**CHICAGO CONVENTION**

**ADJOURNS WITH THREE CHEERS AND A TIGER FOR THE "INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD" CALLED FOR BY CHAIRMAN WM. D. HAYWOOD**

(Continued from last week)

**EIGHTH DAY'S BUSINESS BY THE COASTERS' AMENDMENT DESTROYING THE PRINCIPLE OF INDUSTRIAL UNIONISM**

If adopted it would leave new organization in the hands of the Coasters, who would then be the only ones engaged in the movement, and commit new organization to a policy which made it impossible for the United Mine Workers to operate in any territory where it was organized. When the convention was being called to order, the Coasters' amendment was moved on the agenda. It was then pointed out that the convention was only a convention of the Coasters, and that it was not the place for the United Mine Workers to discuss the question of organization.

The amendment was then put to a vote, and carried by a large majority.

**Spirit of Optimism Prevails Among the Delegates—Feature of Day, Adoption of Plan of Action and Terms of the Convention for the Election of a Provisional General Executive Board, Also Adopted—Ratification in the Evening**

**TENTH DAY**

Chicago, July 7—The good work accomplished by the Industrial Workers of the World has placed the new organization squarely upon the lungs of the world. The spirit of optimism prevails among the delegates.

The convention adjourned for the evening at 8:30, but will resume in the morning.

**WEEKLY REPORT**

**THE COLLAPSE OF COASTERS RE-HELPS FRAME OF OUTFIT**

In which Obstruction to Progressive Movement is a Feature of the Strike and Set in Work in Kerosene Factory and Transports to Made Alimony

On the collapse of the Coasters' frame of outfit, the final work of the Convention was completed. The Coasters' frame of outfit was declared to be an illegal organization, and was dissolved by the Convention.

**MANIFESTO OF THE SWEDISH WORKERS**

Following the meeting which the Convention for the Protection of Swedish Workers in America held on May 29, the Convention for the Protection of Swedish Workers in America also held a meeting on May 30. The Convention also decided to publish 10,000 copies of the manifesto.

**DE LEON IN ST. LOUIS**

St. Louis, Mo., August 13—De Leon will lecture at a mass meeting in St. Louis, Mo., at 8 p.m. today. The meeting will be held at the Central Labor Party Hall, and all members of the Gompers Labor Party Association are expected to attend.

**THE CHICAGO CONVENTION**

The Chicago Convention is the first Annual Convention of the Industrial Workers of the World. It is the first of its kind ever held in this country. The convention was held in Chicago, and was attended by delegates from all parts of the United States.

**DE LEON IN ROCHESTER**

De Leon, the leader of the Industrial Workers of the World, was in Rochester, N.Y., last week, and delivered a lecture on the principles of the I.W.W. at a public meeting.

**Dear Newspapers and the People**

May 7—Dear Newspapers and the People.

There is no place like home, and there is no place like the home of the I.W.W. It is the home of the working man, and it is the place where the working man can find a voice.

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The General Strike of the Ruhr Miners

From "La Monstrous Sociéte" by G. L. A. in Edinburgh.

THE LABOR REVOLT.

The suppression of wages, lengthening of the hours of work, the reduction of their number, and the absolute absence of any methods of redress afforded by the State constituted in the last couple of months the nucleus of the movement for the immediate restoration of the right to strike in the Ruhr. The miners have undergone a series of forms of parliamentary action, and have subsequently had to struggle in the streets. The strike was declared in which those who were not in sympathy with it were compelled to obey the laws that regulated the relations of capital and labor in Germany. The strike was not a movement of the miners in sympathy with the working class, but a movement of the working class led by the miners.

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SOCIALISM VOTE IN THE UNITED STATES
A. 1912. 4,689,880. 1914. 6,741,080. 1916. 6,728,922.

The socialist vote in the United States, as shown by the returns of the last four presidential elections, is shown in the above table. It is interesting to note that the socialist vote has increased steadily since 1912, and that the percentage of the total vote cast for the socialist candidates has also increased. In 1912, the socialist vote was 4.689,880, or 7.8% of the total vote. In 1914, the socialist vote was 6,741,080, or 8.4% of the total vote. In 1916, the socialist vote was 6,728,922, or 8.5% of the total vote. This indicates a growing interest in socialism among the American people.

UNCLE SAM AND BROTHER JONAH,
By the General

BROTHER JONAH—The general discount.

"Uncle Sam," I say to the boys in the office. "What is the general discount on this lot of goods?"

"That's a long story," says one of them. "It takes a lot of time to figure out the average discount.

My friends, it is a long story, but it is the story of a man who lived in the day when the general discount was very small. It was a day when the discount was only 5%. But let me tell you about it.

One day, a man named Smith went to the store and bought a lot of goods. He paid 100 dollars for these goods. He then went to the bank and asked for a loan. He wanted 100 dollars, but the bank only loaned him 100 dollars minus 5 dollars for the discount. So, Smith paid 100 dollars for the goods and gave them to the bank, and the bank gave him 95 dollars. This was the general discount of 5%.

But let me tell you about another man, named Jones. He went to the same store and bought the same goods. He paid 100 dollars for the goods. But when he went to the bank, they only gave him 95 dollars. They took the discount right out of his payment. This was the general discount of 5%.

You see, my friends, it was the same discount in both cases. But the way the discount was figured was different. In one case, the discount was taken from the payment. In the other case, the discount was taken from the goods.

My friends, it is a long story, but it is true. The general discount of 5% was the same in both cases. But the way the discount was figured was different. In one case, the discount was taken from the payment. In the other case, the discount was taken from the goods.

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BOSTON PICNIC.

Friends and sympathizers of Section A-L, who have been in the background during the present war, have at last got together for a picnic to celebrate the 10th anniversary of the founding of the Section. A nice and healthy atmosphere was created at the Boston Country Club, and the weather was good enough to make the occasion a success. A large number of Section members were in attendance, and the day was spent in excellent company.

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT NOTED.

Several more subscriptions to the section will be paid for during the coming week. The deadline for the sale of the subscription cards is December 31, 19...

Pittsburgh, May 7. The section in Pittsburgh held a meeting on May 7th at the Hotel Pittsburgh, and the agenda was comprehensive. The section officers reported on the progress of the section and the activities of the members. A motion was made and seconded to increase the subscription rate for the next year. The motion was carried unanimously.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEE.

There were several reports presented to the meeting. One of the main topics discussed was the current state of the steel industry. The reports were generally positive, with the exception of a few minor issues that were discussed.

Committee Members:

Chairman: E. G. Eichler
Vice Chairman: J. D. Grant
Secretary: W. H. Thompson
Treasurer: J. R. Brown

The meeting adjourned at 6:00 PM.