

VOL XV. No. 24.

PALM GARDEN JAMMED

I. W. W. Successfully Invades the Stronghold of Gompers' Civic Federationized Craft A. F. of L.

reling for him."

together.

plause.)

ceived with cheers.

on the same roads, under the leadership

of Eugene V. Debs, and the industrial

ism of the A. R. U. when all came out

Sherman laid great stress on the evo-

lution of capitalism, showing how it had

rendered the old trade union impotent

and useless, and created class lines that

did not permit of common interests be-

tween employer and employe. He urged

the necessity of education along the lines

of Industrial Unionism, in order to

show the working class what they can

do, and how to do it; to better their

conditions and emancipate themselves

In conclusion he spoke of the great

interest shown in the new organization

Trautmann dictating three or four hun

dred letters a day. He retired, saying:

heart for this great manifestation in favor of Industrial Unionism."

(Tumultuous and long continued ap-

A telegram from the Progressive So-

cialist Club was then read, wishing the

I. W. W. success and urging them on

to Socialism. The telegram was re-

The chairman then introduced as the

second speaker, William E. Trautmann,

the general secretary of the I. W. W.,

who received an ovation that was a

rouser. Trautmann began by quoting

the famous passage from the Communist

Manifesto by Karl Marx, beginning:

"A spectre now is haunting Europe,"

Said Trautmann: "History repeats

itself. A new spectre is now haunting

capitalism, forcing it to form an unholy

affiance, and defining the line between

master and slave-the spectre of the re-

volt of the working class against pure

and simple unionism and in favor of

"I thank you from the depths of my

from the capitalist system.

Industrial Unionism has successfully | referring to the statements of J. J. Hill invaded the stronghold of Gompersism. Palm Garden on East Fifty-eighth street was jammed to the doors Aug. 31st by workingmen and women, who came to ratify the organization of the Industrial Workers of the World, despite the fact that several other large meetings that would tend to decrease the size of the audience are advertised to take place in Brooklyn, Newark and the Bronx. Long before the meeting opened groups of workingmen were assembled in front of Palm Garden, discussing the outlook for Industrial Unionism, while others were entering the building in continuous streams. On the inside a band composed of members of the S. T. & L. A. Musical Alliance, rendered spirited airs, among them being the Marseillaise, which received such applause from the great audience that it had to be repeated.

The appearance of Charles O. Sherman, the General President of the I. W. W., William Trautmann, the general secretary, and Daniel De Leon, Editor of the Daily People on the platform, eccasioned prolonged cheering, as did also the appearance of the A. L. U. organizations, which came marching to the hall in a body, preceded by a band playing the Marseillaise, whose inspiring strains, heard from the street, aroused the enthusiasm of the audience once

The meeting was called to order by William Shurtleff, organizer for the eastern district of the I. W. W., who introduced as chairman of the evening, Sam J. French, of the Transportation Department.

French on assuming the gavel said, "It is with great delight that I preside at a meeting which is to ratify the coming together of the progressive unions, the S. T. & L. A., and the A. L. U., of this great city, and the launching of the great organization, the Industrial Workers of the World, into which they have become merged. The meeting will mark an epoch in the history of trades unionism of the city, and for that reason, if for none other, I am delighted to act as the chairman of it."

French then went on to explain the Chicago convention, its purposes and entation. As the keynote of the ting he read the preamble to the Constitution and gave an outline of the latter. He then depicted the character of men required to put the new movement into practical operation, and then

showed how the convention had selected for this difficult purpose Charles O. Sherman, secretary of the United Metal Workers, as general-president, and William Trautmann, who was fraudulently ousted out of the position as Edior of the Brauer-Zeitung because of Industrial Unionism."

Trautmann then proceeded to show his unrelenting opposition to the Gom-pers Civic Federationized craft and cor-how on one side of the line stood the



Extracts from Speeches Delivered at the Chicago Convention

ORGANIZE YOUR FORCES! THROW OFF YOUR SHACKLES! FREE YOURSELVES FROM WAGE BONDAGE!

to arbitrate or to quarrel. The (Speech of E. V. Deba.) "We are here to perform a task so great that it appeals to our best thought, our united energies, and will enlist our most loyal support; a task in the pre-sence of which weak men might falter and despair, but from which it is im-possible to shrink without betraying the working class."
(Speech of W. D. Haywood.) "Those of us who have studied condi-tions in this country recognize the fact that up to the launching of this or-ganization there was not a labor or-ganization in this country that repre-sented the working class." telegraphers put up a magnificent strike. They came out to a man. But the five good union organizations, the Railway Brotherhoods, they worked along with the scabs, giving them every aid and assistance and downing the striking telegraphers. They fought for Hill, hence Hill was right when he said: 'I have nothing to arbitrate; I have no

(Speech of D. De Leon.) "I hope and believe that this convention

will bring together those who will plant that up to the launching of this or- themselves squarely upon the class struggle and will recognize the fact that the political expression of labor is but the shadow of the economic organization."

Pointed Paragraphs from the Preamble to our Constitution

quarrel with my employes.' The Railway Brotherhoods rendered arbitration unnecessary, and then did all the quar-By way of contrast, Sherman showed the success attained in the strike of 1894

An organization formed in such a way that all its members in any one in-dustry, or in all industries, if necessary, cease work whenever a strike or lockout is on in any department thereof, thus ing people and the few, who make up

Fellow Workers :-- With conditions driving the working class to organize into unions for their own protection and betterment and to resist the attempts of the capitalists to force us to work longer hours or for less pay or in other ways degrade us, many thousands of us have done so. We have paid our dues and other obligations, have often gone out on strikes and fought nobly to try and better our conditions or hold what we had, yet what has it availed us? We see in one place men working harder for the same money as formerly, in another wages greatly reduced, in another hours lengthened, in still another both longer hours and lower wages, in all intenser toil shortening our lives, and withal the cost of living almost one-third higher than when union activity was less apparent. In increasing numbers we see strikes end in failure, compromise or outright disaster, leaving the rank and file worse off than before. In short, the workers are drifting into a hell-hole of weakness and demoralization which it is up to them to find a reason for and a way out of.

We ask you to read this circular with care, and we feel sure you will be convinced that the reason lies in hanging on to craft unionism, whose forms and principles of organization are at least no longer fit to fight our battles with our modern organized industrial masters.

We will show you that the way out is to organize on the lines of Industrial Unionism as laid down in the principles of the Industrial Workers of the World, and to unite the workers as a class, recognizing that "an of his agitating trips to various parts injury to one is an injury to all," and standing ready to collectively enforce our demands upon the master class, of the country, and of the great demand upon Trautmann for information, with a determined spirit of class unity.

We believe the hour has come when the workers are ready for education on the lines that will unite their nomic forces with a solidarity that will mean something to the working class. We believe that those who have assed through labor organizations and are in labor organizations at the present time, have, through their bitter experience, reached the realization that there is nothing to be gained by division.

In taking a survey of the industrial field of to-day, we are at once impressed with the total inadequacy of present working class organization, with the lack of solidarity, with the widespread demoralization we see, and we are bound to conclude that the old form of pure and simple unionism has long ago outgrown its usefulness, that it is now not only in the way of progress, but that it has become positively reactionary, a thing that is but an auxiliary of the capitalist class. The trades union movement is to-day under the control of the capitalist class. It is preaching capitalist class. The trades union movement is today under the control of the capitalist class. It is preaching capitalist economics. It is serving capitalist purposes. Proof of it, positive and over-whelming, appears on every hand. All of the important strikes during the past two or three years have been lost. The great strike of the textile workers at Fall River, that proved so disastrous to those who engaged in it; the strike of the Interborough Rapid Transit employees in the city of New York, where under the old style form of organization the national leaders repudiated the local leaders and were in alliance with the capitalist class to crush their own followers, and the local leaders betrayed the rank and file whose blind support they, had obtained through a form of organization that teaches its members nothing; the strike of the stock-yard employees in Chicago; the strike of the teamsters-all, all of them bear testimony to the fact that the pure and simple form of unionism has fulfilled its mission, whatever that may have been, and that the time has come for it to go.

In the Chicago packing plants, the butchers organization was one of the best organizations in this country, reputed to be 50,000 strong. They were well disciplined, which is shown from the fact that when they were called on strike, they quit to a man. That is, the butchers quit, but did the engineers quit, did the firemen quit, did the men who were running the ice-plants quit? They were not in the union, not in that particular union. They had agreements with their employers which forbade them quitting. The result was that the butchers union was practically totally disrupted, entirely wiped out. Now, presuming that every man around the packing houses, from the printer to the pig-sticker, belonged to one union; that when they went out on strike the engineers, the firemen and men who ran the ice-plants all quit; that millions of dollars worth of produce was in a state so that it would rapidly perish, don't you believe that those packing house companies would have capitulated? Apply this illustration to whatever industry you work in, and you will be forced to a similar conclusion.

RUMBLINGS AND EXPLOSIONS SECOND SERIES-MORE TO COME St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 29 .- The volcanic | votes against twenty-two. A change of rumblings in this city ran speedily into

an explosion. It was a loud one. The story is quickly told. The corrupt practices of the A. F. of

L'in the Socialist party of this city, reached a point where the disgusted membership began to ask what Hoehn, the A. F. of L. spy in the party, called "impertinent questions." One of these "impertinent questions" was on the subject of his deputy marshalship during our trolley strike. Hoehn wriggled but could not wriggle out of it. He and his A. F. of L. organized scabbery associates then pulled themselves together and decided upon the desperate plan of trying to "vindicate Hoehn." They put their heads together, caucused and organized themselves in secret, and then presented to the local organization a sort of proclamation an ell or two long. The thing leaves unanswered the grave charge against Hochn: it beats around the bush; the only fact it states is the fact that Hoehn did join the deputy marshals, and that was ample condemnation. Well, the discussion started. It was hot and heavy. The clean members soaked

it into Hoehn and all the other A. F.

of L. grafters in the party. It finally

came to a vote, and despite the fact that

Hoehn had drummed up all his fellow

A. F. of L. spies in the party, the "vin-

dication" was carried by only twenty-six

second, the day, third the year. The paper will be stopped on that day

only three votes would have "vindicated" him the way he deserves. But even as it is, the "vindication" is a black eye.

This was the rumbling; the explosion followed almost immediately. Twentyone members, almost all shoemakers, withdrew from the party and joined the

Industrial Workers of the World. We are through with an A. F. of L. political party. The A. F. of L. dictates the policy of the S. P., and it dictates even its candidates. What else is the Massachusetts ticket just set up with Carey of the dirty Tobin Union, and Mahoney at its head, but an A. F. of L. ticket? What else is the New York City ticket with a Morris Brown and a Lee on it but an A. F. of L. ticket? Did not Morris Brown join the A. F. of L, cry that the employes of Belmont had broken their contract when they struck? and did not Lee sign that A. F. of L. "backward races" resolution in Amsterdam? What else is the Berger push of political office-holders here out West, but A. F. of L. politicians, elected on an A. F. of L. ballot?

We are through with that sort of thing !

Three cheers for the I. W. W.! Three cheers for the Daily and Weekly People that are blazing the way for bona fide Unionism, which is the only way to have bona fide politics. Ex-S. P.

I. W. W. ACTIVITY

Sherman, Trautmann and De Leon Ad-

dress Large Audience in Newark.

Brooklyn Labor Lyceum Thronged by

STIRRING MEETING.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 2 .- Open agitation in the interest of the Industrial Workers of the World was begun auspiciously in this city last night with a rousing mass meeting at Kreuger's auditorium.

A large audience gathered and listened attentively to the address of General President Sherman of the I. W. W., who was introduced by Sam J. French of the New York Railway Workers who opened the meeting by reading the preamble of the I. W. W. constitution.

Sherman's arraignment of pure and simple craft unionism and his magnetic manner of presenting the position of the Industrial Workers of the World, showing the difference between craft fighting craft to the defeat of the workers and the profit of the masters, and a whole industry striking to right the grievance of a part or even of one man, united in a spirit of class solidarity and recognition of the principle that "an injury to one is an injury to all", thoroughly aroused the interest of the audience and elicited repeated rounds of applause.

In consideration of the large number of German speaking workers who had responded to the call of the meeting,

Earnest Workingmen. A large and enthusiastic andlence, in spite of the bad weather, thronged the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum Sept. 2, to hear the principles of Industrial Unionism expounded by General President C." O. Sherman and General Secretary W.

E. Trautmann of the Industrial Workers of 'the World, Sherman addressed the meeting in English and Trautmann in German. The audience followed both speakers attentively and by their frequent applause showed that the principles of Industrial Unionism struck home to their bosoms.

The new movement has co a to Brooklyn to stay.

FOREST CITY ALLIANCE JOINS W. W.

On August 23, the Forest City Alliance, L. A. 342, S. T. & L. A., held a special meeting to discuss the question of becoming an organic part of the Industrial Workers of the World. After a short discussion, it was unanimously resolved, that Forest City Alliance surrender its charter to the officers of the I W. W. It was further resolved to name the former Alliance "The Industrial Workers' Club of Cleveland," and to apply for a charter of the I. W. W., under this name-Socialistische Arbeiter

rupt A. F. of L., and his active esp of the principles of Industrial Union-iam. Continuing, French said :

"It gives me great pleasure to be able to introduce to you as the first speak-er, the first of the men elected by the Chicago convention, for the difficult work involved in the successful initiation of the Industrial Workers of the World, Charles O. Sherman, the general

president."

Sherman was greeted with tremen dous applause as he stepped to the front Ohio: of the stage. He opened his speech by

saying:

"I welcome this manifestation not s much as a reception to myself as to the principles of Industrial Unionism which represent.

"One would judge from the enthusissm of this meeting that a revolution has started on the field of industry and onism. We believe that such a revolution was started on the industrial field on the 8th of July, in the city of Chicago, when the Industrial Workers of World was launched. We believe the revolution will come. In order to realize our position, the position of the working class, we must go back to the nistory of our organizations in this country

Then Sherman went on to show the iples of the mutual interests of capital and labor that underlie craft ism, and the disasters to which they lead, inasmuch as they divide the working class and make them easy vicims of the capitalists who are solidly nized on both fields.

Sherman illustrated his argument by

espitalist class, represented by the Belmonts, the Gompers Civic Federationized A. F. of L., the privately owned, so-call-

ed "Socialist" press, and the alleged ad-vanced "Socialists"; on the other side was the new Industrial Unionism, resulting from the merging of the S. T. and L. A., the A. L. U., the U. B. R. E., the United Metal Workers, and other organizations.

Trautmann quoted Gompers as saying in Cincinnati to the labor fakirs of

"We must either smash this thing, or this thing will smash us."

Trautmann quoted Gompers' Worlds Fair boasts that the A. F. of L. is a conservator of capitalist interests. He referred to the necessity of education

and determination. That is the only prevention of dual organization. He said "Resolutions that will make your hair stand on end, make thrilling reading, but like all resolutions, they are of no value unless backed up by the class conscious intelligence and determination of the working class. These alone would make the organization invincible." Trautmann went, extensively into the

corruption of the A. F. of L., and "boring from within", which he satirized and tore to shreds by a masterly array of

facts. He referred to New York as the "fith bed of corrupt unionism", and referred as evidence of its awful depravity, to "this man", turning to De Leon, "who was persecuted and howled down by the labor fakirs for years because he dared to tell the truth regarding their infamous corruption , and treachery to (Continued on page 6.)

To recount the number of instances one could sum up of the evil results of Civic Federationized, agreement-shackled craft unions, would fill a volume. A few more will suffice as pointers to the intelligent observer by way of an aid in catching on to the rest. Look at the experience of the railroad telegraphers. Every union telegrapher was driven from the Sante Fe system owing to the scabby conduct of the Railroad Brotherhoods whose separate craft agreements had to be lived up to, even though brother union men went down to defeat -and the same experience is being made at this writing by the telegraphers of the Northern Pacific. Similar has been the lot of the machinists and switchmen. In New York City union mechanics worked with strikebreaking excavators during the building of the subway, union engineers ran the tug boats with scab firemen and freight-handlers during the strike on the docks of the New Haven Railroad, and in the midst of the recent fight of the newspaper mailers and delivery drivers against the Brooklyn Eagle, Typographical Union No. 6 signed a contract with that paper insuring it against any trouble with its type-setters.

From Gompers down this capitalistic rant about the "sacred agreement" (which the bosses themselves never keep) has bred no end of corruption in the old style pure and simple union. Besides the craft scabbery referred there is the phase of refusing to organize the workers outside of firms "agreed" with. -Witness the Tobin Union of boot and shoe workers contracting for a label and "dues," consideration not to organize the employees of competing firms, and the Cigarmakers' Union refusing stogie workers and trust employees, and both using the funds of their organizations to boom the business of the "agreement" protected label firms.

The acceptance by the rank and file of the idea of "mutual interests" and "arbitration" has enabled the leaders, local and national, to fraternize and hob-nob with the capitalists of the Civic Federation. And it is not only at banquet boards and "arbitration' committees that this hob-nobbing is done. The Civic Federation Journal proclaims that it has established a sort of literary bureau supposed to be to aid in spreading conservative ideas on arbitration, conciliation, sacred contracts, etc., and boasts of a number of "Editors of Labor Jour-nals" enrolled therein. It is easy to see that through this scheme the real object is gained of establishing a "press censorship" direct from the Civic Federation office over the contents of the "Labor Journals," and that ch editors become merely chickens hatched in the foul incubator of the Civic Federation and their "conservative" crowing and clucking simply echoes of the sounds learned from the Belmont roosters and the old hens of the Easley breed. Of such is the unionism adhered to in the past. Is it any wonder that it is proving a dismal failure for the working class?

We are the producers of all wealth, and the most numerous class, and there is no reason, except our own failure to correctly unite, why we should remain in our present condition. The way out presents itself in the principles and methods set forth by the Industrial Workers of the World, organized at Chicago in July of this This organization is proceeding to organize into Industrial Unions all the workers employed in each industry, without regard to their race, creed, color, sex or age. With such a thorough organization and spirit of class solidarity, a whole industry will stand ready to back up any portion thereof, and, if necessary, all indus-tries will be prepared to unitedly enforce our demands; and we shall finally get into position to control the tools vear.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 6.)

General Secretary Trautmann spoke in German. In an eloquent and forcible address in which he covered much ground, Trautmann exposed the treachery of the Civic Federation lieutenants of Capitalism in the A. F. of L., reviewed the development of unions in Europe and America and made clear the position of the Industrial Workers of the World to the evident thorough satisfaction of his hearers.

Daniel De Leon, editor of the Daily People, was the last speaker, and the interested audience remained to the end of his speech which they heartily applauded. De Leon' in his usual masterly manner explained the superiority of Industrial Unionism and the effectiveness of the plan laid down by the Industrial Workers of the World, which he declared really outlines the form of future society when, with Capitalism abolished through the action of the Industrial Unions when they get ready to "take and hold", the tyrannous functions of present day government will

have ended and the General Executive Board of the I. W. W. will be the Central Administration of the nation. As a result of this meeting connections have been made in Newark which

bode good for the future progress of the I. W. W. in this vicinity. Keep up the good work.

Industrialist.

Watch the label op your paper. That

will tell you when your subscription expires. First number indicates the month. second the day, third the year.

Zeitung. THE I. W. W. IN SEATTLE. Auditorium Hall Engaged for Lecture by S. L. P. Organizer. Seattle, Wash., Aug. 28 .- The unions of this city have been mailed the following invitation:

"To the

"The members of your union are cordially invited to attend a mass meeting of workingmen to be held at the Auditorium Hall, Fourth avenue, between Pike and Pine, Sunday, September 3. 8 p. m.

"Mr. B. B. Williams, of Butte, Montana, and Mr, Frank Bohn, of New York City, will speak on Industrial Unionism.

"This subject, since the organization at Chicago in June of The Industrial Workers of the World, is of absorbing interest and we trust we may entertain your entire membership at the time and place above mentioned.

"Yours most sincerely, "Committee

"Admission, free." The following card has also been distributed throughout the city: "All workingmen invited to come to Auditorium Hall, Fourth avenue, between Pike and Pine, Sunday, September 3, 8 p. m.

"Frank Bohn will lecture on Indus trial Unionism.

"Admission, free." (Continued on page 3.)

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1905.

Inside Lights on Strikes

and by-laws of craft unionism instructs

Would you believe that it is a daily

ccurrence for me to see brakemen and

onductors, kicking off their trains, like

a dog "hoboes" who mayhap are min-

ers, or other laborers, who have been

placed upon the tramp, without money

or means, by corporations, on account

of their loyalty to their unions. Now

tell me, how in the world have we tele-

graphers a ghost of a show to win this

ing the character of the union from

with us, but that is cold comfort: what

we want now is action, -federated ac-

tion, and not sympathy to win this

strike. We are a long ways from that. This is the second time that I have

been in strike on this road, and what a

contrast and retrogression this strike is

them to do it.

Some time previous to the Great Northern & Northern Pacific telegraphers strike, the "Montana News" asked me to write an article for its columns, giving a detailed account of the strike, in its different phases. I therefore use a letter written by me to Comrade Warren, of the "Appeal to Reason", on Aug. 7th, that in my opinion, and as a preliminary, fits the case. The letter, which is self-explanatory, was addressed to Comrade Warren, who cannot spare the space for publication, giving as his reason, that it is not the policy of the "Appeal" to enter into a discussion of tactics in the Socialist movement, further stating that he gave space to two articles, written by Comrade Debs and Simons on behalf of Industrial Unionism. Comrade Warren has entered into an extended argument, in his letter to me, asserting that though we were thoroughly organized industrially, with the four million unemployed, (including those who will the strikers place at the call of take the capitalist class), we would still lose, with the powers of government in

the hands of the capitalist class. I do not agree with him in this particular instance, or other cases which skilled labor (more or less), is required, and where the system of organization is correct. And even if we would lose, I cannot see how a Socialist is justified in opposing industrial unionism.

urade Warren points out to me that the reason that we won the '94 Great Northern strike, was because of competition existing between the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railways at that time.

This is true in a measure, but not as pertinent in the matter as the fact that in the '94 struggle, there was no competition among the railway employes. His assertions of "competition" in

the railroads then only strengthens my premise as to the necessity of no competition in the unions now. H. L.

		Π.		
	Madison,	and the second	5th,	'05.
Frid	Warren			

LACER FORT Girard, Kans. Dear Comrade Warren :-- Let me improve this opportunity of stating to you that I think you are one of, if not the best writer on statistics in the Socialist movement. That you make a special study of, and have mastered the dry, long list of statistics, there is no quesn. Your sledge-hammer parallels against the arguments of capitalists are t only timely, but always bristling with logic

economic interests. This dawned on me However I have just read your answer bs, in which you take issue with plainly, when I was running for Secin what you style his "enthusiasm retary of State on the Socialist ticket the new union: the I. W. W.". You in Montana last Fall and made the rounds of the state. m to have satisfied in your mind that

anemployed problem will do away The night operator, working opposite me, is in a stranded condition; being with ALL unions, to the extent, that 67 years of age, with a family of eight; it is a waste of time for a Socialist to four of his own and four of his daughbother his head about any union. This inion is generally shared among the ter's to care for, the eldest being under Socialist writers, who have served lit-

ter of this unemployed problem, and work, but from a moral (?) standpoint "went out" . He cannot get a job on when it will mature, you and I widely any railroad in the United States, on differ. We are not going to be swallowed account of old age, and failure to pass up with it in the immediate future. We physical examination. He has worked must take cognizance of the union quesin the railroad service for thirty-five tion whether we like it or not, for the reason that the union proposition WILL | years. NOT LET US ALONE.

Again I ask of you and other Socialists who are apparently opposing the Indus-Now the question is: What grade of trial movement: "Is there no balm in unionism ought we Socialists align with? Gilead" for, we, of the labor movement, You will agree that the Gompers style who are honest in labor's cause, and and practice of unionism is little better must we eternally and consciously take than no unionism at all on the whole the worst of it? To me it appears as just that much debris in the true path of the I wish that you were on the ground here, and see what antics are carried

working-class. on in the name of "unionism", engen-That part of it is unnecessary for me dered by the Gompers style. Fellowto explain to you why.

employes, actually gloating, in childish Now in the matter of the unemployed glee, over our apparent discomfiture. problem, you, will agree with me that Now we have struck to stop traffic before we get Socialism, the capitalist on these two roads, and who are "scabclass will do everything under the sun bing" against us? The engineers, firemen, to prevent an unemployed problem. They conductors, brakemen, watchmen, secwill build canals, railroads, and what tionmen, carpenters, bridgemen, shopmen not in order to take care of the unemand every mother's son of them, who ployed problem, and in the outlay of are not out on strike with us. And they these millions, who will pay for it? The are making Trojan efforts to keep the worker, of course. trains moving because the constitution

Again referring to the matter of eraft unionism, we operators of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific are now out on strike. I am simply lying on my oars to be relieved here as agent. We have about as much show of winning this strike, as I have of going to Seattle to-morrow and draining the Pacific Ocean

with a spoon before sunset. I knew this, as I presume all Socialists in the employ of the two companies did, and of course voted and worked as hard as I could against the strike suicide. The officials of the O. R. T. prepared the strike vote, so that the unsophisticated pure and simple O. R. T. member, could not with any degree of loyalty, refuse to vote for the strike. Now, what have these O. R. T. leaders to lose by this, or obviously,

what do they care? They have done this right in the face of their losing on the "Katy" and on the Santa Fe, and on every strike they have participated in for the last ten years; their glowing reports in their Journal, to the contrary

notwithstanding. Now how long are we Socialists, who have studied this question, and know our ground, to put up with this kind of work? The odium of the word "scab" is hurled at us, if we refuse to slaughter ourselves, while these labor leaders encourage "scabbery" at the ballot box with impunity. In fact our constitution says that "no politics

to that of 1894, under the leadership of Comrade Debs in the A. R. U. trouble. will be admitted to the union or Jourwhen we were all federated together, nal". The result of this is that the from the sectionman to the engineer (if telegraph operators are the most ignoryou will excuse the expression), and ant craft of any, along the line of their which ended in the complete capitulation of Jim Hill, who himself remarked "that

the mountaineers in Montana are together so well, that you can't see smoke coming out of an ash-pile". Parenthetically, I may state, that this

was the only and most complete railroad strike won in America, by the American Railway Union, which was destined to be the only effective and practwelve years of age. He is a Socialist, tical railroad organization, had the Board preserving intact the order. The loss on Spokane, Wash., Aug. 20th, '05.,

tle or no time in unions. As to the mat- intelligent and realizes the idiocy of this of Directors taken Comrade Debs' ad-, the "Katy" and Santa Fe has made it vice to "make haste slowly". I am well satisfied that the decrea in the ranks of organized labor given

by your quotation of statistics in proof thereof, emanates more largely, from a universal discontent among the unionmen and workers generally, on account

impossible to continue the strike without

suffering irretrievable loss to the organ

ization, as to further hold out would

compel a great many of the union men

who have lost out on these two roads

to scab or starve. The "calling off" of

the strike is a complete capitulation of

the order; the men now being entirely

at the mercy of the company. The oper-

ators on the whole who, during the pro-

gress of the strike, have by means of

daily bulletins from the officials of the

order been red on buncombe and wind,

anent their invincibility and the failure

of the company to secure men to take

their places, have been struck, as if by

lightning, and as I have witnessed in

strikes before, that have been attended

with reaction, are in a disgruntled mood,

and charges and counter charges of

treachery and "selling out" on the part

of the leaders are in the air. To a So-

cialist, who understands the weakness on

the economic field of craft union, this

But, "As you sow, so shall you reap",

the labor leaders, who have used their

utmost energies, in keeping the rank

and file of the operators from real work-

ing class literature, etc., and have thus

far succeeded in keeping the workers di-

vided into craft unions, are receiving

what they bargained for. And, as if to

add insult to injury, the operators are

now confronted with an order from the

Grand Moguls or chiefs of the Order Rail-

way Conductors to their members on the

Great Northern and Northern Pacific rail-

ways instructing the conductors "on com-

plaint of the management, that some

conductors are carrying operators over

their divisions, that in accordance with

their duties to the order and the com-

panies, they will refrain from carrying

operators". Thus, the operator who has

een struggling to attain a modicum of

increase in wages, and has failed through

a misdirected, but honest effort on the

part of the rank and file, have now the

great American right of starving in

their tracks, by virtue of the mandates

of-not the companies, but a coterie

of wage-slaves organized under the ban

These are the union men who, in this

class of industry, are given a "fair wage"

under this system extracted from other

employes of "less skill", and who are

pitted against the other crafts by cap-

italism to keep the workers divided.

These are the Grand Chiefs and Moguls,

who, at the instance of the railroad cor-

porations, have travelled across the con-

tinent on special trains, grațis, a la

Theodore Roosevelt; and who recently

met in Portland, Oregon, at their annual

convention and "Resolved" against the

interference of the government in rail-

In another contribution, I will try and

set forth reasons why we lost the strike,

not in twenty-four or forty-eight hours

H. L.

of labor union aristocracy.

is sheer rot.

of apparent inefficiency and corruption pregnant in the Gompers unions than to the lessening of jobs.

Candidly, I think that if some of the Socialist editors, who, I think, are sincerely combatting the new Industrial movement, and whose unionism has been confined to typographical union experience, which heretofore has met with little, or no opposition, by the capitalist class, or even in unions embodying socalled skilled or professional crafts, could be reduced to the ranks of railroad unionism, which is unionism de facto, or with a vengeance, where to take part in organized labor means the hounding over the country via the railroad blacklist, with the same degree of efficiency that the penitentiary blood-hounds seek a murderer, I think they. would realize the necessity of Industrial unionism. However, I am rather contrained to think, that some of our Socialist editors, are prone to let their personal prejudices

stand in the way of working class interests. Why is it Comrade Warren, that Eugene V. Debs stands in the labor world

without a blemish? For the reason that when the time arrives, and upon all occasions, he is willing to meet friend and enemy alike, in the interest of the working class. Note his manly action at the late industrial union, in the midst of his supposed enemies.

strike, or how are you going to inoculate The time has long past Comrade War Socialism in trade unions, without changren, when we Socialists must refuse to point out fearlessly, and with an uncapitalistic craft union to one which erring hand, defects, foolhardiness, and means "the interest of one is the con even unscrupulousness in the labor uncern of all" Tell me that; then you nions on the ground of "sympathy for will have riddled industrial unionism. the union". The Socialist who fails We are not only fighting the corporato do this, fails to do his duty in the tions, and the non-union men, but the cause of the wage worker. He not only pity of it all, our fellow employes, due deceives himself, but all others as well. to a very defective system, (if not worse) I have given this union question as it of trades-union. Most of the employes applies to Socialism, much study of late, of other crafts, it is true sympathize

and I cannot conceive of a revolutionary, class conscious Socialist movement, while the workers are apart at the machine. I have not done with the ballot: be sure of that.

You do not take cognizance of the fact that it may be some time before we will have Socialism, and that in the interim, we must have unions.

Now the question that concerns we So cialists is: What kind must it be-craft unionism or industrial unionism, which? Yours for Industrial Unionism on

> the economic and Socialism on the political field. H. L.

Great Northern Division No. 70. Order Railway Telegraphers.

after the strike was called, as claimed III. by the railroad managers, but that the On August the 19th, the Great Northstrike was lost, as all other strikes of ern-Northern Pacific strike was officially like character must lose, the instant it declared off by the Order of Railway was called. Telegraphers, merely as a measure of

road rates.

Trades Unionism in the United States

A pamphlet by Justus Ebert, New York City, which gives an historical glimpse of the development of the principles and spirit of American trades unionism, from the earliest times to the pres-ent day. The object of the pamphlet is set forth in the following "Egreword," at the beginning of its pages:

"The question of trades mionism is one of great importance The question of trades mannism is one of great importance. The organizations of men employed at trades figure largely in the economics and politics of the day. Their principles and control have become a matter of tremendous social significance. This applies not only to the present forms of society, but these of the fature as well. Trade unions are either the bulwarks of capitalism or the rudimentary framework of Socialism.

"A question so pregnant with significance is worthy of study. Emerson seeps: Man is explicable by nothing else than all his sufficient of the second second second second second second without in the United States is all of its history. It will be the object of this paper to furnish a glimpse of this history in other that interest in the study of American trades unionism may be the object of the second second second second second second other that interest in the study of American trades unionism may be the second se Decisimulated and the extent of its profundity realised. As the sweep only typical instances of progress, both upward and down-ward."

The student desiring a concise statement of the underlying prin-siples and spirit of the Knights of Labor, the American Federa-tion of Labor, the Socialist Trade and Labor Alliance, and the American Labor Union will find them in this pamphlet. Price-5 cents.

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The Trades Union Question is becoming the Burning Question of the day. Reform movements are simultaneously growing into political factors. In this work the "pure and simple" union labor leader is held.up to the light of the plebeians' experience with the leaders of their time; and, through the failure of the Gracchian movement, it is shown how modern reforms are pitfalls for the labor movement of to-day.

> A 96-PAGE PAMPHLET SELLING 15 CENTS.



nesday night. SECTION CALENDAR.

ate at a nominal rate. The charge

(Under this head we shall publish Section Indianapolis. Meetings first and 2nd and 4th regular business, others destanding advertisements of Section headquarters, or other permanent announcevoted to lectures and discussions. During

Picture

and the second s	In the Boston "Post", of August 25, on sisted by such labor fakirs as Skeffing- the front page, is a large picture of ton and Foster, will again prove an easy	women than men employed in the cotton mills in 1901. In 1902 they had increas-	collective ownership of the machine of production is the ony salvation of the	pletes the above by showing that 2,000 less workers, receiving \$3,000,0000	will be one dollar per line per year.) Kings County General Committee-	the winter a Science Class every Wed- third Tuesdays of each month, at 29%
	"3.50" Douglas. To one side, in the same mark. But there is one party that can-	ed to 851. For the same year for Con-	working class.	less in wages produced \$7,000,000 more	Second and fourth Saturdays, 8 p. m.	South Deleware street, third floor.
	cut, are shown the Manufacturer, Law- not be deceived by the capitalist ex-	necticut, we find the average wage for	Speaking of improved machinery, I	products than in the preceding ten years.	at Weber's Hall, corner of Throop ave-	Detroit, Mich., "Socialist Labor Auxili-
	ver, Doetor, Contractor, Merchant, Farm- ploiter, and that is the fighting Social-	22 industries at \$458.52. Total amount	just noted in the Boston Sunday	The Chemist Chevalier reports that	nue and Stockton street, Brooklyn. General Committee, New York Count-	ary Reading Room, room 10 avenue
おい	er and the Clergy, to-gether with La- ist Labor Party, organized on the lines					Theatre Bldg. ,Woodward avenue. Open
長	bor, with outstretched hands, appealing of the class struggle.	of products \$215,110,126. The above	"An American has invented a machine		month, at Daily People building, 2-6	every evening. Sunday all day. Discus-
1	to his Royal Nibs to accept a renomina. There are two distinct classes in so-	needs no further comment for the intel-	which within an hour folds up thousands	for chocolate; 24 for meal; 23 for bran-		sion upon interesting topics every Sunday,
	tion for governor of Massachusetts. Un- ciety, one the capitalist class, and the	ligent workman to draw an object les-	ot magazines, places each in a gummed	dy; 20 for bread; 19 for milk; 10 for butter; 9 for olive oil and 6 for	Offices of Section New York County	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	derneath this cut is printed "Unanimous working class. There is an irresistable				at Daily People building, 2-6 New Reade	The New York Labor News Company
	Is the Verdict; Thou Art the Man". conflict between them. The capitalist,		whom it is intended, and deposits it in the proper sack-one of many-for its	There was nearly half a million in-		is the literary agency of the Socialist
No.	On page 4 and 5 of the same issue is on the one hand, lives by robbing the	and L. November 1903, shows that be-	postal destination. The second machine,	fants slaughtered by food adulterations.	Los Angeles, California. Section head-	Labor Party and publishes nothing but
	the Business Men's Indorsement. Out of working class of four-fifths of the wealth	tween the years 1891-1901, there was an	which is much smaller, little larger in	The death and destruction o the		sound Socialist literature.
1	the two pages of indorsements, giving which it produces, or, in other words, their reasons for a second term, accord they exist on profit. The higher the	Increase of 18,254 females employed in	fact, than a typewriter, with cleverness			
	ing to their various capitalistic inter- profit the lower the wage, and vice	New Zealand, also an increase from	licks, closes and affixes stamps to en-	in their mad rush for profit is appal-	tional meetings every Sunday evening.	ARBETAREN
		male wage earners. Female, factory oper-	velopes at the rate of 8,000 per hour,		People readers are invited to our rooms	
1	the nerve to mention the Fall River class, has no common interest with the		keeping an exact account of the number			Swedish Weekly Organ of the Socialist
3	strike,-W. C. Johnson, Manager Lewis property or capitalist class. The latter		of stamps used."	are used to show why we of the work-	San Francisco, Calif., S. L. P. head-	Labor Party.
	Drug Store, 147 Washington street. class own the machines of production		As far back as 1871, Factory Inspector	ers, have no interest with the capitalist,	quarters and free reading room, No. 280	ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.
	Says he in part, "For the settlement of and distribution, and by compelling our		A. Redgrave, said: "I have been struck	whether he be a "3.50" Douglas, a skin-	Jessie street. Open day and evening.	SUBSCRIPTION:-One year, \$1.50: Sim
	the Fall River strike he deserves the mothers, wifes and children to go into	boys:	for some time past by the altered ap-	ner of labor under the guise of a "friend		months, 75 cents; Three months
		Under 16 years of age\$3.04	pearance of the wool factories. Former-	of Labor," or a Foster, a Mitchell, or a	Section Chicago, S. L. P. meet every	cents. Sample Copy Free.
	It goes without saying, that Govern. to male labor, with the improved ma-		ly they were filled with women and chil-	Gompers, a la A. F. of Hell.	2nd and 4th Monday at 55 North Clark	Liberal Commission to Agents.
	or Douglas deserves the highest credit, chinery, bring wages down to a coolie	17 to 18 " "	dren, now machinery seems to be doing	Do not be deceived by the sky pilots.		ADDREADEN
	for the settlement of the above strike. level. In every branch of industry, ma-		all the work. On inquiry, a manufac-	cheap editors, and other misleaders of the	Dec. De. Louis, Mo., D. M. I. Meets	ARBETAREN,
	It shows that as a capitalist, he knows chinery is displacing labor, thus creating		turer gave me the following informa-	capitalist class, but support your own	every inmaday, o. p. m. at bor 72 ime	2-6 New Reade street, New York City.
	where their interests lie, as against the a surplus of labor on the market, which			papers, the Daily and Weekly People, which are run in the interest of your		P. O. Box 341.
ł	interest of the working class. "3.50", by is the most powerful weapon in the			class. Join the Industrial Workers of	Bec. Cleveland, Omo, D. L. I. meeta	
1	forcing the wage slaves to accept a 121/2 hands of our masters. per cent. wage reduction, made it pos- For proof that woman is gradual-	Massachusetts product per employe was		the World on the economic field and the	every first and third Sunday of month	Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!]
	sible for the manufacturers of Fall River ly taking the place of men in the in-	\$955.35 for the former and \$2,179 for the			at 356 Ontarlo Street (Ger. Am. Bank Bidg.) top floor, at 2.30 P. M.	mouloist mouloisti mouloioiti
積	to declare an unprecedented quarterly dustrial field, I will quote from page			field, in order to emancipate yourselves	Tacoma, Wash., Section headquarters	Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
l	dividend. Thus, again was labor slaugh- 169. "Woman Under. Socialism", by Au-			from the chains of wage slavery.	and public reading room corner 12th and	has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MIL-
	tered to the tune of Capitalist Profit. gust Bebel: "Cotton industry in Eng-			Albert L. Waterman.	A street, room 304, over Post Office. Open	LIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN
	Again the "Post" asserts that all party land", viz., 332.784 female, 213.231 male,			Boston, Mass., Aug. 26, 1905.	every evening. All workingmen invited.	while TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS.
	ties will be laid aside. This is simply during the years 1881-91. According to			Watch the label on your paper. That		It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS. ALLAYS all PAIN : CURES WIND COLIC, and
	another bone thrown to the working the Sixteenth Annual Report of the Bu-			will tell you when your subscription ex-		is the best remedy for DIARRHOLA. Sold by
	class. The bogus Socialist outfit, which reau of Industrial and Labor Statistics				Dyer street, room 8. Something going	Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslew's Soothing Syrup."
	was stampeded last fall by "3.50", as- for Maine, 1902, there was 794 more	class skin to the proverbal Hell. The	industry of the United States com-	second, the day, third the year.	on every Tuesday night at 8.00 p. m.	and take noother kind. Twenty-five cts & bottle

WEERLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1905.

NEDIEVAL MONTREAL A PASTORAL LETTER THAT GIVES A 16TH CENTURY TINGE TO

THE 20TH.

Issued in Time to Influence Workingmen on Labor Day in the Interests of Their Masters the Capitalists-French Canadians Organize a Section of the Socialist Labor Party.

(Special Correspondence.) Montreal, Aug. 31 .- It will no doubt interest many of the readers of the Daily and Weekly People to hear from this corner of the North American Continent, which may be described as the greatest stronghold of the Roman Catholic Church

Certainly the account below given of the Pastoral Letter, issued in good time for Labor Day, goes to show that matters are somewhat in a Medieval state in Montreal. For it must be remembered that, in that city of some four hundred thousand inhabitants, by far the greater number of the working class belong to that religious body, and that this same Pastoral Letter is no idle matter. It is as follows:

"EPISCOPAL APPEAL TO WORK-INGMEN.

"Archbishop Bruchesi, Issues a Labor - Day Letter to the Montreal Mechanics.

"SPECIAL SERMONS FOR DAY.

"Men Urged to Keep Religion in Their Lives and Attend Preparatory Sunday Services.

"To-morrow will be read in all the Catholic Churches of this city, the following pasteral letter from His Grace, Archbishop Bruchesi:

> "Archbishop's Palace, "August 21, 1905.

"My Friends-'Come to me all you who labor and are burdened and I will refresh you.

"The Church addresses you these ords of her Master, Jesus Christ, with all the tendesness of her heart. "You have confidence in the wisdom of her direction, in the prudence of her counsels and in the justice of her decisions. You glory in being her submissive, respectful and devoted chil-

"It is she who blessed your cradle; later, you asked her to bless your fireside; and she will bless your grave."

"Without doubt, she wishes, above all, your eternal happiness; but she also desires to see you happy and contented here below.

"You have your duties as workingmen: she has pointed them out to you on solemn occasions by the august voice of her pontiffs; and she repeats them when your real interests demand it.

"But you, also, have your rights; who has defined and proclaimed them with greater precision and sincerity than the Papacy? "The Church desires that your

strength, your aptitudes and your talents that is too laborious and too prolonged, which, where imposed is harmful to dustrial unionism.

hearts. "You need Him, you know it well; unite to implore Him to protect your firesides, and foster and flourish in your homes virtue with happiness and peace; to preserve your health and strength; to keep far from you and yours dark days that are evil.

to offer Him the gratitude of your

"Oh, my friends! how powerful you will be over His heart; when gathered by thousands in His temple. You will send to Him the cry of your prayer, and your faith. All, I am sure, will respond to this pressing invitation that I address you, and which your pastors will transmit in my name.

"Sunday evening, September 3, at 7.30, I ask those of the French language to meet at Notre Dame Church, and those of the English language to meet at St. Patrick's Church. These vast temples will be reserved for you. What a grand spectacle to see these spacious naves and galleries filled by the workingmen of Montreal!

"SPECIAL SERMON. .

"There will be a special sermon for the occasion, followed by an act of consecration to the Sacred Heart, and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament in each of these two churches. All the clergy are invited to assist at this demonstration and make it the grandest ever held in Montreal." I will assist at Notre Dame and his Lordship, Bishop Racicot, at St. Patrick's.

"It is thus that you will invest your feast with a religious character, which I am sure is your fondest wish, and thus obtain for you and your families the blessings of Heaven. "Then, workingmen, my friends, at

Notre Dame and at St. Patrick's, the evening of September 3. Let no one be missing from his post!

"PAUL, Archbishop of Montreal. "At Notre Dame Church the sermon will be delivered by Rev. Abbe Labrelle, Director of Montreal College, and in St. Patrick's Rev. Father O'Bryan, President of Loyola College, will preach."

To discuss the trivialities contained in the above were a waste of valuable time and space, but that such matter could find recognition in the press, and be taken seriously at the beginning of this, the Twentieth Century, is in itself remarkable.

But note the delicacy of the Church's consideration for the happiness and welfare of the workingmen!

The majority of the working class in Montreal are French Canadians, and it will be interesting to know that on the same Sunday that this letter from the Archbishop was being read in the churches, a French Canadian Section for Montreal, of the S. L. P. of Canada, was formed, and a charter duly applied

From time to time we read of the difficulties experienced in certain sections of the United States in regard to propaganda work, but it is to be doubted if the conditions could be more unfavorable, or the soil look so unpromising as it does in Montreal. But this is on the surface, and it only requires a period of grave and deep reaching events such as an industrial and financial crisis would bring about to develop a very interesting and instructive state of affairs.

It is some years since an opportunity has been given to Montreal to hear the stalwarts. Many in Montreal would like a visit from Comrades De Leon and Debs to cheer and inspire, 'and besides the working class here would be glad of an opportunity to hear more of in-

THE CIRCUS GREAT TRIBUTE PAID THE INDUS-TRIAL WORKERS OF THE

WORLD. Letter from Secretary Morrison of A. F. of L. Showing How His Master

Sammy Feels-Robinson, Pummeled by Kennedy of the Butchers, Courtesies to the New Organization.

The activity of the Industrual Workers of the World, and the encouragement it has received since it: inception, in fact, the mere mention of this organ ization or the name of one of its officers is sufficient to start Sa.nmy Gompers and his lieutenants jumping. Sammy received a letter from Messrs. Kennedy and Heidrick of the Brother-

hood of Butcher Workmen, New York; and a perusal of its contents ruffled his temper so badly that it left him unfit to think rationally to cope with the subject, so he turned it over to his mau Morrison, and a communication from that trusty, read at the Central Federated Union Circus Sunday, and which is herewith appended, caused a lively tilt between Kennedy and Robinson in which the latter sneered, fumed, jumped and lost his temper.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 1, 1905. Mr. Ernest Bohm

Secretary Central Federated Union. New York. Dear Sir and Brother:

I am in receipt of a letter from an organization calling itself the Brother-

hood of Butcher Workmen, and signed by a Mr. Kennedy and Mr. George L. Heidrick, as secretary, setting forth that a convention of that body would be held in New York City on August 29, 30 and 31, with the following unions slated to participate, viz:

Sheep Butchers of New York, Calf Butchers of New York, Hog Butchers of New Jersey, Sheep Butchers of Newark, N. J., Meat Cutters of Yonkers, N. Y., Wool Workers of New York, Wool Workers of Jersey City, Mixed Help of Paterson, N. J., Mixed Help of New York and Bologna Makers of New York City.

Your body no doubt is aware that there is an International Union of Butcher Workmen affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The name of the organization is the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America, with head

quarters at Syracuse, N. Y., the secretary of which is Homer D. Call. My object in communicating with you relative to this matter is to inquire if any of the unions enumerated above are seated in your central body, and if so that their attention should be at once called to the fact that they are violating the constitution of the A. F. of L; section 1 article 12, which I here-

with quote:

Sec. 1 .-- No Central Labor Union, or any other central body of delegates, shall admit to or retain in their councils delegates from any local organiza tion that owes its allegiance to any other body, national or international, hostile to any affiliated organization, or that has been suspended or expelled by or not connected with, a national or international organization of their trade herein affiliated, under penalty of having their charter revoked for, violation the General Committee in its work.

Wo. .. ers of the World, a dual and hostile organization to the American Federation of Labor. Frank Morrison. (Signed)

VEAL

public?

Campbell opened the meeting by stat-

such an organization. The meeting

The next night Campbell opened the

meeting by drawing attention to the fact

that the capitalist press has much news

of the conditions of Russia and the lack

Veal then opened by drawing atten-

workers and the spirit displayed by the

Colorado strike. He then showed the

Val and Campbell also

closed quietly.

AND

Sec. American Federation of Labor. When Bohm had finished reading the letter Kennedy took the floor and stated that President Sherman of the Industrial Workers of the World address: ed the convention of Butcher Workmen and gave them the option of affiliating with the new organization and that there are ten locals of Butchers' Unions in the West who have already joined the I. W. W.

"I did not think", continued Kennedy, "that Morrison was so narrow minded as to pick certain things out of my letter to kick at. Why did he not re turn the letter? There is other matter contained in it that he dare not make public." Hartford.

He then flayed the officers of the A. F. of L. for the part they played in leading the striking butchers to defeat and demoralization in 1904.

"Mr. Robinson", declared Kennedy who represents no one but himself here, waged a war of insinuation against the men who were trying to pull victory from defeat. He went strutting about from place to place abusing those men who had the interest of the strikers at heart, and that was all he did. Robinson is known in this district as the seller of gold bricks. And when the strike was lost and our organization demoralized, he came around and told us that we had won a sweeping victory.

"I want to 'tell Robinson, or any one else who thinks that they can lead us now like cattle, that they are damnably mistaken. And whether we pull out of the C. F. U. or not, that is our affair. A referendum vote will decide the question."

When Robinson stood up to reply to Kennedy his rage was at white heat. and debate the matter. He jumped around on the platform and defied any one to prove him dishonest. He said the Butchers' organization was not demoralized, that it was still in existence, but its numbers, compared with what they were previous to the strike, he did not say. He then highly complimented the Industrial Workers of the World, and showed by the angry scowl on his visage and the venom in ity of the wage slaves. About 300 his voice that the specter of the new turned out, but in such a way that it was organization is haunting him even in almost impossible to talk to them. They

his sleep. stood off in groups of twenty or thirty "Sherman", he sneered, "and every as though they feared to come nearer. one connected with that organization, is there for no other purpose than to ing the Socialist Labor Party's position destroy the American Federation of with regard to the A. F. of L. and the Labor. I do not believe that Sherman unorganized members of the working has ten Butchers' locals in the West. class. He then introduced Veal who He thinks he has, that's all", concluded in a clear and comprehensive way, told Robinson, trembling with baffled rage of the launching of the Industrial Workas he sat down. ers of the World and the necessity for

Morrison's communication was re ferred to the executive board to be acted upon by that body.

TO READERS AND SYMPA-THIZERS.

of freedom there. But it says nothing Of the Socialist Labor Party in the about the fact that we did not have the following towns in Massachusetts :--freedom here to successfully hold meet-South Framingham, Nautuck Saxonville, ings in Rockville, because the workers Marlboro, Holliaton, Milford, Hopkinfeared the ruling class. ton and Ashland: Knowing there are party members-at-large and sympathizers tion to the spirit displayed by the textile of the S. L. P. in this futnet, I take Western Federation of Miners in the these mans of cona: they with them with the purpose of forming some kind necessity for an organization like the of an organization for spreading S. L. P. Industrial Workers of the World. This principles and literature, and also to aid meeting also closed quietly.



Translated from the original French By DANIEL DE LEON.

بار بار بار

This story is the first of the gems in the nocklass of gems that Bugene Sue felicitously named "The Mysteries of the People; or The History of a Proletarian Family Across the Ages." It is a story of Druid Gaul, captivating in its simplicity and superbly preluding the grand drama that is gradually unfolded from story to story, ending in the great French Revolution.

PRICE - 50 CENTS. New York Labor News Co. 2, 4 & 6 New Reade St., New York, N.Y.



50 Cents.

Socialist party men, and el-

considered a good start, and in sight. We keep the roll vo months, so as to make the pen union in its truest sense.

L. C. H.

you with all the solicitude of a	CHICAGO'S OFFICERS. At the last regular meeting of Sec- tion Chicago, Socialist Labor Party, the following officers were elected: Organizer, T. Davis; recording secre- tary, Charles W. Winfield; financial secretary, F. Matthews; People agent,	of their charter, subject to appeal to the next convention. The communication also gives the in- formation that the convention would be addressed by Mr. C. O. Sherman, president of the so-called Industrial		meetings in New Britain, a small manu- facturing town, at which a local of the I. W. W. was formed; and prospects are that a local may be started in South Manchester. An excellent quantity of literature was sold. C. A. B.	of the International Workingman's Asso- ciation, the Civil War in France and the	
be any who tell you that the the loves you not, that her favors	Winfield, J. Hammale, F. Barndt; au- diting committee, D. McEachern, J. Hammale, P. Hurly; delegates to City Central Committee, A. Lingenfelter, F. Barndt and C. Winfield.	I. W. W. ACTIVITY. (Continued from page 1.) TEXTILE WORKERS JOIN L. W. W. Local 152, S. T. & L. A., New Bedford, Installed in New Organization. Acushmet, Mass., Aug. 29.—Pursuant to instructions received from the G. E. B., S. T. & L. A., a special meeting of	THE MIKE DEVINE LOCAL, S. T. & L. A. Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 26, 1905. At a meeting of Mike Devine L, A. No. 14, S. T. & L. A., held Thursday, August 24, it was decided not to join the I. W. W. The local believes there are too many vital points of difference	the S. T. & L. A. delegation to Chicago had no power to incorporate their or- ganization in the I. W. W., and the Lynn convention could not (if it did) empower them to do so. That action could only be conferred by a vote of the membership of the Alliance, and no such vote was taken. Charles H. Corregan, Organizer.	the Workingmen of France and the ap- propriators of their produce. The iron hand of a mercenary soldiery may keep for a time both classes tied down in common oppression. But the battle must break out in aver growing dimen-	
wants that the difficulties that arise see. laber and capital be arranged il friendship and conciliation. To otherwise; to harbor opposite senti- a would render her untrue to her e mission in the world. he deplores war, bickerings, brawls, rels, and animosities, among men.	The New York State Correspondence Bureau, S. L. P., desires the comrades, sympathizers and others interested, in	Local 152, S. T. & L. A., was called for Monday evening, August 28, at 8 p. m. At this meeting it was decided to in- stall Local 152 into the I. W. W. to be known as "Textile Workers of New Bed- ford."	between the I. W. W. and the S. T. & L. A., among them being high dues, labels, cath of officers, and, above all, party affiliation. The principles of the S. T. & L. A. upheld by two national conventions of the S. L. P. and over-	L. A. 390 S. T. & L. A. At a special meeting of the Ladies' Tailors Union of New York, L. A. 390, S. T. & L. A., held last night at Karl Marx Club, 224 East 84th street, it was decided unanimously to join the Indus-	who will be the victor in the end-the appropriating few, or the immense work- ing majority. And the French working class is only the vanguard of the modern proletariat."	Price, 50 Cent
wishes to stop them and to prevent at any price, and all her efforts towards this end. "TO WORKINGMEN. Vorkingmen, love the Church, and ermeated with the spirit of her jus- charity and magnanimity. a few days, the first Monday of	ceived, send names and addresses of persons with whom it may communi- cate, residing in UNORGANIZED lo- calities, 'to the end that connections may be established in places where there are none at present, and thus pave the way for the up-building of the organiza- tion. Those in adjacent states who can ren-	A. Whittaker; recording and correspond- ing secretary, Wm. Yates; warden, J. Gregory; conductor, R. Parkinson; trus- tees, J. H. Holden, T. Lonsdale and R. Parkinson. Philip Veal, Tri-State organizer of the S. L. P., who is here for a week, was present at the meeting and gave us a	vote of the membership are not embodied in the new organization, and the local does not assume (as many comrades seem to) that the party membership have receded from their stand and aban- doned those principles. Believeing in those principles, and uncompromisingly	The Organizer.	Hew Dork Labor He 2, 4 & 6 Hew Reade	Street.
to your work in your morning	der any service in connection with the above, will please take notice and follow out the suggestions made. Address all information and com- munications to New York State Corre- spondence Bureau, 2-6 New Reade	Altogether the meeting was a rousing success, and everything looks promis- ing for the future. We, along with Section New Bedford, intend to make good use of Veal, having mapped out about nine meetings during	& L. A. and calls upon all interested in maintaining thereorrect principles of that organization as upheld by the S. L. P. to correspond with its organizer, Charles H. Corregan, 309 Temple street, Syracuse	liance has sent in its charter to General Secretary Trautmann in exchange for	J. C. Hurley, financial secretary-treasur- er. more are in opne for two	izers. nsidered a good sight. We kee months, so as t

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, SEPTE	MB ER 9, 19.05	5
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WEENAT PROPLE capitate Capitalism and of bona-fide Unionism to enforce the fiat of the des, 4 and 6 New Reade St., New York. P. O. Box 1576. Tel. 129 Franklin

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Recollect that trifles make per and that perfection is no trifle. -BUONAROTTI.

TOAR CSP AND PARAMANDAR ISM".

It is no special visitation, that which is afflicting the Labor or Socialist Movement of to-day, when terms are seen bandied about without reference to their actual or technical meaning, and with reference only to the whim of the superficial, or reckless user thereof. The same affliction falls to the lot of all Movements that cut a wide swathy Beaconlights attract moths and kites; so do great Movements of men. The preamble of the Industrial Workers of the World seems to have set a number of these nocturnal creatures affuttering. The word "Anarchy" is the burthen of their screech and hum.

Vague as the tenets of Anarchy may be in the minds of many, the term is not responsible therefor. It is explicit enough-"an-arch," no head. Anarchy, accordingly, is a denial of the sociologic principle that, where there is co-operation, there must also be a central directing organism; accordingly, it is a denial of the economic fact that production cannot be conducted on the large integral scale requisite for the yield of that abundance without which class rule is unavoidable, without organization and central, directing authority. Anarchy is a negation of these well established principles, and of the several equally well established principles from which the former flow. To sum up, the central principle with Anarchy is the negation of organization. That is Anarchy proper. Of course, from such irrational premises nothing but irrational results will flow. In the Socialist Labor Party pamphlet "Socialism vs. Anarchy," the leading outcrops from the Anarchy premises have been illustrated, especially one, the outcrop of physical force, but not organ ized physical might, which is not Anarchy at all, on the contrary, a denial of Anarchy, but disorganized, individual physical force, exercised against indiwiduals, in other words, assassination. Somehow, and, it must be admitted, for reasons that the Anarchist must be held wholly guiltless of, the rational idea, taught by the whole course of civiliza tion, that mightless Right is only a scare crow for birds to hop and perch on, and the consequent rational purpose expressed by the I. W. W., of organizing Might so as to enforce Right, has come, preposterous as the fact is, to mean Anarchy with some, of course only the

unthinking. Organized Might, or the purpose of orng Might is essentially anit-Anarchic. Nor may a contrary construction be placed upon Anarchy from the circumcapitation. THE CENTIPEDE MATES. A rather flitting news despatch tells of a strike in Atlanta, Ga., where bricklavers laid down their tools. "in flagrant violation of their contract". The despatch is so fractional that it stops sayeth not, one can readily imagine the rest. Where there is one centipede, ere is one capitalist labor-skinner, ho is indignant at his skinned workgmen "breaking their contract", look d you will find an A. F. of L. and cial Democratic Morris Brown who

declare that the "men on strike have done wrong". A morris Brown there surely was-even though there were no local Social Democratic papers like the

"New Yorker Volkszeitung" and "Worker" to back him up.

Capitalist Class to the one-sided contrivances by which they are held free to do as they please in the skinning of their workingmen, while these are held bound to swallow all wrong. It is with the aid of these contrivances that the employer and his aide, the labor fakir, manage to shackle the giant Labor. Every time one limb of Labor rises, the others are kept down "contracted": and the consequent dislocation of the giant's limbs is found reflected in the lislocated political activity of the Working Class. With his joints dislocated on the political field, the vulture Capitalist and the carrion crow Labor-Fakir "pick the wish-bone" of the workingman with more or less ease, more or less safety. The "contract" contrivance is, accordingly, tion: among the "sacred" things in the employer's armory. Not he alone, but especially his lackel, the labor fakir, must be on guard to safeguard the superstition. The slightest lesion suffered by the "contract" contrivance draws employer and fakir together: the decade", "of exceeding purity", "care-former, with horrified mien, then in- fully selected", from "renowned vinevokes the thunders of Sinai upon the yards", "most famous", etc., etc., -pretty outrage attempted upon the "Holy of Holies": the latter with sanctimoniou mien plays the intercessor, seeks to bring the erring sinners back to the paths of "contract" and to invoke the gan of the Social Democratic. emancimaster's pardon for the sinful. It is pators of the workingman, and Union ad so everywhere; it was so during the vocate, in its very same issue of August Interborough strike in this city when 20, in which it indignantly announces the now Social Democratic candidate that a certain firm, whose name it gives.

men, Mr. Morris Brown, voted to condemn the strikers, and, as a member of his sinning wage slaves on strike. The Morris Brown mate of the cen

tipede can not have been absent from the Atlanta occurrence.

"EQUAL RIGHTS."

the Parry, now Post association of cap. fender of the workingman in his class italists-makes this month its bow to the public with as choice a collection of moldy and exploded bourgeois maxims as it ever was the bad luck of any publication to contain at any one time. The following maxim picked out at random will convey an idea of the rest:

"The right of the wage earner is equal to that of the bondholder." This maxim is unqualified nonsense, provided it is uttered honestly; if dis- each other and approve themselves chil-

"THE PILOT" AND THE "VOR-· WAERTS". Before us lie two publications. They

are markedly distinct in appearance, in language and in, at least ostensible, purpose. The one is the Boston "Pilot" of the 19th of August; the other is the "Vorwaerts", a New York Jewish paper, of the 20th of the same month. Two strongor opposites are hardly imaginable, one should think. Leaving aside their apright there. But though the news further pearance and language as merely superficial qualities, their substances are irreconcilable. The former, even though it may not be, as some claim, the organ look and you will find its mate. Where of the Roman Catholic Total Abstinence Union, justifies the conclusion that it is an apostle of the said association. Its columns teem with articles that boom the concern: its very front page con tains under a three-decked display heading an enthusiastic report of "the great est convention in the history of the Na tional Catholic Total Abstinence Union' recently held at Wilkesbarre, Pa., where

Cardinal Gibbons, President Roosevelt, Father Curran and others appeared in gala. 'The latter, a Social Democratic "Contracts" is the name given by the paper, proclaims itself the mouth piece of the Jewish race in general, and par ticularly of the Jewish working class Unionism, whom it seeks to keep in close racial bonds, and whose emancipation

from capitalism it labors for. It would seem that between two such "organs" there could be no possible "common ground". Well, there is. The experience has gone into proverb that appearances deceive. To avoid be-

ing deceived by appearances is a wish of wisdom. How escape the deception? The maxim to that end is unerring. "The thing of importance is not to detect that in which things seemingly alike are unlike but to detect that in which things seemingly unlike are alike". The application of the test to the two papers in question leads to a veritable revela-

As to "The Pilot", the organ of the Catholic total abstinence movement, it flourishes no less than four flaming advertisements of liquors recommending them as "high grade", "first class", "leading", "the finest extra dry produced this good from the organ of a total-abstinence oncern; that holds that "the cause of labor's poverty is drink"!....

As to the "Yorwaerts", the Jewish or for President of the Board of Alder- has locked out its overall operators be cause they belong to a Union, and with a bray of trumpets declares that "the the committee appointed to see Bel. locked out workers have taken up the bat-mont, figged the master's pardon for the and are ready to fight as long as necessary"- in that very number it flourishes a loud advertisement, loudly calling upon overall operators to apply for work at the very firm that locked out the Union, and inducing them to apply with the promise of "steady work, "The Square Deal"-the successor of best wages", etc., etc., pretty good from the "Industrial Independent"-organ of an organ that sets itself up as the "de-

> struggle with the capitalist class"! The seemingly dissimilar Boston Cath olic-capitalist "Pilot" and New York Jewish-Social Democratic "Vorwaerts" are, accordingly, identically alike in one respect, and that an essential respect. The one and the other acts true and obedient to the princple:"Preaching is good enough to catch gudgeons with but never let it interfere with business". Thus the two papers throw light upon

Government statisticians of the Treasury department arrayed the magnificent figures of deposits in the savings banks as a proof of the large savings of the Working Class .- And yet, would one believe it? So impervious to reason is the churl that with a wave of his hand he seeks to overthrow the whole, statistical structure of his affiuence by saying that myriads of stars are in the skies, but the fact that they are there s no proof that they are in his pockets. Classic articles unnumbered have been written for his specific benefit, making it clear to him that he now lives longer than ever .- But the, we must be plain. far otherwise, and never did". the scoundrel persists in pointing to the long row of grave stones bearing the inscription of the early deaths of the workers.

If anything was ever made clear to the fellow it is that "the loftiest intellects" have condemned Socialism and proved it to be "a nation of fatherless children."-But what does the miscreant do but impertinently raise the curtain upon the private lives of the "loftiest tellects" and of the "pillars of law, order and morality" and show that their ideal is a nation of "childless fathers

Giovanni Weigeloni and the Interna tional Executive Board, that licked the and mothers"! The ribaldry of it! hand of Gompers and fraudulently de-Time, money and brains have bee posed Trautmann, is now being kicked expended in thrilling pulpit oratory to as a reward, with the result that he is touch the workingman's heart and kinsetting up an awful yelping. To drop dle it to the truth that Socialism metaphor and outline the facts: the means theft .- But the unconscionable "Brauer Zeitung" of the date given has fellow answers back saying: "The a long article headed, "Further Silence

motto of Capitalism is that wealth is Would Be A Crime", which bristles with the product of Toil and the reward of indignation over the arbitrary action Idleness." of Gompers and his executive board in The fellow can even become impudent dissolving the brewery workers' Local and forget the respect due to those Union 289 of Philadelphia, Pa., and conwhom God has placed over him. When

he is told that "To labor is to pray" he retorts: "Practice what ye preach, oh ve generation of vipers!" It is quite clear that the workingman is incorrigible. There is no help in him, miserable sinner.

A MISNOMER AND BURLESOUE.

Local Bellingham of the "Socialist" party of the State of Washington has ssued a circular in which, stepping from fact to fact, it arrives at the final conclusion that the ways of Arthur Morrow Lewis would "make the name working class movement a misnomer and burlesque". The facts that serve as rungs of the ladder up which the Bel-Trautmann, in favor of trade autonomy it earned the kick it so richly deserves lingham local reaches its topmost conclusion are that Mr. Arthur Morrow Lewis of San Francisco was engaged matters more pleasant for it, there are and paid by the "Socialist" party of more kicks coming! Washington for propaganda work; that he availed himself of the opportunity President of the Connecticut State Fed-"to personally electioneer among indieration, is out with a loud lamentation. vidual members" against another party

member; that the stories he thus re tailed were gathered "from a malicious source"; that the tales which he circulated were "slanderous", that they were "all hearsay"; and that "he had no

knowledge of the truth of the reports he so circulated". The centleman is no "exceptional instance"; he is a type of a species that grows on a certain soil. Both soil and type merit contemplation. of the labor interests, were passed.

ever jobs run scarce in the shops, placed

on the field ostensibly to declaim So

cialism, in fact, however, to promote the

falsehood of the of Capitalism beloved

system of pure and simpledom, under

"'No session in my recollection,' said The ground upon which last year's Mr. Donohue, 'and I have been in the national convention finally planted the game for some time, has done so little said so-called Socialist party, and upon for the working people of the state. which the party machine, together with Nothing that was put before the legisits privately owned press keeps it, is lators, and which they knew came from the soil of the Civic Federationized A. me, or other members of labor unions F of L. The affinity between the Capitalist Class and the Gompers body is and was intended for their benefit, was sufficiently illustrated by their intimate passed and made a law. We were relations. The one can not choose but beaten all round, and in my opinion the little we asked for was not radical in partake of the qualities of the other. What the tactical qualities of capitalist the least, but was of an ultra-eonservative nature." warfare are needs no lengthy recitation. Suffice it, to say that those qualities What would Donohue have-legislamust needs be the qualities of the caitures elected on capitalist principles tiff craven-falsification. Unequipped passing labor laws? One might just with arguments, Capitalism has no as well expect a bona fide labor orweapons other than the diffusion of ganization to strike to reduce the wages slander against the right and slander of its own members. The act of one against the upholders of right; and it would be just as logical as the act of plies its trade thanks to its vast opporthe other. tunities for propaganda. Thus does When bona-fide labor organizations Capitalism; thus, consequently, does A. vote as they organize, i. c., for men F. of Lism; and thus inevitably do the representing principles uncompromisingpropagandists set afloat by the machine ly in favor of labor's interests, labor f the said "Socialist" party. Indeed, may not only expect, but secure, the without exception, there is no "Socialpassage of beneficial legislation without ist" party propagandist with whom the any fear of lamentable disappointments. Socialism is not a pretext to propagate All else is mooushine, if not worse. A. F. of L. falsehood. Thus we see

gust 21:

more instances that could be cited, the What the Anthracite "electioneering" is done as a feature of Miners Got. "propaganda"; in each of these in stances the tales thus retailed are gath

ered "from malicious sources"; in each "The United Mine Workers' Journal of these instances what is circulated is a "slander" on Labor; without exis a sapient publication. It acts on the principle that man walks on a wooden ception, in all these instances, wher leg, and that one single doctored fact ever the "propagandist" is put to his makes a good case. That a man must proof he cuts the sorry figure of Mr. have two sound flesh-and-bone nether Arthur Morrow Lewis. Like the swin limbs to be whole, and that a case is dler, told about by Artemus Ward, who paid for a keg of apple-sauce with a made up of solid facts that must be bogus check, these retailers of the false considered in their entirety, is not a hoods of Capitalism draw upon a bank part of the mental philosophy of the "that does not have an existence, but genius who presides over its editorial The fruit of A. F. of Lismais Arthurdestinies. Consequently, in its issue of Morrow-Lewisism. He who would have August 27, it gives vent to the follow the bramble bush, must swallow the ing wholly fraudulent diatribe:

> "They Got Nothing. "'The decision of Statistician Neill

the bramble bush and cast it in the that anthracite miners' wages shall be fire-whither it certainly will land, 2 per cent above the basis for August means an increase of \$450,000 for the month for employes at the mines, pro-The "Brauer Zeitung" of August 26 vided there are no unexpected suspenis a study: the canine, represented by sions-Hazleton Plain Speaker.'

"The increase, taken with that which they received last month, will make nearly \$1,000,000 in increased wages which the 80,000 adult mine workers will receive. That is to say, each man will receive over \$12 a month more than the scale wages. And yet with these palpitating and tangible facts before their eyes a few malignant slanderers assert that 'John Mitchell betraved the anthracite miners-they got nothing." "With hearts cankered with hatred and minds warped by hallucinations,

these petty and puerile insects repeat and revamp their slanders. "But those most affected, the mine workers themselves, simply laugh at the crude work of the emissaries of Post and Parry."

Admitting the correctness of the per capita deductions made by 'the "Journal" (deductions that experience has proven to be wholly misleading, as the proviso of the "Hazleton Plain Speaker" clearly intimates), is there naught in the complete dismemberment of the else to be said? What of the miners United Brewery Workers, hence its loud who have been "blessed" with that increase of "\$12 a month more than the barkings. But what would the poor animal have? In standing by Gompers wage scale" and yet have deserted John against Industrialism and against Mitchell to such an extent that he must rely upon the prestige of Father Curran and President Roosevelt to help him and is now receiving. And, to make draw them back into the fold again? What of the continued appeals to them to return that Mitchell is perforce compelled to make even after the great aid Charles F. Donohue, of Ansonia rendered to him by Church and State? Are the anthracite miners fools and idiots, who, for the sake of a few dol-He has a grievance against the State lars annual dues, will let a monthly Legislature. He says, according to the prize of far greater monetary value slip Bridgeport "Evening Farmer," of Authrough their fingers without any coun-ter effort on their part? The heroic struggles for better conditions at all "That so far as the labor unions were

times; and at great sacrifice to themoncerned the 1905 session of the Legisselves, on the part of the anthracite lature might just as well have never miners, should leave no doubt on that been held. None of the bills put forpoint. ward and advocated by Mr. Donohue in behalf of labor as the legislative agent The miners are rational men who real-

ize that the "victories" of John Mitchell are barren of actual improvement in their condition. They are men who see their "increased wages" lopped off by increased oppression, rent, prices, discrimination and labor. Guy Warfield, in an article in "The World's Work" for March, 1904, entitled "What Has Followed the Coal Strike", shows how the rulings of the arbitration board permit of wholesale blacklisting. This cause alone has compelled hundreds of miners to flee the anthracite regions. Warfield of "applejack"; but probably it conalso reveals how the ten per cent wage increase is offset in various indirect ways. First, the companies increased the cost of rent and coal sold to employes. Secondly, they established a system by which the non-unionists were permitted to monopolize the mine cars to the detriment of the unionists. Thirdly, the system of excessive dockage cuts down the day's pay all the way from two to ten per cent. Fourthly, the increased price of commodities bought at the stores rose out of proportion to the increase in wages; so that, finally, the increase of ten per cent was actually a decrease. Warfield further demonstrates that the nine-hour day is so intensified as to be actually longer (in its effects on the workers) than the ten-hour one. Couple these comprehensive facts with the fact that Reading (Coal Trust) stock is selling now at an unprecedentedly high rate, and that it is reported to be "earning" a dividend of 16 per cent., and the fraudulent wooden-legged, one-doctored-fact method of reasoning indulged in by the "United Mine Workers' Journal", becomes clear; so also does the cause of the wholesale desertion of Mitchell by his quondam follow-

UNCLE SAM AND BROTHER JONA-THAN.

BROTHER JONATHAN - Do you know that I have just found a flaw in Socialist reasoning?

UNCLE SAM-If indeed you did, you could get a pension from any of our colleges; they are all looking frantically for a flaw in Socialism; they have discovered a score of them from time to time, but they have had to abandon them. The flaws lacked the essential qualities of a flaw. They proved each of them to be strong links in the chain mail of Socialism. He who would find a real flaw is a made man.

B. J .- Well, I did!

U. S .- Let her rip; what is it? B. J .-- Socialists want to abolish cap-

ital, isn't it?

U. S. (hesitatingly)-Well? B. J .- Now, then, without capital we would replayse into the barbarism or universal poverty. There would, true enough, not be any of the shocking contrasts we see to-day between extreme poverty and extreme wealth, with all the evils that that entails, but neither would we enjoy many an advantage we now enjoy. To destroy capital were to destroy a lever of civilization, and that, you know, is an impossible task. Civ-

ilization will not back; it will movforward only U. S. (applauding enthusiastically Well said! B. J.-Wasn't I right? Is not the

fatal flaw in Socialism? I am ghad see you applaud me; it does not quently happen.

U. S .- I applauded your last seni ments: "Civilization will not mo: backward; its course is forward only. But the premises you start from are al wrong. 18498 B. J.-Wrong!

U. S .- Yes. By the way, how did you like those glasses of applejack we had the other day? B. J .- Prime they were. Shall we

have another? U. S .- Not just now; they were fine,

tasted good, did us good-----B. J. (smacking his lips)-And no mistake.

U. S .- Now, then, suppose some man vere to say to you: "He who takes applejack dies instantaneously under painful convulsions and great agony ?" B. J.-I would tell him that he was talking through his hat.

U. S .- And suppose he were to proceed to take out of his pocket a bottle labeled "Applejack", were to give that. to a dog, and the dog were forthwith to kick and howl himself out of life? B. J.-I would say the bottle's label was a fraud; it might bear the label

verting it into Local Union No. 35 of the International Union of Steam Engi neers! As the San Francisco convention of the American Federation of Labor decided in the famous jurisdiction quarrels between the brewery workers, engineers, firemen and teamsters, that the latter should join their respective international organizations, the canine described above sees, in the dissolution of No. 289, the logical beginning of a process of autonomizing that will end

"misnomer and burlesque" of the bitter

berry. He who would none of the "mis-

nomer and burlesque" must cut down

eventually if not sooner.

sgusted ate the stace that some men. erazy, even corrupt political pranks of the officers and privately-owned press of the so-called Socialist or Social Democratic party, for a moment flew to the other extreme, or seemed to fly to it, and repudiated all political activity. Their, nduct is explainable. The said so-called Socialist party agencies rendered Socialist politics doubly disgraceful ; they rendered politics disgraceful by planting their party upon the Civic Federation Gompers body, in other words, upon a cap-italist concern; they rendered Socialist politics disgraceful by the policy of parliamentarizing. . Now, "parliamentarism" is not politics. "Parliamentarism" is on the political what Gompersism is on the economic field-log-rolling with, consequently, SELLING OUT TO THE CAPITALIST CLASS. Who would not be disgusted with such a monstrous travesty of politics?

The preamble and constitution of the I. W. W., adopted amid cheers, at the Chicago Convention, is planted squarely upon the principle that the Working Class must organize the Might that is requisite to the enforcement of their Right; it recognized the necessity of political action in order to dislodge the Capitalist Class from its political fastness; it declared the unification of the Working Class upon the political field to be one of the two twin requirements for the ending of the Class Struggle. By this stand the I. W. W. declared war both upon Gompersism and upon parliamentarism-upon economic and upon po-litical chicanery. It unsheathed the double edged falchion of politics to dehonestly uttered it is unqualified knavery-as nonsensical or knavish as would

"The right of the bond-slave is equal to that of his master."

be the maxim:

bondholder's.

Just because he is a bond-slave the wretched man has no rights that his ble. master need respect: the bond-slave at one end implies the slave-holder at the other: and the terms tell of unequal rights. Just because he is a wage earner the workingman is a plundered producer of wealth: just because he is a bondholder, the capitalist is an idler. who lives upon the plunder: and the, terms bondholder and wage earner tell, of unequal rights-the right of the capitalist to plunder, the compulsion of the wage earner to submit to be plundered. Equal rights? Just propose to a capitalist or bondholder that he work for wages and exchange his "equal does.

rights" with the wage earner.

"The Square Deal" clearly enough tells of the "squareness" of the deal that it has in store for the wage earners, when it seeks to befuddle the latter with the notion that the rights of the class of which it is a mouthpiece are equal to the rights of the wage earner after. whom it plunders. The equality of man and man can be truth only when the system grounded on inequality is abolished. Not before feudalism was abolished did the bourgeois become the equal of the (former) feudal lord; not until Capitalism is thrown into the lumber-room of history will the wage earner's right be equal to the (former) potato.

dren of the House of Swindle.

INCORRIGIBLE WORKINGMAN. It seems a hopeless task to cause the workingman to take a sensible view of things. The fellow is simply incorrigi-

With statistics it is shown to him that he is progressing swimmingly. The per capita of wealth was \$514 in 1860; it is shown to him that, steadily and without a break, the per capita has risen from decade to decade, until, in 1900, it rose to \$1,236 :- And yet the fellow insists that the figures do not concern him; he will have it that those figures simply prove how much he is robbed of. He insists that he does not get his per capita, and pretends to be the Careys and Sievermans periodically better judge of that than the cultured taking the field ostensibly "on a tour essayists who prove to him that he

In language both choice and eogent the Presidents of the leading "seats of learning" prove to him that what the Capitalist Class really has at heart is to insure his freedom .- And yet the wrong-headed fellow will have it that freedom to starve is not what he is

Gallons upon gallons of midnight oil have been expended by the capitalist editors and essayists to demonstrate how necessary the Capitalist Class is to the welfare of the Working Class .-But all the answer made to that by the perverse fellow is that the potato; bug is not necessary to the welfare of the

Free, gratis and for nothing have the

I. W. W .- Do you think "boring from within" ever succeeds?

Ex-S. P .- Certainly it sometimes of propaganda for the Socialist party" does-look at the "Socialist" party. in fact, however, on a tour to propagate I. W. W.-Yes, I know the "Socialist" the capitalist falsehood of the Tobin party, but how can you think the "Solabel which guarantees the employers cialist" party has succeeded in "boring peace while they skin their working men; thus we see the Hanfords, whenfrom within"?

Ex-S. P .- You're right. I'm not so reckless as to say the "Socialist" party succeeded in "boring from within" the A. F. of L., but hasn't the A. F. of J. "bored" itself into a pretty thoroughgoing control of the "Socialist" party ? ers

which "Union" men, with "Union" cards -Yes, sir, "boring from within" in their pockets, carry militia rifles against workingmen on strike; thus we sometimes supremely successful, and see the Bergers and Heaths setting up the American Federationized "Socialist" party is a striking example. And if

the colors of Socialism and under the you want another illustration of it just false emblem visit capitalist ishops on the errand of discharging employes who have joined the Industrial Workers of note how successfuly the agents of Capitalism have "bored from within" the the World. In each of these, and many American Federation of Labor.

"THEY GOT NOTHING" and they can get nothing via Mitchell and th wise "United Mine Workers' Journal."

Watch the label on your paper. That will tell you when your subscription expires. First number indicates the month, second, t': Cay, third the year.

tained strychnine. U. S .- Suppose, now, that man were to say: "I call this 'applejack'?" B. J.-I would say to him that he was free to call it what he liked, but I call it strychnine, and that to give the name of applejack to a thing known a strychnine was a quibble and a fradly U. S .- You have just now accurat, and described the man who will give in name of "capital" to what is no million capital than strychnine is applejack the B. J. (looks up with surprise.) ise U. S.-It is not capital that const an tutes the lever of civilization you spea of: it is the concentrated and perfected machinery of production, whereby cooperative work becomes possible, and the quantity of wealth yielded by labor is plentiful enough to afford comfort to

all without arduous toil. B. J.-Isn't that capital?

U. S .- No, sir. That becomes capital only when it is owned, by private individuals. Owned by private individuals and operated for their private profit, the concentrated machinery of production becomes "capital", and then, so far from being a lever of civilization and a source of human welfare, it becomes a lever of barbarism and a source of human misery. It strips concentrated machinery and production and co-operative work of all the good that is in them; it robs them of their civilizir for and beneficent powers; it promotes the one end of the social ladder popu, poverty, such as was never bei known in the world's history, and (Continued on page 6.)

WEEKLY PEOPLE, 8 ATURDAY, SEPTEMB ER 9, 1905.

assault to the second state to the second state to the second state of the second seco CORRESPONDENCE

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CORRESPONDENTS WHO PREFER TO APPEAR IN PRINT UNDER AN ASSUMED NAME WILL ATTACH SUCH NAME TO THEIR COMMUNICA-TIONS, BESIDES THEIR OWN SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS. NONE OTHER WILL BE RECOGNIZED.

ONE OF MANY WHO RECOGNIZE not going to live long. But I think an

organization organized on the class THE TRUE BASIS OF UNITY.

Headquarters SOCIALIST PARTY

of Arkansas.

Address All Communications to Dan Hogan, State Secretary. Huntington, Arkansas. August 23, 1905. Daily People.

New York City, Comrades :

Comrade D. A. Reed, your agent and active member of your party was slightly injured in the mines here yesterday and is confined to his bed as a consequence and will be for perhaps a week or ten days. I visited him this morning. and at his request write this letter.

Enclosed find money order for two dollars for which renew both his and my subscription to the Daily People for three months. My subscription to the Daily expires on the 23rd of this month, and his on the 27th. Please see that neither of us miss an issue as we are both making a file of the Chicago Convention proceedings.

I will try and see some of the others whose subs expire about the same time and get them to renew.

I look forward with much hope for unity on the political field as a result of our coming unity on the industrial field. You are doing much to bring it about. Fraternally,

Dan Hogan.

THE REVOLT IS GROWING.

To the Daily and Weekly People :-I enclose you herewith copy of a letter to the business agent of the I. A. of M., in answer to a letter of his in which he informs me that I am in arrears. You in see from this letter what stand I "Nave decided to take.

Some time ago the I. A. of M. voted in a referendum as to whether or not ar he delegates to the then coming national convention of the A. F. of L. should indorse industrialism and Socialism and also, vote for the removal of Samuel I, all of which were carried in the affirmative and our delegates were therefore instructed. But at the A. F. of L. convention they voted directly opposite to the instructions.

This one instance alone, showed me what to expect from such an organization. To try and convert this body by "boring from within" is about as logical as to try to make a barrel of apples sound by putting in a few healthy ones, and about as successful. Respectfully,

F. C. D. Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 29. (Enclosure.) City, Aug. 29, 1905.

Mr. J. J. Handley; B. A. Dear Sir and Brother:

Yours of the 28th received and con tents noted. I am fully aware of the fact that I am almost out of the six months' limit. I was a member in good standing for over four years and have

struggle lines cannot but succeed. I hope you will accept my resignation at your next regular business meeting.

Fraternally, M. D. Cannon.

MORE LIGHT ON THE "DOCTOR." To the Daily and Weekly People :-I wish to supplement the statements made by B. R., in the Daily People of August 25, concerning a certain "Dr. Farnberg."

The fact is that there is no such person by that name at all. The gentleman who signs the above name is known as Rosenberg, Rosenberg, he claims, is positively his real name. No fooling this time! Where he got the "Dr." from is not known. He asserts that he secured it abroad and that it stands for "Doctor of Philosophy." When asked why he does not write under his own name he tried to evade the question, but afterwards intimated that for certain reasons he does not want the Russian government to know that it is he who writes these "revolutionary" and "So-

cialistic" articles. One Who Knows. New York, August 26.

BERGER AND THE I. W. W.

To the Daily and Weekly People .-The Industrial Workers of the World are, steadily gaining ground in Milwau-The meeting held a few weeks kee. ago at the corner of Second and Grand was broken up by the police. "It block ed the street". Wilke was arrested, but was immediately released again. On last Saturday, August 19, the Industrial Workers of the World held a rousing meeting opposite the Germania build

ing. Sims and Wilke were the speakers. Great interest was manifested in what was said by the speakers. That the new union will sooner o later supplant the American Federation

of Labor here is as clear as broad day light. The Social Democrats realize this Why else should they put up such a fight to stop the new movement? Those who have thrown themselves body and soul into the new economic movement have been called to the Social Democratic headquarters and were told either to leave the Industrial Workers of the World or else they should consider themselves as no longer belonging to the Social Democratic party. Does not this very act of the ring-the controlling power of the Milwaukee Social Demo cratic party-plainly show that they are very much concerned about the eco nomic movement, although they have again and again declared that they should be kept separately, or, in other words, that the trades unions should

not be governed by a political party, any more than a political party should be governed by the trades unions? The last act of the boss, however.

shows a different thing altogether. Mr. Berger has shown his true self. He does not hide anything this time. Not only that, he wants to govern the political party, but also likes to rule over never it

employed The last "monster" picnic of the So cial Democrats was not a success at all, compared with those held in forme years. Not one-half of the sum realized on former occasions was taken in the last time, and as they need the money to carry on their agitation, the future does not look very bright to them.

There are black clouds ahead, which seem very hard for them to dispel, es pecially so when the campaign fund is not so very bulky. The man who uses old politicianl methds to gain his end cannot be expected to work on half rations. He

would then have to walk a little slower, and you see this would mean the party's downfall! H. B.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 26. THE I. W. W. AND THE UNEM-

PLOYED. To the Daily and Weekly People :-Having carefully read all the stenographic report of the Chicago conven-

tion I find no provision made for the unemployed. The unemployed should be admitted at a nominal sum and be subjected to the non-payment of dues during unemployment. Then, if at any time a strike is called the unemployed would be out on strike as well as the employed.' Thus the reserve army of capitalism would be, partly at least, demoralized. The unemployed should be encour-

aged to attend meetings, and a roll call of unemployed should be one of the features of the latter. In this way dues could be remitted and the morale of the working class maintained.

The above is not a cure-all for the unemployed proposition, but it is in line with the sentiments actuating the noble minds which expressed themselves at the Chicago convention.

I appeal to the executive board of the W. W. to provide a special blank for reports of unemployed members who cannot pay dues. When we do well to others we help ourselves. Truly and fraternally,

John Lindgren. Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 25.

A CONCEPTION OF THE I. W. W. To the Daily and Weekly People :-My conception of the I. W. W. movement is that we, the I. W. W., have laid the foundation stones of a new government which will be of, for and by the workers that must, if the movement is not side tracked by some ballot box politician or other reformers, emancipate the workers of the world from slavery. although perhaps for years the scar of

capitalist tyranny will remain. To-day we are seceding from capitalism and, in order to do this scientifically to my way of thinking, we must sever our connections with all capitalist' law and authority so far as lies in our power. To me it appears that the ballot box at a capitalist election on a capitalist

election day, is a compromise that the men calling themselves revolutionary should take into consideration, as voting at the elections of the I. W. W. will in my opinion be voting for a government of by and for themselves.

Albert Thurston. Chicago, Ill., Aug. 26.

IMPERTINENT WORKINGMEN To the Daily and Weekly People :-To-day a gold-bug Democrat handed me a copy of the Paris, Texas, "Morning News," which contained a violent article against the I. W. W. The paper seems o think the I. W. W. ought to be annihilated. Such blatant idiocy, for a workingman to claim as his own what he produces! The members of the I W. W. can only be actuated by anarchist motives and are seeking to destroy all public order! Would it not be better for the I. W. W. to go away back and sit down, and not offer any treasonable open defiance of Law (graft) and Order! It is in this strain that the Paris Morning News" attacks the only bona fide, economic organization of the working class. J. L. Caylor. Bonham, Texas, Aug. 20. GRAFT IN IUDEA. To the Daily and Weekly People :---The following letter will touch a few points in our movement: First-In order to vanguish the foo you must study his psychology. The psychology of our foes is a deep and yet shallow subject of study. Deep, because his modes of procedure are so complicated and shallow, because the materialist conception of history teaches us that material interest is his motive. Add the adjective "immediate" and you have the key. Our foes consist of dupers and duped. The duper is a job-seeker. He wants to get a "cinch" in the party. He can't get it. The party is too clear to be mark. This gives him a chance to hide his unprincipled selfishness under the mask of "kicking against tyranny." He has a glib, eloquent, sentimental tongue and catches flies, i. e., a following to the duped is wholly influenced by the duper. Of course, this is only

plete treatise on the psychology of notoriety seekers, labor fakirs, and other social rubbish.

That our foes hate Socialism goes without saying. But they are cowards. They dare not come out openly; ONLY with calumnies and misrepresentations to they stuff their blind followers!

Take, for instance, the anarchist (read petty bourgeois) "Freie Arbeiter Stimme." It stuffs its Jewish readers with a lot of "treatises" on "Socialism," "anarchism," "communism," "Socia Democratism" (what kind of an animal is this?) "Social Democracy," "revolutionarism" (a new word of their own!), etc., etc. That the articles are awkward and sniell of utter ignorance any versed Socialist knows. I can give an abundance of quotations that are undoubtedly both ignorant and dishonest, when it comes to Socialism and examples of malevolence, when it comes

to talk about the S. L. P., which is to them nothing more than "De Leon and his followers." It doesn't represent even its own "anarchism-communism" right. If "Yankel," say they, doesn't like it,

can he read English? We can lead him by the nose till he learns English and when he learns English there will be other "greenhorns" and you must not forget that till that time comes, we shall have our "editorships," "translatorships," etc. Graft in Judea goes on undisturbed! Seeing the above facts, the writer

of this took the trouble of sending in a correspondence to the "Editor" of the "Freie Arbeiter Stimme," protesting against this confusion of terms, viz: anarchy with Socialism, etc., and explaining all these different "isms" as best he could. This did not please the Jesuites of the "Radical Reading Room," and one caricature of the revolutionary movement, L. Finkelstein threw his spear at me. Useless to say, he made a mule of himself and showed his unspeakable ignorance by quoting a meaningless definition of anarchy in some backward "university dictionary," dividing society in "a numerous lot of classes": capitalist class, middle class, working class, slum class, ("lumpenproletarier klasse".) ruling class, ad nau seam! That didn't bother me in the least. Its only beneficial to our propaganda when our foe shows his incompetency and disqualification. But one thing did hurt me. The "gentleman" in question must have found out that I come from Austrian Poland, and as in that part of Europe the Jews speak a different "Yiddish" than in Lithuania, my opponent in "polemics," initiates-my iargon pronunciation in his article !! Nativistic pride is the symptom of a fakir! (See Volkszeitung in regard Irish people and the English language, etc.). Just as though "Yiddish" were a language and had a "correct" pronuncia

I sent a reply, which was mainly directed against the incompatibility of nativism with their much boasted "humanitarianism" and "cosmopolitanism." got a reply in the "Briefkasten" (Letter Box), that the readers of the""F. A. S.' had no time to ransack "all the dictionaries in the library and if I send the money for stamps the letter will be returned to me." The main reason was that I spoke too open and clear and expressed my candid opinion on the whole bunch of grafters, including their pet, Rabbi Iitzchak Eisik Ben Arjeh Ben Zebi Halevi, alias "Prof." Hurvitz, who made himself ridiculous by his case against Comrade De Leon, where he, like a coward, failed to appear in the court and dropped the case, calling from

hence, Comrade De Leon "the Croker of the S. L. P.," etc., and who wrote a series of anti-focialist, hence anti-progress articles in the Jewish "Vorwaerts," "Zukunft," and "F. A. S." From that time on I resolved not to have anything to do with these fake papers. But Finkelstein kept on "answering" my correspondence. At last he found it! In an issue of a week before last he shows his total ignorance by sending in a receusion" of De Leon's "Socialism vs. Anarchy." Anybody could see the man didn't understand the pamphlet, for they are only "kenners" to their dupes! H. Feuher.

SENNEFELDER, JR.

Vindicated by a Circular Issued by the Litho Feeders.

The below circular, calling for an indignation meeting of the Litho Feeders, comes as a speedy substantiation of my recent article entitled "Some Blossoms". There was just a triffing mistake in that article; the characters of which will be set forth later on. With that exception I shall substantiate all my charges.

Coakley calls the action of the Printers' Union the most despicable deal entered into between the bosses and a labor union to lower the condition of

THE CIRCULAR.

Lithographic Apprentices and Press Feeders of United States and

New York, Aug. 24, 1905.

You are hereby notified that a special meeting of our association will be held at Manhattan Lyceum, 68 East Fourth street, New York, on Thursday, August 31, 1905, 7.30 p. m. sharp.

This meeting is called for the purpose of taking definite action in regard to the new conditions, which the future apprentices of the trade will be conpelled to work under in all establishments who are members of the Employers' Association. This matter is a most important one and worthy of the utmost consideration by our members.

Acting under instructions of our Association I have attended one of the sessions of this joint board and I assure you I have a most important report to make concerning this meeting of the Apprentice Board at which I was present.

It is quite likely that a committee from the Lithographers' Association S. A. No. 1 New York, may be present at this special meeting, as our association will send them a cordial invitation to be present at this meeting in order to explain to our members the benefits of this new arrangement which they have entered into with the Employers' Association. We shall also ask them to explain why they agreed with the Employers that the wages to be paid to the future apprentice pressmen in our trade should be ten per cent less than the apprentices have received since the year of 1902.

If they have been honest in their dealings with the interest of the future apprentices and have nothing to conceal, then they will without a doubt accept our kind invitation and honor us with a visit and explain their actions in a matter which is dear to the hearts of every lithographic press feeder throughout the country; if our invitation is refused then we will have to take steps to properly protect our interests.

Another matter of almost equal importance will be acted upon at this meeting. I refer to a matter affecting the interests of the New York Feeders, which has already been talked of at our meetings and which has received the sanction of our General Association, who have placed the matter into the hands of our Local with full power to act.

All these matters coming up at this meeting make it one of the most important meetings of the year, and I other matters aside and attend this meeting.

--------LETTER-BOX 1 * OFF-HAND ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

NO QUESTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED THAT COME IN ANONYMOUS ALL LETTERS MUST CARRY & BONA FIDE SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS.

à-----AMPTON, ENG .- First-The name adopted by the Cleveland stogie-makers is purely temporary. Remember that the tobacco workers do not constitute an industrial department of the I. W. W., they are merely a subdivision of the Food Producers.

Second-A solocitor in America has nothing to do with law. He is an agent of some mercantile concern.

C. F. R., PHILLIPPI, W. VA .-- Ten to one "The Chemical History of the Six Days' Creation" has been suppressed. Other matter will be considered.

B. P., NEW YORK-Science is classified knowledge. Hence Socialism and medicine are sciences.

S. S., NEW YORK-"Shoe-fly, don't bother us!"

H. H., NEW YORK-You win the wager. We care not to re-state details. They have been repeatedly published in The People. None but freaks or mischievous quiblers raise such silly, immaterial issues. Let 'em go!

J. S. C., NEW YORK-The Roosevelt motto-"That which one does, which all of us can do, but don't, is the greatest of greatness"-is a compliment that Roosevelt pays to himself. He means by that that what he does is "the greatest of greatness." 'The sentence is put in an involved way. It purports to say that greatest greatness does not consist in a man's doing what nobody else could do; but in doing what anybody else could do, but neglects to do.

F. P. L., SAN JOSE, CAL .- There is nothing in the objection to high dues, etc., in the I. W. W. For one thing the organization needs funds to carry on its work for another, the General Executive Board has power to remit and lower these where conditions require; for a third, with increased membership the individual share of burden will be reduced.

Next question next week

E. L., MILFORD, CONN .- Postal received. Matter will not be forgotten. G. Y., BARRE, VT .- Some nine years ago or so, the officers of Miners' Union had not enough money in the treasury to pay their salaries. The way they raised the funds was by declaring a strike. In that way they got large strike donations, and the bulk of the funds thus raised went to the salaries. To-day there is a general desertion from Mtichell's Union. Possibly the officers of the Union again want a strike as a means' to raise money for their own salaries. Whether this is the reason or not we know not: we have not seen their financial report. We incline to the belief that the real reason of Mitchell's activity looking to a strike is simply a manouvre to corral the miners, and prevent them from stampeding to the Industrial Workers of the World. He will fail substantially.

E. E., CHICAGO, ILL .- Matter received. It is but another move of the A. F. of L. Socialist party placemen to seek to entrap Debs into constructive support of the A. F. of L. boring from within theory. R. P. M., SCRANTON, PA .- Most

assuredly the I. W. W. will organize a Cigarmakers' Union. There is only a sincerely trust that you will leave all Belmont cigarmakers organization in ex-

A. E. J., NEWTOWN, SOUTH-, lished. A. F. of Hellism must be exposed everywhere, but with facts; we must leave to them insinuations and the flinging about of unsupported statements which is a mark of the ego maniac degenerate.

5

A. P., DUBUQUE, IA .-- No doubt people who talk of "backward races" cannot build up a Movement that will successfully wrestle with capitalism. That is granted. The A. F. of L. Volkszeitung Corporation and the A. F. of L. whippersnapper editors of the privatelyowned, so-called Socialist party papers are not looking to build up such a Movement. They are all looking only for petty graft. The "backward races" talk will furnish just enough of a body to graft upon. That's all they want.

T. C., NEW YORK--Even if there were no other evidence (much of which is cropping up now and will be published in due time) of the whispered calumnies with which the A. F. of L. Kangaroo sought to snuff out the S. T. & L. A. and the S. L. P., that New Haven fact goes far to throw light into that dark abyss. The reckless stupidity and stupid recklessness of the man who will venture to say he saw a document signed by De Leon and Davis in which De Leon agreed to furnish Davis with scabssuch a lie lacks even the merit of some lies, that of being ingenious and safe, They are now acting like demented rats that are smoked out of their rat-holes. J. B. F., TUOLUMNE, CAL-It is not intentional with some capitalist publications that they sometimes give the Socialist Labor Party more votes than recorded in these columns. They are careless. That's all. The People's fig-

ures are the correct ones. I. O. I., LOS ANGELES, CAL-There is no special shrewdness in the matter. If you have two and wish to reach five, one-half will not do it, nor three-quarters, nor two; nothing short of three will fill the bill. The S. L. P. position was that a powerful party of Socialism needed the substructure of a bona fide and powerful economic organization. The party's foes said, Nay. They were in the position of the man

who having two and wished to reach five thought he could do so with onetenth. Of course, such a man would tumble.

D. A. G., HOBOKEN, N. J .- The population of Japan is given at 47,000 000. Other matter will be looked after.

J. J. McK., PHILADELPHIA, PA .-So they have started to slander Sherman? The Boston convention of the A. F. of L. took place in 1903. Now, then, if any A. F. of L. or Social Democratic, alias Socialist Party agency tries to spread the slander that C. O. Sherman, the President of the Industrial Workers of the World, "was expelled from the A. F. of L. convention along with his organization," just ask the man to produce a copy of the report of last year's (San Francisco) convention of the A. F. of L. If Sherman's organization

was expelled in 1903 it could not be there in 1904. You will find Sherman's organization represented in San Francisco (1904). At that convention the A, F. of L. decided to cut up Sherman's organization (metal workers) into different crafts. Thereupon the organization, by a vote of ninety-two per cent., voted to pull out of the A.- F. of L. as imical to Labor. That is the way

T. H., NEW YORK-To our positive

knowledge Eugene V. Debs is not a

the members of another union. Sennefelder, Jr.

International Protective Association of

Canada No. 1, New York. Dear Sir and Brother:

not seen very much accomplished. fact, strike after strike has been lost. We have been cheered up with such news as this: "Arrived at Podunk last

night where Local so and so gave a smoker; had an awfully good time," our president and vice-president. At whose expense? Ours, of course.

As I wish to reach the goal as soon "as possible and as I know that I cannot mwait until you have reformed the A. F. that I have decided to join a more Grevolutionary and more perfect union, a namely, the "Industrial Workers of the ' World."

Hoping that this explanation is satisfactory. I remain, yours respectfully, F. C. D.

П.

New York, Aug. 30, 1905. To the officers and members of the Hotel and Restaurant Employers' International Alliance and Bartenders' League of America, Local, N. Y., No. 1, I. Michael D. Cannon, a member in good standing in this organization, do hereby tender my resignation to your body for the following reasons here stated: first; that your organization recognizes the brotherhood of capital and labor which, to my mind, it is impossible and does not exist. For if want more pay it means less profit to capital and vice yersa.

condly, that your officers know full well what the Industrial Workers L of the World means. Yet our estimable of secretary, Brother Korn, has expressed of simself in my presence this morning

party !

his purpose, then he uses his political nfluence in the trades unions. It is but the day before yesterday that infi

this very same Mr. Berger raised a storm of indignation against the bad practice of the railroad companies here (the Milwaukee, Chicago & St. Paul Railroad) in asking their employes for whom they were going to vote.

Mr. Berger was angry as only Mr. Berger can be. He expressed his anger and indignation as only Mr. Berger i able to-because our present governor could possibly lose some votes by his hostility against the railroad interest. Arnold, the then governor candidate of

the Social Democratic ticket, had open ly said that La Follette was the best man. Mr. Berger was all ablaze when the interest of a Republican politician was at stake. Of course, it is a bac habit of the railroads to question their workers as to their political inclination, and then, when the party to which these workers belong is not suitable to the bosses, to be thrown out of work. But when Mr. Berger does the very same thing almost against which he raised so much dust, when it is committed by a faction of that party whose opponents seem such very good friends of Berger's, why that is an entirely different matter, cht Has Mr. Berger the right to say that those who are active in the Industrial Workers of the World can no longer belong to the Social Democratic

The whole activity of the ring on South street shows once more that they 19 mat the above-named organization is fear the new organization, otherwise no an outline and far from being a comCincinnati, O., Aug. 18.

HE LIKED THE MEETING. To the Daily and Weekly People:--was more than pleased with the N.Y. meetin of the Industrial Workers of the World. Trautmann told the truth with just enough of touch of that "Germanic sentiment." Sherman is an artist. To cold bloodedly tell the reason of the why and wherefore by a speaker is one thing, but to drive it home as Sherman did takes the ability of the born artist. It was not an intellectual trick, but spontaneous, when he told of the blacklisted man's, "vision of home." This home rose up before me as does the home of the dying gladiator of Lord Byron. C. C. Crolly,

Pleasantville, N. Y., Sept. I.

Watch the label on your paper. That will tell you when your subscription expires. First number indicates the month, second, the day, third the year.

A large hall has been secured in order to accommodate a full attendance. Flaborate arrangements have been made to keep a correct tally of the members present, as a fine of fifty (50) cents will be imposed for non-attendance, no excuses of any kind will be accepted. I have nothing further to say, except that the entire matter is in your hands and I look forward for you to prove that you will not tolerate any interference with your interests without making a vigorous protest against such actions, so I sincerely trust that you will respond in a manner that will leave no

ganization. Let us endeavor to make this meeting a great demonstration which will leave no doubt of the determination of the Feeders to fight for a square deal. Trusting that you will attend, permit me to remain with kind regards, yours most fraternally,

doubt as to your loyalty to your or-

William A. Coakley, President.

BASKY'S RETURN TOUR. August 31-October 6-Pittsburg, Pa. Following this, Basky will tour the rest of the State of Pennsylvania to the A. F. of L., tell the tale. organize in towns where Hungarian workingmen reside. formation is news in this office. If you can ascertain the facts, giving specifica-

ORGANIZER WILLIAMS' DATES In the States of Montana and Idaho. Missoula, Mont., and vicinity-August 31 to September 9.

istence The Seidenberg Spectre Sherman and his organization were "exstalking over the land. Don't you hear pelled." the rattle of the nails in the coffins of the F. T., LOUISVILLE, KY .- The "Blue Labeled Coffin Association?" speech delivered by De Leon on his tour Every one of the expectant coffin beneafter the Chicago Convention will not ficiaries hears the rattle-from the dry be published until after the stenographic bonks S. P. national committeeman report of the Convention is through Berlyn down, they all hear it, and, being

r-r-r-evolutionists, shiver. F. R., KANSAS CITY, MO .- The man who imagines that, where universal suffrage exists, the working class can be induced to abstain from voting, fails to recognize an element that may not be forgotten. The I. W. W. could at best only establish the basis for united politics. But that would remain only a theory, and the theory would evaporate, and in the evaporation react back injuriously upon the I. W. W. itself, unless the theory can be put into practice. That can be done only by the existence of an actual political party to vote for. A. B. R., KALAMAZOO, MICH .-The claim made by the agencies of the A. F. of L. that it is gradually becoming

tions, concerning S. P. members of the

Arbeiter Ring supplying scabs from New

York against the Hartford striking can

makers, let's have them. Will be pub-

member of the S. L. P.; to our equally positive knowledge he is a member, and enthusiastic one, of the I. W. W. A. J. C., BROOKLYN, N. Y.-Mr. Moses Oppenheimer, the chairman of the Volkszeitung's "Call" committee to raise funds, was expelled from the German Social Democracy. By the constitution of the German Social Democracy no one who has been guilty of an act involving moral turpitude can be a member of the party. The action involving moral turpitude of which Mr. Oppenheimer was guilty was this: As a member of the party he was entrusted with certain secret documents to write an "industrialist" is on a par with the caparticle on. Whether it is that he sold italist claim that it is gradually becomthe information or what, the fact was ing more conducive to Labor's prosperthat articles appeared in capitalist papers ity. As brazen a lie as is the latter is the based on the information entrusted to former. The jurisdiction fights and dishis keeping. He entertains a virulent memberments of national Unions into hatred for the S. L. P., from whose ranks his record bars him, and slanders its national crafts, of daily occurrence in officers whenever he can. M. S., HOLYOKE, MASS .- The in-

with.

C. N. S., DETROIT, MICH .- The fakirism, or Labor-Lieutenantship for the capitalist class, of Theodore Shaffer is manifest from his public acts. What else but such Labor-Lieutenantship for

(Continued on page 6.)

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1905.

OFFICIAL

8

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTER-Remry Kuhn, Secretary, 2-5 New Brade street, New York. SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY OF CANADA -National Secretary, P. O. Box 350, Lona, Ont

Wh. ORL. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS COMPANY. 2-5 New Reads street, New York City (The Pariy's illerary agengy.) Notice-For technical resons so pariy announcements can go in that are not in this office by Tuesdays, 10 p. m.

N. E. C. SUB COMMITTEE. A regular meeting of the above committee was held on Friday, September 1, at 2-6 New Reade street, with John J. Donohue in the chair. Absent with excuse: Walsh, Hossack, Gillhaus, Katz, Burke and Kinneally. Without excuse: Bahnsen. Present: Donohue, Moren, Anderson, Teichlauf, Crawford, Lechner, Olson. The financial report showed for the two weeks ending with August 25 an income of \$105.50; expenditures, \$108.57.

Communications: From Denver and Grand Junction, Colo., several .letters, bearing upon the matter of readmission of a former member; also a communica tion sent to the Editor for publication and which the latter had referred to the National Secretary, the latter also bearing upon the matter of re-admission Sub Committee, while strongly opposed to the re-admission of the person in question, could not infer positively from the letters whether the said person had been admitted, and the National Secretary was instructed to inquire and obtain definite information. From Section New York County a letter inquiring about arrangements relative to printing office and about the financial report to be furnished by the auditing committee. The National Secretary was instructed to urge the auditing committee to hasten the work they have in hand. From the Massachusetts State Executive Committee a letter complaining about dilatoriness on the part of Section Lynn in the matter of the grievance against Berry and enclosing copies of letters exchanged between the S. E. C and the Section. The S. E. C. demanded that the Sub Committee proceed against the Section. As from the munications received it does not appear that this committee has any nds to interfere, it was decided to inform the S. E. C. From W. E. Kleininger, Chicago, offering to act as agent for the various party organs if provided with credentials. Resolved to inform him that this will be done if he provides the endorsement of his Section. From the Indiana S. E. C. came several communications enclosing letters from members of Section Marion, Ind., in which it was set forth that some members of Section Marion had gone to work in strike shops disregarding the contrary advice of other Section memhers. It was decided to inform the Indiana S. E. C. that Section Marion must ed against the offending members and that failure to do so speedily and promptly will cause the forfeiture of Section's charter. From Section Milwaukee, Wis., on local situation and local work. From Section Erie County, New York, asking that a pamphlet be published in the Polish language. Resolved to elect A. Moren a committee of one to prepare the manuscript of such a pamphlet in line with the pres-

ent developments in the Labor Move-ment and that, when the MS, is at hand, steps be taken to insure the pub-limition of same. From F. Bohn and B. H. Williams, organizers, reporting work en ronte in Oregon and Washinging publication of proceedings of National Convention of 1904 and expressing disapproval of the Section because lay. . Secretary instructed to reply that at the time being funds are available and that only by advance subscriptions in sufficient number to cover cost can the work be undertaken new. From Minnesota S. E. C. inquiring as to the time Organizer Bohn will in that State and pointing out before the advent of the cold th can they successfully use an izer. From California S. E. C., sending application for a charter for Section Humboldt County, which was granted

J. Breirer absent. Minutes of previous

meeting approved as read. .Correspondence: Several communications were received from Comrades Dava, Connolly, Thrope, H. T. Shaer and Phil Veal, all bearing on positions tenay, 144 Duehess avenue, London, Ont. of permanent organizer; attended to by secretary. From Comrade Sweeney, several letters on permanent organizer; giving information about Hoar, sending indorsement of Massachusetts State

Committee of the engagement of Phil Veal as permanent organizer, also giving direction for Comrade Veal to go to

Fall River when through in this State. of the World, as well as all the readers From W. H. Riley, recommending Pierof the Daily and Weekly People and son as permanent organizer. From the "Miners' Magazine," organ of the Bridgeport, sending report about good condition of Section and requesting the Western Federation of Miners: State organizer be sent there for a week

redress.

Sections visited, meetings held and experiences on road. From E. Sherman, Rockville, Conn., explaining local conditions in regard visit of Pennsylvania organizer. From organizer Section Hartford, sending report of Sections as On motion correspondence received and filed. Treasurer's report received as no money.

On hand, July 1 \$128.51 Receipts for July 43.17 Total \$171.68 Magazine." Expenses for July \$ 24.80 Respectfully,

On hand, August 1 \$146.88 Motion carried to pay Comrade Veal's railroad fare in addition to his salary. After making arrangements for Comrade Veal's tour, adjournment followed. E. Sherman. Recording-Secretary.

Request granted. From New Haven,

reporting election of officers, sending

result as per capital proposition and

forwarding \$4.80 for dues: From Jas.

Marek, reporting about meetings held

in New Haven with Comrade Veal as

speaker. From Comrade Veal about

to condition and its activity.

follows:

GENERAL AGITATION FUND. During the week ending with Saturday, September 2, the following contributions were received to the above fund:

C. Kohlenberg, Marion, Ind.\$ 1.00 S. B. Cowles, Sand Lake, Mich. . R. F. Albertson, Sand Lake, Mich F. Hulskamp, Madison, Ill T. C. Joslyn, Springfield, Mass .. O. Sulliva, Revere, Mass..... F. E. Metzger, Paducah, Ky A. Gilpin, Weehawken, N.J.... W. Gilpin, Weehawken, N. J J. Finkbohner, Philadelphia, Pa.

(September and October) H. Sauter, New York D. J. Moran, Pawtucket, R. L ... A. McInnis, Lansing, Mich J. J. Donohue, New York Section Kansas City, Mo R. Clausen, Somers, Mont., per

Williams Members of Section Seattle, Wash., per Williams..... J. W. Stewart, Tuscon, Ariz W. Coleman, Tuscon, Ariz.... J. R. Fraser, Dayton, O L. Ginther, Colorado Springs, Colo, A. Anderson, Colorado Springs, Colo.

> Total.....\$ 34.05 Previously acknowledged.... 1284.93

Grand Total.....\$1318.98 Note .- Readers of The People please note cards, soliciting contributions 'to the foregoing fund, are being sent out

States who, in their work, come close to the Canadian border, to do work for the Socialist Labor Party of Canada. Get in line everybody. Don't read this and then forget it. Act at once. All monies to be sent to I. P. Cour-

THE ANDREAS CASE.

Appeal of Illinois State Executive Committee, Socialist Labor Party,

To the membership of the Socialist Labor Party and the Industrial Workers

Greeting :-- You will remember reading the account of William Andreas' trouble with the United Mine Workers of American. They have at last unlawfully expelled him, derying him the right of appeal, placing a fine upon him and stopping him from working. He is therefore driven to the State courts for

The Illinois State Executive Committee of the Socialist Labor Party has taken the matter up, employed a lawyer. and will assist Andreas. We therefore appeal for assistance. One hundred dollars is wanted to start the case. Every little will make it lighter on the State Committee, as we are all poor and have

Send all communications to Walter Goss. 701 Bristow street. Belleville, Ill. Ackonweldgments will be made week. ly in both The People and the "Miners'

W. W. Cox, G. A. Jenning, Gus Suber, Ben Frankford, Wm. Veal, Wm. Andreas, Walter Goss, Chas. Edie. -State Committee. East St. Louis, Ill., Aug. 29.

PALM GARDEN JAMMED.

(Continued from page 1.)

.50

the working class". (Tumultuous and long continued applause).

Trautmann then showed that the final aim of the I. W. W. is to wipe out all class divisions, and organize the superstructure of a new society in capitalism. 25 "Solidarity on the economic field." said Trautmann in conclusion, "must precede solidarity on the political field. A work-1.00 1.50 ing class divided and corrupted into

craft unions will be divided and cor-1.00 rupted on the political field." (Tumult-1.00 1.00 uous applause.) De Leon followed. He said 2.00

"Who will say that the world stands still? Who will say that labor perform-50 ed persistently, fearlessly, fearlessly, 1.00 1.00 will not meet its own reward. Who will have thought five years ago that 1.00 such a meeting would have been held 1.00 here to-night. The S. T. & L. A. is on the home run to victory. Its principles 5.00

are incarnated in a new organization, the I. W. W., that was launched with 2.00 five times the number of the S. T. & L. 1.00 1.00 A. when it was launched." De Leon then took up trade contracts 5.00

and showed their fallacious basis and general harmfulness. .50 All told, the meeting was a rattler.

Sherman is an aggressive and incisive speaker. Trautmann an eloquent, satirical and a well grounded one.

Announcements were made of other meetings and the Palm Garden audience went home after giving three rousing

cheers for the Industrial Workers of the World.

INDUSTRIAL MEETINGS ROUSING MEETING IN BRONX.

held another one in the long list of their successful inauguratory ratification mass meetings at Ebling's Casino, 156th street and St. Ann's avenue, Bronx, last Tuesday night.

The large hall of the Casino was filled to overflowing with wide awake, progressive workingmen who had come to receive the message of Industrial Unionism from those whom the organization has chosen to spread the light. Every speaker was received with salvos of applause as he stepped to the front of the platform, and every point scored against the old fakirated unions and in favor of industrial unionism was received with a heartfelt enthusiasm which could leave no doubt in the mind of a spectator that the seeds of the new order of government were falling on receptive and fertile soil.

John J. Kinneally, the chairman, be fore introducing the first speaker, gave a brief review of the trades union movement from 1821 down to the present time. After merely outlining the objects of the Industrial Workers of the World, he read the preamble to the constitution of that organization, which was heartily received by the audience. He then introduced the first speaker of the evening, President Charles O. Sherman of the I. W. W.

Sherman launched out into a masterly arraignment of the American Federation of Labor, showing how its fakir leaders use the organization for their own benefit and that of their capitalist employers and captains; he also showed how these leaders, by fostering the narrow craft spirit, keep the Working Class forever divided and scabbing against itself.

Sherman not only stated that the American Federation of Labor was used as a scab furnishing bureau, but by a ong array of indisputable instances, proved to the union men in the hall how they had been duped.

After Sherman came William E. Trautmann, general secretary-treasurer of the I. W. W., who spoke in German. His speech, for the benefit of those workingmen who were better able to take in the arguments in German, followed the same general outlines as that of Sherman.

The last speaker was Daniel De Leon, editor of the Daily People who spoke briefly and to the point, showing the essential and unbridgeable differences between the A. F. of L. and the I. W. W., and making it evident to every workingman in the audience that the Industrial Workers of the World is the only labor organization in the land deserving the respect and determined support of the workers. Amid three rousing cheers for the I. W. W. and the noble principles fit embodies, the meeting was adjourned. From the comments of the audience, as it filed out of the hall, it was evident that the meeting carried new light to many.

TRAUTMANN ELATED

Over Success of Eastern Trips of General President Sherman and Himself.

General Secretary William E. Trantmann, in conversation with a Daily People representative last Monday, he



rare East Indian Plants, and are the perfected result of over 20 years of medical research. — SA-IU-LAH acts promptly on the Lungs, Liver and Kidneys. These organs are directly responsible for the condition of the blood. SA-MU-LAH is a blood purifying medicine put up in tablet form, and contains nothing of an injurious nature. They are invaluable in cases of specific febrile disorders where the blood has a large excess of febrine or uric acid. Every disease or disorder that flesh is heir to can be traced to Impure Blood. SA-MU-LAH has helped thousands of sufferers. - It can help you.

FREE. A Sample package of SA-MULAN tablets will be sent free to any person writing and enclosing gc. to cover cost of postage. ON SALE AT PRINCIPAL DRUGGISTS. PRICE PER BOX CONTAINING 25 TABLETS, 50 CENTS.

' If your dealer cannot supply you, send price and order to

. POWELL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., NEW YORK." 140 NASSAU ST., .

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT NOTES. One hundred and ninety-one subscriptions to the Weekly People and fifty to the Daily People came in during the week ending Saturday, September 2. James L. Chatterton of Crescent City Cal., subscribes for a bundle of 6 Weeklies for one year, and sends along 5 subs for the Daily People.

Frank Bohn, national organizer, sends in twelve for the Weekly .People from Portland, Ore.; Fred Brown, Cleveland, O., 12; M. Biell, St. Louis, Mo., 7; W. L. Mitchell, Carcross, Y. T., Canada, 6; G. A. Jenning, East St. Louis, Ill., 5; W. L. Noon, Bellingham, Wash., 5; J. Gaffert, Brooklyn, N. Y., 5.

Sections outside of New York City are reminded that the three Sections sending in the largest number of subscriptions to the Weekly People during the month of September will each be presented with one of the new speak er's platforms by Alvan S. Brown. In New York City the three district or ganizations buying the largest quantity of literature will also be presented, each with one of the platforms. Orders for literature and subscriptions to apply on this offer must be accompanied by eash We are still able to supply back num bers of the Daily People containing the stenographic report of the Industrial Union Convention, with the exception of/the issues of July 25, 26, and 27.

LABOR NEWS NOTES. A good volume of orders were filled

during the week. Comrade Muhlberg of San Pedro, Cal. ordered an assortment of literature amounting to \$9.12. Portland, Ore. bought 240 pamphlets assorted, including 50 "Burning Question of Trades Unionism" and 50 "What Means This Strike ?"

Comrade Ring, Crookes, Eng., bought \$4.20 worth of assorted literature. Belleville, Ky., bought literature to the amount of \$4.39 worth. Hartford, Ct., bought 50 "John Mitchell Exposed". J. M. Rector, Monark, Mont., sent in for \$1.85 worth of literature. Twenty-"What Means This Strike!"

LETTER-BOX. dit :-

(Continued from page 4.) the capitalist class was his signed declaration that he had carefully examined the records and found that Carnegie had nothing to do with the Homestead strike, 4. notwithstanding the fact that Carnegie was known to get out of the way in time

so that Frick should bear the onus and Carnegie quietly profits by Frick's management of success over the strike? What if not Labor-Lieutenantship for the capitalist class was Shaffers' recommending that the members of his Union pecept the offer of the Steel Trust and buy stock? Etc., etc.

D. L., PHILADELPHIA, PA .- The most impractical man is the man who imagines it is practical to run a national movement by the light of the own circumscribed local information.

K. CLEVELAND, O .- Room 3, Pioneer Building, Denver, Colo.

J. A. J., NEW YORK; M. R., HOLY-OKE, MASS.; N. S., BOSTON, MASS.; F. P., BROOKLYN, N. Y.; T. O. N., PUEBLO, COLO.; J. R. B.; MADISON, N. J.; "X. X.," CHICAGO, ILL.; "Y. Y." INDIANAPOLIS, IND.: Z. Z.," WASHINGTON, D. C.; F. D. F. ROCKLAND, ME.; A. R., SKOW-HEGAN, ME.; W. J. I., NEW YORK -Matter received.

UNCLE SAM AND BROTHER JONA-THAN

(Continued from page 4.) the other end, purse-proud crime, ignorance and immorality.

B. J.'s eves open wide. U. S .- Socialism wants to destroy capital: that is, the form of private ownership of the modern and concentrated machinery of production.

B. J.-I now see.

U. S .- Socialists do not oppose; on the contrary, they favor, promote and hail every progress of the sciences that causes production to be carried on in a more concentrated way, that is, more and more co-operatively.

B. J .- Then they are all right! U. S .- Whoever attacks Socialism by giving the name of "capital" to the very

thing Socialists favor and promote,

either knows not what he is talking

about, or, like the strychnine man who

calls his stuff applejack, he indulges in

U. S .- That makes me a Socialist.

U, S .- So is every honest man on

whom intelligence dawns. Capital is

machinery of production put to bad

use. Socialism aims at freeing the

machinery of production from that Old

B. J .- Let us all give a helping hand!

PICNIC POSTPONED.

The picnic of Kings County, which

was to have been hold yesterday, was

granted such poor weather by the

weather man that the committee in

deliberate misrepresentation,

Man of the Sea-Capitalism.

the successful mass meetings scheduled for Manhattan, Newark, Brooklyn, Paterson and the Bronx, General President The Industrial Workers of the World Sherman addressed several I. W. W. or-

ganization meetings of silk workers, machinists and others; also the convention of the Butcher Workmen of New York and vicinity, which decided to refer the question of affiliation to a vote of the membership; while General Secretary Trautmann addressed, in addition to the mass meetings, conference meetings of

the Hoboken Longshoremen and the New Haven brewers, both on Labor Day. Regarding the Brooklyn meeting, Trautmann said that he believed others would result from it. In speaking of the progress of the I. W. W. since the Chicago Convention, General Secretary Trautmann stated

that it has exceeded the expectations of the men who launched it. Referring to the eagerness with which the exposition of Industrialism is received, Trautmann said "We did not think the movement would meet with such a favorable reception."

the Eastern trip of General President

Charles O. Sherman and himself. Besides

Trautmann was inclined to ridicule those who prophesy for the I. W. W. the fate of the S. T. and L. A., saying that times have changed since the launching. of the latter, thanks to Gompers' activity in the interests of the capitalist class, the working class revolt against the same, and the development of Capitalism.

When asked for definite information as to the number of organizations enrolled in the I. W. W. since the convention, General Secretary Trautmann stated that this and other facts of interest will be given in the first monthly report of the executive officers, which will be issued upon his return to headquarters in Chicago.

Trautmann left for Chicago after the Bronx meeting Tuesday night. Gen. President Sherman remained in the city until Thursday, when he left for Novia Scotia, there to address an inde pendent organization of 20,000 mine workers and railroad men.

THE I. W. W. MASS MEETING IN PATERSON.

Paterson, N. J., Sept. 4 .- The I. W. W. mass meeting advertised to be held at Helvetia Hall, last night, took place as scheduled by L. A. S. S. T. and L. A. and A. L. U. No. 20, assisted by Section Passaic County, Socialist Labor Party. General President Chas. O. Sherman and General Secretary Trautmann held a large audience till eleven o'clock. They were vociferously applauded by all present. The speeches were a continual statement of facts for the benefit of the working class on class-conscious lines.

tunity was given to apply for membership. Application blanks were distributed. Many were returned filled to the Chairman, who instructed applicants to attend the meeting of Local 8, next Friday evening, top floor Helvetia Hall. There was \$1.65 worth of Labor News pamphlets sold. R. B.

Questions were asked. A storekeeper declared he was in favor of industrial unionism as portrayed, and asked if he could become a member. The answer was a decided "No." But he was told that he could become a member as soon as he was forced out of business and compelled to seek a job as a wage worker, when he would be perfectly eligible.

At the close of the meeting an oppor-

Organizer Abelson of Section New York County appeared and inquired on behalf of the Section whether the Fub Committee would take the initiative towards bringing about, amendments to the Socialist Labor Party constitution made necessary by the merging of the Socialist Trade & Labor Alliance with the Industrial Workers of the World. It was decided that this committee would rather leave the initiative to the Sections.

Elections of officers was reported by Sections Bridgeport, Conn., Oneida County, New York, Cambridge, Mass. Kalamazoo, Mich., and Boston, Mass. A. Moren, Rec. Sec. pro tem.

CONNECTICUT STATE EXECU-TIVE COMMITTEE. ular meeting held at S. L. P. Hall, Hartford, August 13, 1905. Comrade ity offers, engage the organizers of the Leikin in the chair. Chas. Fantone and Socialist Labor Party of the United

ight along.

CANADIAN N. E. C.

Regular business meeting of N. E. C. Canadian S. L. P., held at 69 1-2 Dundas street, London, August 25, 1905, with Comrade F. Hunt in the chair. Pierce absent. Minutes of two previous meetings were adopted as read

Communications-From F. Leach, 672 St. Urbain street, Montreah regarding former communication. Secretary having replied, same was filed, and Secretaries action endorsed. From A. C. Kihn, 2-6 New Reade street, New York, regarding "Press. Security. League." Secretary instructed to ask for more copies of same to be used by N. E. C. From I. P. Courtney, organizer Section London, giving names of Section members; filed and Secretary to ask for ad-

dresses of same. Adjournment.

C. A. Weitzel, Recording Secretary.

CANADA, ATTENTION. To all sections, members-at-large and sympathizers in Canada:

The National Executive Committee of the Socialist Labor Party of Canada, consider the time to place organizers in the field ripe and, in order to do so, submit the following plan: All sections, members-at-large and sympathizers are now asked to contribute a regular monthly contribution, starting at once. so that by the time spring arrives, the funds will be on hand to enable the N. E. C. to, from time to time as opportun-

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

of production and take and hold that which we produce, and abolish altogether the system of private ownership of the means of life through which the capitalist class now manages to oppress us.

In our plan there is no room for jurisdiction fights and craft conflicts. Our enemy is the capitalist class. We want all workers united against the common foe, and we want to, and mean to educate our fellow members, through literature and lectures, in spite of the Civic Federation's press censorship scheme. The craft unionist, with his "sacred" contract, lets the employer choose the battle ground. When the contract runs out, the boss who has had time to prepare is ready to defy and def cat his. agreement-duped employees. The Industrial Unionist, on the other hand, will study and consider the economic conditions and be always prepared to fight at the moment of most advantage, ever ready to stand by his felow workers in the same industry or in all in-dustries, recognizing the solidarity of interest, which should bind in common cause all those who toil.

The Industrial Workers of the World has nothing to conceal from the rest of their fellow workers. They do not smother their purpose in any fine American Federation of Labor phrases about the community of interest between the capitalist class and the working class. They stand four-square to the true interests of the workers, on a platform that is unmistakable, on a platform that declares we must come together on lines suited to cope with modern industrial conditions. Unions that are would-be "job trusts," which raise Chinese walls of prohibitive initiation fees, and by other devices keep workers out of the pale of unionism; unions which but serve as aids to the capitalist; unions which keep the workers divided into warring craft factions with their jurisdiction fights and diversified labels-all must be thrown aside if we are to make a true united effort to better our conditions on the economic field.

We want an open Industrial Union, easy to join, universal transfers, a universal label, and a spirit of class solidarity. These are to be found embodied in the make-up of the Industrial Workers of the World.

Nearly one hundred thousand of us have already gotten together and we want you, fellow-workers, to size the situation up for yourselves and see that it is your duty, in fact your only hope, to join hands with us in building up a true union of the working class that will not be controlled by the "labor lieutenants" of the Civic Federation.

All information concerning the Industrial Workers of the World can be obtained by communicating with

READ.

bought by the Twenty-eighth Assembly District, New York, Detroit, Mich. bought 33 "John Mitchell Exposed". Thirty pamphlets and a copy of Gronland's "Co-operative Commonwealth" were ordered by Indianapolis, Ind. Comrade Chabot of Everett, Mass., bought a copy of Morgan's "Ancient Society". Comrade Farrell of Lowell, Mass., sent for 25 pamphlets. Comrade Shaw of Tonopah, Nevada, sent \$1 for assorted

literature. Section New York bought 10 thousand leaflets. Debs and De Leon Speeches. Others taking Debs and De Leon Speeches leaflet were: Buffalo 4000; St. Louis 2000; Evansville, Ind., \$2 worth; Pennsylvania S. E. C. 500; Hamilton, O., \$1 worth. A dollar's worth of leaflets to Comrade Shaw, Tonopah, Nevada, Bridgeport, Conn., 250. The Industrial Workers of the World ordered leaflets from all over the coun-

try, nearly 100,000 in one day. Newburg, N. Y., ordered 2 gold emblem rings; and Paterson, N. J., 3 bronze buttons. Cleveland, O., bought 50 emblem buttons.

UNION COUNTY OUTING.

Section Union County, S. L. P., will

hold a grand family outing at Ruther's

Grove, Roselle, N. J., Sunday, Septem-

ber 10. All kinds of games and prize

bowling. Family ticket, including re-

Plainfield car, to Chestnut street, Roselle.

Then walk over Chestnut street

to Ninth avenue to the grove.

Directions: Take the Elizabeth and

freshments, \$1.00.

charge decided to postpone the affair till Sunday, September 17. Improve the two weeks. NEW YORK OPEN AIR MEETINGS Monday, September 11, 8 p. m. Houston street and Second avenue;

Seventh street and Avenue B. Tuesday, September-12, 8 p. m.

Sixth avenue and West Fourth street; Thirty-eighth street and Eighth avenue. Wednesday, September 13, 8 p. m. Thirty-first street and Second avenue; Eighty-fourth street and Second avenue. Thursday, September 14, 8 p. m. One Hundred and Fourteenth street and Fifth avenue; One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street and Fifth avenue; One Hundrey and Thirty-fourth street and Eighth avenue.

WM. E. TRAUTMANN, General Secretary-Treasurer, Industrial Workers of the World. 148 West Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

CHAS. O. SHERMAN, General President.

INVESTIGATE.

' ATTEND OUR MEETINGS-