

VOL. XX., NO. 6.

that we should have many more such **BOMBARDING THE ENEMY**

STRUCTURES KNOCKED DOWN WITH SOCIALIST SHOTS.

Roosevelt's Measure Taken-Suggestion for Messrs, Mallock and Others -"In'ards" of an Anarchist's Mind Revealed-Nibblings of Reformers-How Easy It is to Advise.

Ex-Premier Arthur J. Balfour put it correctly. The double-barreled House system is intended as a safeguard against "gusts." Every move that makes against Usurpation is a "Gust." Usurpation, being by this time a rheumatic old body, can not stand draughts. Just now Usurpation is peculiarly sensitive to draughts.

Roosevelt beats the Brooklyn politician, who, fishing for votes from all nationalities, claimed to be German by his maternal grandfather, English by his paternal grandfather, Italian by his maternal grandmother, Hungarian by his paternal grandmother, Bohemian by a maternal uncle, Swedish by a paternal aunt-und Irish-Irish?-yes. Irish-by his wife. Every nationality, that has at all votes to deliver in America, Roosevelt has been visiting in Europe and slinging taffy at, until now he is declaiming Dutch nursery songs to enraptured Dutch crowds jammed in the Free Church at Amsterdam-all for eventual, if not sooner, consumption in America.

Hearst having called upon President Taft, immediately after declared that "Taft has accomplished more in one year than Roosevelt accomplished in seven." Similarly was it said of a physician under whose treatment quickly died a patient who had lingered long under the treatment of a succession of quacks. If anybody ever "did it" for the Republican party it is President Taffy.

Badly cornered were the Insurgent Seaators by their Democratic associates in the Senate on April 27. Being told by the Texan Senator Bailey that "no man can claim the protection of a flag and at the same time fire upon it," the Insurgent Senators felt so badly hit that it never occurred to them to hit back with the answer that to claim the protection of a flag and at the same time fire upon it was the habitual practice of the plutocratic Democracy which sails under the colors of "Jeffersonianism."

The Milwaukce "Free Press" April 20 heartily congratulates Mayor Seidel on his inaugural address. And it adds: "The 'Free Press' could not well do otherwise. In the whole twocolumn list of recommendations there is not one of importance which this newspaper has not insistently urged for many years past." Pity the "Free Press" does not mention which are the unimportant recommendations that it, to urge insistently for th

plutocratic displays, in order to stir up the spirit of the wage earners still more, and lead them to establishing a system where no plutocratic class would have the power to keep them for years without tasting a good meal. Or else-and this is the conclusion drawn by the Rev. -we should have fewer such displays, so that the toilers may bear their lack of good meals in patience. This is painkilling mustard-plastering with a ven-

geance. The latest version of Socialist party flim-flam comes from Iowa, the State from which proceeded the move to exclude the Socialist Labor Party from the International Bureau. As will be seen elsewhere in this issue, that party, no longer able even to hold caucus under the law in Mystic, assigned its name to a gathering of Democrats and Republicans, who accepted the name in order to save themselves the trouble of petitioning. The Mystic, Ia., S. P. move is

typical of S. P. flim-flammery. What on earth can have caused John Sandgren, who has developed into a fullfledged Anarchist, to go through the pains of translating the German Anarchist's, Arnold Roller's, work on "Direct Action"? That question will occur to anybody who reads Sandgren's introduction to the translation, now appearing in the columns of the Spokane "Industrial Worker." In the introduction Sandgren refers to "the fact that the English language is extremely poor in treatises" of the kind of Roller's, "while in France and Germany a whole literature [presumably of the kind of Roller's] has grown up."

Considering how gigantic the anti-pure and simple physical force Socialist Movement is in Germany and France, a thinking man would justly conclude that the effect of "Direct 'Action" literature is to expose the folly of the thing; and the larger such literature all the fuller the exposure. One would, therefore, conclude that the "Direct Actionist" in America would rather try some original reasoning and carefully avoid revamping the thoughts of Germans who have produced in their own country results exactly the opposite of what they aimed at. But the Anarchists in America are incapable of originality, and, being Anarchists, are less capable of thinking-hence the

Roller's translation. The sight of the late Marshall Field's estate-\$79,262,658.52-after deduction of all debts, some of which were to his own widow, being reduced to \$76.262.658.52 by the payment of \$3,000,000 taxes on cash legacies, suggests the sight of a huge whale, at some of the fatty excrescences of whom a lot of minnows have nibbled. This nibbling is called "reform"; 'tis this nibbling that is offered as a means to "curb" the capitalist whale, and render it impotent!

Ambassador Bryce of Great Britain wasted his sweetness on the desert air resolution calling, in view of the increased when he advised the students of the

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1910.

WHICH IS THE BLINDER?

The "Progressive" Senator Albert B. 1 Cummins of Iowa ["Progressive" is the dignified term given to themselves in the Senate by the element which, in the House, designate themselves by the more rabbly term of "Insurgents"] and "Stalwart" Senator Stephen B. Elkins ["Stalwart" is the more aristocratic-sounding title assumed in the Senate by the element which, in the House, take the more democratic appellation of "Cannonites"] had a passage-at-arms on April 21 that made the sparks fly. The sight of the combatants, as revealed by the sparks that flew, suggests the question, Which

is the blinder 4 The bill before the Senate was the railroad bill, a complicated bit of mechanism behind which the Railroad Interests expect to find shelter (rom "persecution." As such the "Stalwarts" did battle for the bill; as such it was assailed rific that not only he who runs may read,

clatter. Thousands of persons who left the United States to take up Canadian homesteads, are now reported to be pouring back across the Montana border, without waiting to establish their claims in the yearning North. Snow and frost in the South have damaged, it is estimated, fully 50 per cent of the cotton crop. Is this cause

for sorrow among the Southern cotton growers? Perhaps, for the little fellows. For the big fellows it is cause for rejoicing. It insures a season of high prices, without the expense of ploughing up the "superfluous' crop, as they had to do last year. Thus, by the workings of the "best of all possible systems." the loss of the nation becomes the bonanza of the few.

Once more Mayor Gaynor has deserved well of the people of this city and country. The Mayor's speech-short, deliberate, terse-delivered at the banquet of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association at the Waldorf-Astoria, and backed up documentarily, charges William Randolph Hearst with two State prison felonies, forgery and falsification of a public document through his principal paper in this city. Is the charge well founded? There is but one thing for Mr. Hearst to do if the charge, however henestly made, is mistaken. That is to institute criminal libel proceedings against the Mayor, and, in open Court, vindicate himself. Long has Mr. Hearst been looked upon by many as a moral ulcer, big with evil to the commonweal. The position that the man's wealth and "cleverness" enable him to hold in the country has long demanded that the Hearst riddle be solved. Mayor Gaynor's

speech compels solution.

The Central Trades Union of St. Louis has adopted a resolution to Taft. Is it a cost of living, for higher wages? Is it

by the "Progressives." In the midst of 1 but he who reads may run." And yet, despite this inspiration-full whack upon the fray "Stalwart" Elkins, aiming to the shield of the "Stalwart," the "Inrender the contrivance more perfect for the purposes of its construction, supsurgent" urged that "the people of this country are not insisting upon equality ported an amendment the purport of of conditions; they are willing to suffer which was the silent repeal of the Antithe disparity which fortune puts upon Trust Law. "Progressive" Cummins rose, them. They are willing to go poor while drew sword, and the clash was on. others may go rich; they are willing to To "Stalwart" Elkins' assertion that the amendment was in protection of the live in hovels while others live in pal-

aces, and they make no complaint," and rights of the people, "Progressive" Cumhe urged this alleged state of things as mins made answer by quoting Horace an argument why the "Stalwarts" Mann to the effect that a people, once should not repeal the Anti-Trust Law. stirred up, will in the first instance work their will in an orderly, peaceful revolution in political affairs, but, if they find the thrust with his shield by briefly reasserting that "the amendment protects no redress from their servants in office, fully the rights of the people." then "they will write their passions and vengeful desires all over the institutions of our country and they will write them in characters so tremendous and so ter-

MAY DAY

A Villanelle.

His breath goes deep, his thoughts

For fragrant spring swells o'er the

For laughing May with blossoms crown-

Drives Winter from the wood and

Those who the chains about him wound

Prophetic hear their requiem tolled,

For fragrant spring swells o'er the

Now are the fields in new-green gown-

The sun does lavish priceless gold;

Thruout the Winter days he frowned

For fragrant spring swells o'er the

The earth was dead, now round and

For fragrant spring swells o'er the

LAKE SEAMEN STICK OUT

Determined Spirit of Strikers to Beat

Carriers.

Chicago, April 26 .- The Great Lakes

-Alexander Ralph.

New borning life is aureoled;

The giant stirs tho' iron bound,

But now he feels no longer old,

The giant stirs tho' iron bound.

The giant stirs tho' iron bound.

The giant stirs tho' iron bound,

wax bold,

ground.

wold ;

ground.

ground.

round,

ground.

ed,

"Progressive"? in their tactics. Their agents and shipping masters are openly confessing that they are finding it impossible to

secure experienced seamen because of the strike and that even inexperienced laborers are hard to get. "The union men are jubilant at the

is a mistake. Instead of it being an S. P. victory, it proved the S. P. bankand in addition to this a heavy assessof Mystic and nominations were made. The Socialist party was represented in an official designation, the S. P. men ist party?" They stated that they were not going to put a ticket in the field, and since they had official standing on the "It is absolutely certain that no matballot it would save the job of gathering ter what temporary inducements may the S. P.'s part was to prevent the fact from leaking out that they were not give up their attempt to establish

SHORT WEIGHT IN 'FRISCO.

Federal Prosecutor Finds Delinquencies in Sugar.

Seamen are conducting their strike San Francisco, April 25.-Behind closed doors, the United States Grand against the Lake Carriers' Association Jury is probing into the affairs of the with a remarkable and persistent Western Sugar Refinery of this city. energy. "No swerving, the fight must This company is the Sugar Trust's be won!" is their motto, and this spirit western branch.

PRICE: TWO CENTS. One Dollar Per Year

" By the by, the Milwaukee situation

has been dealt with in the editorial

columns of all the local capitalist

sheets. Either they have given plain

praise or they have said that there

was nothing to fear from sane So-

The Exclusion League is dancing

hysterically again. This time it is the

Hindus. The Chivo Maru brought sev-

eral hundreds of these dusky Indians

into port last week. There are said

to be some ten thousands of them in

California. This is probably an exag-

gerated figure. They are employed for

the most part in railroad work. The

League urges their exclusion on the

ground that they are shiftless and lazy

and that hence they are "unprofitable

Dr. David Starr Jordan, president of

the Leland Stanford University, made

the following statement before the

University Assembly: "There is no

essential difference between the Re-

IOWA S. P. FLIM-FLAM.

That Party Abdicates Name in Favor

of Union Caucus.

Burlington, Ia., April 24 .- The impres-

sion has been given out that the recent

elections in Mystic, Iowa, resulted in a

Socialist, that is, S. P., victory, but this

ruptcy. What really took place I shall

A caucus was held by the labor unions

the caucus. When it came to selecting

said: "Why not use the name of Social-

signatures on petitions. This move on

strong enough to hold a caucus of their

Most of the men on the caucus ticket

were Democrats and radical Republicans,

one is an employer. The business element,

almost to a man, voted the ticket. An

honest but ignorant young coal miner

was the successful candidate. Socialism

paign. The former mayor was a coal

operator, but he was a temperance

fanatic. So the "wets," the "booze"

ticket when told that the high taxes

1.8

Pact Signed in Pittsburg.

G. H. Ervhoff.

here detail.

own.

A. R.

to the employer."

cialists.

MAY DAY CELEBRATION

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY JOINS WORLD PROLETARIAT.

And Observes First of May in Cooper Union-Speeches by Frank Passanno, S. L. P. Gubernatorial Candidate. James T. Hunter, and Daniel De Leon -Demonstrative Applause for Labor's International Holiday-Ringing Resolutions Adopted.

The many friends and members of the Socialist Labor Party gathered in Cooper Union May 2 to join in extending fraternal greetings to the world wide working class in observing their common festival, the First of May. It was a night of true international brotherhood, the audience being made up of men and women of all lands,' and possessing one feeling in common, proletarian solidarity and a determination to dethrone capitalism. Differently from the usual Cooper Union audiences, the greater portion of which usually depart after the first speaker at a mass meeting has been heard, the crowd which joined with the S .L. P. last night heard out the four speakers, for the chairman, Dr. Levine, must also be put in the speakers' list, he having made a neat opening address. The other speakers were Frank Passanno, the Socialist Labor Party candidate for Governor of the State; James T. Hunter, candidate for Lieutenaut-Governor, and Daniel De Leon, editor of the Daily People. Every mention of May Day and the workers' common cause was enthusiastically applauded, and the several speakers received personal tributes in this respect. When De Leon was introduced the unanimous acclaim with which he was received was a splendid testimonial to work he has done in the Labor Movement of this country. Just before he spoke the resolutions of the evening were read, and his remarks were directed

In opening the meeting Chairman Levine struck the keynote when he said that May Day signified the gathering of workingmen throughout the world in an ticipation of international proletarian emancipation. "On this day the workers of all lands, China, Japan, Australia, and the other countries are gathered to demand what belongs to them, the full product of their labor, and will not rest content with anything less." After several introductory remarks in which he called attention to the fact that the Socialist Labor Party was the only party that stood on a straight out revolutionary program, and discarded all "reform" baits, Levine presented Frank Passanno as first speaker.

thereto.

sellers, and gamblers were very much Passanno, without any preliminaries, at once pitched into the heart of his subject by saying, "We are met on this holders also blamed the last mayor: May Day celebration to announce that their grievance was high taxes. Many tenants were beguiled into voting this we are out to organize the workers to ain the world." He pointed out that the Socialist Labor Party is the only political organization that comes equipped with the knowledge how to better the workingman's condition; that the capitalist parties forever leave labor in the lurch. Taking up the tariff and the free trade questions, the speaker aptly remarked that none of these issues changed the conditions of the workingman. He dwelt on the commodity character of the workingman wherever he may be, that he is bought and sold like any other merchandise. Passanno's talk was plain and to the point and he said to his audience: "These statements may not be flattering to you; the capitalist parties are in the habit of patting you on the back, and telling you how 'im-Pittaburg, April 30 .- The controversy portant' you are, and then they leave you in the rut. The Socialist Labor will not resort to flattery; it tells you these truths in order to wake you up that you may lift yourself out of the category of commodities." Passanno drew an outline of the conditions surrounding the wage-earner, the competition he is thrown into in the labor market, the reasons therefor, how the bosses take advantage at every turn of the workers' distress and force him to accept terms that allow him just to exist and to multiply. He concluded his talk by asking: "In the face of these conditions, the Socialist Labor Party asks you what you intend to do about it? You must cast your ballots for a party, the Socialist Labor Party, which demands

publican and the Democratic parties as regards to principles. They are like two hogs, one a large fellow with both feet in the trough, the other a lean restless brute doing his best to get an opening for himself." The learned president should have mentioned the sad-eyed sow that squats in the background and doesn't even get a smell of the garbage.

outlook and are beginning to smile at the prospects. The International Seamen's Union of America has already arranged a strike fund to be used on the Lakes, in addition to the funds already on hand in the treasuries of

the Lake District Unions. The Sailors' Union of the Pacific has appropriated \$20,000, another \$20,000 has been appropriated by the Marine Firemen's Union of the Pacific, the Fishermen's Union of the Pacific has voted \$5.000. ment has been voted by the other unions of that district. The entire Atlantic district has also decided to assist financially in the Lake strike by voting an assessment for this year. This now places at the disposal of the Lake District Unions a fund sufficient to carry on the struggle an entire year without looking further for finances. be offered by the Lake Carriers the seamen will not go back to work until the scul-degrading, liberty-destroying misnamed 'welfare plan' is entirely abolished. The Lake Carriers must serfdom on the Lakes. Until they do that the strike will continue."

was never mentioned during the camdissatisfied with his rule. The property

is being carried out to the letter. The Three weeks ago, Attorney-General ickersham

Whereupon "Stalwart" Elkins parried

Which is the blinder-"Stalwart" or

many years past. The situation might thereby, perhaps, have been made clearer.

Prof. Mallock and others, on the war path against the Marxian law of value, should not fail to take note of the observation made by a New York headquarters detective on the decline of thefts of watches. He observes that with the increase in popularity of cheap watches the reports of watches stolen by pickpockets has diminished greatly. And he accounts for this as follows: "The same skill and labor is required to get away with a dollar watch as with a hundred dollar one. So when the dips found they were touching well dressed men for imitations they gradually ceased trying for them." Here you have it Messrs, Mallock et al-just as ye claim, it is not true that value depends upon the labor exerted in the production of an article. This pickpockets' experience is well worth all your illustrations about the two hunters one of whom brings down a rabbit, and the other a buck with one day's work.

The "Rev." in the name of the Rev. Dr. George Chalmers Richmond of Philadelphia, stands for "Mustard plaster." Speaking of the Drexel-Gould nuptials the Rev. said: "This arrogant display of plutocratic wealth stirs up the spirit of anarchy in the hearts of our wage earners and tollers who have not tasted a good meal in five years." From this premise two conclusions might flow. One, which the bottom has fallen with a out the people's brains.

University of Kansas to follow the gleam of the classics. As well suggest hilarity to the man lashed by hunger as suggest the classics to a lot of youngsters who are trying to get at food for the stomach without having to sweat with unrequited toil.

The Minneapolis "Evening News" of April 22nd reports a traveler to have registered himself at the Nicolet Hotel in that city as "P. J. Rice, Seidelberg, Wis, (it used to be called Milwaukee)"; and that in explanation the traveler said: "Many of us traveling out of Milwaukee believe the election of the Socialist, Seidel, to the Mayor's office, to be the best advertisement possible for Milwaukee. It shows that our people are

independent thinkers, that when we be lieve that neither of the old parties is giving the city the best administration possible, we aren't afraid to show our displeasure by electing a Socialist."

Republicans must be very poor solvers of conundrums if, indeed, Roosevelt is a conundrum to them. Whom does Roosevelt want as Republican candidate for Governor in this State this year? Why, don't you know? Roosevelt's candidate is Teddy.

A "boem" being a capitalist contriv ance with a very flimsy bottom, "boom" bottoms have a bad habit of suddenly and unexpectedly falling out when any weight is rested on them. Now it is the Canada immigration "boom" out of

a resolution calling, in view of the intensification of labor, for a shorter work day? Is it a resolution calling, in view of the injunctioning and molestation of strike pickets, for an even deal with the employer, when labor essays to win these improved conditions for itself? No. It is a resolution calling on Taft not to at-

tend the Cleveland-St. Louis ball game on May 4.

It may not be the decorous thing on the part of Mrs. Emil Seidel, wife of the Social Democratic Mayor of Milwaukee, to figure in court, almost immediately after her husband's election, in proceedings over a row at a meeting of her Sick Benefit Society. That as it may, it lies not in the mouth of the "polite" bourgeois press to gloat over the incident. Let them look at home. "Row" is a mild word to characterize many and many a meeting of our elite societies of Daughters of Revolution, including their hatpin scrap on the 19th.

At Harvard University, Prof. W. M. Wheeler delivered a lecture in which the reason for the fall of ancient Greece and Rome is stated to have been "the mosquito, which introduced malaria from Egypt and Asia." What the professor actually accomplished is to give an object lesson of the reason why "Universities" and "Professors" are being more and more succeed at-the former as the

Dismal Swamps, the latter as the deadly mosquitoes bred by the swamp to dig

trikers are encouraged to hope for success in the fact that former strikebreakers are finding the "welfare" system of the bosses so gallingly enslaving that they refuse to act longer as scabs.

The Seamen's Union has just issued a circular letter in which the latest developments in the strike situation are given. It reads as follows: "Driven to desperation by their inability to secure sufficient strikebreakers to take the places of the sailors, firemen and cooks now on strike, the Board of Directors of the comment. Lake Carriers' Association was called into an unusual session during the week to devise some new move too serious to be handled by the Executive Committee which usually governs that Association

"It is probable that some plan will he adopted whereby the employers will offer a bonus or extra pay to strikebreakers who will agree to work until the Unions give up and the vicious passport system against which the strike was called is firmly fastened upon the men. The now notorious welfare plan' or industrial passport scheme of the Lake Carriers has so disgusted even the strike-breakers who were employed last season that very few of them are returning to the Lakes this Spring. No man who understands this system will work under it. "Certain it is that the Lake Carriers

will be compelled to make some change acterized as going towards Socialism, . I to be made, ---

caused high rents. It can be seen, then, and special investigator to this city, that this was a capitalist ticket, not Assistant District Attorney Knapp. He the remctest hint of a labor issue was was very quiet and secret in his work and it is rather difficult to ascertain heard. just what he has discovered. A few JEWISH SOCIALIST FEDERATION. facts, however, have leaked out. There

have been "errors" in weighing, one Second Annual Convention Opened with involving over a million pounds and a Bounding Enthusiasm consequent loss of \$30,000 to the gov-

ernment. Two other "errors" of a like The second annual convention of the nature were discovered, one involving Jewish Socialist Labor Federation was a loss of \$10,000, and the other a loss opened under brilliant auspices April 29, of \$5,000 to the government. When at Pacific Hall, 209 East Breadway, N. Y., these "mistakes" were pointed out to Seventeen delegates are in attendance, the sugar people, they were immediaterepresenting ten branches. ly made good without objection or

A former weigher at this port states that when possible, the cargo was testbetween the 40,000 union miners and ed during or after a rain. The more operators of the Pittsburg soft coal moisture in the sugar, the less duty. district, which has resulted in a The government is said to have lost month's suspension of mining, was large sums in this way. settled late last night. The miners Another thing: the scales on which

will return to work Monday. the weighing is done are private prop-The miners are to receive an aderty. The weighing is done on a rising vance of 5.55 per cent. The wage matand not on an even beam. It is figured that the government loses the ten had not lately been as much of a controversy as the "permissible powduty on 25,000 pounds per cargo. der" issue. As to this, it has been Clarence Darrow, self-appointed counsellor to Labor, made a talk in arranged that in the twelve mines now using explosives which the state law the Labor Council on Friday last, in demands tests are to be made, and if which he sang the praises of the Milwaukee "victory" and, with more reit is shown that "permissible powder" produces more slack in coal than the serve, those of the S. F. Labor adblack powder the miners are to receive ministration. What he thought were the essentials of a Liabor Party were the difference in pay, based on an aversincerity, freedom from graft, and age test in each of these mines. If the good men at the helm. This he char-

run of coal is the same, no change is

(Continued on page six.)

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1910.

"CO-PARTNERSHIP" **AUSTRALIAN MINERS BACK**

WAGES BOARD WILL "ADJUST" POINTS OF DIFFERENCE.

Recent Success Viewed from a Different Angle.

S. D. P. HISTORY

SOME MILWAUKEE

2

Milwaukee, Wis., April 24 .- Much has been written about the great "Socialist" victory in Milwaukee. For the benefit of the Weekly People readers I will try to give a sketch of the Social Democratic movement of the last few years in Milwaukee. I will confine myself to newspaper reports and what can be seen by any observant person. In the Weekly People of April 10, first page, last column, these words occur: "thus bearing out the estimate of the Wisconsin delegation in Congress whose estimate of the Milwaukee affair is that it is an incident in the bitter warfare between the Republican factions." On the same page, same issue, last column, the S. D. P. success is also partially attributed to the Republican party being disorganized. Now everybody knows no matter how bitterly they, the capitalists, fight each other, when they see something which they fear they combine pretty quick. 'A person reading such articles might easily believe that the Social Democratic party took advantage of the split in the

Republican party and won a big victory.

But let us hark back to the fall election of 1906. In that election there was a factional fight in the Republican party McGovern, the half-breed candidate for district attorney, did not abide by the decision of the primary election, and therefore ran as Independent Republican. Hence there were four candidates in the field for district attorney, viz., Democrat, Republican, Independent Republican, Social Democrat. Here was a fine opportunity for taking advantage of the factional fight in the Republican ranks. The for al Democratic voters were told of the great importance of the office of District Attorney, it being the most important of all the offices to be filled at that election, etc., etc. But McGovern won out. Thiel, the Social Democrat, ran behind the balance of the ticket; if he would have received the same number of votes as the other candidates on the ticket he would have been elected. It was evident that some split their tickets. The Social Democrats always boasted that they voted the ticket straight. It was_therefore given out from Social Democratic headquarters that if it was found out who split their tickets they would be reprimanded.

Affairs went quietly, on the surface at least, until the first part of December. Then Thiel and Berger began lambasting each other in the capitalist press. The "Sentinel," stalwart Republican, printed a large cartoon on its front page of Berger and Thiel in each other's hair, and with the title, "Socialism and the True Brotherhood." Berger replied to Thiel in the Milwaukee "Free Press" of December 6, 1906. Berger said: "It's a rule of the Social Democrats to compel candidates to sign resignation papers. Thiel refused to do this. Many Social Democrats who knew of this considered Mr. Thiel's behavior a breach of faith towards the party. Therefore every member who knew of this refusal, cut him."

Now, everybody knew who cut Thiel. While the rank and file were voting for

Communist Manifesto\$.10 Lasalle's Open Letter10 Socialism, What It Is10 Workingmen's Program10 Two Pages from Roman His-American Industrial Evolution .15 Value, Price, and Profit15 Flashlights Amsterdam Con-...

For the Student

Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis. ... S. L. P. Report to Stuttgart ..

NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. 28 City Hall Place, New York.

Thiel the party leaders and some of their friends were voting against Thiel. But this was a good chance for the Social Democrats to win. That story about Thiel refusing to sign resignation papers, looks pretty hazy. I have McGovern's expense account before me for that election. He said it cost him \$16,699.85. Whether the McGovern's large expense account had anything to do with Thiel's refusing to sign resignation papers, and with certain persons in the Social Democratic party voting for McGovern, I couldn't say. Everybody can form their opinion. But in this last election there was no factional fight. I have a list of candidates before me. Mr. Beffel, the Republican candidate, and Mr. Schoenecker, the Democratic candidate, had no opposition at the primaries. That factional fight story of this last election is used to cover up something else.

I will pass on to the judicial election of 1907. The Social Democrats make a big noise about the courts, schools, and voting. In the election of 1907, judges, school directors, and several other offices were to be filled. One would think the Social Democrats would have participated in this election as a matter of course. But the Central Committee voted not to go into the election. Then they took a referendum vote and that was also in favor of not taking part in the election. In justice to some of the Milwaukee workingmen, I must say they kicked pretty hard when they found out they were going to lose their votes. Things were patched up by the Federated Trades Council placing four candidates on the ticket for school board. A person might ask what kind of element are these Milwaukee Socialists to vote against going into an election of so much importance, that is, from a Social Demo-

cratic standpoint. . I had several conversations with a member of the party regarding referendums as they are carried out in that organization. He said they looked suspicious to him. When the county option bill was debated at Madison there was also a discussion whether or not to leave it to a referendum. I will quote from the Milwaukee "Free Press" of April 1, 1909. Possibly Senator Gaylord's highly significant statement had much to do with frustrating any effort to bring the referendum proposition into debate. He said he was entirely familiar with the referendum, as nearly all and must be fed in its infancy the same Social Democratic business was transact- as a baby or it will never reach ma-

Its Failure in England and Canadian Paper's Lament.

By H. B. Simpson.

The "Hamilton Herald," Canada, recently published an editorial lamenting the collapse of the "co-partnership" plan of Sir Christopher Furness to "share the profits" of his shipbuilding plant with the employes. Of course, since the workmen rejected the plan after a year's experiment, it will be impossible for the "Heralds" to point to a "successful solution" of the labor problem as "being worked out in Furness Whithy and Company's premises. And thus the "Herald's" lament: The Herald says:-"The reasons

given for discontinuing it (the scheme) are hardly satisfactory. No complaint was made that the financial results were not what had been expected. As a matter of fact, the men realized 9 per cent. on their investment during the year of experiment-not so bad, it must be admitted. What the men complain of is that the arrangement did not result in ensuring them con-

tinuous employment, and that the profit-sharing plan is hostile, to the principle of trade unionism. The first of these reasons is a trivial one." It is of the utmost importance that a man should have continuous em-

ployment for his wages are so low that he can't afford to be out of a lob: lay-off means short rations and often not even that. If my memory serves me right, Sir Christopher Furness promised the men steady jobs along with the profit-sharing scheme on condition that they be good, i. e., abstain from striking. That the partnership was a scheme to break up the unions to which the men belonged or render the union impotent, is shown by the statement: "There had been a suc-

cession of strikes which had crippled the firm's business." With its purpose accomplished, the firm would be in a position to crush the men lower than they had been. If the men had money invested in the firm it would help to buy more labor displacing and skill eliminating

machinery, which means more out of works and lower wages. The Herald further says: "Although this experiment has failed, the

Herald believes that the principle at the root of it will yet succeed-the principle of industrial co-operation, under which labor and capital will be indissolubly . associated. Now this is an impossibility for the interests of labor and capital are directly opposite. Labor tries to get all it can and capital does likewise, the result is industrial strife. By abolishing the system of production and distribution for profit, industrial co-operation among the workers is a possibility, in fact,

inevitable. Not till the workers inaugurate the industrial commonwealth and get the full product of their labor will industrial strife cease. Fellow workers and comrades

these desirable, in fact, necessary conditions for the workers, will not overtake the world like Halley's comet. Socialism is not a thing whirling around in space or in heaven waiting to land on this earth of ours; it is a growth, Coal Miners' General Strike Has Proved "Labor" Government's Mailed Fist for Workers-Federal Election Campaign Brings to Surface Illuminating Facts.

Sydney, New South Wales, March 14. -To-day the Northern coal miners went back to work on the same conditions as when they went out 18 weeks ago. The coal barons and the miners' officials had a conference last Friday, when it was decided to return to work to-day. Settlement of the strike was delayed owing to reports that engine drivers who struck with the miners (though members of a different union) were to be victimized. The mine owners could not be so "ungrateful as to discharge the men who had so loyally stood by them when the engine drivers struck." It is understood that the Engine Drivers' Union will look after the 21 victimized men.

> The final scene of the conference was like this: On the one side of the room were the mine owners; on the other, the union delegates. Cameron, acting president of the Union, asked the gathering to toast the termination of the strike, which remark was loudly cheered. Cameron continued, "May it be many years before we again resort to a strike in this district, now that this protracted struggle has been ended." Then one of the delegates remarked, with the approval of his mates, "But we're not going to sing, For he's a jolly good fellow !"

The strike just ended has been pregnant with events which show that the "Workingman's Paradise" has the mailed fist for the workers on strike the same as countries that aren't "Paradises."

The Miners' Union appealed to the full court regarding the members of the Delegate Board who were fined \$500 or two months' jail. The conviction was upheld, and an appeal to the Supreme Court for a re-trial was denied. Twelve of the Executive that called the strike are now in jail; the thirteenth is too sick to go as

vet. Bowling, Burns and Lewis, the Miners' Union officials who were convicted of 'conspiracy" in calling a strike with other unions, were sent to Goulburn Jail in irons, like the vilest felons. On protests being made, the information was given by the State Government that "It was a mistake made by a prison official, who misunderstood the regulations." The government pushes the blame onto some of its lackeys, who, of course, daren't talk back.

The miners having returned to work, the Wages Board will now consider the cause of the strike and give its award. The "Wages Board" is an institution created by the Wade government for the purpose of finding out what it costs to produce and sustain labor power.

The Federal election is now in full swing and the Socialist Labor Party managed to raise the necessary deposits required by law, \$125 for each of the three Senate candidates. It was a struggle to raise the amount, owing to widespread unemployment resulting from the miners' strike, and the probability of losing the \$375, as was done on the two previous occasions.

The "Labor" party has issued its manifesto, which is so long that their own dupes won't be bothered reading it



cue the fair fame of the Maid of Orleans, radiant heroine of the people, from clerico-political Anathema, this narrative by the great Sue has been the most powerful. So powerful in fact, that the successors of those who hounded the Maid to death, have felt compelled in this century to beatify her in whose blood their predecessors dyed their hands. A most timely work.

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\$140. With the utmost economy the family expenses were \$137.50. A little fruit was a luxury. The children had no boots, and there was no school. The nearest doctor was 25 miles away. The house was of hessian (a coarse sacking). without doors, windows, or fireplace. Water cost \$3.75 per 100 gallons, and the only cooking utensils were kerosene tins,

costing 12 cents each." "Without doors" means that a hessian flap was lifted up to enter the "home." Many of the miners' "homes" in the southern coal mining region are made of sugar bags, but the monotony of the Graceo-Roman architecture of the sugar bag, is broken by the application of the Gothic style by using a hollow gum tree as a pillar and combined chimney, the whole being covered with rusty kerosene or sardine tins.

So much for the mealy-mouthed poli ticians.

.R. Mackenzie.

DAILY PEOPLE'S TENTH BIRTHDAY. Celebrate It by Widening the Breach in the Capitalist Wall.

Ten years are now drawing to their close since first our lusty champion stepped upon the scene; ten years since first it issued challenge to the powers of darkness and deception, of corruption and oppression; ten years since first its voice burst forth the hope of all class conscious hearts. Since then what a notable history has it made. We scan the pages of the Labor Movement in this decade and see our press unfaltering in its devotion to the high principles of working class emancipation. Maintaining firmly its early pledge, it has led the Labor Movement to a higher vantage ground, a ground upon which to conduct the struggle means success. A glorious career indeed.

But in this onward march the task has been no playful one; stout hearts were needed in the stubborn strife which oft imposed its rigors. Through trying times the fight waged thick, and clash of arms esounded. Yet, as each separate struggle ended, and the din and smoke of bat. tle cleared off, our valiant champion

again shone forth in rightful and in splendid victory. Nay, more. Each new combat, where not staunchly defending,

INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST CONGRESS

DISCUSSIONS WHICH WILL BE TAKEN UP AT EIGHTH INTERNA-TIONAL GATHERING, AT COPENHAGEN.

The eight International Socialist Con- , gress will meet in Copenhagen, Den- the hour. We have just passed through mark from August 28 to September 3, International Socialist Bureau announces that, as was done at Stuttgart the local committee (address: Stauning, 22, Romersgade, 22. Copenhagen) will see to lodgings, for escorts to conduct foreign comrades.

Organizations will be admitted to the Congress according to the following rules:

First-All associations which adhere to the essential principles of Socialism; socialisation of the means of production and distribution ; international unof public powers by the proletariat, or-

ganised as a class-party; Second-All the constituted organisations which accept the principle of a

class struggle and recognise the necessity for political action (legislative and parliamentary) but do not participate directly in the political movement (International Congress held in Paris 1900) At its last meeting on November 7, 900, the Bureau decided on these topics to be taken up.at the Congress:

First-Relations between co-operation organisations and the political parties; Second-The question of unemploy-

nent: Third-Arbitration and disarmament Fourth-International results of labor

egislation : Fifth-Organisation of an international manifestation against capital punish-

ment: Sixth-Line to take up to ensure speedy execution of resolutions passed at international congresses:

Seventh-Organisation of international solidarity. In explaining these subjects the Bu-

reau says: "No. 1 of the agenda is a proposal

No. 6 and 7 are important questions of procedure (a) What position to take in order to speedily execute, for example in case of war threatening, the that emanated from a debate at the Congress of Stuttgart on the relations resolution of Stuttgart? What probetween trades-unions and political par- cedure do the various national secretaries recommend? (b) What is the The co-operative movement is con-

a crisis and the working class is still this year. The sessions will be held at feeling the reaction of same. The idea the Concert Palace, Bredgade 28. The of the authors of the proposal was to probe the wound and indicate what remedy could be applied, what was the extent of the unemployment, how the trades-unions, municipal or other funds worked and what was the attitude of public bodies in view of this periodical disaster. No. 3 .raises the question of arbitration and of disarmament. In fact it

"No. 2 of the agenda is a question of

comprises the whole problem of militarism and especially the question as to how and in what measure, socialist parties and working class organisations can ion and action of the workers; conquest hope to bring the "bourgeoisie" to accept arbitration instead of taking to arms, disarmament instead of sanguin-

> arv war. No. 4 embraces a collection of complex questions and especially the various legislations on social assurance. The authors of this proposition request the participating parties to state the improvement that has been attained in their country in the condition of the working men, by means of the various labor laws in order to decide on the superiority of any other legislative sys-

tem, without losing sight of the efforts made to arrive at this result. The discussion of No. 5 is called for on the one hand, by the attitude of czarism, which has got rid of, and is still daily getting rid of its political adversaries by putting them to death. and on the other hand, by the attitude of the small French bourgeoisie, which it thought it could eliminate crime by

executing the criminals, at the same time maintaining present economical conditions, a hotbed for the culture of cfiminality.



1

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1910.

unite ?"

selves.

ten up for log rolling purposes.

own party.

class.

They knew that based upon these

principles the S. L. P. pursues a clear-

duct nor anarchy of thought.



CONTRIBUTED BY ALFRED RUSSELL WALLACE TO LONDON "LA-BOR LEADER" ON THE OCCASION OF LONDON INTERNA-TIONAL SOCIALIST CONGRESS, 1896.

hattle.

There is no brighter spot in the long, fire upon his fellow countrymen who are assembled for discussion or for vista of human progress than the international labor movement, with its effort combination in defence of their rights, at a realization of the dreams of saints and all attempts at governmental interand sages-the true brotherhood of man, ference with the freedom of meeting and peace between all the so-called "civand discussion will cease. And let it ilized" nations. be further realized that the men who

But to bring about this era of peace and fraternity something more than speeches and resolutions are required. The time for action has now arrived, and the best and most effective form of action against the existing systems of militarism and dynastic wars is that of passive resistance. The whole power of the aristocratic government of England in the 17th and 18th centuries was unable to overcome the passive re-

sistance of the small and insignificant body of the Quakers, who not only refused to perform military service in any form, but also to take oaths, ta pay tithes or church rates, or to conform to those ceremonial observances by which all other classes recognized those who were their rulers and claimed to be their superiors. It is not, however, necessary or advisable to refuse military training. That will some day be useful in defending your own liberties. What is needed is that all organized workers should combine in a solemn promise, in the first place, never to use their arms against such of their fellow-workers who may be peacefully striving to gain their political or social rights; and, in the second place, never to use their arms sainst any other nation, the workers o. which have joined the international vement, except within and in defence et their own country, or in cases where C workers of any country appeal for

nelp against oppressors and tyrants. I believe some of the German labor organizations have proposed or adopted ne such principle; and it seems to me that if in the present International Congress the English workers will use their influence to get some such principle discussed and ultimately accepted, a blow will be struck in the interests of labor and peace which will be more effective than all the reports of philanthropists and philosophers, because it will cut away at the very root of diplomacy and militarism to bring about dynastic wars. The numerical power of organized labor in all the chief European countries is now so great and is so rapidly growing that by this system of passive resistance in military affairs it would be absolutely irresistible. Let it once be thown that the trained soldier will not evils of existing capitalistic society.

.. Antipatriotism ... Celebrated address of Gustave Herve at the close of his trial for Anti-Militarist Activity, be-fore the jury of La Seine. An excellent answer to Capital-

ist Jingelsm and capital exposition of the need of international unity of the working class.

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THOUGHTS AND THINGS By H. S. K. Passing through the suburban towns

will not fire on their fellow-countrymen

are equally pledged not to fire on their

fellow-workers of other countries, ex-

cept in defence of their own hearths

of other lands to gain their freedom,

and no invasion of the territory of an-

other country will occur, since the rulers

will not risk the fiasco of the fraternis-

ing of the two armies on the field of

And any compulsion or punishment

would be equally impossible. No gov-

ernment can or dare punish the whole

body of organized workers, members of

which constitute the largest and best

portion of the armies. And even if some

compulsion or punishment is attempted,

surely the workers of to-day, who are

everywhere showing that they are not

afraid of imprisonment or even of death

the small and unpopular body of Quak-

At present there may be some diffi-

culty owing to the fact that in many

European countries recruits are so young

and so often belong to the unorganized

ranks of labor that they cannot be de-

pended upon to join in the action of their

fellows. But this is a matter that can

soon be cured if the principle is once

seriously and earnestly adopted. For

every worker will bring up his children

to look upon the principle of not fight-

ing against his fellow-workers as consti-

tuting the very charter of his own lib-

erties as well as his first duty to his

own order; and against his home teach-

ing no influence of church, school, or

My excuse, if one is needed, for ven-

turing to give advice in this matter is

my life-long interest in liberty and pro-

gress. As a boy I was a disciple and

ardent admirer of Robert Owen; and

though in middle life, while chiefly en-

gaged in scientific work, I was influenc-

ed by the individualistic teaching of

Herbert Spencer, I have now returned

to my first love, and am a firm advocate

workingmen who wouldn't live to vote

than vote for slavery and succeed.

you mean the top of the head.

at the next election.

ers.

idlers.

authority will be able to prevail.

ers did more than a century ago.

of New Jersey one will not infrequently see vineclad factories surrounded with well-kept grass plots, flowerbeds, and shade trees. "Happy the workers who toil amid such charming surroundings,"

is the unthinking thought of the ordinary passerby. Yes, unthinking, for, my dear friend, you who make such observation have been fooled by appearances. That vine clad building is a whited sepulcher, and the waving flowers and grasses are decorations of a living tomb. The and homes or to assist the oppressed vine clad factory is the modern sweat shop. Within its walls may be seen the women and children of the villages and farms going through the same fierce exploitation that one sees in the grimy sweat shops of the cities.

The other day I had a talk with a Single Taxer who declared that if the principles of Justice and Humanity prevailed to-day, conditions would be better, He had some utopian scheme that he was sure would bring about the reign of Right and Love. This man, like all Single Taxers, is an upholder of the present social system, and when I asked him why he found fault with the fruits of the in defence of their liberties, can do what system he upholds he pronounced me a dogmatic Socialist-"it must be your way or not at all."

> I must confess that Socialists are dogmatic, as dogmatic as the principle that two and two make four. .We don't look for figs on thistles, nor for Right and Justice as the fruits of a social system founded on Wrong. As things are to-day the capitalist must suck Labor's .blood or die. To stand for the bloodsucking system, and then prate against the "Injustice of grinding monopolies" is nothing else than whining. Socialists don't whine. They are organized to overthrow the bloodsucking system. Not until that is done is there any chance for the virtues, Right, Justice, Love, etc.

> The agitation being carried on by the S. L. P. among the workers is giving these eyes to see. Let this work of education be intensified. Every effort that we put forth Now brings capitalism closer to its grave.

Sentimentalizing about Socialism will not bring it to fruition.

of the co-operative commonwealth as Sounds funny to hear the pure and giving the best promise of human hapsimple unionist kicking against high piness, and as affording the only prosprices. Thought he was living in clover pect of a speedy cure for the terrible -got the idea from hearing his boasts about how the union raised wages. It seems though that they are being outmosphere and sell it by the quart there classed just now-prices are going up are some Conservative and Liberal much faster than wages.

Some S. P. men will tell you that in-Better to vote for freedom and fail dustrial unionism is already here. When asked where, they answer, "in the building trades, the allied printing trades and Capital law and order means law for among the brewers." As a matter of the workers at the order of the shirkfact these combinations are about as much industrial unionism as Sam Gom-The "poor heathen" nations worship pers is S. L. P. Not one of the combintheir idols, the civilized ones their ations named is held any closer together than the ordinary Gompers or craft union. For all their "alliedness" they in There is plenty room at the top-if many ways scab it upon one another.

Competition brings out the best that The S. P. bunch who give utterance to is in us, and gives it to the capitalist. such slush as that quoted above, do it in The Socialist Labor Party was of too



THE "DIFFERENCES" THAT KEEP THEM APART-EVENTUALLY THE MILITANTS WILL GET TOGETHER.

The beginner in Socialism is at first is an idler, well fed, and sumptuously often puzzled when he learns that there clad by the worker, who is held in wage are two parties in the field claiming to slavery. The Socialist party, through be Socialist, and claiming, so far as he its head, its "superb organizer and agitator," and its official organ preached can see, one identical aim-the establishthat the capitalist like the wage slave ment of the Co-operative Commonwealth. is also a wealth producer. It is quite natural for him at that stage to ask: "Why do not these parties The S. L. P. shows that it is the class

interests of the capitalist class that com-Political parties, like most everything | pels this class to drive the worker into else, and more so than many, are the ever deeper misery. The Socialist party ignored all this and tiraded about Greed products of certain laws. To these laws their birth and their whole subsequent as the foe to be combated.

The S. L. P. holds and practices the career act obedient. Some or most of the adherents of a party may not be principle that numbers without clearconscious of the laws that dominate it, ness and unity of purpose are a source yet these laws relentlessly assert themof weakness, not of strength; accordingly, it will have none with it who does A political party-that is to say, a not accept its aims and tactics. The bona fide political party-is a child of S. L. P. will allow no candidate to accept conviction on the part of those who the endorsement of any other political knowingly set it up, or of the social curparty; nor will it allow to remain in its rent that gives it birth, that it alone ranks any member who should accent public office at the hands of a capitalist and none other can accomplish the mis sion it has set to itself. Such a party, appointing power. The Socialist party be it enlisted in behalf of or against the for long rejected this principle. It at tempted to be all things to all men. To things that be, says as clearly as possible: "None other but myself is entitled one it presented one thing, to another to the field: I am in the field to overthe reverse; whatever was wanted it throw all others; the simple fact of my supplied. In its efforts to get the votes existence is a denial of the right to live the candidates of the Socialist party of any other." Where such principles were permitted to accept, nay invite, the endorsement of both the Republican and and views do not pervade a political party, it does not deserve the name of Democratic parties. Its dickerings with both the old political parties are matters such: it is merely an impure clique gotof official record,

The S. L. P. points out that the trades When the "Socialist party" was born everyone of the men who assisted at its union movement, which declares that birth were aware of the fact that the capitalism is for all time, and that the interests of fleecer and fleeced are one, Socialist Labor Party was already in is unworthy the name of working class the field. They knew of its work, its principles and its tactics, and possessing organization. When the labor leaders such full knowledge they launched their are endeavoring to enforce "harmony" between the capitalist and the worker They knew that the Socialist Labor by leading the latter empty handed up against the gatling guns in the hands of Party holds that the route to the emanthe former, the Socialist party lauds it cipation of the working class lies in nothing short of the unconditional suras a "noble waging of the class struggle." render of capitalism. They knew that For money contributions and promises of this route runs exclusively along the votes the Socialist party suppresses all lines of the class struggle. They knew mention of the corruption that springs that the Socialist Labor Party's propaso naturally from the trades-unionism ganda is conducted mainly, if not exfounded in error.

clusively, among the working class. None but a disgraceful disruption They knew that our Party builds upon awaits a movement that so conducts that class, not only because it recog-nizes in that class alone the class interitself. The S. L. P. stands on the principle that the revolutionary organization ests that point to the solution of the that is to inaugurate Socialism, must, social problem, but because it perceives above all, earn the respect of the workthat the preponderance, both of quality ing class. and quantity, is to be found in that

Enough is herein given to show that tactical and economic principles of the two keep them apart, although it must be said that in the Socialist party there cut, uncompromising, aggressive policy. are not a few who agree with the S. L. It says just what it means; it means P. position.

just what it says; it asks no quarter The days we are living in are the days and grants none; it marches straight to of strong political pulsations. Two its goal, unswerved by any "short-cut" principles are contending for supremacy schemes, all of which its knowledge of -the one, now in force, is the principle social science rejects as mischievous; of the private ownership of the things and, finally, knowing that in the oncomman needs to work with: it is the prining social storm a compact, well-discipciple that to the robbers belong the lined body, thoroughly united in object spoils; it is, in short, the principle of and means, will be found indispensable, wage slavery that condemns the mait holds its membership to sharp reckonjority to arduous toil and privation. ing, tolerating neither anarchy of conwhile a criminal few enjoy luxury in idleness. This principle is the principle It was knowing all this and yet in of CAPITALISM. The other principle is spite of it, that men claiming to be that he who works may live, and he who Socialists launched the Socialist party. does not shall die the death; it is the And why? For reasons quite natural. principle, consequently, that demands the public ownership of the means of

of propaganda?"

PLATFORM

Adopted at the National Convention of the Socialist Labor Party, July, 1904, and Re-adopted at the National Convention, July, 1908.

The Socialist Labor Party of America, in convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable right of man to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

pursuit of happiness. We hold that the purpose of government is to sccure to every citizen the enjoyment of this right; but taught by experience we hold furthermore that such right is illusory to the majority of the people, to wit, the working class, under the present system of economic inequality that is essentially destructive of THEIR life, THEIR liberty and THEIR happiness.

We hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be controlled by the whole people; but again taught by experience we hold furthermore that the true again taught by experience we note furthermore that the true theory of economics is that the means of production must like-wise be owned, operated and controlled by the people in com-mon. Man cannot exercise his right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness without the ownership of the land on and the tool with which to work. Deprived of these, his life, his liberty and his fate fall into the hands of the class that owns those essentials for work and production.

We hold that the existing contradiction between the theory of democratic government and the fact of a despotic economic system-the private ownership of the natural and social opportunities-divides the people into two classes: the Capitalist Class and the Working Class; throws society into the convulsions of the Class Struggle; and perverts government to the cxelusive benefit of the Capitalist Class. Thus labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces,

is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessaries of life.

Against such a system the Socialist Labor Party raises the banner of revolt, and demands the unconditional surrender of the Capitalist Class.

The time is fast coming when in the natural course of social volution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises, on the one hand, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalist combinations, on the other hand, will have worked out its own downfall.

We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of America te organize under the banner of the Socialist hapor Party into a class conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them.

And we also call upon all other intelligent citizens to place themselves squarely upon the ground of Working Class in-terests, and join us in this mighty and noble work of human emancipation, so that we may put summary end to the existing barbarous class conflict by placing the land and all the means of production, transportation and distribution into the hands of the people as a collective body, and substituting the Co-operative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder-a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.



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3

WIT AND WISDOM. In a short time the necessity of So- cialism will become so plain that peo- ple with no better mental equipment than an empty stomach will be fully qualified to perceive it. Nobody openly attempts to justify stealing, but most people believe in making a profit. In the first case you take what somebody else has earned, in the second case you take what you have not earned yourself. The dis- tinction is one of the triumphs of civ- lization. Nobody openly attempts to justify the interest of Gompersism, whose prog eny they are. The stuff is next echoes by the S. P. rank and file, adding to the general mental confusion that exists a to what is really working class economi organization. On the other hand ther are a good many workingmen who ar sizing up Gompersism, and who, findim it wanting, and seeing the despicable role of A. F. of L. collar-fastener playe	d see nor understand the necessity for the broad and deep foundation that the So- cialist Labor Party is laying, and its suc- cessful work in this direction. With their eyes upon superficial appearances, these Socialist party men considered the So- cialist Labor Party weak, impotent, hopeless; they imputed this "impotence,"	which robbery is in- principle of SOCIAL- in not live together, ast bite the dust. the party that stands, compromisingly upon cialism, and that de- itional surrender of ther parties either	Three Gems
Our opponents say that Socialism is Most of the advice given to the poor a drehm. In that case, capitalism must be a nightmare. If the capitalist could liquify the at- —The New World.	g, consequently they started their party on principles and tactics just the reverse of the S. L. P. At its start the Socialist party ad- vocated colonization schemes. Put co-	dd the Belmont-Gom- sm. There can be no the Socialist Labor r. At great political	Scientific Socialism
By EUGENE SUE	ery. The S. L. P. maintained, and still epochs, he who is there can be no "in	not right is wrong; between." Eventual- itant Socialists must I the habit, and left it for the younger comrades to do. Sometimes I think that the youngsters of to-day don't do such things as well as we did when I was younger, but be that as it may,'I recently undertook to try my hand at sub getting again, and found no dif-	Sucialism, Utopian and Scientific By Engel
Translated from the Original French by DANIEL DE LEON A Tale of Jerusalem. The Carpenter of Nazareth, reviled and excerated by the rich and mighty whose privileges he attacked and whose hypocrisy he exposed, moves through its pages pathetically to his tragic doom. An unexcelled picture of the social conditions which governed the founding of Christianity.	without the overthirow of King George.	 S. L. P. YS. S. D. P. B. S. D. P. S. D. P. 	Free Trade By Mar. 0 0 0 Cloth-bound, 50 Centa; Postage Prepaid. 0 0 0
NOW READY FOR DELIVERY. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. 28 City Hall Place, New York.	operates politically by first wrenching the public powers from the present usurpers. The Socialist party denied this, and proceeded to seek first the un- findable: economic power for the pro- letarfat in the midst of capitalist society. The S. L. P. holds that the capitalist	A C Let all of us old timers get into barness and show the young fellows h w to go about the work of propa- ganda. Let us cease talking and get	28 City Hall Pluce, New York.

28 City Hall Place, New York P. O. Box 1676. Tel. 129 New York, Published every Saturday by the SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY, Paul Augustine, National Secretary, Frederick W. Ball, National Treasurer.

BEELY PROPLE

Entered as second-class matter at the New York Post Office, July 13, 1900. Owing to the limitations of this office, correspondents are requested to keep a copy of their articles, and not to expect them to be returned. returned. Consequently, no stamps uld be sent for return. SOCIALIST' VOTE IN THE UNITED

In 1896	2.068 1,157 6,564 4.191 4.172
In 1892	
People, whether for editorial or bus departments, must be addressed to: Weekly People, P. O. Box 1576, New	The
their papers and renew promptly in (s on order
regularly in two weeks from the date their subscriptions are sent in.	when
SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1910.	-
I have not observed men's honest	v to

increase with their riches. -IEFFERSON.

AN OPEN LETTER. . To L. H. Gibson,

Manager National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' Association' of America, Cincinnati, O

Dear Sir :- Answering your courteous letter of the 16th of the current month, this office should be pleased to receive from your office such "pews, editorial and special matter bearing upon the question of Prohibition" as you may be kind enough to forward. In accepting your tender we do so, not merely upon the strength of the French saying that "whatever is good enough to be given is good enough to be accepted." Your statement that "there is a way to deal with the question (Prohibition) which agitation has forced as a problem for solution," renders us positively curious to ascertain the solution you may present. We are intensely curious to ascertain what the solution can be that a capitalist, that is, a labor-exploiting,e industry can find to an issue raised against it by other capitalist, that is,

other labor-exploiting interests. Prohibitionism differs in mask only from other bourgeois moves. The mask of a High Tariff is "protection to | Paraguay, to fill a bucket full of seap-Labor"; the mask of Free Trade is "Labor's breakfast table"; the mask of Prohibitionism is "a sweet, clean home." At bottom these movements are one-all the three gnaw at the entrails of the proletariat, and thereby render the homes of the workers ever less "sweet." The home can not be sweet so long as the share of Labor in the fruit of its toil declines, as decline it must under the present social system. There are more homes wrecked by the Prohibitionist treasurer of the Standard Oil than by all the saloons of this city and your city combined. Accordingly, the Socialist Labor Party is not taken in by

the mask of the Prohibitionist bourgeois. On the other hand, we must be free to confess that neither has our enthusiasm been kindled by the arguments of the anti-Prohibitionist Liquor Interests. Their arguments of "freedom" sound too specious for consideration. The same right a man may have to take himself off the earth he has to get drunk-provided no ill come to others from his act. To reel along the streets to the annoyance of others; to soil the thoroughfares with the consequences of a liquor-overladen' stomach; perchance to indulge in the sport of popping shots out of a gun to the danger of others' life and limbsthese are frequent consequences of the "freedom" demanded by the Liquor Interests; and the consequences prove the demand too sweeping to be sound. The consequences strongly suggest a mask not unlike that of Protection. Free Trade and Prohibition-a mask behind which something else lies ambushed than that which the mask suggests. We certainly are curious to be made acquainted with your solution, and to impart it to others.

by the "Provoker." It cites the "lying posture, it is obvious that the continued as long as it lasted, and each had his TOM WATSON CLIMBS DOWN discredit to a man: who seek to make advertisements" about "\$5,000 to \$7,000 per year earned on ten-acre Florida farms," while the average income from farms in Florida is \$119. It cites a ten column article to boom the stocks of the "National Co-operative Mercantile Co., 100,000 shares"; of the "Co-Industrial Co., 500,000 shares"; of the "National Dairy Co., 25,000 shares"; and of the "Educational Press Co.," connected with which are "the International Floor Polishing Co., 250,000 shares; the Girard [Kans.] Airship Co., 20,000,000 shares; the Girard [Kans.] Food Co.; the People's Wholesale Co-Operative Co., 20,000 shares reserved for Socialist [party]. Locals and other enterprises of which these stock-selling schemes are a type." It cites the advertisements of one Crook wherein "Million Dollars in Forty Weeks" are promised. It cites a many column boost of "National Committeeman Kaplan's \$300,000 stock jobbing scheme." It cites "display -advertisements in the 'Daily Socialist' April 2, 1910, of the Metropolitan Trust and Savings Bank, and controlled by City Comptroller Wilson, City Hall, and the Western Trust and Savings Bank," and it

suggests that "Editor-in-Chief Simons' 'Intellectual' agitation" may be "so safe and same as to be worthy of the support of the Chicago bankers." The "Provoker" cites these and many more such fishy advertisements, advertisements, all published in the Chicago "Daily Socialist," a paper, "The Provoker" adds, that the following "comrades" are directors, editors and managers of: "National Committeeman Barney Berlyn, President Board of Directors Carl Strover, Editor-

in-Chief A. M. Simons," etc. This is a good beginning. 'Tis to be hoped "The Provoker" will find leisure enough to turn its searchlight upon the Girard, Kans., "Appeal to Reason," the New York "Call." the New York "Volkszeitung" and the rest of these "S. P. Publications." They all need "revealing," and thereby explain the deep malignant hatred of the S. P .- er for the S. L. P. man. In the meantime, and awaiting these

fuller compilations, the question comes, How can the conclusion be escaped that the S. P. is a concern to float bogus schemes whereby to catch suckers with the bait of "Socialism" and "Comrade." a twentieth century "South Sea Bubble"?

DARKENING COUNSEL.

Given a square inch of Castille soap, says Carlyle in his essay on Francia of suds is the task of but too many news paper writers. If the article "The Truth About A. F. of L. Conservatism" by Louis Duchez in "The Call" of the 3rd of this month, were but five broad column-fulls of soapsuds, churned from a bit of soap, it would be bad enough. But the article is infinitely worse than suds. It instills false facts and promotive of false conclusions by means of still falser reasoning.

Left to settle, the suds of the article in question "precipitate" a sediment that may be condensed in these words:

"There has been no reaction on the part of the A. F. of L.; the A. F. of L. is what it substantially was; while modern invention and monopoly have invaded other fields, of labor, they left the fields occupied by the A. F. of L. substantially untouched; the 'static psychology' of the A. F. of L. is the psychology dictated by the 'interests of the dying middle class'; hence, it follows that what holds the A. F. of L. together is the psychology

immunity, still enjoyed by some, can not be the cause of A. F. of L. psychology.

But there is worse in the article in question than the falseness of its premises. Vastly more harmful is the method of its reasoning.

The most mischievous system of reasoning is that which attributes causal powers to secondary or incidental circumstances. Such reasoning is mischievous because on the one hand, it tends to draw attention away from that on which the eye should be kept riveted, and which, if well grasped, leads to fruitful conclusions: and on the other hand, it draws attention to immaterial matters, the consideration of which, while it may tickle the palate of some minds by its seeming "cleverness," tangles up, confuses thought, and leads to no construct-

ive conclusions. Truth is that which fits all the facts What is that that is found in all the Unions-within and without the A. F. of L.,-and whether invaded or not by invention and monopoly, which, in the exact measure that they hold together, mark them unprogressive and anti-Socialist? What is that that is found in all these Unions? It is an INSURANCE ATTACHMENT, some sick and death benefit contrivance, of some sort or other, some treasury towards which dues have been contributed, and from which returns are expected in hours of need. Once dues are contributed towards such funds, two sentiments are set in motion. The first is the expectation of eventual "returns"; the other is the equally if not more potent dislike of forfeiting the dues, or rates, paid in. The two sentiments operate as two powerful bonds to hold the membership, even after the original reasons for joining the Union may have been abandoned. It goes without saying that such corrosively selfish and petty motives can not choose, on the one hand, but lower the tone of the Union membership, and, on the other hand, awaken in the Labor Fakir's breast a special interest in the organization. On the same principle that the capitalist pets, placed in charge of the capitalist philanthropic establishments,

Fakir becomes the chief beneficiary of such Unions-he has his benefit after death, and he enjoys his benefit before death in the shape of his salary. This is the secret of Boot-and-Shoe-Workers' Union Tobin's hysterical efforts for "high dues and insurance"; this is the secret of the envious eyes with which many an A. F. of L. Union looks up at Gompers's Cigarmakers' Union, the path finder in that peculiar "system"; this is the secret of the strenuous efforts put forth, as recently described in these columns, by the officialdom of the Typographical Union to raise the mortuary fund, and their expectation, as stated in

are the chief beneficiaries, the Labor

the "Typographical Journal" for last February, to kill "secession," provided the mortuary benefit was adopted :- and this is the secret of the move, now growing so popular, on the part of many capitalist establishments to set up and enforce an insurance fund among their employes.

No Union ever is originally formed for coffin and ambulance purposes. However in the dark the workers may be on their class interests and the real mission of Unionism, when they organize a Union the act is responsive to the latent pulsa tions of the Class Struggle: the act spells w-a-r, it spells aggression, it is a move forward, and progressward. The present psychology of the A. F. of L. Unions is not the equal share. When it was gone for one, it was gone for all. There was no such thing as some members of the tribe feasting while others pined and fainted. Much less was there any such thing as some members reveling on the proceeds'

of their brothers' suffering. In the year of Christianity 1910, how different! Capitalism with its golden wand has "changed all that." Now there rages a famine in Hupeh province. Rice, the staple food of the people, is low Distress is rampant. In Hunan province, right "next door," rice is plenty. The starving poor of Hupeh are sent to Hunan for relief. There the Governor of Hunan postpones the opening of the relief stations from March 11 the advertised date, to May 9-nearly two months -and does so upon the persuasion of the merchants who are manipulating the rice market.

Under communism life was first, property second. Under capitalism property is first, life second. Well might Morgan say of property that "the human mind stands bewildered in the presence of its own creation." Only by wrestling with that bewilderment can the human mind acquire the strength and knowledge necessary to reassert its supremacy over its creature. China, which is now under going, with famine accompaniment, the performances of a Patten in this country,

WHAT MIKELSON STOOD FOR. This office has been furnished with : poster, used at the recent Milwaukee election. It is as follows: First line:-M. Mikelson.

is getting there.

Second line:-For Alderman-5th Ward.

Below that is the picture of the candidate, a rather good face, flanked with the lettering: Social Democratic Candidate. And below the whole of that-

WHAT I STAND FOR TRACK ELEVATION IN THE FIFTH WARD-

PURCHASE OF A PARK FOR THE FIFTH WARD. By a Referendum of the 5th Ward

Voters as to Location A REGULAR OFFICE AT THE AL DERMAN'S EXPENSE

For the Transaction of the Business of the Ward on Business Principles. Where Citizens Can Transact Business

WITH THEIR ALDERMAN.

He who would sneer at an army, because every single one of its human units is not expert on strategy and holds language unlike a general, would be justly put down as an idiot. No less idiotic would be the expectation of seeing every unit of the army using field glasses scanning the horizon and attending upon the manoeuvres that the field demands. Though not exactly idiotic, still it would be unreasonable, if not irrational, to look for military men only in the composition of an army. An army needs, no doubt, generals, colonels and soldiers, but it also needs cooks and nurses, people whose function is not military at all. yet needed for the army's functions. The bearing of the principle is obvious upon a political party, however revolutionary

the same may be. Like an army, a political party can not consist of militants only engaged exclusively in its political work. Like an army, a political party has many a subdivision, each attending to its special function. In short, like an army, a political party also has its "nurses" and "cooks," so to speak. Hence, like an army, a political party can not be correctly judged by the functions of its 'nurses" and "cooks." that is, by what these "stand for"; and, for that very reason, on the same principle that an army, into whose councils of war "cooks" and "nurses" were to be seen pushing the things they especially "stood for," would be a thing to laugh at, the corresponding "nurses" and "cook" things that some departments of a political party "stand for" can not figure in battle without imparting their color to the whole body. This is obvious with regard to all political parties, however conservative: it is all the more obvious with regard to a political party which, flying the colors of Socialism, points to a social revolution as its ultimate goal. In sight of these obvious facts, principles and conclusions, the question thrown up by what the Milwaukee Social Democratic 5th Ward candidate for Alderman, Mikelson, "stood for" is this-Is the legislative function of a Milwaukee Alderman in the nature of a cook" or "nurse" function in an army! Or is the Milwaukee Social Democracy

I. ["Watson's Jeffersonian Magazine," April, 1910.]

Daniel De Leon, you have been assailing me in your paper; and you are the translator of Herr Bebel's obscene book, "Woman Under Socialism." . . Now, I dare any of you, and all of you, to come into this magazine and discuss Socialism. You may have ten pages a month. I just dare any of you and all of you to come. . . Will you come? I am rubbing my fist right under your noses, you know. THOMAS E. WATSON.

[Daily People, April 4, 1910.] To Thos. E. Watson.

II.

Thomson, Ga. Sir:-

Your publication-"Watson's Jeffer sonian Magazine"—for the current month, just received, contains a "dare," addressed to several persons, myself included. You say: "Daniel De Leon, you have been assailing me in your paper; and you are the translator of Herr Bebel's obscene book 'Woman Under Socialism.' . . Now, I dare any of you, and all of you, to come into this magazine and discuss Socialism. You may have ten pages a month. I just dare any and all of you to come. . . . Will you come? I am rubbing my fist right under your noses, you know .--- THOS. E. WATSON."

This thing of "fist-rubbing right under one's nose" at long and safe distance may be chivalry, as she is understood in Thomson; it is not chivalry, as she is understood in the code to which I was trained, or which So-

cialism promotes. Let's come to closer quarters. I accept your "dare" to "come into

your magazine and discuss Socialism.' Determined to allow no time for the ardor of your "dare" to cool off, and also in order promptly to test the sincerity of the "dare," I forward to you within, and registered, the twelve articles which have appeared in the Daily People, and the corresponding Weekly, People, in the course of the last five months, and in which I successively and seriatim join specific issue with you on your objections to Socialism. If your "dare," is not bluster, and if your fist-rubbing is not swagger, you will promptly publish the enclosed articles in your magazine, and in the order of their dates. I claim for them the ten pages tendered to me.

Better than an abstract treatment of Socialism, these articles should meet your challenge for "a discussion of Socialism" in your magazine. The articles take up one by one, in the order in which you attacked them, leading features of the vast domain of Socialism.

"Jacob's Two-Rung Ladder to Nonsense" and "A Belated Son of Loyalty" contrast Socialist dialectics with the dialectics that you ply against Socialism. They answer the purpose of two introductory "rounds."

The other ten articles follow you into specific subjects:

"Horrible Example of 16 to 1 Mental Training" clinches with you on your pet subject of "Socialist immorality," incidentally furnishing proof of

so personal a matter an argument against Marx, "a Jew," and Ricardo "another Jew"; 'and who go to such lengths of personal "assault" as to state three times in your magazine for December that Engels was a "Jew," when the fact is that, for weal or for woe, Engels was a Jew as much as you are-from so reckless an assailer the objection that I have been "assailing" you sounds odd, even if it were true. But the charge is unwarranted. If the Editor of a publication is its owner; if, on top of that, such an Editor identifies his personality with his publication so completely as prominently to weave his own name into the publication's name-"WATSON'S Jeffersonian Magazine"; and if, on top of all that, such an Editor continuously seeks to illustrate his points with autobiographic sketches, to the extent of setting up himself, his household, aye, even his private bed chamber, as specimens .-- such an Editor not only invites, he compels being personally tackled. The very language and tone of your "dare" obtrude your personality into the discussion. The

Daily People as the official organ of the Socialist Labor Party, attacks principles. In the conflict, men may not always be ignored: without men to uphold principles these are vapor, not worth notice. Only in this sense have you been, and are you now, grappled with-a proceeding that is all the more unavoidable in sight of your own setting up yourself as a specimen. To ignore a specimen constantly "rubbed under one's nose" would justify the charge of "wandering from the question." That Socialism never does.

At all points, accordingly, the enclosed articles come within the requirements of the ethics of a discussion, and meet your "dare."

DANIEL DE LEON. Editor Daily People. April 3, 1910.

	п	I. ·		
	Thomson,	Ga.,	April	12, 1910
Daniel De	e Leon, Est			

28 City Hall Place, New York, N. Y. Dear Sir :-- I cannot consider your manuscript until my series of articles now running in my magazine is completed. I am holding your manuscript, unopened, until that time. Yours very truly.

(Sig.) THOS. E. WATSON. IV.

Thomson, Ga., April 20, 1910. Mr. Daniel De Leon. New York City, Dear Sir:-

Having learned through Socialist sources that you do not represent the true Socialist doctrine I cannot see any benefit from discussion with you as there would be from such representatives as Mr. Debs, or Mr. Charles Edward Russell or some other of the most orthodox views therefore I am

returning your matter unopened by this mail Very truly. (Sig.) THOS. E. WATSON.

Per G. The King of France, with thirty thous sand men.

Marched up the hill, and then, marched down again.



BROTHER JONATHAN

BROTHER JONATHAN-In spite of all your talk, I don't see why we men of America are not free. When all is said and done, you must admit that we have no lords that we must knuckle under to.

UNCLE SAM-Let's see. Must you and all workers not "knuckle under" to your bosses from early infancy, or can you do what you want? Don't they compel you to sign away the rights the law gives you for protection from injury in exchange for a crust? And, furthermore, do you not know that our workers in America support more lords, princes and marquises than any European country? Who are Lady Curzon, the Duchess of Marlborough, the ex-Marchioness of Castellane, the Princess of Hatzfeld, the Countess of Campofelice, the Princess of Cantacuzine, the Duchess de Rexburghe, and scores of others if not American women who own our American property, and whom we, our wives and children must support with the sweat of our brows, and who bully us and have caused us to be clubbed and shot if we strike!

(Pulls B. J. under the pump and administers a thorough soaking.) That much for . "equality before the law." Much good does the absence of lords and dukes in our constitution do us if practically they are on our backs! Now go on with you claims.

B. J. (wet as a ducked hen and quite crestfallen)-No, thank you. The starch is taken clean out of my "equality before the law."

U. S .- Now you may be able to understand what Socialists mean by "classes." The thing to look at is the material condition of man. According as his material conditions so will his aspirations and needs be. The men who own huge capital constitute a class that needs not work. They can live upon the work of those who do not own any capital because without land on, and machinery with which to labor man cannot exercise his functions as a worker. Thus we have two classes: 1. The idle capitalist class that has sponged up the nation's wealth, and 2nd, the working class, or proletariat, who alone does all the work and produces all the wealth but lives in poverty. In between these two you have the middle class. It consists of people who have a little property, just enough to keep them from working for others but not enough to compete with the big fellows. This middle class is going by the board fast. Catch on!

B. J.-I begin to see. U. S .- All political struggles are con-

Very sincerely, EDITOR DAILY PEOPLE.

THE SOCIALIST PARTY A "SOUTH SEA BUBBLE."

A fistful of "Provokers"-the Socialist party organ of Thomas J. Morgan, Esq., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 79 Dearborn street, Chicago, patent business attended to with neatness and dispatch, fees pocketed while you wait,-just received at this office, satisfies one that "The Provoker" really satisfies "a long felt want."

Long has the want been felt of a compilation of the fraudulent advertisements published in the privately owned journalistic ventures that go by the collective name of "the Socialist party press." The long felt want is beginning to be met the grip, join in holding the identical mon store was parcelled out in common told hardship to the men laid off.

of its original economic interests." Both the allegations of fact and the psychology of the "middle class"; conclusions are erroneous.

"invention and monopoly" has invaded

the bulk of the constituencies of the

Even if it be true that tangible portheir birth; the present psychology of tions of the A. F. of L. still operate with the A. F. of L has receded back even of primitive methods, it is not true that that. The present psychology of A. F. these portion are the "backbone" of the of L. Unionism is the psychology of organization, or that modern "invention rout-the psychology that causes men to cling to ambulance wagons and coffins. and monoply" has not invaded the bulk of the body. It is idle for the article in It is not Conservatism: it is Retrogresquestion to set up a general principle, sion at full trot. and immediately proceed to make such

The article "The Truth About A F drastic exceptions as the miners and of L. Conservatism" is a darkener of compositors. The fact is that modern counsel.

CHINA GETTING THERE.

China has had famines before. People A. F. of L. Invention and monopoly invaded not mining and composition only; have starved there before. But never, it invaded also glass-blowing, cigar-makthat history records, have people huning, boiler-making, brewing, machinery gered and a famine raged in its provinces making, traction operation, etc., etc., etc. under the circumstances now holding All these fields-a majority of the fields sway over them, which have finally led occupied by the A. F. of L -are now run to the vast native uprisings libelously by up-to-date methods of indesignated "riots" in the foreign desvention. A. F. of L. constituencies, patches.

In the communal form of government, that labor upon these fields, continue to be as "conservative" as those which China, in common with all other nations, passed through, hunger no doubt constituencies that may yet be at the "middle class" stage. Identical with the periodically stalked the land and carried posture of the A. F. of L. is the posture off its thousands. But then it was that of the arch-reactionary railway Brotherthe crops had failed. Nature's "bounty' hoods, the leading ones of which "invenso freely prated about by the unundertion and monopoly" has invaded with a standing, had resolved itself into what it vengeance. Seeing that these Brotherreally is, nature's obedience of natural laws. The rains had deluged the ground, hoods, along with the A. F. of L. Unions at work on fields that are in the grip of or the sun had parched it, or the blight invention and monopoly, as well as those had fallen upon it-grain was not to be had. Then all suffered alike. The com-Unions whose field may still be free from

it is not even the psychology of itself in the nature of a "cook" and 'nurse" concern ?

"PROSPERITY" SMITES THEM HARD

Aguascalientes, Mex., April 25.-The American Smelting & Refining Co. has laid off indefinitely more than 300 men who were exploited in its smelter here. No explanation is even given for the reduction of the working force, which under present conditions will mean un-

the unreliability of your citations against Socialist writers.

"The Mother Right" makes the fur fly of your concept regarding the institution of marriage.

"'Disemboweling' Labor" closes with you on the "blacklist." Finally, "Watson on Interest," "A

Lesson in English to Tom Watson." "Watson and Surplus Value," "Watson and His Duchess," "Duck-in-Thunder Watson," "Watson on Crystallized Labor," and "The Secret of Tom Watson's Irritation," tackle your assaults on Socialism concerning the "returns of money." the source of "value," the source of "profits," the "materialist foundation of history," the merchandise status of the wage earner. the difference between "feudalism" and "capitalism.." the inevitableness of capitalist breakdown. There still remain extensive areas of Socialist science untouched. They remain untouched because you have not yet attempted to "disembowel" them. For the present the subjects touched upon by these articles should do. If the potion is inside of you. If only you could sition you take on these subjects is realize that, you would not want to be right, and the position taken in the rich. Ordinary riches can be stolen from above articles is wrong, Socialism a man. Real riches can not. In the could not stand. treasury of your soul there are infinitely precious things that may not be taken

The titles of the last seven articles might give, in the minds of the uninformed, a color of justice to the charge you make against me that I have been "assailing" you. Such a charge, coming from you, who, to cite one of many instances, use the word "Jew" as a italism. Spread the lightl

"BE THYSELF."

"Know thyself" was written over the portal of the antique world. Over the portal of the new world, "Be thyself" shall be written. And the message of Christ to man was simply, "Be thyself." That is the secret of Christ. . . . Jesus moved in a community that allowed the accumulation of private property just as ours does, and the gospel that he preached was not that in such a community it is an advantage for a man to live on scanty, unwholesome food; to wear ragged unwholesome clothes; to sleep in horrid, unwholesome dwellings; and a disadvantage for a man to live under healthy, pleasant, and decent conditions. Such a view would have been wrong there and then, and would, of course, be still more wrong now. What Jesus meant was this: he said to man, "You have a wonderful personality. Develop it; be yourself. Don't imagine that your perfection lies in accumulating or possessing external things. Your perfec

from you."-Soul of Man Under Social-

Until the workers know Socialism

they are the hopeless victims of Cap-

ism.

ducted upon the lines of the class interests of these three. The big class want to preserve their stolen goods; the middle class wants to prevent the big fellows from swallowing them up, but want to preserve the power of themselves fleecing the workers. The workers want to prevent all these vampires from fleecing them. Hence the class struggle of the proletariat is and must be conducted upon lines of abolishing the private ownership of the land and the machinery of production.

Without a workingman realizing the fact of class distinction, he will not understand that the Democratic and Republican parties, together with their Organized Scabbery stool-pigeon, seek to protect the class that lives upon his back. Nor will he be able to see that his class interests direct him to join the Socialist Labor Party and the Industrial Union, twin organizations for the abolition of capitalism and the emancipation of the worker.

O. PRINCELY WAGES!

Eighteen Cents a Day Await Lucky Applicant.

Saltsburg, Pa., April 28 .- A job paying 18 cents a day is offered by the United' States government to any one who wishes to become postmaster at Wheatfield, near here. To permit the applicants to show their competency, the Civil Service Commission will hold an examination on May 7. Last year the post office paid \$64.



to the cause of "free speech."

lecture of over two hours. A large

number of the audience, being mere

dilettanti in the labor movement, left

the most interesting chapters in the his-

Although my purpose is not to fully

detail what St. John said during his lee

be recorded occurring after the lecture-

yet he said some things that were start

many good things exposing some of the

the A. F. of L. in the Nevada labor trou-

bles. But the most startling feature of

was concerned; told how he had been

shadowed for months; and his trials,

etc. On one occasion a detective who

was supposed according to his testimony

he made in closing.

unions."

tory of the western labor movement.



orrespondents who prefer to appear in print under an assumed name will attach such name to their communications, besides their own signature and address. None other will be recognized.]

WHAT OF THE HAVERHILL S. P. ? To the Daily and Weekly People:-Many Socialists are jubilant over the Milwaukee victory, forgetting Haverhill and Brockton, Mass. I would like to ask some Massachusetts comrade to write The People the condition of the S. P. in the above-mentioned towns and what they accomplished. Constant Reader.

Los Angeles, Calif., April 18.

LIGHT WANTED.

To the Daily and Weekly People: While looking at a voting machine a few days ago in the Chicago Election Commissioner's office, which was equipped with a Michigan ticket used in the 1908 Presidential election, I discovered that nine candidates appeared on both the Prohibition and Socialist party tickets.

Whether this is a mistake or a case of fusion I was unable to find out. Possibly some of the Michigan S. L. F men can throw some light on the sub-J. Mann. ject. Chicago, Ill., April 22.

MARK TWAIN AND RUSSIA. To the Daily and Weekly People:-It is worth preserving, in connection with the memory of Mark Twain, that he was a warm friend of the Russian Revolutionary Movement.

About twenty years ago the famous Russian revolutionist and author, Kravchinsky, better known under his 'nom-de-plume, Stepniak, lectured in America on the Russian Movement. At one of these lectures Marx Twain exclaimed: "If such a brutal government as that of Russia cannot be destroyed otherwise than by dynamite, then thank God there is dynamite!"

B. Reinstein. Buffalo, N. Y., April 25.

DE LEON IN MANCHESTER, N. H. To the Daily and Weekly People:-Section Manchester, S. L. P., held a very successful lecture in the City Hall of Manchester, N. H., with Daniel De Leon as speaker; subject, "Some Objections to Socialism." The meeting was well attended. Many came from out of town to hear De Leon, so-called pope, boss, etc.

The rapt attention, coupled with the applause as the speaker clinched his points during his scholarly lecture was highly commented upon in the Manchester Mirror of the following evening issue.

Many Weekly People were disposed of and literature was sold; also a good collection was taken up. The field is open to reap results.

After the lecture De Leon and other comrades retired to Comrade Wolfe's store and indulged in a general talk and survey of the economic changes to-day. The points brought out in this talk served to further push the

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See.

12 2

On the new schedule the run will be 157 miles on a basis of ten hours, for \$4.20. So you can easily see this will make a reserve of extra men on the waiting list. The baggagemen on trains were simply raised from \$2.40

to \$2.55. Ticket collectors were raised in price, but their snap was done away with; a bulletin was posted yesterday: "There are no more ticket collectors." The conductors must now run more miles, and do the extra work. The telegraph and towermen are

expecting to be called out in the regulation pure-and-simple style. Railroader.

New Haven, Conn. April 21.

PIERSON TACKLES PORTLAND. To the Daily and Weekly People:-Enclosed find two subs for Der Ar-

beiter and eighteen for the Weekly People. These subs were secured during my week's stay in San Francisco Two street meetings were held there, the first at Post and Fillmore, and the other at Grant avenue and Market. Anderson aided me in the propaganda and, in spite of inclement weather, between us and the Party members who were on hand, we suc-

ceeded in disposing of a fairly good supply of pamphlets, and secured one sub to the Weekly People. Section San Francisco has some good live hustlers, and with the opportunity they have before them there is every reason to believe that ere long they will succeed in building up one of the best Sections of the S. L. P.

in the country. I arrived in Portland Sunday morn ing in time to attend the Section's meeting The Portland Swedish members gave their weekly entertainment and dance in Academy Hall last night, at which Berg and I gave short talks, outlining the work of the S. L. P. Two subs were secured for the Weekly People: these will be sent in along with my next report. As Section Portland has decided to have two week's work done here, yeu can look for a good bunch of new readers from

this neck of the woods. Chas. Pierson. Portland, Ore., April 18.

COLUMBUS CARMEN GET GOLD BRICK.

To the Daily and Weekly People :-Recently The People published two articles on the Columbus street car strike. The last one announced the terms of settlement and stated that both sides claimed victory. The matter now seems to be all unsettled. Among the terms of agreement was the taking back of 30 discharged men, which was not complied with. Four of the men are not reinstated. It is further claimed that the

company is not holding a neutral attitude toward the Union but is trying to break it up. In the settlement, the factors that were brought to bear were the business interests; these did not wish to have the city tied up with a strike. On the other hand, a compromise in wage demands was agreed to. The weakness of,

ists to delve into, when they are in need of being posted on the history of the movement, party, its organ, or even its adversaries!

Yours truly has been for a long time out of the movement, but kept himself informed as to its mutations and outlook, by means of the Daily People only, no other Socialist, or quasi-Socialist paper furnishing such a quantity of data in such a compact form. It therefore

stands to reason that other Socialists, who seriously believe in the future of the Labor Movement, could inform themselves from its best exponent, the Daily

People, on its history. From the day of its first issue-ah me! with what palpitations we kept vigil at the pressroom entrance on that hot night of June 30th! And how far the will-o'-the-wisps of capitalist so-

ciety's "competencies" have scattered the, at that time, vigilants-from that very first issue yours truly foresaw the importance of keeping a file of the Daily People and went so far, as, not only to collect it for a couple of years, spending or one occasion \$2 on a single missing copy, a good many more dollars on binding every six months issues, but gener-

ally took the trouble with the unwieldy volumes. Finding himself however cramped for suitable quarters, he took a heavy lot of volumes down to Brooklyn headquarters, where they were sold by the Section at auction a few times over netting it a tidy sum. Being at the present stage of Ameri-

can capitalist prosperity in no condition to spend the necessary four dollars on bindings. I offer to any Section of the Party, or its affiliated Federations, a set of some 3 years' issues of the Daily People, same to be bound by some member, who is a bookbinder, and either kept at that organization's library, or sold at

auction to some student of the history of the movement, thus netting the organ ization something for its trouble. If I were not cramped for quarters,]

would wait for better times and have them bound at my expense; as it is, however, those desiring the set will have to send for it by May 6th, otherwise it will be disposed of, but the sooner the better.

It will take two or three men to take way the lot at one time; if a wagon is to call for it, inform a few days ahead. if in person, inform of the exact day and hour. Hoping to meet some old time vigil-

ants at the anniversary affair, which mean to aftend even if I have to walk a few leagues on foot to the place, and swap reminiscences of "Auld Lang Syne," I am, yours for the revolution,

Joseph L. Kaufenhaus, 158 Hopkins street, Room 14. Brooklyn, N. Y., April 23.



This is a great work, furnishing the cthnologic basis to the sociologic superstructure raised by Marx and Engels

. While the work needs close study most of it is easy reading. The student will read, and reread, and find, each time, fresh facts not noticed before, and the opening of wider vistas not discovered at previous readings. Those readers who have less

and the second second



IS CHALLENGED TO DEBA TE BY WADE R. PARKS.

Mishawaka, Indiana, April 20 .- When, | observed that the glances of St. John on a certain Sunday, about a month ago, and the little clique were with rapid I was in Chicago, I had an experience succession being cast in my direction and that should be chronicled for the sake of from their general demeanor I knew FREE SPEECH and to throw some that I was the topic of conversation of the assembled group at the door. light on some alleged modern martyrs

I proceeded toward the group as much Vincent St. John was announced to to satisfy their curiosity at close range speak on the "True Story of Goldfield," as to speak to St. John and to make under the auspices of the Modern some inquiries as to his personal welfare Thought League, room 412 Masonic and to ask some questions uppermost in Temple, 8 p. m. The writer attended my mind then. the meeting and listened throughout the

For the first time in my life St. John refused to shake hands and opened with a volley of militant and "direct action" words. He threatened direct action on long before St. John could cover one of the spot. My head should come off as the first and only condition for any consideration for the writer. Grouped with St. John were a number of his clique

whose frame of mind I could instantly detect. They were "direct actionists" ture-the incident that I think should too,-of the vile slum proletariat order who propose to do foolish things without the power. St. John acted as spokesman ling and unreasonable in the light of the class struggle the world round. And he and the group listened. A few real dis interested onlookers observed the actions said other things with no attempt at and threats of the bully. St. John was explanation, which throw a volume of wrought-up over the article I had writlight on the methods of wild cat mining ten about the Spokane Free Speech fight exploits. And of course St. John said exposing Heslewood. He assailed The People, and branded me as a spy (of the scab tactics and the lackey attitude of kind who could do no harm presumably) and asserted the Daily People was scabbing it on the Pinkertons (for whom St. his address was the anti-climax which John had previously during the lecture expressed great sympathy and charity In concluding St. John discussed the not to say confidence and faith).

influence of the labor spy and detective St. John was amidst admiring sympain labor troubles and the movement genthizers who could see no inconsistency in erally. Here follow some of his remarks along this line: "The influence St. John's professions, speech and actions. The writer was amidst stranger and effect of the Pinkerton or any other who he believed to be poisoned with kind of a spy in the labor movement or prejudice and a blind fanaticism. After in labor troubles is very small." "There St. John warned the writer that he were spies no doubt in the Goldfield would assail him on the spot with physiunions. One spy was discovered but he cal force if he said a word to him .was not a Pinkerton. Some Pinkertons THE SAINT-even after this I had the came up from 'Frisco, but we soon found temerity to remind the Saint that he them out, and they were told to leave was one of the professed martyrs to the the camp and they all left. It wouldn't cause of free speech, and that the freemake any difference whether they redom of the press and the freedom of mained in the camp or not because they speech were paramount to each other. were known and all we had to do was to And his attitude was pointed out to be watch them. Never found any Pinkervery irregular. St. John was not of the ton advocating any radical measure such temper of mind to argue any question as blowing up a mine, killing any one or with the writer, whom he asserted was doing any other unlawful thing that scabbing it on the Pinkertons with would reflect on the cause of the whom he had led us to infer in his lecture to be on friendly, terms and for He went on to qualify as an expert whose activities he had no fears. on detectives as far as organized labor

No notes were made of the incidents that occurred at the door. - And many of the little details of what was done and said have necessarily been omitted. But the writer feels that enough of the de-

to have been out with St. John was astails have been recited to show plainly serted by St. John to have been a hunwhich way the wind is blowing. The dred miles away; that the detective who writer also feels that is a duty he owes was detailed to trail St. John and to the working class and to the cause of who testified to have done so was simply truth and justice that the plain facts be faking his reports; that the detective given wide publicity, because these small simply reported in fake reports and details, showing the want of charity, the drew his \$5.00 and expenses. To put a presence of bias, prejudice, and the spirstamp of reliability on what he said it of persecution in private life, help us St. John exposed a graft in the detective to understand the doings and sayings of business by asserting the operator himprofessed labor leaders like St. John, self had come to the speaker afterwards who periodically get themselves flashed and showed St. John how he had, worked into the limelight of the labor movement the Pinkerton Association for his salary as martyrs a la carte, free speach, etc., and was not on the job at all. This etc. story was recited by St. John to prove

If the truth were known about the that the real detectives grafted the Spokane Free Speech fight fund that Pinkerton Association for whom they was raised through popular appeals termines the outer boundary line of a creature of law, and then not merwere supposed to operate, and that the

LETTER-BOX * . OFF-HAND ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

NO QUESTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED THAT COME IN ANONYMOUS LETTERS. ALL LETTERS MUST CARRY & BONA FIDE SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS. C'AND A

R. G., EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND- Union also. The membership of the The position of the S. L. P., as set | Local Industrial Union would present forth in the answer to Fred J. Boyle in the address "Socialism vs. Anarchy," can hardly be given the sweeping name of "the position of the S. L. P. on a governing body'.' The function of officers, placed on crowded thoroughfares to prevent blockades and the running over of people, is too subordinate and incidental a function to typify the function of the "governing oody" in the Socialist Republic. That function is to administer and regulate production. There is no evidence of the S. L. P. having changed its position on the subject.

F. C., SAN JOSE, CALIF .-- The statement about "high initiation fees" charged "by a Union" in your city is too indefinite. The indefiniteness renders the article unacceptable. Specify.

G. S., TACOMA, WASH .- From the promptness and the vehemence of the answer you send to The People of Fraina's "An Anti-Socialist Meeting," in which he reported an anti-Socialist address by a Roman Catholic prelate. and which report you censure as untrue, the conclusion is justified that you, who claim to approve of Social

ism, must have been at least equally prompt in sending to Roman Catholic publications indignant answers to what must have been known to you were calumnies printed by them against Socialism. The calumnious Roman Catholic publications never published any such refutation from you. They must have suppressed the same. Now, then, in order to give those Roman Catholic papers, which must have suppressed your protests, an example of Christian charity. The People shall be pleased to publish your 'Answer" to Fraina provided, however, you either yourself (or allow us to) cut out from your answer all the terms that smell of the language with which in the Dark Ages people used to be consigned to the flames by those with whom they disagreed. "Rotten egg";

"filth"; "beast," "filthy pen," "if you want your eves scratched out"-such terms do not belong in Twentieth Century discussion. They belong in the anathemas of an age that is gone by, and the return of which Civilization will not allow. Tell us if we may make the pruning, or if you will do so vourself.

D. A., EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND-It was not the existence of stereo typers that brought about stereotyping: nor was it the existence of compositors that brought about typesetting. When the development of the trade evolved the necessity for stereotyping, then the stereotyping tools vere fashioned, and the appearance of the tool brought on the appearance of the stereotyper. The same with composition. Types appeared first, and their appearance begot the typesetter: later on the typesetting machine turned up, it revolutionized the trade, and its appearance was followed by the machine compositor. The output de-

a chaotic mass, a sort of Spokane Lodging House affair, unable to consider their specific functions. These specific functions are determined by the tools used in the performance of the several functions towards the common output. Hence the tool draws the internal lines of the Local Industrial Union, and these internal lines mark the boundary lines between the Shop and Trade Branches, that is, between the component parts of the Local Industrial Union. The statement that "stereotypers and compositors are already established, not because of a certain tool used, but because of cer-

tain work performed"-that statement is not intelligible in this office. Work performed is performed through the tool, and the tool determines the worker's function.

F. G. M. ST. LOUIS. MO .- Propositions of that nature should first be digested by the National Executive Committee, especially when the proposition comes so soon after à general vote on the very subject. The letter has been handed to the National Secretary.

J. P., PHILA., PA .- What you want to do is to arm yourself with a Kodak and a copy of Marx's "Capital"; next, the first time you come across that Single Taxer who claims that "Mars held to the point that the land question is the main thing," you place that conv of Marx's "Capital" before him with the demand that he show where; then get your Kodak ready to take a snapshot of your Single Taxer's facial expression on being called to "deliver the goods." Of course, Marx said nothing of the sort. You will find the Marxian position on land and the erroneous conclusion that superficial Single Taxism falls into, in the recent editorial article "Is Tom Watson an Unconscious Humorist?"-Next question next week.

A. B., LOS ANGELES, CALIF .- The answer is found both in the context of the article "Jamesbieism" and of the chapters of Marx from which you cite. The context in each case refera to the material that money is made of. That the coined material does not come wholly under the category of "commodity" is obvious from the circumstance that, the brisker business is, relatively less money is needed. That the coincd material does somewhat come under the category of "commodity" transpires from the lower rent (interest) it fetches when plentiful And this commodity feature is again qualified by the circumstance that the "plentifulness" of money, referred to when interest is low, does not necessarily mean an increase in the volume of the coined metal. The complication arises from the circumstance that money figures, one time, as means of exchange, and then it is merchandise because the value of the metal is the controlling fact; another time money figures as a "debt payer," then it is

5

Party press and literature of the fight- ing S. L. P.	the union lay in its not being industrial	time at their disposal may not be able to profit by the work to	operators were easy marks and never meant to do any real harm.	what effect it would produce? And is it now too late to ask what was done	the Local Industrial Union, and, of course, of the National Industrial	chandise but a social fiction is the con-
Comrades, buckle on your armor;	and favoring class conscious political ac-	its full extent, but even one	All this was very surprising to the	with the thousands of dollars that the	course, or the Mational Industrial	
there is a mission to perform. Are	The Socialist party passed resolutions	reading will store their minds with valuable knowledge and	writer, but I busied myself trying to	St. John-Heslewood-Wilson coterie of		C. B. L., NORTH SCITUATE,
you doing your share?	promising support by not riding during	broaden their horizon so as to	frame a hypothesis to explain the	of thee specements garmened and	wrong, and in violation of well known	MASS The statement that four .
Fred J. Wolfe.	the strike, but no report was made sug-	enable them to grasp the mean-	Saint's attitude of speech. Was it to	too mee to them them they they the	principles of working class economics	hours work, 100 days would under So-
Manchester, N. H.; April 26.	gesting that it be put up to the Mayor	ing of events now going on bet-	curry favor to the representatives of the	published a list of contributions and ex-	and declared tactics for industrial or-	cialism give the worker a yearly in-
- a la transmissione a la l	to protect the men from strike breakers.	ter than they could otherwise do.	several detective agencies who had repre-	penditures? The writer has reasons to	ganization by the workers for the pur- nose of establishing the workers in their	come in wealth that, to-day would re-
- THE "RAISE" ON THE N. Y., N. H.		The previous enations of the	sentatives present at the Modern	believe that the showing up the financial	rightful place in society believing, in	quire \$10,000 to purchase is a conserva- tive one. The process by which to ascer-
AND H.	cal thing to do and an opportune time	work were expensive, four del-	Thought League? Or did he throw it	operations in connection with the Spo- kane fraud would by far outstench the	short, that St. John and Trautmann are	tain this is the capabilities of useful
To the Daily and Weekly Péople:-	to impress the necessity of true Social-	lars a volume being almost pro-	out as a cue or bait thinking that some	Portland strike graft.	not truly representing the correct posi-	labor, provided none is turned, as to-
As regards raises of money wages to	ists administering the government. Then the boards of arbitration would be left	hibitive, but the work is now within the reach of all	one would grab it on the general discus-	St. John assailed the writer for stat-	tion of the working class, I will here and	day they are turned, into useless chan-
the conductors, trainmen and bag-	without jobs.	The Labor News is prepared	sion that was scheduled to follow? Or did St. John, ho signed an agreement		now challenge them or either of them to	nels. See on the subject Bebel's "Wo-
gagemen of this New York, New	It is now announced that Organizer	to furnish the work at the	that his union in the Telluride district	connection with the Portland I. W. W.	a series of debates upon their past po-	man Under Socialism." The subject
Haven, and Hartford Railroad system, the squeeze will now commence. Any	Fay, of the A. F. of L., predicts an im-	FRICE OF \$1.50.	would cease violating the law and there-	with St. Take of a fine man on the	sitions, the debates to be held in the	will be handled more fully by special
organization of men or women work-	mediate strike. An exceptionally oppor-			1 b Deutland II. humm mathing	large cities of the United States under	article.
ing for wages, that recognizes the	tune time presents itself to win a strike,	NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO.	a local union in writing, participation of	about the facts. The writer was there.	joint auspices whereby each side shall control the conditions of half of the	
right of the capitalist to own the	though the strike breakers be here.	28 City Hall Place, New York.	the union in crime) and who has played	He audited the accounts; nandled every	admissions to the said debates.	S. W., PEORIA, ILL.; C. C. C., PLÉASANTVILLE, N. Y.; D. G. H.,
plant, kicks itself to pieces when it	Two big shows are billed for April 29th,			bill and has the figures showing the re-		SEATTLE, WASH.; T. J. M., CAM-
simply accepts a money wage as right-	a Wild West show and a circus are in	transfer (and the straight grant of the stra				BRIDGE, MASS.; R. C., SPOKANE,
ing the wrongs its members must	town. Under such circumstances the	DONUT DUN		any doubt as to who knows about the	Free-Speech Fight.	WASH .; G. W. O., PITTSBURG, PA .;
submit to as wage slaves of the cap-	trolleymen can win quickly. A mass meeting has been called. If it does not	DON'T BUY	more than he was relating in his lecture? Were the few "inside", pointers he was	Portland situation? Yet, to tell the truth is by Saint John termed scabbing	I also challenge St. John or J. H.	J. O., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.; F. H.
italist.	result in several conferences being held ;	SALI-CO	handing us but "earnest of the things"	it on the Pinkertons. Let The People	Walsh to a series of debates on the	K., CHICAGO, ILL.; A. S. C., CHI-
Already some of the trainmen are	until the strategic time is passed the	SALI-CU	that he knew? These and many other		Walsh organization tactics in Spo-	CAGO, ILL.: G. A. M., TORONTO,
talking about the roadmen getting it	A. F. of L. will be entitled to one credit	- For			kane which were upheld by the or-	CANADA: H. R., HAMTRAMCK,
"put all over them" by this new sched- ule: on the question of mileage, for	mark against its many sins.	Rheumatism	attempt to establish a hypothesis to ex-		ganization officials at Chicago.	MICH.; A. S. D., DES MOINES, IA
instance. There is to be a reorgan-	0. F.	Mieumatism	plain the reasoning of St. John. At the		The writer has been very busy try-	'Matter received.
ization of the train service on a basis	Columbus, O., April 27.	until you have tried a Free Trial	time I resolved that I would give a		ing to earn his living and this ac-	The second
of 157 and more miles for a day's work,		Sample. Address		clear-up the minds of the working class	counts why he has not sooner related	SEND 35 CENTS.
which will work havoc with the men,	IMPORTANT SUGGESTION AND	H. I_ BERGER, Ph.G.	But what was said during the lecture		the facts herein contained. The writ-	And get The Ideal City, Clath, 377
and make it possible for the railroad	OFFER.	Druggist.	was of less significance to the writer		er has not prefessed to have any con-	Pages, and
to have many spare men.	To the Daily and Weekly People:-	2nd Ave. & 96th St., N. Y.	personally than what happened during		nection with any kind of a labor or-	Flashlights of the Amsterdam Cen- nress, Paper, 167 Pages.
A point to understand about this	Of all the propositions to commemorate		- the recess after the lecture.	that the educational and organization work that Vincent St. John and William	advantage seemingly should be with	Both will be sent postpaid for 35
much-advertised raise is this: Before	the 10th anniversary of the Daily People		very shortly after recess had been de-	E. Trautmann have placed their stamp	those he hereby challenges to debats.	
	one was conspicuous by its absence, and that is to have at least one file at the	When the there is a state		of approval upon as "general officers of	if the arrangements can be made.	NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO.
hours not taken into consideration.	headquarters of large Sections for Secial.	When you have read this paper, pass	only exit open to the hall. I quickly	the I. W. W." has been harmful and	Wade R. Parks-	28 City Hall Place, New York
	and a second sec	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and the start of t		

OFFICIAL

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE Paul Augustine, National Secretary, 28 City Hall Place, N. Y. City.

CANADIAN S. L. P., Philip Courtenay, National Secretary, 144 Duchess avenue, London, Ont.

NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO., the Party's Literary Agency, a8 City Hall Place. N. Y. City.

NOTICE-For technical reasons no Party announcements can go in that are not in this office by Tuesday, 6 p. m.

WANTED

The names and addresses of Party members or sympathizers capable of reading and writing both the English und Polish languages.

> Paul Augustine, National Secretary.

NEW YORK STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

A regular meeting of the New York State Executive Committee, Socialist Labor Party, was held at the Daily People building, 28 City Hall Place, New. York City, Friday, April 15th, at 8 p. m., with Joseph P. Johnson in the chair, the others present being Donohue, Wilson, Hiltner and Moonelis. Absent with excuse, Walters; without excuse Kuhn, Scheuerer and Grieb.

Miuntes of the previous meeting were adopted as read.

Secretary reported receipt of corres pondence as follows :- From Monfoe Fuffer, Sherburn, regarding local agitation; from the Labor News Co., statement of financial condition; from the Trustees of the National Leaflet Distribution Fund, giving details of work to be carried on and requesting funds to carry on the work; from Jamestown, regarding appointment of Notary and local matters, to which the Secretary was instructed to reply; from Long, Newburgh, stating he had qualified as Notary and giving information regarding local matters; from Gerner, Utica, regarding Notaryship.

The Secretary further reported that James J. Hanlon had qualified as Notary for Section Kings County; that he had called a meeting of Section Richmond County, which he and the National Secretary visited, and decided to call another meeting for Saturday, May 7th; that he had also called a meeting of Section Westchester Co., for Saturday, April 16th, which the National Secretary would also attend with him. Report of Secretary received and actions endorsed. Orders for dues stamps received from Buffalo and Schenectady, which had been sent.

Secretary also requested authority to order from the Post Office Dept. stamped envelopes with printed carded corner, which was granted, he to use his discretion as to number and style.

Bill of Franklin Press, for \$12.50, for State Agitation Fund Coupons, ordered paid. Bill of Secretary for postage, March, \$1.01, ordered paid.

Financial Report for March, 1910: Income, general \$50.20; mileage \$12.30; total \$42.50. Expenses \$84.69 (including 1009 dues stamps purchased from N. E. C., \$70.00), leaving deficit for March, \$22.10.

Comrade Wilson having announced his contemplated absence from the city, thus retiring from this Committee, the Secretary was instructed to notify the

borers. Decided to send for fifty copies of Slavonian paper to be sent to Easton for distribution. From B. Barrnett of Santa Monles, sending subs to The People, and telling about poor chance for propaganda in that town. From Secretary of Washington S. E. C. wanting to know when they could get Organizer Gillhaus, Secretary reported having answered that we would need his services for at least two months more. From National Secretary about Siff case, thanking S. E. C. for assistance. Also one about complaint made by Schade against Editor of The People, which was ruled out of order after some dis-

to do with the matter. Applications for member-at-large from S. G. Roulean and J. S. Hertzbamn, admitted

cussion because S. E. C. had nothing

Decided to instruct Secretary to get some up to date supplies. Decided that Secretary be instructed to send Organizer Gillhaus where he can do most good. A discussion took place about certain correspondence having appeared in The People. Matter dropped. Meeting adjourned.

A. Demuth, Recording Secretary.

OHIO S. E. C.

Meeting of Ohio State Executive Committee of April 25 with Comrade Polster in the chair. Absent with excuse, Jos. Reiman; without excuse P. C. Christiansen. Minutes of previous meeting approved as read. Secretary reported that Cleveland had been proposed as seat of next State Executive Committee by Section Cleveland and member-at-large Ch. Stonitsch, Akron; also reported on information he received from Secretary of State in regarding to coming election. Upon motion it was decided that Kircher should attend next semi-annual session of N. E. C. in July. The treasurer was instructed to advance railroad fare to Kircher and Koeppel for their trip to Cincinnati May 1st.

Richard Koeppel, Rec. Secy.

NEW JERSEY S. E. C.

Regular meeting of the New Jersey S. E. C. will be held on SUNDAY, May 8th at 3 P. M. sharp, at No. 11 Broome St. Newark; top floor, rear. Section delegates and members-at-large are urged to attend as arrangements for the State tour of Organizer Katz are to be perfected. Sections are requested to forward all money collected for the State Agitation Fund. P. Merquelin

SECTION PHILA. MEETING.

Section Philadelphia, Socialist Labor party, will hold a business meeting on SUNDAY, May 8, at 800 Parrish street. The meeting is called for 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

CALL TO AID S. L. P. PROPAGANDA IN THE NORTHWEST.

To Members and Sympathizers of the Socialist Labor Party of the Pacific Northwest:

Greeting :- The Washington State Executive Committee has engaged Comrades Charles Pierson and August Gillmaus to carry on a campaign of propaganda in the Northwest this coming summer in the interest of the Socialist Movement. Pierson will begin work at Portland, Oregon, on April 15th, and

Pushes Smaller Sections to the Fore

ACTIVITY DOES IT

as Propagandists.

Some of our comrades are working determinedly to fulfil their pledge as members of the Daily People Tenth Anniversary Club. Their names may not appear on the list of senders of two, or more subs at a time, but sub. by sub they are getting there. Quite a number, who were the first to join, haven't been heard from since "signing Wonder what has become of up." them?

We have an interesting letter from Comrade Henry Haman of Omaha, Neb., an old-timer who sent in twenty subs about six weeks ago. This time he sends in seven, and says he will have more in the near future. Comrade Haman finds that most people have heard something of Socialism, but there being two Socialist parties confuses folks. When getting after a man to read The People, Haman makes a point of explaining "the difference" to him, and as the "difference" is so pronounced, and the S. L. P. position so sound and clear, Haman finds it easy to enlist his hearer's interest and sym-

pathy. If all of our friends and readers would do even a little of the kind of work done by Comrade Haman, we would soon see the S. L. P. alone cccupying the field. The twenty banner Sections for Weekiy People readers are the following, their position being indicated by the order in which they are named:

ers and Friends of the Socialist Labor Party of Ohio.

ing time for the working class of Ohio the same as everywhere, but it is also a time that offers the most splendid oppertunities to our movement, and it is up to us whether we will avail ourselves of these opportunities or allow them, by our indifference, to be coined into political capital by labor deceiving reform movements, and successfully so, as the case of the "Socialist victory" in Milwaukes shows. "The appetite comes with the eating," as a German saying goes, and in accordance with this say- not break through walls with our heads

El Paso and San Antonio, Texas., Phoenix, Ariz., Salt Lake City, Utah, Buffalo, N. Y., Cincinnati, O., and Saginaw. Mich. Of course, any list of twenty out of

ing the tail enders very closely, notably

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1910.

125 means that 105 do not appear. In looking over this list of twenty there

appear names, that so to speak, should not appear. In other words, if the comrades in some of the inactive Sections were doing their full duty by the Party press they could not help but outclass some of these others. We would not in the least detract from the glery of those who, by their devotion

to the Movement, have pushed upward and onward, but we should like to see some of the others get a similar hustle

on. Then again there are some big Sections on the list, who should be far from satisfied with the position they occupy there, but it is up to them to change it.

Those who sent two or more subs last week were: R. Williamson, Adamsville, Ala. ..

A. Gillhaus, Los Angeles, Cal. B. Frankford, Oakland, Cal. C. Pierson, San Francisco, Cal. 1 J. Ballard, Watsonville, Cal. 2 F. Knotek, Hartford, Conn. W. Suessbrich, Rockville, Conn. .. 2 Kuchenbacher, Chicago, Ill. G. A. Jenning, E. St. Louis, Ill. A. Bergman, Indianapolis, Ind. F. Bohmbach, Boston, Mass. J. Sweeney, Roxbury, Mass. A. Wallin, Somerville, Mass. A. Quarnstrom, W Somerville, Mass. W. J. Hoar, Worcester, Mass. J. A. Wagner, Kansas City, Mo. .. J. Scheidler, St. Louis, Mo. F. Moore, St. Louis, Mo. H .Haman, Omaha, Neb. J. Sweeney, Heboken, N. J. G. Signarovitz, Brooklyn, N. Y. A. Hansen, New York M. Kronfeld, New York J. P. Quinn, No. Tarrytown, N. Y. 2 F. Brown, Cleveland, O. D. G. O'Hanrahan, Seattle, Wash. Ed. Evans, Tacoma, Wash. J. Lemmon, Moyle, B. C.

Make a Note of It.

We wish again to call the attention of subscribers to our present policy and postal conformity of discontinuing the sending of the Daily and Weekly People at expiration of time paid for. There is no better way of handling a subscription list, when fully understood by the reader. Please keep a lookout for the expiration date which appears on address label and renew

holding its own in the state, but this should be far from satisfactory, and you know, comrades, "he who does not advance, goes backward." The work of organizing is at a standstill and has been so for about two years. Don't you think It is time to wake up? Do you agree with us that there are thousands of workingmen in the state ready to join our ranks if they are only shown how? and cities and towns that with proper efforts could be organized? Yes, there are without question. We MUST build up our party organization in the state if we want to be at all worthy of the name of revolutionary Socialists. Don't say it can not be done! Of course we can

OPERATING FUND.

Here is \$28.50 which we have contributed to The People Operating Fund in the knowledge that by helping to keep the Party Press going we are fostering the education of the working class to the point where they will achieve their economic freedom.

Geo. P. Reuter. Moncton, Wash.

Enclosed find one dollar donation by Branch 20 Workmen's Circle. Wishing you success in your work.

A. Cazenove.

5.00

5.00

10.00

5.00

1.50

2.00

2.00

5.00

1.50

New York.

Enclosed I send one dollar to the Operating Fund. Keep up the good work of spreading sound working class economics. G. Anderson.

Portland, Ore.

The Sozialistische Liedertafel of Milwaukee sends \$5 for the benefit of the Daily People. C. Kaestner. Milwaukee, Wis.

The above are samples of the cheering messages that have come with recent donations to the Openating Fund. The week's total of \$68.50'is better than for some time: J. Biell, Pasadena, Cal. \$ 1.00

Geo. P. Reuter, Moncton, Wash. O. Silverman. J. C. Anderson, H. C. Henrikson, ġ, J. Hunt. R. Moench, W. Reddell, Denver & Colo, Branch 73, W. S. & D. B. S., Wilmington, Del. W. R., Chicago, Ill. W. S. & D. B. S., N. 194, Chicago, Ill. M. Probst, Mason Citty, Ia..... J. Murray, Detroit, Mich. W. Hoag, Detroit, Mich. J. Schwartz, Brooklyn, N. Y. .. O. J. Hughes, Brooklyn, N. Y. Workmen's Circle, Branch 20, New York Workmen's Circle, Branch 35, New York Workmen's Circle, Branch 2, New York Workmen's Circle, Branch 392. New York S. Schwartzman, New York .. G. Anderson, Portland, Ore

B. Haug, Philadelphia, Pa. W. S. & D. B. S., Branch 165, West Newton, Pa. S. L. P. Section, Richmond, Va. Soz. Liedertafel, Milwaukee, Wis.

Total\$ 68.50 Previously acknowledged 6,291.73 Grand total \$6,360.23

all in ITS power and within the limits of its financial means, to help the good work along. We can furnish the speakers but you must provide the opportunities for their work. 'As the class struggle never ceases you have no right to stop fighting and sit behind the stove! Roll up your sleeves, comrades, and get into harness again, seriously, courageously and energetically! We have no time to be "tired"! We want to hear from Columbus, Toledo, Canton, Akron, Hamilton and Cincinnati as soon as possible. Keep in constant communication

MAY DAY CELEBRATION.

(Continued from page one.)

the unconditional surrender of the capitalists and tell them to go to work!"

James T. Hunter, followed Passanno, and at once won his audience by one of his characteristic witty remarks. Said he:, "We are met to celebrate International Labor Day. There are various kinds of labor days in this country, in fact, almost every day is a 'labor' day. (Laughter.) However, to-night we are rejoicing with our brothers of the world in celebrating international working class solidarity." Touching upon this world wide proletarian demonstration on May Day, Hunter called attention to the fact that the "public" press gives but meager and distorted reports of these manifestations, while to such an event as a Roosevelt touring Europe, which is really of no importance to the working people, there are columns of space found in the daily newspapers. To emphasize his point, Hunter stated that it was Roosevelt's conduct which brought about the panic of 1907, bringing the intensest suffering to millions of people. "Yet," he said, "they call him an illustrious man." The fainting spell which Carnegie had recently on his stop over at Pittsburg was seized upon to pass another witty remark. Calling attention to the graft trial going on at Pittsburg Hunter said that it would be interesting to see more graft trials, "there would then be a number of other fainting fits." Reviewing the system of wealth production, the high cost of living, and the low price of labor, the speaker called upon his audience to support the S. L. P. "It is in America that we can truly celebrate Labor's international labor day, because we are here a composite mass of all nationalities."

At the close of Hunter's speech the 5.00 following resolutions were read and 1.00 adopted: .50

.50 Whereas, The Capitalist Class is the 1.00 class of turbulence, of oppression, of vio-1.00 lence, of strife and of conflict the world over, not only slaying its thousands in 1.00 the armed pursuit of new markets, but also its tens of thousands in the even 1.00 more bloody fields of privately-owned industry and its hundreds of thousands

2.00 by the privation and want that dog the wage-workers' steps through the vale of 1.00 wage slavery; and, 5.00 Whereas, Against this jungle status of 1.00

human society there is but one force ar-.50 rayed, but one power making for peace and order, and that is the International 2.00 Socialist Movement, which demands in 3.00 the name of exploited millions the unconditional surrender of the tyrant class 5.00

of capital; therefore be it Resolved, That we, class-conscious workers of Greater New York, in Cooper Union assembled under the auspices of the Socialist Labor Party this- second

day of May, 1910, do hereby rise in rejoicing that due to the headlong career of the master class and the growing economic enlightenment of its victims its days are now numbered; and, be it further .

Resolved, That, spurning all insidiously fostered barriers of race and creed, and merging all differences in the common aim, we join hands with our brothers in every nation, and one and all do pledge ourselves to toil with a whole heart and an unflagging spirit for the speedy establishment of the Socialist Republic, and the dawn on earth of the era of peace and good will to men.

SECTION CALENDAR.

Under this head we shall publish standing advertisements of Section headquarters, or other permanent announcements. The charge will be five dollars a year for five lines,

San Francisco, Cal., 49 Dubose avenue, Headquarters and reading room of Section San Francisco, Cal., Socialist Labor Party, Hungarian Socialist Labor Federation, Lettish Socialist Labor Federation, and Scandinavian Discussion Club at 49 Dubose avenue,

Los Angeles, Cal., Headquarters and public reading room at 317 East Seventh street. Public educational meetings Sunday evenings. People readers are invited to our rooms and meetings.

Headquarters Section Cincinnati, O., S. L. P., at 1808 Elm street. General Committee meets every second and fourth Thursday. German, Jewish and Hungarian educational meetings every Wednesday and Sunday, Open every night.

Headquarters of Section Portland, Oregon, S. L. P., and Scandinavian Labor Federation, 2241/2 Washington street, Rooms 1 and 2.

Section .Cleveland, Ohio, S. L. P., meets first and third Sunday of the month at 3 p. m., at Headquarters, 2416 East 9th street.

Section Allentown, Pa., S. L. P., meets every first Saturday in the month at 8 p. m. Headquarters, 815 Hamilton street.

Section Hartford, Conn., meets every second Wednesday in the month at 8 p. m., at Headquarters, 34 Elm street. Section Providence, R. I., 81 Dyer street, room 8. Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesdays of each month

New Jersey State Executive Committee, S. L. P. P. Merquelin, Secretary, 1121 Myrtle avenue, Plainfield; W. J. Carroll, Financial Secretary, 1076 Bond street; Elizabeth.

Chicago, Illinois-The 14th Ward Branch Socialist Labor Party meets every first and third. Friday, 8 p. m., at Friedman's Hall. Grand and Western avenues. Workingmen and women invited

Headquarters Section Seattle, Wash., Sullivan Building, 712 First avenue, Rooms 208 and 210. P. O. Box 1854. Propaganda meetings every Sunday, 8 p. m., Columbia Hall, 7th avenue between Pike and Union streets.

Section Tacoma, Wash., S. I. P., Headquarters and free reading room, Room 304, Wallace Building, 12th and A streets. All communications intended for the Minnesota S. E. C. should be addressed to Herbert Johnson, 487 Como avenue, St. Paul, Minn.

Section St. Paul, Minn., S. L. P., holds a business meeting the second Sunday of each month at Federation Hall. Corner

Third and Wabasha streets, at 10 a.m. Section Denver meets every Sunday afternoon at 926-15th street. The first meeting of each month will be for business, the others for lectures. Agent of Party organs, Al. Wernet, Hotel Carlton, 15th and Glenarm streets.

Section Minneapolis, Minn., S. L. P. meets the second Saturday of each month at 8 p. m., at Union Temple, Room 4. Address of Literary Agent is Peter Riel, 2516 West 21st street.

Section Boston, Mass., meets every first and third Thursday in the month. at 8 p. m., at 694 Washington street. Discussions at every meeting. All symnathizers invited.



San Francisco, Cal. Cleveland, O. Hartford, 'Conn, Los Angeles Cal. New York, N. Y. St. Louis, Mo. Boston, Mass. Denver, Colo. Chicago, Ill. . St. Paul, Minn. Detroit, Mich. Pittsburg, Pa. Philadelphia, Pa. Brooklyn, N. Y. Newport News, Va. Schenectady, N. Y. Seattle, Wash. Taconia, Wash. Omaha, Neb. Rochester. N. T. There are several Sections crowdmovement. It is true the S. L. P. is

in time.

CALL TO ARMS, OHIOANS! To all Sections, Members, Sympathiz-

Comrades and Friends :- This is a try-

Secretary.

man next in line to attend the next	torophus, oregon, on tiped toon, and	ing the S. P., far from clarifying and	but there is absolutely no excuse what-	with your State Executive Committee,		
meeting.	from there he will make a tour of	revolutionizing their platform, principles	ever for the deplorable indifference	so that this office is posted on what you	Daniel De Leon spoke last. He ad-	For the Drong and a
Meeting adjourned.	Washington and British Columbia,	and tactics, will continue to further	manifested at present by the state mem-	are doing. A new great battle is ahead	dressed his remarks in support of the	For the Propaganda
Edmund Moonelis, Secretary.	speaking, selling Party literature, and	"Bernsteinize" their movement and to	bership. The comrades acted wisely in	of us. We call you to arms! Rally	above resolutions. "The language of	
A standard and a standard and the standard	securing subscriptions for our Party	get the working class ever further away	voting against holding a state convention	around the time honored banner of the		We have the following Leaf-
CALIFORNIA S. E. C.	papers. About June 1st, Gillhaus will	from genuine Socialist reasoning and rev-	this year. Our candidates can be nomi-	old fighting S. L. P.!	these resolutions is stiff, they mention -	lets ready. Replenish your
Regular meeting of the California	follow Pierson, and make his tour of	olutionary methods and tactics. The in-	nated just as well by referendum vote,	State Executive Committee S. L. P. of	a riotous condition in the land, but	stock on hand at \$1.00 per
S. E. C. held April 5. All present ex-	agitation and organization.	evitable result of this Milwaukee con-	and the money can be used to greater	Ohio.	that language is justified." De Leon	
cept Edwards. Levey chairman,	In order to carry on this propaganda	ception of Socialism, now coming to	advantage for organizing purposes. But	Richard Koeppel, Rec. Secretary.	then went on to show the lawlessness	thousand, postage prepaid:
Minutes of last meeting adopted as	among the workers, we must have	serve as the "standard" for the S. P. in	in order to secure, for our candidates, a	2416 East 9th street, Cleveland, O.		1. THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM.
read.	FUNDS. As the emancipation of the	the whole country, can only be one of	place on the official ballot we must gath-	2410 Last stil street, cierciane, or	and crime prevailing, and he proved	A few observations on it from
Warrants were ordered drawn as	working class must be the work of the	dismal failure and lamentable Waterloo	er about 10,000 signatures. What a tre-	SAN JOSE, CALIF., LECTURE.	his case by calling attention to a num-	a Socialist Standpoint.
follows: for rent, \$4; postage, \$3;	working class, we urgently request all	as far as the interests of the working	mendous task this is the comrades know		ber of news items appearing in the N. Y.	2. THE WORKING CLASS.
mimeograph supplies, 65 cents.	members of the S. L. P., and our sym-	class are concerned. The Milwaukee	from experience. This alone is one of	The Socialist Labor Party of San Jose,	"Evening Post" of May 2. He showed that	Why it must be the Recruiting
Financial report: on hand January	pathizers in the Northwest to contrib-	"victory" will prove to be only a victory	the many reasons why we must build up	Calif., will hold public meetings, during	practically the whole first page of the	Ground for the Secialist Army.
1, 1910, \$85.79: receipts, \$43.89; total,	ute to a fund to carry on this work of	for the "Milwaukee Idea," of the Berger	our organization. And you, comrade,	the month of May, on Sunday evenings,	Post, the paper which speaks for the	
\$79.68; expenses, \$52.75.	education and organization.	ringleaders getting into office on the		8 p. m., at A. O. U. W. Hall, 162	elite of the land, recorded nothing but	3. THE GOVERNMENT.
Report of Circuit Fund from Janu-	If all our members and those in sym-	backs of the workingmen. Not until	to-morrow, act to-day! Get your Sec-	S. First street.	stories of law breaking, indictments	This Powerful Agency must be
ary 1 to April I, 1910: receipts, \$64.29;	pathy with this grand movement for	the "Milwaukee Idea" got into a position	tion together and consider this call seri-		for graft, items of cheating, swindle,	captured by the Working Class.
expenses, \$62.80.	working class freedom will contribute to	to prove its merits, could there be any	ously. If the Section in your city is	May 8-Mr. E. B. Mercadier, "What Is	stealing, etc. Other pages in the same	4. SOME OBJECTIONS
Gillhaus tour financial feport: Janu-	the limit of their ability, we will be en-	hope to convince of its hollowness	defunct, make all efforts possible to re-	the Matter with the Socialist Party?"	paper contained similar items. There	Raised against Socialism by
ary 1 to April 1, 1910: receipts, \$199.70;	abled to carry on such a campaign in	and emptiness that "Socialistically in-	organize. If member-at-large, try hard	May 15th-Mr. Frank Craig, "The		Capitalism-The Answer.
expenses, \$171.15.	this territory this summer as will cause	clined" portion of the working class who		General Strike."	were reports on white slavery, the launching of life destroying Dread-	
Secretary read circular letter sent to	the master class to tremble, and force	to-day uphold, defend and support that	friends to organize a Section. If sym-	May 22nd-Symposium and Enter-		5. LOGIC OF SOCIALISM.
Sections and members in regard to	the freaks and fakirs to take to the tall	Milwaukee school of "Socialism." And	pathizer in an unerganized town, become		naughts, Ballinger-Pinchet controver- sies, which simply meant the grab	Why it must succeed Capital-
next State election; also reporting	timber.	when the above mentioned Waterloo		tainment		ism.
having engaged Chas, Pierson to can-	We trust that every member and	comes as come it must, the blame for it	fee, dues 25 cents a month, application to	May 29th-Alanson Dodge, "Founda-	game of different sets of capitalists,	6. CAPITALIST JUGGERNAUT
vass for the Party Press, stating that	sympathizer of the S. L. P. will nobly	will not be hurled against the Milwaukee		tions of Socialism."	and all of which exposed the tumultu-	It grinds out and then grinds
Pierson had done good work. Action	respond to this appeal for aid, and help	movement in particular, but against the			ous disorder abroad in the land. "In	down the Wage Werker.
of Secretary endersed.	us prepagate our principles.	Socialist movement in general.	Comrades! Be up and doing! Take	MEN OPHE BOOKS	sight of these conditions," concluded	7. SOCIAL JUSTICE.
Correspondence :From Rowly, send-	Send donations by P. O. money order		new courage! The future for the S. L. P.	TEN CENT BOOKS	De Leon," who will deny that the lan-	That will be the cornerstone of
ing money for due stamps and for cir-	or registered letter to the undersigned	To meet this reproach, against which			guage of these May Day resolutions	the Socialist Republic.
cuit fund; R. Wirtz, with money for	State Secretary.	we will have to combat in Ohio as well	your shoulder to the wheel. Remember:	Communist Manifesto.	of the Socialist Labor party is justi-	
due stamps; Tony Enos. resigning from	Washington State Ex Committee,			Engles, Life Of.	fied ?"	10. PATRIOTISM.
Party on account of poor health. Sec-	J. E. Riordan, Financial Secretary.	must be prepared and it must begin its	we have to go to the workingmen, if new	No Compromise.	A collection of over \$60 was taken	Only the Socialist idea can pro-
retary reported having advised Enos	1911 E. Thomas street, Seattle, Wash.	work NOW. More activity, more strenu-		Socialism, What It Is.	up to defray expenses.	mote the true sort.
that it was not necessary to resign on		ous attempts than ever to organize and		Workingman's Programme.		
that account as S. E. C. would carry			bers. In some cities a little more activ-	WOLKINGman 9, 1 Togramme.	The New York Labor News Company	NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO.
him on its books while sick. Three	will tell you when your subscription	we have to confess to ourselves that, at	ity has made itself manifest of late and	W- Weste Labor Name Comment	is the literary agency of the Socialist	28 City Hall Place, New York.
letters from Comrade Easton about	expires. First number indicates the	present, the state of Ohio is woefully	we hope it will spread to other cities.	New York Labor News Company.	Labor Party. It prints nothing but	
propaganda work among Aqueduct 1a-	month, second, the day, third, the year,	indifferent to the duties it owes to the	Your State Executive Committee will do	S City Hall Place. New York	sound Socialist literature.	Contraction of the second second second