UNITY CONFERENCE
THIRD MEETING OF NEW JERSEY SOCIALISTS FIELD—UNPLEASANTNESS OF I. W. W. REPORTED

WEEKLY PEOPLE
NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1906
PRICE TWO CENTS PER COPY


Officers of the Conference in their places:

Roll call:

SOCIALIST PARTY.
Exco: County—Green, Killingbeck, Tabor; Henry—Handy, Nickles, Ruggles; Paisley—Glaze, Gray, Hodgson, Hooper; Bryant—Cassaday, Cassaday, Walker.

LABORER-LABOR PARTY.
Exco: County—Matich, Ruggles, Ruggles.

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY OF NEW JERSEY.

Thursday, December 31, 1906, read, adopted, and signed.

Unanimous:

In regard to the question of the organization of the socialist movement in New Jersey, the convention resolves to urge the formation of the working class movement in order to reach the most successful results.

This is really a sliding away from what we decided to work for against the "Upheaval of the Workers".

The resolution in question is the return to the pre-progressive movement, that is, the Social Democratic movement, for the abolition of the armed struggle, which is the principle motive of the social democratic movement. This is the real work of the social democratic movement.

Killingbeck, S. P.—Amended to read: "This is really a sliding away from what we decided to work for in the pre-progressive movement, that is, the Social Democratic movement, for the abolition of the armed struggle, which is the principle motive of the social democratic movement. This is the real work of the social democratic movement."

Hon intermediate—This amendment in effect demands the assurance of the intermediate and of the Social Democratic movement in New Jersey that the convention is not doing anything against the workers of New York and other parts of the country.

THE MOVEMENT ABROAD

GERMAN SOCIALISTS JAIL RUSSIA'S BANKRUPT-FACTORY SYSTEM IN JAPAN—NOTES FROM ITALY, DENMARK, AND SPAIN

BY N. P. L.

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San Antonio, Tex. Jan. 30—Mississippi Gov. Paul B. Johnson and his wife had a surprise party for their son, James E. Johnson, Jr., on the occasion of his twelfth birthday. The party was held at the Governor's mansion and was attended by many friends of the family.

The Governor and his wife were present and were joined by other members of the family, including Mrs. Johnson's brother, J. E. Johnson, Sr., and his wife, Mrs. Johnson's sister, Mrs. Mary E. Johnson, and her husband, Mr. James E. Johnson, Jr.

The guests included many of the Governor's friends and associates, as well as friends of the Johnson family. The party was a festive occasion, with music and dancing, and a delicious meal was served.

The Governor and his wife were much pleased with the turnout and the hospitality shown by their friends.

The Governor gave a speech in which he spoke of the pride he felt in his son and the love he had for him. He also spoke of the importance of education and the need for a strong public school system.

The speech was well received, and the guests applauded the Governor's words.

The party was a success, and the Governor and his wife were pleased with the outcome. They expressed their thanks to all who had helped to make the party a success.

The Governor and his wife left the party at midnight, and they returned to the Governor's mansion, where they spent the night. The next day, the Governor returned to his duties as Governor of Mississippi.

(Continued on page 2)
WHEN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE start, let them start in earnest.

The Recorder: New York, February 20, 1946

THE SCLARE OF THE WORKERS

The Daily Recorder of February 20, 1946, emphasized the need for a united labor movement and the importance of workers' rights. It called for the establishment of a Socialist Labor Party to fight for the rights of workers and to advocate for a socialist transformation of society. The newspaper was critical of the Democratic Party, which it described as lacking a coherent labor platform. It called for a more robust and active labor movement to ensure the advancement of workers' rights and the implementation of socialist principles.
Weeklies, Saturday, February 16, 1895

WEEKLY WORKER, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1895

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD

Interim: Mr. B. J. Fried. The Industrial Worker. 17 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

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Address communications to 17 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

LETTER BOX

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The Industrial Worker

17 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

BISHOP'S MINES

(Continued from page four.)

The Bishop's Mines is a proposition of a somewhat similar character to the one we were at this time considering. It was considered by the closing committee of the Industrial Workers of the World at the last congress, and was referred to the Executive Committee for consideration. It was then decided that the Executive Committee should investigate the possibility of acquiring the Bishop's Mines for the purpose of operating it as a cooperative enterprise.

The Bishop's Mines is situated in the mountains of Arizona, a few miles from the town of Bisbee. It is a rich copper mine, and is considered one of the most valuable in the world. The ore is of high grade, and the mine is said to contain over 200 million tons of ore. The mine was acquired by a group of investors for the purpose of operating it as a cooperative enterprise. The investors were mainly miners, and they were determined to make the mine pay for the benefit of the miners who worked there.

The mine was worked under very difficult conditions, and it is said that the miners who worked there were often forced to work in dangerous conditions. Despite these difficulties, the mine was operated successfully, and it is said that the miners who worked there were able to support themselves.

At the present time, the mine is operated by a group of investors who are determined to make the mine pay for the benefit of the miners who worked there. The mine is considered one of the most valuable in the world, and it is said that the miners who worked there were able to support themselves.

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