A. F. OF L. CONVENTION

I. W. W. ACTIVITY

A. F. OF L. CLOTHEBACKERS IN THEIR PRINCIPLES EXPLORED. - CLOTHING FRAMES. GROWTH IN BROOKLYN.

IRON, TOBACCO AND WIRE WORKERS PUNISH ORGANIZATION. - PAIS FRIGHTENED.

THE MEETING CALLED by Clark and Cohan. 

First Day's Business.

Second Day's Business.

The meeting of the A. F. of L. was held at the Grand E. of L. Hotel, New York City, on the 2nd and 3rd of November, 1905.

The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock on Monday, November 2nd, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L., who stated that the purpose of the meeting was to consider the affairs of the union.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The report of the Committee on constitution and by-laws was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on organization was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on jurisdiction was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on finance was presented and adopted.

The reports of the various departments were read and adopted.

The business of the meeting was then brought up for consideration.

It was decided to proceed with the business of the meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, November 3rd, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L.

Fourth Day's Business.

The meeting of the A. F. of L. was held at the Grand E. of L. Hotel, New York City, on the 4th and 5th of November, 1905.

The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock on Monday, November 4th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L., who stated that the purpose of the meeting was to consider the affairs of the union.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The report of the Committee on constitution and by-laws was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on organization was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on jurisdiction was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on finance was presented and adopted.

The reports of the various departments were read and adopted.

The business of the meeting was then brought up for consideration.

It was decided to proceed with the business of the meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, November 5th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L.

Fifth Day's Business.

The meeting of the A. F. of L. was held at the Grand E. of L. Hotel, New York City, on the 6th and 7th of November, 1905.

The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock on Monday, November 6th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L., who stated that the purpose of the meeting was to consider the affairs of the union.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The report of the Committee on constitution and by-laws was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on organization was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on jurisdiction was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on finance was presented and adopted.

The reports of the various departments were read and adopted.

The business of the meeting was then brought up for consideration.

It was decided to proceed with the business of the meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, November 7th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L.

Sixth Day's Business.

The meeting of the A. F. of L. was held at the Grand E. of L. Hotel, New York City, on the 8th and 9th of November, 1905.

The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock on Monday, November 8th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L., who stated that the purpose of the meeting was to consider the affairs of the union.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The report of the Committee on constitution and by-laws was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on organization was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on jurisdiction was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on finance was presented and adopted.

The reports of the various departments were read and adopted.

The business of the meeting was then brought up for consideration.

It was decided to proceed with the business of the meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, November 9th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L.

Seventh Day's Business.

The meeting of the A. F. of L. was held at the Grand E. of L. Hotel, New York City, on the 10th and 11th of November, 1905.

The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock on Monday, November 10th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L., who stated that the purpose of the meeting was to consider the affairs of the union.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The report of the Committee on constitution and by-laws was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on organization was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on jurisdiction was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on finance was presented and adopted.

The reports of the various departments were read and adopted.

The business of the meeting was then brought up for consideration.

It was decided to proceed with the business of the meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, November 11th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L.

Eighth Day's Business.

The meeting of the A. F. of L. was held at the Grand E. of L. Hotel, New York City, on the 12th and 13th of November, 1905.

The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock on Monday, November 12th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L., who stated that the purpose of the meeting was to consider the affairs of the union.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The report of the Committee on constitution and by-laws was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on organization was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on jurisdiction was presented and adopted.

The report of the Committee on finance was presented and adopted.

The reports of the various departments were read and adopted.

The business of the meeting was then brought up for consideration.

It was decided to proceed with the business of the meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, November 13th, by H. H. Cohn, President of the A. F. of L.
The Necessity for a Sound Trades Union

[A letter delivered at Bisbee, Arizona, by(delegate name)

The subject selected for discussion this evening is: "The Necessity for a Sound Trades Union.""

Firstly, we need to understand that the concept of a "sound" union in the context of the labor movement involves more than just the economic benefits it provides. It also encompasses the ethical and moral principles on which it is built.

One of the main reasons why sound unions are necessary is that they provide a means for workers to organize and collectively bargain with employers. This power gives them the ability to negotiate for better wages, safer working conditions, and more job security.

Moreover, sound unions also serve as a means to protect workers' rights and interests, both in and out of the workplace. They can help prevent unfair labor practices, such as discrimination, wage theft, and unsafe working conditions.

In conclusion, the necessity for a sound trades union lies in its ability to provide a collective voice for workers, ensuring they have the power to negotiate for better wages, safer working conditions, and more job security. It also serves as a means to protect workers' rights and interests, both in and out of the workplace. Without a sound union, workers may find themselves vulnerable to unfair labor practices and lack of representation.

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**CLASSICAL LITERATURE.**

We are frequently asked for advice as to books that should be read on certain topics, and as to what constitutes good literature. Our officers are asked for such advice, that we do not send a small percentage of good works, and in order to help them in the direction of good reading we are glad to offer a selection of standard works representative of some of the greatest authors. These books are for those people who are interested in a good book for a day or for a lifetime. We can supply the books, each bound, for 30 cents, whether to your own house or to any other. In fact, we have a number of people who have written to us asking for books, and we are able to send them a complete list of the works of any author.

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**OTHER BOOKS THAT ARE READ.**

Ancient Pages and Modern Christian Symbolism—By Thomas Hughes, M.D. Popular Edition, revised edition, with a new introduction and comments. This book is a comprehensive introduction to ancient and modern Christian symbolism, and is highly recommended for anyone interested in the deeper meanings of religious symbols.

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**NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO., 94 W. NEW STREET, NEW YORK.**

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**GRAND Vaudville Performance and Ball.**

The New York Socialist Labor Party is planning to hold a grand Vaudville performance and ball in the grand manner. The event will take place on November 10th, at the Central Palace, Lexington Ave., 45th and 46th streets.

The proceeds of this event will go towards the support of the Socialist Labor Party's activities, including the publication of their newspaper, The Daily Worker, and their ongoing educational programs.

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**THE DAILY WORKER.**

**Ticket:**

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**CLASSICAL LITERATURE.**

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**NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO., 94 W. NEW STREET, NEW YORK.**

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The opportune necessity for a labor union is seen clearly in the history of the International Trade Union Congress, under the name of the I.W.W., organized in 1886. The International Trade Union Congress, of which the I.W.W. is a member, is the largest labor organization in the world. The I.W.W. is a membership union, and its members are organized into local unions, each of which is autonomous and independent of the International. The I.W.W. is an organization of workingmen, organized for the purpose of securing better wages and working conditions, and for the protection of the rights of all workingmen.

The history of the I.W.W. is a history of struggle, of suffering, and of triumph. The I.W.W. has been persecuted, and its members have been arrested and imprisoned, but the organization has never been broken. The I.W.W. is a union of workingmen, and its members are united in the common purpose of securing better wages and working conditions, and of protecting the rights of all workingmen.

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The Life of Garrison

Martin Luther's "Here I take you as my witness" is a sequel to William Lloyd Garrison's "The Liberator," which was written as an answer to those who feared that the American people were taking too long to realize the sweetness of the American Constitution. "The Liberator" was a newspaper that was published in the United States from 1831 to 1865, during the antebellum period. It was founded by William Lloyd Garrison and edited by him until his death in 1872. The newspaper was highly influential in the abolitionist movement, and its editorials were known for their passionate calls for the immediate abolition of slavery.

As an early advocate of the American Civil War, Garrison was known for his radical views on the subject of slavery. He believed that the Constitution was not intended to be a compromise with slavery, but rather a mandate to end it. Garrison's newspaper, "The Liberator," was a platform for this message, and the editorials that appeared in it were written to persuade others of the righteousness of the abolitionist cause.

The newspaper's success was due in part to the fact that it was written in a straightforward and direct style. Garrison's editorials were characterized by their simplicity and clarity, and they were designed to reach a wide audience. This approach was in contrast to the more complex and formal writing style that was common at the time.

Garrison's newspaper was not just a platform for his own ideas, but also a forum for other abolitionists to express their views. The newspaper included letters from readers, as well as articles written by other abolitionists. This made it a valuable resource for those who were interested in the abolitionist movement, and it helped to spread the message of freedom and equality that was central to the movement.

In conclusion, "The Liberator" was a newspaper that played a significant role in the abolitionist movement. Its editorials were powerful and direct, and they helped to spread the message of freedom and equality that was central to the movement. The newspaper was a platform for Garrison's own ideas, as well as a forum for other abolitionists to express their views. Its success was due in part to the fact that it was written in a straightforward and direct style, and it helped to spread the message of freedom and equality that was central to the movement.
people

WE FEEL that the demand of the labor movement for a
"full employment" program is profoundly significant.

The brand of unemployment which exists today is
not merely a temporary phenomenon. It is a permanent
feature of the economic system based on the capitalist
system. It is an integral part of the very structure of the
economic system.

The demand for a full employment program is not
merely a demand for a temporary measure to remedy
a temporary evil. It is a demand for a fundamental
change in the economic system itself.

The problem of unemployment is not merely a
question of finding work for people who are already
employed. It is a question of creating new jobs for
people who are not employed.

The solution of the problem of unemployment is not
merely a question of finding new markets for goods
already produced. It is a question of creating new
needs for goods that do not yet exist.

The solution of the problem of unemployment is not
merely a question of finding new ways to use the
resources of the earth. It is a question of redefining
the very meaning of work and work for a new
society.

The demand for a full employment program is a
demand for a fundamental transformation of the
economic system. It is a demand for a new society.

We call upon all workers to join in the fight for
full employment. We call upon all workers to
demand a new economic system. We call upon all
workers to demand a new society.

We believe that a full employment program is
essential to the ultimate success of the labor movement.
We believe that a full employment program is
essential to the ultimate success of the working class.
We believe that a full employment program is
essential to the ultimate success of the human race.

We demand a full employment program. We demand
a new economic system. We demand a new society.

We call upon all workers to unite in the struggle for
a full employment program. We call upon all workers
to unite in the struggle for a new economic system.
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CORRESPONDENCE
CORRESPONDENTS WOULD DO WELL TO ADOPT IN RESULTS UNIFORMITY IN ADDRESSING, PROVIDING ITS SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS. OTHERS WRITE ON THEIR OWN ACCOUNTS.

WASHINGTON, D.C.

JERSEY,

To the Daily and Weekly People: Having recently made a two-weeks' stop in New Jersey, I take this opportunity to set forth a number of impressions that I gathered during that time. While the State is not perfect, there are many things to like about it.

The educational system in New Jersey is excellent, with a wide range of schools and colleges offering quality education. The state is also known for its beautiful parks and recreational areas, which offer opportunities for outdoor activities. New Jersey is a melting pot of cultures, with a diverse population that enriches its social fabric.

However, there are also challenges that the state faces, such as traffic congestion and high costs of living. Despite these issues, New Jersey remains a vibrant and attractive place to live.

Sincerely,
[Signature]

RE: The Daily and Weekly People:

The editor points out that the views expressed in this correspondence are the opinions of the writer and do not necessarily reflect the views of the newspaper.

WORTHY OF REMARK:

The Daily and Weekly People:

Eleven of the 12 members of the baseball team are out for the season, leaving only one member still on the team. This is a great opportunity for the remaining player to step up and demonstrate his skills.

Sincerely,
[Signature]

WORTHY OF REACTION:

The Daily and Weekly People:

The recent closure of the local library has caused a lot of concern among the community. It is a valuable resource for education and recreation, and its loss is a major setback.

Sincerely,
[Signature]
VEAL IN BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 14.—A general veal bull sale, with a lot of 50, will be held next Tuesday at 401 North Charles Street. The sale will be conducted by Messrs. J. M. K. Ziegler & Company.

ARMS AGAINST CHILDREN.

In a recent letter to the New York Post, R. H. K. K. K. (New York), writes: "We are aware that the police of the United States are doing their utmost to stop the distribution of firearms to children. But we are also aware that there are many people who are using firearms for criminal purposes. We believe that the police should be allowed to use firearms in self-defense and that the police should be allowed to use firearms in the protection of the public."

PIG FIGHT.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 15.—The recent fight between two pigs in the City Market was a very exciting event for the spectators. The two pigs were very evenly matched, and the fight lasted for about an hour. The pigs were both very agile and quick, and the spectators were very much entertained by the spectacle.

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

Telephone Directory.

The telephone directory for the city of New York is now in the process of being published. The directory is divided into sections, each section containing the names and addresses of all the businesses located in that section. The directory is very comprehensive, and it is expected to be completed by the end of the year.

BRITISH ISLES.

TO READERS IN THE BRITISH ISLES.

By special arrangement made with the New York Life Insurance Company, the publication of the British Isles will be provided at no cost to the reader.

AUTHORISED AGENTS FOR THE BRITISH ISLES.

New York, Oct. 15.—The official agents for the British Isles are the New York Life Insurance Company, 56 Wall Street, New York. They have been appointed by the British Government to act as their agents in the United States for the sale of British life insurance policies.

NEW ROADS.

New York, Nov. 14.—The extension of the New York and Brooklyn Railway to the southern part of the city has been completed. The extension will provide an additional line of transportation for the people of the southern part of the city.

NEW KEYS.

New York, Nov. 15.—The new keys for the doors of the new apartments in the new building on Fifth Avenue have been completed. The keys are very strong and durable, and they are expected to provide a good deal of security for the inhabitants of the building.

NEW YORK LIFE CO.

New York, Nov. 15.—The New York Life Insurance Company has announced that it will open a new office in the United States. The company has been very successful in the sale of life insurance policies in the United States, and it is expected that the new office will provide a good deal of business for the company.

NEW YORK OBSERVER.

New York, Nov. 15.—The New York Observer is a new newspaper that has been established in the city of New York. The newspaper is published weekly and it is expected to provide a lot of information about the city and its people.