

VOL. XVIII., NO. 37.

RUNNING COMMENT

man-The Ridiculous Capers of the

Anarchist-Robert Hunter Respects

the Rod.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1908.

TWO NUTS LEFT UNCRACKED

rally organized that they know they

can counterstroke the reaction implied

in the execution of the threat by them-

selves assuming the national control of

the productive powers of the land?-in

short, how can an anti-capitalist pol-

itical party triumph in America without

it comes allied with the Industrial State

serpent casts off the old slough only

when the new is ready, and seize the

The second nut is like unto the first:

-In what way can the integrally con-

structed and revolutionary economic or-

ganization, so essential to the overthrow

of Capitalism and the rise of the Social-

reins of Government?

PRICE: TWO CENTS.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEL

The members of the National Execu

tive Committee, Socialist Labor Party, are hereby notified that the next regular

semi-annual session will convene at Na

tional Headquarters in New York City.

on Sunday morning, January 3rd, at 10

State Executive Committees are here-

by notified to send a copy of the creden-

tials and pledges of their respective N.

E. C. members to this office, 28 City Hall

Place, New York city, at the earliest

SAN FRANCISCO'S PROTEST

Against Extradition of Jan Janoff

Pouren.

San Francisco, Cal., November 29. -

Outside the skies were blue and the sun

glowed warm. To the toilers, weary

with the week's long labor, the lure of

the open was strong. Yet in spite of

this, Dreamland Rink, San Francisco's

largest auditorium, was well filled with a

thoughtful throng who had come to voice

their protest against the extradition of

Jan Pouren and other political refugees.

The chairman promptly at two o'clock

called the gathering to order, and in a

short address explained the purpose of

the meeting and introduced A. Walsh of

The speaker pointed out the danger of

fundamental right was being infringed

upon. He was applauded when he closed.

The next speaker introduced was Geo.

Speed, who proved to be the orator of

the day. His lean dramatic figure was

clearly outlined against the painted

background. His tense vibrant voice

reverberated and rang among the very

rafters of the huge barnlike structure.

Out of his passion-twisted mouth flowed

a steady stream of burning molten

words, and before the audience rose the

colossal picture of Russian rebellion and

repression. They saw the streets run red

with the blood of peaceful petitioners.

They saw the awakening of the stolid,

misery-burdened peasant workman, how

the proletaire of Moscow piled up the

streets and fought and died for liberty.

They saw the gigantic but premature

mutinies in the navy and army, and the

monstrous, wholesale executions that fol-

lowed. They saw the Government-inau-

gurated pogroms and their myriads of

victims. They saw the revolt of the

Baltic provinces and the proclamation of

Then the scene changed and they be

held the struggle for maintenance and

the final defeat of the revolutionists.

They saw the brutal reprisals of the in-

human Cossacks. They felt the damp

air of the dungeons. They heard the

screams of tortured martyrs, smelt the

odor of burning flesh. They saw the un-

swerving perseverance of the revolution

ists in the face of death, slow torture

and martyrdom. They saw the blood-

the Republic.

the 'Frisco Labor Council.'

Paul Augustine,

National Secretary.

o'clock sharp."

possible date.

December 5, 1908.



THEY'RE TRYING TO FIND OUT WHERE THEY ARE AT.

Lured to a "Joyous Land" by the Pied Piper of Capitalism They Wake Up to Find It a Sandy Desert - The Revolutionary Element, too, Is Doing Some Quiet Thinking.

Jersey City, December 4. - Since Election day some of the Socialist party utopians have been indulging in sober reflection upon the million votes they didn't get. Others of them are still under the influence of the Pied Piper of Capitalism-the capitalist press, and with Benjaminum Hanford, and a stub of pencil, figure out, vote or no vote, 2,000,000 supporters for the S. P.!

The revolutionary element in the S. P., on the other hand, ever anticipated over 600,000 votes. The Pled Piper did not stampede them. They are doing considerable thinking these days. They clearly saw that it was for no good that the capitalist press. which usually nursues toward the Socialist movement, either a conspiracy of silence or a conspiracy of villification; this time pursued the conspiracy

of booming the "Red Special" and "1,500,000 votes for Debs." allowing a precedent of this kind to be established. Further, he showed that a

The S. P. utopians were callow enough to imagine that at last the movement had grown so strong as to force recognition! Under the influence of the strains of the Pied Piper they took leave of the common horse sense which enables them to get about the streets in safety, and readily became Republican catspaws.

The S. P. revolutionists, and the utopians who have taken a tumble, are placing the blame for the utoplanism upon their own press, and rightly, for as one of them remarked, "Our press fell into the trap and echoed the Republican press, which boomed us to ensure a Republican triumph."

The utopian is an amoosin cuss anyway. I listened to a group of them reeling off, glib as parrots, "economic determinism," "materia] interest," etc., and denouncing the "ignorance" of the workingman! The utopian always has his Socialism up his sleeve, or concealed elsewhere about his person, Hear one of them in defence of the "Call," which one of his comrades had declared valueless for Socialist propaganda: "The 'Call' is foxily conducted. You give a man that paper and it looks like any other newspaper, plotures and all. Even the editorial goes at him mildly, not slamming his preju-

dices like some others of our papers." "And where is its Socialism?" asked the one who had questioned the paper's value as a propaganda medium. "If everybody in the party who

knocked it, would boom it, the paper. clotted hand of the Czar reaching across would soon be a success," was the the sea to receive the political refugees answer the "Call's" defender gave.

can't reach the New York market for less than \$2.32 a box."

According to the "Evening Post" the real estate of New York city is owned by HAPPENINGS OF THE DAY SEEN THROUGH SOCIALIST GLASSES. The Tremendous Risk of Capital-Taxes, Free Trade and the Working-

with real estate put on a poor mouth. and swell the bread lines. Oh miser liness, thy name is workingman!

Primitive are the ways of China. A number of coolies of the most humble classes in the Empire were brought into the palace to act as witnesses at the enthronement ceremonies of the new Emperor Hauan-Tung"-so run the despatches from Pekin. ,Here in America, our bourgeois masters of mies at the Presidential inaugurations allow the American coolies to pay their own fare to Washington, and to witness the ceremonies out in the cold, with their feet in the gutters."

Now that the Elkins-Abruzzi match is broken off definitely, both the millionaire mine-owning Senator and the Italian Prince may set themselves up as exhibits proving the falsity of the Socialist claim that panics bestow hard times upon Labor only. Were it not for the panic, the price demanded by the royal house of Italy for the utruct of one of their Princes as son-in-law by the bourgeois Elkins ould have been gladly planked down. As it was, "you can't squeeze money out of a stone, ye know."

The Cananea butcheries of workingmen in Mexico was only the "seamy ide" of a transaction, the front and pretty side of which is now being partially unveiled in the suit brought by the owners of the Mexican San Toy liver and leave out of raises against Charles M. Schwab, who is alleged to have bought about 2,000,000 shares in the San. Toy property for the "pre-tended consideration of \$75,000." a transaction which the plaintiffs characterize as "unconscionable, collusive and void." There is not blood enough in the veins of Labor to float such manipulations.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, dissolves the great issues of the day into three main ics-the problem of banking and currency; the problem of banking and cur-rency; the problem of transportation; and the problem of corporations. It is commonly believed that the sage who divided humanity into three categoriesmales, females and children-and that other wiseacre who divided the earth into the Western, the Eastern, the Southern and the Northern hemisphere, were dead. Not so. They are merged into one, and are alive and drawing the salary of President of Columbia University.

For a number of years The People has junless its forces take the field equipped, it on the social battlefield of civilization workingmen. What other conclusion offered two nuts for the jaws of those can be drawn from the free trade to crack who would purge themselves of 'Evening Post's" double principle that the title of "jaw-smiths," and prove they "the worklagmen nay the taxes." and that "the taxes eat up the real estate"? have jaws to a purpose. The' nuts re--And yet these workingmen, los led nain uncracked.

Desolate is the heart of Mamsel Free Trade. Like left-overs, usually, the old girl set her heart and hopes upon a desperate chance-the chance of cap tivating and "uniting" the Democracy in admiration of her charms. And now, from the very midst of the notbed of Democracy, the South, unim pressionable Democrats have arisen in favor of protection, "as a principle and a practice." Long-staple cotton grow ers of Georgia, South Carolina and Florida have appeared before the Ways and Means Committee with importunaté demands for a high tariff, a tall stately tariff that shall "protect the Southern planter against the low wages of Egypt and India." Ingrate humanity! and the second second

Tillman as a rampant protectionist is the next Black Crook transformation that the political cards have in store as their contribution to the truth of Socialist philosophy that class needs determine class views. South Carolina is in the long-staple cotton belt. Her product is competed with by Egyptian and Indian growers-and down goes the hatred to the Republican party. It should not be surprising if the anti-Negro Tillman be seen some day lecturing on the beatitudes of "mixed marriages." Individuals may mutiny against the dictations of class interests-a class, if it is a property class, is quickly class-conscious; it hows meekly to one and all the

dictates of its interests. n 4 Enough is leaking through to warrant the conclusion that Carnegie's free trade move was intended for a snuffer upon some of his competitors in steel, as much as for a lowering of wages. Jones and Laughlin are indignant at the threat to kick down the ladder of protection by which Carnegie ascended-to philanthrophy.

The "Arbeiter Stimme," a New York Yiddish Anarchist paper, contributes the latest evidence that the symbol of the Anarchist is a man with his foot in his mouth-as the below deadly parallel proves:

"A R B E I T E R STIMME." NOV. T. COMMENTING. UN-DER HEADING "ON THE WATCH." ON U N M ATERIALIZED R. P. EXPECTA-TIONS-"A R B E I T E R STIMME." NOV. 7. COMMENTING, UN-DER HEADIN.G "ELECTION RE-BULT." ON THE VOTES OF THE PO-LITICAL PARTIES: R. P. TIONS: It is, therefore, clear that not always does the growth of Socialist votes mean also a growth of So-cialism. On the con-There still remains the S. L. P. to be mentioned, and that will not occupy much space. In the whole of Greater New York, Guilhans the candi-

ing between Election Day and Inauguration Day ?--- in what way could a revolutionary political party hold its forces the open, and challenges its foe to meet unwaveringly points to. not love the rod, he seems to profit by it. Socialism has fallen into bad days, Here is Croker, hitting back at Rabbi

The first of the two nuts is this :-

revolution (anti-capitalist, Socialist, or

Labor party) counteract the threat of

the plutocratic-capitalist political party.

that, if defeated at the polls, there will

be a general shut-down ?- in what way

could a revolutionary political party

counteract such a threat, and thereby

prevent the voting proletariat from

stampeding to a political foe, and giving

it the election, for the sake of not stary-

In what way can a political party of ready to supplant the political, as the

Wise who calls himself a "Republican Socialist." and denying that the Rabbi is "a true Socialist." Already Socialism is afflicted with a Rand School of Socialism; and now comes a Croker School of Socialism to make the cup

Does any sane man doubt that Rabbi Wise, who denounces certain city dignitaries for dining with Richard Croker, "the successor of Tweed," would break a leg-ave, all his four legs-for an invitation to dine with Elihu Root, the defender of Tweed? Whatever may be said of Croker, one thing can not be said of him, to wit, that any of the Tweed tot went into his pockets, he having rught hard to clap Tweed behind the bars. Whatever may not be said of Root, one thing can certainly be said of him, to wit, that big chunks of the

of troubles overflow.

Tweed stolen goods went into his, the pockets of Tweed's lawyer. Another instance of the "directing energy," "directing genius" and "directing services" rendered by the capitalist has

been furnished by the Treasury Agent who certifies with photographic evidence that the Sugar Trust uses false scales, through a contrivance of secret sleet springs. Mallock should take notice.

When the annual "stock taking" in a business enterprise reveals a deficiency, wages are reduced "obedient to sound business principles," we are told. The annual stock taking by the Federal Government reveals a running behind of \$9;985,000. Why not apply "sound business principles," here also and retrench by dismissing at least 25 per cent, of the sinecure job holders, and shaving down the wages of

.The official reports from the Secretaries of State received up to date at this office register the below figures as the poll of the S. L. P. and the S. P. As fast as the further official reports are received they will be registered on the two lists.

S. L. P.

1908 States 1904 Connecticut 575 608 Illinois 4,698 1,680 Indiana 1,598 Kentucky 596 Massachutetts 2,359 643 404 1.011 Missouri 1,674 868 New Jersey 2,680 1,196 Ohio 2,633 Pennsylva ia 2,211 721 1.222 Rhode Island 489 183 Virginia 56 25 Total 19,568 8.561

A decrease of 11,007.

S. P. 1904 1908 States Connecticut 4,543 5,113 Delaware 146 239 Illinois 69,225 34.711 Indiana 12,013 13.476 Iowa 14,847 8,287 Kentucky 3,602 4,060 Maine 2,103 1,758 Massachusetts ... ' 13,604 10,778 Maryland 2,247 2.323 Minnesota 11,692. 14,471 Missouri 13,009 15,431 New Hampshire . 1,090 1.299 New Jersey 9,587 10.253 Ohio 36;260 33,795 Pennsylvania 21,863 33.913 Rhode Island 956 1,365 South Carolina '.. 22 100 Vermont 000 868

vited Pringle to indicate what he de sired, and the "labor" editor, who ob-

Senators Knox or Penrose or either of the Representatives in the House from western Pennsylvania, told Pringle he would be appointed.

The Republican leaders have told the President that Editor Pringle had no special qualification for the office. There is no local demand for his appointment: in fact, it is opposed by the business interests, but Roosevelt candidate for the position, that he will appoint the editor of the "Labor World" unless Pennsylvania Senators oppose confirmation.

announced the appointment of the following false leaders of labor to important Federal offices, all of whom were promised the places during the campaigns:

MAY DEPORT RUDOWITZ

Commissioner Foote Indicates that Such

Chicago, Ill., December 6. - Christian Rudowitz, a Russian' refugee must go back to Russia unless he is saved by the intervention of the Department of State or of the President. This decision was clearly idicated by United States Commissioner Foote yesterday after a hearing lasting more than a month.

Rudowitz who sought to fight his

of Pittsburg.

jected to dragging the Federation into polities told the President he wanted to be appointed Appraiser for the Port The President, without consulting

dustrial State take shape and strength

without it shields itself with the shield

. .

While the two sets of pure and simple

visionaries wear off their teeth upon the

files of these two nuts, often breaking

off into "magnetic" oratory that turns

out to be "hypnotic"-while this double

and supplementary farce proceeds, and

very generally amid the plaudits of Cap-

italism;-while that goes on, the S. L.

P. steadily holds the two nuts between

the jaws of the two sets of jaw-smiths,

and thus turns the two sets of gentry

to the only use there is in them-the

use of demonstrating by their impotence

-and as often impure and crooked

of a political party of Revolution?

- ; - ;

flatly told Representatives Dalzell and Barchfield, each of whom presented a serve notice upon him that they will

Since election Roosevelt has not

Samuel B. Donnelly of New York, Public Printer; Daniel J. Keefe, of Michigan, Commissioner-General of Immigration; John D. Pringle of Pittsburg, Appraiser at Pittsburg,

May Be Result of His Decision.

THE.VOTE. Of the S. L. P and the S. P.

ist Republic, recruit its forces, unless it the soundness of S. L. P. principle, the

proclaim its revolutionary program in rightness of the road that the S. L. P.

with an economic organization so integ- the hustings ?- in short, how can the In-

1,000 per cent: profit, admitted by		the \$50,000, the \$30,000, and the \$10,000.	West Virginia 1,512 3,519	tradition, is accused by the Russian of-	at the hands of the United States Gov-	Conflicting press interests are lining
rehbold of the Standard Oil, on the	The S. L. P. vote in for true' Socialism.	a year wage laborers-as the President	Virginia 218 255	ficials of participating in the murder of	ernment.	up the S. P. members to the tune of
adiana ventures of the Company comes	the other States are And likewise is it so few that it would true that a falling	and his staff love to call themselves?	T-1-1 010 (07 107 000	Mrs. Wilhelmina Kinz and her parents at	The speaker ceased abruptly and sat	"Volkszeitung" versus "Call." The
a shock to the community. Rocke-		and the second	Total 219,467 195,306	Tubuk, although this is simply a pre-	down. For a second the crowd sat silent	"Call" advocates complain that the
eller had admitted only a 726 per cent.	Leon and his party has fallen off. In	"I had taken Mr. Richards' son	A decrease of 24,161.	text of Russia to take the life of one	and spellbound. Then rising to their	Germans in the party regard every-
refit in other branches of his concern.	Socialism of America, ment of the Social	home, and started to meet a girl that		who has been an active revolutionary	feet they broke into mingled cheers and	thing; from the drinking of beer to the
uch a profit was proof positive of the	then we have damna- Democrats that on bly few Socialists- election day they	I was to take to the theatre"-this is	The 1904 vote of the S. L. P. was-	opponent of the Czar.	protests which lasted for minutes.	most vital party measure, from the
capitalist's risk." If a 726 per cent.	something that one count their phalanxes	the off-hand explanation given by the			The next speaker, S. Schulberg closed	standpoint of: What effect will it have
rofit proves "risk," justifying the cap-	does not feel like be- is played out. It is lieving. not true that the	chauffeur who dashed into Columbus	, The 1904 vote of the S. P. was-	. Much anxiety was felt when Commis-	with an appeal for funds. The crowd	on the "Volkszeitung"? and that their
alist's "wages," a 1,000 per cent. profit	phalanxes are already Socialist when the		408,230.	sioner Foote announced that the hearing	responded by throwing over \$125 into	action are those of "Volkszeitung" 'par-
arely proves still greater "risks"; con-	votes are there; and	and killed a poor aged woman. In the	A STATE OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF	was closed. "If a long decision is want-	the collection baskets.	tisans, instead of party members.
quently, still stronger justification;	it is not true that the phalanzes are not	days of the late crazy King of Ba-	ANOTHER REWARDED.	ed I can give it," said Commissioner	Austin Lewis followed, and dealt main-	It was the German element that en-
ensequently, that the capitalist is in	bar of votes in a	varia his subjects were often exposed		Foote. "If I should decide that this is	ly with the legal aspect of the case, dis-	gineered the killing of the unity move-
sality a self-sacrificing risk-taker in the	campaign is small.	by his nocturnal carriage dashes. As	Roosevelt Gives Pittsburg "Labor Edi-	not a political offence and that the evi-	cussing the American ambassador's das-	ment in this state by a series of
terest of the commonwealth.		Mark Twain thought, when his guide	tor" His Pie.	dence with this decision should go to the	tardly action at St. Petersburg and the	unique caucuses. These caucuses were
and the second		dragged him up the pyramids, the Ba-	Washington, December 3President	Department of State would you want me to go into detail !"	peculiarities of the extradition treaty.	held in the guise of socials and parties,
Striking is the resemblance between	reason, the Anarchist cannot make	varians must have consoled themselves	Roosevelt has aroused a storm of in-		He was attentively listened to.	at certain houses. Those favoring
he protectionist "tariff. revisionists"	an utterance that is not at fisticuffs		dignation among Representatives in	. The attorneys for the defence said a	The last to speak was Col. Petrovsky,	unity were not invited; and when it
ad the capitalist "adjusters of differ-	with the one preceding, or the one im-	some day." Whence are the common	Congress from Pittsburg and vicinity	detailed decision would be desirable.	whom the Government attempted to ex-	came to a vote, members long forgotten
nces" between, employers and em-	mediately following.	people, too poor to induige in automo-	by serving notice on them that he had	"Well," continued Foote, "I have pretty	tradite about a year ago. He spoke in	showed up at meetings-the same ex-
loyes. The protectionist "tariff re	the state of the s	biles, to gather comfort and hope for	decided to appoint John D. Pringle,	clearly indicated what this decision is to	Russian, and while the majority were	perience as we had in 1899.
isionists" regularly "revise" upward;	At this year's national convention of	future safety?	editor of the "Labor World" at Pitts-	be, but I see no reason for not wait-	not able to understand, yet they retain-	Another utopian that I ran across
te capitalist "adjusters of differences"	the Socialist party, Mr. Robert Hunter	"Whether intentionally or uninten-	burg, as Appraiser of Customs for that	ing until Monday to give a formal state-	ed their seats to the very end and ap-	is a Bayonne "radical," who ran for
regularly "adjust" downwards. Wit-	opposed, a motion recommending to the	tionally is not known"-so do the San	port.	ment."	plauded him vigorously when he sat	office on the Bryan ticket. He thinks
ess the "adjusted differences" on the	Unions the "industrial form of organiza-		It appears that the appointment of		down.	that the last election proves that the
ennsylvania Railroad, where the rail-	tion." He opposed the motion on the		Pringle will be the fulfilment of an-	KEEFE GETS WHAT HE WAS A	The protest meeting was an unquali-	American people are willing slaves.
ay men get it in the neck some more.	ground that it was not for him and his	iam J. Biggy. A supplementary stray	other ante-election promise to A. F. of	"LABOR" LEADER FOR.		He got out some campaign matter of
and the second	party to "dictate to the Unions." And	The state of the s	L. "labor leaders" made by the Presi-	Washington, December 1Daniel J.	series which the Pouren Defense League	his own, stating that he was in favor
	now, barely seven months later, Mr.		dent in connection with the last cam-	Keefe, of Detroit, Mich., to-day was	have arranged. H.	of clean streets, even sidewalks, plenty
	Hunter appears in the very role he then		paign.	appointed, commissioner-general of		of parks, and more of that sort. I
he "equalization of the cost of labor,"	condemned. He is now dictating to the		Pringle was one of the labor repre-	immigration to succeed the late, Frank	RAILWAY BROTHERHOOD MEETS.	pointed out how much more important
	Unions-or trying to dictate to them-	Clubs and Social Circless Split Over	sentatives who dissented from Gom-	P. Sargent. Keefe is president of the		the untutored workers conceived, even
		Graft-Detectives Dog Detectives-	pers' program of turning over the votes	International 'Longsheremen's Union.	annual convention of the International	the promise, of a slave's job, to all
	he calls their present conduct "rank non-		of the American Federation of Labor	During the Presidential campaign	Erotherhood of Maintenance of Way	such things; but I don't think he
teans Committee. The only "cost" pro-	sense." If within seven short months	Out." Labor Mayor Schmitz, in jail	to Bryan.	Control of the Database of the	Employes opened here to-day. Several	
ected is the cost of transportation by	Mr. Hunter can make the progress he	for graft, will yet look like a pascal		Construction of the second state of the	hundred delegates, reperesnting a total	This talk of the ignorance of the'
imerican rallways. "Italian lemons,"	has made under the rod of the S. L. P.,	lamb of purity beside the "good citi-	ised an office, just as Donnelly and	Taft, and opposed the efforts of Presi-	membership of about 50,000 railroad em-	workers makes me tired. They haven't
estified a California grawer who de-	there is no telling what progress the	zens" who secured his conviction and	Keefe were, in spite of all the denials	dent Gompers of the American Fed-	ployes in the United States and Canada.	as yet been reached by Socialism, and
ands protection, "can be laid down in	gentleman may yet accomplish in thrice	thus "vindicated Law, Order and De-	to the contrary made in the campaign.	eration of Labor, to deliver the labor		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
lew Lork for \$1.84 a box, while we	seven months. Though Mr. Hunter may	cency."	The President, so the story goes, in-	vote to Bryan,	hold daily sessions throughout the week.	(Continued on Page 2. Column 2.)

S. P. FLIM

DESSITE ORGANIZATION STANDS COMMITTED IN DU QUOIN, ILL.

Quoin, Ill., November 22 .-- The falist" party again stands before bar of decency convicted of filmm, and worse,-fusion. The latest ent campaign. That party is guilty sharp practices in the late prinand has persistently kept quiet hen it should have pronounced itself. In the primary elections there were two votes cast for the S. P. for candidates for Circuit Clerk. One of the names voted for was James Trover, a Republican; the other name voted was Jos. Moody, an S. L. P. man. The primary vote for S. P. candidate for Circuit Clerk being thus a tie vote the Board of Election canvassers decided by lot that Moody should be the S P. candidate for Circuit Clerk. Moody had already been nominated for Presidential elector on the S. L. P. Heket He was never notified of his on the S. P. ticket, but he should have been, according to the n law. He learned of his choice drawal of his name from the S P. ticket. The County Clerk, J. G. Taffee, claimed he had no power to remove Moody's name. Then Moody denonneed the whole affair as fusion between the S. P. and the Republicans. Jas. H. Trover, the other name that was balloted for. at the primaries for S. P. candidate, was the regular Republican nominee. It can be seen that if Moody's name had not been drawn the election canvassers, 'Trover is have been the choice. On the other hand, the question arises: Was the S. P. trying to steal the prestige of the S. L. P.? Thus in one case that Socialist party is guilty, of trying to put, a Republican candidate upon its ticket; in the other it is practising fim-fam upon the voters by setting forth an. S. L. P. man as its own. If the Republicans and the S. P. had held their own vote Trover could have elected. But the vote of both parties dropped. Moody pointed out se facts in his denunciation, but the falist party remained silent as a

I submit as evidence in this matter the following copies of letters which d between Moody and County Clerk Taffee. It will be noticed that copies III. and IV. were never answered. John M. Francis.

[Enclosure.]

Du Quoin, Illinois, Oct. 28, 1908. J. G. Taffee. Dear Sir:

There is one Joseph Moody on the cialist party specimen ballot under the head of Circuit Clerk. If that is nt as my name I demand it to be removed, for it is being used without my consent. I have no affiliation with that party- at all.

Yours respectfully. Joseph. R. Moody. 415 Pope St., Du Quein.

11. Office of County Clerk of Perry County. J. N. Taffee, J. G. Taffee. Deputy. Cierk. Pinckneyville, Ill. Oct. 29, 1908. Jos B Moody. Du Quoin, 10.

My Dear Sir: In replying to your

lot? Were they printed as candidates of the Socialist party or were they written by the two votes? And if they were printed, who was responsible? I don't wish to make any trouble, however, but I don't wish to misrep-

> Yours respectfully. Jos. B. Moody.

v. Du Quoin, Ill., Nov. 18, 1908. Hon J G. Taffee. Dear Sir: . Will you please mail me a

resent no one.

primary specimen ballot of each of the respective parties of the last election: . e. primary, if you have them? Thanking you in advance, I am, Yours truly,

John M. Francis. 526 E. Park St. Have no sample ballots of primary.

> Yours truly, J. G. Taffee, Co. Clk. ALL POLITICS.

Denver Trades Assembly Wades In Deep.

Denver, November 24 .-- Knee-deep in politics is the best description of the fit the world directly and indispensably Denver Trades Assembly. The dee- by their labor; they are paid less than gates, tacking a sense of huma-, would its equivalent, and with that sum they by chance and promptly demanded the fall denounce a Socialist for invoducing must pay for not only their own living working class politics into the union. Such a man would be met with the howl. Our more specialized workers have paid "No Po" is in the Union." When the their board also; dentist and doctor how' would d'+ down, then the de'egutes tailor, teacher, architect and engineer would a 'icture to seeking political They put into the world services we preferment for themselves. The following account from the Denver Post of Nov: 21 shows these 'no politics" howlers at work:

"Politics in the Denver Trades and Labor Assembly led to the ousting of lish fair return for value received. We wo members and the resignation of two cannot so easily measure the social necothers, one being President M. L. French, who was recently appointed an officer of the iuvenile court. Harry Barker, business agent of the Waiters' the performer has presumably paid his union and vice-president of the assembly, scceeded French.

"James C. Bulger, city plumbing inspector and delegate from the Plumbers' union, also resigned.

Ralph, G. Moser, delegate from th engineers' union, engineer at the city hall and delegate to the chamber of commerce, was asked to resign, as was Joseph Palmer, also of the engineers.

"Edwin V: Brake, former state labor commissioner, was again indorsed for the position, and Henry Klein of the striking boilermakers was indorsed for state boiler inspector. This action went through despite the fact that the constition of the assembly says that no political aspirants can get the official indorsement of the local labor body. The delegates want Brake put in office again,

as he was said to be friendly to labor during his first term. "The forcing of the resignations was done because of factional differences that are on in the local labor world over politics, and the ousting of Moser and Palmer is part of the plans of the Hally faction to 'get even' with the city hall

politicians who have been after Hally's scalp for some time. They were led by Moser. They divided in the state campaign and this caused more feeling. Hally supporting Guggenheim and the rest of the leaders the Democratic ticket. "E. M. Gross accepted the place as

delegate to the chamber of commerce made vacant by the forcing of Moser's resignation. "The committee appointed some time

ago to revise the constitution and pay particular attention to the question men in the Metal Trades," this work of members holding political office had

BOARD 2 HAVE YOU PAID YOUR

BY CHARLOTTE PERKINS GILMAN.

If Society (not the Dancing Class, but, tune, whereas he had come to town the People of the World) presented you without a cent. with your board bill to date-could you pay it? Or, better still, have you paid it and can you show the receipt there-

for? You have been consuming, since you were born, taking from others the fruit of their labor and ingenuity. Has your given them in exchange for it?"

fruit, given to them, been equal to what you received ?. Have you. produced as much as you have consumed? Most of us can say, Yes.' Even that pauper, if he has worked, has paid and more than paid his board, for a day's

labor, of the feeblest, is worth more than thirty cents. Our common workmen everywhere have paid their board

and more. Their labor is worth more than the sum they are paid for it, else no one would employ them. They bene but the livings of wives and children. could not do without and the world pays them little enough.

When we rise above these into the ranks of arts and sciences, and some professions, it is not so easy to establ essity of the pictures of Whistler, the songs of Caruso; but since some persons are willing to pay highly for them board to those persons, and they in turn have served the community enough to afford to maintain the performer. This is as though in a small, limited, economic group, the services of ten out of a hundred were so valuable as to war

rant giving them more than "their keep"; out of their surplus they were free to maintain two out of the hundred to teach them Sanscrit, let us say-a service which did not appeal to the ma jority. Others may say that the service of the artist of any sort is of specia and peculiar value, and worth more than

the artist ever gets. On either ground we will consider that the artist has paid his board; that some artists indeed are social benefactors past accounting. Are there any persons left against whom society has still a charge? Are

there individuals or classes who consume without producing anything? There are many lines of what is called business" in which it would be hard ndeed to prove any social value in the activities of the participants. I once

GIRLS IN FOUNDRIES.

met a millionaire, a "self-made man,"

Make 10,000 Cores Per Day and Receive \$1-Health and Life Sacrificed.

In a Pittsburg foundry girls are employed to make simple cores for castings. A quick girl can make 10,000 a day, for which she receives \$1. According to the investigator who reported to charities on "Pittsburg Wo-

"Where' was this money before it came into your hands?" I asked him

WEEKLY PEOPLE. SATURDAY, DECEMEBR 12. 1908.

"On trees? Or in the grass? Or in the possession of other persons?" "In other persons' possession,

course." he answered. "And now it is yours. What have you "Brains and energy, ma'am!" he blus tered. "You've no idea the amount of

brains and energy required to accumulate a fortune like mine." "Yes," said I. "I understand perfectly that you have expended brains and energy-but is it an exchange? You have their money-have they your brains and energy ?"

What the gentleman had done with his brains and energy was mainly in the line of bonding lumber-helping the formation of great lumber companies, which devastated the forests of the State, lowered the water supply, promoted floods in spring and drought in summer, wasted the soil, wasted the trees, injured the whole community. This was not service. He had the money, his supply of the world's ma-

terials and labor, his "board"-but he had not paid for it. What he gave for his money was not of social value; quite the contrary.

We are apt to be confused by the vierous display of "brains and energy" on the part of many prominent business men to-day. We respect their ability, recognize their generalship, call them Cantains of Industry, and never stop to analyze the nature of their services. Is the work they do useful to the world? Do they give us value equivalent to the vast sums we give them? Their wages are enormous-what is their work? It required a considerable outlay of mental power no doubt for Jay Gould to

wreck railroads-but is wrecking railroads a social service? A man may plot like a Medicean prince, and sweat like horse, in wrecking a railroad trainbut then the damage is visible, the pain immediate and distinctly traceable to the efforts of the wrecker; and any claim he might offer of profound ingenuity and herculean strength is not held to offset his criminality.

Outlay of force is not a proof of service. When a man has a million or ten million or a hundred million dollars of "earnings," the point to establish is not the skill and ability he used in acquiring them, but the social value of his accomplishment. The mental acumen and physical agility of a successful housebreaker may, be far and away beyond those of my gardener. The gardener's "board" is fifteen a week perhaps-the burglar's fifty. But has the burglar paid very proud of having now a great for. for it ?- The Independent.

> East Pittsburg 650 women are em ployed on piece work in winding coils for armatures. The fastest make \$1.47 a day. The work is so taxing that the employes give out readily. Only twenty-five have been in the factory four years. Three screw and bolt works in the same city employ 543 women. A bolt trimmer-to use one class of labor as an illustration-stands for ten hours before a machine. She feeds bolts to the mechanism at two-

THOUGHTS AND THINGS By H. S. K.

Crossing West street, N. Y., the other day with my little niece as one of the antiquated Belt Line horse-cars passed she exclaimed: "Oh look at the troller

pushing the horses!" A horse car was a novelty to her. Her perception had taught her that an electric car "goes of itself' and that anything in front must be in the way. It took some explaining to make the matter clear to her.

It is most natural for the young to conclude that things as they see them have always been so; and when they begin to learn differently it is with wonder and astonishment that they hear of past times, and the changes that have taken place as civilization develops.

I met an S P, man the other day who confessed that he hadn't yet got over the shock of the election. T was sure we would have a million votes." he said, pathetically. He acknowledged that the boosting of Debs by the capitalist press had fooled him into that belief.

Well he was not the only one of the S. P. who was fooled in that way:

"Till their own dreams at length deceived 'em.

And, oft repeated, they believed 'em."

It is to be hoped, however, that some of the S. P. men learned a lesson. In these days of commercialism when shoddy is labeled "all wool," look out for the capitalist press tacking th word "Socialist" to political shoddy.

The election is past and the S. L. P. is in the field as unperturbed as ever. The words of Thorold Rogers fit us well: "The fact is, even in the darkest time, there still was something which despotism feared or discovered it must fear."

It is simply astounding how little the average pure and simple trades unionist knows of the Labor Movement-generally he hasn't the slightest conception of what it means. If you want to see an honest member of the rank and file amazed and inspired just enlighten him upon the class-conscious theory of the Movement

The S. L. P. is the only organization that persistently and consistently has taught the workers the real issue. All others have acted in such manner as and unmanliness to hide. Glad are we] to prevent class-conscious thought from reaching the workers-to the benefit of Capitalism and untold injury of the working class.

The opponents of the S. L. P. tell us that its methods of agitation are "repulsive." When looked into it will be found that it is FACTS that are "repulsive." The language of the S. L. P. is carefully based upon facts, and facts

are facts, whether they are uttered, or remain mute. It is the language of accurate and honest men that is "repulsive." The S. L. P. is not so foolish as to attempt the nonsense of trying to fur-

ther a revolutionary movement by blandishment. Its methods may be, and no doubt are "repulsive" to kidgloved inanes, and the labor fakir un-

SQUEEZING THE WORKINGMAN

THE COMPANIES WAGER AND CHECK UP THEIR MEN. LIKE MACH INES.

the employer and his men has long been precognized, but this incidental effect is insignificant compared with the direct effect of the consolidated corporations and syndicates of the past ten years. By combining several corporations into one, by operating several establishments the country, by placing them all on a uniform system of accounting which shows at a glance every month the miratest detail of every it m of cost. the modern trust is going farther to alienate classes than did the single corporation when it displaced the individual employer. The primitive competition of employer against employer is a children's game compared with the modern competition of manager against manager checked up every month by the cold statistics of cost. Under this system managers go down like tenpins, or up like Schwab. They "hire and fire" their employees, promote and derate their subordinates, with the precision of rapid fire guns. Under their exact system of costs they measure a man as they do coal, iron, and kilowatts, and labor becomes literally, what it has been by analogy, a commodity. If one be a scientist or an engineer one can but admire the turbine and the dynamo in what they the marevlous results. The astounding are doing to reduce cost and multiply reductions of cost, the unheard of efficiefficiency.

ency consisted of two things, skill and now be compared with each other and paper on "Is Class Conflict Growing in metered up like dynamos. The rise and America and Is It Inevitable?"



.. Antipatriotism ...

Wage, Labor and Capital-

recognize their solidarity, and to agree not to compete. And this is the essential thing in class conflict .-- Prof JOHN R. Three Gems

ured off in aliquot parts and each part

is threatened with substitution by iden-

tical parts of other men, then his sense

of superiority is gone. He and his fellow-

workmen compete with each other, not

as whole men, but as units of output,

The less-gifted man becomes a menace

to the more-gifted as much as the one

to the other. Both are then ripe to

OF

10 0 0

CLOTH-BOUND, 50 CENTS.

Free Trade

By Engels

By Marx

By Marx

of class struggle.

upon that,

ency of labor, the precise methods of But in doing so they are doing exactly scientific experiment and tests, reveal a the thing that forces labor to become class-conscious. While a man retains new field of conquest of the human mind. individuality he is more or less proof But if one talks with the workmen at against class feeling. He is self-contheir homes one hears the grumblings scious. His individuality protects him The system is perfected by the division somewhat against the substitution of of labor. Formerly a workman's efficisomeone else to do his job. But when his individuality is scientifically meas-

speed. Division of labor has split up his skill into its constituent operations, and the progress of cost-keeping is carrying the analysis farther than ever before. Instead of the skill of one man we have the grading of operations among a gang of men. Skill had to be measured by quality, by intelligence, by ingenuity, versatility, and interest in his work. These human qualities are elusive and not yet measured even by modern psychology. But speed can be measured by quantity and a clock. Workmen can COMMONS, University of Wisconsin, in

AN INSIGHT INTO ADVANCED METHODS OF PRODUCTION - HOW

That corporations break down the per- | fall of their energy each hour or day sonal ties that formerly held together can be charted and filed away in a card catalogue for reference. Immediately there follows a new science and art of industrial psychology. The efficiency of a steam engine is kept always at its maximum by feeding the coal by an automatic stoker. So the output of labor is kept at the top by

of the same kind in different parts of adjusting the pay exactly to the motive and capacity. This is done by premiums and bonuses on output, instead of the cruder and more wasteful methods of paying the same price for every piece, and these premiums are nicely figured to the point where the workman will put out the maximum exertion for the minimum bonus. The psychology of the workmen is analyzed and experimented upon as accurately as the chemistry of different kinds of coal. A time-keeping department is created for this purpose with experts, card records, and a testing laboratory, and a new engineering profession springs up with industrial psyhology as its underlying science. Wonderful and interesting are these advances in harnessing the forces of human nature to the production of wealth. The pioneers in this field, calling themselves 'production engineers," may well be compared with the great inventors of



WEEKLY PEUPLE, SATURDAY, DECEMEBR 12, 1908.



BY K. KILDARE.

Translated into the vernacular

-the hut tax-does the trick. Officially

described as a "tax in return for the pro-

direct incentive to work since the native

it except by hiring himself out to the

settler. Thus does civilization mean en-

enables the settler to bleed the native

anti-nude propaganda by giving him

But not invariably is the native docile

cannot secure the wherewithal to pay

The savor of roasted missionary no | ity for his welfare. "We have intro ger lends its seductive fragrance to duced an individual law which has broken the olfactory nerves of the cannibal, and the tribal law," says a recent report. no longer will be partake of toothsome t roast; alas, no. For the fates en unkind to the savage, poor fel- organization, therefore we abolished the and he finds things strangely al-tribal organization, deprived the village se much so that to-day he stands communities of their tribal land, and deth not a sacrificing cannibal, but a d cannibalce. Instead of the "civ-

ng sacrificed in the old, quickhod barbecue style by the savage, ter is now sacrificed by slower re tortuous methods on the altar

avery by his "civilizer." And the living white settler for work, hence other meas-ures more profitable investment than mis-ar more profitable investment than mis-

Pioneers of commerce in uncivilized atries are the missioners; and LABOR | tection he receives" its infliction is a the fulcrum on which the lever of civworks. Before you can exploit nude African as a wage slave you sheer necessity Christianize before you can force him into the labor market it is indispensably the principle of wheels within wheels sary that he be doctored with the ary dope of plasticity and ren-imenable to the moral discipline anti-nude propaganda, by giving him blankets or pants as part wages, thus contributing to the "progress of civiliza-tion" and leaving the victimized native capitalistic Christianity.

The first step is to expound on the indecency, immodesty, and forth-of going naked. Thus do we between the devil and the deep blue. an up markets for scab-made shoddy and make the "missionary field" to his "emancipation." Occasionally, able dumping ground for the he shirks his work and kicks-kicks hard, lest trash in the shape of pants, blank-but, like Mrs. Partington and her prover-bial broom, he cannot stem the tide of t, of course, civilize the savage capitalism. He can elect to work or ac-at making him pay for it, and the cept the Christian alternatives-prison pays the more civilized he be-Christianity means civilization. Extracts from official documents are the pays the more civilized he befination means exploitation, and ex- interesting: "The tendency to use our means profit. The three terms products increases and in time may prove correlatve and, like heaven and hell, strong enough to induce the native to stand and fall together. Having work for longer periods." Sure! "To the savage how o acquire La think that the natives have not a duty umatism, and pneumonia to the country as well as the revenue the channels of shoddy pants is short-sighted. Every man should do dhoard shoes, we next proceed to duty, not only by paying, but by workn on the undesirabilities and in- ing." Of course! All wage slaves pay encies of the native diet. We have the boss for the privilege of working en up, by hook or by crook, by for him. "In developing the country or foul, a market for com-they will develop themselves" ("and our plexity in the shape of canned. dividends"). "The native should be taxed om Chicago, irrespective of the inversely proportionate to the amount ansequences to the savage's in- of work he does." An excellent prinintion's for his lumbago.

ild a prison and organce force to aid us in "civilizing THAT STRIKE LAW

Which American Newspapers So Muc Admire and Approve Of-Good for

Compulsory industrial arbitration in means: . "The communal ownership of New Zealand has been passing through the land expressed itself in the tribal oublous times of late. Awards of the arbitration court have been disregarded. Fines imposed for such disregard have remained unpaid. In one livered the native into the clutches of the two notorious cases a strike mainwhite colonist who will make him work." tained for months in defiance of the But squeezed as he now is by economic pressure of individual law and the whole law has been finally settled by employers and employed without referale appropriation of his lands the na ence to the law. It is therefore small tives' wants are so few that he still wonder that further legislation should be thought necessary.

Recently the minister of labor introduced an industrial conciliation and arbitration act amendment bill in the house of representatives. At first sight this bill appears designed rather to weaken than to strengthen the law, as it repeats the section in an earlier act enabling strikers to be imprisoned if they remained obdurate under milder punishment. The fact is, no doubt, forced slavery. And the application of that this penalty of imprisonment for refusing to work except on one's own terms is too severe to be effective. It is a weapon so dangerous in the resentment it causes that little is lost by abandoning it. In other respects the bill is certainly intended to make the lot of illegal strikers-and practically all striking is illegal in New Zealand-harder than it was before. It is designed in particular to remedy a curious flaw discovered by the law officers in the arbitration acts as they stand at present. Clearly during a dispute the possi-

bility of the men's getting financial support from other men or unions is a point of the first importance. During a recent mining strike, as is described in the article from our New Zealand correspondent, money poured in to support the men from unions in every part of the dominion. Since the strike itself was in defiance of an award of the arbitration court it might reason ably have been thought that those who sent this money were, as persons "aiding and abetting" an illegal strike themselves doing an illegal act. The attorney general of New Zealand appears, however, to have advised that strike, as contemplated by the act, was an instantaneous deed. Those wh struck might do so with impunity.

SOCIALISM AND FREEDOM CLAIM THAT NEW INDUSTRIAL ORDER WOULD DESTROY "FREE. DOM OF LABOR"ANSWERED.

That a Socialist .Commonwealth ; end, not only in the mills, but in all would afford its members comfort and other places where the individual security has been admitted even by the worker is only a link in a long chain of workers; it does not 'exist either foes of Socialism; "but," say they for the manual worker or for the "brain "these advantages are bought at too dear a price; they are paid for with worker" employed in any industry; the a total loss of freedom; the bird in a hospital doctor, the school teacher, the cage may also have sufficient daily railroad employe, the newspaper writer food; it also is secure against hunger, and so on interminably-none of these the inclemencies of the weather, and enjoy "Freedom of Labor"; they are all bound to certain rules; they must all enemies: but it has lost its freedom. and for that reason it is a nitiful being be at their posts at a certain hour. that peeps through glided bars into a For all this, the workingman' does world of dangers and want, and fain enjoy freedom in one respect under the would struggle for its own existence." capitalist system. If the work does They maintain that Socialism destroys not suit him in one factory, he is free conomic freedom and the freedom of to seek work in another; he can change abor; that it introduces a despotism his employer; in a Socialist Commonin comparison with which the most unwealth, where all the means of prorestricted political absolutism would be duction are in a single hand, there is

but one employer; to change him were

In this respect the wage-worker has

to-day what, superficially considered,

Socialist Commonwealth, is, according-

ly, not the "Freedom of Labor" but the

freedom to change his master. Under

the present system, this freedom, where

ually destroyed by the progress of

more the number of jobs that are free

applicants than there are places. The

he can at all secure work. Further-

more, the increased concentration of

impossible

freedom, because this would control only one side of man, whereas Socialism would control all the phases of human activity. So great is the fear of this slavery

may seem an advantage over the workthat even some Socialists are seized ingman in a Socialist Commonwealth: with it, and they become so-called but this advantage cannot be-given the "philosophical" anarchists. These genname of "Freedom of Labor." Howtlemen have as great a horror for the ever, frequently a workingman may ommunism that there is in Socialism change his place of work to-day, he will as they have for the system of producfind in each place substantially the tion for sale; and the odd measure same arrangements which hold the inthey take to escape both is to demand dividual workers to certain rules and both; they want to have communism regulations, all of which are a techand production for sale together. Theonical necessity. retically, this is absurd; in practice, the Freedom of Labor Under Socialism. thing amounts to nothing else than the The freedom with the loss of which exploded co-operative establishments the workingman is threatened in a which addlepated capitalist philanthro-

pists have again and again advocated. gain and again started, and again and tgain failed in.

Freedom of Labor Goes with Small Pro it still exists, is of no slight importduction. ance; it is a protection to the working-

The charge is correct that Socialist man. But even this freedom is gradproduction is irreconcilable with the full freedom of labor, that is to say, capitalism: the increasing number of with the freedom of the laborer to the unemployed reduces ever more and work when, where, and how he wills But so is this freedom of the worker and throws upon the labor market more irreconcilable with all planful, co-operative work, whatever the form which idle workingman is, as a rule, happy if t may assume, whether the form be apitalist or Socialist. Freedom of laor is possible only in small producthe means of production in a few hands tion, and even there only up to a cerhas the steady tendency of placing over tain point. Even where the small prothe workingman the identical employer ducer is freed from all social restric-

class of the small producer, unable to ook beyond the horizon of small profuction, is capable of. This ideal had its good reasons a hundred years ago; to-day it has no economic bottom to stand on, and can only haunt the heads of such people as are unable to perceive the industrial revolution that has since then taken place. The downfall of the Freedom of Labor" is necessarily connected with the downfall of small production. It is not the Socialists who destroy this "Freedom of Labor," but the resistless progress of large production. Oddly enough, the very ones on whose lips is found most frequently the declaration that "labor must be free" are the capitalists, i. e., those who have contributed most to the overthrew of that freedom.



Comrades "Come Again" and A. Peilerio, of Panama, have placed at our disposal a fund to help spread Socialist literature throughout the country. The fund not being large enough to supply every person with literature FREE, we attach this little string.

Send Us \$1.00

for a NEW subscriber to the Weekly People, and we will mail either to you or to any other address one of the following offers: Regular Special

Weekly People, one year	Price.	Price.
One cloth-bound book, either Wage, Labor and Capital, Marxy Paris Commune, Marx; or Socialism, Utopian and Scientific, Engels'		•
	\$1.50	\$1.00
Weekly People, one year Paris Commune, Lissagaray	\$1.00 `.50	•
	\$1.50	\$1.00
Weekly People, one year The 10 following 5-cent pamphlets:	\$1.00	
The Working Class, The Capitalist Class, The Class Struggle,		
Preamble of I. W. W., Foundation of the Labor Movement. Anti-Patriotism, Socialist Unity, What Means This Strike?	.50	
Reform or Revolution, Woman and the Socialist Movement.	\$1.50	\$1.00
Weekly People, one year The three following: Two Pages from Roman History Communist Manifesto, Márx Flashlights of Amsterdam Congress	.15 .10	
	\$1.50	\$1.00
A \$2.00 BARGA	IN	
Two NEW yearly subscribers to Weekly People Ideal City, Cloth, by Dr. Noto	\$2.00 .75	
Two NEW yearly subscribers to Weekly People Proceedings of First I. W. W. Convention, cloth		\$2.00
	\$3.00	\$2.00
offer will last as long as the fund lasts. I ng'advantage you will get left. Remember bers will be considered. No commission	that or	re slow

This in takin subscril on this offer.

WEEKLY PEOPLE, Box 1576, NEW YORK

Protect yourself by registering your letter or sending money order.



WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, DECEMEBR 12, 1908.

PERLY DROPLE

28 City Hall Place, New York. Box 1576. Tel. 129 New York SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY. ick W. Ball. National Secretary.

Entered as second-class matter at the tew York Post Office, July 13, 1900. Owing to the limitations of this office, orrespondents are requested to keep a copy i their articles, and not to expect them to correspondents are requested to keep a copy of their articles, and not to expect them to be returned. - Consequently, no stampt should be sent for return.

SOCIALIST	VOTE IN THE STATES.	UNITE
In 1888	STATES.	2.06
In 1888 In 1892 In 1896 In 1900	**************************************	
In 1000		
In 1904	******************	Neglis Alexand

Subscription Bates: One year, \$1.00;

All communications for the Weekly reople, whether for editorial or business reparimonts, must be addressed to: The Yeekly People, P. O. Box 1576, New (York

ribers should watch the labels on apers and 'renew promptly in order miss any copies.

scribers will begin to get the paper ariy in two weeks from the date when subscriptions are sent in.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1908.

Say not the struggle naught availeth, The labor and the wounds are vain, The enery faints not, nor faileth, And as things have been they remain For while the tired waves, vainly break-

Seem here no painful inch to gain, Far back, through creeks and inlets

making, Comes silent, flooding in, the main, And not by eastern windows only, When daylight comes-comes in the

light: In front, the sun climbs slow, how slowly,

But westward look, the land is bright -ARTHUR HUGH CLOUGH.

THE IN-CLASS STRUGGLE.

Though the class struggle is getting to be protty well admitted on all hands, except by pulpiteers, who have, for appearance's sake, to keep up a pretence, there is another struggle that ludes general observation. For lack of a better name it may be designated as the "in-class struggle."

The workingmen at present engaged on the two sides of the clay workers conflict at Perthamboy are illustrating this significant struggle, and by illustrating it they are shedding a light upon the tactics that the Socialist Movement demands.

The in-class struggle is the struggle within the proletarian class. Super ficial observers tire not of pointing out that "Labor is always quarreling"; and sentimentalists take up the whine, unconsciously utter a great truth -"If Labor were but united!" Unfortunately the truth in this case, being but a lamentation, is barren.

The Movement has already given birth to the observation that The Isme is no longer one between Labor and Capital. For all practical purposes that issue is settled. Only, the fruit-bearing settlement of it awalts the settlement of another issue-the issue of the in-class struggle.

It is not Capital and Labor who are conflict at Perth Amboy. The conflict rages among the proletariat. One not holds one view: another set another. The former rally to the banner that none shall live but those who are organized; the latter's banner bears the legend that he shall live who ica deserves condemnation only. Here, can, Uniou or no Union. The two in America, the bourgeois has comprinciples seem preconcilable. The

buzz about it: it will grow immune to the lures of "short cuts." In the ripeness of time, the flour being all ground. the in-class struggle will coase, and the proletariat will find itself united on the political as on the industrial field-a solid organization.

snowledge who now, like gad-files,

Will then the battle royal take place between Capitalism and Socialism? Ab, no! The battle will be behind, no longer in front of the united proletariat; it will be over. There will be no battle left to fight.

The real battle, the only battle-that is being fought out now. It is the inclass battle.

GERMANY'S SOCIAL DEMOCRACY AT WORK

About fourteen years ago, address ing a meeting in Berlin against the moves then on foot to inject reform ssues into the Social Democracy, Bebel asked: "What, for instance, has the issue of vaccination to do with Socialism?" The question was a clincher. So, like wise, may to-dayin sight of the prominent role played by the Social Democracy in the Reichstag debates, just started, to secure ministerial responsibility-the question be asked: "What has the issue of ministerial responsibility to do with Socialism ?" "Ministerial responsibility" implies a

political State": Socialism implies the "Industrial State"-two mutually recelling systems. The issue of "minsterial responsibility," accordingly, affects only the class' system of rule. Can it be any concern of Socialism to tinker upon and perfect and beautify system that its aim is to overthrow? The answer is . "Yes" and "No"according to the country affected.

"Yes"-in Germany. No more than in Nature, does evo-

lution make leaps in Society. Feudal Society cannot leap into Socialism. The chasm between the two has to be bridged by Capitalism. The bridge over the chasm is the socio-politica work of engineering that history demands from the bourgeois. That engineers', work is in an unfinished state in Germany. Its unfinished state has blocked Socialist progress in the Empire. The German Socialists, on the march to their goal, are halted by the abruptly breaking off arch of the bridge they needs must cross. A special problem arises under such cir-

cumstances. For these many years the German Social Democracy has the marrow of child labor. been laboring thereat-the finishing of the work left unfinished by the German bourgeois revolution. The task is impossible. No more than the bourgeois could have perfected the feudal, can the proletariat perfect the capitalist system. A moment has, however, arrived when the bourgeois of Germany, driven by their class interests, have themselves buckled down to the work they left unfinished. The move of the Radical Liberals to secure 'ministerial responsibility" means just

that; and, acting like enlightened men the German Social Democracy gives a helping, a strong helping hand. The enlightened conduct of the German Social Democracy will be misunderstood only by the pure and simple Socialist politician of America. For the identical reason that the German Social Democracy deserves applause for temporarily suspending its Socialist work and assisting the bourgeois Radicals, such a policy in Amerpleted his revolution as he has done Here the boun false that is in both. It will cost life. bridge spans broad and strong the chasm that separates Old Feudalism Here, in from coming Socialism. America, to suspend Socialist work one instant and assist the Radical bourgeois is not to assist in a necessary work, it is to waste time in filigreeing the bourgeois bridge.

From the men and the women who are loing the crushing of the lives out of children? From the male and the female members of the class the glitter of whose eyes and the rosiness of whose cheeks is extracted from the eyes and cheeks of the proletarian working children? Surely not. If the votes are to come at all they must come from the male and the female proletariat itself.

Child labor is heinous; but child labor is the consequence of a previous heinousness-the starvation wages of the proletariat. , A powerful weapon with which starvation wages are enforced is the injunction. Bryan promised, if not to abolish, yet to dull the edge of the injunction sword, and he made the promise obedient to the revolt that has

been going up among the proletariat against the Injunction Terrorism. Bryan was overwhelmingly defeated. Where did the labor vote go to? Almost solidly for Injunction Taft. Was it that the male proletariat changed their mind regarding the Injunction? Not at all. It was that they justly concluded a live dog is better than a dead lion. They realized they could do nothing unless alive, and could enjoy no reform unless alive to enjoy it. The Taft class threatened a general shut-down if Taft. was defeated. Taft's defeat spelt to these male proletarian voters "s-t-a-r-v-at-i-o-n"-and they voted against starvation.

Will the vote go otherwise, whatever the issue, if women proletarians hold the vote? The same logic that stampeded the male proletarian vote from the anti-injunction Bryan to the proinjunction Taft, will again, and yet again stampede the proletarian vote away from and in the same direction; whether the women's votes are added to

the men's or not. Under capitalism universal suffrage, in and of itself, simply adds to the poll of the top-capitalist. Universal suffrage, in and of itself, multiplies the top-capitalist's political voices. Universal suf-

frage, for the proletariat, awaits to be supplemented by that which alone will "put a bone" into the suffrage - the class-conscious, and integrally constructed economic organization. Without such an organization, the only one able to counterstroke the threat of shut-downs, the addition of women proletarians. to the electorate will have for its only effect the swelling into still larger hundreds of thousands the political majority of the class the sauce to whose meat is

GOULDS. CASTELLANES AND SA-GANS FURNISHING TESTIMONY.

"Revolutionary," in biggest type, is the label that forces itself upon the principles enunciated, and facts brought to light in Paris in the suit of Count Boni de Castellane for the custody of his children, which had been awarded to his wife, formerly Anna Gould, when she was divorced from him, and who has since married the Prince de Sagan. Nothing but "Revolution" does every

argument spell that is made by M. Clemenceau, ex-Anna Gould's counsel. and every allegation of fact that the talented counsel makes. Grounded upon the ethnologic facts

established by such scientific authorities as the Lewis H. Morgans, Socialism holds with the Morgans that marriage is a social institution, and that, like all other social institutions, marriage has undergone many changes, is not to-day what it once was, and will

having objected to the conduct of his stating that they contain such drug, | CAPITALIST THEFT AND MURdivorced wife in traveling with the Prince of Sagan before their marriage M. Clemenceau declared: "In America, conduct that might shock the more sober element of French society is indulged in by young women without let or hindrance"-in other words, even orthodox America, being the birthplace of the "New Woman," is revolution ary heterodox compared with France! adopt? Altogether significant is the circum-

stance that the proofs of a thorough revolution in the institution. of marriage are being furnished from the quarter of the stoutest declaimers against revolution, and of those most interested in reaction.

THE MARIANNA DISASTER.

Courrieres, France, March 10, 1906, 1.219 coal miners' lives lost; Fayette City, Pa., December 3, 1907, 34 killed, and their families left destitute: Monongah, Va., December 6, 1907, 388 mangled and suffocated, , and their widows and orphans left to beat out a life for themselves; Birmingham, Ala., December 17, 1907, 89 coal miners go to work and never see the light of day again; Jacob's Creek, Pa., (the Darr mine), December 19, 1907, 75 slaves of the coal pit die under the juggernaut of capitalist profits; Hanna, Wyoming, March 28, 1908, 70 min ers lose their lives and are brought out amid heart-rending scenes at the

shaft-mouth; November 12, 1908. Hamm, Westphalia, Germany, 339 German miners die below ground under such conditions that women faint at the sight when the bodies are disentombed.

So, wherever there exist coal mines and capitalism, there goes zig-zagging back and forth, over mountains and oceans, the red spectre of human annihilation; and now comes the latest report, from Marianna, Pa., where on the 28th inst., in a "model" mine a hundred and fifty sturdy American workmen stained the black coal with

their life's blood. At this date, amid the wails of the bereaved wives and children of the Marianna miners, comment could only scem intrusive. But through the sounds of mourning we can catch the strains of a nation's workers crying to the blood-drenched master class in the noble words attributed to Kipling:

We have fed you all for a thousand years,

And you hail us still unfed, Though there's never a dollar of all your wealth

But marks the workers' dead. We have yielded our best to give you rest

And you lie on a crimson woo For if blood be the price of all your wealth.

Good God, we ha' paid it in full.

There's never a mine blown skyward now

But we're burled alive for you; There's never a wreck drifts shore ward now

But we are its ghastly crew. Go, reckon our dead by the forges red, And the factories where we spin: If blood be the price of your 'cursed wealth,

Good God, wha' paid it in full.

We have fed you all for a thousand vears. For that was our doom, you know,

From the day when you chained us in your fields To the strike of a week ago. You ha' eaten our lives and our babes and wives, investments And we're told it's your legal share But if blood be the price of your lawful wealth

and the kind. When the New York Health Department got an ordinance passed forbidding milk dealers to put preservatives in the milk, the enterin the framing of the Dingley tariff on prising dealers washed their cans with the preservative, and, weren't always particular how much they left behind in the bottom of the can. What dodge

Say "beauty," "nature," "patriot ism." to a capitalist and you speak to him a language he knows not any more than a donkey knows Latin. The wonderful Giants' Causeway of Ireland is being ground up for road macadam by a British syndicateperhaps as an offering to "patriotism," 'nature." and "beauty."

"I hold that it is treason for any So cialist or any other partisan man to vote against a Unionist who is running for a political office," declared Gompers on the 16th of this month at the A. F. of L convention in Denver. Whereby Gompers' stole a leaf from the indictment drawn un against him by the The People since the day when, during the 1892 campaign, two Unionists and both members of "Gompers's own Cigarmak ers' Union-Moe Levy, Republican, and Aaron Henry, Socialist Labor Partywere running for the Senate in the ame district, and Mr. Gompers came out endorsing the Tammany and non-Unionist candidate, Jacob Cantor,

"Gompers looked pale and frightened for a time" is the way Berger's Milwau kee "Social Democratic Herald" console itself for the drubbing that the conven tion gave the Bergerites, in the regular and routine order. A lot of dirty-nosed boys, who yell at a cop from behind ashbarrels, and afterwards are gleeful "at the way we sasked the cop," act no differently,

If the Fresno, Cal., "Bazaar Journal" does not look out, its zeal against Socialism will yet get it into hot water with the ecclesiastics, who, born to poverty, land finally in comfortable three-square meals a day pulpits. If, as the "Bazaar Journal" .declares, "the church sees in the division of mankind an evidence of Divine design," then these clergymen are thwarting the "Divine design," and then they are limbs, not of the Divinity, but of the Deviltry.

Unimproved by the experience made with Parker, the New York "Evening Post" is striving to cause the Democracy to "return to sanity"; un-greened by the experience made with and through Cleveland, the "Evening Post" is attempting to "unite" the Democracy on a free trade bottom. The Democracy is dead as a national party. It has only local job-snatching aims and capabilities.

A fierce competitor has arisen to the New York "Call" in the person of "the Sunday Lady of Possum Trot," as Miss Martha Berry is called by the mount, aineers of Northern Georgia among whom she works. The Sunday Lady of Possum Trot is in New York to collect funds for ther Georgia undertaking, and tells a tale of 10 cents having yielded \$100. The most unctuous ad. the "Call" has yet ventured to collect money upon announced a \$30 investment vielding \$720 , which is only a 2,400 per cent. profit; a 10 cent. investment yielding \$100 is a 100,000 per cent, profit. The Sunday Lady of Possum Trot takes the

shine out of the "Call" as a demonstra



wool-tops; and whether, in case there was such trickery, the present Director of the Census, North, was the guilty in-strument, as charged before the Ways will the Canadian drug manufacturers and Means Committee at the hearing of December 3-these are secondary matters that pale into insignificance before the robust revelations made on that day concerning the wool growing capitalists. The facts as brought out by Andrew J. Solis, a Boston commission dealer and importer of wool, who described himself as "a Republican 'kicker,' a protectionist, but not a 'stand-patter.'" are these: The phraseology of the Dingley act on wool is framed in such a way that the duty upon wool-tops, amounts to 150

per cent, on the labor cost of the production to top-makers, that is, much higher than the duty on the more advanced product, yarns. The immediate consequence of this is that foreign tops are permanently excluded from our markets, with the following further conserquences as the ultimate and practical

utcome: 1. The wool-raisers, finding themselves so completely protected against foreign competition, and able to charge a monopoly price for their raw material, reduced the expense of production by a savage reduction of their output, so savage a reduction that when this country had a population of 50,000,000 it had 10,000,000 more sheep than it has now. 2. The exorbitant tariff on wool has

brought about a condition of things in which 75 per cent, of the people are clad from head-to foot, and from skin out in cotton while even the remaining 25 per cent. are cheated by having to wear paper cloth in summer, and light-weight cloth in winter.

Being asked: "What's the difference if they don't know?" Mr. Solis answered: "They find out when a cold day comes." There is an exhibition taking place at this hour in New York city-the Exhibition on Tuberculosis. It is intended to teach people how to avoid the ravaging disease. The revelation on the wool tariff points the finger to the real murderer.

and thief, withal. Out of thankfulness to Mr. Solis, whose interests caused him to uncover these startling facts, we shall here charitably abstain from turning the light upon the tariff reformers themselves. and showing that the wages they pay render health impossible, disease and premature death unavoidable. Aware of the fact that the "tariff reformer" of today will be the "stand-patter," if not worse, of to-morrow ,soon as his ,mate

rial interests dictate the somersault, the Socialist is justified in picking out the "stand-patter" as the type of the capitalist, and pitchforking the gentleman, turning the pitchforked social felon intoa standard to arouse the proletariat to

organize itself by uniting upon the only field where unity is possible-the field over which waves the banner of the Socialist Labor Party, urging the workers to form their battalions on the economic and the political field for the overthrow of capitalism.

Take it all in all, the "honest agricultoorist"-as Artemus Ward used to jeen at the Pharisaic rural population - is typified by the "wool raising industry," and it, in turn, typifies Capitalism-the despoiler of the land, the robber of the workers' wealth, the massacrer of the people.

UNCLE SAM AND BROTHER JONATHAN. BROTHER JONATHAN - Do you

know that I at last found a flaw in Socialist reasoning? UNCLE SAM-Let her rip; what is it?

B. J .- Socialists want to abolish capital: isn't it? U. S. (hesitatingly)-Well?

B. J .- Now, then, without capital we would relapse into the barbarism of universal poverty. We would be deprived of many an advantage we now enjoy. To destroy capital were to destroy a lever of civilization, and that, you know, is an impossible task. Civilization will not back; it will move forward only-U. S. (applauding enthusiastically)-Well said!

"B. J .-- Wasn't I right? Is not that a fatal flaw in .Socialism!, I am glad to see you applaud me; it does not frequently happen.

U. S .- I applauded your last sentiments: "Civilization will not move backwards; its course is forward only." But the premises you start from are all wrong.

B. J.-Wrong!

U. S .- Yes. By the way, how did you like those glasses of applejack we had the other day?

2. J. (smacking his lips)-Prime they were, and no mistake.

U. S .- Now, then suppose some man were to say to you: "He who takes applejack dies simultaneously under painful convulsions and great agony"? B. J .- I would tell him he was talking through his hat.

U. S .- And suppose he were to proceed to take out of his pocket a bottle labelled "Applejack," were to give that to a dog, and the dog were forthwith to kick and howl himself out of life?

B. J .-- I would say the bottle's label was a fraud; it might bear the label of "applejack," but probably it contained strychnine.

U. S .- Suppose, now, that man were to say, "I call this 'applejack." "

B. J.-I would say to him that he was free to call it what he liked, but I call it strychnine, and to give the name of applejack to a thing known as strychine was a quibble and a fraud.

U. S .- You have just now accurately described the man who will give the name of "capital" to what is no more capital than strychnine is applejack.

B. J. looks up with surprise.

U. S .- It is not capital that constitutes the lever of civilization you speak of; it is the concentrated and perfected machinery of production, whereby cooperative work becomes possible, and the quantity of wealth yielded by labor is plentiful enough to afford comfort to all



them will triturate the it will consume years, but out of the te will arise wisdom-that wism that will enable the proletariat to

Wrst-That the Union is a sacred body only when it is true to its CLASS:

Second-That the Union is not tru to its class so long as it is constructed upon principles that exclude and necessarily must exclude the majority of its class from the benefits it is intended to bestow:

Third-That no Craft Union can be trine to its class. Craft Unionism being constructed upon a plan that ignores the fact, long learned by capitalism, that no industry is independent from, but all are interdependent upon one another, Craft Unionism excludes one organized craft even the from other organized ones, hence includes only astriffing number of the proleterist:

Fourth-That only the integrally organized Industrial Union can be true to the proletariat, seeing that that being ONE Union embraces them all in the various subdivisions which the tool they use mark out.

These four cardinal principles are the fine flour that is being ground in the mill of the all-important in-class struggle. In the measure that the flour is cound, the proletariat will grow to the practices of the police suy and intriguer; it will grow im to the ranters, the wind-bags of little

As an applauder of the German Social Democracy., the S. L. P. of America rejects, for America, the tactics that German conditions demand.

WHERE MRS. WELLS ERRED.

vote.

A meek man, as reported, having meekly asked Mrs. Borrmann Wells, on December 4th, where she thought was the place of several women he knew. who expected to hold that evening a meeting to prohibit child labor-"was their place at that meeting, or at the meeting to be held that same evening at Carnegie Hall in the interest of wom when she married him! an suffrage?" the lady answered: "I

would have them attend the suffrage meeting, and give them the right to When we have the right to vote we'll go to Congress, not as we would have to go now, saying, 'Please, good sirs, prohibit child labor.' No, we would go saying, 'Here, you men, frame laws prohibiting child labor, or we'll bombard you at the next election with one hundred thousand two hundred thousandat any rate a sufficient number of vote 000,000, or be it 50,000,000 francs! to insure that you who are crushing the lives out of children are not elected." Very beautiful-but not war. From whom are the votes to con

"Abomination of desolation!" comes at this point the yell from every prop of capitalism-press, pulpit and politician. "Revolution!" they scream in chorus. And yet what are the facts revealed by M. Clemenceau,-the counsel, surely, of a top-capitalist personage in her relations with similar pillars of present society? Originally, it was the bridegroom who paid the bride's parents money, or other valuables, for the possession of his wife. This formality it is known, no longer exists. M. Clemenceau new uncovers the fact of a complete revolution practiced by the Anna Goulds and the Castellanes. Instead of the bridegroom paying the bride's parents, exactly the reverse happened in this instance. Anna Gould, the bride, paid the Marquis and Marquise de Castellane, Count Boni's parents, \$95,000, or be it 475,000 francs, Again; the modern, or orthodox heory is that the husband supports the wife, not the wife the husband. The fact is reflected in our laws. Only wives are entitled to alimony, not husbands. M. Clemenceau uncovers the robust fact that, not the husband of Anna Gould, Count Boni, supported his wife, but his wife him. During their eleven years of marriage the support of her husband cost Anna Gould \$10 .-

Again, and in this M. Clemenceau steps upon the corns of our American orthodoxy in particular. Count Bont Good God, we ha' bought it fair.

By right of blood, if by nothing else, the working class owns the indus-

"No need to freeze here. Get our neat booklet of winter resorts." advises the New York Central. That is like telling the workingman he has a right to live, and then knocking the bread out of his mouth by a "suspension pending resumption of indust 'y," or a reduction in wages.

In the last year daily travel between New York and Brooklyn has increased from 706.000 to \$16.000, a jump of ome 16 per cent. For which anathemas should be sung, and not congratulations. What it tells is not of more people getting out of their crowded tenements "into the country," but more people from the country be ing drawn into the maelstrom of New York's fevered exploitation and, life, and thus helping make their "country" into another sweltering city.

After April 1 next all patent medicines in Canada containing deadly drugs must either be approved by a board of experts, or else bear a label

tor that Socialism is unnecessary, and, indeed, picavune beside the actually millennial profits obtainable by small

The age of vicarious atonement is not over. Bank directors and cashiers con tinue to be convicted and to be "held up to scorn," vicariously for the lot who causes the convictions and the holding up to scorn.

Thrilling accounts are being given of Moxey, the expert book-keeper who is used to detect bank frauds, and who always lands the culprit. One account is particularly thrilling. The directors of) New Orleans bank were at sea to place a big theft. Moxey was engaged. One of the thieving clerks immediately shot himself. The, other surrendered, and 'Moxey disentangled the tangle; ascertained the amount stolen to be \$600,000; ascertained in what way: and PLACED THE DIRECTORS IN FULL POSSES

SION OF THE FACTS."-Question What were those Directors but "dummy directors"? 'A suggestion to Mallock: "Here is another instance of Directors directing-nothing."

Prosperity has struck the factory of world the output has increased greatly Comptroller Metz of N. J. amidships. The second batch of men, 150 this time, has been discharged.

The Feople is a good broom to brush the cobwebs from the minds of the workers. Buy a copy and pass it around U. S. MINES WORST.

Senator Dick Gives Mine Owners a Lashing.

Pittsburg Pa., December 4 .-- With the greatest number of mine owners, mine experts, government and State officials present in the history of the organization, the American Mining Congress began to-day the third day's session of its eleventh annual convention with a lashing of American mining conditions that

should have raised welts on the criminal mine owners sitting there. Secretary of the Interior Garfield and

the largest party of State and district mine inspectors ever assembled at one time also had a meeting for the purpose of discussing mine explosions and their causes.

Senator Dick, of Ohio, was one of th speakers. He said in part:

"The coal mines of the United States are killing more than three times as many men per thousand employed as the coal mines of France and Belgium, and two and one-half times as many as are killed in the coal mines of Great Britain. In al the coal producing countries of the

in the past ten years, but the United Staes is the only country where the number of men killed per each one thou sand employed has also increased.

When you have read this paper, pass it on to a friend-

B. J .- Isn't that capital?

U. S .- No, sir. That becomes capital only when it is owned by private individuals. Owned by private individuals and operated for their private profit, the concentrated machinery of production becomes "capital," and then, so far from being a lever of barbarism and a source of human misery, it strips concentrated machinery and production and co-operative work of all the good that is in them; it robs them of the civilizing and beneficent powers; it promotes on the one end of the social ladder popular poverty, such as was never before known in

the world's history, and on the other end, purse-proud crime, ignorance and immorality.

B. J.-I now see.

U. S .- Socialists do not oppose; on the contrary, they favor, promote and hail every progress of the sciences that causes production to be carried on in a more concentrated way, i. e., more and more co-operatively.

B. J.-That makes me a Socialist.

U. S .- So is every honest man on vhom intelligence dawns. Capital is machinery of production put to bad use. Socialism aims at freeing the machinery of production from that Old Man of the Sea-Capitalism.

B. J.-Let us all give a helping hand!

Watch the label on your paper. It will tell you when your subscription expires. First number indicates the month, cond. the day, third, the year,

WEEKLY PEO PLE, SATURDAY, DEC EMEBR 12, 1908.



Jáll

same

ison

do any work.

of votes.

cialist party is satisfied with such kind

I believe that we must get after sub-

scriptions for the Daily and Weekly

People, so as to teach our sympathizers

and make them revolutionists, men

who are self-reliant. I have a number

of pamphlets which I loan out to get

workingmen interested and then get

their subscription for the paper. All

other comrades can do this same thing.

Fieldbrook, Cal., Nov. 18.

Thomas M. Hitchings.

ients who prefer to apprint under an assumed name of such name to their comtions, besides their own signa address. None other will be

INSIDES ON "NAPOLEON" ST. JOHN

To the Daily and Weekly People :-I. notice V. St. John is going around and telling, boy like, that he assaulted Francis because, of a saucy letter. which is had enough for a general of ficer of a labor organization to do, if that was his reason.

But the truth is that St. John acted as agent and cats-paw for the New York soreheads, who did not dare to fight their own cause in the open in New York.

As a proof of this I wish to inform mrades, who may be interested this matter, that the assault of Francis was a pre-arranged affair. S. A. Stodel told me confidentially more than two weeks before the assault: "Let Francis go to Chicago; he will set his bones broken, all right. They have everything arranged out there and De Leon, too.'

I told Stodel: "If they think to do up De Leen I will go to Chicago myto protect him.". I did not give matter much attention at the this time, thinking it to be only a bluff, and only now when St. John is Braggo-the-Monk-like playing to the gal lery, I consider it my duty to expose the hypocrisy of that false statement.

> George Wollenschlager, 843 East 63rd Street.

New York, December 2.

S. P. CORRUPTION.

To the Daily and Weekly People :-Inclosed find documents I have promised to send in regard of the local S. P. of Norwalk. It will be noted that the candidates for Senator, Representatives and, Judges of Probate on the Democratic ballot are the same as those on the S. P. ballot and could not be otherwise since they were ordered and paid for by the chairman of the Democratic committee, Ed. Barrett, who I interviewed on the matter. Both sides are very much disappointed, the Democrats at the measly skiddoo number 23 which the S. P. received ; and the S. P. at not getting the support of Senator Donovan's admirors for the head of their Emil Singewald. ticket. So.-Norwalk, Conn., Dec. 1.

The documents enclosed by our cor respondent are the official ballots of the ocratic and the Socialist party. names of the candidates who appear both ballots are-Jeremiah Donovan, for Senator; James T. Hubbell and John F. McMabon, for Representatives; and Henry W. Gregory, for Probate. The ballots are in this office for inspection .--Ed., THE PEOPLE.]

BUILD UP THE S. L. P. To the Daily and Weekly People:

w that the votes have fallen it be ves us to survey the situation and

for what money they can get, recogniz- | keep the reading room and headquarters ing it as a god and worshipping it accordingly. Louis J. Freeman.

Chillicothe, O., Nov. 8. LEAVING THE WRECK

To the Daily and Weekly People: At the last regular meeting of Local 533. I. W. W., of San Pedro, Cal., the following resolution was unanimously Enclosed find four subs'; renewals, and

adopted: Whereas, At the Fourth Annual Convention of the L W. W., which was held in Chicago from September 21 to October 1, 1908, the general secretaries. Wm E. Trautmann and Vincent St. John, and some members of the Executive Board employed the most high-handed methods, packed the convention to carry out the plans of the anti-political faction, and deprived locals of representation to which they were clearly entitled; and,

Whereas, Said Convention mutilated the preamble to the constitution by striking out the political clause, thus committing the organization to a policy of physical force; therefore, be it Resolved, That Local 533, I. W. W., of San Pedro, Cal., repudiate these acts of the Fourth Annual Convention

On next Sunday evening the Section vill give an entertainment and dance of the I W W and do indorse the action of the New York Industrial in Friedman's Hall, and if all goes well Council and of the Conference of Nowe hope to realize a good sum from vember 1, at Paterson, N. J., and, be it further I addressed an open-air meeting last Resolved, That this local, from this Saturday night at the corner of Maddate, recognizes the General Headand Desplaines streets. The

quarters of the I. W. W., at 229 East crowd, which numbered at time as high Thirty-ninth street, New York, and as 300, was, all things considered, one of the best I have ever had the pleas further ure of speaking to. They showed their Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be sent to 212 Bush Temple. appreciation by buying all the Weekand to the Dally and Weekly People

> for nublication A. Rosenblad. Chairman. Asa Luther, Recording Secretary. San Pedro, Cal., November 27.

A PRACTICAL SUGGESTION.

To the Daily and Weekly People.-In view of the misleading and contra-There are a great many people who call themselves Socialists but who dictory statements ' in the capitalist know little or nothing about Socialism. press, the 30th and 32nd, Assembly Dis-I met one of these kind the day before trict sub-division of Section N. Y. Counelection, and he told me that he meant ty, S. L. P., has appointed the underto vote for Socialism, but was arraid signed committee to request the Editor that if the Socialists were elected the of The People to ascertain from the capitalists would take all their money Party membership and other readers of and capital and leave the country. The People throughout the country, as I told this fellow that we could ge to conditions and wages of labor at the

along very well without the capitalists present time. The 30th and 32nd Asand "their" money, and we would have sembly District is of the opinion that our own capital. I also called his atsmall card with questions as per entention to the fact that if those capitalclosed, form should be placed in the ists had to do their moving themselves hands of every member and sympathizer there would not be much moving done. of the Party with a request that the since they, as a matter of fact, don't same be properly filled and returned to The People. Our members are willing Now, a man who knows so little of to give the Editorial department a help-Socialism as this man did had better ing hand by compiling the returned annot vote for the principles. What is swers, under the direction of the Editor, the good of such votes when there is also mailing, etc., so that we may be nothing back of them? Yet, the So-

able to give a truthful presentation of the conditions in the world of labor by the early part of January. Trusting this will meet with your approval, we remain .--- Yours fraternally.

William Walters. Adolph Orange. Committee [Enclosure.]

Kindly answer these questions: In what industry are you employed?

clean and the literature in good wler was very unsatisfactory; so, to have a

time, the League was formed. A part of the headquarters was partitioned off . for a store room, and in this way the . the Socialist party and the soheadquarters have been maintained. The League recently installed a piano

n the new headquarters, and all that is necessary now is for all to pull together; for old friends and sympathizers to forget the "bloody" past and come . around to help make the Sunday night . propaganda meetings successful, and the] . time will come when there will be a large enough organization and so great a demand for Socialist literature that the selling of other commodities can be done away with-which present conditions force us 'to continue

We are proud that Section Los Anreles has the finest Socialist reading room in the United States, and hope other Sections will do likewise or better.

The election is over, and the Los Angeles S. L. P. has started the next campaign. Our S. P. friends who four years go were going to elect Debs in 1908. and lately claimed two million votes. hardly know what struck them. Their vote in 1904 was over 29,000, this elec tion about 19,000 in this state, and the 1912 sure thing prophets look sad.

But what's the use getting sore, boys They can't all think your way. Take an inventory of yourself. and see if there s not something to be fixed at home Study the S. L. P., build up a revolutionary army of occupation on the economic field, and then political action will have some musele. The scattering of the workers in search of a job, the inability to pay rent, hence moving, hence disfranchisement, the threat to those at work that if Taft was not elected their jobs were gone, in fact, the bread and butter question lowered your (the S. P.) vote and elected Taft.

When you are strongly organized politically and economically, when you show the worker you are going in the shop to operate it for his social good, in other words, when you can make good to him and secure him his job and the full social equivalent of his toil, then the bread and butter question, and not sops and straddling, will elect the revolution arv Socialists.

All the papers, all the pulpits unctuous ly preached proud paens of praise for the triumphant return of prolific prosperity on this Thanksgiving Day. The pres of the city proclaimed the death of Hard Times and the birth of an unprecedented era of prosperity. The burden of the pulpit's song was that we thank the Almighty not only for the manifold blessings He had showered upon us, but also for the adversity with which He had punished the wicked and chastised the proud unfaithful.

Now this glittering medal has a re baskets to families who were in dire

ed on financial jugglery. They work that to depend on voluntary efforts to DOCUMENTS FOR HIS-TORY

neat' place open to the public all the [From N. Y. "Call" (S. P.), Dec. 3, 1908.]

The chief differences between celled Socialist Labor Party are that the former maintains an attitude of fraternal helpfulness * toward the labor unions, while the latter is destructively hostile to all but a few of them; that the former is democratically directed by its rank and file, while the latter is practically dominated by a misleader: and that the former devotes its energies to fighting capitalism, while the latter does little but attack the Socialist party and the trade unions. They separated in 1899. Since that time the Socialist party has steadily grown stronger, while the other body has steadily declined. There is no reason to expect that they will be re-united. The best remaining members of the S. L. P. are ranidly coming over to the Socialist party,

that they cannot even see so plain proposition as that when a man gets \$1.48 out of every \$10 in wealth produced he can buy back things to the extent of \$1.48. And under such conditions as these the merchants cannot dispose of their stock, no matter how hig the "Slaughtering Sales." So the goods on the shelves of Mr. Merchant rot and waste away, and Mr. Commercial Salesman can't bring in orders because business men are piled up with stock. When these smart drummers run up

against this game of not being able to place orders they start lamenting. Strikes and strikers are blamed for their falling down. These fellows think of every possible "reason" except the correct one: capitalism. D. R. La Salle, Ill., Nov. 20.

AN OLD VETERAN DEAD.

Louis Levitt (Levitzky) died at Moun Sinai Hospital, N. Y., . on Sunday evening, Nov. 29, after an illness of about six months. Levitt was 42 years old, and left

vidow and two children. Comrade Levitt was one of the pio

eers in the Socialist movement among the Jewish workingmen in this country. He was one of the founders of the weekly Arbeiter Zeitung in 1890, and of the daily "Abendblatt" in 1894, both S. L. P: -papers. For a number of years he ontinued one of the most active workers in the Socialist movement on the ower East Side. He was compelled gradually to withdraw from activity ow

ing partly to economic conditions, but mainly to poor health. During the past few years he owned

restaurant on West Houston street, where many Jewish workingmen are employed.

Comrade Levitt remained true to his principles and a supporter of the S. L P. until his end. Many a comrade spent pleasant hour at the comrade's place discussing Socialist tonics.

not work equally well, then priority of The circumstances were such that employment cuts no figure. most of his Socialist friends, many of

LETTER-BOX * OFF-HAND ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. NO QUESTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED THAT COME IN ANONTHOUS LETTERS. ALL LETTERS MUST CARRY & BONA FIDE SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS.

D. M. B., GRANITE, OKLA .- Now to | their favor. Your statement that the our second question-The labor embodied in a commodity

Read Sec. 2 of Chap. I of Capital. Sweat over it. Of the subject there answer to H. C. B., of Schenectady. treated Marx himself says that it "is

the pivot on which a clear comprehension of political economy turns." It deserves all the sweating that can be bestowed upon it. A cost has two values-one is its

is of two-fold character:

quality; it gives warmth; that is its "use value." The same of bread, shoes, etc. Their "use value" is their quality, to feed, to protect the feet, etc. That same coat, bread, and pair of shoes, etc., has another value-that other value is the labor-power, crystallized in

it, and socially necessary for its reproduction. This other value is its "exchange value." The two-fold character of labor em-

bodied in the commodity coat, bread, shoes, etc., is: First-The character of imparting quality," which goes to determine use; Second - The character of imparting "exchange value," which goes to determine quantity of other commodities, which, containing the same amount of

labor-power, are exchangeable with the coat, bread, shoes, etc .- A whole lot flows from this. Hence Marx is especially proud in announcing that he was "the first to point out and to examine critically this two-fold nature of the labor contained in commodities."

Next question next week.

M. A. R., NEW YORK-Now to your econd question— , The Volkszeitung Corporation has for

the Socialist party no use other than as a tender to enable the Corporation to get advertisements, that is, loot. Hence the Corporation has no use for a daily English paper that will trespass for donations upon German Unions and would also trespass upon its advertisers. The Corporation fought the launching of the Daily People, and prevented the undertaking. Within twelve months after the split when the Socialist Labor Party cast off the incubus of the Corporation

to be an established fact. F. D., TURTLE CREEK, PA .- Now to your second question-

the Daily People was and has continued

If by "religion' you understand the Sunday, School theory of geology, of astronomy and of biology-then, no: a Socialist organizer cannot believe in that,

Next question next week. A. F., BOSTON, MASS .- Sure! The best use fraud can be put to is to give it full publicity. Whoever can be taken

in ought to.

A. W., NEW YORK-You don't state facts enough- for a correct answer. If, in that shop, all the three men were employed at the same work, and did it equally well, then, in case of a lay-off, the one employed latest should be the one discharged. If, however, the three men did not do identical work, or did

work of these organizations has to be done in "a slow and often round-about way" brings the state of things sub stantially in accord with the Letter-Box

. L. I. M., NEW YORK-The point is well taken. The publication of complimentary correspondence with the names and addresses of the writers, indeed exposes these to a deluge of letters from the bureau of guttersnipes who, like rats without a tail, have no higher cause to serve than seek to poison people's minds: That's all true. Nevertheless, The Peo-

ple's correspondents are not supposed to be stuffees. Whosoever is poisonable sught to be poisoned. It is a test of manhood.

H. J. S., LOS ANGELES, CAL .- This office is not acquainted with any "passage in Marx" advocating the buying out of the capitalists. If any passenger on the "Red Special" knew of such a passage, and retailed the same, he must have got it from some "Red Special special.".

G. A. M., TORONTO, CAN .- A Dutch Socialist publication is "Het Volk." Keizersgracht, Amsterdam, Holland, Nons in America.

N. S., NEW YORK-If anti-limmigration is "a private opinion," on the score of which it is wrong to find fault with Socialist, then to hold Tammany to be the right thing is also "a private opinion," and Goldfogle is entitled to a Socialist's vote.

J. T. R., SEATTLE, WASH .- No, indeed! We are not "rid of the old reactionary Democratic party." The old hag will remain there almost to the end. ... The Republican party will, in case of need, keep her agoing, and whoop her up, too -the same as it is seen to-day whoop ing up anti-S. L. P. so-called Socialist parties.

G. M. CONNOVER. DAYTON, KY .--Impossible, even if Wm. English Walling were to give his consent, to publish his "Russia's Message" through The People. It is a 469 long-paged book. Publication in these columns would be interminable. Make an effort to get the book. 'Tis worth the money. As to "Crime and Punishment," shall see about it.

H. E. OAKLAND, CAL-As near as we can make out your request, the Letter-Box cannot meet the request. It takes a goodly essay to "trace the organization of the necessary Union from its incipiency to its consummation, including its ramifications." Shall await the promised particulars, etc., for fuller information.

T. G., LANSING, MICH .-- The S. L. P. ever "polled 100,000 votes in New York and New Jersey," or, for that matter, in the country.

R. R., INDIANAPOLIS, IND .--- A "fanatic"? Hardly.' A man who loves "wine, woman and song" is no fanatic. You can't make one out of him if you tried.

Until then, get to work. Wage Worker. Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 18. THE DAY OF THANKS IN SAN FRANCISCO. To the Daily and Weekly People :-

verse side. It is to be seen through the thin gauze of charity. By one "Mission" alone twelve hundred hungry homeles men and women were fed. Another charitable organization, "The Doctors' Daughters," sent out nearly five hundred

need: fourteen hundred were fed at the

Chas. Pierson. HAS THE RIGHT IDEA. To the Daily and Weekly People :-



PIERSON SETS EXAMPLE.

To the Daily and Weekly People

money order for same. I was some

what handicapped vesterday in looking

ip expired subscriptions owing to rain.

By next Sunday, with the assistance of

Leterman and Kueckenbecker, the

work of getting renewals on old sub-

A mass meeting was held yesterday

afternoon in the Seventh Regiment Ar-

mory in defense of Christian Rudo-

vitz, the Russian revolutionist, who is

now incarcerated in the Cook County

attendance down to about 1.500. Some-

thing over 200 dollars was raised, and

if determiniation counts for anything

the Russian butcher will have his trou-

bles in his attempt to get this poor

ersecuted peasant back to Russia

The inclement weather kept the

scriptions will be completed.

Relief Home. Many other charity and next battle. Here in Penr them of many years standing, could not W. J. M., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL-State J. C. PHILADELPHIA, PA .- The er-TALENTS OUTSTRIPPED. sylvania the men on the firing line gave all or nearly all their energies to buildbe informed in time to pay their last The idea is good. But the acceptance City church organizations were also actively To the Daily and Weekly People:ror that underlies your first question is tribute to their old and dear friend. engaged in feeding the poor, and wherof cartoons, like articles, cannot be de-Are conditions in general the same, am very much impressed at the ing up the I. W. W. and sorely ne an underrating of the value of history Those will be shocked to hear of the better or worse than they were last ever one went in this great, proud seacided upon without the same are seen. elected the revolutionary storm centre, spirit of the writing of J. Blankenhorn for the understanding of Socialism. A comrade's early death. port town one met the outstretched year ? the Socialist Labor Party. But the to the Weekly People of November 14 historian may, they usually do, state Levitt left a very large number of T. J. I., WACO, TEXAS .- The recog-State how many are employed this hand of the beggar. Then, too, it must write has taught the boys -a lesson. We I am astonished, to say the least, and conclusions that are erroneous. The Sofriends, Socialists and others, who will nition is appreciated-"The People does year, in the shop, factory, mine or mill ever be borne in mind that where one nust ask a few questions. cialist, with the key of Socialist ecounderstand that, both the army mourn loss their loss and honor his not allow itself to be goaded into a wrong where you are working person applied for relief, at least five nomics and sociology in his hands, can If, acording to Mr. Blankenhorn, cap. of dismantling capitalism and the army memory. How many last year?..... others were in actual need but did not posture. No pure and simple political Ital must have pay for managing! and of occupation are necessary to proletar correct these errors, and yet profit great-Levitt was a true and devoted Social; corruption and stupidity will goad The Are you receiving the same wages for ask. -as he further intimates-a more tuly by the historic narrative of facts ian success, and have pulled ourselves ist and an . exemplary husband and the same number of hours this year as Aside from this, the question natur-People into pure and simple bombism; crative amount, and if certain workers together. A new branch of Section Al-For instance: No one can understand Sogheny County, S. L. P., has been father. you were last year !..... nor no pure and simple bombistic stumust have more pay than others where ally arises: "Where do these multitudes cialism-a social development-well withpidity and corruption will goad The Peois there a leg for the Social Revolution Sign name, and forward to Daily of the hungry eat on other than Thanksout he understands feudalism, a social It will be known as Mt. Wash-People, 28 City Hall Place. Name will giving Days!" to stand on? ple into pure and simple politicianism." system constantly referred to by Marx. ington Branch. Does the earth-born critic use the be treated confidentially. . Prosperity? For the favored few, Now, then, the very best condensation The S. L. P. is hated and feared by T. H. F., SYRACUSE, N. Y .- There dollar to symbolize the world? perhaps, for the many there remains on feudalism is found in the Eugene Sue every kind of man, honest and dishonest is nothing positive known as yet about SECTION LOS ANGELES GETS TO Is there really a difference in the only chronic starvation. doesn't grasp the full meaning of historic novels that the Party is publish-As To Politics WORK WITH A WILL. the Debs vote. What was ascertained consuming power of different classes, H: L. ing-especially the two stories, the "Pilrevolutionary Soc cialism. That comrade has been published. All that is positivenations, or creeds? San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 26, To the Daily and Weekly People :grim's Shell," and the "Iron Trevet." who stands straightest and firmest-will Pamphlet of Eighty Page ly known is that the vote will not come In many cases what is "skilled labor" They are invaluable to a knowledge of the target for the ridicule of Section Los Angeles County, S. J. P., is becoming a sort of "inheritance." any way near to the 1,500,000 mark ex-THE IGNORANT DRUMMER. all those that "have opinions of their scientific Socialism. held a formal opening of their new headpected, or the 7-800,00 claimed by S. P. To the Daily and Weekly People :just as the "pay" of the juggling cap-A Discussion Upon the own," and "rights of their own," and Next question next week. There is a class of people I meet who papers after the campaign; and it is surquarters at 317 East Seventh street, last Italist leaves an inheritance to his offmaterial interests. of their own. But Relative Importance of spring. The advantages thus inherited are about the most stupid of any in the mised that it will be barely what it was Saturday evening. Music and dancing L. W., BROOKLYN, N. Y .-- That is we have now learned the lesson that the community on economic questions. I in 1904-just as The People announced Political Action and of give a commanding position from the were the main features of the occasion, not matter to take up the space of the ortant matter to keen in mind is our have reference to commercial travellers. I meet them in hotels and dining rooms immediately after election. very start, while we who are dispos-Letter-Box with. If very anxious for in-Class - Cónscious Econoand an auction of mysterious and fancy iterial interest, instead of "mine," and sessed of everything but talents must formation upon the subject, call at the that the organization is above "me." boxes, and the serving of refreshments and frequently engage them in conversamic Action and the Ur-H. L., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL .-- We accept whatever they may allow and office in person. Comrades, the future is ours. We enforce our talents to remain unused helped to make the affair enjoyable. tion. When they get to discussing the know not where "The Misery of Philosgent Necessity of Both se seen our mistakes, but we'll now because we are not of the commanding The new "home" is the largest the labor problem they have the most worn ophy" can be obtained. Stanberry's edi-H. J. S .- LOS ANGELES, CAL .- The correct them. Organize! Organize for Section has ever had. It has been newly told by these fellows that the working tion of Balzac in English is supposed to inheritance. The Social Revolution postal laws prohibit publication of raffles victory! Organize the workers of the must have the welfare of the human be unexpurgated. "The Complete Works in newspapers. To insert same renders Price, 20 Cents world, "hordes of Europe," "backward tinted, papered, painted and decorated. men get too high wages, and that they family at heart and accept nothing that a. paper liable to having its mailing of Marx" have never yet been published. Members of Section Los Angeles Co. throw their money away on drink races," Asistics, Hindus, workingmen does not steer a direct course toward In quantities of five or privilege revoked. This warning has been given in The People scores of more at fifteen cents, cach everywhere, into a world wide army for the goal. Temporary relief, it is true, some time ago formed an Auxiliary Throw money on drink1-and at the "POSTAL CLERK;" CHICAGO, ILL. emancipation must be accepted; but, as our fore-League with the intention of going into present time they haven't even got the -We are aware of the existence of ortimes Let other sections of the country do fathers endured privation to wrest business, "not as a principle but as a price to get a drink. canizations among the postal employes, NEW.YORK LABOR NEWS CO. as Mt. Washington has done. this nation from a crowned monarch, These very traveling salesmen cannot necessity," to sell Socialist literature and see why their business has fallen of but also aware that a couple of years ALL OTHERS-Wait till next week. 28 City Hall Place 1: New York E. R. M. so must we endure to rest it from the ago Roosevelt dismissed two of them for Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 30. plutocratic class. That class is found- keep up a headquarters. They had found so much. They are so dull on economics seeking to cause laws to be passed -(Continued on page 6.)

OFFICIAL

6

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMIT-TEE.

Paul Augustine, National Secretary. 28 City Hall Place. CANADIAN S. L. P.

National Secretary, Philip Courtenay, 144 Duchess Ave., Lenden, Ont. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. (The Party's literary agency.)

25 City Hall Place, N. Y. City. Notice-For technical reasons no party concements can go in that are ne" in this office by Tuesday, 10 p.m.

N. E. C. SUB-COMMITTEE.

regular meeting of the N. E. C. Sub-Committee was held at National Headquarters on Wednesday evening, ber 2, Malmberg in the chair. Members .present: Lechner, Oatley,

Malmberg, Rosenberg, Hanlon, Bail, Schrafft, Hall, Brauckmann, Schwartz, Lafferty, Rutterworth. Absent: Kihn and Hammer.

Financial report for the two weeks ending November 21st-

Receipts, \$101.93; Expenditures \$248.60.

National Secretary reported on condi tions at Westchester County and prospicts for re-organization.

undence - From Frank Bohn. in re letters. It was moved by Brauckmann and seconded by Butterworth, that a committee of two be elected to go over the letters left by Bohn in the office; retain such letters as are official and that all private letters be returned to him as requested; carried. Committee consisted of Ball and Rosenberg. m Harry Gunn, New Haven, Conn. Nov. 26th, regarding conditions at Sche mectady, N. Y.; received and filed. From J. E. Biordan, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25th, regarding plan of agitation in that State and other information; the Sub Committee favored publication of their call in the Party Organ. From Section New York County, submitting a motion to amend the Constitution of the Party, Section 14 of Article 2; it was moved by Oatley and seconded by Lechner that the motion be submitted to the Sections of the Party for endorsement; carried. From J. S. Hertzbrun, San Diego, Cal., Nov. 24th, requesting information, From A.Schnabel, Milwaukce, Wis., Nov. 18th, in re General Vote and giving information. From John Hossack, Secretary of N. J. State Correspondence Bureau, Dec. End, in re conditions in N. J. and information on organization. From W. S 'Allen, General Secretary-Treasurer Advocates of Industrial Unionism, Manchester, England, Nov. 20th, requesting tion. From Harry R. Engel, Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 21st, sending information. From George Luck, in re Party Plant; it was meved by Hall and led by Butterworth, that the matter be referred to the Press Committee. Carried. Moved by Butterworth and seconded by Hanlon, that a Press Committee of two be elected; carried; com mittee consisting of Hanlon and Hall. From A. Gillhaus, financial statement of expenses, \$21.10; ordered paid. From Joseph Chaiken, financial statement of expenses of agitation trip to Bridgeport on Nov, 22nd, \$4.80; ordered paid. From A. E. Reimer, pledge as N. E. C. can-

didate. Moved by Hanlon and seconded by schwarts, that we return to the order of reports of committees. Carried.

on and Schrafft reported on the tabulation of the General Vote. It was moved by Rosenberg and seconded by

tary McDowell, tendering his resignation from that office. From Mueller, Hollins and McCulloch, Section Richmond, on election matters. From Schade, Newport News, and Munro, Norfolk Co., ordering dues stamps, and giving matters of party interest. From Paul Augustine, National Secretary. certain financial obligation of Labor News Company, with request for assistance

Motion made and passed that State Secretary he instructed i to answer Mueller regarding Otto Blerch and other 'matters.

Regarding Labor News Company and its obligations S. E. C. endorses action of State Secretary, referring the same to sections. -Regarding the State Secretary's resignation the same was accepted and was referred to Section Newport News to elect a successor. The financial report was then read

and edented. F. Buxton, Recording Secretary.

COLORADO STATE COMMITTEE, SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

The monthly financial report of the Executive Committee of the S. L. P. of Colorado, shows a balance of \$11.82 on hand December 1. The State Organizer Fund shows a balance on hand ember 1 of \$29.01.

The general vote for a member of the National Executive Committee from Colorado for the term of 1909, resulted in a unanimous vote being cast in favor of Comrade J. N. Billings of Grand Junction.

Having failed to secure a canvasser, Comrade Gerry being unable to take up the work at present for personal reasons, the S. E. C. has decided to use some of the money now in the State Organizer Fund for the purpose of increasing the number of subscribers to the Weekly People in this State. Wo shall make a special effort to regain the expired subscriptions by sending out a circular letter offering to send the. Weekly People free of charge for six months, if the person addressed destrea to get the paper but for some reason does not feel like paving for it We also intend to send trial sub-

scriptions to persons, more or less interested, who cannot be persuaded to subscribe, and for this purpose we ask all of our members and sympathizers in the state to send us names and addresses of such people who will declare their willingness to read the paper if sent to them.

On request of Section Denver, we have also decided to loan to said Section \$15.90 in cash to be used immediately for the purpose of increasing the subscription list in Denver. We trust this action of your S. E. C.

will meet with the approval of the con-

tributors to the State Organizer Fund. Our press is in need of assistance and we feel that the money in our possession can be used to no better purpose than to strengthen and build up the most 'eminent, advocate and educates of Socialist thought, the Weekly Peo-

Don't fall to send your spare dimes or dohars to the State Organizer Fund. The S L. P. is sailing westward, resard'ess of the opposition

For the Colorado S. E. C. Geo. Anderson, Secretary, Box 73. Montciair. Colo. December 1, 1908.

SECTION CLEVELAND, S. L. P.

eral party affairs; from State Secreshopmates, and so help make this meet ing a success. Needless to say that every comrade should make it his supreme duty to be present. Section Cleveland, S. L. P.

City Executive Committee.

GILLHAUS IN YOUNGSTOWN, O. August Gillhaus will deliver two addresses at Town Hall, Youngstown, O., under the auspices of the Socialist Labor Party. The lectures will be held in the evenings of December 14 and 15, commencing at 8 o'clock. All workingmen are called upon to be present at both meetings.

CHICAGO AGITATION MEETINGS. Chicago, Section Cook County, S. L. P., will hold an agitation meeting followed by a dance at Friedman's Hall, corner Grand and Western avenues, on SUNDAY evening, December 13, at 7 p. m. Good speakers will make ad-

care of itself.

Those sending in two or more:

California, Los Angeles-

Colorado, Montclair-

Massachusetts, Boston-

New Jersey, Jersey City-

Rochester-

Ohio, Cincinnati-

Virginia, Richmond -

Total

Paid on old P. S. L. Moving

Fund List No. 326, by C. Star-

40.75

dresses. Tickets, twenty-five cents. This will be the first affair for the winter, but the intention is to have a dance at least once a month. Do not forget to come and bring your friends along. Labor papers please copy.

Committee. IMPORTANT FOR LOUISVILLE. To members and People readers i Louisville:-

On SUNDAY afternoon, December 13. a mass meeting will be held in Germania Hall at 2:30 o'clock, to consider important matters. Our presi dential candidate, August Gillhaus, will shortly be in the city for a number of days; and we must arrange to make his meeting successful.

Then there is to be arranged a pro gram for educational and propaganda meetings for the winter. The payment of bills to Liabor News Company must be provided for. Let every reader of The People and well wisher of the Party attend without fail. Jas, H. Arnold,

James Doyle. ST. LOUIS THEATRICAL PER-

FORMANCE AND BALL. ' Given by the "German Branch" of the S. L. P. of St. Louis, Mo., on Saturday, December 19, 1908, at Concor d'a Club Hall 1441 Chouteau avenue An excellent programme will be rendered, consisting of songs, recitations, living pictures, followed by dancing. The headlines will be a one-act social drama by Richard Koeppel in German, "Der · Trunkenbold" (The Drunkard). Refreshments of all kinds served. Tickets, twenty-five cents ; person. Children free. Doors open at 7:30 p. m. Performance commences at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp. All workingmen and their familie and friends are cordially invited. A highly enjoyable time can be assured

The Committee. to all. LECTURES IN ST. LOUIS. The Socialist Labor Party will give series of lectures this winter at their headquarters, 1717 South Broadway, second floor, St. Louis. Lectures begin at 2:30 p. m. December 20 .- What Do the Social-

sta Want? January 3-Trusts. January 17-Is Socialism a Dream February 7-Old and New Trades

Unionism. February 21-Reform or Revolution March 7-The Difference between the Socialist party and the Socialist

Labor Party. March 21-Dees the Socialist party. ent the Interests of the

BUSINESS NOTES

Have you done your duty toward C. E. Warner, New Haven, Conn. .. 1 your fellow worker by spreading the S. Olson, Bellingham, Wash, 2 G. A. LVzell, Rockport, Mass. 2 gospel of Socialism? Have you talked G. A. Jenning, E. St. Louis, Ill. 2 to him, argued with him and then in-Robt. Strach, San Antonio, Tex. 3 duced him to subscribe to your Party's J. Breman, Panama mouthpiece; the Daily and Weekly Peo-W. Goss, Belleville, Ill. 3 ple? If you have not, you have fallen John Isaack, Cincinnati, Ohio 2 short of your purpose in joining, the

Party. Every Party member should Prepaid cards: " be a propagandist. Commence to-day

and pledge yourself to getting at least J. A. Leach, Phoenix, Ariz., \$5: Peter one new reader a month, and, at the Bornhorst, Tacoma, Wash., \$10; Secsame time, line your bookshelf with tion Denver, Colo., \$20; Section Spokane, Wash., \$20; W. Suessbrich, Rockthe free books we are offering in another part of this issue. Do this and ville, Conn., \$4. the progress of Socialism will take

LABOR NEWS.

Comrade J. Kircher, of Cleveland, Ohio, started the ball a-rolling for the Fred Brown, Cleveland, O. 5 new Sue book. "The Abbatist Croster." E. T. Holmes, Chicago, Ill, 2. by sending in a cash order for 100 Carl Demms, Denver, Colo. 3 copies. Suppose you are wondering Section Denver, Colo, 4 how it is done. "It's easy," he says, W. Suessbrich, Rockville, Conn. 2 upon being asked. "All I do is to in-F. Bombach, Jamaica Plain, Mass. .. 3 troduce the book. Eugene Sue does P. E. DeLiee, Troy, N. Y. 3 the selling, and I then take in the H. Mueller, Pittsburg, Pa. 2 cash." Follow suit. D. D. Gray, Salmon Arm, B. C. 2 Another 4.000 lot of "What Means

Geo. Luck, Brooklyn, N. Y. 2 lution" have come from the binders D. L. Munro, Portsmouth, Va. 3 and all delayed orders on the special John Herold, Milwaukee, Wis. 2 Weekly People premium offer will be Newton Fulks, Paducah, Ky. 2 filled at once.

PRESS SECURITY LEAGUE.

OPERATING FUND. J. Garvey, Panama The Press Security League under J. Lissell, the new plan-it has adopted, has en-R. Cooke, rolled twenty monthly cash contrib-J. Brennan. utors and this is the first report of E. Felis, monies received. Many localities are C: Hozia, L. Sapusnek " missing, but now that the campaign M. Sapusnek, " is over all may be expected to enroll: J. Hrockorina " J. Floed. J. Hassett, " J. Haller \$4.00 P. Poltney, " J. Kolash 4.00 C. Randalls, " H. H. H., New York J. Lavignim 3.50 Henry Link, Brooklyn N. V. Mr. and Mrs. Touroff, N. Y. Geo. Anderson 5.00 C. Ruby, Rochester, N. Y. .. Grand Junction-J. U. Billings 1.00 S. Thompson, New York T. C. Joslin A. Weiss, Brooklyn, N. Y.27 N. R., Chicago, Ill. South Boston-A. E. Reimer . 1.00 Abraham Levine, New York .. M. Malloy; Schenectady, N.Y. . D. Schoenleber 1.00 A. Weinstock, Los Angeles, Cal. C. Wolff 8.50 Mrs. Tillie Dauber, New York New York, New York City-L. Lafferty, Brooklyn, N. Y. .. C. H. Chase5 J. R. Maley, Youngstown, O. M. Hiltner54 1.00 John Begovich, San Pedro, Cal. T J. Holmes John Keegan, Cleveland, O. ... E. Seidel56 P. E. DeLee, Troy, N. Y. Albert Wernet, Denver, Colo. . C. Ludecke 1.00 13th and 15th A. D.'s, New C. Ruby 1.50 York J. Vollertson .50 .50 R. Wetzel Total\$ 48.15 Previously acknowledged ... 3,268.79 Overpaid50 M. Eisenberg50 Grand Total \$3,316.94 B. Frayne25 J. Isaack50 XMAS BOX. H. W. Omer25 R. Thurmann50 Mindful of the joy it brings even .50 C. Vaupel to The People, an otherwise unsentimental "child," our three Chicago com-Section Richmond, S. L. P. .. 250 rades make their customary Christmas Washington, Port Angelesgift and express the hope that every 6 00 A. Anderson

Hans A. Nielsen, Chicago, Ill. ... 5.00

respond in like manner:

nook and corner wherein lurks the

spirit of revolutionary Socialism will

THE DIFFERENCES

Between the Socialist Party and the

Socialist Labor Party. That the Labor or Socialist Movement in this country is not what i might be, and could be more than what it is, is a fact which it may be said every active participant in the novement will admit. The fact, however, unfortunate as it may be, should not be cause for discouragement; it need not lead to a lamentation or a tearing out of the hairs of one's head. On the contrary, there should be every reason for the application of energy toward remedying the situation. Efforts should be put forth to bring in closer touch and final unity elements at present disconnected. Any attempt, therefore, made in the direction of uniting men who have a common goal in mind, but differ in methods, is something that merits consideration. "The Differences," by A. Rosenthal, Brooklyn, N. Y., is a pamphlet which

takes up the clarification of questions which are keeping the revolutionary forces in the land divided just now. The purpose of the author is revealed in his preface as follows: "Believing . the revolutionary ele-

ments of all shades to be well-meaning; believing also it high time for the revolutionary forces to unite and on a sound basis, the author has analyzed the various Mading revolutionary issues to the best of his ability. \$1.00 the results of which analysis he sub-1.00 mits to those having the establishment 1.00 of univeral happiness at heart, and in-2.00 vites them to do their own share in the 1.00 matter of clarification of the issues. 1.00 so that the barriers of misunderstand-1.00 ing or errors on the part of either of 1.00 them may be removed and unity of 1.00 purpose be accompanied by unity of 1.00 action." 1.00 1.00 The author of "The Differences 1.00 takes up the Socialist party, the Socialist Labor Party, Anarchists and 3.00 2.00 "Direct Action" Industrialists. Prob-5.00 ably the fact that Rosenthal is not 1.40 connected with any organization will 3.00 prevent the charge of bias being raised 1.00 against him. He discusses the differ-1.00 ences clearly and intelligently and his 2.00 work will go a great way in accom-1.00 plishing what its author had in mind. 1.00 The pamphlet should be well dis-.25 tributed.. It sells for ten cents the 1.00 copy, and can be had from the New .25 York Labor News Company, 28 City 2.00 Hall Place, New York. .50 4.00 5.00 .75 Something good for our German reading comrades and friends. "DER TRUNKENBOLD" (The Drunkard.) Ein Drama aus dem Proletarierleben in 1 Akt. Von Richard Koermel. Instructive. Interesting. Entertaining. Price. Fifteen Cents.

Cleveland Labor News Agency,

1366 Ontario St., Cleveland, O.



f you wish to keep well posted up

in happenings in Great Britain

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, DECEMEBR 12, 1908.

