

VOL. XVIII., NO. 21.

THINK

A FEW NUTS TO CRACK, WITH JUICY, NOURISHING AND THOUGHT-STIMULATING KERNELS

names, also the occupations, of the distinguished residents of Springfield, HL, foiled in the attempt to lynch two Negrocs, started a destructive raid. It be a pity to have the names lost. and lost also the knowledge of the ocfirmament of "Law and Order."

Upward soars the number of employes injured by the traction lines in the City of New York. In May there were 622 victims, in June 634, and last month 645. So does prosperity soar.

Quite a homage does the New York as" render to the Daily People in its issue of August 10. An editorial pasfrom the Daily People, and which appeared only in that editorial, is as a passage in "a pronuncia-by the Socialist Labor Party," "yesterday." The "Times" would break a leg sooner than mention the Daily People.

The Barnum-Bailey Circus Co. should hasten to engage Messrs. Gompers and Mitchell as their clown tight-rope per-

"Are you going to endorse the Democratic ticket ?". Mr. Gompers is asked. "No," he answers, "Unionism has nothing te do with politics"; and then he issues a proclamation running down the Republicans, praising the Democrats, and urging his Unionists to take heed of his words, or they will have "to reckon with even a worse condition of affairs than now

Mitchell takes luncheon with Roos velt at Sagamore Hill. "Did you discuss politics, Mr. Mitchell?" he is asked. No, our talk was confined mainly to the bor situation."

The "Law and Order" brigade is on exhibition. The millionaire Thaw, acguitted of murder on the ground of innity, and now in an asylum, is to be set free. How? He (the millionaire) is to be declared a bankrupt in Pittsburgs under that pretext he is to be taken thither; at the bankruptcy proceedings objection to his testifying will be raised; the United States Judge is to held him and there you are, free he is to murder again to his heart's content. Should one be indignant? Not at all! Let all rejoice to see the "Law and Order" brigade unveil the nasty countenance of their veiled Prophet or Korhassan-Capitalist Law and Order-whom would have the Working Class

Shocking is the amount of filial ingratitude the Turks are displaying tords their Papa, the Sultan. He has offered to be their Eather: one of them inswers with an attempt to stab him. has addressed them as his "beloved hildren": a whole lot of them organize

It would be interesting to know the | Daniel L. D. is free to marry the clever capitalist who became heir to her husband's millions before his death by the law of grab. No money, no love; yes money, yes leve.

The Chinese are refused admission at cupation of these shining stars in the Ogdensburg while, and whereupon, and made all the easier thereby, a hundred Chinese are allowed to slip through in other places. There is nothing like the enforcement of a law with a great clatter in once place to help promote its violation in silence in a score of places.

> The Birmingham, Ala., centre for the dissemination of falsified news injurious workingmen, toots through all the Republican/ and Democratic newspapers the tune that "the miners on strike killed three men and injured eleven others by firing into a train" on the Birmingham Mineral Railroad at Blocton. That the firers into the train were paid police spies of the tailroad and mining companies, as was regularly the case in the Colorado labor troubles, it is a fact that the Alabama disseminator of falsified news, and his Demo-Rep echoes throughout the land drop no hint about

Is R. W. Gilder a member of the Lithographic Bosses' Association? It looks that way. The gentleman is writing to the papers praising the late lamented Bishop Potter, saying "there was something chivalric about the man." Decidedly chivalric - as the lithographic bosses can attest. Their employees, tired of being plucked struck several years ago. The lithographers soon had the bosses on the Then arbitration was called for. hip. The Bishop "arbitrated." He did it so chivelrously that the under dog quickly get on top. The lithographic workingmen never quite recovered of that dose of "chivalry."

There can be no doubt about it Bryan's acceptance speech has ripped a big gash into Taft. The unmistakable evidence is furnished by the snarls of the Taft-supporting papers They are angry and upset, through and through. If so unmeaning a Democratic speech can demoralize the Republican camp, what was there to demoralize?

Tis not in Alabama alone that the police spies are at their work of serious reaches of the peace. In Barcelona, Spain, a mysterious bomb was mysteriously exploded under a bridge, and the newspaper affiliates of the explosion hasten to throw the blame- upon the "Anarchists," a name which in Spain, as in America, is made to cover all those who are striving to overthrow the capitalist reign of anarchy. Not an unlikely story is that which comes from London to the effect that there is a -movement on foot here in America to set up a monarchy in the land; that there are 3,000,000 people in favor of the plan; and that Rossevelt is "in it." That the move is intended to "combat Socialism" greatly adds color to the story. It is just the kind of crazy idea that will seize minds crazed with desperation. Drowning men catch after straws. There are two breeds of ducks. They, both quack. One breed, the feathered species, when it hears thunder, it grows frightened and hides its head under its wings. The other breed, when it hears thunder, passes resolutions to the optimistic effect that the thunder is not thunder and can be turned to a choir of angels by so declaring. Of this latter variety of ducks is the "Optimistic League," organized in Montclair, N. J. According to the "Optimistic League" the "best way to hasten the good times is to take an optimistic look of things." Who,



THE RAT TOWER OF TO-DAY

the dying reached him.

Every tourist down the Rhine is told, [and every German school child knows. the story of Bishop Hatto, whose "Rat Tower" still stands on a little island in the river, off the town of Bingen.

Hatto, the seignerial lord of the bishopric of Bingen, forced his serfs to pile igh his granaries with corn and wheat while they themselves were able to retain barely enough to keep them alive at their toil, and nothing at all for the future. A famine overtaking the country, the serfs were perishing, while Bishop Hatto, fat and surfeited. felt not the rumblings of want in his own belly. The serfs petitioned him for succor. He laughed. Their distress becoming more acute, the pleadings rose louder. They offended the episcopal

ears. Announcing that on a certain day all who applied would receive corn, Hatto gathered every hungry soul for miles

In even measure with the lengthening "bread line" does the line extend of heiresses marrying foreign noblemen. The latest to take her stand in the latter lin is Miss Mary Mason Hassell who weds Sir Robert Hudson Borwick's brother Another relative preceded the young lady on the "line"-a daughter of Mrs. Mary Mason who married the French Count of

around into his granaries. The doors ; grisley gibe of the Bishop of Bingen, were locked upon them, the barns were now proceeding from their lips-"Hear fired. "Hear the rats squeal!" laughed the rats squeal"?

Bishop Hatto as the cries and groans of Poetic justice overtook Hatto. The prophecy of one of his victims was ful-To-day America is blessed not with filled. An army of rats - great, rats, one, but several score Bishop Hattos. small rats, short rats, tall rats -- be-The Rockefellers, the Goulds, the Ryans sieged him in his episcopal villa. He the Morses, the Heinzes, the Vanderbilts, the Garys, the Carnegies, the Havefled to his Rat Tower in the Rhine, meyers, have all forced their serfs to which he had prepared in readiness. The rats swam the river after him, swarmed pile high the treasure in their private

vaults, while the serfs subsisted on a into the Tower, and ended his execrable wage of \$500-odd a year. Now, in the existence. time of panic, the social conflagration Poetic also the justice which awaits lighted by themselves, these Bishop Hatthe present-day Bishop Hattos. The tos are playing golf, cruising in private "rats"-skilled "rats," unskilled "rats," yachts, or desecrating with their steps white "rats," backwards race "rats"the villas of Italian patriots, all obliviwill soon step into control of the industries, and give the Bishop Hattos ous to the destitution, misery, starvation and suicide they have left in their the free choice of going to work at honwake. And does it take an over-acute est toil, or starving. The Social Revoluear to catch on the breeze the identical tion will be the "Rat Tower" of to-day!

> al Platform and the resolutions of the late National Convention. The report was adorted.

> > Electors at Large: J. C. SANDERS Kansas City. C. F. MEIER St. Louis.

PRICE: TWO CENTS. ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY'S PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE CHAL-LENGES THE FIELD

GILLHAUS'S LET

To the National Executive Committee ; who, in defence of his class, and in de of the Socialist Labor Party: Comrades :-

I cannot but be deeply sensible of the high hener conferred upon me, by placing in my hands the national standard of the Socialist Labor Party as the proxy for Preston in our movement to overthrow capitalism, and especially in this campaign, the key-note of which is Fellow Worker, Morrie R. Preston and deprived of their liberty by the capitalist class. These comrades and fellow-workers are deprived of their right to life and liberty for no other reason than that of having stood by their class, the wealth producers, the Working Class, in opposition to the non-producing

Capitalist Class of the nation. The alleged awful crime committed by our comrade, M. R. Preston, consists in doing what every union man, whether of the A. F. of L., the I. W. W., or any other organization, has a right to do, or is compelled to do, in order to preserve his right as a citizen, a union man and a workingman In this struggle for the right to life, the working class has got to fight for every inch of the ground. In these days of exploitation it is war between the Workingman Class and the Capitalist Class.

In this war we have the army of Labor on the one side ,and the army of Canitalism on the other.

The army of Labor has the right to throw out its picket lines, as well as any army of a nation has that right in warfare between nation and nation. Picketing is not against the Constitu-

ion. When our comrade M. R. Preston in the Goldfield strike exercised the right of picketing Silva's restaurant, he was entirely within the province of civilized methods of warfare.

But the Capitalist Class and its political reflex, the Rep-Dem-Ind-parties, who are shouting that we have liberty, and who are holding up to us the De claration of Independence, especially the first clause, which says that "we, the founders of this Republic, hold to the inalienable right of man to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"-these politicians, while prating about the right to life, liberty and happiness, deny

these rights to the Working Class. We have heard Sherman Bell's lieutenant, McClelland, who cried in the Cripple Creek battle, "To hell with the Constitution!" We also heard Sherman Bell, who shouted, "Habeas Corpus be damined! We will give them post mortems!"

The Declaration of Independence an the Constitution have been consigned to the waste basket in the interest of the Ruling Class.

What right to life has the Working Class when the Capitalist Class, the e and six m

fence of the honor of a workingman's daughter or sister, shoots down a murderous assailant, his act is in the eyes of the Capitalist Class "murder in cold blood."

The instance of Preston and Smith is but an aggravation of the condition in which the whole of the Working Class finds itself. It is deprived of the liberty the "Liberation of our Comrade and to produce wealth; but we have the liberty to go without food, clothing or Jos. Smith," who to-day are illegally shelter, when our masters see no profits in sight. Wealth to-day is not produced for use, but fer profit. No profits, then the doors of mills, mines and factories are shut in our faces. That is the kind of liberty we, the

Working Class, enjoy to-day. That is the kind of liberty the Capitalist Class and their political allies, the Rep-Demo-Independent - Pope - Prehibition parties deal out to the Working Class.

The Working Class cannot enjoy the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness so long as it remains a commodity or article of merchandise on the Labor Market.

We find to-day the Capitalist Class in possession of the industries. They do not own them as philanthropists, or because they have any special love for us; nor do they own them to get down and work themselves. They own and control the industries for a specific purpose and that purpose is to make profits. In order to make profits they must have some one to exploit, and that some one

is the working, or producing class. The Working Class must have the necessaries of life; in order to get the necessaries of life we must sell our labor-power, the only commodity we own and control. When we sell our laberpower we sell it for a number of hours a day at a stipulated wage . Since we cannot segregate our labor power from the rest of our body and send the former into the mine, the mill and the factory, while our body is off to the mountains, or off to Europe, or to the sea-shore recreating-since we cannot do that, when we sell our labor-power to the Capitalist

Class, we sell our bodies as well. When we sell our labor-power we go to the master class and beg them to please allow us to work in "their" factories, mines or mills, and use their tools, the machinery of production. Of course, the Capitalist Class allows us to work in their factories and mills and operate their tools to produce wealth with, but the condition they extert is that all the wealth we produce belongs to them. They will divide that wealth into two shares-one is returned in the shape of wages; the rest, that is, the lion's share, is the profit that is seized by the Capitalist Class.

What portion do we receive, according to the statistics of the Capitalist Class itself? In its census report of the year class in possession of the industries, can 1900, we of the Working Class received to-day, at one fell swoop, throw be- out of the wealth we produced, and we roduced the full amount equal to the purchasing power of only 17 cents in the retail market. The other \$3 cents were the profits that went to the non-producers, coupon clippers, idlers, and plunderers. Under this system of exploitation, wherein the Working Class is robbed of four-fifths of its product, and wherein we, the Working Class, are dependent upon the exploiters for very existence, an irrepressible Class Struggle rages fiercely. The right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness can only be brought back by the programme of the Socialist Labor Party, enforced by the combined Working Class using their conomic and political power to overthrow the capitalist system. Comrades, Fellow Workingmen, and all other honest citizens-let the slogan go forth: PRESTON WILL, MUST AND SHALL BE FREE. No picketing, no Union; no Union, no

to chase him out of his traditional nome,
the Yildiz Kiosk. He addressed them
patronizingly out of a window suggest-
ing that his "ever beloved children" be
good boys and cease making so much
noise: they yell back ordering that he
dismiss one half of his retinue. He gave,
or offered to give, his "dearly beloved"
children some play money: they rudely
demand that he surrender one-half his
property And all this before they be-
come full-fledged Socialists.

Is not the capitalist world one city? Listen to this squib:

"In the press of this season reports er gayeties among the rich of the and alternate with reports of catastrophes that befall the proletariat from year end to year end.

Here a shipwreck, yonder an explo sion, then again a cave-in. But none of these at all cloud the su

shine of the happy set.

"On the contrary. The greater the number of accidents suffered by the workers all the more intensely do the wealthy enjoy their good luck of having sen born in golden cradles."

Now, then, where is this from? From Pennsylvania, or New York, or Nevada? No. This is a paragraph from the Mad-rid "El Socialista."

"No money, no love"-that should be the first chapter on Marriage in the capitalist statute book. Mrs. Daniel roy Dresser, a millionaires "pillar of a family," whose husband lost his may, has obtained a divorce from the er in South Dakota. Now Mrs. America, will fall into torpor?

after this, would deny the correctness of the definition of a "Pessimist"-one who has met an "Optimist"?

Strikes and movements to raise wo men to the dignity of her sex-thes are novel manifestations in Turkey They have come quick upon the heels of the Constitution. They prove that she ice has been broken indeed. If a country, so long dead, can rise to life is it likely that one, so long alive as

Rather foolish are those Republican politicians who are making merry over Bryan's endeavor to collect funds from A. F. of L. Unions. The move is a good one on Bryan's part. It proves his instinet correct. In point of funds, A. F. of L. Unions, as a rule, are a sort of

hives in which the busy bees deposit the honey of moneys for other people to take out in combs and enjoy.

To acquire wealth and thereupon to be divorced from one's wife seems to

be the regulation thing among the "pillars of the family." Accidents such as the suicide of the Chicago millionaire manufacturer's daughter Miss Frances Sholes uncovers in that family also the remarkable connection between plundering the workers, smashing their families with poverty sponging millions, and then turn gates,

around and smash your own family. It is a sort of economic retributive tit for tat.

Not satisfied with their routine cir-

N. J., have decided to give a regular circus, at which they are to have "Ring Shows, Side Shows, and Other Shows.' And as if intent upon announcing to the world that the Deal Beach class not only breed poverty but that it needs. poverty to furnish pretexts for its ciruses, the announcement of the coming circus goes accompanied with the anto charity."

Party' Chesen for This Campaign-National Platform and Resolutions Adopted-List of Saltwarts Man the Ticket,

HOLDS STATE CONVENTION AND

NOMINATES TICKET.

Change of Name Compelled by State

St. Louis, Mo., August 9 .- The Socialist Labor Party of Missouri held its State Convention yesterday, at the Headquarters of Section St. Louis, 1606 South 7th street, for the purpose of nominating a State ticket and Presidential Electors.

The convention was called to order by State Secretary Theodore Kaucher. Jeseph Scheidler was elected chairman and Theodore Kaucher secretary. C. F. Meier, Joseph Spalti, and A. Kaucher were elected on Resolution Committee, · Committee on Credentials: Alex Kitzinger, F. Till, G. Eibert. All members present were seated as dele-

> In the interest of the agitation the convention was of the opinion that we

nominate, besides the Presidential Electors, a complete State ticket, as in either case we would have to have cuses, the elite society of Deal Beach, 1,000 signatures in order to get on the ballot. A motion to this effect was canried, but as the election laws of this State state that no two parties can go on the ballot under the same name or part thereof, the convention had to select another name besides that of the Socialist Labor Party. After some discussion the name "Industrial Labor Party" was adopted.

ement that "the profits are to go The Committee on Resolutions recommended the adoption of the Nation- second, the day, third, the year,

Governor: B. McCAFFERY Kansas City. Lieutenant Governor: THEODORE KAUCHER St. Louis. Secretary of State: O. M. HOWARD Kansas City. Treasurer: H. J. POELLING St. Louis. Auditor: O. J. SCHWITZGEBEL Kansas City.	tween five and six million producers of wealth on the street and deprive them of the necessaries of life? That this happens because of the Capitalist Class being in possession of the industries of the nation and of the political powers of the nation, was clear- ly shown in the present panic or crisis. The right to life can only be regained by the Working Class taking and holding the industries and controlling that which they produce collectively. In the case of our comrade, M. R. Presten, we see plainly how the Capital- ist Class, when their interests are at- tacked, quickly put all of the machinery of their power in operation to deprive the Working Class of their liberty. Had our comrade been one of the ex- ploitant, or Capitalist representatives, such as Theodore Roosevelt, whe in the Spaniards in the back, it would be her- alded as an act of bravery; or, if in
allroad & Warehouse Commissioner: JOBEPH SPALTI St. Louis. Judge of the Supreme Court:	some drunken brawl, one capitalist shoots another, as did Thaw or Chester Thompson, then it is a case of "brain storm," or "Dementia Americana." But in the case of Comrade Preston,
J. W. MQLINEUX Kansas City.	KEIR HARDIE COMING. Glasgow, August 15.—James Keir Har- die, Socialist member of the House of Commons left here to-day on board the

to the State Committee, the Convention adjourned sine die.

T. Kaucher.

Watch the label on your paper.

party.

Socialist Republic! Let these be the proletarian slogans everywhere.

AUGUST GILLHAUS. But in the case of Comrade Preston. Seattle, Wash., Aug. 5, 1908.

Commons, left here to-day on board the steamship Hesperian for Canada and the United States. The stated object of Hardie's tour is to try to amalgamate the American and Canadian trades un ionists and Socialists into one political will tell you when your subscription ex-pires. First number indicates the month,

DEATH TO THE UNEMPLOYED! Dallas Tex., August 16 .- Six unemployed men, traveling in freight-cars in search of work, and stopping off at Amarillo, Tex., were shot to death last night by Charles L. Stewart, a night watchman of the Santa Fe Railorganization like the British Labor road system, while he was on duty in

the railroad yards

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 22. 1908.

and asked questions at the finish, which

were ably answered by Anton. The re-

sults of this meeting were three appli-

cations for membership, and the largest

sales of literature we have had at any

meeting this summer. Seidel is booked

to speak again on Saturday night at

40th street and Lancaster avenue, and

Last night the regular business meet-

ing of Section Philadelphia was held.

A campaign committee was elected con-

sisting of Anton, Muller and McClure,

who will also handle The People sub list

and endeavor to extend the circulation of

the Party organs. The matter of the

Press Security League was entrusted to

a special committee with Lutherman as

secretary, which ensures it being handled

After a lengthy discussion Hugh

Bolton was nominated by acclamation

as the candidate for the Section for

N. E. C. from Pennsylvania, in place of

Sesretary Agitation Committee.

Wheat exports for seven months this

vear were \$41,467,607. Last year they

were \$23,890,538 for the same period.

Mineral oil exports for the seven months

amounted to \$60,629,473, against \$46,-

year. The figures are from the bureau

of statistics of the Department of Com-

1,500 THROWN OUT OF WORK.

Pawtucket, R. I., August 11 .- The

American Machine Co., formerly How

ard & Bullock, manufacturers of tex

tile machinery, has given notice that

the plant will be closed for a week

beginning next Monday. Over 1,500

To accord with Post Office regula-

tions, this paper must be stopped the

instant a subscription runs out. To

avoid delay in getting your Weekly

People, watch the number on your

wrapper and renew in advance.

merce and Labor.

operatives are affected.

R. McLure.

vigorously.

Sunday night at City Hall Plaza.

W.F.M. CONVENTION

2

AGGRESSIVE MINERS' ORGANIZA-TION FALLS BACKWARD.

Now Seems Fairly on Way to | Land in A. F. of L .- Promise of the 'Days of the I. W. W. Launching Now at End-One Industrialist Unionist on . the Executive Board-Hard Fight of the "Rebels."

Boulder, Colo., August 4 .-- The 'seven: teenth annual convention of the Western Federation of Miners, after a session of seventeen days, is at an end, and with sorrow it must be said that the organization of which so much was expected, which was long regarded as the most aggressive and advanced detachment of the army of labor, has taken a treous step backward and now seem to be fairly on the way to land bodily in that home of economic reaction, the A. F. of L.

To chronicle this is not the most pleasant of tasks. A little over three years ago the W. F. M. played a great part in bringing the I. W. W. into existance. When that was accomplished. many of us thought that, at least, we had entered the home stretch leading to the Socialist Republic. Labor, it seemed. possessed the right idea, was imbued with the right spirit, and was organizing the force requisite for its emancipation. What a day was that! And now, so far as the W. F. M. is concerned, all the glorious promise of that time is at an end. One of the actions of the convention was the complete repudiation of the I. W. W. and the dissolution of any connection between the organizations. True, this was not accomplished without a struggle. The Industrial Unionists in the convention gave the reactionaries a fight that they'll remember for some time to come; all to no purpose, however. The men who, in 1905, applauded the statement of Haywood that the an swer to the charge that, in making the Industrial Union an established fact and opposing craft unionism, they were dividing labor and setting one division at the throat of another, was that the A. F. of L was not a labor organization-these men, I say, returned "like the dog to his romit and the sow to her wallowing in the mire." And, not content with reiating the I. W. W., they entered ato an agreement with the United Mine Workers of America, the largest and most powerful constituent body of the of L., whereby there is to be a

transfer of cards between the organiza tions and an understanding as to what shall be done in the event of a strike. This agreement between the metal and

coal miners is not so had a thing, by the way. In the past we have seen, time and time again, the lamentable spectacle of coal mined by union miners being shipped into fields where the metal miners were on strike, to their dismay and to the joy of the bosses. We saw Pres. Moyer appeal in vain to John Mitchell to shut off coal supplies at plants where W. F. M. men were out Now the aid denied them at that time is to be given; but at what a price! The W. F. M. swallows calmly all the unpleasant things said of the craft in, and it requires no great stretch of the imagination to see the men who to freely damned Samuel Gompers in the past sitting at the feast with him

Brother Capital, and "settling," between courses, the differences between

that Moyer would be the candidate of the conservative element, while Haywood would be the choice of the radicals. The latter when questioned as to what he would do, said that "he was in the hands of his friends," which meant anything or nothing. When the contest came on Moyer, as predicted, was the choice of the conservatives, while Haywood was not in evidence-at anyrate, not as

one curious feature. Prior to the open

ing of the convention it was announce

a candidate or a leader of the industrial unionists. P. W Flynn, of Butte, made People. the race for them; but was overwhelm. ingly defeated. Another old friend of

ours, C. E. Mahoney, was re-elected vice-president. - Ernest Mills was re elected secretary-treasurer. James Kirwan declined to let his name go before the convention as candidate for re-election to the executive board, he being now particularly busy in seeking election as sheriff in his) home county on the ticket of the Socialist party.

As the W. F. M. has forsaken the path of revolutionary unionism, has becom safe and sane, and very much to the liking of the pure-and-simplers, both economic and political, it is not at all unlikely that Kirwan will poll quite a vote, Other actions of the dominant element were the voting of a \$10,000 strike fund and the strengthening of the machine through the deprivation of the locals of the power to call strikes without the consent of the executive board.

And so, with this development of the W. F. M., another dream is ruthlessly shattered. The erstwhile idols of that organization have shown that if their heads are not of gold, their feet are of

clay. They have come to the earth with a crash, but for all that I am assured that those who realize the nature of the problem to be solved if labor is to be emancipated, will go through with it to the end, and some of them will be found in the W. F. M. I wish them H. J. B.

MINERS' SONG.

By G. A. Maves, Toronto, Ont., Can. In a subterranean cell.

Where the dusky devils dwell, Toiling as they toil in Hell,

EUCCESS.

Dismal gloom-Devils too have minds to think, From the cup of knowledge drink, And from duty do not shrink, In the tomb.

"Ho, lads!" comes a voice quite shrill, But the sound to ears is still. For it-is the heart and will That respond.

Drills keep pounding underground. Shovels rattle, picks resound;-Comes to surface, not a sound From beyond.

"Ho, lads! See, your lights are dim! Fill your lamps with oil, and trim Off your wicks! Then with a vim To your toll!"

Forms bent low-unearthly place, Peopled with an early race, Who were born, with hands and face Made to soil.

"Ho, lads!" shouts a voice within,-"Trim your wicks, and cease your din! Why obey these Gods-of-Tin In our might?

Are our arms not great and strong?

Spirit dread!

Needless, then to suffer wrong .-Let us fill the air with song For the Right!"

BUSY SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY HOLD-ING EXCELLENT MEETINGS.

Literature Sales Show Interest and Studiousness on Part of Workingmen -Questions as Usual, Add Zest to

Street Gatherings - Pushing The

Philadelphia, Pa., August 14 .- Section Philadelphia, Socalist Labor Party, has not been idle during the summer, although it has not been heard from very often. The Section has been handicapped by lack of speakers, but in spite of this it has held two open-air meetings week right along. Literature sales have been good, considering the hard times, and the interest taken by the

McConnell, resigned. workers has been encouraging. Last Saturday night the usual meet ng was held at 40th street and Lan-GREAT DROP IN FOREIGN TRADE. caster avenue. Lutherman, Erwin and Washington, August 12 .- Exports for Anton were the speakers, and a large July were \$37,153,531. In July, 1907. rowd listened to what was said, with they were \$44,344,129. For the first wident interest. When it arrived at seven months of this year, which inquestion time, things got lively and the cludes July, exports were \$476,160,066. crowd increased. One individual seemed For the same period last year they were to be very wroth at the idea that Social-\$570,113,666. ism would enable every worker to get Cotton exports for seven months this the full product of his labor and se year were \$203,776.674. For the same would lose all ambition. He continued period last year they were \$234,109,666

to interrupt Anton while the questions were being answered, and although of fered the privilege of the platform he refused The crowd finally closed him One questioner seemed to think that

hard times had been caused by the im migrant coming here and settling down but Anton replied that only those who couldn't get the money to go back had staved, which seemed to catch the humor of the crowd, who greeted the answer with laughter and applause. The sale of literature was good at this meeting. Sunday night saw us at the City Hall

Plaza with Anton as principal speaker, and a fairly good meeting was the result. Wednesday night, at Broad street and Columbia avenue, wa were again on dc.'c, with Edmund Seidel of New York as principal speaker. Seidel chose

for his subject, "Why you should vote for the S. L. P. and why you should join the S. L. P." He spoke for over an hour to a fair-sized audience, which stayed throughout the entire meeting



Party, July, 1904, and Re-adopted at the National Convention, July, 1908.

The Socialist Labor Party of America, in convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable right of man to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

We hold that the purpose of government is to secure to every citizen the enjoyment of this right; but taught by experience we hold furthermore that such right is illusory to the majority of the people, to wit, the working class, under the present system of economic inequality that is essentially destructive of THEIR life, THEIR liberty and THEIR happiness.

We hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be controlled by the whole people; but again taught by experience we hold furthermore that the true theory of economics is that the means of production must likewise be owned, operated and controlled by the people in comcannot exercise his right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness without the ownership of the land on and the tool with which to work. Deprived of these, his life, his liberty and his fate fall into the hands of the class that owns those essentials for work and production. We hold that the existing contradiction between the theory of democratic government and the fact of a despotic economic system-the private ownership of the natural and social opportunities-divides the people into two classes: the Capitalist Class and the Working Class; throws society into the convulsions of the Class Struggle; and perverts government to the exclusive benefit of the Capitalist Class.

of toil then indeed must we be non compos mentis if we do not revolt and put a stop to this infernal state o affairs.

A ROUSING BULLETIN WHICH ALL OF THEM SHOULD READ.

Executive Committee of the Street Car Employes of Scattle, Wash, Issues Statement to the Men of Their City and Elsewhere Which Should Mean Something Doing in the World of Labor.

Seattle, Wash, Aug. 11 .-- The Executive Committee of the street car workers has issued as "Bulletin No. 1" the following address to the street car employes in Seattle, Wash., (and elsewhere.).

Fellow Workers:-

Since the squeeze given our employers during the money panic last fall we the street car workers, have been drivon at such a desperately high rate of speed in order to increase their already enormous profit on the capital invested and thus enable them to recoup the fortunes purloined from them by their more shrewd and powerful fellow capitalists, that the time has come for us to bestir ourselves, to rouse our sleeping manhood and what little selfrespect is left within us. In other words we must get together and unitedly not simply cry Halt! to the merciless mental and physical lashings we are receiving, but fearlessly and determinedly put a stop to this unparalleled exploitation, by taking the reins of ownership and the lash of management 666.857 for the same seven months last entirely and forever away, not only from the small body of capitalists who own and control this particular system of transportation, but also from the larger body of capitalists who own and control all the other wealth of the nation, and who through their subsidized press, through their hirelings in the legislative halls, in the courts, and on the police, are driving us to the limit of our endurance, and forcing conditions upon us worse than were ever the conditions forced upon the slaves of antiquity, crushing, maiming, disfiguring if not dismembering the bodies of our fellow workers and those we hold dear; overtaxing us with long and irregular hours of ceaseless toll that make sleep and even the performance of organic functions impossible, breaking down our bodies to an extent that does not leave a physically sound man among us; imposing upon our minds such intense and stunning exactions and duties both when at work and when not at work: overwhelming us with such heaps of petty, peevish and humiliating criticisms and fault-findings: expecting us to carry the responsibilities of the whole service, yet treating us as if we were children and totally void of sense; and all that a few parasites may fatten

and while away their useless and worthless lives in idleness and debauch.

Conditions Hellish and Appalling.

Verily, fellow workers, our condition is appalling and hellish indeed. To think that we and we alone without the least assistance on the part of our employers are conducting and managclaim to the fruits of our labor; and just in that proportion will we become ing this whole system of transportation, carrying millions of passengers yearly, taking in hundreds of thoufree and be recognized as free men sands of dollars. And then we hand it and women ad not slaves. all over to our do-nothing employers and get in return what? Fine houses Brussels carpets, porcelain bath-tubs hours? Refrigerators crammed with season, not to mention a few bottles of choice wines to brace us up when we return home after a heavy day's travel? Wardrobes with rows of latest-patterned clothes, of materials adaptable to the changeableness of the weather, with passes to the opera and the symphony concerts tucked away in the inside pockets?-things which a fraction and, mind you, a fraction only of what we are entitled to for our work would procure us if we in our idiotic simplicity did not allow our masters to appropriate to themselves fore will be resented by all of us. our earnings? Ah, no, Fellow Workers, these things and such as these are not for us during the present system of exploitation. If they, were we might not feel so much the ignoble and degrading posisome of our apparently more fortunate exploitation and even lend a hand in our childishly faithful efforts to please indefatigably applying ourselves to the carrying on and managing of the serout a murmur to the exasperatingly

The Question to Be Solved. The question, therefore, fellow wage slaves which is up for our consideration, to-day; the question that will be up for consideration to-morrow and the day after to-morrow; aye, the question that will be up for our consideration until it is finally and forever

settled, is not the question of getting a little more butter on our bread; it is not the question of buying a seven and-a-half-cents a yard shirtwaist for our wives instead of a two-cents a yard one. Nor is it the question of getting a hand-me-down suit of clothes for ourselves, or of making up for the loss in wages which an occasional day off entails. Oh, no, Fellow Workers, these are not the questions, even though they be of considerable importance just now .

The real question, the vital and all important question which must, which ought to, and which will be up for our consideration until it is finally disposed of as pleases us, is the question of abelishing the present system of wage slavery, thereby overthrowing the all-pervading capitalist system of downright robbery to which we are subjected, and inaugurating in its stead a social state of society that will afford every able bodied man and woman the desired opportunity to work and make it imperative that equivalent values be the reward for service

rendered

However, before we can accomplish this we must have a thorough knowledge of our own strength, both intellectually and numerically, so that we may know when to act, and when we do act, to act unitedly.

This does not imply that we must have a college or university education in order to knock down and out our exploiters. Not at all. What it does imply, however, is that we must know and feel our own importance as well as recognize the superfluity and uselessness of our employers. We must know and feel that we and we alone are necessary in carrying on our industrial relations with one another: that we and we alone are entitled to the wealth we create and that all others are parasites sucking our life blood

and therefore our enemies. But that is not all. We must also know and feel that appearances, at times to the contrary notwithstanding, our fellow workers are our only friends, and that therefore we must stand by them in their hardships and adversity, for only through mutual sympathy and co-operation can we grow strong enough to cope successfull with our masters, and wrench from them th power that now enables

them to keep us in bondage. In other words We Must Be Class Conscious. Once we have become class conscious, the battle is won and the victory ours. And just in proportion as this class consciousness and subsequent class-solidarity become apparent among us, just in that proportion will the Bread and Butter and allied questions be solved and eliminated. For just in that proportion will our employers, the capitalist class, see the necessity of relinguishing their

The Importance of Getting Together. Let us, then, get together and stay with large and spacious rooms, heated together. Let us extend the aiding and and lit up with electricity? Downy shielding hand at all times to our fellow workers. Let us cultivate a spirit with hot and cold water running at all of inquiry and observation of our masters' doings, that we may anticipate juicy meats, vegetables and fruits in any intent on their part to create dissension and jealously among us. Let us show our enemies that no longer can they befool or befog us by supposed favoritisms or preferments; let us show them that the time for buncombe is past, and that no longer .can they find ignoble and willingstools among us to drive and betray our fellow wage workers even though a supercoated job be for a short time the reward for the sacrifice of our manhood and selfrespect. And lastly, let us show them these cowards, that an injury to one of us, is an injury to all of us, and there Just as manure, though filled with vermin and a stench in the nostrils of the fertilizer, proves an excellent regenerator of worn-out soll if judiciously applied, stimulating it to bring tion as wage slaves and might, as do forth healthy crops of vegetation, so long hours of ceaseless toll at starvafellow slaves, willingly submit to the tion wages, uncomfortable, crowded and squalid conditions in and about intensifying it. But when in return for | our dwelling places; poor, adulterated, and insufficient food for our families; our employers by more minutely and ragged and shoddy clothes for ourselves; misleading if not stultifying schools for our children, teaching revice, we get but vicious insults and spect for the parasitic capitalist robber reproaches; when, by submitting with- class and meek submission to their exploitation; etc., etc.; all of these, ceaseless and health-wrecking hours of though excretions from the capitalist toll we get but more exasperatingly system of production for profit, yet decapitation of the present wage sysceaseless and health-wrecking hours prove excellent fertilizer for the mind tem-

S. L. P. PROPAGANDA EAGERLY SOUGHT IN ILLINOIS.

AMONG THE MINERS

Large and Interested Meetings Show Their Appreciation by Large Purchase. of Literature - Mines All on Shor! Time, and Population on Verge of Destitution.

St. David's, Ill., August 9 .--- I have held five meetings during the week, with . total sale of 52 books; also secured one subscription to the Daily People and nineteen to the Weekly.

The first of these five meetings way held in Kingston Mines, a little mining camp just below Peoria, on the Illinoit River. Rivermen and miners made up the audience, and with one exception they all received and appreciated what was said. This one exception attempted to play the smarty and got whipped for his pains. I found the miners in a poverty-stricken state in this camp. They are working only two days out of the

week.

After a good night's rest at the hospitality of a man who was a close attender at the meeting and purchased a deal of literature. I left next morning for Canton. Located in Canton is a plant called the P. & O. Plows Works, which, when in full blast, exploits in the neighborhood of twelve hundred men. I attempted to get in but failed. All of the windows and doors are covered with heavy iron screens and at every entrance is stationed a watchman. The proper name for this place should be the P. & O. Prison. The slaves working on the inside of this prison have become so meek and docile, that the masters found it a very easy matter to organize them ipto a company of militia, so that whenever the occasion arrives they will be able to do yeoman's service for the op-

pressors. In Dumferline a meeting was held last Wednesday night. A good crowd of miners turned out and the meeting was a success. We held forth again the following night in St. David's another mining camp close by, and met with the same success as on the previous night.

A good supply of books was sold and several subs secured at both meetings. The mines in these two camps are working only three days out of the week. and with conditions getting steadily worse. To get that part of the working class who allow themselves to be led to the belief that reforms are a good thing for their class, I only have to call their attention to the "Certificate of Competency" imposed upon the miners as a glorious reform. In this case the miners are compelled to cough up to the tune of \$1 for the privilege of telling a fake Examining Board consisting of three political buzzards what the color of their eves and hair is, also their age, height, weight and nationality, in order to hold on to their jobs in the mines. This is

enly one of the many acts of John Mitchell to prove him to be one of the worst traitors the miners ever had to contend with; yet he, along with the reformers, has been telling the miners what a great benefit this Certificate of Competency is to them.

The miners are catching on, however, and the day is coming when the Lewises and Mitchells won't have the easy time they are having now and have been, but on the contrary will get all that is acoming to them and a little bit more. A sympathizer named Williams and I went

The men in the W. F. M. who amount to something, they to whom the revolution is more than an empty phrase, who do not quit when the weight of the len begins to make itself felt-did not," as has been noted, fall in with the plans of Moyer, Mahoney and Co., fought for what they held to be right from the first moment of the onvention to the last. So far as tanble results are concerned, however, they got little out of it. They were dubbed "the rebels." Our old-time ac-"the rebels." Our old-time acaintance, John M. O'Neill, with the icacy and choice of language for which he is famous, is credited with having referred to them as "coyotes," the term a little stronger, too, by the addition of one of his picturesque adjectives. The occasion for this was a estion on the part of the recalcitrants as to why certain communications sent in by locals not beloved by his fellows at headquarters had not been itted to see the light in the columns of the "Miners' Magazine."

So far as may be determined at the present time, the men who fought for the reaffiliation of the W. F. M. with the I. W. W. secured nothing more than the election of their leader, Joseph Hutchinson, as member of the executive in office, he will continue the fight to get the W. F. M. back into the industrial on movement. The odds are against him, however, as all the other members of the board and the officers will have

othing of the I. W. W. The fight for the presidency developed

"Ho, lads! Onward to the Light! Cease your dreaming in the night! Fill these holes with Thought's own Might-

Clamber up the ladder steen. To the Light, from darkness deep; Show the Earth we're not asleep, Nor yet dead!"

"Ho, lads! Come and slake your thirst! Devils we, by Angels cursed;-Angels white, who fear the worst Yet to come! They, who wield the sceptre bright, Fearful, lest we in the night Slay the beast that brings us blight Still and dumb!"

"Royal diadems we fill;-From the frost we draw the chill:-To the poor and to the ill We're a friend. Yet, the rich man's heart is stone, All his usefulness outgrown--Vengeance, lads! Reclaim your own To the end!"

AN EXCEPTIONAL OFFER.

We would call the attention of book buyers to our exceptional offer of the work, "The New Harmony Movement." board. Hutchinson declares that, while by George B. Lockwood, which we will send by mail at the low price of sixtyfive cents. The book is cloth bound, 400 pages, illustrated, and is well worth

New York Labor News Co., 98 City Hall Place, New York

Thus labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces. is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessaries of life.

Against such a system the Socialist Labor Party raises the banner of revolt, and demands the unconditional surrender of the Capitalist Class.

The time is fast coming when in the natural course of social evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises, on the one hand, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalist combinations, on the other hand, will have worked out its own downfall.

We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of America to organize under the banner of the Socialist Labor Party into a class conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them.

And we also call upon all other intelligent citizens to place themselves squarely upon the ground of Working Class interests, and join us in this mighty and noble work of human' emancipation, so that we may put summary end to the existing barbarous class conflict by placing the land and all the means of production, transportation and distribution into the hands of the people as a collective body, and substituting the Co-operative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder-a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

AT NO

to Canton Saturday night and held a meeting in front of Court Square.

A good crowd gathered to hear the S. L. P. message, and, to show their appreciation, twenty books were purchased. The future looks bright for the S. L. P. in this vicinity, and with the seed sown I hope to hear of a section being organized in the near future.

Will leave to-morrow for Havana and Jacksonville. At the latter place I will get the co-oparation of Tanner, the old war-horse, and hope to be able to send in a good list of subs from there. Charles Pierson.

of the proletarians, when used as object lessons, stimulating them to revolutionary action on both the ecomonic and political field, that must and will bring forth a healthy system of social co-operation.

Let us then benefit by the cruel essons given us in the past; apply our experience of the present and make the future ours.

Yours for the abolition of wage slavery,

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE SEATTLE STREET CAR EM-PLOYEES.

It is announced that the next bulletin will contain an outline of the form of organization essential to the street car men's emancipation, and suggestions regarding political action, the indispensable weapon to the successful



A WORD TO THE LABORER BY A REPUBLICAN ORATOR, THAT IS FULL OF MEAT.

By Robert G. Ingersoll.

Invention has filled the world with the ompetitors not only of laborers, but of cs - mechanics of the highest kill. To-day the ordinary laborer is for he most part a cog in a wheel. He works with the tireless-he feeds the insatiable. When the monster stops the man is out of employment, out of bread. He has not saved anything. The machine that he fed was not feeding himthe invention was not for his benefit. The other day I heard a man say that is was almost impossible for thousands of good mechanics to get employment, nd that, in his judgment, the government ought to furnish work for the peo-A few minutes after I heard anther my that he was selling a patent ting out clothes, that one of his mehines could do the work of twenty ailors, and that only the week before sold two to a great house in New

and that over forty cutters had discharged every side men are being discharg-

hines are being invented to their places. When the great fachuts down, the workers who ined it and gave life to it, as thoughts the brain, go away and it stands

here like an empty skull. A few work-nen, by force of habit, gather about the losed doors and broken windows and alk about their distress, the price of ood and the coming winter. They are mvinced that they have not had their are of what their labor created. They el that the machines inside were not ir friends. They look at the manon of the employer and think of the it is a "mob." If they defend themnothing-nothing but themselves. The the rich control the departments of govmployer seems to have enough. Even ernment? In this country the political poor poorer?

power is equally divided among men. when employers fail, when they become bankrupf, they are far better off than There are certainly more poor than there the laborers ever were. Their worst is are rich. Why should the rich control ! better than the toiler's best.

WHY SHOULD NOT THE WORKERS COMBINE FOR THE PURPOSE OF The capitalist comes forward with his CONTROLLING the executive, legisla specific. He tells the workingman that tive and judicial departments? WILL he must be economical-and yet, under THE WORKERS EVER LEARN HOW the present system, ECONOMY WOULD ! POWERFUL THEY ARE? ONLY LESSEN HIS WAGES. Under In every country there is a satisfied

class - too satisfied to care. They are the great law of supply and demand, evlike the angels in beaven, who are never ery saving, frugal, self-denying workingdisturbed by the miseries of earth. They man is unconsciously doing what little he can to reduce the compensation of are too happy to be generous. This satisfied class asks no questions and anhimself and his fellows. The slave who swers none. They believe the world is did not wish to run away helped to as it should be. All reformers are simfasten the chains upon those who did. ply disturbers of the peace. When they talk low, they should not be listened to; SO THE SAVING MECHANIC' IS A CERTIFICATE THAT WAGES ARE when they talk loud, they should be sup-HIGH ENOUGH. Does the great law demand that every worker live on the pressed. The truth is to-day what it always least possible amount of bread? Is it

has been-what it always will be-those his fate to work one day, that he may who feel are the only ones who think A cry comes from the hungry, from the to work another day ! Is that to be his oppressed, from the down-trodden, from

the unfortunate, from men who despair Capital has always claimed and still and from women who weep. There are claims the right to combine. Manufactimes when mendicants become revoluturers meet and determine upon prices, tionists-WHEN A RAG BECOMES A even in spite of the great law of supply and demand. Have the laborers the BANNER, under which the noblest and same right to consult and combine? The the bravest battle for the right. How are we to settle the unequal con rich men meet in the bank, the clubtest between men and machines? WILL house, or parlor. Workingmen, when THE MACHINE FINALLY GO INTO they combine, gather in the street. Cap-PARTNERSHIP WITH THE LABORital has the army and navy, the legis-ER! Can these forces of nature be conlative, the judicial, and the executive trolled for the benefit of her suffering departments, of government. When the children? Will the workers become inrich combine, it is for the purpose of "exchanging ideas." When the poor teligent enough and strong enough to combine, it is "conspiracy." If they act become the owners of the machines? in concert, if they really do something,

Will these giants, these Titans, shorten or lengthen the hours of labor? Will they give leisure to the industrious, or will they make the rich richer, and the

VICTOR BERGER STARTS TO BORE ON THE FIFTH DAY.

And Is Speedily Bored into Silence When He Starts to Talk Politics - Spectre of Corrigan's Syracuse Case Still Haunts President Lynch - Hearst's Boston American and the Newsboys' Strike.

Boston, August 14 .- The fifty-fourth onvention of the International Typographical Union convened at 10 a. m. ugust 10, at Ford Memorial Hall. The delegates, numbering about 400, were called to order by Norman Mc-Phail, chairman of the local reception committee, who first introduced the Rev. J. H. Waldron, Chaplain of the Massachusetts State Senate, who offered prayer.

Second Day.

The report of the committee n laws, which consisted of a report of 106 propositions submitted by different delegations and the execuve council was read.

Seventy-four of these propositions ere disposed of by 12:30 noon (thanks to the rapid rulings of the chair), mong which were only a few that might interest the readers of The People. These dealt with the extension of the referendum principle, which heretofore had applied only to questions pertaining to the constitution of the I. T. U., and which in the event of the several amendments being adopted would give the membership an portunity to vote upon questions which now come under the head of General Laws, The discussion upon this point tool

decidedly interesting turn, and gave the visitor an opportunity to judge the intelligence of those taking part in the debate. Some argued in favor of the democracy involved in the referendum, and said they believed in centralization of administration, but to leave the right of final authority in the keeping of the rank and file through the referendum. The opposition pleaded too much work, faith in their officials, etc. One delegate from California was in favor of abolishing the referendum altogether and leaving it all in the hands of their trusted officials; still another delegate from Florida said, "If we extend this prin-

ciple of the referendum any further we may as well disband as a trades union and reorganize as a Socialist party."

After some further discussion the unfavorable report of the committee (that is, against the extension of the referendum) was concurred in.

Fourth Day.

On this day a speaker was introduced as one beloved by every workingman in the United States, John Mitchell, expresident of the United Mine Workers and now in the employ of the National Civic Federation. Mr. Mitchell received tremendous and continuous ovation from the delegates and audience. He started in by saying he knew he was addressing a body of men who had fifty years experience in trades unionism and e would not attempt to give them any advice on their organization but if he spoke at all he wanted to say something while. He said: "I have no constituency; I have the honor of being past president of the United Mine Workr ten years and I can say that the BOYS). This resolution was unanimously adopted. miners were fighters and their fights on some occasions had shocked the consciences of some of the American people, but in all the fight they have had I was never in favor of a strike until I had exhausted every honorable means of peace. After all my experience I have concluded that it is better to pursue a different policy than that which we have been pursuing. I believe that industrial strikes and lockouts should be avoided until employers and employes have done all in their power to settle their differences through a humane and just method, arbitration. I have decided to devote the rest of my life towards furthering this idea amongst trade unionists, I would like to see every man and every woman who works for a living belong to a trade union. I don't know whether the interests of capital and labor are identical or not, but I do know that the differences as to the division of profits which are resultant from their joint energies can be decided by a joint conference where they meet on a basis of equality. A union man should be a better worker than a non-union man, and a union employer should be a better employer than a non-union employer. The coal miners have increased their wages one hundred per cent. in one year and reduced their hours of labor about 30 per cent., and that was mainly through arbitration. We must recognize the right of employers to close their establishments as well as the right of the workers to strike. I am glad to say that my experience in the trade union' movement has led me to believe that

better times are coming and the trade unions are increasing numerically and also intellectually."

Mr. Mitchell then, after tremendous applause, took his seat and the convention, still under the head of the report of committee on laws, started to discuss what is known as the priority law, which law was still under discussion at the time of adjournment at 5:30 p.m.

Fifth Day.

Under the report of the committee or finance a resolution to assist financially Local Seattle in a law suit brought against them by T. Johnson, a suspended member of the I. T. U., was referred to the Executive Council. It seems Johnson had been suspended for the violation of some local law, and after his suspension he went to Los Angeles and ratted on the Los Angeles "Times." He left Los Angeles and went back to Seattle and applied for reinstatement. While his application was pending he brough suit against the union for \$30,000, and received judgment for \$3,500. The local union has appealed and they request that financial assistance be given.

During the discussion on this proposition a delegate from Syracuse took the floor and said that he had had considerable experience in matters of this kind in the past and he could call upon Pres. Lynch to verify this statement. He said that some years ago a member of the I. T. U. of Syracuse, N. Y., who was also a member of the Socialist Labor Party of that city had a bad habit of standing on a soap box on the street corners and charging Pres. Lynch of the I. T. U. with all kinds of malicious conduct. There were no names too bad for the president that this man would not utter and the local union decided to take him to court. This man's name was Charles Corrigan and "we" fought him in the court and the result was that he was awarded \$1,500 damages against the union. Instead of pushing this case as the Seattle delegates desire to push theirs, "we" were sensible enough to set tle with this man Corrigan by giving him \$700 and taking him back into the union. The total cost was near \$2,000.

Pres. Lynch opposed giving assistance to Seattle on the ground that the local had not proceeded against the suspended member in accordance with the constitu tion, and favored referring to the Executive Council, which disposition was fi nally made of the matter.

Delegate Nolan of Boston submitted a proposition instructing the I. T. U. del egates to the next A. F. of L. convention to support the action of the executive council of the latter body calling for submission of all questions involving a boycott to the executive council of the A. F. of L. Nolan, arguing in support of this proposition, said that his object in introducing it was to avoid a repetition of a disgraceful situation brought about in Boston some time ago by the Central Labor Union instituting a boycott against a strictly union newspaper, the Boston "American," such boycott being instituted at the request of the Newsboys' Union. He held that the Newsboys' Union, ' although affiliated with the Central Labor Union, never should have been, and that the boycott was instituted against the "American' for the simple reason that the management had increased the price of papers to the newsboys, the right which any employer or manufacturer has to in crease the price of his product (OR IN OTHER WORDS, THE TYPOGRAPH-ICAL UNION DELEGATES WERE TRYING TO JUSTIFY THEIR SCAE-BING UPON THE BOSTON NEWS-

SECTION CALENDAR

An Address by DANIEL DE LEON

THE QUESTION OF SOCIAL-

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AND THIS PAMPHLET

SHOULD BE READ BY ALL

WHO ARE INTERESTED IN

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Section San Francisco, Cal., S. L. P. Headquarters, Hungarian Socialist Federation, Lettonian Socialist Labor Federation, 883 McAllister street.

Los Angeles, Cal., Headquarters and public reading rooms at 409 East Seventh street. Public educational meetings Wednesday evenings. People readers are invited to our rooms and meetings.

Section Cleveland, Ohio, S. L. P., meets every alternate Sunday at 356 Ontario street (Ger. Am. Bank Bldg.) top floor, at 3 P. M.

Headquarters Section Cincinnati, O., S. L. P., at 1414 Race street. General Committee meets every second and fourth Thursday, German, Jewish and Hungarian educational meetings every Wednesday and Sunday, Open every n'ght.

Section Allentown, Pa., S. L. P., meets every first Saturday in the month at 8 p. m. Headquarters 815 Hamilton street. Section Providence, R. I., 81 Dyer st., room 8. Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

New Jersey State Executive Committee, S. L. .P .- John Hossack, Secretary. 22 Fulton Ave., Jersey City; Fred. Gerold, Financial Secretary, 102 Waverly St., Jersev City, N. J.

Chicago, Illinois.-The 14th Ward Branch, Socialist Labor Party, meets every 1st and 3rd Sunday, 2 p. m. sharp, at Friedmann's Hall, S. E. corner Grand and Western avenues. Workingmer and women are cordially invited.

Section Seattle, S. I. P. headquarters. free reading room and lecture hall, No. 2000 Second avenue. P. O. address. Box 1040.

Section Salt Lake, Utah, meets every Wednesday, 8 p. m., Rooms 4 and 5, Galena Biock, 69 East 2nd So st. Free Reading Room. Weekly People readers invited

All communications intended for the Minnesota S. E. C. should be addressed to Otto Olson, 310 7th ave., So, Minneapolis, Minn.

Section St. Paul, Minn., S. L. P., holds a husiness meeting every second and fourth Sunday in the month at 10 a, m. at Federation Hall, cor. 3rd and Wabash streets.

Woman Under

By August Bebel

TRANSLATED FROM THE ORIGINAL GERMAN F THE THIRTY-THIRD EDITION BY DANIEL

The Woman Question is not a question by itself; it is a

part of the great social problem. Proceeding along this

line, Bebel's work is an exhaustive analysis of the eco-

nomic position of woman in the past and present. De-

spite the boasts of Capitalist Christianity the facts show

that under Capitalism woman, especially of the work-

ing class, is degraded and dwarfed physically and men-

tally, while the word home is but a mockery. From such

condition of parenthood the child is stunted before its

birth, and the miasmas, bred from woman's economic

slavery, rise-so high that even the gilded houses of the

capitalist class are polluted. Under Socialism, woman,

having economic freedom equal with man, will develop

mentally and physically, and the mentally and physically

stunted and dwarfed children of the capitalist system

will give way to a new race. The blow that breaks the

Socialism -

ANSWER TO CRITICS

be able to get food enough to be able

only hope-that, and death?

BY H. H. LANE. ON THE APPROVAL OF PRESTON'S NOMINATION.

having put my hand to the task I will

1st. Is conceded, but we must, with all

suse of a communication from George need of San Francisco, published in Daily People of the 10th inst., without any pirit of criticism; on the contrary, wid like to have those lines pasted in he hat of every workmen in the country; therefore think they will bear reishing; they amount to a sermon in

"selves. us not be hero worshippers; we

id do for Preston what we did for wood. When the working class does we will know it's on a sound basis." consequence of some words of mine shed in. The People I have been by criticised, and there has been an action that I am inclined to be a

worshipper, which soft impeach t I deny emphatically. 6 well balanced Socialist can be

worshipper or hero worshipper. leficient in his Socialism to that at least, and on a critical exam-a doubtless will find some further

not worship Preston, but it is tural we should admire the act of a ways man in a clear-cut defense of his ways life, or of woman. But there is are but trifles when they impede the will of the people.

men long since dead who knew nothing of the needs of the 20th century. It was constructed largely in the interest of private capitalism and by the means provided for its construction it is made wholly so, but the Declaration of Inde ence, which is a little more ancien and more universally revered, recogniz the right of the people, when their form of government does not suit them, to throw it off and establish another that will suit their purposes better. Vox Populi vox Dei. But the Constitution in wise forbids the citizens voting for any person for President who is not 35 years old, or was not born on this sacred soil. Should they do so and elect such a one, he will be pretty likely to be seated. 2nd. We all know that and it also is conceded. But if elected-as he will be as surely as the sun rises and sets upor

not turn back.

election day, provided the working class ire it-he may rest as as a class d congratulation as giving great con-

espect for this antiquated document. realize we were in no sense responsible for its formulation; it was the work of mon with Preston are victims of the capitalist class. When Preston stood on picket duty for his union he was doing picket duty for the working class. When he fired the shot in defense of his life it rang out as a shot in defense of the working class. And when he was condemned by a capitalist court, it was the working class that was condemned, it was not the man Preston that the cap-

answers, Why?

H. H. L New Haven, Conn., August 12. ferers, and, whenever possible, the de-

I take the liberty of copying the last | command an abler pen than mine, but | fidence in the future welfare of the Socialist Republic. 4th. Except for degree, is conceded and I am glad to have it recognized even by a few. The whole working class in com-

italists cared for. It was a leader of the working class they wanted to persecute, the same as when Haywood was on trial, it was the whole working class-of the country on trial. Although the President of the United States singled out Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone as undesirable citizens; the denunciation involved the whole working class, and the young man Preston is now undergoing ment for his class. What are they doing for him? The working class, as numerous as the sands of the shore. the capitalists so few in comparison are insignificant. Why do we permit them to dominate us? why is not the voice of the people heard in thunder tones? Echo

mirable, as it is more rare. It is called	胡湯
meral courage. It inspires one to stand	0
in for his conviction upon any and all	Sec.
crations. These two kinds of courage	
and aspaily combined in Preston, mak-	
ng his personality doubly admirable.	
My friendly critics perhaps think they	調調
bauld have some attention. I feel the	
same myself; but they must realize how	0
meetly impossible it would be for me to	
maly to each individually. Considering	10
hat each may think he is the only one,	
	1
and I am lacking in courtesy, I will	I
make a list of the objections and answer	PO
them as well as I can, trusting to the	10.855
kindness of The People to find space.	t
To begin with, friends, I want to say	b
appreciate and welcome your crit-	
cisms, and should, even if they were in	e
a loss kindly spirit. Whatever I say or	
write for public circulation is a just	
subject for criticism and I personally	3
in responsible. Your criticisms are the	1 .
mere wellome as indicating enterprise	
meral courage.	1 1
lat. That Preston is ineligible for the	
Presidency under the Constitution, be-	l t
	100

2. That he is in prison undergoin ag source of imprisonment and could gurated.

2. That he is not the most fit man is the S. L. P. for President of the United

are other members of the in the country who are th Preston victims of the ass who are legally eligible

The allower to this indictment should

WIFE DESERTION.

and Times Gives Rise to Epidemic of It. of the society along these lines, however, As one effect of the crisis, an epidemic wife-desertion has struck the poorer stricts of this city. Reports which the hildren's Aid Society has received from visitors in the eight districts where he society maintains its branch stations f the Sick Children's Mission, show this be the case. One visitor has found elve desertos wives in one neighborod within a month.

The reason for these desertions, as plained by this visitor, Mrs. Edith K. acarthur, of the East Eighty-eighth the society show wthout exception that reet station, is the hard times. Mrs. distress in the districts in which they acArthur bases her assertion upon a mparison of the conditions in her highborhood before the financial panic arew thousands of its residents out of ork, and the conditions which exist tution. Nor does the percentage of inere now

"Where last year," she said, "I found ily one or two cases of deserted wives my district, I have stumbled across en in one month. When it is considered that the recent cases were revealed by a very superficial inspection of part of my territory, the situation

recomes appalling." The district in which Mrs. MacArthur's station is situated stretches from Sixty-sixth street to One Hundreth street, and from Second avenue to the East River. Immediately relief is tendered the suf-second time for help.

serted wives are put to work. The work s said to have been badly handicapped this year by lack of funds, as the regular work of the society-that of caring specifically for children - has increased to such proportions, owing to the hard .

On top of this report on wife desertion. due to the hard times, another statement just issued by the Charity Organization Society shows that great destitution con-tinues to prevail in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Reports from the ten district offices of are situated not only continues acute. but that the present amount of destitution and unemployement severely forecast another winter of exceptional desticreased work in the district offices seem to fall off as the summer advances. For instance, the number of new applicants in the district offices for help from the society was, in July, 150 per cent. greater than the number of new applicants for help as in July, 1907. Then, again, the number of families which it is necessary to help again after

a period of self-support, is a barometer of prevailing conditions. In July of this





WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 22. 1908.

28 City Hall Place, New York. Box 1576. Tel. 129 New Bud 1510. Ic. 129 New 16 Published every Saturday by the SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY. Paul Augustine. National Secretary. Adolph Orange, National Treasurer.

Entered as second-class matter at the New York Post Office, July 13, 1900. Owing to the limitations, of this office, correspondents are requested to keep a copy of their articles, and not to expect them to be returned. Consequently, no stamps should be sent for return.



SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY FRESIDENTIAL TICKET.

-For President: AUGUST GILLHAUS. Engineer, New York, as Proxy for MORRIE R. PRESTON, Now in the Nevada State Penitentiary for the legitimate exercise of the right of self-defense on picket-duty, and whom delicacy prevents from personally appearing on the ballot. For Vice-President: DONALD L. MUNRO, Machinist, Virginia.

Power holds violence in but little dread, for power can smother violence in blood; but power fears IDEAS, which neither lead nor steel can ever kill. -EUGENE SUE.

BRYAN JUST SHORT OF ARTEMUS. Fully five times in the course of his acceptance speech, pronounced on the 12th,

does Mr. Bryan ask the question: Shall the people rule? There is no law imaginable that will enable propertiless people to rule. Rule is an attribute of property. He who holds property rules; he who holds none is ruled. For the people to rule in fact they must be property-holders. Only then is rule other than tyranny. The question, Shall the people rule? implies they do not rule to-day. The fact of their not ruling reflects the fact of their being propertiless, through no fault of The affirmative answer to the question, Shall the people rule ? obviously requires propositions that shall enable the people to acquire the property necessary for rule, and requisite to prevent Leing tyrannized.

Not once is Mr. Bryan's question fol-

-I'm no map." Mr. Bryan's speech closed abruptly. He had followed Artemus Ward as a model up to just before the close. His closing sentence should have been: "Gentlemen of the Notification Committee, as to, Shall the people rule? you can find all about it in the platform and literature of the Socialist Labor Party -I'm no Socialist."

ROOSEVELT AS SHANGHAIER.

With a great bray of trumpets another letter has just issued from the Complete Letter Writer, housed at the Federal Capitol. This time the letter is on the subject of "better social, sanitary and economic conditions on American farms." The epistle is addressed to Prof. L. H. Bailey of the New York College of Agriculture. It starts with the startling announcement that "no nation has ever achieved permanent greatness unless this greatess was based on the well-being of the great farmer class;" it then proceeds to sing the praises of the great progress made by that self-same farmer class of America in well-being; and then goes on to state that, this notwithstanding, "the social and economic institutions of the open country are not keeping pace with the development of the Nation as a whole." In confirmation of this last assertion the opinion is quoted of a physician, "a careful student of

farm life," who declared that "personally, from the health point of view," he would prefer to see his own daughter, a 9-year-old girl, "at work in a cotton mill rather than have her live as a tenant on the average Southern tenant onehorse farm,"

Of course, the last statements do not tally with the first set. Indeed, the last are correct, and are the cause of the epistle.

By all sociologic tests, the propertyholding inhabitants of the "open country" not only are not "keeping pace" with the development of the Nation as a whole, they are going backwards and sinking down. It is not the so-called "backward races" from Europe who congest most of our cities. The largest contingent is furnished by "the great farmer class" and mostly out of the "old" native stock." The causes that lead to this result are the causes that are urging on the overthrow of the capitalist system of iniquity.

Time was when the farm was attractive. In those days there never was any real difficulty in obtaining "farm hands" Those were the days when the "farm hand" of to-day became the farmer of tomorrow. It was, the days that ran parallel with those when the employe,

nechanic or servant in the cities could look with confidence to the time when he would be his own master. As thos days changed in the cities, they changed also in the "open country," leaving, however, the "farm hand," or rural proletarian, in an infinitely worse pickle. Bad, and often even horrible; as the condition of the urban proletarian became. the very crowd in which he found himself furnished him opportunities, on the one hand, to eke out a living somehow, or the other, to assert himself, and thereby mitigate the weight of his chains. In other words, the evils suffered by the urban proletarians were evils of capitalism that came accompanied with certain opportunities for individual assertion that capitalism affords. With the rural proletarian it was and is otherwise. . The evils of capitalism did not and do not bring to him any

time" has become a proverb. The Complete Letter-Writer in Wash ington is well aware of this. In his epistle to Prof. Bailey he but appears in the role of a shanghaier-trying to shanghai the unwary onto the farmer's ship, hence singing the praises of the happy life of Captain Farmer, whose progress towards happiness, though rapid, should be made still more rapid by

means of committees to promote his "social, sanitary and economic condition.'

HOW. "HOLD IT"? The New York "Evening Journal" has issued a handbill containing some advice

upon how to become a free man. Who would not be free? According the "Evening Journal," the thing is dead easy. All that needs to be done is to buy real estate, the right kind, and hold

There is a double absurdity involved in the proposition.

The first is that it amounts to saying that, in order to become a free man, a man must start with being free. He who has money enough to buy real estate of the right kind can hardly be pronounced non-free from the "Evening lournal" standpoint.

The second absurdity is no less so. "The wise man will buy and hold a piece of this earth for himself," sayeth the wisdom-imparter on the "Evening Journal." Aye, indeed! Hold it! That's the rub!

There is not, between real estate and other lucrative property, any material difference-except in that the holding of real estate is much harder to the small holder than is his holding of a small

shop. In the matter of both, competition drives the small holder to the wall and fattens him out. If the small holder b holder of real estate, then he is in even worse hole. Upon his head blows a rain and hail storm that the holder of a small shop is exempt of. The small holder of real estate is the victim of assessors-a peculiar vermin of capital-

ist republican production. Assessments for "gradings"; assessments for cutting roads; assessments for keeping them in repair; assessments for a score of other purposes, which, like blackbirds, come nobody knows whence, and evaporate, nobody knows whither.

real estate holder is worn out chasing away, not one wolf, but a whole pack of them

A STRAY-LIGHT ON IMMIGRATION. Last week the grotesque reasoning was xposed to which the Jingo instinct of Mr. Robert Hunter led the gentleman when he attributed the decreasing birthrate of the native stock to the floods of European immigrants. An even more serious assault upon Socialist thought is mbodied in Mr. Hunter's claim that, but for the unlimited immigration of Polish Roumanian and Russian Jews, Itali ans, Hungarians, Irish, Germans, etc., etc.; the native stock of America "might have peopled the United States with the seventy millions which now inhabit it.' We do not know what Mr. Hunter's extraction is, Assuming him' to be of the "native stock;" then, had immigration been wholly excluded, and the original 3.000.000 "native stock" been lef to populate this country all to them selves, Mr. Hunter's ideal-then, instead

TRANT PROPLE | you can find out all about it on the map "he who would take up farming for nationality - the Socialist nationality. To naturalize all the world in, and raise pleasure would travel to hell for pasits peoples to, the dignity of that nationality, race and creed is the sublime

mission of the Socialist Movement. The mission is sublime because its aspiration is planted upon fact, not upon sentiment-that most dangerous of foundations, which lead to one of two ex tremes: either altruistic helplessness, o Robert Hunter self-centered petrification.

WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH THE "SOCIALIST PARADISE"?

Admiral Sperry, together with the of ficers of the American fleet, now in New Zealand waters, are being shown the Islands by Sir J. G. Ward, the Prime Minister. We read of their being taken to the races, to Botorua, to the hot baths, to the inauguration ceremonies of new baths, where the rich refresh themselves; to the garrison quarters, etc., etc. There is one thing no mention

is made of as being pointed out for the admiration, or scorn, as the case may be of the visiting marines. That thing is the Socialist Paradise.

Outside of New Zealand the papers are full of the said Paradise. Enterprising Editors have raised collections to send reporters to New Zealand, to bestow through their pen upon the rest of the world a knowledge of the detailed b ties of the Paradise. Whenever things that should not happen afflict our people, forthwith we are informed by enthusiastic reformers that such things never happen in the Paradise of Socialsm-New Zealand. Do wages go down

here ?- that happens never in the Paradise. Do workingmen go on strike here and are then shot in the back by Sher iffs ?-never in the Paradise. Are our streets crowded with starving unemploy ed-the thoroughfares of the Paradise

are crowded only with affluent, well fed, well groomed workers on whose faces shines the oil of contentment. In short the Paradise is in New Zealand and New Zealand is the Paradise of Socialism

With the impression upon our minds created by such glowing descriptions of the New Zealand Paradise, we have felt sure the New Zealand authorities would tote our marines to the Paradise, and exhibit its beauty, spots. Nothing of the sort happened. The Paradise is not mentioned-any more than it would be in the instance of foreign visitors to America. Indeed, there is a painful omission of any allusion to the Paradise There is worse. The only things mentioned are utterly un-paradisaical, at least un-Socialist paradisaical.

John Swinton once told a story of his experience with the Single Tax. When he left New York for a trip to England, he was told here: "There is no Single Tax in New York, but the Movement is strong in London." Arrived in London he inquired after the Single Tax. "None here," was the answer, "but it is powerful in Glasgow." Arrived in Glasgow and again inquiring after the elusive Single Tax, the answer was: "None here, but mighty strong in Brooklyn." Swinton returned to New York. crossed over to Brooklyn, inquired, only to learn: "No Single Tax here, but in Australia-there the Single Tax is carrying everything before it." Can it be that the New Zealand So

cialist Paradise likewise vanishes with the approach of a visitor?

S. L. P. AGITATION IN NEW YORK. All Districts Alive and Speaking to In-

terested Audiences. The open air meetings in New York AT LAST!



years by the election of Bryan, Hisgen or Debs instead of Taft. Prices will be influenced, of course, by the election of dared to assert fifteen years ago that Ervan, Hisgen or Debs, but the same ups and downs will be applied to the seventy billions of stock - it is the ups and downs that do American people out of their savings."

At last!-indeed.

At last there has come from the wordy pen of Lawson a thought pregnant with sense.

Ups and downs of stocks is the means by which the plutocracy carries on its raids; these raids are a feature of capitalist society; and the feature will not be lessened by a fraction whether "Bryan, Hisgen or Debs, instead of Taft," is elected. This sentence is the correctest vet framed by Lawson. It is correct in the names it mentions, and correct in the name of the one Presidential candidate that it omits-Gillhaus, Preston's proxy.

Lawson, the stock gambler, realizes, as stock gamblers can best realize, that the victory, of the Socialist Labor Party would be the only political victory that would put an end to the ups and downs of stocks, because, when the day of that victory shall have come, the foundation for the ups-and-downs raids will be uprooted-a thing that no other political victory could encompass.

And Lawson is right.

Taft. Bryan, Hisgen are plain supporters of capitalism. He who says A must admit Z. The A of capitalism implies the Z of the ups-and-downs raids of the stock exchanges.

As to Debs's party, though it denies capitalism, it is a thing in the air. A kite without a tail-such as all political party of Socialism must needs be that ignores the necessity of the revolutionary economic organization of Labor as the ready "army of occupation" to take and hold and administer what the Socialist

ballot proclaims should be wrenched from the hands of the capitalist class. Moreover, that party, true to itself, is impotent, not in that respect only, it is impotent in other, and kindred ones. It stands upon the principle that divides the international proletariat into "superior" and "inferior," or "forward" and "backward" races: and, last, not least, it accentuates its disruptive nature by the circumstance that, due to its Pecksniffian rejection of the Socialist Labor Party's offer of unity, the sad spectacle is presented in this campaign of divided Socialist forces. That the victory of such a party, if

such a thing were at all possible, would, not lessen by a fraction the ups-and downs raids of capitalism is obvious. Capitalism would remain in the saddle, ing to note that in the mills Socialism being in possession of the industries; is the topic for discussion. the victors, or, rather, their misguided followers, would be locked out and thrown upon the streets, there to be mowed down by the Sherman Bells the

moment they gave expression to their hunger; the plutocracy would quickly "buy cheap" in a "down" market, to sell dear soon as "peace reigned once more in



STEEL WORKERS. Reports of Great Resumption All In the Press Agents' Eye-All the Aged and Middle-Aged Workers Forced Out by

Discussed In the Shops as the Only Columbus, O., Aug. 11 .- Truly this is wonderful country. Who would have

we could survive another panic! Yet we are in the midst of one more acute than that of 1893, and in many small cities and towns it is not felt. The country is so vast and has such diversified industries that enough business goes on to keep the ship of state from going into

the shallows. In the cities like Cleveland, Pittsburg and Youngstown, where steel is king, the worst suffering prevails. But for a temporary demand for tin plate and sheet steel the steel industry would be utterly demoralized. If things continue in the blast furnaces merchant bar, puddling and steel mills as they are now

the suffering will be intense this winter. Over in Youngstown you read reports from Pittsburg that 50,000 men are

going back to work in Alleghany county in the mills. Two days afterward you meet men from there looking for jobs in Youngstown, and who will tell you that everything is dead in Pittsburg. The campaign managers have some fine press agents all right, but the men looking for jobs are paying no attention to the lying reports of the press. Truly nothing more despicable was ever seen than the servile attempts made by the press to manufacture prosperity. Such a little thing as starting a mill up and putting five or six hundred more men in it than it even



ling state of affairs. The grey heads have disappeared. The writer in looking over the crews of a tin mill in Canton. O., found but few middle aged men. All are young and athletic. One young fellow told me the old fellows were forced out because they could not keep up the pace.

In Youngstown and such towns the demoralization is awful. Thousands a job. How they live is a mystery. This crazy system has a lot to answer for. but nothing is so criminal as the waste of human life as seen now in our industrial centers. Men become denizens of the slums, hopeless and shattered. The district around the Brown-Bonnell mills at Youngstown is as bad as that in any large city. When we realize that things will be worse as the crazy system de-

velops the picture is awful to contem plate. There's nothing to do but grit our teeth and keep up the fire. " The sentiment is growing all over and it is pleas-

B. R. NORTH BAY'S "PILLARS."

An Innocent Ontario Town Gets on the Map of Scoundrelism.

him back into virtually feudal conditions North Bay, Ont., August 10 .- North continue to be very successful. of servitude. Rural magistrates readily he would be one of the seventy millions Bay is now fully entitled to a place on made to treat its slaves better, to feed At a meeting held Monday, Aug. 10, of dribbling idiots who would by this at 5th street and Avenue B, Steron, Warsaw and the market the map as there have been two suicide them more plentifully school them more time constitute the land's population of "equality before the law" falls to demands. diligently, and work them more moderagain. and one attempt during the last month. Weiser and Lefkowitz spoke to an ap-Conspicuous by its absence is all pro-The extent to which inbreeding would the propertiless in the "open country." Lawson has long twaddled. At last Also there are here an ex-town treasately preciative audience of about 250. position that shall disable the holder of There he is helpless-helpless in the have had to be carried on, for that 3; B. J.-Some more of your nonsense. he hit bull's-eye. urer and a tax collector who hocus-po Seventeen Jewish, 8 Hungarian capital-the product of "larceny by law" "change of a master": helpless in the 000,000 to breed 70,000,000 in about a The South couldn't do that either. If cussed about \$30,000 of the town' from plundering the workers of the German and 3 English pamphlets were opportunity to turn his hand to a new. hundred years, renders doubtful whether a planter began that game, he would money out of sight, and while this has the 70,000,000 would be at all above the full four-fifths they are plundered of tobloa or different job: helpless to assert himstyle and with great logic Donohue prebeen known for several months, neither find himself hankrunt in short order. Leaflets to the number of 300 were day, and thereby barred from rule. mental and physical condition of Yaself politically, or otherwise. The rural sented to the audience, who by that time He couldn't keep up with the competiof them is behind the bars. distributed at the meeting and 20 sigjails are old style feudal dungeons, No hoos, incapable of self-maintenance as a numbered more than one hundred, the hspicuous by its absence is all pro-One of them happens to be the police tion of his fellow planters, all anxious natures gathered on the nominating petiposition that, shall guarantee to the wonder the "farm hand" fied and fiers nation present miserable condition in which the to get ahead of him on the market, and magistrate and has been sending the But there is worse than a biological working class finds itself, and clearly orkers the opportunity to work, and to the cities for asylum; no wonder the his business would have gone to smash . The 30th and 32nd A. D.'s, too, are unfortunate fellows that were swiping shall insure them against enforced idleflow of "farm hands" to the "open counconception at war with Socialist fact in and forcibly explained the way out of it U. S .- But the robbery-the arms to few cents or stealing rides on the Canholding very good outdoor meetings this ness, seasoned with starvation for themtry" dries up, despite all siren songs to Mr. Hunter's theory. His theory is at When Donohue got through, Britz insustain it---adian Pacific Railway to prison for selves and their families, whenever the lure it thither. war with sociology and ethnology themvear. troduced J. T. Hunter. It did not take B. J.-Won't you ever see? The months. In one instance he sent a young At a meeting held last Thursday, Aug. 13 There is a sort of retribution -in capielves. holder of capital sees no opportunity to long for Hunter, in his usual forcible South couldn't and wouldn't free its fellow to jail for six months for ex on 125th street, between 3rd and Lexing-The "native stock" of America tried knock profits out of the toil of the talist development. The farmer wh way, to get the audience with him. The slaves. The freeing had to be done. changing hats with another; but as he ton avenues, 40 Weekly Peoples and 10 sought to play the feudal lord soon found and, fortunately for this country, failed crowd by that time increased to fully workers. The North freed them, and was compumphlets were sold, besides a goodly himself walked off with \$25,000 of the Conspicuous by its absence is all pro-position that shall even remotely reform the capitalist canon that holds wealth, mself stranded like a clam at low tide in the identical attempt which the nafour hundred. The meeting was a great town's money, and is a pillar of society pelled to resort to arms to enforce the He was not left merely without serfs number of leaflets distributed at the tive stock of South America also tried success. Fifteen pamphlets were sold decree of its President It had to be. here, he is entitled to much more con meeting. but, unfortunately for their countries, in the shape of "farm hands," he soon and four applications for membership U. S .- Had to be? Why? ideration. Notary McCormick gathered 26 signa succeeded in-the keeping out of immigthough the product of Labor, to be the found himself rioting in natural opporto the Party were taken at the meeting, B. J.-Because slavery was a crime. But that is not all. A certain Mrs ration. Since the days of Tacitus the reward of idleness. tunities that went to waste for want of tures on the nominating petitions. and in going home one man who stood Because it denied the Declaration of a Mothe first threatened to kill her The question, Shall the people rule ?the necessary capital to operate them. prihciple was discovered that that State The meeting was a good one in every throughout the evening listening to the Independence, which was grounded on husband and then did kill herself. This a question that bobs up repeatedly in Mr. Bryan's speech—is left each time un-Railroads and moneylenders rode him as s fit for empire that is liberal to the respect. speakers followed them and gave his same police magistrate, ex-tax collector, the equality of man. Because it was a The audience, which was quite large he had ridden the "farm hand." He tried immigrant. All subsequent experience name in also, making it five in all. sin in the eyes of God for one man to pillar of society, was primarily responstood from the opening till the end o answered. Soon as asked the answer is to bring about the "good old times." has since confirmed the principle. It is own another. Because slavery was a sible for the woman's actions, he having dropped, and the Orator of the Platte The ignorance in which the press, owned no accident that the identical Lincoln. the meeting, so interested were they in GRAFT INCARNATE. been out hob-nobbing with her several pitfall in the path of civilization and the speeches ably delivered by Hunter, by the identical railroads and moneywho issued the emancipation proclamaoff warbling some unresponsive tune human progress. Because the Christian days previous, while his good wife was Thus did Artemus Ward in one of his tion, also sent to Congress the luminous lenders kept him, encouraged him in the Levine, and J. Donohue. Mine Workers' Officials Force Men to On Monday evening, August 10, the ideal could not be realized while it existworrying over his absence. delusion. What followed eclipses all messages that urged the legislature to lectures keep his audience roaring. The Strike for the Check-Off. ed. Because slavery-To-day for the first time a write-up tragedies known. The farmer exploited oil the hinges of the nation's gates to Ninth Assembly District, S. L. P. held subject of the lecture -- "Africa" -- was U. S .- That will do. What has beappeared in a newspaper, but they failed an open air meeting at 38th street and Terre Haute, Ind., August 15 .- Folnever touched upon. Again and again and crippled himself his wife, his chilthe immigrant, and, when arrived, endow come of your position that property dren in the hopeless attempt to encom him bountifully. What South America 8th avenue. F. Britz acted as chairman. lowing the issuing of a circular by the o mention his friendship for a prosturer stopped to say: "I am to honestly acquired must be held sacred, pass the "good old times." He sank is to-day, that would this country be if titute. What standards of morals cap While the platform with the pole and Operators' Association instructing the speak about Africa," and then forthwith and improper use of it curbed by law? the "hordes from Europe" had not rushdeeper and deeper into the quagmire. banner was being put up, there were mine owners to discontinue the "check italist society does set up! proceeded to tell some joke that had no B. J. (looking around for his posioff," the officers of the United Min F. E. J. There is more insanity to the square inch nuite a number of workingmen assemmore to do with Africa than sun-spots ed in. tion) -- Torn to shreds, I must confere bled, eager to hear the words of the Workers, who would thus lose their have to do with panics. The jokes thus Socialism, the great ocean into which in the "open country" than in the "closed II. S .- Yes, Jonathan, ripped through flow all the intellectual conquests of the speakers. In opening the meeting Britz graft on the miners, have called a sus-The New York Labor News Company country." The old sailor's saying that retailed gathered zest through their irstated the purpose and aim of the Soand through, as will be all hasty depension of work in the Indiana bituminis the literary agency of the Socialist relevancy, until the last roar of laughter "he who would go to sea for pleasure human race, knows but one race-the Labor Party. It prints nothing but fences thrown up to withstand the heavy Socialist race: it knows but one creedcialist Labor Party, and introduced Doous coal field, and as a result 10,000 men would go to hell for pastime," has been greeted the lecturer's closing words: Well, ladies and gentlemen, as to Africa, the lecturer's closing words: sound Socialist literatureguns of Socialism. will quit work this afternoon the Socialist creed; it knows but one nohue as the first speaker. In proper justly adapted to the "open country"-



UNCLE SAM AND

BROTHER JONATHAN. BROTHER JONATHAN - Your Socialists are all wrong!

UNCLE SAM-Inasmuch as to which ! B. J .-- Why, don't you see, you want to rob the capitalists of their factories and machinery. That's wrong. That's just as wrong as for them to want to rob the workers of too much of what they produce. You'll never do anything that way. The workingmen will have to get together with the capitalists and form an agreement by which they will each

get a fair share. U. S .- Your position is that a man

who has property, provided he got it honestly, ought to be allowed to keep

B. J.--Exactly

U. S .- Regardless of how he uses it ? B. J .-- Yes. If he uses it wrongly, let him be compelled by law to use it right, but let him keep it.

U. S .- Alright. Here we go, cavalry and artillery, right through your position.

B J. braces himself U. S .- Jeff Davis and the Southern

plantation owning middle-class .men he represented, possessed slaves? B. J.-Ves

U. S .- Acquired honestly, by purhase ? B. J.-Yes.

U. S .- Frightfully maltreated, and exploited by their owners to the last farthing? B. J.-Ye-es.

U. S .- And did they get together, master and slave, and come to an agreement to fleece the slaves less?

B. J .- No, indeed! We marched down "blow in" and hang around looking for there, "fifty thousand strong," with Sherman, and a hundred thousand strong with Grant, and shot and clubbed the slaveholder into emancipating his slav and giving them a chance to learn a earn for themselves. And a glorid work it was, too!

U. S .- But, Jonathan, the slaves a slaveholders should have got together

B. J.-Bosh! U. S .-- But, Jonathan, the Northshould not have robbed the South of ite

B. J.-Bother!

slaves

U. S .- But, Jonathan, the North should not have used arms to enforce its theft-

B. J.-Hang it all, man, stop your tomfoolery. Don't you know that the South couldn't and wouldn't free its slaves because it had invested millions of dollars in them, and it wasn't going to voluntarily force all that loss upon itself?

U. S .- But it might at least have been

obody knows whither. If the small shop-holder is kept busy chasing the wolf from his door, the

of Mr. Hunter being the physically and alleviation; on the contrary, they thrust mentally attractive gentleman that he is,



Correspo dents who prefer to apin print under an assumed name will attach such name to their comgo. munications, besides their own signature and address. None other will be

recognized.] A SOUNDING CAMPAIGN SLOGAN. To the Daily and Weekly People:-The boys out here are pushing the ampaign to the slogan: "If you send me into danger,

Just give me a Smith and Wesson; And if I need another man, Why, give me one like Preston." J. L. Sherman,

Luna Landing, Ark. August 5.

ENDORSE PRESTON'S NOMINATION BY CONVENTION.

To the Daily and Weekly People :--At a regular meeting of Section New Bedford, held August 3rd, it was unanimously voted to endorse the action of the recent National Convention of the Socialist Labor Party in nominating our intrepid comrade, Martin R. Preston, for President,

J. Claudino. New* Bedford, Mass., August 6.

PICKING HIS WAY THROUGH THE TANGLE.

To the Daily and Weekly People:-Many times in the past I have wished to write down how it was that I learned to appreciate the great doctrine of Socialism, how it was that I progressed from that position where I thought that Socialism was a dangerous mixthre of idiocy, idealism and anarchism, to that where I am sure that Socialism stands for progress and the emancipation of the race. No guidance in the matter did I receive from those near and dear to me. My father always worked hard to raise his family and voted the Republican ticket with a regularity like unto that of the tides. To him Socialism was so far away that the present generations need give it no thought, while to profess it was to menace your job, or as I would say your chance to be exploited.

My school days were almost passe away, those days when I with the rest of the Republican boys, and even the girls, shouted for McKinley, and tackled Bryan with thymes that hurt the feelings of the little Democrats. We at school of course always reflected the feelings of the parents at home. might say we were in the parental grooves, and stood a good chance of remaining there for a long time to come. One day after the elections the teacher was questioning the pupils on the results of the political contests, and quizzing our feelings. Of course the ones who sang of Bryan and his virturs were down at the mouth and feeling blue, while the victors could hardly restrain themselves. I remember how hard it was for me to await my turn to arise and proglaim the fact that I always stood for McKinley and the Republicans. Then I sat down and esumed my efforts to prevent the ony who was seated across the way from becoming a turn-coat. He wanted to desert Bryan in the dark hour of defeat and come over to the camp of

The hat to off Br the sti

deserved much consideration, but a I had nothing clse to do I decided to

I listened to the man intently, and from that time I date my interest. I heard with indignation rising the condition of people in the great industrial centers. I thought that his arraign ment of that new class to me-th capitalist class-was justified, as was the blistering sarcasm that he hurled

at the two great political parties. So enthusiastic was I that I gave a good part of my small amount of pocket money to the collector. And I made up my mind to subscribe to the Appeal to Reason as soon as I had the price. For many days my interest in the great ideas I had discovered maintain-

> ed itself. I talked of the wonder of the wonders of the ideas with the hoaryheaded old helper in the blacksmith shop until I endangered my job.

But I never ordered the Appeal to Reason, and my interest in Socialism wore away until the subject was all but forgotten. From time to time I read Wayland's paper, but I could not become reconciled to its advertising columns. I could never see how a paper that claimed to point the way to freedom could stoop to assist miserable quacks deceive its readers into buying fake nostrums, cancer cures, consumption cures, and the like. I

could never trust a paper that was continually founding Socialist colonies in out of the way places. The Appeal will tell you in its advertising columns how to earn ten thousand dollars a year. If the wage slave can earn so much, what is the sense of that paper working for the republic of the producers? That paper from time to time tells its readers how to get rich quick. Such an ad. works positive in jury to the movement of the proletarian. It leads him in many cases on a rain-bow chase, and he forgets to consider his true condition and possibilities. When I considered these actions I was sure that it would not be proper

for me to support such a paper. As time went on I became acquainted with a man in the shop who held peis the lowest? And child labour in on cullar views on subjects of which we talked. This man frowned on bounding enthusiasm, and demanded logical tests. He was a logician to the core and 'his mind seemed to penetrate to the center, to the heart of any subject. He never had an opporunity to study geometry, but in spite of this fact no problem in that branch of mathematics could baffle him. Whenever he had spare time he was either reading or arguing.

Soon I found that he and I could never agree on any matter that came up for discussion. Everything was hotly debated. My ideas, born of my capitalistic environments, clashed with his, and mine were always worsted. Now and then he gave me a book or a paper, and it was through him dhat I became acquainted with the Weekly People. Making me acquainted with The People I consider the greatest service he ever rendered me.

Most all of the pamphlets he brought to me can be found on the pages of the catalog issued by the Labor News

Unions, De Leon on Unity, Marx on Mallock by De Leon, and many others, All along I realized more and more that the S. L. P. was building on the bedrock of science, of materialism. And now I am sure that it will cause no surprise when I say that I joined the Socialist Labor Party. I became interested in the work of

the party and began to take an active part in it. But my activity was cut short by the loss of my job, and now I find myself out here in Nevada in my search for another. Up to date I have ade nine unsuccessful applications. The little school-girl's prophecy-

We will win some day," is true. G. F. Sherwood. Sparks, Nev., August 4.

ENGLISH COTTON OPERATIVES' WAGES.

To the Daily and Weekly People :saw some time ago a request from a comrade as to the average wages of the cotton operatives in England. I recently came across some information on this subject given by the Master Cotton Operatives' Association themselves. As you may know we have here in England the usual craft union principle of brotherhood between Capital and Labour strongly brought to the front when it is a question of bad trade and the masters want a reduction, but carefully sunk when it is a question of good trade and the workers want an increase-sunk by both the masters and their labour lieutenants, the Trades Union (B) leaders. Recently, owing, they say, to "bac trade," the masters want 5 per cent. reduction. The capitalist press give the

masters' own figures, viz., that this will affect 38,000,000 spindles, 100,000 workers and save £5076 per week. The arithmetic which our capitalist masters (kind souls?) have tangled us in order not that we might calculate out our own wages, but their profits

here comes to our aid; and if 5 per cent equals £5076, 100 per cent. equals 20 times as much, somewhere over £100,-000 per week as the weekly wage of 100,000 men, WOMEN, and CHILDREN, in other words HANDS. So that a little over £1 per week is their miserable

wage. The masters have been making 38 per cent. profit on their own showing. Some of these operatives get . £3 to £3 10s. per week, i. e., the spinner, who has to pay his piecer out of it, leaving him from £2 to £2 10s. per week. If 50s is the highest and 20s. the average what

the increase in Lancashire. W. G. Allan. Hopwood, Heywood, near Manchester, England, August 3.

DRIVEN TO CRIME TO MAILITAIN FAMILIES.

To the Daily and Weekly People:-The following instances will show how under our present industrial system men are compelled to become criminals A few years ago the paying teller in bank here stole a few thousand dollars. Upon being arrested and asked

by the bank superintendent why he took the money, and if he had no thought for his family when he did it he said: "It was to provide for them that I did "it/" Another paying teller in the same

bank stole \$10,000, and upon being discovered he shot himself. His reasons for taking the money were also, "He had to provide for his family."

In the N. Y. Herald of Aug. 2, last Sunday, we read: "Made Counterfeits to pay for a home. Prisoner arrested

for M. R. Preston, our martyred candidate. With our Vice-Presidential candidate, Donald Munro, I am also personally acquainted, he having resided in Altoona for a number of years. He is the right man for the place and is deserving of the honor conferred on him.

It is a great pleasure to witness the antics of this worthless, no-good class of do-nothings who work you to death one day and then starve you the next. The S. L. P. is certainly getting them into close quarters. If a shoe doesn't pinch I am content to wear it without complaining; but if I am compelled to wear it and it is too little for me, then I complain. The capitalist class is being crowded by the S. L. P. If the S. L. P. tactics are wrong, then the capitalist has nothing to fear; but the best proof that the S. L. P. tactics are right is to

listen to "How they howl." The S. L. P. shoe hurts. It is getting tighter every year. After a while there will be no room for the capitalist foot, but down on the level with the working class foot, and then his usefulness will begin. Until that time comes let us be up and doing. Spread the light whenever possible, roll in the subscriptions, push the propaganda, and eventually we can say that the battle is over and the victory is won!

Wage Slave. Juniata, Pa., August 8.

AN ITALIAN TO ITALIANS.

To the Daily and Weekly People:-Having read in the Italian paper named the Ragione Nuova, that the Italian Section of Keystone, W. Va., passed to the S. L. P., I hope all the Italian Sections will do the same, and leave the Italian Socialist Federation only the name, for it has no right to

exist in the United States. My best regards to all, and the Italian Sections.

Yours for the Cause. . Paul Maiorana. Houston, Tex., Aug. 9.

PRESTON'S NOMINATION NO MIS TAKE.

To the Daily and Weekly People :--I would like to reply to S. B. Hutchinson of Grand Junction, Col. In his correspondence of the 25th inst.

he states the S. L. P. at the last convention made a mistake in naming Preston for President.

It is only about a year ago that Hutch inson asked the S. L. P. of California to indorse W. D. Haywood as candidate for Governor. Why did he do so? Simply because he and the rest of the Grand Junction section thought Haywood was wrongfully imprisoned; and if Haywood was wrongfully imprisoned and deserved the support of his fellow workers, then why should not this also apply to Preston?

We of the S. L. P: are organized for the purpose of educating the working class to their true class interests and teaching it all the injustice that is and has been meted out to the proletariat all over the world. By nominating Preston the S L P has shown the true revo lutionary spirit by taking up the fight, not only of Martin Preston, but of al the Prestons of the working class, whether in or out of prison.

Never mind the questions that are be ing fired at the S. L. P. speakers. When one of our speakers goes out on the soap box to address the wage slaves, he has no apologies to make to any lawyers or scheming politicians. He has a mes-

sage to deliver to the only useful class in society-the working class. How else can the workingmen learn what led up

subsidies for literary prostitution, and the necessity of relying on a collectively owned Socialist press. If your audience cannot afford to buy sul cards, take up a collection from the crowd and ask for names of those who will read the paper and send them the paper. In Seattle and San Francisco the street meetings are simply literature selling affairs, and the speakers plainly tell the crowds that they are not there for their health or sermon izing, but to sell literature, mainly sub cards, and develop brains. Section Seattle has a news stand down town in the busy section, and every person who buys cigars, is given Socialist literature, and is courteously invited to the reading room and asked to subscribe for The People. All the other language papers are pushed likewise.

Section San Francisco has a news stand, cigar and soft drinks counter, also a laundry agency with headquarters and reading room in rear. Here too, literature is sold, but the location for selling papers is not quite as good as Section Seattle's but Long is looking for a stand on the water front. The

boys are talking of starting a traveling news cart. O'Hanrahan of Seattle breaks everybody into his literature selling machine, and is a good hustler. Long of 'Frisco and Haller of Los Angeles are the other coast hustlers. In the majority of cities I had difficulty finding the headquarters. I would suggest that all Sections advertise their headquarters in The People, also the address of secretaries of State Committees, so that members moving around can be kept track of and their abilities exploited for the benefit of

the Party. I hope in the near future to see these newstands and reading rooms run by the S. L. P. all over the United States. P. S .-- Don't forget to sell sub cards. Rolling Stone.

Los Angeles, Cal., August 5.

VAT IS DER USE?

To the Daily and Weekly People :-

Ours for the tall timber, never more to return. It's all off. Close up The People plant, sell the machinery for old junk, put the money into U. S. 4's, for "Socialism will never gain a foothold in America, for we are a thoroughly practical people, and if an American has one hundred dollars he doesn't want to divide it with some one who has not"-according to-whom? Why, "Prexy" Eliot, of Harvard University, according to the Boston "Post" of the Sth inst.

The railroad company ran a cheap excursion to Nantasket Beach yesterday, so, desrious of obtaining a breath of fresh salt air, I took the trip to that justly popular beach "kissed by I climbed the rocks, ocean breezes." walked over to Green Hill and Nantasket Point, watched the fishermen's children at play in their tiny punts and dories, sat on the rocks and thoroughly enjoyed myself until-yes, fate was against me-I dropped into a restaurant for a bite. On the table was a copy of the Boston "Post." Across the first page I readtwo columns wide, black face type "Socialism Impossible." Amazed, shocked, frightened, I read on. "Ah!", I thought, "my old collidge chump," 'Prexy' Eliot. He is out again. The intellectual giant who instructs the unfortunate young men under him that

scabs are heroes." So I got over being scared. I just laughed at "Prexy," dear, eld benighted, half-baked, though knavish "Prexy," for, if Mr. Eliot is honest in believing So-

OFF-HAND ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. NO QUESTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED THAT COME IN ANONTMODE LETTERS. ALL LETTERS MUST CARRY A BONA FIDE SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS.

S. H. GOLDFIELD, NEV .- Now to ! M. B. PASSADENA, CALIF. - The civilization of Egypt preceded that of your third point-Did Preston, indeed, want to improv Greece. his opportunity, when he was thrush into jail, by reading economics ?- That can hardly be scored against him. Betnot follow from a successful and bloodter such literature than trashy radical less revolution being put through in Turkey that there could be no classes there.

E. T. C., NEW YORK-The exact passage from the Rev. Malthus is this: "A man born in an already occupied world-if his family has not the means of supporting him, or if society requires not his labor, that man has no right to demand any nourishment, however small, He is really one too many in the world; at the great table of nature there is no place for him."

would otherwise have sided with the G. C., NEW ORLEANS, LA .- Hearst Constitutional Democrats. These being and his Independence party? Sunset lamed, and the Socialist forces being toc Cox once told the story of a husband weak, the Czar won out bloodily. whose wife was about to present a wee G. A., HANNAFORD, N. D .- The W. stranger to the household. The husband was in the next room waiting for the F. of M. did not reaffiliate with the I W. W. Capitalist papers' reports to event in great excitement and very an the contrary are false.

Next question next week.

J. J. H. ELIZABETH, N. J .- Get a set of Daily Peoples beginning with last July 6. The matter of Preston is very fully set forth in the several articles upon him. Shortly summarized: There was a restaurant keeeper in Goldfield named Silva. About a year and a half ago Silva withheld the wages arbitrarily from one of his waitresses. A strike was ordered; all the girls came out., and pickets were set up by the Union. These did their work so effectively that Silva's place was empty of customers. The man flew in a rage one day and rushed out of his place with a gun pointing it at. Preston, who happened to be on picket duty. Thus assaulted Preston drew and shot Silva dead. Thereupon he was tried and "convicted" by a jury upon which there was one "Appeal to Reason" reader, several Pinkertons and a hank-robber or two. His sentence was 25 years. Joe Smith, the previous secretary of the-Union, was also tried and also "con-

victed" to 10 years as an "accomplice," although he was not there at all. Subsequently, Vincent St. John and several others were also put under arrest for alleged complicity but were discharged. The shooting of St. John by Paddy Mullaney and Mullaney's being allowed to go on bail furnished by the Goldfield mine owners were the closing scenes of the Silva affair.

EQUAL RIGHTS LEAGUE N V-Your announcement of the Friday meetng arrived only on Friday-too late.

A. S. D., BEARDSTOWN, ILL.; R. C., SPOKANE, WASH.; T. R., DE-VORE, CALIF.; D. R., KENOSHA, WIS.; J. B., BOULDER, COLO.; H. H. L., NE WHAVEN, CONN.; C. W. W., CHICAGO, ILL.; M. E., CINCINNATI, O.; W. I. F., VANCOUVER, WASH .; S. L. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: K. S. H., OGDEN, WASH.; A. E. R., BOS-TON, MASS.; E. R. M., PITTSBURG, PA.; H. L. B., NEW YORK .- Matter received.

| a ghastly joke, for we are assured that HOW THEY HOWL

UN Need California LETTER-BOX

Contraction of the second of the

A. R., BROOKLAN, N. Y .- It does

What the successful and bloodless revo-

lution in Turkey indicates is that there

the bourgeois class was so overwhelm-

ingly powerful, as against the Sultanate,

that the latter caved in. Whereas, in

Russia, it was otherwise. Among the

things that lamed the arm of the bour-

geois revolution in Russia was the in-

jection of the Socialist force into the

arena. That deprived the bourgeoid

element of many of the "nobility" who

5



xious to know the newcomer's sex. The nurse appeared, and he rushed forward and exclaimed: "Am I a father or am a mother?" That's Hearst's condition. Is he a father or is he a mother?

> X. Y. Z., ILL .- Send your name to this office. Not for publication. Article will then be published.

S. D., BUTTE, MONT. - Keep up courage. "When vice prevails and impious men bear sway, the post of honor is a private station." That would be true enough only in the mouth of one who despairs of the fight, and looks for a pretext to drop out.

D. H., HARTFORD, CONN .--- If the article about the "discovery of a new Virgin" in Mexico sounds to you unsound, you may have reasonable snace to refute it. But leave out all vitriolic utterances, stick to facts and reasoning. and do not adopt expressions and modes of argument that savor of the bigotry of the Dark Ages and that suggest the stake as an argument against people who do not share your views.

R. L. C., PHOENIX ARIZ .- Conventions are inevitable consequences of the co-operation of a large number of men. spread over a large area, towards a common purpose. Where all the people aiming at a common purpose can meet and deliberate, then no conventions are needed; then 'representative government is unnecessary; then government is direct. When direct government is impossible through the numbers interested, then representative government and conventions become indispensable. Discussion by word of mouth is comparatively short. Discussion in print would be interminable. It would take all eternity for 10,000 people to read the argument of one man, then read the arguments for and against of all the others. Nothing could be done. Conventions, like cooperation, imply large organization, and

that, in turn, implies delegated authori-

ty. The people are sovereign. A sov

ereign may delegate his authority.

There would be less glory for us it we had to give him some, so I threatened to tell the teacher if he dared to turn off the songs he had shouted for Bryanism two days before. He said that he'd "lick" me after school, but still he subsided. At last the teacher came to Annie, she of the blonde hair and the blue eyes, for her expression. Annie was brave even if she did rise to her feet slowly, and hesitate for a minute before she spoke. "I am a Scetalist, and we were beaten yesterday, but we will win some time."	I studied them until a great light began to fill my mind. Every issue of the Labor News Company that was given me was searched from cover to cover. Now I began to understand the real greatness of the philosophy, its won- derful hreadth, its justice, its logic, its necessity that struck me with force. But still my good fortune continued. I learned to know another proletarian who had been given the power to see. I talked with him and I learned. He held views like those of the first com- ride I had met. They were great friends and never argued. Both of them explained to me continually. One	dren in school until they are gradu- ated." Under Socialism there would be no such cases as these. R. S. New York, Aug. 4. WHO CAN ANSWER? To the Daily and Weekly People: According to the statute laws of Ger- many, would a debtor be imprisoned apon his inability to pay his debts? Of course, it is understood that the debts	the little tool of the mine owners of that camp to attack Preston, thus leading to the killing of the servile tool of the mining gamblers? When the working class learn the truth, then they will see the wisdom of placing Preston before the eyes of the working class in spite of petty lawyers and the crooks who are sponging upon the working class. And those are the only ones who will ridicule Preston's nomination. D, Rudnick. Kenosha, Wis., July 30. HOW TO PUSH THE PARITY PRESS.	so important a study. I laughed so loud at "Prexy" that a bluefish heard me and stopped in his pursuit of a school of menhaden to wonder what caused the unseemly noise. "Prexy" would have us acting towards one another as the blue- fish acts toward the menhaden, warlike,	missing and the Socialist Labor Party is without an active presidential candi- date. Never hear of Gus? He's the	those who perpetrated it were bitterly in earnest. If they named their man in sheer contempt of existing canons, both human and divine, their procedure might be counted strong and significant. It ought to prove fairly enlightening to honest and progressive young men who are being allured by Socialistic ideas and principles.—Catholic Transcript. "The Socialist" Official Organ of the Socialist
imiled too, but a wave of sympathy for the poor foolish Socialists swept over me. The Bryan people, and the followers of McKinley forgot their dif- ferences and grinned in unison.	plece of money, and requested him to have the Weskly People sent to me. I considered this an important step, and do so now after having had the	To the Daily and Weekly People:-	To the Daily and Weekly People:	job to admit it, but that's "materialism," isn't it? E. A. See. East Providence, R. I., August 8. THE SUE STORIES.	wash. If you have any inter informa- tion send it to Daniel De Loon, New York pool-bak of the party, and the Socialist Laborites will thus again be in the race for the White House.—Al- toona, Pa., "Times," Aug. 3.	Labor Party of Great Britain. A Monthly Publication and the Only Periodical in the British Isles Espousing Revolution- ary Working Class Politics and Industrial Unionism.
work, for my father needed my help in supporting a large family. As time went on I forgot all about Socialism	cialism and the troubles of the age	the sweat of the workers' brow." The Altoona "Times," dated August 3rd, says; "Gillhaus missing." How ab:	topics, should aim toward and culmi- nate with an appeal to buy the sub cards, the same as any public vendor leads up to the sale of his wares.	The following books of the series are now in print: The Gold Sickle	candidate for President, is in prison serving a 25-year sentence for man- slaughter, so it has been suggested that the Socialist Labor party run a proxy	EVERY WAGE WORKER SHOULD READ IT.
we will win some time," the strangely significant prophecy of my girl school mate passed from my mind, and did	phase of the vast subject presents itself to me, and I want to say now that if every proletarian read and understood	If Gillhaus has disappeared, it would only be through the criminal practises adopted by this class of parasites. I for	In my recent trip across the coun- try I have seen quite a number of brilliant meetings, both in halls and on streets, but it seemed to me that the	The Poniard's Hilt	candidate to represent the policies of Preston. It is pointed out that the Re- publican party has set the example in this regard, in running a proxy for Pres-	Subscription Rate for the United States and Canada 50 Cents a Year.
Once there came to our town a lec- turer sent out by the Socialist party.	neachinery of production would come to an end. I continued my study and went over	ally and have had the pleasure of hav- ing him in my home, and I can con- scientiously and honestly and without	best part was entirely overlooked when they failed to sell sub cards from the platform. The most elementary begin-	The Iron Trevet	ident Roosevelt Seattle, Wash., "Times," August 5.	Bundle Order Rate, \$3.00 p.r 100 Copies, Including Postage
Fitspatrick by name. As I came out of work one night I was handed a care inviting me to come to a certain hall that night and hear him speak.	Kautsky's four valuable pamphlets, Debs and De Leon on industrial union- ism, the pamphlet on the Haymarket case, Herve on Antipatrictism, Anarch-	fear of contradiction say that he is a man in every respect and I feel that the S. L. P. has acted for the best interests of the Party and every person concerned	ner can at least show up the depend- ence of the capitalist press on adver- tisements, "ninety per cent. of which are either out and out raw frauds, or outrageous lies and exaggerations" and	the cohwebs from the minds of the	By naming for the presidency a crim- inal condemned to serve a 25 years' sentence for murder, organized Socialism flouted every same-minded American. This action is not to be looked upon as	Subscribe through the office of The WEBKLY PEOPLE, 28 City Hall Place, New York.

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, AU GUST 22. 1908.

of last week's good showing we were

prepared to make this a record week

but destiny seems to have decreed to

the contrary.' We are not all cut out

to be speakers, that is more or less

an inherent accomplishment; but he

who, as a Party member, does not

spread literature elucidating the Prin-

ciple for which he stands, has utterly

failed in his mission. If you have

done nothing heretofore turn over

Following are the sales of \$1.00 o

Kansas City, Mo. \$2.00

Luna Landing, Ark. 1.00

Quincy, Ill. 2.05

New York City 9.10

Mt. Vernon, Wash, 6.50

San Francisco, Cal 18.15

Dorchester, Mass 4.20

Peoria, Ill. 4.00

Cleveland, Chio 2.25

Oakland; Cal. 1.20

Leavenworth, Kan, 1.00

Hudson, Wis. 1.20

Joliet, Ill. 1.00

Section New York 3.00

Providence, R. I. 2.00

Soda Springs, Idaho 2.20

22 and 24 A. D., N. Y. 1.15

SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND ESTI-

MATED IN THIS STATE.

Committee of Women's League De-

clares They Will Have to Be Helped

Through the Winter, So Great Is

Their Destitution - "Walked Until

Footsore, Could Find No Work,"

Announcement was made this week by

he Women's League of New York State

organized last spring to aid unemployed

women to find employment and to take

up the subject of industrial training for

girls, that the league had received prom

ises, such as they were, from employers

to increase their forees by 1,600 addition-

One department store-the bigges

promise of the whole lot-notified the

hundred thousand working women in

that number are unable to find work

The Prosperity Committee of the league

announces that seventy-five thousand o

these working woman must be helped

before another winter, so great is their

Mrs. Belle De Rivera, president of th

league, explained the result of the

league's campaign for the re-employment

of women who became idle in the panic

al workers by September 15.

would be employed.

destitution.

go to get it.

Writes One.

9 and 11 A D N Y.

new leaf and commence to-day.

OFFICIAL

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMIT-. TEE. Paul Augustine, National Secretary.

6

28 City Hall Place. CANADIAN S. L. P. National Secretary, Philip Courtenay,

144 Duchess Ave., London, Ont. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. (The Party's literary agency.) 28 City Hall Place, N. Y. City.

Notice-For technical reasons no party announcements can go in that are not in this office by Tuesday, 10 p.m.

GILLHAUS TOUR EASTWARD.

In making the arrangements for this tour, the N. E. C. had in mind the object of a Campaign Agitation earlier than usual, combined with the purpose of organizing wherever possible an

It is expected that the comrades of the Sections where Gillhaus is to speak will do their utmost to prepare the meetings for him, and advertise them thoroughly so as to insure as large an attendance as is possible.

Devise ways and means that will en able you to reach the workers with the LITERATURE of the Party at these meetings, and a method that will enable the Section to keep in touch with those it reaches with our literature. with the object of eventually securing them as co-workers of the Party. PUSH THE DAILY AND WEEKLY

PEOPLE PUSH THE S. L. P. LITERATURE. PUSH THE NATIONAL CAM-PAIGN FUND LISTS.

Butte Mont.-August 21-22. Fargo, NA D .- August 24. Duluth, Minn.-August 25. St. Paul, Minn .-- August 26. Minneapolis, Minn.-August 27-28. Winona, Minn,-August 29. Milwaukee, Wis. - August 31-Ser tember 1. Sheboygan, Wis .-- September 2. Chicago, Ill.-September 3, 4 and 5. Lansing, Mich.-September 7.

Detroit, Mich .- September 8. Cleveland, Ohio .- September 10. Indianapolis, Ind .- September 17. Allegheny County, Pa.-October 1, 2, 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.

Erie County, Pa.-October 8, 9. Philadelphia, Pa .- October 10, 11, 12. Allentown, Pa.-October 13, 14. Paul Augustine, Nat'l Secretary.

MASSACHUSETTS S. E. C. Regular meeting held Thursday, August 13, at 1165 Tremont street, Boston, Present: Houtenbrink Mulligan, Bohmbach, and Starnfeldt. Bohmbach, chairman. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. Communications: From Section New Bedford, ordering due stamps and forwarding names and 'addresses of members in response to the call issued. From Section Pittsfield, sending money collected on campaign lists, and ordering due stamps. From P. Augustine National Secretary' due stamps and matter relative to the National ticket. From Eliot C. Harding, of Vineyard Haven, on local matters. From Section Worcester, stating that meetings had been shut off Worcester Common Sun day afternoons by the powers that be, allowing one meeting at a time or City Hall steps. From Stoughton, requesting another speaker. A. E. Reimer reported holding a successful

tition lists; but find themselves handicupped. Reports received. Leske, a committee of one to collec

signatures, reported that a member of the S. P. and Prewers' Union No. 2 sicle the petition lists with about 100 signatures of citizens on them, and used insulting language toward Leske. The S. E. C. received the report and on motion Leske was empowered to ed 2 or more subs. Were it not for take the necessary steps to have this person punished for his act of robbery. Rudolph Katz appealed to the S. E. C. against a decision of Section Passale County. The Secretary was instructed to notify R. Katz, E. Romary, and the Organizer of Section Passalc County to be present at the next meeting of the Committee.

It was decided that Section Hoboken shall be notified to send a delegate to the State Committee. Adjourment followed.

Chas. Pierson, St. Davids, Ill. 20 JERSEY CITY OPEN-AIR MEETINGS W. H. Peak, Pittsburg, Pa. 2 Open-air meetings will be held in E. Schade, Newport News, Va. .. 2 Jersey City, under the auspices of the J. H. Arnold, Louisville, Ky. 4 Socialist Labor Party every SATUR-H. E. Long. San Francisco, Cal. .. 7 DAY evening, at Barrow street and B. Frankford, Oakland, Cal. 2 Newark avenue. L. Ginther, Colo. Springs, Colo. .. 2

E Leske, Sec'y.

Organizer.

PENNSYLVANIA SIGNATURES. Comrades getting signatures for nom inations in the state of Pennsylvania will please hustle and get those papers filled and sent in in time for the next S. E. C. meeting, the second Sunday in September. Don't fail.

L. M. Barbydt.

MICHIGAN VOTERS, ATTENTION! All voters of the Socialist Labor Party should enroll

You cannot vote at primaries nom inating candidates unless .you enrol Registration day as advertised by the County Election Commission will be on SATURDAY, August 29. Enroll at the Registration Board as a voter of the Socialist Labor Party, giving your name and address. Unless this is attended to you cannot vote at primary

elections. The primary elections will be held on TUESDAY. September 1 in the various voting places throughout the state. As the Socialist Labor Party candidates' names are not printed on the ballot, you must write in the proper place the names of our candidates as chosen at the Party's convention These candidates are as follows:



naries in your county. City officers. The law calls for a county conven-

tion in each county for election of delegates to State convention. The date for all county conventions s SATURDAY, September 12.

The state convention of the Socialis Labor Party is called for SATURDAY, October 3, 1908, 8 p. m., room 11, Avenue Theatre Building Detroit, Mich., for transacting of business according to primary law.

Wm. Hoag, Chairman, H. Richter, Secretary. State Central Committee, Socialist La. bor Party.

ST. LOUIS PICNIC. Section St. Louis, Socialist Labor

VEF	n VI	NIID	FVI	- II	FNF
KFF	d y	IIIK	FY	- +	FKF
IVELI		0011	LI	۱۱ <u>-</u>	LIIL
	-			Contraction of the local data	

AND WATCH OUR ACTI VE BRIGADE AT WORK They simply stick to the work they | below expectations. On the strength

more:

THE C. P. STRIKE |UNEMPLOYED WOMEN

nave outlined for themselves and let

no week pass without having obtain-

them this week's showing would have

been considerably less than 107 subs

to the Weekly and 36 to the Daily

Oscar Freer, Columbus, O. 2

A. Kaucher, St. Louis, Mo. 3

Fred. Brown ,Cleveland, O.

I. H. Nasovitch, Mt. Vernon, Wash. 8

J. Burkhardt, Indianapolis, Ind. 2

J. M. Maley, Youngstown, O. 4

L. Alrutz, Schenectady, N. Y. 2

J. Reese, Plainfield, N. J. 2

M. Ruther, Holyoke, Mass. 2

C. A. Ruby, Rochester, N. Y. 2

Geo. W. Ohls, Pittsburg, Pa. 2

J. Kircher, Cleveland, O. 2

Prepaid cards: - K. Georgevitch.

New York \$1.40; Ben. Frankford, Oak-

land Cal., \$10.00; D. McGolff, New

Labor News sales for the week are

RAILROAD SHOP MEN OUT TO A

MAN FOR THEIR RIGHTS.

No Break in Ranks, and Shops Prac-

tically Deserted - Company Making

Much of Few Paltry Wrecks, While

Worse Ones in Recent Weeks Were

Unnoticed - Scab-Hunting Agents in

North Bay, Ont., August 12. - The

Canadian Pacific railroad shop men went

out here to a main, and all over the Lake

Superior Division, of which this is head-

Before quitting they put every tool

in its proper place and also advised the

shop foreman that they had no grievance

The men have instructions to stay

away from the shops and yards, which

they are doing. The company has spe-

cial officers here of the hang-dog variety,

also cars to accommodate scabs-if they

The heads of departments and office

help have been pressed into helping with

trains. Some trains leave without being

The freight handlers were asked to

supply the trains with water, ice, etc.;

they refused and were discharged. Later

the men of the bridge and building de-

partment were asked to go out and clear

There were two alarming reports, se

some papers state: on the 7th an engine

ditched at Kenora, and a fire at North

Bay. At any other time these occur-

reaces would go unnoticed. There have

been several'similar fires during the last

two years in the North Bay yards, and

there were no insinuations that they

lary. However, the officia

up wrecks, and they also refused.

Bedford, Mass., \$1.00.

London

quarters

against him.

can get them.

properly inspected.

Those sending in two or more:

People.

WISCONSIN S.

STRONG STATE TICKET UP - NA TIONAL CONVENTION ENDORSED.

One of Milwaukee's Hardest Workers Heads Socialist Labor Party's Wisconsin Candidates -- Resolutions Place State Fully in Line with National Pregram.

Milwaukee, Wis, August 8 .- The Socialist Labor Party of Wisconsin has nominated the following State ticket:

> Governor: HERMAN BOTTEMA, Milwaukee:

Lieutenant-Governor: ALBERT WANG, Superior;

Secretary of State: JOHN VIERTHALER. Milwaukee;

State Treasurer: F. FARCHMIN, Sheboygan;

Insurance Commissioner: THEODORE HORN. Milwaukee:

Presidential Electors: CARL BARTSCH C. SCHULZ. AUGUST SCHNABEL HENRY BOLL, J. MAGLITSCH, HENRY SCHILD, J. BYER, H. DUNKEL, FRED KREMER, E WEGNER WILLIAM BYER

Electors-at-Large: R. BABNICK, CHARLES KAESTNER.

The following resolution was adopted "Whereas, The Republican and Demo cratic parties have in the past had opportunity to demonstrate that they were the friends of the working class and have in every instance failed to do so;

"Whereas, Various reform parties have sprung up and have died and will die their natural death of impotency because their existence is only possible through the assistance of the working class, who are and have supported them, but who are gradually becoming class conscious of their material interest; and

league that 750 more women employes "Whereas, A so-called Socialist party, - the Social Democratic Party - is at According to statistics, there are seven present seeking to gain the confidence of the working class by advocating so-New York State, and ten per cent. of called labor reforms and Socialism; and

"Whereas, The Social Democratic Party has violated the fundamental principles of Socialism by their past actions by endorsing anti-immigration lava, in repudiating the acts of the International Socialist Congress, by refusing to confer on the question of Socialist Unity in America, thereby forfeiting all claims of being a Socialist party; therefore be it

"Resolved That we endorse the action times. The work of the league has been of the National Convention of the Socialconfined not so much to providing work ist Labor Party held at New York July for women as to finding where they could 2-6, 1909, and that we call upon all wag Mrs. Re Rivera said she had replies workers to do their duty and vote for the only party, the Socialist Labor Parfrom a large number of firms to which

CHILDREN'S HOUR

Dear Little Comrades:

A few years ago I spent a part of my acation in New Jersey. One day, while I was rambling through the quiet woods, suddenly a merry laugh fell upon my ears and echoed among the

uplifted arms of the great tree. Another and another and still another peal of laughter told me that there must be a group of merrymakers near.

I stopped and listened. Yes, they must be in an opening to my right. That the group were children I could tell from the joyous exclamations, cries such as can come only from lungs filled with pure fresh air and hearts empty of worry.

Turning in the direction from whene the sound came, I made my way through briars and thorns and thick, low-bending

foliage. My heart beat fast with sympathetic joy, for it was three or four years since I had had the pleasure of hearing such pure delight from children.

At last I came to an opening in the trees. Yes! There they were in the meadow right in front of me, frolicking and romping, tossing the cocks of newmown hay as if intoxicated by its sweet fragrance.

I forgot that I was a grown-up and hastened to join them in their mirth, when-horrors! there before me was a wide ditch with a barb-wire fence be tween it and me. While I was trying to find a way out a wagon load of hay drove up, and such scrambling! About ten managed to get up and left the timid ones to walk after. I mean run after, for just then a bell sounded and by the spry moving of eight or ten pairs of legs. I figured out it was the supper hell instead of the school bell or factory whistle, which calls them. From the havload came a chorus of "Home was never like this!" A lump

filled my throat as I compared this group of frolicking, happy boys and girls with the thousands of children who toil in the weary-wheeled mills, dark, stuffy factories, sweatshops and mines for 8, 10 or 12 hours of each day, or, if they de not work, breathe the disease-filled air of the dirty yards behind or filthy streets in front of the tenements of our

great cities. Arrived at my stopping place I asked ny host to tell me who that group of children were.

"It must be them there durn old Fresh Air Kids that P-'s keep a-boardin' ev-

ery summer." "What do you mean by Fresh Air Kids?" inquired I.

"Why, some society sends 'em out here

to get fresh air an' eggs an' milk for two weeks. All that's fresh they git is the air durin' the day at that, for I've seen the 'hull fourteen of 'em sleepin' in the one big front room, an' as for fresh milk. P-'s never seen a cow or the place. They buy the milk and after skimming the cream off, the Fresh Air Kids git the milk an' bread for their suppers. . What else them city folks 'xpect to git for \$2 per week, anyway? "Fresh! I should say they are 'Fresh. The way they go on over an apple, some berries, or a piece o' cake! Sakes alive! Why, they go mad even over the flowers and grass, as if they'd never seed

one afore in their lives." "Have you ever been in the city ?" asked.

"No," he thundered, "Nor I never want to, either. From what I seed in pictures great cause. "Socialism! three cheers for the Co and papers I'd commit a crime an' be

pleasanter picture of that afternoon, the meadow. And still more pleasant came, the picture of the Socialist Republic, when, instead of getting only one-fifth of what he produces, allowing the capitalists to get four-fifths for doing nothing, each and every father would get five-fifths of what he produces, and an opportunity to work every day he needs

This would give him and his family a chance to live in a good home, have plenty of fresh air and nourishing food all the year round, and opportunity to go to the country for a change when they needed it, not by charity, but by his own earnings. Then his children need not drink skimmed milk and sleep fourteen in one room because some one wishes to make a profit out of their vacation.

Under Socialism, dear children, no one will need beg. Each and every one will have an opportunity to earn what he needs and of the best.

Then each child's vacation will be twenty-one years long, fifty-two weeks in each year; instead of two weeks out of fifty-two, as under capitalism to-day.

Lovingly, AUNT ANNETTA

A MATTER OF RELIGION.

Two girls of some fourteen or fifteen years were sitting on a stoop earnestly disputing about the hard times.

"Well," the elder was saying, "this is just one of the many things Socialists are fighting against. When Socialism comes, times similar to present will be avoided."

"I have often thought of what you tell me about Socialism, Maud, but how can Socialists be good people if they don't believe in God ?"

"Now, Marie, who on earth ever told you any such nonsensel" "Kate did."

"Oh, bother Kate! She's always making mischief! Many Socialists do believe in God, but they do not believe in the church of to-day. Have you ever read. the 'Silver Cross,' by Eugene Sue?" "No. I haven't."

"Well. I have it in the house; I'll run in and get it. You can take it home, ad if you read it you will without doubt understand what I mean."

A week later the two girls were again sitting on the same stoop.

"So you see, Socialists are right, do you not, Marie? I knew you'd understand us better after reading that book." "Yes. Maud, I was shocked to find that the religionists of those times were guilty of the same wrongs as the churches of to-day.

"Why, Christ preached against the rich obbing the poor of his day. For this the pretending religionists condemned him to death. -Just as the religionists who claim to be followers of Christ today condemn the Socialist for preaching against the wrongs of the capitalists against the working class. I see your point, Maud. It is the Socialist who would really make the world a fit place for human beings to live like brothers. It is impossible to-day for brotherhood to exist, while greed holds sway."

"The Socialist, then, is really more God-loving than some church members are. I am glad you have begun to read our books. They will lead you to think correctly and you will find that it is your duty and pleasure to join us in our

made for a meeting. Moved that the State Conference of Party members be called to order at 10 o'clock Sunday, September 6, in	guaranteed. Admission 10 cents.	here do not blame the strikers, but say that it was rattle-brained sympathizers. As to the engine being derailed, a per- son unacquainted with the Canadian Pacific Railway might think it was very unusual. But for the people and the road men along this division where there have been so many serious wrecks, where	they could employ and when they could take them on	A. S. OPERATING FUND.	hanged in the State of New Jersey rather'n be made to go to that peety place called the city." I didn't wonder. But that night I lay awake a long time. I could hear and see in my mind's eye the yelling and screeching of children of the poor districts. Then came the	operative Commonwealth." ESTELLE FELDMAN. MEMORY GEM Whether on the scaffold high, Or in the battle's van, The fittest place where man can die Is where he dies for man,
Adjourned. John Sweeney, Secretary. NEW JERSEY STATE EXECUTIVE	the grove. LASSALLE MEMORIAL CELEBRA- TION.	seldom a week goes by without one, it is to laugh at the noise now being made about the little mishaps of the past week. For instance, the last serious	"I am an American woman 42 years of age," she wrote, "and my husband died three years ago. At his death I was left destitute and without a relative in	Hugo Preuss, Newark, N. J. \$ 1.00 E. C. Thomas, Spokane, \$ 1.00 Wash. 1.00	I. W. W. Cigars	Special Offer
COMMITTEE. A regular meeting of this commit- tee took place August 16, at 131 Laid-	The Hungarian Socialist Labor Or- ganization, Branch I., N. Y., will arrange on SATURDAY, August 22nd, at the Progress Assembly Rooms, 28-30 Avenue	wreck two weeks ago was a double wreck. First a freight piled up in a tangle of machinery and bridge steel, then the first section of a passenger train	the world. I have ministered to the sick, soothed and comforted the dying and performed the last sad offices for the dead many years. My heart and my	E. W. Collins, Spokane, Wash 1.00 Thomas Nuss, Spokane, Wash 1.00	Cigars made of the choicest imported and domestic to- bacco.	\$1.50 BOOK FOR 65c. The New Harmony
law avenue, Jersey City. Present: Schwenk, Gerold, Landgraf and Leske. Landgraf elected chairman. Secre- tary Hossack not being present, the	A, for the benefit of the Hungarian organ, the "Neptkarat," a theatcical performance and ball. The play to be produced was recently	having to stop, the second section came up and ploughed into it, killing and maining several. The prospects for the men winning are	purse were ever open to the cry of the needy and distressed, but in this, the darkest hour of my life, I have not one to whom to look to for comfort or help."	O. Berler, New York City .50 O. J. Hughes, Brooklyn, N. Y. 1.00 J. H. Denham, Los Angeles, Cal	I. W. W. Label. AHTON KAINZ, S07 Hamburg Ave.,	Movement
reading of the minutes of last meeting was dispensed with. Leske elected secretary pro tem	suppressed by Count Apponyi, the Hun- garian Secretary of Religion and Culture, after its first performance. It deals with the many wrongs of the present	exceedingly good, and it is gratifying to the a uitant to know that this is a shopmen's strike. These men have learned that all whether machinists or	The writer said that she had answered every advertisement for help and walked until she was footsore, but could not find	Mrs. S. Bast, Los Angeles, Cal	Paterson, N. J. Mail orders filled. Send for price list.	GEORGE B. LOCKWOOD.
sending in his resignation as secretary on acount of ill health. The resigna- tion was accepted. From Hossack, sending \$1 for dues from Moren, mem-	system. Admission, 25 cents. Curtain, rises at 8 p. m.	boilermakers, must stand and act to- gether. It is to be hoped that they will continued to progress along this line and get the train and track men to join	work. Mrs. De Rivera estimated that there were about 75,000 women out of work in this ' ate. Statistics of persons out of	L. C. Haller, Los Angeles, Cal	KEEP IN TRIM!	can gather instruction and draw encouragement. Cloth, 400 Pages
Ler at large. The correspondence was received, and Financial Secretary instructed to send stamps.	BARGAIN LOT OF PAMPHLETS. Of the pamphlets issued in the Buzz-	forces with them in one grand organiza- tion along industrial lines. F. E. J.	work generally did not include women, she said. She estimated, as above stated, that about 10 per cent. of the women in all vocations throughout the State were	field, Mass 1.00 A Weinberg, San Bernar- dino, Cal 1.00 Paul Fischer, Seattle,	VERA CASCARA	Illustrated.
Essex County reported Timfovitch clected as delegate: held good meetings and sold much literature. Report re-	Saw series we still have a quantity of: American Farmer. Money. The Trust.	Iron Trade Cut in Half. According to the American Iron and Steel Association the pig iron produc-	out of work. A committee will form plans to assist in putting unmployed wo- men in touch with persons who can em- ploy them:	Wash. 1.00 J. T. Walsh, Seattle, Wash. 1.00 Wm. O'Keefe, " 1.00 A. Gillhaus, " 1.00	Habitual Constipation Torpid Liver	28 City Hall Place, New York.
crived, delegate seared and instructed to present credentia's at next meeting. Hudson County, Branch I, holds reg- ular meetings every Saturday, Passale	copies, assorted, for me dollar.	tion of the United States in the first half of 1908 was 6,918,004 gross tons, against 12,303,317 tons in the last half of 1907 and 13,478,044 tons in the first	Watch the label on your names Th	Total	H-L-BERGER	The New York Labor News Company is the literary agency of the Socialist Labor Party. It prints nothing hat
County reported the circulation of pe-	as City Hall Place, N. Y. City.	half of 1907.	second, the day, third, the year-	Grand Total \$2,917.59	The CHEMIST & ADOTHECARY	sound Socialist literature.