

VOL. XIX., NO. 48.

THROWN ON THE SCREEN

FLASHLIGHTS ON MEN AND THINGS OF A WEEK.

Germany's Suffrage System Weakena ing-Capitalist's Government Must Find Places for Its Superfluous Pets -S. P.'s Ever Alert for "Pessiness."

Germany not being Russia, the sight of the Imperial palaces in Berlin being driven to the necessity of seeking refuge behind squads of soldiers, against the demand of a majority of the city's population for equitable political represents tion, is an ominous sight-for the Imperial system. How will the system look when these soldiers fail it? Quite a number of soldiers were found "disloyal" even in Russia at a critical time. All the greater the "danger" in Germany. What happened in Berlin last Sunday was a demonstration-a demonstration of increasing weakness on the part of the system. In the heat of a people's will bayonets soften to putty.

German lace machines are now seing imported in large numbers to this country, reports the Bureau of Manufactures; whereby hangs much of hope for the working class if it is alert and drilled. American capitalism is at present merely able to hobble along through its possession of foreign markets. When it not only loses those markets, but itself becomes a market for other capitalists, its break-down is nigh. Then will devolve upon the workers the task of saving civilization from the ruins.

The Federal Bureau of Statistics or Bureau of Labor has for these many years been collecting data on prices and wages, and publishing the same in thick tomes. This notwithstanding resolutions are rushing into Congress and into the Legislatures of several States to appoint Committees to investigate the identical subject. Why new Committees and ig-nore the figures and facts issued by the Federal offices? Why? Why, in order to afford fees to pets, anxious to do nothing at high salaries.

Of the many excellent passages on the American Labor Movement, as represented by the A. F. of L., written by "Chagrin," correspond-ent of the Stuttgart "Metallarbeiter-Zeitung," none is more pictorial than the one reproduced in this issue and giving a snap-shot of the recent Civic Federation banquet. There are the Gomperses, the Mitchells, the O'Connells photographed to life; there are the "lesser lights" reproduced such as they are; there is the play of the "Lackey and his Master" sketched in a few telling strokes. The only thing wanted is some passage from Socialist party literature denouncing the Socialist Labor Party for turning the flashlight upon these laborenants of the capitalist class-upon these caricatures of the bourgeois-upon at work, and thereby rendering free

the rest of the people of the country may also be forced to employ private watchmen. To watch what? To watch the space, now vacant, but which would be filled with plunder which failreads, banks, etc., etc., have levied upon them.

Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas in a white heat of rage over usurpation, not by one branch of the government over another, not by one member over another, but by the Standard Oil Trust over the government-le, an up to date picture of things as they have come to be. De facto industry has crowded the politician into a corner; and now the politician screams.

One "peesiness" being about exhausted another "peesiness" is started. Now that "peesiness" in the so-called Socialist party is pretty well run down, Mr. Morris Hillquit starts a new one-the American Wholesale Co-operative, a company incorporated by himself to "save money for the consumer," and thereby introduce Socialism by "illustrating it." And why not? Mr. Morris Hillquit says his plan is Socialist. He means as Socialist as his now bankrupt "peesiness," the so-called Socialist party was. Right he is. Marx did not thunder one thunder more against the theory of "illustrating Socialism" by "co-operative" schemes, than he thundered against the scheme of introducing Socialism by the theory of pure and simple politics. The report does not state what the private motto of Mr. Hillquit's latest private scheme is. The Daily People suggests to himfree, gratis and for nothing-lago's

to Roderigo: "Put money in thy purse, Moritz," or Barnum's: "The suckers are not yet all dead."

Mrs. Joseph M. Gazzam declares in the Philadelphia "Evening Times," with her own picture attached, that "the increased price of food is a good thing: it makes the such spend their money, and this, when put into circuaids, the workingmen." The see to remantic-looking Mrs. Gazzam does not explain in what way the circulation of a larger number of 75 cent-dollars will aid the workingman whos price depends, not upon the increased supply of dollars in the money-market, but upon the increased supply of himself in the labor-market. Pity that

romantic economics are not as fascinating as romantic faces.

The seal which, according to the Seattle "Industrial Worker" is attached to the "Call to Action" issued and signed by "Vincent St, John, Gen. Sec.-Treas. I, W. W.," and calling upon "at least 500 men and women" to meet on March 1 in Spokens, and on that day start speaking on the streets of the city-that seal officially sets the seal of fraud upon the so-called Spokane "Free Fight." People who honestly are in pursuit of free speech will never seek to inaugurate the thing with the pandemonium of at least 500 pairs of lungs and jaws simultaneously

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1910.

JOAN OF ARC ×

Massachusetts should, according to the report of the Boston "Herald" of the 11th of this month, have referred to Socialism, in the course of his address delivered the previous evening at the Cathedral, in the following words: "No fatherland, no hanner, no fireside, no altar no law, no ruler, no God. Thus are summed up all the damnable negations of this satanic doctrine, which overturns with one fell blow all the holiest principles of human life. No wonder that where the voice of these prophets of evil is listened to and obeyed the disorder of

hell reigns," furnishes no subject for wonder. Anathema was the one weapon of the political machine, known as the Roman Catholic hierarchy, in the days of its power. No wonder that in these, the days of its impotence, it should have retained the bad habit. What does furnish cause for wonderment is that the archbishop should have been so incautious as to indulge in such a diatribe in connection with his subject for the evening-"The beatification of Joan of Are." Of all subjects, none more than that should have warned the lecturer to take a reef in his tongue.

Joan of Arc-the pure, the patriotic, the home-loving, the religious, the submissive vassal-was tried, sentenced, "passed over to the secular arm" to be burned alive, and additional official

hanking institutions in Texas back up the S. P. No wonder the S. P. has become a hissing and a by-word with the wage workers of America.

Mayor Gaynor will yet be called upon by a delegation of ."business men" who will implore him to quit furnishing material for the Socialist Labor Party to hit them. The Mayor's latest act, the bouncing of four distinguished centlemen, who acted as Aqueduct Commissioners, on the ground that they were "doing nothing at a high price" is a deed that bespeaks the bourgeoisle at the vigor of its system, when it did do something, and bespeaks blindness to the fact that the bourgeois system's mission is ended, and now lingers on the stage "doing nothing at a high price."

"I do not think that all past history shows us a time in which the individual workman counts for as little as he does at the present time. He is lost in the large masses of men and women who must assemble to earn their daily bread in huge workshops and places of business," writes J. R. Clynes, M. P., in the February "American Photo-Engraver." Mr. Clynes M. P., must be trying to get shot as traitor to the flag-the flag of those whose dally invocation is "Socialism would destroy individuality."

What is the matter with the Socialist party !--Just look at the Philadelphia "Tageblatt," a Socialist party organ, of the 15th of this month. It has, on it editorial page, an almost column long and two-column wide political advertisement of a bourgeois candidate for the municipal elections, urging the worthy's triumph on the ground of his being a German. A native jingo is ridiculous enough, and harmful. The jingoism in behalf of a foreign nationality, and that under the colors of Socialism, and on behalf of a labor-exploiter, and all that for cash, should be enough to damn into the deepest pit the perpetrator and the party that tolerates the infamous boodlery. No Socialist, able to do so, should fail to attend the series of free lectures, delivered Wednesday evenings at Cathedral College, 51st street and Madison avenue, against Socialism under the patronage of Archbishop Farley. The lectures will offer an exceptional opportunity for the Socialist to eather increased confidence. Few things so much steel the morale of a soldier in battle as to be fired at with blank cartridges. Go ye all, and bring your friends, and bask in the intellectual relish of realizing that Assertion and not Argument, Mystification and not Reasoning, in short Sound and not Sense is all that the anti-Socialist Roman Catholic political ordnance can emit. Go and have a good time watching spitballs fired at Socialism through nea-shooters. "The People" is the paper that you want, Straight and Truthful.

That Archbishop W. H. O'Connell of | sanction was ostentatiously given to her | peace-was the sentence of the French execution by the presence of French dignitaries of the Roman Catholie hierarchy, at Rouen, then located within the English camp.

Joan strove to free her fatherland from the English invader-in what estimation was "fatherland" held by the French prelates who, attached to the "English interests," pronounced her guilty?

Joan raised the banner of France, her native country, against the banner of England-in what estimation was "banner" held by the French prelates who deprived the banner of their own country of its staunchest supporter, in the interest of a foreign banner? Joan recognized, fought and bled for the ruler of France, whose title to the

crown was church-sanctioned-in what estimation was "ruler" held by the French prelates who did the work of the English crown by sentencing the paladin of the French ruler to the flames?

Joan worshiped God with a heart im maculate and devout-in what estimation was "God" held by the French prelates who pronounced her a witch and heretic?

Joan found the disorder of hell reign ing in her fatherland through the blood thirsty hordes of the English monarch, and she checked the hellish disorder, and turned its course, and opened an era of

thought that the high cost of commodities was due to a scarcity of prelates who, on this score, pronounced goods; others believed that the trusts her a messenger of Satan, an emanation of dislike for the "disorder of hell"? were responsible, and still others thought it was "high" wages. One

There is hardly a figure furnished by man, J. M. Francis, showed the falhistory whose fate, as much as Joan of Arc's, teaches more emphatically the lacies of these positions when he lesson that "fatherland," "banner," "fireside," "altar," "law," "ruler," pointed out that instead of there being a scarcity, there was an abund-"God" are words of double sense on the ance, and that if trusts regulated the lips of a ruling class, and on those of the prices, why didn't they run them up furagents, clerical as well as lay, of such a class; there is hardly a figure furnished they might as well will another, and by history whose fate, as much as Joan of Arc's, urges mankind out of the present and on to that social system guaranteed by the Socialist Republic, where material interests will no longer debauch the human conscience; there is, therefore, hardly a historic figure whose memory, as much as Joan of Arc's, the modern mental, moral and material successors of the prelacy that sat in judgment upon her should give a wide berth to when they seek to denounce Socialism.

Archbishop O'Connell did not render homage to Joan of Arc, he fell foul of that noble figure-an inevitable consequence of the futile attempt, at the present stage of civilization and against Socialism, to repeat the manoeuvres that assassinated the Deliverer of France in the interest of Usurpation.

tion. And here is where the trouble came in.

A new talent by name of Balam sang this new song with such ability as to charm the entire membership. Due to burdens. this and the other fact that the stalwarts within the party had become suspicious over the whereabouts of some \$300. Balam was elected organizer by a

two-thirds majority over Tuck's man Osborné.

Now comes Tuck and says: "What's this !--- am I not the State Secretary Treasurer? Chief property man of the party? Do I not hold the keys and lease of the headquarterst-how dare you to seek to get emancipated through such as brother Balam ?- am I not your keeper ?" And he hurls a defiant "Nix !" within the camp of these "traitors to pure and unwashed Socialism." . He locks the insurgents out of the headquarters, and places a man at the door with a gun. At the Sunday meeting following a merry show took place. One of the brilliant comrades of the coast, brother David Milder, is surprised that such an incident should be brought before the State Committee. Why, says this genius of parliamentarism, this is the fight of the Local. Just think over this bit of wisdom, the larger number of the Local is locked out; only a few of the goody-good ones are permitted to come around. Yet this

is "the Local's fight"! Nuf sed. They passed, however, a resolution condemning the action of the minority. But Tuck is hanging on to the lease, behalf of the partles enjoined; but if it property finances, charter and library. shall appear to the satisfaction of the Will Tuck turn over the goods and then court or judge from the evidence or permit himself to be kicked out or not?

PRICE: TWO CENTS. One Dollar Per Year.

THOSE SPOKANE HEROICS signed for the rising prices the following will show how helpless craft union teachings have left these well intentioned but misguided men. Some

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capitalist system, .

"FREE SPEECH" AND SLUGGING SCHEMES ARRUM IN ARRUM.

The "Capitalist Press" Hugged-Some of the Heroes-David C. Coates Is Content-"Direct Actionists" Cowed When the Expected S. L. P. Man to Be Slugged Can Not Be Waylayed-The "Joan of Arcs" and the "Napoleons" in the Role of Coyotes-The "Growing S. P."

as to "high" wages, an absurdity in Spokane, Wash., February 9 .- Mr. itself, but if it were so, then their Huxtable of the so-called I. W. W. had unions might as well disband. Francis himself interviewed a short time ago by laid the blame on the depreciation of the reporter of the "Chronicle," (these the value of gold, and took occasion 1-am-a-bums scorn the "capitalist press," to point out the machinery of the you know.) In that interview Huxtable worked himself into convulsions about A committee on resolutions, which the S. L. P. telling how the S. L. P. had been elected to present some plan was "trying to start an imitation I. W. for the meeting, failed to agree, and W.," that the S. L. P. had their headthey so reported. They, however, un-

quarters fixed up to accommodate about derstood one thing, and they hit upon a dozen, and how the S. L. P. was holda very simple demand. Putting aside ing meetings every evening; etc. The all consideration as to the why and fact is that the "dead S. L. P." sets the wherefore of the dear cost of living, "Direct Actionists" shivering, from their they recommended that inasmuch as Walshes down to their "Napoleons" and "our" Congressmen had seen fit to "Joan of Arcs." raise their salaries, they, the union

In 1907 Huxtable wanted to become men, also believed themselves entitled organizer of the I. W. W. and when the to a raise. So far, this wasn't bad advisory board of the I. W. W. at Chilogic at all. But they fell back into cago sent his application back to Local that pure and simple fut again and 222 Spokane for approval, Local 222 not tacked on a demand to more closely only refused to indorse the auplication hug their craft union. Thus this but informed Trautmann that they con-American Federation of Labor only sidered Huxtable wholly unfit for such a shows itself a curse to the workers. position. Of course Huxtable haid the never providing them with the knowlblame for his bad luck upon the S. L. P. edge so necessary to ease them of their When the "Free Speech Fight" started F. M. J. last November Huxtable kept himself out of view. He considered the parlor A BLINDFOLD FOR LABOR. more agreeable to him than the jail. That those acts were not through cowardics was proven later on, because Huxtable So-Called Injunction Bill Introduced had the nerve to come out from his Washington, D. C., February 19 .- An hiding place when the greatest exciteanti-injunction bill, so-called, but which ment was over and resume his old role in is so very general that its "anti" characthe capitalist press as "one of the most ters are not discernible, was introduced prominent members of the organization." in the House yesterday. Workingmen Organizer Thompson was released last will find little if at all anything beyond week on a \$2,000 bond, Editor Hughes the name in the bill which will benefit and D. C. Coates of the Labor World going his security. Thompson was billed This anti-injunction bill was intro-

as principal speaker at Turner Hall duced by Representative Moon, of Penn-Sunday evening, February 6. Mrs. Flynnsylvania, chairman of the Committee on Jones called the meeting to order and Revision of the laws. Whether or not stated that although Mr. Thompson had been announced as principal speaker, the President stands sponsor for the bill Moon declined to say. It is known that they had seen fit on account of Mr. he conferred with Taft recently, and it Thompson's health, he having worked 90 has been understood generally that the days on the rock pile, to substitute At-President would look over the phrasetorney Moore as speaker of the evening ology of any injunction bill which was and that Thompson would make a few introduced with the presumption of favremarks at the close. Mr. Moore then started to speak knowing the exact state The following shows the inadequate of the game and the program to follow, which perhaps will take Mr. Thompson "No injunction, whether interlocutory several days to commit to memory. Mr. or permanent, shall be issued by any Moore went on speaking as a person Federal court or judge without previous would when working for a salary and notice and an opporunity to be heard on expecting to do good work in

order to get more salary." At the close of the speech Mrs. Flynn-Jones called for the collection stating that collections had been rather slack of late, but as the audience usually had been very good to dig up when she had asked them to, she was in the hope that for her sake they would again go down deep into their pockets. After the collection she requested the women present TO STAY AS SHE HAD SOMETHING TO TELL THEM AFTER THE MEN HAD GONE. What did this meant Watch and see.

CORRUPTION AND BOSSISM. Row Starts in Oakland, Calif., Organiza tion When Leaders Block Membership -Misuse of Funds Charged-I-am-a-Bums Repay S. P. "Kindness" with

Kicks. Vallejo, Calif., February 7 .-- Charges of misappropriation of funds in the So cialist party of Oakland, the arrest of one of the members for carrying concealed weapons, a demand for the oust ing of Maynard Shipley, editor of the

Oakland "World," the official organ of the party, and a censuring of the actions of the minority faction in excluding the majority from the hall where meetings are being held, are the features of the dis ruption occurring in the California organization of the party that was to set an example to the S. L. P.

"Vot is der matter mit der Sosialis Barty? Ya, vot you think? Ask me this question? For why not do you answer me?" This query has its justifica tion from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The Socialist party of California ha its State Committee seated in Oakland. a city across the bay from 'Frisco, Of

said committee a blind man by name of H. C. Tuck is State Secretary-Treasurer. And just the same as Simons and Berger nced that the dear This you will find contained within the party, paraphernalia and all, belongs to prayers of the S. P.-ites in Oakland and them, nationally, so over in Oakland 'Frisco. They and the State Committee this same S. P. has in its State Secretary are afraid to say or do anything until a comrade who claims ownership of the this is settled. In the meantime brother party locally. In order to hold himself Schulberg, our old time friend who has in the possession of his job and the played quite a part in the meeting menparty, he does the political headtrick of tioned, is utterly "shocked over the low throwing jobs to supporters. Thus our state of morality" displayed by these astronomical-solar-biological bon ami high officials of the Socialist party, Shipley received his job of editorship on Kaspar Schmid. "The World." Next, he promised another blind man like himself, Osborne by UNION MEN CAN'T DECIDE. name, the position of organizer of the Local in Oakland. Everything came off Mass Meeting in Du Quein. Ill, on High nice and smooth. For years it was con-Prices. sidered a fact that the physically blind, Du Quoin, Ill., February 17 .--- The were leading the mentally more or less outery against high prices of comblind Socialist party in this State. What modities which is going up all over the Tuck and Osborne would suggest carried country had an expression here last in Local Oakland. Unfortunately for Sunday when a mass meeting was held this set the question was always rising: under the auspices of the Trades How should the members be organized Council. Owing, however, to the perin order that the Socialist party might verted education on economics which raise the biggest collections and get the the pure and simple trades unions give biggest number of votes? A very difficult their membership, the trade unionists question, for which Berger, no doubt, has assembled failed to reach any intelat present the best answer. But,--but, ligent conclusion as to what ought to with the Union Labor Party here in Calibe done or decided. Instinctively they fornia, Wisconism, as the last 'Frisco acted all right, but the Gomperscity campaign amply proved, has become Mitchell A. F. of L. Civic Federation an impossibility. This left only one dope blunts them mentally; it leaves alternative for them, and that was them unable to analyze the causes of 'Hoch, the 'I-am-a-bums'!" conditions. The men were agreed on The throat of Tuck and and of his one thing, and that was that abstainwould-be organizer, Osborne, along with the throat of brother Shipley, having ing from eating meat would do no sung the old song of "Slosialism and the good; they said this would only re-A. F. of L." for such a long time, was sult in throwing the meat workers out not in condition to sing the new tune of employment:

S. P. SETS AN "EXAMPLE" SHOWS ITSELF IN TRUE COLORS OF

fanks of the American proletariat-upon these lickspittles of the Plutocracy.

Right is Cannon, the Speaker. "Where responsibility rests there must be power for the majority to move on." Without progress there is stagnation; without order there can be no progress. The power of the majority to decide in no way excludes the rights of minorities to be respected and heard. But minority rule means anarchy. There being no limit to the smallness of minorities, the individual is "Sovereign" (in quotation marks). Individual Sovereignty is a contradiction in terms. The abjectest of slaves is the savage-the true individual "Sovereign."

The correspondence from Spokane, always interesting, is peculiarly so in this issue. I-am-a-bummery, or slummery, is there exhibited from the four corners of the compass. While affecting to promote "free speech" it threatens the "free press"; while affecting a heroic poise, it creeps like the coyote, would strike from behind, but slinks away when faced. The thief is a coward-and such are the slums.

Mr. Hugh C. Weir is of the cartbefore-the-horse breed of philosophers. In the Chicago "The World To-day" the gentlemen states that the jewelers of America were forced to form a national detective organization to guard their property; that the labor audience with the principle of nkers and railroads have done like- mutuality of interests between emwise; and from this he concludes that | ployer and employe. No wonder !

h ridi who issue such a call may be after. it is not free speech; it is nothing that can even remotely redound to the education and emancipation of the proletariat; it is something that they conceal, being themselves ashamed of revealing.

Apart from the graft which sticks all over the scheme of Mr. Morris Hillquit, a Socialist party National Executive Committee man, of incorporating the American Wholesale Co-operative, whereby "the people are to be educated

to become industrially independent,' through wholesals "peesiness," there also sticks all over the scheme the economic ignorance displayed by the "Volkazeitung," and last week exposed in these olumns, of believing that the Tobacco Trust eliminated the function of the middleman because it trustified the private retailers' jobs. As a member of the N. E. C. of the S. P., Mr. Hillquit "grafts"; as a stockholder of the Volkszeitung Corporation, the gentleman is inspired by economic idiocy.

The Dallas, Tex., "The Laborer," a Socialist party boomer, lays down in its issue of the 12th of this month the principle that "the girl in business who means to succeed has the interest of the firm at heart." A wonderful party that is for the overthrow of the "firms' system" that indoctrinates its

with the needed high degree of perfec- Among the causes which were as- formed.

that immediate and irrahowing made parable injury is likely to ensue to the complainant, and that the giving of notice of the application or the delay incident thereto would probably permit the doing of the act sought to be restrained before notice is served or hearing had thereon, the court or judge may in his discretion issue a temporary restraining order without notice. "It is required that every such order

shall define the injury, state why irreparable and why granted without notice, and shall not extend in its operation more than seven days from the time the notice is served."

NO REGARD FOR MOTHERHOOD.

Fiendish System Compels Woman, Pregnant, to Slave-Resulf. Child Bern without Limbs.

Hamilton, Canada, February 16 .- Last Saturday a woman gave birth to a child with neither arms nor legs. The doctors at the City Hospital, where the mother had to be removed say the child will live For a long time the woman has found employment by scrubbing out stores. It is this manual labor and the worry of battling to make ends meet which are said to be responsible for this malformation.

The doctors assign no cause for the remarkable phenomenon, beyond the fact that the woman has worked very hard, as her husband has been out of work for children, all of whom are properly

As I and Comrade McDonald were leaving the hall I noticed a bunch of Direct Actionists on the outside. Remembering that when I entered the hall. just before the meeting started, a man had backed up against me rather violently, and that a bystander who at the time happened to be behind me told me that the person who had run against me had done so on purpose; remembering also that during the meeting I had noticed the "I-am-a-bums" casting loving glances at me, of the sort that, during the early days of frontier life, coyotes could be seen casting at a bunch of cattle or sheep, waiting for one to separate from the bunch; remembering all this I was on my guard. I watched the "I-ama-bums" while I was coming down the

steps. As I stepped on the sidewalk I heard my name called twice from the bunch of "I-am-a-bums"; but as I continued up the street, Huxtable came running after me and asked me: "Where is Walsh?" I told him I'did not know. He then said, "You stop writing to The some time. The woman has three other | People! You stop writing about Walsh,

(Continued on page two.)

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1910.

Under the Southern Cross

AUSTRALIAN COAL MINERS HAM STRUNG BY "LABOR" LAWS-PRESS AND LABOR FAKIR THROW DOWN STRIKERS.

The coal-miners' strike is now in force for ten weeks. They are all out except the Western Miners' Association, which deceided to go back three days before Christmas, breaking the best chain of the coal-mining industry. The "Strike Congress," which was conducting the strike, contained elements which could not operate together, and resulted in a Northern Coal Miners' Union, Goal Handlers, and Crane Operators.

The "Amendment to the Industrial Disputes Act." which was rushed through the State Parliament on the last night's sitting before going into recess, resulted in making the original "Strike Congress" illegal, as a meeting of two, or more than two persons, held for the purpose of continuing a strike, is punishable by 12 months' imprisonment without the option of a fine.

W. M. Hughes, member of the Federal Parliament and secretary of Wharf Laborers' Union, and lawyer to boot, is in control of the section who advocate "Wages Boards and Compulsory Arbitration" which the Northern Miners are opposed to .- Premier Wade had a compulsory wages board formed, with a representative of the mine-owners, and to work, as there must be a directing au-Paterson, President of "Federated Coal & 'Shale Workers" as "representative" of the miners. However, the Northern Miners have repudiated Paterson and miners will immediately elect others, his actions, and some Locals demand his and repeat the operation if necessary. expulsion.

At the Newcastle Court thirteen members of the "Delegates Board," were fined \$500 each or two months' imprisonment for passing a resolution calling for a strike. Detectives seized the minute wie containing the motion, the same being used as evidence for the prosecun: The accused were given one month in which to pay the fine, but from all recounts, the fines, which would total si,500 will not be paid. At every meetor of the miners in the open or in the will police are in evidence, and at'a meeting held recently in Sydney, stenogaphers from the Police Department took ports of the various speakers, members the Northern Miners' Congress. These samptible to be published. The condi-F. M. famous flag poster, "Is Colorado in America."

Not long ago, during the "German Invasion" scare, the Sydney Telegraph pointed to the workers, the "freedom" and "democracy," to "the great and glorions liberty loving traditions of the British Empire" and contrasted the "liberties" of the trades unions of Australia, who could hold meetings without a policeman sitting behind the speaker, ith what was customary in Germany. But now nightmare is upon us,, placed 'here by the "sons of the Empire." there are now servitors in union meetngs, police in uniform at meetings anywhere the strike is mentioned, all "in the interests of the long suffering pub-

(....

touch it. The press has been working to break One of the mail steamers had scabs the strike anyway and everyway, trying loading her, when the freight handlers weaken the Southern Miners by tellstruck for a few days, but they have now am-a-bums" really want free speech, ing them, "go back to work, otherwise the trade will be lost for good to the are known here as "free-laborers," and Southern coal-mines, and you will lose the capitalist press is full of letters deyour homes. The result of thrift and nouncing the "ingratitude" of firing the enterprise." The writer has been down "free laborers" and re-employing "libthe southern coast and the "homes" are erty destroying unionists." Some ery, mostly made of kerosene tins and sugar "down with despotic union tyranny, and "homes" that an Australian aborbags, let us organize a free-laborers union." bum proper. igine would despise. One street in "Free Laborers Union" smells like Far-Clifton is known as "Sardine Tin Parade," the houses being about 10 by 8, of The Southern Miners' Union has just corrugated iron, like an ice-box in wintaken a ballot as to whether they will ter and an oven in summer. Peter Bowiplace their grievances before a "Wages ing, President Northern Miners in com-Board" under the Arbitration Act. The pany with Hutton of the same union, "public" press has been engineering to Butler and O'Connors of the Coal-Handsway the Southern men to go before a lers went down the south coast. It may "Wages Board" and leave the Northern he here explained that the miners in Miners to play their lone hand. The North, South and West, have individual result is not known vet. organizations with district officials, the Shortly before Christmas some boys whole being recently federated in "Coal went on strike in a Newtown biscuit and Shale Workers Federation." Bowlfactory for higher wages. They were ing. Hutton, Butler and O'Connors addressed several meetings in the southern brought before a Judge and fined \$15 coal-fields after the amendment to the or 9 days jail, the Judge remarking Industrial Disputes Act became law. They . mand. that it must be shown that the Indusare now charged with the offence, and trial Disputes Act is not a dead letter. if convicted of continuing the strike, He also remarked that he only made the they will undoubtedly get the limit,twelve months, without the option of a alternative 9 days, so that they would fine. The charge of "conspiracy" is now be at liberty for Christmas, when, in to be tried in Sydney, the Government Australia, like in other countries the having received its much desired change of venue, detrimental to the accused, for class struggle is supposed to be buried, and the human breast throbs only to certain. The mines, which were run by agree-"Peace on Earth, Goodwill to Men." Mes, verily, "Workingman's Paradise" ment with Kethel & Co. owners of Young in sunny Australia, is the land of the Wallesnd and Ebbu Main coal-mines did not re-open after New Year. The idea, class struggle and industrial strife. about the most fallacious idea that was Speed the day for its abolition! ever born in any strike leader's brain, January 17, 1910.

By R. Mackenzie, New South Wales. , that in this way money could be secured to run the strike turned out a fizzle. The Government seized the coal and has not vet paid for it, so the miners received no benefit from the "co-operative" mines. Bowling expected by working these mines that owing to the scarcity of fuel, the solidarity that has yet been welded in prices would soar , leaving a large profit leave us alone. to be divided between Kethel & Co. and the Miners' Federation, Bowling's estimate was that the miners would receive \$30,000 per week. As the scheme did new Congress being formed, composed of | not materialize, and as to call these men | Comrade Garner at one time. On July out of the two mines would be to declare strike, laying Bowling open to an-

other charge of conspiracy, the expedient was adopted of assessing the men who were working, 25 per cent, of their wages. Then by underground methods they got to understand what was meant, and gradually quit, till now these two mines are shut completely. Bowling, in a speech in Newcastle on

January 8th, 'demanded all Locals to swear an aflidavit that they were equally guilty as the members of the Delegate Board, who were convicted of calling the strike. The idea was to make the Government feel the impotency of the Act, as it is impossible to jail 12,000 men. However, the Government's intention is evidently to jail the officials, that by doing so the miners will return thority to conduct the strike, without which the strike will perforce fizzle out. Should these officials all be jailed the The temper of the strikers is such that

as they are in jail, unless the miners are actually starved into submission.

After Bowling, Hutton, Butler and O' Connor visited the South Coast, W. M. Hughes went down, and at the townshipof Bulli received a very hot reception, as many were very hostile to the attitude he adopted. Hughes interviewed Premier Wade, and the next day Bowling and Burns were arrested at Newcastle station on the Saturday. Bowling accused Hughes of scheming with the Premier for Bowling's arrest. Hughes denied it, but at Carnival in the Southern District, in answer to a question said "When Wade caused those arests to be made, oficials are dogged on every hand. No he was guilty of a distinct breach of reports are too insignificant or too con- faith. He promised me faithfully that nothing would be done till the following ions here remind me forcibly of the W. Monday, and I had no idea that the men would be arrested .- I understood they were only to be proceeded against under the Industrial Disputes Act." Bowling

has good grounds for his suspicions as this is practically an admission by Hughes that he and Premier Wade had discussed the question of prosecuting the officials.

The N. S. W. Government has ordered 50,000 tons of coal from abroad, and Indian South African and British coal is on the way. The strike of 60,000 coal miners in England may prevent further shipments however.

The Government railroads began the full train service on all lines, at Christmas and are continuing it without bindrance. Some of the coal cargoes are due this week but the coal handlers won't

(Continued from Page 1.) OR YOU WILL GET IT." It was now

all clear, beginning with the Mrs. Flynn-Jones request to the women to stay behind. They had put up a job to slug me as they did Francis in Chicago. The bunch had apparently figured on catching me alone, but expecting in McDonald to find us two a too great opposition to contend with, they concluded that it would be good for their own health to

THOES SPOKANE HEROICS.

While Huxtable did not tell us what this something was that I was going to get, I presume it will be along the same line as they had intended for 22. 1908, I and Comrade Garner wer walking past the old I. W. W. headquarters, 534 Washington street. As 1 stepped into the hall E. J. Foote rushed up and forbade Garner to come into the hall. Foote followed this up by starting to strike Garner and telling Garner he would put him in the hospital for at least two weeks. As Garner is about

50 years old and was at that time sick and hardly able to stand on his fect, he was unable to defend himself, and as Wilson came rushing out with 10 or 12 of his followers, I thought it time to interfere and told Foote to stop. Although those brave fellows Foote, Wilson and the gang evidently had intended to do up Garner, I guess they thought that I did not look sick and that I might be a little harder to handle than they

cared to tackle, so they let Garner go. Some of the conspirators and free speech martyrs have started damage suits against the city aggregating about \$120.000, and, of course, are calling for funds to' carry on this "great fight." Attorney Moore and his Associate Attorprobably no work will be done as long | ney, who has lately arrived from Chicago, do not offer to donate their legal service to defend the Free (?) Speech (?) Fighters, the longer the fight is drawn out, the more cases, and the greater the donations, the greater the prosperity for the attorneys and the crooks and grafters in the so-called I. W. W. to get fat on, and a corresponding misery for the

> dupes. If D. C. Coates is not on the platform at Turner Hall during the I. W. W. meetings he can be seen in the front seats apparently very contented, which ought to be proof sufficient, taken in onnection with the statement of Chief Sullivan, that he (Sullivan)) was directing the movements of the so-called I. W. V, through his substitute on the executive committee: that the authorities have the situation well in hand and that no harm can result to' the capitalists through the agitation of the "I-am-a-

Bums."

What expenses the city of Spokane is out to as the result of the agitation of the "I-am-a-bums" will not cut much of figure in the shape of taxes to the Mine Owners and Lumber Associations. The bourgeois will have to foot the bills. What concerns the Mine Owners and the Lumber Associations is to prejudice the minds and prevent their slaves from organizing industrially. If the taxpayers and voters of Spokane really understood the situation, and if they had the faculties of sound reasoning in their muddledup craniums, they would fire the Mayor, Chief of Police, Prosecuting Attorney and city council, along with every official who has been active in fighting "free speech," and then let everybody who wanted to, talk to their hearts' content. It might be a question if the "I-

LABOR. [From the Stuttgart "Metallarbeiter

HARMONIOUS CAPITAL AND

Zeitung," January 29, 1910]

While thousands of striking waist makers were fighting upon the ice and snow-covered steets of the Hudson metropolis against hunger, policemen's clubs, imprisonment, and their employers; while the slaves of the iron works at McKees Rocks were still binding their bleeding wounds: while the locked-out tin-workers were about to succumb to the hunger whip of the steel trust magnates; while innocent Union men in the iron cities of Pennsylvania were being beaten down, locked up, or without further ado driven into the water by the agents of capital;-at the very season when all these things were happening, a solemr traterniza tion of capital and labor was being celebrated at the fashionable Astor Hotel in New York under the auspices of the Civic Federation. Does not the very fact that such a coming together is possible sufficiently prove how mis taken are the apostles of the classstruggle?

Under a brilliant illumination and seated at well loaded tables, there were gathered exploiters in and exploiters out of service; steel trust directors; all-around reformers; "friends of laor"; newspaper owners; members of societies for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals; renowned philanthropists; pickpockets; slick politicians; corrupt judges; and apostles of universal peace. The putty to this beautifully solid cornerstone of capitalist society wes furnished by the representatives of "Organized Labor." All of these had met in order to give a practical illustration of harmony between capital and labor; in order also, by the clink of glasses and knives and forks to celebrate the community of interests that exists between Labor and Capital; to celebrate American Labor; to celebrate the intelligence of the representatives of labor; and to celebrate many other things.

Workingmen figured as waiters at the feast; the representatives of labor were also allowed to talk; but capital dominated. Such a thing is called in the jargon of the Civic Federation, or in the twaddle of the Unionist. harmony;"Capital and Labor touched elbows," or "the organization of Labor is recognized."

The smaller lights of "Organized Labor were disposed of in a dark corner of the hall. The most celebrated among the invited men of Labor were distributed at the larger row of tables: to be more specific, at tables Nos. five,

six and seven. At table five sat President O'Connell of the Machinists' Unment. At number six sat the ex-President of the Mine Workers, Mitchell, in Samuel Gompers with such noble and action" and highhandedness). unterrified "friends" of the wage-earner as Elihu Root, Low, Speyer, Seligal Union men Lynch and Tole put



BY H. S. CARROLL, LATELY OF SPOKANE AFFILIATION.

Bisbee, Ariz., February 10 .- In the | schools as opposed to the real Marxian spring of 1904 I joined the so-called So- Socialist, and all that is implied thereby. cialist Party in Sacramento, Cal., but Slumism, slum tactics, strong-armism, I only paid one month's ducs therein, bumism, sizzer-bill-roosterism, individual as, happening across a copy of "The "tee-and-ditch"-ism are all phases of ig-Burning Question of Trade-Unionism," norance and Anarchism, and inevitably in the S. P. hall in San Diego, Cal.; I cause the Industrial Union Movement became convinced of the profound impor- to be sidetracked and disrupted. Spotance of the class-conscious economic or- kane advocated such measures, and the ganization of labor, and, after studying Chicago Headquarters, implicitly, if not the differences between the S. L. P. and explicitly, endorsed Spokane. Is this the S. P. and learning the reasons why | education? Is this Industrialism? I the S. P. is a political disrupter and guess not. Where, then, is your education, your Industrialism? It is nowhere, political scab, and how it has no raison d'etre as a bona-fide socialist party, I You have then inevitably degenerated left it without further ado, and became to the point where the scientific Socialeager to join the admirable S. L. P.

Circumstances caused me to postpone, or rather prevented me from joining no further with you. This actual exat that time. In 1906 I chanced to hear perience should teach us, if historic exand see B. H. Williams in Bisbee, Ariz., perience could not, that Marxian tactics speaking on the street, and I then joined the re-organized Section there. When the S. L. P. position. No honest, sincere the fourth Convention of the I. W. W. man, of logical brain, can fail to grasp was held in 1908, I was still in the S. L. | the irresistibly logical arguments found P., and together with other S. L. P. in the S. L. P. pamphlets "As to Politics" men, although independent of them, 1 and address on the I. W. W. Preamble, repudiated the acts and actions of that | especially the part referring to the ballot "Convention." A few months later on, and the function of the political and econot being clear, I "lined-up" with the Spokane-Bush-Temple-I. W. W. concern, ive to the thinker. The S. L. P. position and logically enough, on top of that I withdrew from the S. L. P. Let me give my reasons and thus explain to the S. L. P. and the "I. W. W." of Spokane. Los Angeles and "Bush Temple," why I withdrew my "repudiation" and "linedup" with the "I. W. W."

Certain co-workers with me in the I. W. W., after I had privately and publicly repudiated the acts of the fourth "Convention" wrote to me as follows: "Don't be a scab, don't disrupt the I. W. W., don't scab it on the Pinkertons, etc., etc. "De Leon is not of our class. He is like Jesus, he comes from some "heaven."" Also, some one at Bush Temple referred to me as "a creature" of De Leon." At the same time when De Leon wrote in "The People" that Bush Temple tried to turn itself into "an anarchistic, bomb-throwing concern" (referring to the fourth "Convention"), your teeth and say: "Oh. here's so-and-I rebelled at the statement. I then be- so, he's deserted us!" and then act as if gan to reaso. like this: "De Leon is we belong to warring Chinese tongs; but exaggerating. He oversteps himself. He let us be rational and civilized and readoes not un stand the psychology of son together as men and fellow slaves the workers of the west, (Current cant, vehemently aspiring to be free, term at tha. .. ime). He is ah arm chair [philosopher, and the distinctions and arguments he makes, burningly logical as actuated by the freakish whims of cer-

they are, are, in his own words, but tain mental Hoosiers. who, evermore 'fine-spun theories.'" And then 1 standing on their heads, fail to distinthought of the Agricultural Workers' Industrial Unions, 419, Redlands, and 437, Holtville, in which I had diligently and ion, with August Belmont the patron earnestly labored and agitated. Shall saint of the Organized Labor move- I be alien to them because of a 'fine-spun theory'? And even if the acts of the fourth Convention were irregular and lively conversation with Henry Phipp, high-handed, may it not be that, in this the "friend of Labor" and director of instance, the end (Revolution, as I then the steel trust. At number seven sat thought) justifies the means?" ("direct Such reasoning as this actuated me

when I withdrew my repudiation of man and such like. The Typographic- "Bush Temple" and "lined-up" with it. "Experience is a dear school, but fools their heads together with Herman Rid- will learn in no other." Some of us, der of the Staatszeltung in such con- it seems, must make our own experiences, fidential manner that they remained and not profit by the historic experience unaware of the fact that the printed of those who have preceded us in the list of guests did not bear the union- revolutionary Labor Movement. I have label, a thing to which the American had some profitable experiences since Unions still attach so much importance. then in the so-called I. W. W., and I find that this "I. W. W." is, explicitly and



A Discussion Upon the Relative Importance of Political Action and of Class - Conscious Economic Action and the Urgent Necessity of Both

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ists predicted you would. "You're go-28 City Hall Place 1: New York ing up a blind alley" and I am going are irrefragably correct, and therefore Socialist nomic arm of labor. They are conclusis correct; so back to it, all you ex-S. L P. men who have been swept off your feet by specious, so-called direct action foibles. Hallelujahism is not going to free us from slavery, but economic and political action. This entails Education.

The S. L. P. is the only educative body, and will prove to be the stone that we builders rejected. I write this because it is my duty, and

not to advertise, as I do not particularly relish the job. I give you my reasons, my arguments; and I say to you ex-S. L. P. men in Phoenix, Arizona, in Portland, Oregon, and other places where I have met you, and to all you other fellowworkers, think this matter over, read both sides of the question, and, if you wish to be free, follow the course that logic and science dictate, and follow nothing, or nobody else. Don't grit

Ex-S. L. P. men of Phœnix, Arizona! Can you not see that you are guish between legal and civilized means; fail to realize the difference between the posture that political action, in its S. L. P. sense, enables us to take, and the pure and simple ballot or vote-getting idea of the S. P .- that "roosting place for the intellectual riff-raff of bourgeois society;" fail to see that political action and propaganda "offers a chance for the peaceful solution of the great ques-

tion at issue:" fail to see that the Socialist movement, although proletarian in its base, is human in its scope, and therefore is a proposition for "all other intelligent citizens." Shall we be doniinated by freaks or freak-frauds, and allow any possible Azeff or Gapon or other agent-provocateur to assassinate or blanket the sound proletarian movement? Are we blindly to permit the freaks and agents-provocateurs to "get away" with our I. W. W. movement? The editorial "Who Can Tell " in The People of Jan. 1st, gives the exact and undeniable facts about the Fourth "Convention" of the I. W. W. Read it. You can't fool all the people all the time, and it is time we woke up to the real truth about this deplorable matter. You can't organize for emancipation unless you have correct education; and this present so-called I. W. W. movement is a specious side-track movement, whether honest or dishonest. The sane Revolutionist can not move for the freaks. And it is all because the mental Hoosiers. possibly egged on by agents-provocateurs, are dictating to intelligent workers what course they shall take. The truth is, it is a fight against the S. L. P., its principles and methods, because the-S. L. P. is too "fanatic" (clear) for schemers, barnacles and scatter-brains. Wake up! The freaks and freak-frauds captured our I.-W. W. movement at the Fourth "Convention," shall we continue to permit them to have it? As for me, now "wised up," I will say NO! Be-

"Follow thy course and let the people



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ecause they know that free a the street would in all probability be fatal to them, as the S. L. P. would get a show to bring a speaker who would put the laboring class wise to the tricks of the "I-am-a-bums" which in turn would put the "I-am-a-bummery" on the

As Turner Hall is located in a part of the city largely occupied by the working class, several respectable women attend the meetings, especially Sunday evenings, mostly through curiosity to hear what is said. They don't attend for the purpose of getting a chance to see anybody slugged or murdered. As I am not wishing to be the victim of any such disagreeable proceedings, and as I wish to spare the chairwoman the unpleasant necessity of appealing to the too slight to be noticed. At any rate women who might be present to stay bethey did not disturb the flow of orahind so as to allow the men to get out tory and harmony, nor did they affect first and attend to "their affairs" in the the purpose of the gathering itself. dark streets, I shall take the necessary One thing was certain-the community precautions which the circumstances deof interests between Labor and Capital

The S. P.s are now meeting at Apollo

Hall on Sunday evenings, this hall is

much smaller than the hall they had beseveral years past, knows who Mr. Barfore, but nevertheless it is more convenient and up to date meeting place for the ber is. Mr. Barber is the jovial old gentleman who is selling literature at S. P. At the present rate of growing. the S. P. will soon be looking for a betthe S. P. meetings being the most prominent S. P. man in Spokane, having ter place to meet, when they move again they will probably be looking for a place served his party on all occasions as candidate for office during elections and as about 4x4 feet. Mr. Barber is the only one in the S. P. Local who has thus far delegate to the S. P. state conventions had the moral courage to raise his voice and also as a member of the state comagainst the so-called I. W. W. humbug mittee. Mr. Barber now is and he alof free speech. Everybody who has attended an S. P. meeting in Spokane for

Up in the gallery the less prominent stars in the firmament of Labor were implicitly, all that De Leon and the S. seen smoking. Droll were the airs put on by these as they sat there in their order to save time and space, covers frock-coats, borrowed for the occasion, but hardly fitting them.

was celebrated once more, and was

once more solemnly ratified.

There was also a typical performance at the tables of the play "The Lackey and his Master": The hoarseness of Mr. Root, former Cabinet official and corporation-lawyer gave Gompers much concern. He filled a glass with water and reached it to the orating Root. The latter took no notice of this. At the close of his speech of 1905. Gompers offered him water once more, This time there was a devilishly short declination. But such incidents were

L. P. said it was. This statement, in everything. Therefore, not being an Anarchist, but a convinced Marxian Socialist, accepting Marx's "code of action" as well as his "code of theory," declining to be a party to anything that inevitably leads to "Paris Commune disasters," "I am a bum" Anarcho-Syndicalist outfit, and, confessing my sins and errors, realign myself with the scientific S. L. P. and the industrialists who stand unflinchingly upon the I. W. W. Preamble

At last I see unmistakably "the nigger in the wood-pile" in this whole argument, which "started guite a while before the fourth Convention." This talk of "don't be a scab; don't scab it on the Pinkertons, stay with your class, De-Leon doesn't understand the rough psy chology of the western worker" etc., together with my flurried reasoning and failure thoroughly to grasp what De-Leon was driving at when he spoke of "an anarchistic, bomb-throwing concern" -all this swept me off my feet. But if a man is honest and no self-seeker, and of a logical turn of mind, he is sure eventually to right himself. The "gentleman in the wood-pile" referred to above is the anarchist of all stripes and when you do but begin to think !

has the audacity to mention the name of De Leon. Whenever that happens Mr. OTS. ways has been ready to do what he con- Barber runs and fortifies himself behind talk." siders his duty to his party. Mr. Barber | his newsstand Robert Clausen.

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only shows his weakness when someon

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1910.

IN THE LIGHT OF HISTORICAL MATERIALISM ECONOMIC BASIS OF RELIGIOUS SYSTEMS-ERRORS OF CHRISTIAN SO-

CIALISM POINTED OUT.

By W. Hewitt, Johnstown, Pa.

Fundamental and far-reaching as the economic or industrial field undoubtedly to the Socialist, there are other spheres claiming his attention. Since the publication of that unique contribution to learning known in Socialist circles as the "Communist Manifesto," the whole range of human activity has been seen in a new light. After reading and understanding that wonderful document, what was previously considered to be an incoherent mass of events, quite incomprehensible, becomes full of meaning and is recognized as having a definite course of development, each event no matter in what sphere of life it occurred being determined by a set of conditions. Not only that, but these conditions themselves had their birth in a previous set, and will in turn give birth to conditions of the future. These conditions as Socialists well know are entirely economic. It is this materialistic conception of things that enables us to hold unflinchingly and make impregnable our position as a Socialist party. Without it we should be utopians and dreamers. Not only does it give us the key to solve the purely industrial and political events taking place in our own day or in days goue by, but we are able to interpret in their true significance the achievements of humanity in the vast regions

of science, religion, philosophy and art. V very interesting point may be cited which helps to verify in a great deour materialistic standpoint. Al th Marx and Engels were the first ate in a definite form this revolutry principle, others by a manner endifferent and in a field far removed from social philosophy have arrived at the same conclusion as did the great founders of our great movement. This is explained by the principle itself, which claims that all activity, intellectual activity included, is dependent on and inseparable from the material status obtaining at any period. Knowledge, which is a social product and not individual as many would have us think, is a unified and coherent whole, no matter into how many different departments it may be divided. What may be seen by the keen server in one sphere of life may also e seen in another. Thus Lewis Morgan well known to Socialists, in his colossal ethnological work, "Ancient Society," Commistrates in a unique way the same

ndamental truth that Marx and Engels arrived at in the sphere of philosophy. The same thing may be seen in the sphere of art. Those who are familiar with the classic works of that capable and accomplished student and art critic Walter Pater, will recognize that throughout the whole range of his writings he insists that a knowledge of the material basis of society at any period is absolutely essential to the proper inderstanding and appreciation of the art productions of that period. He also urges the student in all departments of knowledge to cultivate-to use his own words-the "historic sense." Socialists perhaps more than any others can fully sympathize with that rare entreaty. By means of this historic sense, together with our "unholy" materialism, we are able to successfully combat those pseudo-Socialists who elaim that Christianity and Socialism are one. They, or many of them, while refusing relationship with the church, prate about a real Christianity, the Christianity of Jesus, and conjure up vague phrases with which they endeavor to perpetrate and put on firm ground their anachronisms. It is the absence of this "historic sense" that is responsible for such mental aberration. It is responsible also for the following (and similar) remarks made by Dr. (of philosophy) Stanton Coit, defeated I. L. P. candidate in the recent British elections, in his address to the electors. "I, at least, am neither an atheist nor a materialist. My Socialism is rooted in the belief in a spiritual power higher and mightier than any of us, which con-

strains us to put an end to all preventable suffering," etc. Dr. Coit is also the high priest of the ethical movement in England-a movement nominally opposed to Christianity, but fundamentally its object is the same-viz., the salvation of the individual. Now, all religions, all systems of eth-

ics, all movements aiming primarily at the welfare of the individual are opposed to Socialism. To explain this it will be necessary to carry ourselves back to the time when these movements had their birth.

Historians and ethnologists tell us and it is only the archaic minded nowadays who dispute the point,-that our primitive ancestors lived under a crude (to us) form of communism. That is, the necessaries of life were produced by the community for the community. Property, in the historical significance of that word, profits, individual enterprise, etc., were things unknown. The spirit or essence of this material status inoculated the whole personality of man-his hopes and fears, his passions and his thoughts. It became the medium through which these factors were given expresthe community, it will be readily seen in sion, or the mould in which they took form, or-to use another simile, the die that impressed them with reality. We find that man's religious aspirations were uttered in the interest and for the welfare of the community. Worship was a social duty, and not as we see to day. an unctuous, hypocritical reverence on the part of the individual in his endeaver to gain eternal bliss in a hypothetical hereafter. No, the prosperity and happiness of the community was the sol

This state of affairs, however, came to an end. The eternal force which in periods long before had given birth to the planet on which we live, and which produced the chain of living things from the plasmodium to our own complex species, put an end to the conditions of life of our humble ancestors. Mankind's creative genius discovered and invented new methods of producing his subsistence, methods which necessitated at that time the individual ownership of the landthat is, of the means of life. Instead of the community producing for the community, the individual produced certain-

ly for the community but his own inter-

object of all.

THE MYSTERIES OF THE PEOPLE History. Fiction.

est was foremost in the transaction. This revolution in the material status produced a like revolution in the religious and other spheres of human activity. Just as in production selfishness was the predominant note, so in religion the salvation of the individual, not the community, was also the predominant note. And this has been the burden of all religions and moralities since the overthrow of those early communes. It is what Socrates taught in Greek days, what Christ taught in Palestine and his disciples in the then known civilized

world, what, in fact, all moralists down to the American Emerson have taught to their respective contemporaries. Christianity, the parent of all ethical effusions in Europe and America, whether it be Catholicism or Protestantism, or whether it be Puritanism, that modern abomination, is the religion of selfishness,-is necessarily so because the set of conditions that gave it birth are themselves dominated by individual greed. It is on this point that Socialists refuse to acknowledge in Christianity any identity of interest. Whatever Christ may have said or been-and by all accounts he must have been an intensely interesting personality,-it can be stated with the full force of the truth

of historical materialism that it was absolutely impossible for him to make one single utterance relating to Socialism. His every thought, word or action was determined and limited by his material environment. As for Socialism, it was not even recognizable as a material possibility in his day, so how could it find a place in religious or moral expression ? if a theory were advanced to-day claiming that Christ entered Jerusalem in an automobile instead of on an ass, the propounder of the theory would very soon find himself enjoying the hospital-

ity of a lunatic asylum. But the theory is just as reasonable as that of Christ advocating Socialism. The religion,-and by religion is not meant theology, as so many interpret that word-the religion that will obtain under Socialism, tho' it is not wise to be dogmatic on the point, will be as far removed from Christianity as Communism is from Capitalism. The material status of Socialism existing in the interest of

the light of the materialistic conception of history what form the new 'refigion will assume. And when we take into consideration the great service rendered by modern science in dethroning and throwing on the scrap heap the vindictive, anthropomorphic god of theology, we can conceive to what majesty and grandeur the religion of Socialism will undoubtedly attain.

Socialism is charged by its opponents with the introduction of atheism. That is a fallacy. Socialists may embrace atheism, but its introduction is older than Christianity itself, and is now receiving the negative support of modern science, which states that god is no longer necessary to the existence of things. God is a rudimentary idea in the human mind as the appendix is a rudimentary organ in the human body-both causing a great deal of trouble. But the point seems almost too trite to make

In the above remarks an endeavor has een made for the benefit of those "who profess and call themselves Christian"-Socialists and who may read our paper, to explain the true relation between relion and Socialism. Further, it may be said that Christian Socialism, like all other reformist or tinkering movements claiming Socialism as their object, is the result of an inadequate and abortive conception, and in many cases is rooted in an entire ignorance of the laws which govern social development. It is this ignorance accenment on the part of a few would-be leaders, that is responsible for the pitiable digressions of our class. It is responsible for the blindness of the workand bronze monuments. ers to the class struggle and their consequent faith in capitalist unionism; in short, it is responsible for all that is reformist and compromising and not revolutionary and uncompromising in what is known as the Socialist movement. Therefore, fellow workers, let us make it our duty to understand this great social organism of which we form so vital learned something. a part. Let us locate the forces that have and are at present shaping our destiny. By this means only can we hope to forge the weapons for our emancipation. Comrades, the future welfare of humanity rests on our action to-day. What are we as individuals going to contribute to the great work before us? One word more-you require some books. The New York Labor News Co. can supply you with the proper thing Why not write at once? The New York Labor News Company take risks. is the literary agency of the Socialist Labor Party. It prints nothing but sound Socialist literature.



AND THE EFFECTI VE PREVENTATIVE

By Cary Fink, Baltimore,

When a person engaged in "social work" will give you the unvarnished truth about his or her experiences, and does not slur over unpleasant facts for the sake of making a "good showing," it is an occasion for rejoicing. Just such frankness characterized the paper read by Miss Ellen La Motte head of the fifteen tuberculosis nurses under the health department of Baltimore, at a recent meeting of the Laennec Society here.

The aim of the society is the study of tuberculosis with a view to its prevention, and Miss La Motte's paper was intended to show the point of view of the district nurse on that subject. After five years' experience as a tuberculosis nurse, whose duties, it need scarcely be explained, focus on the teaching of pronounces this means of solving the tuberculosis problem, an unqualified failure. Why? Because under the existing conditions in the homes of the poor proper care for advanced cases is out of the question, nor will the most painstaking teaching avail in making tuberculosis patients observe the necessary precautions to prevent the spread of the lisease,

Over 300 patients were visited in the course of the five years. Of these, over two hundred died; and from the members of these very families receiving repeated instruction, 60 new patients with tuberculosis have been added to the visiting list!

These facts are of particular significance when we remember that as Miss La Motte pointed out, when the tuberculosis nurse was first sent into the field, it was expected that she would make tremendous strides toward the prevention of the disease-"Let us have an educated public", was the slogan, After that every thing will be easy." It is easy to imagine a condition of things where every man, woman, and child in a community understands the nature of tuberculosis, and the sources of contagion, without an appreciable heck being put on the disease. The reason of this is obvious, knowledge and the wisdom or character to act upon it do not of a necessity go together. If any one wants a further proof of the truth of this in regard to the spread of disease, let him but consider the relation of venereal disease to modern society. There are thousands of doctors in this country alone, everyone of whom is perfectly aware

"CHEAP LABOR"

German Mechanics Take Their Time-American Mechanics Rush Out Work.

What's that? Pauper labor of Eureference to-even many members of the rope? Protection to American la-Capitalist Class are free thinkers. or? Why, here's a European manu facturer himself giving expert testimony, unwittingly, of course, that the American workmen work harder and produce more in the same time than their European brother does, and that, moreover, the German mechanic will by no means be enticed into such conduct; nor will he, so long as he can resist, increase his output, knowing full well that such foolishness will only divorce him from his job the sooner. These facts are made as plain as can be in an interview which Dr. Joseph Hollenbauer, general manager of the Lauchhammer Company of Germany, gave the New York Commercial recently. His company turns out bridges, structural steel for buildings Here are some of the doctor's words: "I came over here the first time in 1886," he said, "and I remained two years at the Lasalle Zinc Works, in Illinois, one of the proprietors of which is a relative of mine. I think I learned something there. Then I came here again and again, and each time I have "I have tried in vain to get our German workmen to become well educated and to work in the spirit that Americans work, to show some individuality and initiative. I talked over my efforts in this direction the other day, with Dr, Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president of the University of California, who has been making a tour of Germany. He seemed to think that German workmen are too much on the lookout for their own personal safety and are unwilling to "Mind you, the German workmen re very skilful, and what they do, they they do well. But the American

of the fact that these diseases form a terrible, and ever increasing menace to public health, but in the length and breadth of the land there is not a single hospital for the treatment of these diseases, nor one where patients having them will be admitted to the wards if

the nature of the disease is known. To return to tuberculosis, public education failing, what shall we try next? Miss La Motte recommends, segregation. All advanced cases as well as incipient ones, should be placed in sanataria, she says. No doubt this is a much needed measure, but it too is only

a half way step, because if living conditions are not changed new foci of the disease are bound to break out as fast as the old ones are removed. In other words, tuberculosis follows from the lowered resistance induced by overwork, mal-nutrition, unsanitary housing and preventative hygiene, Miss La Motte dirty air. These are all preventable conditions, but preventable only by an industrial revolution, because that is the only conceivable means whereby the poverty responsible for these disease bringing conditions can be mitigated. The only real way to stamp out a disease is surely not by trying to prevent its spread by the cure of individuals ill with it, but to wipe out the conditions that enabled those individuals to contract it in the first place. By so doing we take away a responsibility of personal' hygiene and foresight, that not one in a thousand is capable of sustaining, we no longer ask people to stop spreading disease, but see to it that they are not subjected to the predisposing factors.

But when we say that an industrial revolution is the only really effective weapon with which to fight tuberculosis, it is not meant to dispense with the district nurse nor any of the other means that interested people are now using. In this as in all similar cases of suffering, there is a need for all the immediate relief available. But we should keep perfectly clear distinctions in our minds between the palliative and the cure. To heal the sick is a beautiful thing, but we ought long ago to have progressed beyond the stage where we can rest content with that, and those of us who have a particular interest in the public health as doctors, nurses or hygienists, have an additional responsibility toward promoting the industrial revolution, instead of which most of us either sneer at the mere idea or else dull' our conscience by a complete immersion in the routine detail of our special work a c

workman prepares his tools for a week, and at the end of three days he has done a week's work. The German workman sharpens his tools for a week and he works with them a week before sharpening them again. The German workman is content to work with old fashioned tools. He does not care for good tools of the most modern make The result is that it takes him a month to turn out work that a good American workman would accomplish in eleven days.

"Why, a few years ago I bought a lot of modern tools in the United States and made presents of them to our workmen. Did they use them? No. They were used to the tools that their fathers had used and with which they had been trained, and the improved implements were quickly discarded. And yet if you bring those same German workmen to America, within a month they will be doing as much work as the average native workman."



The very fact that men are dependent upon the owners of the machinery of production for their privilege of employment, limits their lives, rendering them abject slaves, for life depends upon labor.

To the statements that "Things are right," "Must be so," "Can't be changed," history defiantly and openly flings the lie. All periodic conditions of intoler-ance, misery or degradation have been endorsed and sustained by those who profited by them, or upon whose econom-ic interests those conditions depended.

Not reform, but revolution has effected the progress of the world.

The only difference (and all-inclusive) which characterizes the Socialist Labor Party from the other alleged Socialist organizations in America is the former's honesty in the Labor Movement. The borers from within, the "Social-

ists" who work successfully (?) in the pure and simple trades unions and who succeed in having Socialism expounded and endorsed by the organizations, and force the "labor" press to print "Socialistic" matter, even forget one central point: What of all the above, so long as they are forced to endorse imbecile tactics and impotent measures employed by pure and simple unionism? What should their fake strikes, assessments, label agitation for bankrunt small manufactures and business firms, soliciting of favorable "labor legislation" (which is in time of need declared unconstitutional) and their "peace conferences?"

Socialism is primarily an economic

question derived from the most promi-nent and important experience of history (which is the written statement of human events, for history is of no value unless it comprehends clearly the imminent and direct effect on the human race of all its trials and actions). The history of this earth shows that there has ever been a disparity, yes, more, a struggle between two great social classes, the one gaining possession of the earth and the then crude means of production simply through its superior brute force, some-times emphasized by divine dispensation, so-called; the other great social class dependent entirely upon the former. That plain fact constitutes what is known in Socialist thought as the class struggle, gradually developing through slavery feudalism to capitalism, working with subtler methods, since now brute force has been eliminated to an extent, and subjugation to capital effected by other means of deception. In our modern life we find the means

of production and distribution in the hands of one class-the capitalist classwhile the other great class-the working class (in the United States comprising about 69 per cent. of the population)operates them, thus producing all wealth. but owning neither the wealth nor the means of wealth.

Socialism demands that the means of production and distribution be owned by society and worked co-operatively, mak-ing every able human being a truly use-ful social unit.

Socialists do not purpose a dividing-up of wealth; we have that now to the ex-tent of eighty-two to eighteen with the ruling class.

As soon as man became a tool-making animal his zoological history ceased, and he became a creature of economic import only.

The basis of Socialism is purely materialistic, though not so in the erroneous sense in which materialism is so often, unfortunately, employed. Its connection or identity with sensuality is too often misunderstood. The sum of all history which is but the written experience of the human race, shows that the develop-ment of society or social forms and in-

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All truth is safe, and nothing elss s safe; and he who keeps back the truth, or withholds it from men, from motives of expediency, is either a coward or a criminal, or both. -Prof. Max Muller.

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Eugene Sue wrote a romance which seems to have disap-peared in a curious fashion, called "Les Mysteres du Peuple." It is the story of a Gallic family through the age, teil in success-ive episodes, and, so far as we have been able to read it, is fully as interesting as "The Wandering Jew" or "The Mysteries of Paris." The French edition is pretty hard to find, and edity parts have been translated into English. We don't know the reason. One medieval episode, telling of the struggle of the communes for freedom is new translated by Mr. Daniel De Leon, under the title, "The Pilgrim's Shell" (New York Labor News Co.). We trust the success of his effort may be such as to lead him to translate the rest of the romance. It will be the first time the feat has been done in English.--N. Y. Sun.

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economic development. It further reveals the fact, common to all experience, that there has ever existed social classes, one maintaining supremacy over the oth-er simply through its prestige in the maintenance of the economic functions.

The source of human happiness lies in the manner in which society lives and has its being, and that, lastly, upon the way in which it (society) produces its necessities and distributes them.

The very lives themselves of the various teachers and preachers of the vari-ous teachers and preachers of "spiritual life," "social upbuilding," "religious as-piration," "social reform," "menticul-ture," etc., all of which are imputed with having the qualities essential to the redemption of the human race, give the lie most emphatically, despite their protestations to the contrary, to their argument that material well-being is not the founddation to epiritual and intellectual devel-

The capitalist class, groaning under the excess of wealth stolen from the exploit-ed class, is, and by the laws of nature must be, corrupt. When all men have the chance to become useful social units, receiving all they are worth to society in general, then will we have a woll organ-ized material foundation.

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thou without a purpose. MARCUS AURELIUS.

ARBITRATION.

From Wittenberg College, Springfield, O., comes the request for an expression of the attitude of the Socialist Labor Party in regard to compulsory arbitration.

Arhitration-meaning, of course, the composing of controversies between capitalists and workingmen-is, when "free," ineffective; when "compulsory," tyrannical and, consequently, also, in the long run, ineffective.

The term "arbitration," like the term "contract," is technical. They presuppose peership, equality; they also presuppose a common ground upon which the interested parties can stand. There is no such equality between capitalist and workingman, no common ground upon which both can stand.

In the social system under which the capitalist is a fact, the workingman is a chattel, held in the servitude of wage slavery. "Arbitration" between slaveholder and slave is a misnomer. Either the slave is a finality, and then he is below "arbitration"; or he is not a finality, and then he is above "arbitration." Applying these fundamental premises to the question propounded:

1st. The slave who is a finality will not need being "arbitrated" about: he is a crushed man;

2nd. The slave who is not a finality, to wit, the working class, will reject "arbitration" as a farce and an insult. For one thing, his slavery status deprives him of the power to enforce a favorable award; for another thing, when he has the power to enforce an award he will also have the power to break his chains: he will not use the power for less.

3rd. The slavery of the working class not being a finality, compulsory arbitration is but a veiled attemnt to render the present status of wage slavery permanent. The tyrannical method, always suicidal, is in this instance particularly ineffective. Capitalism can not drop the false pretence of "free labor" without committing suicide.

There is nothing to "arbitrate" between capitalist and workman-unless it be in the Shakespearean sense that thoughts speculative their unsure

· hope relate. But certain issue strokes must arbitrate.

CONGER-ALLDS.

then Assemblyman and now Senator, | latter horn of the dilemma with more who introduced him to the three bribees Allds included, and to whom, in Conger's presence, the respective envelopes were delivered. Such is the testimony given by Moe and corroborated in detail by Conger himself.

Whether the testimony be true or not, the really alarming, the ominous spectacle which the affair presents is not that of bribery-bribery by a capitalist firm, bribery of capitalist legislators. Whether this particular case is true or not. natters comparatively little. Every sane man knows that these practices are comnon among our pious, law-abiding ruling class. What is really alarming and minous is that, with not one word, has he capitalist press or pulpit condemned the self-confessed conduct of Senator Benn Couger.

What man of character, if approached with the proposition that Allds did Conger, would not instanter slap the face of the corrupt porposer, and kick him out of his presence? What man of character, if so approached, would not immediately raise the hue-and-cry, turn the light upon the corrupt proposer and his proposition, and immediately institute a house-cleaning process? What man of character would allow himself to be "held up," thereby rendering himself

guilty under the Constitution, and, as a consequence, placing himself for evermore under the thumb of an Allds? Common sense, to say nothing of morals, dictated a firm and immediate stand. This stand the then Assemblyman, now Senator, failed to take. Conger. did worse. For nine long years he held his tongue. All the time, aware of what he says Allds had done, justified, accordingly, to believe that Allds was all the time at his old trick, Conger, nevertheless, remained dumb, willing that the corruption spread. And yet, not a note of condemnation of Conger is to be caught in the bourgeois pulpit or press, the alleged paladins of Law, Order, Morality! .The one and the other detonate against Allds -and the one and the other, by silence.

acquit and uphold the infinitely more guilty Conger. Since the days of the Jeremiahs and

Isaiahs lamentations are idle. They lack the constructive power. Vain it would be to lament over the depravity that the silence of the bourgeois press and pulpit, with regard to Benn Conger, proves to be general and dominant. From the Socialist's breast no whining lament will proceed. The effect of the ominous spectacle upon him is the confirming of the principle that, under circumstances such as these, Compromise may be tolerated in no form. That the only note to sound and stick to is the note of UN-COMPROMISING Reason-that alone can raise the standard of mental integrity, without which there will be only rotten cloth-cloth that can hold no

stitch-for Socialism to work upon, '-CORRUPTING THE YOUTH. In the "Youth's Companion" for February 10, W. M. R. French, DIrector of the Art Institute of Chicago, using that paper as a medium, or the paper using Mr. French as a medium, it

conditions of life."

question which, it is, here beside the have been in it; that to write upon a point to discuss; and if that Heaven thing you must know something more be the benign, all-loving, tenderly than what may be fished out of cycloproviding place it is pictured to bepédias. 'And yet does not Spargo talk another theological question which, it about Marx as though the two herded is here beside the point to discuss, one pigs together? does he not bestow on of two things must follow: a patient public his 'seventeen years' ther it is not th tperience in the Movement in Yonthat the workingman be a chattel on kers, when it is barely six since he the market, bought and sold for what first bestowed himself upon our shores his purchaser can squeeze out of him, and became a fellowshipee of the the same as a horse or a lemon: It is Rev. Herron? does he not glibly write not the will of Heaven that the work on Socialism and on art with the proingman be deprived of all opportunity fundity of a bubbling brook? The for a full civilized physical and menabove named superstition lies a heap tal life; it is not the will of Heaven of ruins thanks to the r-r-r-revoluthat workingmen and women suffer tionist instinct of Spargo. so that they refuse to become parents "True, Simple Simon was, beaten, lest they create victims for the same awfully beaten. That was a serious merciless exploitation: it is not the wound dealt to r-r-r-revolution. will of Heaven that the ancient maxim The r-r-r-revolutionary idea of that to live man needs "food, clothing, going for water in a sieve cannot be and shelter" be twisted into a patenteasily matched. That's admitted. But right for giving him, no matter how is there not a salve to the wound in hard he tolls, only "food, clothing and the election of James Carey in Simshelter," and not even enough of the ple Simon's place? Did not Carey, out poorest kind of that; it is not the of love for Labor, vote a \$15,000 armory will of Heaven that workingmen be appropriation in Haverhill? And did slaughtered outright or starved to he not, when finally dumped by undeath gradually by the tens of thou; grateful Labor, turn an honest penny sands yearly for the sake of their as John Tobin's walking delegate to masters' profits-all of which are confetter the chains of wage slavery upon ditions obtaining far and wide in the the boot and shoe workers? And did land to-day: he not groom himself for the presi-Or else, if these things are the will dential nominee of his party by anteof Heaven, if whatever is is right, simcedents so r-r-r-revolutionary that ply because it Is, and quite apart from even his party gagged and thrust him any moral fitness, then no less so will aside? Carey certainly is up to the it be the will of Heaven when the r-r-r-revolutionary mark. workers, exasperated by their age-"Again, r-r-r-revolution surely long servitude and enlightened as to got a black eye by the unseating of Its causes, rise in their politica; and John M. Work, the lows genius who economic organization, smite down conceived the r-r-r-revolutionary the exploiters from their places of idea of recouping his party's heavy power, and establish the Industrial loss in votes in America by attemptor Socialist Commonwealth. ing to bounce the S. L. P. from the In-Safe to say, nobody will reject this ternational Bureau in Europe. But is the system itself.

vigor than both Mr. French and the 'Youth's Companion." Hence they must be considered as accepting the validity of the first horn. Hence, again, admitting that the pitiable condition of the working class to-day is not the "will of Heaven," and trying to trepan their youthful readers into supinely accepting it as such, they pillory themselves as corruptors of the morals of children-for what more immoral than willing submission to iniquitous and unnecessary poverty?

CRUMBS OF COMFORT.

To the r-r-r-revolutionists of the Socialist party, whose ticket for the National Executive Committee of their organization was headed by Mr. Louis

Duchez, the miner who "works nine hours a day under ground," but who consented to come from under for a spell, and stayed on the surface just long enough to be photographed on horseback by Messrs, Kerr & Co.'s "International Socialist Review"-to these sorely afflicted brothers the Daily People would administer the following crumbs of comfort:

"Be ye not down-cast; true, your ticket was snowed under, yet not your principle: there still is balm in Gilead; look around; what, if not r-r-r-revolution triumphed?

"There is Robert Hunter-others talk r-r-r-revolution; he performs it. What more r-r-r-revolutionary in biology than the theory that the influx of 'degraded immigrants,' while leaving these prolific, smites with impotence and barrenness the males and females, respectively, of a nation's 'noble old stock'? What more r-r-r-revolutionary in American history than to make Tom Paine a signer of the Declaration of Independence Others may live longer yet never perform such r-r-r-revolutionary an-

tics. "Then, there is Morris Hillouitothers project the Socialist Commonwealth, he puts the thing into practice by incorporating the American Wholesale Co-operative. While others are voting for, or would 'direct-action' the Co-operative Commonwealth, he deftly incorporates it. R-r-r-revolution never reached sublimer 'climbax,' as the immortal Artemus Ward would say. 1.161 1000

"And Victor L. Berger-the cockles of what r-r-r-revolutionist's heart do not titillate with rapture at sight of the acrobatic r-r-r-revolutions performed by the 'Wisconsin Idea' One day, in America, moving an increase of Gompers' salary and voting Gompers and his lieutenants saintly, the next-day, in Europe, pronouncing the self-same gentry 'the deadly foes of Socialism.' One day, in America, pronouncing himself a . 'Socialist,' the next day, in that very America, staging as the incarnation of the 'Wisconsin Idea.' If . that is not r-r-r-revolution, what is?

"And, fourth on the list of the vicis hard to tell which, informs the tors, is not John Spargo? A supermagazine's readers of tender age that stition has long obsessed the human "there can be no better indication of mind that, to claim personal acquaintthe will of Heaven than the actual ance with a man, you must have known him; that to claim personal If there be a Heaven-a theological experience in a Movement you must

there not also in this instance r-r-r-revolutionary consolation in the substitution, for Work, of George H. Goebel? What more r-r-r-revolutionary than Goebel's boasted prowess of preventing Unity in New Jersey by the simple method of preventing the transactions of the Unity Conference from being discussed? ."As to the seventh member, Lena Morrow Lewis, being as yet to fortune as to fame unknown, the lady

may approve herself un-r-r-r-revolutionary. But what could one such do against six r-r-r-revolutionists?

"So, then, ye sore distressed of the Kerr & Co.'s ticket, take comfort. In the flesh ve failed, yet in the spirit did ye triumph. Your party could not be otherwise than r-r-r-revolutionary, try as it may."

THE "DILL."

Not romantic women only, romantic males also, have started to take a hand in the solution of the, to them, riddle of high prices. J. Pease Norton, professor of political economy at Yale University, towers easily head and shoulders above these males. Prof. Norton's scheme contemplates

solving the riddle now and forever by a method which he pronounces simple, and which, no doubt, is simplicity itself. The present monetary troubles, he argues, proceed from the error of having | rect grammar.

a standard of value based on one or two metals. The standard should be based on all commodities. How? Very easily. Experts should be set to work "to devise unit for the multiple standard." That unit is, for purposes of brevity to be called a "Dill." On the date specified for the change of standard, the "Dill" is to equal in value "the weighted average of the gold prices of specified quantities of staple commodities," as shall be designated in the Federal law-and, hocus pocus, 'tis done! The "Dill." not in its details, but in

all that is essential to it, is an old chimera-the chimera of legislating value-which, however, would require for its enforcement some additional clauses in the Federal law that enacts it, to wit, clauses providing each "Dillite" would-be purchaser with a police man to compel the seller to part with his goods at the "Dill" valuation. James II. tried the "Dill" though he didn't call it by that name, during his short reign in Ireland; but more long headed than Prof. Norton, he provided the policeman In the 12th chapter of Macaulay's

"History of England" that remarkable experiment is described as follows: "James was absurd enough to imagine

there was a more speedy and efficacious remedy [than pcace and security for the restoration of prosperity.] He could, he conceived, at once extricate himself from his financial difficulties by the simple process of calling a farthing a shilling. The right of coining was undoubtedly a flower of the prerogative: and, in his view, the right of coining included the right of debasing the coin. Pots, pans, knockers of doors, pieces of ordnance which had long been past use, were carried to the mint. In a short time lumps of base metal, nominally worth nearly a million sterling, intrinsically ,worth about a sixtieth part of that sum, were in circulation. A royal edict declared these pieces legal tender in all cases whatever. A mortgage for a thousand pounds was cleared off by a bag of counters made out of old kettles. The creditors who complained to the Court of Chancery were told by Fitton to take their money and be gone. But of all classes the tradesmen of Dublin, who were generally Protestants, were the greatest losers. At first, of course, they raised their demands but the magistrates of the city took on themselves to meet this heretical machination by putting forth a tariff regulating prices. Any man who belonged to the caste now dominant might walk into a shop lay on a counter a bit of brass worth three pence, and carry off goods to the value of half a guinen. Legal redress was out of the question. Indeed the sufferers thought themselves happy if, by the sacrifice of their stock in trade they could redeem their limbs and their lives. There was not a baker's shop in the city round which twenty or thirty soldiers were not constantly prowling. Some persons who rejused the base money were arrested by troopers and carried before the Provost Marshal, who cursed them, swore at them. locked them up in dark cells, and by threatening to hang them at their own doors, soon overcame their resistance." "High prices," that is, kicks from purchasers; "low prices," that is, kicks from creditors, is a congenital disease with a social system under which production is carried on by private entities, in other words, for sale and not for use. Under such a system fluctuation in values is constant, often sharp-too, constant and sharp for artificial measures to neutralize. The materia medica of political economy furnishes no nostrum to meet the disease. Quack's may try their ingenuity at it, but the disease will outlast them, and it will plague the system

DUCK-IN-THUNDER WATSON

The third of the Marxian theories, which "Watson's Jeffersonian Magazine" for this month "disembowels," and the "disemboweling" of which it now remains to consider is the law governing wages. + . + :

"Watson's" states: "Karl Marr con tended that, under Capitalism, the wage of the worker tended downwards to the bare cost of living. He called this 'The Iron Law of Wages.' " We shall not take advantage of Mr. Watson's betraying his unfamiliarity with Marx's works, as appears from the statement that Marx gave the

name of "The Iron Law of Wages" to the theory that the wate of the worken tends downward to the bare cost of living. Neither did Marz ever use the term "Iron law of wages" to designate

his theory; nor does the term "Iron law of wages" apply to the Marxian theory. We shall not take advantage of the good ground the gentleman offers to dismiss him as a person who knows not what he is talking about, and his "disemboweling" as a mare's nest. That would be to allow our genial, tho' wrathful Georgian to run to waste. He can be put to good use-the use that teachers put ungrammatical sentences to. They thereby teach cor-

The "Iron law of wages" is known in economics mainly through Lassalle. It was a pictorial sentence by which that great orator illustrated his theory of wages. According to his theory, seeing that supply and demand regulate prices, workingmen, being many, wages would go down; the privations that lower wages would bring about, would also bring about a decrease of proletarians; the decreased supply of workers would then bring wages up; the prosperity of higher wages would then result in an increase of proletarians; the increased supply, would thereupon bring wages down again, back to where they were-and so on, in an endless, vicious and unbreakable circle. This Lassalle called the "Iron law of wages." The theory is partly made up of Malthusianism. It is untrue. It is

rejected by Socialism. No Socialist talks of the "Iron law of wages." The Socialist law of wages is an induction from the two sets of facts from which flow two economic laws, and from a third fact.

The first of these laws is the law of exchange value, or, value proper; The law of exchange value establishes that the measure in which goods, wates and merchandise, in short, commodities are exchanged for one another is the amount of labor-power socially necessary to produce them. As the socially necessary labor-power to produce one commodity declines, the others remaining stationary, a larger quantity of the former equals the value of, and is exchangeable with the latter. If the labor-power socially necessary to produce them all either rises or declines, then the relative value of all remains unchanged.

The second law is that of prices. The law of prices establishes that, while in the long run the price fetched by commodifies in the market coincides with their value, nevertheless, owing to the perturbations that the market is generally affected with, the price periodically rises above, or sinks below, the value of the commodity. These risings and sinkings depend mainly upon the relation between supply and demand: if

market. In this law, however, is involved a socielogic storm, the approaching rumblings of which are the cause of Mr. Watson's deliriums.

It has been shown that supply and demand determine prices, causing price to fall below and rise above the value. level. There is one commodity, however, with which the rise of price above the value level is exceptional, while almost permanent and increasingly so is the fall below that level, for the reason that that one commodity is the only one with , which an increased supply does not denote a decreased value. That commodity is labor-power, the workingman.

With cattle, cotton, shoes, hats, etc., the less the quantity of labor-power socially required for their production the lower will their value sink; and the sinking of their value, being the

consequence of a decreased quantity of labor-power socially required for their production, is consequently accompanied by an increased supply. With all these other commodities an increased supply is; normally considered, a sign of decreased value. Otherwise with labor-power. The increase

in the supply of labor-power in the market is, to-day, the consequence, exclusively, of the displacement of labor by improved methods of production together with the consequent dis-classing of members of the middle class. and their being turned into proletarians. The "value" of labor-power, a partly physical, partly social magnitude, depending upon social conditions

at a given time, is expressable in the term "standard of living." The aspiration to preserve, if he cannot improve upon that "standard," remains in the workingmen. But, remain as that aspiration may, the "standard of living," or be it the "value of labor-power" at a given time, is depressed by the increased supply of himself steadily dumped into the labor-market by improved methods of production. Accordingly, the supply of labor precedes and

thereby forces down the decline of the "standard of living." A further consequence is the steady decline in the price of labor-power. The ultimate consequence is the inevitableness of the Social Revolution

Not all the figures Mr. Watson may trot out from this spot, and that spot, and the other; can affect the robust general fact that the "standard of living" of our workingmen is steadily on the decline. Indeed Mr. Watson's fits of delirium are evidence thereof. A duck in the thunder of the storm that the Marxian law of wages explains and makes the knowing ready for, Mr. Watson feels bewildered, looks bewildered, and transfers to paper the bewilderment of his duck-in-thunder bourgeois soul.

COAL COPS STOP RELIEF. Miners Opposed in Colorado When

Distributing Funds. Denver. Colo., February 11 .-- Fearing viblence at the hands of special agents of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company while distributing cash for the relief of the families of miners killed in the Primero disaster January 31. three officers of the district organization of the United Mine Workers of America wired Labor Commissioner Brake to come to their assistance and see that the funds were properly looked after and no harm done to the men handing out the money. Brake left or Primero



UNCLE SAM AND BROTHER JONATHAN

BROTHER JONATHAN-I think Socialists would make decidedly more progress if they would do a certain thing.

UNCLE SAM-Which? B. J .- They should define accurately the Co-operative Commonwealth.

U. S .- How define?

B. J .- They should describe accurately how things will be instituted, the organization of society, how the various wheels will look and how they will operate. Do you eatch on?

U. S .- Guess I do.

B. J.-You agree?

U. S .- Let's see. You know all about

Columbus, don't you? B. J.-I know, sure; he discovered America.

U. S .- Do you know too that he went from court to court, from country to country, stating his conclusion that by traveling westward he would strike land? B. J.-Exactly.

U. S .- Was he believed by all who heard him?

B. J .- No, indeed; he had a hard time of it to make people understand the soundness of his views.

U. S .- Now, imagine some smarty like yourself, had drawn him aside and whispered confidentially to him: "Columbus, you are not making any great

headway in convincing people. You would make decidedly more progress if you would draw up a map of the land that you say lies westward; point out. where the mountains rise and how high: the lakes, the rivers, the plains, the highlands. If you did that the people would soon be converted." How do you imagine Columbus would have looked upon that friendly advice?

B. J .-- He must have looked upon him as anyone does at a donkey braying. U. S .- Correct, and why?

B. J .- Why? Because it was suggesting an impossibility.

U. S .- And so is your suggestion. Columbus reasoned that, the world being round, if you travelled westward you were bound to reach land, though the exact shape of that land could not be described. Likewise, the Socialist. He reasons that the system of the ownership must tally with the system of oneration of the tools of production. When the tools were so small that each individual could operate them, they were owned individually, i. e., privately. Now | they have become so gigantic that they neither can be nor are operated individually; they are operated collectively,

B. J .- As collectively as they are operated. U. S .- As the whole nation nov

consequently they must be owned-

The Senate of this State is investigating the charges made by Senator Conger against his colleague Allds. A full week has been consumed in the trial. At least another week will be spent before the end is reached.

In a nutshell, the facts alleged are these: In 1901 several bills were introduced in the Assembly affecting the construction of bridges on highways. These bills were finally consolidated into onethe Maltby-Stevens bill. The object of the same was "strike," a term applied to bills not intended to be passed, but the purpose of which is to be bought off by interests whom their passage would injure. The Maltby-Stevens bill threatened in this way the firm of Conger Brothers of Chenango, a firm that had risen from a country store to a thriving bridge-building concern. The firm consisted de facto of one Frank Conger and his brother Benn. Benn Conger was an Assemblyman in 1901 and so was Jotham P. Allds. Allds was on the Committee that had the disposal of the Maltby-Stevens bill. Towards the end of the session of 1901 Allds informed his colleague that "something had to be done" to keep his Committee from reporting the Maltby-Stevens bill. Allds demauded for himself \$5,000. Conger beat him down to \$1,000. Thereupon Deacon Moe, the confidential clerk of the Congers, came to Albany with \$6.500; distributed the same, in the room and under the direction of Benn Conger, inte three envelopes, one of them with \$1.000 addressed to Allds, and sallied forth under the pilotage of Benn Conger, the

of which it is a part, until buried with

supply below; if demand exceeds supply; then the price rises above the commodity's value

The fact, or third factor which determines the law of wages; is the fact that labor-power, under capitalism. is a merchandise. Numberless circumstances veil the fact. The veil is rent by a pregnant philologic principle. Let Mr. Watson conjure from his grave his patron saint and namesake. Thomas Jefferson, and ask him: "Tom, how is the labor-market to-day?" Tom would look blank: In Jefferson's time there was no such thing as a "labor market." Philology teaches that a thing, or its manifestation, must first exist; then it takes shape in a thought thereupon it crystallizes into a word, or term. Language, accordingly, is a prime factor in sociology. The word, or term, that is current coin is the reflex of a thing in

existence. "Labor-market" is such a current coin to-day. As the ternis cattle-market cotton-market, leathermarket irresistibly denote that cattle, colton. leather, etc., are commodities, so does the term "labor-market" frresistibly tear the civic-religious mystifications that weil the fact of labornower being, under capitalism, a chattel, and, as chattel, subject to the laws of value and price that rule all other commodities, representatives of other countries and

From the synthesis of the two laws have asked Labor Commissioner above mentioned and the fact just con-Brake to aid them. sidered flows the law of wages.

10. 2

"The People" is the paper that you "Wages" is the price that the commodity labor-power fetches in the want, -Straight and Truthful.

The national organization of United lectively operates its land and capital, so Mine Workers donated \$1,000 for the should and will the whole nation, and elief of the bereaved families and not a set of individuals, be the owners commissioned Frank Smith, president, thereof. The Socialist were foolish if and William Crawford, secretary, and he went a step further than to show John R. Lawson, national organizer what is coming and why. Like Columand committeemen of district 15, to distribute the money. When they arrived at Primero they encountered the old time opposition of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company. The agents of the company said that the appearance of organizers of officers of unions in the camp would not be tolerated.

The union men bto incensed over the action of the company inasmuch as the camp is unorganized, and they were bent surely on a mission of charity and with no intention of trying to organize any of the camps of the mine.

It is understood that the company has failed to give satisfactory answers in reply to demands, to state their policy as to the permanent care of the families of the seventy-five miners. who were killed by the explosion and that the Bavarian government will back the families in suits to be filed in the federal court for \$5,000 for each of the dead men. The Bavarian government will co-operate with the

bus, he says the Co-operative Commonwealth lies ahead of us, and, like Columbus, who never attempted to give the details of land, the Socialists will refuse to palm off dreams for facts. B. J.-I see. U. S .- But look you here. Between the Socialist and Columbus there is this difference. Europe could have gone on without the discovery of America; but civilization cannot go on without the Cooperative Commonwealth. That Socialist would be wasting his time who did not concentrate all his efforts in the company controlling the Primero endeavor to demonstrate that Socialism is inevitable, and no sensible man wants

or needs further information on the subject than the broad outline of the public ownership of all that is needed for producing the necessaries of life. Leave the Socialists alone. They know just what they want.

ITALY MAY GIVE WOMEN THE VOTE:

Rome, February 20 .- Deputy Gallini has presented to Parlament a project for a law sanctioning female suffrage in provincial and municipal elections, allowing women to exercist the liberal professions and to compete for public employments, and abolishing the husbands' authorization.

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1910.



er."

[Correspondents who prefer to ap pear in print under an assumed name will attach such name to their communications, besides their own signature and address. None other will be recognized.1

ENLISTS IN 1,000 CLUB. To the Daily and Weekly People:-The enclosed eight subs are my first for the Daily People Tenth Anniversary celebration. May we lift the only Star of Hope on the mental horizon up to such a height that the lost wandering wage slaves may see the road out of the wilderness of capitalism. You may count on me to do my part so long as I have energy to work and talk. To start is not sufficient; but to stay till the battle is won gives us the right to the name comrade. After the battle by the camp-fire we may rest, but now we must storm the bas-G. H. Fryhoff. tile. Mystic, Ia., February 14.

REPUDIATES SPOKANE ANAR-CHISTS.

To the Daily and Weekly People:-I was a member of the Spokane L.W.W. but have cut it out, because of their anarchistic methods. I will do all

I can for the S. L. P. J. McLean. Shaniko, Ore., February 12.

ITALIAN COMRADE UPHOLDS

N. E. C. To the Daily and Weekly People:-I ask you to publish the enclosed, which is a copy of a letter I sent to "Ragione Nueva."

P. Maiorana. Houston. Tex., February 9. (Enclosure.)

To "Ragione Nuova":

spies.

Dear Nimini: My opinion of the action of the N. E. C., of the Socialist Labor Party, in repudiating "Ragione Nuova" is that the N. E. C. did right. The S. L. P. I regard as the old Romans: the Romans' conquered the world; the S. L. P. will achieve liberty. The workingmen and those "Socialists" who slander the S. L. P. are either ignorant, or act from personal Interests, or are traitors, government

THE LATEST DISCOVERY ABOUT DE LEON.

To the Daily and Weekly People:-In the last few weeks I had several arguments with a member of the I. W. W. Spokane faction. Of the personal remarks he made against the Editor of the Weekly People I will mention one. He said that De Leon is interested in real estate in New York and for that reason he was against the rent strike.

Milwaukee, Wis., February 10.

ture. Long live "De Leon's Daily Knock-Although they could not see the point, it was the cause of Gaines' (now kicked out), what is left of the I-am-a-Bums, and of our own dear Emma get ting mixed up in the greatest stunt imaginable. . "Our Dear Emma," you know, was here last week. Someone in the

ardly act by attacking a well-meaning woman. The "I-am-a's" began calling Gaines a fakir, whereupon an unknown arose and explained that the I. W. W. headquarters was at 1717 S. Broadway. That broke up the meeting. I paid 15 cents to see it-it was worth \$5. Fred G. Moore.

St. Louis, Mo., February 9.

CLERICAL INTOLERANCE IN AM. ERICA.

To the Daily and Weekly People:-A glaring instance of the fact that, in the last analysis, the religious assoclations of America, as of all other nations, are unable to do anything positive for the cause of the social revolution, has just been furnished in the case of Comrade Kerr who was until tecently a student at the Meadville Theological School, Meadville, Pennsylvania, Kerr had gained some honor as a student, being marked up 100% + in sociology and attaining scholarship rank over all his classes. He was besides an uncomfortable man even for learned professors to handle in an open discussion. Added to which, he sounded the slogan in church for the cause of Proletarian Emancipation. His plain speech at last offended the ruling professors and he gave the finishing touch to their dislike by delivering a passionate denunciation of the Ferrer legal assassination. Such phrases an "crime of the power called government." "crime of the unprotesting powers," sounded anarchic to the group of ideologists who had expected some soothing pap from the song of Silemon. And when the undaunted proletarian preacher invoked Spain to "open the gates of a new day for the tollers

Unitarian circles to suppose that Southworth's snobbish treachery when known will be openly censured and the betrayal of confidence punished. Mile International. Aberdeen, Scotland, February 2.

DISAGREES WITH SCHMUTZ.

To the Daily and Weekly People :- Apopostof the Schmutz letter and following in his tracks, will say I came to New York City from Kansas in 1888 badly tinctured with Populism. The Single Tax movement,* Anti-Poverty Society, etc., were then in their fullest bloom. Henry George, Dr. McGlynn, Hugh Pentecost, et al, were busy on the rostrums of audience asked Emma where she got her New York and Brooklyn. I heard all authority to take up a collection for the of them as often as I could but failed I. W. W. Gaines ran up to the stage and to endorse Single Tax. John Most and accused the questioner of doing a cow- Emma Goldman later confused my ideas and 'contradicted 'my logic. Bellamy's "Looking Backward" was then at the zenith of popularity and Nationalist Societies sprang up in its wake all over the Union. 'Speaking for one of these societies T. first heard Daniel' DeLeon. His argument was to my liking but the man was not. I believed him a sarcastic intellectital, one who disdained manual labor." Here I first heard of Socialism (the name was seldom seen in the current literature of those times), and as the wage system was a big thorn in my flesh, I took to it immediately. DeLeon may not have been a member of the S. L P. when I joined it but for many years I did not like him and believed he would turn out of the party in a manner similar to what Millerand has done." But he has always moved in an opposite direction and I feel sure he has been the right man in the right place." He has done all we could expect a human being to do, and so long as he stands faithfully by the working class I will stand by him, you bet. Whether there were a dozen or a hundted conspiracies makes no difference Conspiracies will always happen in a party aiming at the death of capitalism so long as capitalists have money to lure and bribe. But, by all means, let

comrade Schmutz turn his cat out of the bag. Beginning with Wayland and the "Coming Nation" at Greensburg, Ind., I followed him through the Ruskin Côlony scheme: Wayland never explained the ugly charges made against him by the co-operators. After Tennessee, I watched the advent of the "Appeal to Reason" at Kansas City and, subsequently, at Girard, Kan. There was at least one strike in his plant at Gitard. of Europe as she had opened the gates and more than one employee has of the New World," some professional charged him with paying starvation

faces took a sickly pallor. But the wages, etc. Wayland has ignored all hypocritical President was not sure charges in true capitalist style. Like from the enthusiasm of the students. capitalists, Wayland plays a gum shoe whether praise or blame was in order role. After much hammering Wayland so he whispered to a colleague who has dropped Populism; co-operative colopenly supported Kerr for his manlionies, municipal ownership, etc., and is ness-"That was a noble performance." now preaching Socialism from his pri-Afterward when he found how the mavate 'factory at Girard; but, the Socialjority felt the stings of a proletarian, ism is such as we might expect of a raw he summoned the audacious student recruit. He needs more hammering beand admonished, a rebuke, accusing fore he has a well tempered article. If him of trying to stir up class hatred. Wayland has a case against DeLcon let That was nothing to the sequel. Our him make it out.

selling them for ten cents. comrade, finding the atmosphere of I quit the S. L. P. six years ago and ishment or absolution was decreed by at the same time abundantly supply Geo. Baumann. am not a member now. Since then my the school socially inert and even the The free-lance is an accomplished the whole congregation. the coffers of the stockholders minus teaching staff unwilling to help in getassociations have been almost entirely street-fakir, such as easily sell the poor Dobring, who spent two or more Propaganda ting to the bone and marrow of social dear public (amid amusing talk) with the S. R. My experiences in S. P. years perfecting his scheme, etc., and T. A. M., SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, AGAINST AND FOR. and religious history, he thought of the twenty-five cent packages of nothing-Locals have been very similar to those trying to get the comrades to help -For instance-Mr. Wm. E. Walling's I. Unitarian College at Oxford, and rein-particular. For a year he has been policy. He correctly lays the finger reported by comrades in the correspond-Pamphlets him. I will venture to say he does To the Daily and Weekly People :ceived some encouragement from the once page of The People: It would be not own a share of stock in the scheme living on singing, "Hallelujah"; and upon the instances of political log-As a subscriber of The People, I want to Principal through a friend, Editor of hard to "distort or magnify" the harenow launched under such promising nightly downing, the "Employment rolling by the British Labor party, protest against the infliction of unneces-The Temple Biographies, in which the Sharks" why daily "bob up serenely" brained schemes I have heard proposed aspects to "save money" for the unand justly condemns the practice; at The following propaganda sary mental agony that some of the corvolume on Mazzini shows decided and discussed in S. P. Locals. Twofor business at the old stand. He. suspecting lambs. Oh, when will we the same time he condones the idenrespondents of The People subject us to, pamphlets are all five cents revolutionary and socialist temper. thirds of the narty are small farmers. likewise, has felt the pinching of the in their effort to polish up a simple fact, tical practice, indulged by the S. F a copy. We allow twenty The President of Meadville School cockroach business men, and intellect-The Same Old White Terror. campaign against Hat-Passing Graftby searching the English language for as recently as last year in St. Louis. per cent. discount on orders thought Kerr's ideas the very solution uale of this or that profession. How-New York, February 16. ers. . the least used, and to the worker, aland, despite the identical practice, exof his difficulties (Southworth's diffiever, 1-sincerely hope comrade Schmutz of a dollar or more. BABEL REIGNS most incomprehensible words in that tols the S. P. as a revolutionary body. is more successful in getting the Louisculties, as it turned out), and he made in "Hamburger Row" between the aw-'Tis a mistake to think one weakens What Means This Strike? tougue. a special effort to see that Kerr was ville Local to talk matters over with the Take, for instance, E. H. F.'s "Hathis position by "hitting all around." ful music of Salvation Army bands in Burning Question of Trades provided with the wages (\$30-"thirty S. L. P. than I have been here with the THE PONIARD'S HILT The blow aimed at one wrong is dead-Passers." Halevon, Insidious, Lackadaisi-Unionism. three factions, the terrible singing of pieces of silver," a good orthodox bet Sawtelle Local. A week ago I suggested cal, Fatuous, Desuetude, De facto, De ened by failure to hit a similar wrong Preamble of the I. W. W. Mission Pullers, the oratory of Negro jure, Indices, Iniquitous, Paranoiacs. trayal amount) necessary to start him they allow the S. L. P. organizer now Trades Unionism in the U. S. elsewhere. Tight-rope dancing won't out. Kerr worked his way across the in California, to speak or to debate with Methodists, Mormon, Prophets, young How many of the working class readers "wash" in the Socialist Movement. Debate on Unionism. pond as a cattle helper and arrived them their differences. They declined A Tale of Bagauders and Vagres he is addressing, does he imagine under-Bible-Deniers, aged Spiritualists, Swe-Industrial Unionism. at Oxford in the middle of December point blank .- Ist, Because they did not stand those words? Not only do they Reform or Revolution. dish Melodies, and "Boxers" exploding W. A. S., SYDNEY, N .S. W .- The to find that Southworth, the President want the public to know the Socialists. not understand, but they can not prop-John Mitchell Exposed. By EUGENE SUE with the venom of the U-Wow-Wows, vote of the S. P. fell off because it has of Meadville, had interested himself were divided; 2nd, Because the S. L. P. erly pronounce them. Socialism. Utopia to Science. become a hissing and a by-word with the Di-Di's, the Anti-Di-Di's, the but interested bimself in an adverse Why does he not follow the example was a weak party, was bound to come Socialist Unity. Translated from the French by the workers. The S. P. echoed the "Hallelujah' soloist, and, the tinway. He had cautioned the Principal into the S. P. of the giants of English literature, whose The Working Class. economic errors of the Unions; this Next day a member of the Local of Manchester New College, Oxford, DANIEL DE LEON. whistler "Boxer." The sight of the work charms because of its simplicity ! The Capitalist Class. justified the Unions to believe their against receiving Kerr, who, he said, picked up a copy of The People I had They always have chosen the words that S. L. P. trying to get a calm word into The Class Struggle. position was Socialist, and when they left upon their table and approaching was intolerant, eccentric and altogeth-This story, from the magnificent would bring them down to the level of this medley with the sharp prod of The SocitVist Republic. er too revolutionary to succeed to a either set up their own independent me, said-"Here is a copy of DeLeon's series by Sue, is a thrilling their readers, rather than those words logic is either pitiable or amusing, ac-Antipatriotism. Unitarian pastorate. So Kerr, although candidates, or endorsed "friend of Lapaper. You could read it a thousand that would raise them above the intellitale of the days when the cording as you hope for results or no. Socialism. willing and able to pass all the necesbor" capitalist politicians, they justly gence of those they addressed. . years and never know anything of So-Frankish conquerers of Gaul It is a circus with, all the menagerie Maix on Mallock. expected the S. P. to stand by them E. H. F. is not the only offender. And sary entrance exams at Oxford-Latin, cialism," I asked him if he was a subwere being met by popular piping and roaring at once. For some Socialism versus Anarchism. there also. Finding the S. P. did not, Greek, Philosophy, English. Litera-I hope that he and they will profit by scriber to The People. He answered insurrections. it seems folly for a same mind to mix Assassinations and Socialism. they turned upon it as a political scab "No," I asked him if he had ever been this friendly suggestion, and not-imagine ture, etc., was given the cold shoulder Development of Socialism In in with a man's voice, that is both unand is now facing the problem of how -and the desertion from its ranks a subscriber. He answered "No." I The People the fraternal organ of Phi-It is Replete with Historie Inferheard and unheeded. Others, with Great Britain, started. The S. h P. vote fell off for Delta-Phi, or Ephsum, Phepsum-Guy, to return to Meadville. asked him to subscribe for six months, greater faith in mankind than the picmation. Religion of Capital. the simple reason that the tremendous when writing for it. Southworth knew Kerr would arand he answered "No." Can anyone in ture warrants, believe in yoicing away Foundation of the Labor Meveadvertisement given to the S. P. by B. S. Frayne. their right senses credit him with knowwith reason, to picture, and re-picture ment. Cloth, 281 Pages, rive without money at a place where Cincinnati, February 12, 1910. the capitalist press caused the illing anything about The People? If Lotheir folly until at last they listen. Historical Materialism. PRICE 75 CENTS, he was unknown and where unemploy. informed masses to take S. P.-ism for cal Louisville does not treat Comrade N. J. Socialist Unity Conference. they understand, and they, unite for ment is the chronic condition of multi-Socialism. The disillusionment that Schmutz as a billy goat who is trying * * * II. The Mark. their self-preservation. "To be, or not tudes. He knew that Kerr trusted in they had with the S F., and the dis-To the Daily and Weekly People :--to break their china, he will be very, to be." Can the revolution be saved The Trusts. New York Labor News Co., his professions of friendship(!) and lucky. illusionment that awaits them else-Those articles of E. H. Fogerty's are cerby the triumph of reason over passion? this is the action of a minister, prowhere, clears their path towards the tainly timely. I believe that line of City Hall Place, New York. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. Scrap Heap. is the great question of the approach-S L. P .- Next question next week. procedure will greatly enable us to ex- [fessor, (save the mark!) and president Sawtelle, Calif., Feb. 8. ing hour. Must another, and again a 28 City Hall Place, New York. tend the circulation among the ex-S. P. of a Unitarian School of Theology. revolution be lost through blind fury? "Putrid tuition," as DeLeon has it, is RESOLUTIONS FROM I. W. W. LOCAL members. W. J., FALL RIVER, MASS .- Of | Has the evolution of man so raised We have a nice healthy I. W. W. Local bad, but "putrid morality," "putrid re-554 HAMILTON, CANADA. "The People" is the paper that you "The People" is the paper that you course, there are good clergymen-men here, with bright prospects for the fu- ligion," is unspeakable. Kerr still To the Daily and Weekly People:- I want, Straight and Truthful. (Continued on page .6.) . of probity, character and benevolence; want, Straight and Truthful. and the second state to a second device the second NU TO A AND A AND

thinks well enough of the best men in] In regard to an article which appeared in the Daily People of February 8th entitled "Hamilton Manifesto," I was instructed by Local 554 to forward you the below motion and resolution for publication in the Daily and Weekly People. An article appeared in the Daily People of February 8th, entitled, "Hamilton Manifesto," and fellow worker L. M. Gordon's name appears as a member of the Manifesto Committee, and preceding his name are the intials, I. W. W., in brackets. In the opinion of Local 554, I W. W., this would lead people to believe that fellow worker Gordon was act-

ing for and with the sanction of Local 554. I. W. W. Moved and seconded that fellow worker Gordon be repudiated for this action in regard to this Manifesto Committee. and he knew that Local 554 would not take any part in this manifesto or the conference to be held February 13. The following resolution was read and

adopted: Whereas, At our last regular meeting, held January 26, 1910, a motion was inroduced by fellow worker Gordon that horn.

Local 554, I. W. W., send a delegate to a conference of local "Socialists" for the purpose of launching a new organization. presumably for the purpose of Socialist propaganda, etc., etc., and Whereas, This Local will have to deal with this matter sooner or later in some

definite manner, Resolved, That the Local take no part

in this so-called Socialist conference either by sending a delegate or otherwise, and be it further Resolved. That for the Local to iden-

tify itself officially or otherwise with organizations composed principally of men with radical bourgeois notions and Anarchist tendencies labeled up with Socialism would only be a detriment to the Industrial Union Movement both at the present time and in the future.

H. B. Simpson, Rec. Secy. Hamilton, February 10, 1910.

ALL AROUND HILLOUITIAN. To the Daily and Weekly People: The morning World of February 14 1910, has an article of some length on a "plan to lower cost of living." by Morris Hillouit. When I saw it my curiosity caused me to read it, and lo! where "did he get it" was fresh in my mind. I will give it away, for it net of his jesuitical machinations. So may save some people some of their cash.

About six or seven years ago, a poor, comrade, of the S. P. had the plan all thought out, and carefully written down, and to be sure that the S. P. would approve of his plan to "same for the people." and to make a sure thing for himself and the other stockholders, he went and submitted his project and plans all to "Comrade Hillquit." Is and behold! He was told that it would not do at all, and he was told that he was a----well. I won't repeat the names "Comrade Hillquit called him." Mr. Dobring told me this several' times-Poor Dobring. Now, when the S. P. is slumping by the thousands here comes Morris Hillquit with his Dobring plan all incorporated to "reduce the cost of living" to the unsuspecting outsider, and



Strong Arm Arguments+Disrupters Disrupted.



nd slugging tactics of good old corrupt ward-politics have come among us, to enliven the shifting scenes of "Hamburger Row." - Stentorian voices are heard on the varying fringes of street meetings howling "Talk Socialism! Stop knocking!" While others yelp the short sharp barks of poodledog nincompoops,-"Pope! Pope! De Leon! Disrupters! Pinkertons! Scabs! Get off the box!" These believers in Free Speech are very free in speech, to all others, so free that no one else can talk;-not if they can halloa loud enough. Such is the logic of the fog-

No fire-breathing bull ever so enraged himself by pawing a red rag, as these Free Spooks, where collections are minus in the Hat, which has become a joke. The words-"Pone! Pope! Liar!" are ever on their lips with the out-cropping FAITH IN THE MAILED FIST

as a system of unanswerable logic To doubt or to cross their words is to ring the curtain on a scene in one act: -"Liar!" biff; biff, "Will you," biff The advocates of strong-arm policy wedge themselves into all meetings, hooting and attempting to get the fight they are looking Tor. Indeed, the fine Italian hand 'of 'a

PROVOCATEUR

seems not far away; aiming at the instigation of a small riot among factions drawn into a free fight around single combatants from both sides. The result of the riot would be suppression of street meetings. Thus, like the famous case of the noble who caught a loathsome disease that he might give it to the King in revenge, would the virus of Spokane folly extend the resultant evils abroad into other cities. whither the provocateur spreads the palatable is folly to the fools!

ERROR REBOUNDS

upon the promoters. Such has been the fate of the disrupters that be are pressing the employer the A. F. sintrched the name of I. W. W. Their of Ly organizes other men with the own policy of stomach-politics has of deliberate intent to take their places. its very nature disrupted them. The Those who organize the workers whom economic pressure having caused the the A. F. of L. locks out never organsupporting paper' of the U. W. W. (Titus faction, expelled S. P.-ites), ize them for the specific emergency of taking the places of men at work or "The Workingman's Paper." to enter a on strike. That's the job of the A. F. fight for life against the encroaching "Industrial Worker" in the narrow constituency of "Hamburger Row," the "Boxers" of both expose one another. J. C., NORTH TARRYTOWN, N. Y. Then the hat failing among the 'Di--Auricular confession, that is, con-Di's," a handful of hat-pushers and fession to the private ear of a priest. word gushers strike hands with an into obtain absolution, did not exist until dependent free-lance Hat-Passer. the 5th Century. It was then made whose graft is singing songs, enobligatory. The system of confession, titled, "Hallelujah, I'm a Bum," and in vogue before, was public and pun-

LETTER-BOX A. OFF-HAND ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

ance of trade" ever balances.

ing with such a man?

in the year 1910 B. C.

made us all roar.

it not be enough to discredit a man if

he asserts a principle, and when his

own paper declares for the principle,

tries to twist out of it, by saving the

article must have been written by some

S. L. P. man? What's the use bother.

O. P., PORTLAND, ORE .- The So

cialist Labor Party declines to be

taken off its feet by noise, and it de-

clines to conduct itself as if it lived

O. M. J., FRUITVALE, CALIF .-

The "Divine Comedy" can be pub-

lished without the "Side Show," which

would make it much too long. It has

NO QUESTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED THAT COME IN ANONYMOUS LETTERS. ALL LETTERS MUST CARRY & BONA FIDE SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS. 0 -----

B. C. L., INDEPENDENCE, KANS., but so have there been also good -"The balance of trade" is the tech- Kings. nical term used by bourgeois econ-

omists to designate the relation of im-M. B., PASADENA, CALIF .-- The ports and exports into a country. For article is reserved for the Commune instance: If our exports amount to issue-March 13.

5

\$100 and our imports to \$75, the "balance of trade" is said to be in our P. F. S., ROCKLAND, ME -"Chrisfavor: if our imports are \$100 and our tian Socialism"? The People does not exports \$75 the "balance of trade" is prevent its growth. What The People said to be against us. The term arises has done is to make clear the reason from a purely bourgeois conception why the thing is impossible. A Rowhich proceeds from the theory that man Catholic paper, published in Irecommerce means cheating. Fact is land, the name of which we now forthat, with all their attempt to overget, made on "Christian Socialism" the reach one another, the bourgeols excorrect observation-"If Christianity is changes value for value. The "bal-Socialism, why start Socialism?"

C. H., BROOKLYN, N. Y .-- Such G. B., MILWAUKEE, WIS .- Should questions should be directed to the N. E. C. of the S. L. P.

> E. K., PHILADELPHIA, PA .- Social evolution in Africa remained stunted. In Asia its course traveled mainly along patriarchal lines. This was, in a way, the case even in Japan. where feudalism became strongly marked: and where, aided by the American gunboats, the patriarcho-feudal shell was broken through, and the capitalist chick hatched. When speaking of feudalism, those countries of Europe are in mind which have been the carriers of civilization .- Next question next week.

A. B. C., DENVER, COLO .- The Liberal plurality in Parliament needs both the Laborites and Nationalists in order to secure a majority.

L. D., CHICAGO, ILL.-Leaving aside those of bad faith who object S. A. T., SAN JOSE, CALIF .- In fighting the high prices of necessaries to the organizing of "rival Unions"the objection is raised in good faith the workingman who is not in the A. also. Those who do, fail to realize F. of L. has the better chance. If he that, if the unorganized are not Unionis "organized" in the A. F. of L. then ized, they never will be organized: ten to one, he is working-under a conthe A. F. of L. will not let them in. tract with the employer That con-So that to object to "rival Unions." tract stipulates a certain wage; almeans to allow the A. F. of L in the though the purchasing power of that peaceful enjoyment of the fruits of wage may, through the depreciation its treason to Labor. Moreover, the of the money, have declined. "the cononly ofganizer of "rival Unions" Is tract must be kept sacred" and there the A. F. of L. When a body of men. is your A. F. of L. dupe strapped. The worker who is not "organized" in the A.F. of L. is fettered by no such contract fetters. He may at least try his luck and demand higher, wages.

> J. F., SPOKANE, WASH.; P. H. L., NO. ABINGTON, MASS. P., A. C., WASHINGTON, D. C.; J. S., ROX-BURY, MASS.; A. L. W., NEPON-SET. MASS.; C. C. C., PLEASANT-VILLE, N. Y .: J. D., NEW YORK: W. S., DAYTON, O.: S. A. J. S. NEW HAVEN, CONN.; J. S., ROX-BURY, MASS .: H. H. L., NEW HAVEN, CONN.; F. P. J., INDIAN-APOLIS, IND.; R. K., PATERSON, N. J .- Matter received.

OFFICIAL

MATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTER Paul Augustine, National Socretary, at City Hall Place, N. Y. City.

CANADIAN S. L. P., Philip Courtenay, Mational Secretary, 144 Duchess avenue, London, Ont.

NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO., the Party's Literary Agency, at City Hall Place, N. Y. City.

NOTICE-For technical reasons no Party aunouncements can go in that are not in this office by Tuesday, .5 p. m.

MINNESOTA S. E. C. The Minnesota S. E. C. met at 1935 University avenue, St. Paul, February 5, Olses, chairman, Present: Olkanek, Carstensen, Riel, Henion, Herbert Johnson, State Secretary. Absent: Jensen.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Correspondence:-From Paul Augustine, National Secretary, Filed. From E: Basky, Mankato, Minn Fijed. From Section Winons, \$1.60 for due stamps, and annual report for 1969. Report filed, From Herman Richter, Secretary for L W. W. Refarred to new business. From Paul Augustine, reporting organizers. Reterred th new business.

Billis amounting to \$1140 ordered paid

State Secretary instructed to notify Remain Richter to forward new leaflets when ready. State Secretary instructed to correspond with August Gillhaus, Charles Rogers, and William H. Carroll, regarding securing their services for organization work in Min-

Receipts, \$3.80; expenses, \$1.40; balance on hand, \$15.35. Meeting adjourned.

William E. MeCue, Recording Secretary.

を調切しく BOSTON LECTURE.

Ser at

A lecture will be held under the ausof Section Boston, Socialist Labor pices of Section Boston, Socialist Labor Party, on SUNDAY afternoon, February 27, as 3 o'clock, in Friendship Hall, 13 Knoeland street near Washington street, Boston. Speaker, George Nelson. Sub-ject: "Lessons of the Swedish Strike." Questions and discussion on the indu-trial problem invited. Admission free. on on the indus-

BROOKLYN LABOR FORUM LEC-TURES.

Under the auspices of Section Kings County, S. L. P., a series of lectures will be held on Sunday evenings, 8 s, m., in the newly enlarged and redecorated Brooklyn Labor Forum, 762 Broadway. All interested in bettering their condition, sympathisers in ment, as well as Party members, are invited to attend. Admission is free, and open discussion and questions are invited after the lecture. The program for February:

SUNDAY, February 27-"The Social Revolution." Louis C. Frains. All welcome.

HARLEN S. L. P. LECTURES. The Twenty-sixth and Twenty-eighth Assembly Districts, of the Socialist Labor Party will hold a series of free fectures in Mt. Morris Hall, 1364 Fifth

SECTION DENVER LECTURES. A series of lectures on the Linbor Movement are given under the auspices of Section Denver, Socialist Labor Party, at 926 Fifteenth street, Charles Building. Lectures in the afternoon at 2180 sharp. FEBRUARY 37-The Development of the Labor Movement. MARCH 6-Business Meeting, All welcome:

MARCH 13-Trades Unioniam and Industrial Unionism MARCH 20-The Industrial Workers of the World. MARCH 27-The Two Socialist Parties. APRIL S-Business Meeting: All

APRIL 10-The Delusions of Retorm. APRIL 17-The Development of American Politics. APRIL 24-Trades Union in Action, Free admission. Everybody invited,

ST. LOUIS LECTURE.

On SUNDAY, February 27, Section St. Louis will held its second lecture of a series at the S. L. P. headquarters, 1717 S. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo. The meeting starts at 2:30 p. m. All members and sympathizers should attend. Admission free.

The Committee.

. SECTION MILWAUKEE.

Section Milwaukee will commemorate the Paris Commune on SUNDAY, March 20th, at Bohemian Turn Hall, corner Twelfth and Wine streets. Admission 15 cents.

A feature will be the production of living picture portraying mine disasters. The committee is busy procuring good talent for this annual event Following the tableaux there will be dancing.

The Committee.

ST. PAUL, MINN., COMMUNE COM-MEMORATION.

Grand Commemoration of the Paris Commune, arranged by Section St, Paul, Socialist Labor Party, and the Scandinavian Socialist Labor Federation, will be held at Federation Hall, 309 Wabasha street, St. Paul, on FRIDAY evening, March 18, 1910. A literary and musical program, instructive and entertaining will be presented. Bring your friends, Admission free.

SECTION SEATTLE'S OFFICERS. Organizer, D. G. O'Hantahan; financial secretary, H. Gwyne; recording secretary, P. Leaf; treasurer, Walter Phipps; Grievance Committee, John Johnson, W. Westlin, E. F. Fogerty; Literature Committee, S. Branch, J. Sullivan, P. Leaf; Auditing Committee, E. F. Fogerty, J. F. Shafer, V. H. Herron.



ing the ethnologic basis to the sociologic superstructure raised by Marx and Engels.

While the work needs close study most of it is easy reading. The student will read, and reread, and find, each time, fresh

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1910. ENTHUSIASTIC

Daily People Tenth Anniversary Club Getting to Work in Fine Shape.

1. Ser ing protection Did you ever hear of Versailles-Versailles, Conn? Well, it is a little town down East, and it is made famous this week by Orille La Roche, who chrolied in the Daily People Tenth Anniversary Club and at his first try

lands seven dollars worth of subs; he promises more before the month is out. That should spur on some of you comrades who are everlastingly waiting for an occasion to get subs. Get out, as La Roche did, and you'll find the opportunities all about you, not walting to be made-but walting to be grasped. Denald L. Munto, Portsmouth, Va., is in with \$2.50 more. He has fulfilled his pledge with one sub over.

He lan't going to stop at that, however. He says, "I am going to try and make it twenty if possible." Ho'h do it, too,

As a result of the Daily Feople Tenth Anniversary Propaganda Club the list of senders of two or more subs is growing. We want you to enroll. Special hotice-Should you not have the anniversary sub blanks mark your subs "Tenth Anniversary." Only the subs so marked, and those on the special blanks are credited as Tenth Anniversary subs. Send in for blanks

if you have not been supplied through' your Section. A. Duresen, Cordova, Alaska 10 F. Hostettler, Steel City, Alaska .. 2 A. Gillhaus, San Francisco, Cal. .. 2 A, C. McGinty, San Francisco, Cal. 4 P. O'Hanrahan, San Francisco, Cal. 3 A. Raiph, San Francisco, Cal. 2 F. Knolek, Hartford, Conn. 4 O. La Roche, Versailles, Conn. 10 W. T. Leach, Montreal, Can, 2 Burkhardt, Indianapolis, Ind. .. 2 L. Platt, Attieboro, Mass. 2 C. Hawkins, New Bedford, Mass. .. 2 H. Stope, Detroit, Mich. 5 J. Scheidler, St. Louis, Mo, 4 W. J. Catroll, Elizabeth, N. J. McCrorle, Elizabeth, N. J. \$ B. Reinstein, Buffalo, N. T. 8 J. Saléneck, Brooklyn, N. T. 3 W. H. Carroll, Depew, N. Y. 3

E. Rosenberg, New York 4 H, H, Weiss, Patchogue, N. T. 2 John Ness, Nanson, N. D. 2 F. Brown, Cleveland, C. 4 W. Christlansen, Cleveland, O. 3 W. Adamek, Pittsburg, Pa. 6 H, Mueller, Pittsburg, Pe, 2 R. Strach, San Antonio, Tex. 6 E. Schade, Newport News, Va. 2 D. L. Munro, Portsmouth, Va. 7 .F. Peterson, Matlock, Wash. 3

D. G. O'Hanrahan, Seattle, Wash. 18 H. Hillman, Milwaukee, Wis. 2 Prepaid Cards sold:-Colo, Springs.

Colo., \$4.90; Bridgeport, Conn., \$3.00; New Bedford, Mass., \$2.50; New York, \$2.00.

We are expecting "Franz von Sickingen" in from the bindery any day now. Don't longer delay sending your order for this book. To one who would appreciate such a work you could not give a more desirable present. The

Our Pacific Coast friends gave this fund a good boost this week, and the grand total has now passed the six thousand mark. This fund takes the place of the former method of raising loans, which kept us in perpetual trou-

OPERATING FUND.

ble, borrowing from Peter to pay to Paul. The contributions to the Operating Fund, which are voluntary, have not proved burdensome to anyone, and the plan has solved troubles at this end. Whenever you have a little money to spare remember the Operating Fund.

A. Duresen, Cordova, Alaska 5.00 A. Weinberg, San Bernardino, 1.00

1.00

1.00

8.00

Cal. B. Kyler, San Francisco, Cal. J. Martin, Stivinson, Cal, .. G. Willrich, Denver, Colo. .. J. Nagel Branklyn, N. Y. H. Eisenach, Schenget'dy, NY W. Adamek, E. Pittsburg, Pa. C, Heine, Philadelphia, Pa. .. A. Mullen, Philadelphia, Pa. W. Fennen, Philadelphia, Pa. D. J. Glabtcheff, Phila., Pa. M. Schoenfeldt, Phila, Pa, .. S. Rohrbach, Reading, Pa... Section Seattle, Wash., and Scandinavian Club, onehalf proceeds entertainment C. F. Nelson, Seattle, Wash, D. Potter, Seattle, Wash. .. Jas, Brown, Seattle, Wash ... D. G. O'Hanrahan, Seattle, Wash.

W. O'Keefe, Seattle, Wash. Previously acknowledged .. 5,968.73

Grand total \$6,084.32

[Note-In the last report T. Curry, No. Andover, Mass., was credited with \$1.50 while it should have read \$1.00. The total, however, was correct.]

THUG TACTICS.

(Continued from page 5.)

him above the brute, that in time of stress the mind can control the body? That is the test!

If the intellect can subjugate the animal in man, he will be prepared to enter into an epoch on a higher plane of intellectual existence and march onward through succeeding epochs of improvement towards, that perfection, which is harmony with Nature, to which evolution brings him ever nearer, yet never to reach the infinite limit, which by mathematics is equal. If the animal conquer the intellect in the coming strife, then man has not evolved high enough to deserve the advance from the bosom of Nature. Wherefore, he must, through epochs of travail reclimb the ground which chaotic failure in mighty stress will lose for him. We are reaching a turn of a major vibration. Can we mount the turn of the spiral of evolution now speeding upon us? This is our terrible responsibility to teach, to enlighten, to educate, to form grounded nuclei about which the human swirl

of the coming tornado may land its helpless victims in bounds of reason, among strong arms to, in united strength, achieve control. So may an unflinching nucleus draw the firm minority needed to save the revolution.

CANADIANS TAKE NOTICE!

All Canadian readers of the Daily and Weekly People are urgently requested to correspond with the National Secretary of the Socialist Labor Party of Canada, Philip Courtenay, 144 Duchess avenue, London, Ont., with the object in view of spreading correct propaganda literature of our Party, and organizing active working sections in your locality. Wake up! Organize! Educate ! if you want Socialism

DOLLARS VIA MISSIONS

CONVERSION OF AFRICAN NATIVES YIELDS RICH RETURNS.

English Missionary Worker Tells Laymen's Convention in Memphis, Tenn., of the Princely Profits His Work of Spreading the Gospel Is Bringing Unto Him.

2.50 Memphis, Tenn., February, 15,-The 6.00 chief interest, which the grand assem-25 blage of laymen meeting here in the Second Presbyterian Church, has provided 1.00 1.00 is a narrative which was told by Willis 1.00 R. Hotchkiss, an English missionary in the wilds of Africa, But halt! . The .50 .50 regions where Hotchkiss has carried the Bible were 'wilds" once; now the neigh-2.00 borhood has been "converted" into a "grossly materialistic," profits-producing country by the meek and lowly follower of the Nazarene, himself enjoying no lit-41.35 tle of the material bounties. Fourteen years ago Hotchkiss walked, .50

1.00 waded and swam his way from the east 1.00 coast of Africa to Lake Victoria Nyanza, to establish the Lumbwa Industrial Mission of British East Africa. To-day a .50 railroad penetrates the same route to the lake. When Hotchkiss first went there he came near starving to death because the natives would not give him food, but he says the Lord sent the ravens to feed him in the person of an old Negro woman who siyly dropped cassava roots at his døør.

Yearly "Reward" of \$10,000.

To-day Hotchkiss has a plautation of 1,000 acres under cultivation, and has come back to the old world to buy harvesting machinery for his wheat fields and an electric light plant and other modern machinery and accessories to civilization. He makes thirty bushels of wheat to the acre and sells it for \$2 a bushel. He says in a short while he will be clearing \$10,000 a year on his plantation.

Hotchkiss made no secret of the fact that his mission is an industrial station, and that he is teaching the natives to work. According to him, they have the "hookworm" worse than any folks on the globe.

However, all this is being changed. The Negro is humbly bowing his neck to the yoke of the gospels.

When this missionary was relating his story the immense congregation was thrilled to their marrow especially when he told of a young prince kneeling and praying for his enemy, a white man, who had cruelly beaten and humiliated him. This African, with his two thousand warriors, but one year out of "savagery," could and would have annihilated his enemy but for his "conversion" to gospels and work. The missionary himself was in doubt about the outcome of the matter unti "that solemu night of prayer service was held.

Matter of Dollars and Cents.

It is an oft-repeated statement of politicians-not statesmen-that trade follows the flag. This, from the stories of this missionary and others, is only half

Under this head we shall publish standing advertisements of Section headquarters, or other permanent announcements. The charge will be five dollars a year for five lines.

Section San Francisco, Cal., S. L. P. Headquarters, Hungarian Socialist Federation, 49 Dubose avenue. Los Angeles, Cal., Headquarters and

public reading room at \$17 East Seventh street. 'Public educational meetings Sunday evenings. People readers are invited to our rooms and meetings, Headquarters Section Cincinnati, O.,

S. L. P., at 1808 Elm street. General Committee meets every second and fourth Thursday. German, Jewish and Hungarian educational meetings every Wednesday and Sunday. Open every night.

Headquarters of Section Portland, Oregon, S. L. P., and Scandinavian Labor Federation, 2241/2 Washington street, Rooms 1 and 2,

Section Cleveland, Ohio, S. L. P., meets first and third Sunday of the month at 3 p. m., at Headquarters, 1360 Ontario strest, near St. Clair avenue.

and a state of the state of the

Section Allentown, Pa., S. L. P., meets every first Saturday in the month at \$ p. m. Headquarters, \$15 Hamilton street

Section Hartford, Conn., meets every

- Grand Concert -By Members of the Philharmonic and Metropolitan Opera House Orchestras LEO SCHULZ, Conductor, For the DAILY PEOPLE SECTION N. Y. COUNTY Socialist Labor Party Sunday, March 13, 1910 **GRAND CENTRAL PALACE** Lexington Avenue, between 43rd and 44th Streets, New Yorks TICKETS (Admitting One) - - - - 25 Cents HAT CHECK, 15 CENTS. Eminent Artists Will Assist. Concert begins at 3 P. M. Ball at 8 P. M. Cinematograph Exhibition follows Concert.

SECTION CALENDAR. 8 p. m., at Headquarters, 34 Elm street. Section Providence, R. L. \$1 Dyer street, room S. Regular meetings sec-

ond and fourth Tuesdays of each month. New Jersey State Executive Com-

mittee, S. L. P. John Hossack, Secretary, 22 Fulton ave., Jersey City; Fred Gerold, Financial Secretary, 102 Waverly st., Jersey City, N. J.

Chicago, Illinois-The 14th Ward Branch, Socialist Labor Party meets every first and third Friday, 8 p. m., at Friedman's Hall, Grand and Western avenues. Workingmen and women invited.

Headquarters Section Seattle, Sullivan Building, 712 First avenue, Room 207. P. O. Box 1854. Propaganda meetings every Sunday, 8 p. m., Maccabee Hall, corner 4th and Pine streets. All communications intended for the Minnesota S. E. C. should be addressed to Herbert Johnson, 475 Como avenue. St. Paul; Minn.

Section St. Paul, Minn., S. L. P. holds a business meeting every second and fourth Sunday in the month at 10 a. m. at Federation Hall, cor. 3rd and Wabash streets.

second Wednesday in the month at Carlton, 15th and Glenarm streets.

Section Denver meets every Sunday afternoon at 926-15th street. The first meeting of each month will be for business, the others for lectures. Agent of Party organs, Al. Wernet, Hotel

A VALUABLE DOCUMENT.

To comrades who keep a file of

