownership with continued class rule and wage slavery is the ideal dream of many s capitalist-minded would-be revolutionist. It would be the ideal perfection, indeed of political society supplemented by centralized economic power. This would be We shall not enter into the logic of the a middle class "Socialist revolution" that future Socialist Republic. We address would not touch the foundation of mod-Socialists and to them it must be a fact. ern society. Standing upon this scientific fact, it mat-A few years ago it very much looked as ters not how near or how far its goal if, should the workers' Socialist revolulies, the revolutionists must continue the tion miscarry, it would be perverted into struggle to reach it. this channel. But, in late years there has sprung into existence such gigantic social economic forces that it appears ever more plainly that the political state confident of success. He stood upon the has outlived its usefulness in history The future economic state is looming clearly upon the social horizon. Even within the capitalist world the economic state shows signs of asserting its supremacy over the political. The ecomic masters are, and have ever been, the political masters. But the modern omic kings are threatening to overrule their own political state. . The economic forces are becoming too gigantic for political control. The political forces are becoming puny in comparison because the political state, even though thorough ly capitalistic, is hampered in its actions by the conflicting interests of the capitalists of the lower strata. Hence the political state, though subservient to capitalism, stands in the way of ultra

demonstrated to take hold of the human mind, and conquer a waiting world. The Socialist with that idea may as well step out of the movement at once, as it is only a matter of time until he will lie down, discouraged. Socialism means the complete overthrow of social institutions, grafted upon the human mind and the social body, for centuries upon centuries It does not mean the change only of some essential institutions of capitalism. It means the complete overthrow of the

there to the finish must realize the mag-

conomic, political and social institutions that have governed the human race since the very beginning of the historic period. Not until this is fully realized does the Socialist realize the magnitude of his aims.

The first human society was based upon kinship. Political society became a ecessity only in class society. A political society based on territory and property was one of humanity's great in ventions. It took the human race several cepturies to work it out. The early histories of Greece and Rome are but a re cital of the struggles it took to establish political society, The Roman contribution to civilization consisted in working out the great principles of political or ganization and centralized government From that time on advanced human society has been political. The history of the advanced nations has been the history of the workings of political governments of various kinds and orders until to-day, under American Capitalism, it presents almost perfection. It is neces sary for us to recognize the bitterness of this long struggle, the mental energy it has cost, the physical contests it has engendered, and the blood that has flowed in its cause. Then only can we fully dote to Socialism. The mentality of realize the hold these institutions must have upon the human mind. And it is shat- this fundamental principle of society that Socialism is arrayed against. It is the world's second fundamental revolution we'are facing. There have been revolutions in history, but they have been revolutions of class against class which is the highest form of social and have constituted only a change of masters: There was the change from ancient mastery and chattel slavery to feudalism and serfdom, from Feudalism and serfdom to Capitalism and wage slavery. But under each system the es sential institutions of political society private property in the means of life, and the mastery of one class over another have remained intact. It is these fundamentals that Socialism aims to over throw. It is accordingly arrayed against all the passions, prejudices, customs ideas, and institutions that have gov erned the human race since the very time that written history commenced. When the revolutionist fully recognizes this fact then he must know that it is a Hercules labor, not a sporting game that an undertaking only spurs the energies

of the sincere, and earnest laborer. That a change in society is absolutely

nitude of the struggle, or his intentions will soon waver. Socialism is not a beauteous idea that only requires to be of industry, on the one hand, and the political government of the country on the other. It is the self-assertion within capitalism of the future economic state. It is the breaking loose of social economic forces too gigantic to be confined in the narrow bounds of past ages. The days of the political state are numbered. It has outlived its usefulness. It stands in the way of progress. The economic state is the society of the future. But the wictory of the great industrial lords would mean a slavery worse than the world has ever experienced. That would mean the ideal total mastery of the richest, most powerful, most absolute oli garchy the world has yet known. Puny in comparison would be the power of modern Russia! But absolute slavery is not the only

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country's greatest financiers and captains

hild with which the future is pregnant It carries economic freedom also; and but one of these offsprings can live. Against the Militant Capitalist stands the Militant Proletariat. If progress is to continue unbroken the future state nust be a Workers' Industrial Republic. While the struggle between the capi talist class and the working class is necessarily a class struggle, the victory can not be a class victory, at least it will be a class victory only temporarily, only in the moment of triumph. The momen the revolutionary program is carried out the class feature disappears. The future state will NOT be a WORKING CLASS REPUBLIC, it MUST BE a Workers' Republic. The Socialist demand is that all the people shall become useful producers. Every class that so far has over-

owered and succeeded a previous ruling All true Socialists hailed the advent class has been able to do so because its of the I. W. W. The revolutionary forces were amalgamating within its folds and conomic possessions have increased. It has become economically powerful enough it looked for a moment as if Socialist to overcome the class that was. The unity of action would be accomplished present revolutionary class, viz., the by the force of legic. All Socialists recognized, more or less clearly, in the I. W. working class, is growing poorer every W. the necessary nucleus of the future day. It practically possesses no economi goods. Consequently it is plain that it Industrial Republic. Personal prejudices has no wealth to base economic mastery for a time cleared away and it looked and power upon. It therefore can never most favorable for a speedy comprehension of revolutionary precepts. But the become an economically ruling class. Without economic mastery political masstruggle the I. W. W. passed through tery would become a mere sham. There during its short existence and the flasco s no class below the working class for it it now presents demonstrate one point to exploit. What then should it do with beyond all doubt. A Revolutionary Inpolitical mastery if it had it? Political dustrial Union cannot be organized with overnment, we Socialists know full well. an uneducated, conservative, or simply rebelliously discontented proletariat. The is only a committee of the ruling class hope of the Revolutionists in the I. W. to oppress the exploited class. But when the working class cannot in the nature of W. was to get the workers into touch things become a ruling class, and cannot, with the Movement and then to educate because of physical impossibility, create them. It proved a complete failure as a class to exploit, political government in the nature of things it had to fail. must of necessity disappear because its The leaders of the American Federation functions have disappeared. can control the membership and run it to

bled. They would held the economic

But the question that most concerns

the Socialist to-day is to educate the

working class to an understanding of this

position. The mental revolution must

precede the physical.

power which is the only real power.

But the workers' Republic must have the tune of bossism, because the Federsolid economic basis if it is not to be ation is organized upon a capitalistic mere dream of the agitator. This ecobasis and the ring controls the masses nomic basis exists in spite of the increasafter the order of a class government; ng poverty of the working class. It is But the Industrial Union must be demothe PUBLIC OWNERSHIP OF THE cratic in its essence. If a nucleus of MEANS OF PRODUCTION UPON revolutionists attempt to control the WHICH THE FUTURE REPUBLIC Union it becomes bossism even if that MUST BE BASED. These means are control is in the direction of good. The the property, to-day of the capitalist end does not, cannot, justify the means

class. All the trappings of the modern because any semblance of bossism parapolitical government exist, wholly and lyzes the very purpose of the organiza ion. On the other hand if the organizacolely, to protect this right of property. tion remains democratic, if the costrol of It is conceded as a right of citizenship to agitate for any change in the political affairs is entirely given over to an uneduovernment. The progress of civilization cated, conservative mass it loses at once has granted that right even to the humits revolutionary purpose and character. The very aim and object of the organiblest. But a political rictory if ever so complete would never, could never, estabzation is defeated. THE ONLY ALTER. ish the Socialist Republic. NATIVE REMAINS THAT THE WAGE

If we claim the name of Revolutionist WORKERS MUST BE EDUCATED IN our duty above all things is to realize the situation. If the Socialists swept SOCIALISM BEFORE THEY CAN BE cialist's teachings that will make the ORGANIZED UPON INDUSTRIAL revolutionary seed sprout in the workers the country from coast to coast in the LINES. The revolution cannot be cheatmind. When it has grown and ripened political battle in November, but utterly ed into becoming Socialist. The task and if the Socialist educator has done his gnored the economic organization and before the Socialists is gigantic but it is work well and allowed no weeds to strike ce left the capitalists absolute mas the only road open. Those who hav ters of the means of production, the personal ambitions in the Movement do capitalists would retain the power, and not like this task. Results are too slow. we revolutionists should know that they They are ever hatching schemes to can would not hesitate to use it, of shutting ture the proletariat en masse. And when down every industry the day after elec- their schemes fail they either blame the tion, cause unimaginable disaster and Revolutionists for having spoken the starve the voters inte humblest submis- whole truth and having scared the timid sion before the fourth day of March. It away, or they fly off at a tangent and is idle phraseology and stupid cant to de- blame the entire projetariat for lethargy. claim that the capitalists would not dare stupidity, etc. They themselves oftenest to do so, or that in such a case the work. look for plums in the camp of the capiers would rise in bloody rebellion. With talist parties. One thing has in these years of exall the resources in the hands of the perience become plain to us, THE REVO-LUTIONARY POLITICAL ORGANIZAcapitalists where would the workers be? With all the resources in the hands of the capitalists they would have plenty TION MUST PRECEDE THE ECONOM IC. The economic. organization must of hirelings to do their bidding. Hungry, statved, ragged, unorganized workers, have numbers. It cannot exist without though ever so brave, can only becom them. The political organization on the sacrificial victims in a cause that will other hand can be perfectly alive and seener or later be completely routed. No splendidly fulfill its educational purposes true revolutionist has a moral right to with a small membership. Its vitality invite, by word or deed, such a disaster. does not depend upon numbers but rests Only muddleheads, rattlebrained Anarchupon the soundness of its membership ists, and unprincipled adventurers dare Herein lies the secret, so incomprehensible to many people of the extraordinary to do so! The clear headed revolutionvitality of the S. L. P. in spite of the easily to recognize each other as to scent ist sees a road to triumph! Behind the political victory must be the organized workers' industrial force! smallness of its membership. the foe that fastens upon the Movement Political society presupposes, even if It is the supreme duty of the revolution. Though the workers are dispossessed ists in this hour to recognize each other it does not wholly guarantee, to its citithey are de facto the only economic zens the right to agitate for changes power. They OWN NO WEALTH, but within itself. Yes, even by the precedent and draw their forces into close contact. zens the right to agitate for changes We hope that you will give these lines they PRODUCE ALL WEALTH. They of the Declaration of Independence and your most serious consideration. We OWN NO MEANS OF PRODUCTION. the American Revolution to agitate for hope you will realize that at this stage but they OPERATE ALL THE MEANS its overthrow. It is by political agitation of the movement it is as criminal to be-OF PRODUCTION. They CONTROL NO therefore that we must and can reach the come a laggard as to remain an unin-ECONOMIC FORCES by word or vote, masses. But that Socialist party does formed sentimentalist. We hope you approval of the workers, but also their sures victory. real support on election day, and the But the recruit who enlists in the revolution to stay gle, in several instances between the must be an economic or Industrial Re-

workers have nothing to build political voters only. That it is poor stuff, even supremacy upon; but, they are de facto to catch voters with, was certainly prov the only economic and industrial power | en at the last election. But in stages of in the world to-day. The conclusion is extremity in a country, it may arouse self-evident, and to the mind of the So- popular anger and outbreaks of rebellion; cialist should be perfectly clear. It is but such movements are not revolutionupon the economic or industrial field that ary and if they ever become so it is only the workers must be organized in order after years of protracted and disastrous to carry out the program of the Socialist struggle. The Paris Commune and the Republic. With an organization in shop rebellions in various parts of Russia of and factory, an organization surrounding late are examples of such outbreak of the economic powers of the nation the spontaneous anger without the knowlworkers will have in their hands the ecoedge or power to carry them to a sucnomic power that must form the necescessful issue. The true revolutionist of ary basis of the future Republic. With to-day must be a political agitator. But such an organization to back up the inevery effort in his political agitation dispensable political victory the workers must be in the direction of educating the can laugh at the capitalists' threat to workers to come together in an economic shut up shop. If the capitalists from industrial organization through which they can take and hold the means of protheir downtown offices or European castles should send out the mandate to close duction. The day that enough workers have knowledge enough to form and down industry the workers themselves WHO ARE ON THE SPOT can easily maintain such an organization, they will out-mandate the capitalists and shut not waste their time debating the questhem out. With a working class organtion whether the strike and boycott are ization representing the industries of the the proper weapons by which to get nation the workers themselves would "something now." They will make but take charge of industry. In that moment one strike: the strike at the polls that the Industrial State would supersede the abolishes capitalism; and only one boy Political. Washington politicians might cott, the iboycott of the capitalists rage but it would be impotent rage, for profits. the nation's capital would be where the The masses must incline towards So Industrial Representatives were assem-

public, not a political Republic. The arouse momentary enthusiasm to catch

cialism before it is possible to accom plish the revolution; but he who is not prepared to stand with an insignificant minority almost to its day of triumph may as well at once abandon the Standard. The champions of truth and justice have ever been in the small minority.

Of all the comical people that faster open the movement the most comical are they who attempt with mathematical precision to figure out the day of the advent of the Co-Operative Common wealth. Say they: "There are so many Socialists in this country to-day. There are so many people. Every Socialist surely can make a Socialist a year. That will make twice as many Socialists next year, four times as many the following year, and eight times as many the year after, etc. At this ratio all the people will be Socialists in the year mineteen hundred and so and so." To convert one Socialist a year might seem reasonably small enough as the result of any Socialist's efforts; but no revolutionary movement ever progresses according to such mathematical rules. It is ever a fact that only a few people at any time can see much further than the entire mass. These will have to stand practically alone as teachers and agitators till the

day the mass is ready to move. They are the laborers on the revolutionary field. The Socialist agitator has to hold up to masses 'the mirror of their own ignorance, slavishness, misery and lack of class-consciousness: to show the abuses of the capitalist system and the uselessness of the capitalist class. That is the manner in which the revolutionary field is plowed and harrowed and pre pared. Then he scatters his seed. That s done by means of constructive speech es and literature that teaches the Social ist philosophy and points out the methods of class-conscious organization These seeds have to take root and grow and ripen. They do so, not a few at the time or by mathematical ratio. But during a long season of dark and dreary days they lie entirely hidden in the soil. As it takes rain and sunshine for seed to sprout so it is only by the workings of the capitalist system that demonstrate times out of number the truth of the So-

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The

IDEAL CITY

.... BY

Cosimo Noto, M. D.



We have addressed these lines to all American revolutionists because we recognize that with all the odds that are against the Socialist Movement at this time it is necessary for all true revolutionists to make attempts to recognize each other, to reach a better understanding, and to draw closer together. We recognize, too, that no party bonds confine the revolutionists at this time. Attempts have been made towards unity. But no number of resolutions is going to draw those together whom principles

REDUCED TO 75 CENTS. "The story lays no claim to economica or sociologic merit. It is an euthurst of a warm heart, that bleeds at the sight of human suffering under the modern system of society, and that, and tactics separate. Conversely do we animated by Socialist antiment, singe hold that no party names, or stupid prethe prose song of the ideal city. As a judices are going in the long run, to keep man of scientific training-a successful those spart whom principle and tactics New Orleans physician-the author and knowledge unite. If the revolutionhas built upon the solid foundations of ists fairly and squarely face the present medical science, and that vein is persituation without indulging in false haps the most typical, as it probably hopes, or dreaming of victories that canis the most pleasing and instructive not be accomplished, they will far sooner to strike and follow in the book."learn to understand themselves and the New Yerk Daily People. Movement. They will then learn as

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is none too good for the greatest movement of all ages. We remain yours for a speedy victory of the American Socialist Revolution. C. A. Johnson, Olive M. Johnson. Fruitvale, Calif.

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1909.

SOME MAY DAYS IN HISTORY

REGISTERING EVER GREATER HEIGHTS TO WHICH THE HUMAN RACE IS CARRIED.

made the profound observation that and incurable duplicity. in order rightly to determine a man's attitude it is not only necessary to note where he stands at present. 'One at also see where he stood at such and such times in the past, and then, "striking the arc" of the person's motion, determine whether it be really progress or no, and whither it rightly tends.

To him why in the fray of capital ism, finds the blows heavy, and thinks the issue doubtful, the application of the same method to the course of human progress across the centuries opens a spring at which he can drink deep of hope and courage for the fu-Like the troubled sea, man's history has had its wave-crests and its hollows: but each crest has lapped a higher mark than its predecessors and rarely has a hollow subsided so low as to be lower than the troughs which went before. "Striking our arc," then, across the seething crests of these world waves, we can trace unmistakeably the character of our centuries-long march. It spells Progress, and the Co-operative Commonwealth.

The First of May, 1215, was very near the summit of one of these wave crests. The then state of the working class of the land of England can well be surmised when it is known that even the barons, the mighty of the am, were in terror of their lives and dwellings. King John whom even a British writer like Dickens calls erable brute, and of whom it has been said that hell itself was fouler for his presence there, was then upon the throne. Greedy, licentious, cruel, and withal an arrant coward, his anly objects in life seemed to be land. oney, and sensual gratification. In the pursuit of these he waged wara upon foreign cities and his own, pulled out persons' teeth to make them pay m, and offered violence to the highest women of the realm. The urch of Rome, which he often lought, he was not above fawning un en he needed the pope's blessings and assistance in his greedy plots. His les, when he caught them, he shut dungeons and starved to death. hew Arthur, whom he feared as a river to the throne, he first sent to have blinded, and, that failing, he stabbed and drowned with his own hand in dead of night. Every law of the land he broke, pledges of reform he violated faster than he could make them, and England he reduced to the estate of a wilderness of cruelty. No man's person or goods were safe from seizure: justice was bought and sold in open court: rights were a forgotten ord. Peasants, artisans, city bourcools, barons-all groaned under the eight of John's iron rule,

However, the barons, John's vassals in time had their fill of such a reign gh for a space he wielded against them an unholy alliance with the pope, they at last forced him to his knees. ng a favorable moment after one of his foreign defeats, they demanded that he ratify and henceforth obey the traditional law of the land. Not many days from the First of May, 1215.

It was Oliver Wendell Holmes who I had shed in his long career of misrule It was Charles I., of the house

> Stewart, who had made such a mess of the business of ruling. With the aid of his wife Henrietta; his Presbyterian Archbishop Laud, and his ironhanded Earl of Strafford, his whole reign was an attempt to restore the autocracy which 400 years before had been wrenched from the hand of John, For twelve years he had highhandedly run things to suit himself, persistently disregarding and trampling upon the law which required that he call

together a Parliament. "Thorough" was his watchword, meaning thorough autocratic rule; but "Thorough" he never got, unless it be thorough defeat and disgrace.

So false and crooked was his course that even his best friends at times withdrew their support in shame. He set Scotland against England, and Ireland against both, in the hope of reducing all three to his power. Finally, in dire need of money, which he could get no other way, he was forced to call a Parliament. But this Parliament he hoodwinked and intrigued against. Cromwell, the head of the army Parliament raised for its own defense, he lied to and tricked. The people everywhere sat among the ruins of their homes, desolated by the civil war this lying prince maintained for

histown criminal ends. stand it no longer. Charles' troops were scattered, he himself was seized and made a prisoner. In this state we find him on May Day 250-odd years ago. A strong party of his friends in Parliament even yet sought to make peace with him. The army marched o London, purged the royalists out of Parliament, and that body then ordered his trial. The House of Lord efused to second this ordinance. The House of Commons replied that it was the elected representative of the people, and that what it decreed was law, whether the Lords deigned to like it or no. On January 10, 1649; the trial of Charles began. Nine days fater Parliament signed his death warrant, and on the 39th he paid the penalty of his crimes with his head. On the ruins of his aynasty the Republic of England was reared,

Here, evidently, is a second waverest in human affairs; and note how much higher it has risen than the first In the first, it was merely the barons against the king, for the exaction of certain rights. Here it is the people against the king for the maintenance of those rights, the declaration that the Parliament is the true governing body. the assertion of the right to execute a kind for his manifest crimes against the nation, and, to cap it all, the establishment of a republic. Shortly after dawn of the First of May, 1777, a little sailing , cruiser

named the Surprise put out of the French port of Dunkirk. A century and a quarter had past since Charles lost his head on the scaffold at Whitehall. The Republic of England was short-lived. Charles' son was restored to the throne, and things had dragged tediously on till now again there was the stir of Freedom in the world. A new country on the other side of the

which terminated the war. This First of May, then, may be taken to mark the upward turn of another high tide in the affairs of men, a high tide which establisht a republic, unhampered by relics of feudalism; and, moreover, establisht it in a country of unparalleled wealth, where it could rush onward the development of industry,

and pave the way for the Industrial Commonwealth. Again the scene shifts. Twelve years elapse, and we are at the French court at Versailles, What strange gathering is this we note, on Friday the First of May, 1789? Twelve hunored and fourteen individuals, from all over France, foregathering here at Versalles, "Members of the States, General," is the word. What, a States General in France, where none has been known for 175 years? Aye, so it is. The Old Regime has dug its own grave. A growing aristocracy of wealth, touched in its tenderest spot by the heavy levies of taxes put upon it, angered by the king's power of lettre de cachet to throw it into prison without trial, enviously prudish over the regal debaucheries of the court, and banking on the muttering dis-content of a population of 20,000,000 peasants and workingmen who often had to eat grass like beasts, and fail-

ing even that, died of hunger-backed by all these forces the bourgeoisie of France has at last forced the hand of thick-headed Louis XVI. into granting a parliament. And here on this First of May it is assembling. From this time on the French Revolu.

tion marches unshakably to its destiny. The States General is organized, At last human flesh and blood could | The nobility and the clergy refusing to sit with the Third Estate, or bourgeoisie, the six hundred members of the latter decree themselves the National Assembly. 'The king's armed attempt to disperse them falls flat. The people of Paris tear down the Bastille, the hated symbol of autocracy. "Why, this is a revolt!" exclaims King Louis when told of it. "No, sire, it is a revolution!" replies

the Duke of Liancourt. A Revolution it is. A constitution is made for France. The king turns traitor and is deposed. The Republic is declared, and Liouis goes to the guillotine for his treasons. The bourgeois of the Assembly fall to fulfil to the people their promises of equality, peace, and plenty. The people attempt to take up the revolution where the bourgeois leave it off, and are finally beaten down. The triumphant bourgeoisie, victorious over the crown on the one hand, and over the people on the other, is left to digest its prey

under the saber of Napoleon and the Concordat of the Pope of Rome." So ended the French Revolution. But Old Regime or New Republic, the people were little better off. The glowing hopes of a regeneration of France

and the world, the expectations held by many for the socialization of the tools of production, were doomed to disappointment. But not to death; early in its life's history the human race was communistic. Economic possibilities and development were against that system then, and in the struggle with private property it lost out, Still, ever as the possibilities for a return to communism have grown from age to age, some have always looked forward to the era of peace and plenty

which it would usher in. So it comes

that on the First of May, 1871, we find

od and their lives for their

come too strong.

forced the surrender at Yorktown, S. P. WEAKNESSES UNFIT-TING IT TO FREE THE-PROLETARIAT.

By E. J. Thompson, Terre Haute, Ind.

The capitalist class has nothing to fear from the parlor, millionaire and compromising Socialist party. That class recognizes that as long as the Socialist Party preaches "join the union of your craft and the party of your class" they need fear no revolutionary action. And why need they not be alarmed? Because the Socialist Party's teaching means shake hands politically and cut the throats industrially, which leads to hopeless division of the workers, instead of to solidarity.

Many magazines-many of the mos conservative capitalist type at thatnowadays publish articles on Socialism, but they always lead their readers up to the Socialist Party. The Socialist Labor Party is carefully left unmentioned by these periodicals. There is good reason why. The capitalist publishers have the class instinct and can quickly scent danger. But in ignoring us, they pay the Socialist Labor Party the greatest compliment. To them th Socialist Party is "safe and sane." The Socialist Party is not a demo cratic organization. On the important question of solidarity of forces, its national convention in Chicago last year turned down a proposition as to whether unity might be effected between the two parties. The convention didn't even give the rank and file of their party a chance to be heard and have a say in this mat-

ter. Then take the complexion of their national executive committee. It consists of lawyers, professional men, pastors and business men. Not a wage earner is on it.' It seems that at least one of their party members has realized the absurdity of such a make-up. A motion was submitted some time ago calling for the publication of a candidate's trade or profession who was running for national board. The following significant comment was made by James F. Carey in voting on this motion: "I am in hopes that this information will aid members in selecting occasionally a workingman or woman upon the National Executive Committee Board." A. working class party whose executive members consist of two lawyers, two professional men, one millionaire, one minister and one business man, make it a just subject for ridicule among the militant membership. That certainly is very much devoid of working class character No one would think of describing the American Federation of Labor as revolutionary, but its executive council has at least workingmen upon it. No lawyers there!

Take the press of the Socialist Party; it is everywhere privately owned. How this fact determines its utterances-business is the consideration-I have on a former occasion shown. The latest instance I came across is that of the "National Rip Saw," a Southern paper. It, in order to gain Southern patronage and votes, caters to the Negro animosity of the South. Out of one corner of its mouth it shouts for solidarity of labor; out of the other corner it condemns the black man.

But such is /Socialist Party "consistncy." The national organization proclaims, "Workers of the world, Unite! and then it helps along race prejudice by its juggling and practical support of. anti-immigration,

This party is not the organization the proletaria! of Paris giving their that will accomplish the worker's emancipation. It demoralizes instead of cultivates a revolutionary spirit. The Eight months before, the Third Emmilitant workingman will meet only dispire had been ignominiously defeated appointment in its ranks. in a war of its own picking. Paris alone might have withstood the invading Prussian army. But Paris, on blood has not been shed in vain. the surrender of Napoleon III., had de-"Striking our arc" across these variclared the Republic again, and for ous social epochs, we see it points this was crippled by the French ruling but one way. Beginning with Magna class itself, for fear the workers would Charta, down through the uprising against Charles, further developt by the American Revolution, strengthened by the French Revolution, advancing again with the Paris Commune, we trace the ever-rising pathway of the race. The May Days of history have seen their head, began their insidious camclass after class arise against their oppressors, till to-day the bed-rock has been reached. Below the proletariat there is no other class. Not many more May Days shall elapse e'er its victory, whose tramp we can now dimly hear, shall strike the last remaining shackles from the slave.



companies. He took the telegram, un-

derstood it meant disaster to the trolley-

men, but 'nevertheless despatched it.

strike-breaking agency and copy for ads.

was sent to the daily papers. The com-

positors, notwithstanding the fact that

they realized the injury the ad, would

work, "set it up." They had been taught

to reason, "Every tub must stand on its

own bottom.". Well, the scab "heroes"

were recruited; the train crews, good

craft unionists, hauled them to Louis-

ville. . The result was a foregone con-

clusion. The car company, helped by

"good union men," defeated the trolley-

No industrial union telegrapher would

have sent or been permitted by his union

workers. Such is craft unionism.

The tree is judged by its fruits.

rather than betray their workers.

The ideal or aim of craft unionism

is only to secure "better conditions,"

that is to say, it is to ameliorate the

condition of such craft union wage

slaves as the leaders are able or deem

it necessary to organize. They have no

thought of abolishing wage slavery. They only wish to pad the yoke and

ease the burden a little; but more than

The industrial unionist holds that

labor is entitled to all it produces; the

craft unionist wants a "fair" day's pay

for a "fair" day's work-whatever that

The industrial unionist holds that the

tools of production should be owned by

the class that makes and operates them;

the craft unionist believes that the

working class should continue to pro-

duce the machinery of production and

let another class own and control it.

The industrial unionist holds and teacher

that the working class must organize

as a class, both economically and politi

cally, to put itself, as a class, in pos

session of the means of production. The

craft unionist believes it is better to

keep politics "out of the union," and

then he straightway kicks himself in

the face by appointing lobbying commit

tees to beg legislation. 'Thus, by leav-

ing the political power to capitalists

and not organizing to overthrow cap-

italism, the trade unionist forever keeps

Craft unionism begets in the hearts

of the workers discouragement, hopeless-

ness and despair. Industrial unionism

unifies, solidifies and cements the work-

ing class in one compact body, prepared

and ready to act at a moment's notice

and with such momentum that no force

on earth would be able to resist it. It

inspires the workers with courage, con-

fidence in themselves, and faith in their

capacity to administer their own affairs

It is the only labor unionism that can

the workers paralyzed.

that is foreign to their purpose.

may be..

POWERFUL.

By James H. Arnold, Louisville, Ky.

Industrial Unionists hold that con ditions in the industrial world and in The message was received by the Farley the world of labor are ripe for the building of one universal industrial union of the working class embracing the workers in all departments of the industry.

The industrial union organization or ganizes and teaches its membership to stand together as one man in the interest of the entire working class. If any Department, Local Union or Branch be comes involved in trouble with the employer, the whole organization is concerned and supports that part that is in trouble.

The ideal of industrial unionism the bursting asunder of the chains of wage slavery, the overthrow of capitalism and the founding of the workers' Republic. Industrial unionism is Social ism a-building. It is the structural framework of the future society. It is to Socialism what the granite foundation and steel framework is to the completed building.

The plan of craft unionism is to organize the workers according to their crafts or trades. The wage-workers in any one line, or as many of them as the labor leaders in that trade or craft deem necessary to hold or monopolize jobs, are organized in a separate union of their own without any organic connection with the unions of other crafts. Then each union is taught and expects to paddle its own canoe. The result is that we have about 120 craft divisions in the United States, every one of them tying itself up in a separate contract with the boss without consulting, and regardless of, the interests of the workers in the other 119 bodies. For example, there may be ten sep-

arate crafts employed in the same estab lishment with ten separate contracts expiring at different dates. The first union may have a grievance and go on strike, and the other nine departments in that same establishment will remain at work for the employer, thus virtually scabbing on their striking brothers.

In the printing industry here in Louis ville, when the typesetters went on strike for the eight-hour day, we saw the pressmen, stereotypers, book-binders and electrotypers all stand by the boss. Of course, they gave the striking typesetters their "sympathy," but they gave: the boss their help. A concrete example will serve to illus-

trate the fundamental difference in the forms and methods of the two kinds of unionism. At midnight, November 14, 1907, the street car men's union of Louisville struck for the reinstatement of eighteen of its discharged members." At once a representative of the street car company hurried to the telegraph office and handed in a telegram to be forwarded to Farley's Chicago agency calling for 1,000 strike-breakers. The manager handed the telegram over to a craft union telegrapher, whose own union had just been through a little end forever the enslavement of the work fruitless struggle with the telegraph ing class.

there and

THE ONLY FAIR DEAL Ex-President Roosevelt, in a recent article on Socialism, lays' great stress upon the necessity of being "fair" to Labor and giving it an unhampered chance to struggle for a living, Nobody is to be rewarded for anything except he gives equal service for the reward. This "fair dealing," of course, includes employer as well as workingman. The capitalist is to be protected in fighting "fair" for his profits. Well, this fine sounding talk of the ex-President is, after all, like the noise of a bass drum: you hear it but there is nothing to it after it is over.

The working class is not interested in any "fair" or foul schemes of capitalist robbery. It is very much interested, however, in getting the full share of its product produced by itself and as stated in the Socialist Labor Party's platform-MULTI-PLIED BY ALL THE MODERN FAC-TORS OF CIVILIZATION. In other words the working class must set itself up as the ruling class so, as to conduct and administer the industries

to send that telegram calling for strike for the benefit of all the workers. breakers. No industrial union printer This is what is being urged every would have set or been permitted by day of the year by the Socialist Inbor his union to set up copy for an "ad." Party. Therefore, workers, a word to calling for scabs. And industrial union the wise is sufficient. Join hands with trainmen would have left the train load the Party and speed the day of victory of strike-breakers stand on the track and success. M. R.

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Differences BETWEEN THE Socialist Party AND THE Socialist Labor Party ALSO BETWEEN Socialism, Anarchism AND Anti-Political Industrialism BY 2 A. ROSENTHAL Price : : : : 10 Cents By Mail, 12 Cents 2 10 10 NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. 28 City Hall Place, New York.

John saw that he stood alone in his kingdom. He capitulated, and sumand his belligerent barons to a con-

A copy of it hangs yet in the Tower on, that Magna Charta, or Great Charter of the English liberties, which was born of that conference, on the ilver isle of Runnymede, on June 15 of that year. True, this Great Charter contained nothing which has not been previously known and acwledged in some form. True, before the year was out, John had vioed it from A to Izzard. Yet, here e have the first written .constitution ig from a king by his subjects, a germ which has expanded into the E British constitution and code of legal procedure, and which, carried over to America, has here played a great part in fixing the form of the american political republic, under which capitalism has so powerfully developt as now, to leave the road wide

After King John had been forced to n the Magna Charta, he fell in a fit of impotent fury on his floor, biting the straw with which it was covered, and crying out in rage against the But what would he have said aid, and four years later, at the climax ald he have seen the state, of affairs in England on the First of May, 1642, some 400 and odd years later? Then was to be beheld the spectacle of a kind a close prisoner, in his own ons, and with a great popular ay in the field sworn to bring to

Atiantic had grown upr Its rising munistic ideal. bourgeoisie chafed under the oppression of British feudal rule, which was throttling their commerce. Their trade was restricted, their cities were burnt, their people slain, their population limited, their legislatures suspended, and their courts of justice turned into mockeries, till again the breaking point was reached, and under the name of the United States of America the new nation was up

No less "patriotic" a crew than the in arms for its independence. French capitalists themselves called Benjamin Franklin was one of the on the Prussian arms to capture American commissioners to France, their capital for them. This was and he it was who fitted out the done; and thereupon the capitalist Surprise, which on this First of Beny, statesmen of France. Louis Thiers at 1777, practically began the American

war upon the sea. In a week the paign to defeat the working class Surprise was back in the French port strength of the city, and reduce it to with a British merchantman she had their terms. A midnight attempt to captured. For this violation of the steal the cannon of Paris precipitated French neutrality the Surprise was the Commune, March 18, 1871. On the seized; but within ten months France First of May the army of the bourhad acknowledged the independence of geoisie, then pressing hard upon the America, and had sent a fleet to her city, captured two outposts, those at

aid

Clamart and Issy. On the 23rd the Without the aid of this fleet, it is city gates were forced, and the Comhighly doubtful whether American inmune defeated. For days thereafter dependence would ever have been won. platoons of men, women and children All through the war it lent its signal were marched out and shot down by the hirelings of the money bags and of the struggle, it was it which clinched factory owners of Paris. Thus was success for the colonies. By the littlethe first attempt of the proletariat known victory of Cape Henry, a five to govern itself smothered in its own days' engagement in which, under the blood. Count de Grasse, it drove off the com-

To-day, thirty-eight years after that bined English squadrons, this French First of May on which we saw the in the field sworn to bring to fleet prevented succor from reaching Communards dying bravely in their New York Labor News Company, him to account for the blood he Cornwallis at the critical time, and outposts, we may be sure that noble S City Hall Place. New York

S. D. L.

.TEN CENT BOOKS.

Communist Manifesto. Engles, Life Of. No Compromise. Socialism, What It Is. Workinmen's Programme.





[Correspondents who prefer to ap- , passed both chambers, which made it sear in print under an ass umed name will attach such name to their comnunications, besides their own signature and address. None other will be ecognized.]

S. P. AT WORK IN GREAT FALLS.

To the Daily and Weekly People :-I have been reading of the fresh crop of political corruption by the Socialist party in Connecticut, New York, St. Louis and elsewhere. The S. P. of this neck of the woods contributes its quota. At least it is doing things that make clear to me whence its political corruption and betrayal of our class proceeds.

Enclosed I send a clipping from the "Great Falls Daily Tribune" that gives in detail an account of things that happened here recently. I was at the meeting that the clipping reports, it is a correct report of what occurred, only it is not clear enough.

The Greeks in this place are not admitted in the A. F. of L. Unions, which are regular "close corporations." They are treated the same as I have seen the Italians treated elsewhere. The Unions won't take them in. They hope by that to drive them out and keep the jobs for themselves. The consequence is that the Greeks hit back and have succeeded in securing many jobs to the exclusion of the "good Union men." This is happening especially in the restaurants, hotels and cafes.

Now, the Cooks' and Waiters' Union and the Barbers' Union did just what The People said last week. They hitched on to the S. P. outfit as the fittest push to help betray Labor, and got them to co-operate in calling a mass meeting at which a resolution was jammed through to exclude the Greeks from Great Falls "by peaceful means, if possible." The tion also talks of "lawful means." and the two expressions are just photographs of S. P. double dealing.

The meeting was a cut and dried affair. One Louis Dilno of the Cook and Waiters' Union and one Camp of the Barbers' Union pulled the wires, and the S. P. manikins did as bid. Dickinson, the S. P. candidate for Mayor, was moved into the chair. He, another S. P. politiian named Tierney who was a candidate for Alderman, and Ida Crouch Hazlitt, an S. P. writer and speaker, did most of the talking. The Socialist principle of International solidarity was torn to ribbons, the resolutions of the Stuttgart Congress went by the board, the hoodlums, who are ever attracted by the smell of proceedings that are "peaceful, if pos-sible," cheered lustily, and the resolutions were declared carried by the S. P. hairman who refused to count the votes gh there was a majority against the resolution. A decent Union man, who saw that the cause of Labor was being insulted by the speeches and the tions, called loudly to the chairman how he could decide who was the majority, and was answered by the chairman: "I guess at it" and so the meeting adjourned to meet another day.

The capitalists of this place are just happy. They see in the conduct of the S. P. and of the A. F. of L. men who schemed the meeting a sure promise that the ranks of Labor are cut into fragments, and will now fight each other.

compulsory for saloons to close from 7 p. m. to 7 a. m. The governor, however, declared the measure so complicated and full of loop-holes, that he vetoed it.

There is a party here called the American party (anti-Mormon), which depends for its strength oh inciting enmity against the Mormon church. It formerly was in control of Salt Lake City, but never got beyond there. Their candidates now hold only a few offices in Salt Lake City, and their power looks as though it were on the decline.

In Justrial conditions in Utah are poor Here as elsewhere, the unemployed are very much in evidence. There are a number of "vagrants," suicides, hold-ups, etc. Business is very quiet, more 20 than it has been for years, according to Lusiness men themselves. A man who just arrived from the Pacific Coast told me he never saw so many idle men on the road, all wandering aimlessly about searching for work.

. The revolutionary Socialists are few in Ogden, but they are doing excellent R. F. Southwick.

Ogden, Utah, April, 17.

THE "I-AM-A-BUM" LEADERS.

To the Daily and Weekly People :-I. H. Walsh, the chief of the Spokane "I-Am-A-Bum" brigade, is well known to the readers of The People. He is a big, bluffing, burly, bombastic, scheming, loud talker, excitable in the imag-Ination and possesses a ready vocabulary especially colored with the latest slang of the day, which tickles the unthinking, and passes as a substitute for knowledge among the ignorant. All workingmen who read and think for themselves are indiscriminately classed by Walsh as intellectuals,-a term of reproach in his vocabulary.

Walsh has always secured an abund ince of secret support from the A. F. of L in Spokane. His declamation against the A. F. of L. have helped him to fool the uninitiated. Those who do not know would think that Walsh had no affiliation with the A. F. of L. But more than one walking delegate of A. F. of L. unions in Spokane has conferred with him. In fact, the I. W. W.'s anti-employ nent agency fight in Spokane is being instigated and winked at by inner circles of the A. F. of L. The I. W. W is thus being used as a tool for the benefit of "job trusts", now operating as A. F. of L. unions who are apprehensive of open-shop conditions coming to Spokane if the employment agencies demonstrate that they are profitable brokers in all classes of labor power. It is not necessary to relate why the A. F. of La unions do not wish the unpleasant notoriety of a direct fight against the intrenched employment agents. The I. W. W. thus becomes a sort of bulwark to the A. F. of L. and is in the sad role of fighting effects produced automatically by A. F. of L.-ism. And the wage workers who put in nine and ten hours a day do not see through the sham fights of the Walsh-Wilson coterie.

Educational work among the work

A. F. of L. organizations, give vent to

their ambitions in L. W. W. organiza-

tions by actively supporting a pseudo

ultra-radicalism. It would be some

thing new under the sun if there were

no Orchard sprouts or Azer germs

mixed with the slime. Back of the big

sounding doings of the Walsh-Wilson

coterie stand the secret manipulators

The notorious James Wilson was

of corporate interests.

wore good clothes. Throughout all his work, as far as I have observed him, he has played the role depicted in the Haywood trial of many a Pinkerton spy in the W. F. of M. He persistently shoves himself to the front. He has, persistently opposed all proposals looking toward unity. Vicious vituperative has been his stock in trade nstead of arguments, based upon facts

Epithets loaded with venom and putrescent with prejudice is his stock in trade. "Pope-De Leon," "Weekly Pimple," "De-Leonite," "S. L. P.-ites," are familiar terms with him. He believes that it is good propaganda to organize lodging houses as a means of working class emancipation. Thus, instead of educational propaganda in the principles of Industrial Unionism. the workers are becoming the sad dupes of a fraudulent substitute.

The hope and aim of many self-pro noters and A. F. of L. insurgents in the I. W. W. is to "put one over" the conservative and intrenched leaders of the A. F. of L. and to capture whole sections of that organization en bloc or at least to promote insurrections within the A. F. of L., and, by placing themselves at the head of the rebellion, to ride into office on the waves of the compromise that usually results. Therefore, the so-called working class agitation that is promoted serves subtle purposes not realized by those who are W. R. Parks. not wise.

Mishawaka, Ind., April 21. THE LITERATURE THAT BUILDS

SOCIALISTS. To the Daily and Weekly People :--S. L. P. literature hits the mark every

time. The N. E. C. Address, and Woman and the Socialist Movement are fine. Those who have read them here praise them highly." R. Richardson.

Rochester, Pa., April 20. ,

IN SUPPORT OF THE PARTY PRESS. To the Daily and Weekly People :--Inclosed find one dollar for the Operating Fund. Wish I could do more, for I am more than ever convinced that The People is the foremost exponent of Socialism.

Chas. Benson. Minneapolis, Minn., April 19.

JERSEY GOSPEL SPOUTERS AND

BEER SLINGERS IN HARMONY. To the Daily and Weekly People:-The "blue law" advocates in Jersey City are making Sunday existence very disagreeable. . Confined in the factory all week the boys like to get the fresh air on Sunday. If they stand on the corner, the cop says, "Move on": if they go in a vacant lot and play ball someone rings up the nearest police station and complains of the "nuisance." The preachers are trying to stop Sunday ball playing, hoping, thereby to get more of us listening to their dope. The saloon-keepers are against Sunday ball playing, hoping to get more of us swallowing their dope, Funny, though, why the saloon-keepers should bother about it at all: they are supposed to be closed up tight on Sunday. Great town this!

Jersey City, N. J., April 19. LITHO WORKMEN PULLING TARIFF

LIBERAL.

CHESTNUTS FROM THE FIRE ing class has been at a standstill in FOR BOSSES. Spokane. The experiences the workers are being put through, under the pre-To the Daily and Weekly

IS SOCIALISM INEVITABLE?

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1909.

By Axel Staal, Jersey City,

ance is needed.

ist Republic will be inaugurated.

misery. Let us take an example.

tending this can turn out as much

work as four men formerly could by

hand. What does the owner do? He

discharges three men, and reduces the

pay of the remaining worker because

he can hire far cheaper labor powe

when skilled labor is not needed.

Such are the automatic Socialists.

to prove.

derers.

A LITTLE CONSIDERATION OF THIS QUESTION WILL SHOW NEED OF FIGHTING FOR FREEDOM.

the greatest victory, the surrender of capitalism, while we sleep, Anyone interested in the Socialist

novement is apt to run across a cer-No, the capitalists will forever hold ain type of Socialists who say: "Oh, us in wage slavery, if we do not ourselves work for liberation. Socialism is inevitable; it must come,"

Through the influence of the trusts, and thereupon discard all thought of agitation and work. Are these Socialcompetition has become a thing of the ists" right? To answer the question, past. The surplus value, which is the let us see, what "inevitable" means. difference between the value produced If a man were to say: - "I want the by labor and the wages received by labor, becomes profit. Quite a sum is earth to rotate next year." a fitting spent for advertising and competing remark would be. "It is inevitable." Nobody could prevent it, and no assistin the market. The capitalists could, if it were a question of half a loaf Does this hold good for Socialism? or none at all, increase the wages a Not by any means, as I will endeavour little, thereby increasing our consuming power, and still have a handsome income for doing nothing. Or they might reduce. the hours of work and employ more men, which would also mean a slight increase in cost of production, but still leave enough for automobiles and divorces. If they succeed in bluffing only half the voters into belleving that conditions can not be materially improved by a radical change, and thus keep control of the political as well as the economic machinery, then Socialism is by no means

> It will have been observed that Secretary Straus, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, held a conference with some "labor leaders." They met to discuss the question of unemployment. Many of the speeches made were insults to the working class; sev

ONE remedy, The Co-operative Commonwealth, received no attention.

Let us consider the three factors, The great "philanthropist," Carne wages, the machine and the foreign gie (he is a philanthropist because he markets. Our republican government gives \$10,000 to various purposes and takes \$100,000 by exploiting the steelworkers), has been a busy man of late. To begin with, he gave us advice about the tariff. That needs not bother us much. England with free trade, and the United States with high protective tariff, are both treating their workers to enforced vacations, without pay. Then he wrote a book on the "terrible," "destructive" ideas of Socialism. That gave us an opportun-Our wage, as will be seen, is entirely ity to laugh, so foolishly was it writnadequate to buy our product. We ten. But after that came a proposican buy one-sixth thereof. The caption worth paying attention to. It italist class consumes a great part of was: "The workers should share in the remaining five-sixths, but what is the profit made by the firm that emleft over then is sold to foreign counploys them." This is a typical bourtries. As the machines become more geois reform proposition; it would perfected, our production per worken chain us to our place of work, and increases, and under capitalism this make each worker regard his co-workincreased production means increased er with distrust, fearing that he should perform less work and still share to In a cigar factory is installed a the same extent. bunch-making machine. One worker

Other propositions are the appointment of concillation committees to arbitrate questions between employer and employe; fix wage scales and hours of employment. But are there ever any Socialists appointed to these committees?

Under Socialism we could say: When that all reform propositions set forth one man, in eight hours, can do as by capitalists are not supported by much work on the machine as forthem for the good of the workingman. merly four men in the same time did Sodialism alone can free him. If we by hand, then we can let four men do not work for straight uncomprowork two hours a day on the machine instead of eight hours by hand. Thus the machine would be a blessing to momentary squealing. the worker while it to-day is a curse.

The machine enables the employer Socialism? First of all, subscribe to to sell his goods at a reduced price. he press. A speaker's voice may read



OFF-HAND ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

NO QUESTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED THAT COME IN ANONYMOUS LETTERS. ALL LETTERS MUST CARRY & BONA FIDE SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS.

A. T. C., PORTLAND, ORE .- Indus- | around, the instances are numerous.

trial Unionism does not consist of little bits. Like Socialism, or the human body D. B. M., GRANITE, OKLA .- Now to Industrial Unionism is a complete organyour third questionism. Even if the alleged instances of The coming of capitalism greatly pro-Industrialism in the A. F. of L. were not moted education. Capitalism, having falsely alleged, the instances are not inbeen a revolution at its incipience, necesstances of Industrialism. The trade that ignores the fact of its intimate corelation

dred," and however "unkindred" they

may seem .- the trade that does not real.

ize that is bound to act unindustrially

convention delegates were self-hypno-

tized with the confidence of a tremendous

vote. That, of course, materially barred

all sentiment for unity with the Socialist.

Labor Party. The frog was, in its own

J. F. D., NEW YORK .-- There is

Spanish story told about a man who had

some land that he wanted to get

rid of, and who employed a land agent

for that purpose. The eyes of this same

man, shortly after, fell upon a flaming

advertisement announcing some land for

sale, and praising the land in glowing

terms. Whether the advertisement said

anything about the glories of "intensive

farming," and of the skies over that par-

mind, self-blown to bull's size.

are of daily occurrence.

sarily rebelled against the institutions then in force. These institutions, then with all other trades, even if not "kinbeing in force, were, of course, hostile to further enlightenment. The same principles are now seen at work. Capitalism, now being in force, is hostile to further with its "kindred" trades, even among the enlightenment; Socialism, being a revoluseveral locals of that International tion, is the modern promoter of the wid-Trades Union itself. Of this the proofs est education possible.

7

Next question next week.

J. H. S., PHILA., PA .-- No well bal-J. C., PHILA., PA .- Now to your third anced mind, last year, expected to see the question-

Socialist party grow, leastwise leap up. The question of relative size of pay-All the facts stood clear against any such ment is never really determined by the prospect. The party's system of organrelative importance of the work done, or ization, its methods of propaganda, above responsiblty, or anything of the sortall its policy of hostilizing revolutionary at least not with the wage earner. That question is determined wholly by supply Unionism-all pointed in one directiondecline. The reporter for the Daily Pcoand demand. ple of the Chicago national convention in Next question next week. May stated as early as then, that the

J. M., SEATTLE, WASH .-- Such questions belong to the National Executive Committee, they do not belong in this office.

J. R., MONTROSE, COLO .-- Granted all that-the thing, only thing to do is to join that political party of Socialism whose propaganda will promote the class conscious and industrially framed organization of Labor.

"READER." CHICAGO, ILL .-- It is no unlikely thing that a rumpus is on in the Socialist party between the "bona fide workingmen" and the "intellectuals." Such intellectuals as the S. P. has gathered and are now running it, and who despise the proletarian function of the Movement, to the extent of ignoring the necessity of the economic organizationsuch feather-brained "intellectuality" can not choose but foment the opposite extreme the "bona fide workingman," so-called, who despises knowledge, and imagines the Socialist Movement is the novement of rowdvism. It is the identical issue that exists between pure and simple ballotism and pure and simple bombism. There is nothing to it but to come down to the rock-bed of the S. L. P. It is the caricature of the old fight of Bakounin against Marx.

H. F., PHILA., PA .- The "Wandering Jew" is a novel, written by Eugene Sue with the obvious purpose of exposing the political machinations of the Society of the Jesuits. Sue planted his plot upon the facts revealed by the devout Catholic Pascal, who exposed the Jesuits from their own leading authorities, and also. upon the facts which caused the Pipe Clement XIV in 1773 to suppress the Society of the Jesuits by a special bull. Next question next week.

O. M. H., KANSAS CITY, MO.; H. B., MILWAUKEE, WIS,; J. S., ST. LOUIS, MO.: H. S., HAMILTON, CAN.; L. S., BLANCHARD, WIS .; J. D. G., CLEVE-LAND, O.; J. C., BRIDGEPORT, CONN.; G. J. S., SPARKS, NEV.; J. O. J., and accepting the coddling of these. Look BRIDGEPORT, CONN .-- Matter received.

"FREE" AND "INDEPENDENT."

veriest social parasites, coddling these,

ticular spot, the story does not tell. What the story does go on to tell is that the man who saw the advertisement, noticing that it referred the reader to the very land agent whom the man had employed, wrote to him post haste: "Buy that land for me, quick!" By return mail came the answer: "You don't want it: it is your own land." Land agents expert in promoting the "land buying fever," are peculiarities of no one race. Place not thy faith in ye land agent.

> I. U., MANCHESTER, N. H .- Between the quack doctoring and the horse doctoring that the country is being put through, there is no telling how low its vitality will be sapped. Haste not, waste not-steadily agitate, educate, organize.

F. I. R., BROOKLYN, N. Y .- There is that in errors of conduct that inevitably affect the character of him who indulge in them. However sincere he may be at first, bound he is to become crooked. This talk of "bona fide workingmen" is an illustration of the point. People, who in dulge in the mistaken policy which the sentence implies, may start with sincere convictions. But the error is a banana peel that makes them slide off their base They are speedily seen lining up with the

Let us for once and all understand

mising Socialism, the capitalists will find some sugar-coated pill to stop our How can we best do something for

admits that a workingman creates a value of \$10 in each work day. The same government admits that the average wage is \$10 per week. We create a value of \$60 a week and receive thereof \$10.' What becomes of the remaining \$50? That is profit. With it the capitalists can buy automobiles, young and pretty wives, and pay for 'brainstorms" when they become mur-

Socialists, who hold Socialism to be inevitable, generally reason as follows: The workers of the United States, Germany and England produce, year after year, more than they consume; their wages only enable them to buy a small part of their product. The capitalists try to sell the surplus product

in foreign markets. But the time will ome, and is almost here, when all countries will be placed in the same position as the United States, Germany or England. We will then be inevitable. forced to increase our wages till they

reach the full value of our product. We can then buy all we produce. But) nothing will be left over in the shape of profit for a few individuals, who own the means of production: the state will take hold of all means of production and distribution, and the Social-

eral remedies were proposed, but the

e Socialists and mislism comes out badly done up. W. W.

Great Falls, Mont., April 14.

UTAH POLITICS.

To the Daily and Weekly People :-The two most prominent reform move ments in Utah are the Socialist party and the Prohibitionists. The S. P.'s platform in the last election was disgusting. Their main purpose was to catch votes A sample of their platform is here given. wither the Democratic, party nor the Republican party believe in governnership, not even, of the railso if you favor government ownership, it is your duty to vote the S. P. ticket." They had the usual string of nands" attached to their dinte de platform, and also told the voters that ald not throw their votes away ting their ballots for the S. P. se they were going to have between one and two million votes. It was only reformism with a different formerly a member of the American

in Spokane belonged to Federal Union Prohibitionists made a stir at 12,222, A. F. of L., before he heard of t session of the state legislature. the L W. W. He claims to be a high They were ostensibly assisted by the school graduate somewhere in New church. The church came out York state. In August last year, he for strict prohibition; mass meetings held and their newspapers advoadmitted he had not worked for 'six months. He had only recently worked the principle. A bill was introuced in the legislature which made it himself into a little pay office in the impossible for any one to get liquor I. W. W. He became general secre-of any kind except he had a doctor's arder. The bill passed the House, but was killed in the Senate. Finally a strict regulation and local option bill rooms about a year. Tet he always

The bosses in the lithographic industry tense of revolutionary educational are busily engaged in whipping up senwork, supply most valuable data for the student of social problems. There timent for protection to their muling "infant industry," which by the way is are all sorts of forces contending for at the trust, stage of development. supremacy. We see the amateur in la." bor circles who has recently become The litho workmen are willing agents

inoculated with some "ism" which he in furthering this public sentiment. One eeks to propagate: we have the reneof them handed me a picture post card gade from some A. F. of L. local or bearing the familiar: "Printed in Gerother union who, knowing some union many." On the space provided for cortricks, is awaiting his opportunity to nce there is fac-similie handwriting which reads: make a turn; and there are a few insurgents, who, holding membership in

"Printed in America should be the imprint on all cards of our National Buildings. That condition can be attained only by proper protection. This card was printed abroad. Why should it be?"

Turning the card, to see what "National Building' of ours had the effrontery to let its picture be printed in Germany, lo and behold, what do you think ? -the State prison, Frankfort, Ky., with Federation of Labor at Elgin, Ill., and the stars and stripes floating proudly

o'er it.

Perhaps, though, 'tis not altogether inappropriate: workmen here are either in State prisons, in industrial prisons, litho and otherwise, or trying to get in. There is surely a grim humorist among the litho bosses. New York, April 20.

> Watch the label on your paper. It will tell you when your subscription expires. First number indicates the

he can sell, the merrier. He must then look around for customers, because his workers cannot, with their wages, buy the product.

The capitalists of Europe and the United States compete in selling goods o South America, Japan, China and India; but in the last few years Japan and South America have entered the producer's ranks, and the market has been flooded.

Under the capitalist system working men are laid off, which further impairs their power of consumption. The Socialists, in changing the system so that a worker will receive the value of his product as reward for labor, offer the only remedy.

Truly a simple remedy for overproduction. But - can we lay down to sleep and expect to be aroused one bright morning by our landlady who, offering us new-laid eggs, and nice. tender steak for breakfast instead of the over-ripe henfruit and disguised shoe-leather that now are our lot, acquaints us with the pleasant facts that

Socialism has been acknowledged as the only remedy, and that the Republicans and Democrats in Congress have become Socialists? Not at all. When did the ruling classes ever willingly abandon their great privileges? Did

King George and the English nobility. without opposition, allow this Republic to be formed? .Was not a war neces-

sary to liberate the black worker from chattel slavery? Yet there are peomonth, second, the day, third, the year, ple, Socialists, who believe we will gain

a couple of thousands of people in a night, but the press can reach millions a day. Take part in meetings this sentiment is no longer good dope. and demonstrations. But, above all, let us recognize the fact that it is only by WORK that we will ever attain our ends, no one but the working class has an interest in emancipating Labor. And through untiring propaganda nothing will be able to stay Socialism.

THE DAILY PEOPLE

The attention of all workingmen is called to The Daily People, official organ of the Socialist Labor Party It was established July 1, 1900, since which time it has been doing valiant battle for working class interests. It is truthful and outspoken. It calls a spade a spade and the conduct of fools it calls folly. In New York and vicinity you can order The Daily People through newsdealers, one cent daily, two cents Sunday. Out-of-town subscriptions, \$1 for three months. Sample copies free.

DAILY PEOPLE, P. O. Box 1576, New York.

MINE AGREEMENT.

Philadelphia, April 23 .- Anthracite operators and the mine workers are to sign an agreement next week as the resuit of the two days conference at the Reading Terminal between Lewis and his associates on the part of the miners and five officials of coal companies on the part of the operators.

"America! The Land of the Free, and the Home of the Brave!" Well. Everyone must realize that it is the cry of the hypocrite, and meant only to mislead people. Too often does a man get "sacked" if he is brave enough to express his own opinion. Too well does a man know he may expect a pink slip in his pay envelope if he does not march in Taft campaign parades. Freedom in that? How can a man, in face of this fact, unblushingly contend he is a "free and independent" citizen?

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WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1909.



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(The Party's literary agency.) 25 City Hall Place, N. Y. City. Notice-For technical reasons no party icements can go in that are not in this office by Tuesday, 10 p.m.

SECTIONS, ORDER NOW!!!!

J. S. Talbot. E. Boggs, Constitutions (English) per 100 ... 2.00 T. Dixon The above supplies have just been refrom the printer, and are now ady for delivery upon receipt of order ether with cash

Treasurers' Book: There is no spe-cially ruled book for Treasurers, but an nal Cash Book may be utilized for the purpose. Address all orders to Paul Augustine,

National Secretary, P. O. Box 1576, New York City.

CONNECTICUT S. E. C.

Regular meeting held April 19, at headquarters, 34 Elm street. Hartford. Conn, Fred Lechner chairman, Minutes of previous meeting adopted as read.

The following communications received, acted on and filed. From National Secretary Paul Augustine, regarding Dally and Weekly People readers in Stamford and South Norwalk, and sending receipt of \$50.

From Section New Haven, sending \$2.00 for due stamps, and regarding State convention.

From J. J. Murphy, New London sending \$2 for due stamps, and subscription list.

From Section, Rockville, sending votar blank of State convention, votes cast : For Hartford, 9, for Bridgeport,

From Section Hartford, sending voting blank of next State convention votes cast : for Hartford, 8, for Bridgeport, none. From J. C. Custer, Bridgeport, re-

sarding Unity Conference between Sections S. L. P. and S. P. of Bridge-

m Section Bridgeport, regarding Section matters and Unity Conference From J. Marek, New Haven, sending minutes of last N. E. C. meeting.

Financial report: Income, \$14; ex-Denses, \$88.40.

State Secretary Fred Fellermann reported that he sent out to all Sections the voting blanks regarding the State onvention for referendum vote. Adjourned.

Frank Knotek. Recording Secretary.

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CENERAL ACTENTION FILM

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J. P. Lande
Jot L' Lundgren
J. C. Anderson
Section Philadelphia, Pa. (G)
" Baltimore; Md. "
W. Hammerlindl
Section Allegheny, Pa. " "Youngstown, O. "
John H. Juergens,
Section Cleveland, O. "

Dr. Rosensweig, New York A. C. Wirtz, Barstow, Cal A. MeInnis, Lansing, Mich M. Biell, Pasadena, Cak Wm. Weber, New York Jos. Campbell, Panama...... A. Peilero, P. Graff, J. S. Johnson C. Saltzman, W. Douglas, ****** A. Dallow, W. Atkinson G. Zidbeck.

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John Klaus, Utica, N. Y Paul Berndt, Utica, N. Y A Sympathizer, Utica, N. Y... Wm. J. Wuest, Utica, N. Y... E. S., Newport News, Va. C. Rudolph, F. Tiddy, Westernport, Md. .. G. Nelson, Dorchester, Mass. Mangnus Malmgren, Henning,

ATTENTION, GREATER BOSTON. The combined Socialist organizations of Greater Boston will celebrate International Labor Day on SATURDAY evening, May 1, at Putnam's Hall, 1165 Tremont street, Roxbury, Boston. The organizations which will take part are Sections Boston and Somerville, Socialist Labor Party, Cambridge Karl Marx Club, Boston Section of the Lettish Socialist Labor Federation, and the Scandinavian Socialist Club.

There will be a musical program and short speeches will be made. Admission is free.

ATTENTION, HARTFORD. CONN.

Section Hartford, Socialist Labor Party, has arranged a social and dance for Saturday evening, May 1, for the benefit of the English and the German party press, to be beld at S. L. P. Hall, 34 Elm street, Hartford.

As our press has nobly maintained the true standard of Socialism not merely throughout the present crisis, but also against its numerous adversaries, it well deserves a helping hand. Therefore every friend and well-wisher of it can-1.00

not afford to be absent from this affair. Organizer.

CHICAGO RUDOWITZ MEETING. A mass meetting will be held under the auspices of a committee of Sec-

tion Cook County, S. L. P., in Bowen

Hall, Hull House, corner Halsted and

THE HUSTLERS \$2.00 2.00 1.00 Propaganda Brigade Were Fairly Active Last Week. 1.00 \$10.00 10.00 The sub getters were fairly active last 5.00 week, new subscriptions and renewals be-2.58 ing in excess of expirations. Those who 2.00 sent two or more subs were: 1.50 1.00 1.00 H. Cody, Panama R. Strach, San Antonio, Tex 4 1.00 1.00 J. McCall, Aberdeen, Wash..... 1.00 A. Wang, Superior, Wis. M. Schultheiss, Hartford, Conn 4 1.00 G. M. Sterry, Providence, R. L..... 1.00 1.00 W. S. Miller, Pueblo, Colo..... 1.50 M. Engel, San Francisco, Cal..... 1.50 F. Oliver, Round Mountain, Nev

Chas, Pierson, Chicago, Ill. Maria Mallberg, Chicago, Ill. 3 3.00 1.00 E. Gallagher, Brooklyn, N. Y. 2 O. Ruckser, West Haven, Conn L. Olsen, Tacoma, Wash F. N. Hitchcock, Hamtranck, Mich. 2 F. J. Oatley, Fall River, Mass. H. Koepke, Pittsfield, Mass. A. C. Coursen, E. Newmarket, Md 2 25 J. W. Johnson, Oakland, Cal..... K. Georgevitch, Bridgeport, Conn25 J. Schwartz, Bridgeport, Conn..... 2 J. H. Arnold, Louisville, Ky C. Hawkins, New Bedford, Mass..... H. Morgan, Page, W. Va. J. Adelman, Fairbanks, Alaska.....

Fellermann, Hartford, Conn 1.00 Kircher, Cleveland, O H. Nosovitch, Mt. Vernon, Wash 2 W. J. Gerry, Colorado Springs, Colo. 2

LABOR NEWS NOTES.

Have you distributed any of the N. E. C. Address? It is doing good work. Ten copies cost but twenty-five cents. Don't forget our special offer of 100 pamphlets for one dollar. The following were the more important orders for the week:

Spokane, Wash. \$5.00 San Francisco, Cal 8.90 Wilkinsburg, Pa. 4.50 St. Paul, Minn. 4.00 Evansville, Ind. 3.75 Colorado Springs, Colo. 2.00 New Castle, Ps. 2.00 Portland, Ore. 2.00 Spirit Lake, Idaho 2.75 Merced, Cal. 1.90 Red Granite, Wis. 1.50 La Platte, Neb. 1.00

Alderdale, Wash. 1.34 Salt Lake, Utah 2.10 Minnespolis, Minn. 1.00 Glens Falls, N. Y. 1.00

Push the propaganda.

MAY DAY IN BRIDGEPORT. The revolutionary workingmen's oranisations in Bridgeport, Conn., will celebrate International Labor Day on

evening.

The May Day Conference.

SATURDAY, May 1, 8 p. m., at Lyceum Hall, 62 Cannon street. All workingmen and working women are invited to join in the festivities.

BROWNSVILLE MAY DAY MEETING. Brownsville workingmen and women

will celebrate the May Day on SATUR-DAY May 1, 2 p. m., at Metropolitan Saenger Hall, corner of Pitkin avenue and Watkins street. The meeting will be arranged by Branch IV, S. L. P. of Brook- movement will be physically expressed. lyn. S. De Leon, J. Schlossberg, B. Vladick, of the Bund, and J. Chaiken will worker! Away with the capitalists and



ditions; a fitting day to celebrate the advent of a better condition of life for the working class; when the forces of nature burst forth to new life and vigor; a holiday observed by all workingmen and women throughout the world, who necognize that their life and health are wantonly sacrificed to benefit a few. Workers of Detroit." This is your day, fall into line with the awakened workers of the world. drivers.

All organizations should awake to the The milk dealers' met the drivers' needs of their members and the working committee yesterday at the Wellingclass generally by sending delegates to ton Hotel. The drivers had asked for the May Day Conference, which meet an increase of \$1 per week. The dealfor the purpose of making arrangements ers offered 50 cents a week for one to fittingly celebrate the day, at 64 year and \$1 for the next two years. Grand River avenue, every Thursday This was rejected by the union comevening. Individual workingmen or wo mittee and a strike vote will be taken men, who are interested and desire to by the 1,700 members of the union at participate, are invited to attend meet-Brand's Hall Thursday.

ings of the Conference and take part in The carriage and cab drivers had the demonstration, which will most likeasked for a seventy-two-hour week ly take the form of a parade in the instead of eighty-four hours. They afternoon and a mass meeting in the now receive a minimum of \$12 a week for eighty-four hours' work. 'The liverymen and undertakers stated that All indications point to a great in they could not pay more than the prescrease of workingmen and women who ent rate. They refused again yesterrecognize the need of class conscious day to make any concessions and the action. The celebration will consist of drivers will take a strike vote Thursparade on SATURDAY, May 1st. at day.

2.30 p. m., starting at Grand Circus Park The bread bakers have presented a and going through the principal streets. new wage scale which provides for an A grand mass meeting will be held at increase of \$1 for day work and \$2 p. m., at Arbeiter Hall on Russel for night work. The Master Bakers' street. Speeches' in English, German, Association has not deigned to make Polish and Italian are on the program, any answer to the request of the bathe international character of the Labor kers and the latter, will strike, they say, if the advance is not paid. The Onward is the march of the awakened same wages apply to ple, cake and other bakers.

By EUGENE SUE Translated from the French by We have just received another edition of three o on Scientific Soci Secialism, Utopia Paris Commune

lition of three of the leading hooks	DANIEL DE LEON.
ocialism, Utopian and Scientific By Engels	This story, from the magnificent series by Sue, is a thrillin tale of the days when th
aris Commune By Marx	Frankish conquerers of Ga were being met by popula
ree Trade By Marx	insurrections.
CLOTH-BOUND, 50 CENTS.	It is Replete with Historic infor- mation.

THE PONIARD'S HILT

A Tale of Bagauders and Vagres

PLATFORM

Adopted at the National Convention of the Socialist Labor

Party, July, 1904, and Re-adopted at the Nation-

al Convention, July, 1908.

The Socialist Labor Party of America, in convention assem-

We hold that the purpose of government is to secure to

bled, reasserts the inalienable right of man to life, liberty and

every citizen the enjoyment of this right; but taught by experi-

ence we hold furthermore that such right is illusory to the ma-

jority of the people, to wit, the working class, under the present

system of economic inequality that is essentially destructive of

of government must be controlled by the whole people; but

again taught by experience we hold furthermore that the true

theory of economics is that the means of production must like-

wise be owned, operated and controlled by the people in com-

mon. Man cannot exercise his right of life, liberty and the

pursuit of happiness without the ownership of the land on and

the tool with which to work. Deprived of these, his life, his lib-

erty and his fate fall into the hands of the class that owns those

of democratic government and the fact of a despotic economic

system-the private ownership of the natural and social oppor-

tunities-divides the people into two classes: the Capitalist

Class and the Working Class; throws society into the con-

vulsions of the Class Struggle; and perverts government to the

is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessaries of

banner of revolt, and demands the unconditional surrender of

Thus labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces.

Against such a system the Socialist Labor Party raises the

The time is fast coming when in the natural course of social

We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of America to

And we also call upon all other intelligent citizens to place

evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its

failures and crises, on the one hand, and the constructive ten-

dencies of its trusts and other capitalist combinations, on the

organize under the banner of the Socialist Labor Party into a

class conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to con-

themselves squarely upon the ground of Working Class in-

terests, and join us in this mighty and noble work of human

emancipation, so that we may put summary end to the existing

barbarous class conflict by placing the land and all the means

of production, transportation and distribution into the hands of

industrial war and social disorder-a commonwealth in which

every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his

faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

people as a collective body, and substituting the Co-opera-

Commonwealth for the present state of planless production,

other hand, will have worked out its own downfall.

We hold that the existing contradiction between the theory

We hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery

THEIR life, THEIR liberty and THEIR happiness.

essentials for work and production.

exclusive benefit of the Capitalist Class.

life.

the Capitalist Class.

quer them.

the pursuit of happiness.

Three Gems Scientific Socialism

Wage, Labor

Chicago, April 20. - The working class of Chicago, or at least several divisions of it, are about to launch into great simultaneous strikes for a better wage and better treatment at the hands of their exploiters. Among

Carriage and cab drivers 1,600 Ice wagon drivers..... 1,700

Thus the skinflint employers of Chicago are threatened at once with five strikes of a more far-reaching nature than they ever have experienced. The milk wagon drivers, bread bakers, carriage and cab drivers and ice deliverers have all been refused increases in wagec and negotiations have been broken off. The officers of the four unions say that strikes are certain." The bosses are pulling off their usual He about their not being able to pay the advances asked unless higher prices are charged for milk, bread and ice. The liverymen and undertakers say they "cannot do business" if required to concede the demands of their

