

VOL. XX., NO. 9.

BOMBARDING THE ENEMY

VOLLEY .. OF SHOTS CRASHING THROUGH DEFENSES.

Manufacturers' Association Head, John Kirby, Makes True Statement of Civic Federation-Mine Workers' Journal Corrected-S. P. Soap-Bubble.

The Madrid, Spain, "El Socialista" announces confidently that, within shortly, the Spanish Socialist Labor Party will be represented in the Spanish Parliament. The paper adds: "This will be a great victory, worthy of being marked with a white stone in the history of the Socialist Movement. . . Without attaching to the event a greater importance than it deserves . . the voice of the Socialist deputy will reverberate with greater intensity among the masses, and will be more fruitful of effect than the speeches of speakers at public meetings."

n le Van Cleave is dead-James W. Van "Cleave-the great Van Cleave! But no; he is not dead. Mr. John R. Kirby-Van Cleave's successor to the modern Joshua's job of attempting to cause the sun to stand still upon Gibeon, and the moon in the valley of Ajalon-gives the world more comforting tidings. Van Cleave, having "sacrificed his life for the benefit of the American employe as well as the employer," must have ascended straight to Paradise, and is to-day enjoying life everlasting as a member of the heavenly choir. It took poor Joan of Arc hundreds of years to be canonized. James W. is canonized forthwith. That's the difference between the Age of posthorses and the Age of steam and electricity.

Speaker Cannon may be this, that and the other bad thing that the Methodists say he is. All the same the Speaker distinguished himself in his speech at the National Association of American Manufacturers' dinner on the 19th of this month as an A. No. 1 castigator of the economists and politicians who make God a specialty. The Speaker said: "One man flocking only by himself and crying that God and one is a majority-well, when I see that spectacle I say: "God keep the one.' Great Heavens, did the one never stop to think that God, if he would interfere with the law, was himself a majority without the 6ne ?"

With a zeal worthy of a better cause than to furnish jobs to politiclans' pets out of jobs, Representative Sulser is trying to pass a bill in Congress to appropriate \$100,000 "to raise as well as remove the wreck of the Maine in the harbor of Havana." Yet the Congressman's zeal is not wholly fruitless. The discussion that the bill is provoking is eliciting state-

the chief asset of the Federation of Labor." Mr. Kirby might have traveled a good deal further and not hit upon so profound a statement. . The Civic Federation is the breath in the nostrils of the A. F. of L. It is Civic Federationism that one opposes in opposing Gompersism.

> The "United Mine Workers' Journal" is of the opinion that there should be "a cessation on the part of the Socialist from attacking and abusing Trades Unionists." What there is an urgent necessity of is "a cessation of the false pretence on the part of the Civic Federation guilds to arrogate to themselves the name of Unions, and then, when the guilds and their beneficiaries are attacked, set up the howl that the Socialist 'attacks the Unions.'" But, of course, false pretences never cease of their own accord. They cease when Social Evolution runs the steam roller over them; and that Social Evolution is doing in the way of the gods-it grinds slowly, but exceeding fine.

The biggest jeb yet thrust upon President Taft is the job thrust upon him by the recent Act of Congress establishing a Bureau of Mines. How to select the Chief of the Bureau, that is, one labor skate, and not throw at least ninety-nine other skate aspirants into the Democratic party to avenge the "insult to Labor" involved in their claims being ignored-that is the arithmetical conundrum that the President is now sweating

over. Consistent Socialist party "Congress"! Holding that Chinese, Japs, and all other Orientals should be excluded as inferior races, the "Congress" consistently turned down a proposition, made by Delegate Work of lows, to the effect that the party should employ doctors, but that their pay should go on only so long as the members are kept in good health.

This suggestion is a wise one, but it is cribbed from the Chinese. In China, travelers tell us, a medicine man is allotted to each district; and he is kept in food, clothes and shelter comfortably so long as all are well: the day, however, when any resident of his district is found sick. that day the doctor receives a public bastinado. It is a grand idea. It is proof positive that there is "intelleck into" the Chinese. The method prevents doctors from nursing diseases for pay; it keeps them hustling. But grand though the idea is, seeing the sentiment of the "Congregs" was

that the Chinese are an inferior race, the "Congress" consistently turned Delegate Work's Chinese proposition down,

There was just one thing missing to the "imposing ceremonies" of the launching of the battleship Florida. | unaffected. Of course. Were the cause That thing was a collection of Christian ministers on deck of the Dreadments that are flashlights upon that naught, singing hymns about "Peace dark affair. "The only feasible on earth, good will among men," and,

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1910.

THAT DAINTY "HOME"

Give'm rope, and, without exception, the class, that to-day sets up the claim of being the bright particular protector of the "purity of the home" will hang themselves, high

and dry. In MacFadden's "Physical Culture," for last February John Milo Maxwell has an article that he entitles "The Who Man Dared." but the importance of which deserves a less personal title, say, "The Lid Off the Capitalist Home." In a nutshell the story is this : Shocking instances of the pollution spread by venereal diseases in Bellefontaine, O., having come to the notice of the town's Mayor, William R. Niven, he set the machinery of his mind in motion to check, if not stop, the contagion. The statutes of the State of Ohio make it the duty of physicians to report to the local Health Officer all cases that come

Formers' Educational and Co-operative Union of America at St. Louis, and entitled "The Constructive Forces of the South as Affecting the Nation" omits an important item among the "Forces"

-the lynching of Negroes, whereby Southern property-holders are endeavoring to terrorize Labor into quiescence.

"El Socialista," the Madrid, Spain, organ of the Spanish Socialists states: "To no less a figure than 1,700 does

the number rise of aspirants for admission to the Toledo Academy of Infantry. It surely cannot be said that martial ardor and patriotism are at a discount among our academic youth, especially seeing that such handsome sentiments are compatible with living at the expense of the State."

The New York "Emancipation" for this month-"A [bourgeois] Journal of Political Awakening"-sketches the present social situation as one of utter confusion and unrest, "the masses being continually goaded to conflict by the increasing army of professional agitators, and by the daily exposure of corruption." From which the inference is clear that the "Emancipation's" recipe for bourgeois emancipation from the agitators who are goading the masses o conflict is to suppress the exposures of bourgeois corruption. The "Emancipation's" goal is a state of things in which the bourgeois is to be emancipated of the annoyance of exposure.

There are at least six "public health" bills before Congress-and not one of them touches the issue. All of them are concerned with tinkering on effects, and are all careful to leave the cause removed, there would be no room for the graft that one and all of these bills are in promotion of.

Dr. J. C. Elsom's investigations, re-

MANIFESTO ON FINLAND

the so-called secial diseases; but,

ISSUED BY INTERNATIONAL SO-CIALIST BUREAU, BELGIUM.

Serious Situation Confronting Finns-Russia Riding Roughshod Over Rights of People-Launches Out in Direct Move Against Social Democracy-World Proletariat Asked to Be Alert and Lend Support to Stricken People.

On March 27, of this year, Nicholas II, Czar of Russia and Grand Duke of Finland, published a manifesto, by which, notwithstanding his solemn pledge, he abolished the Finnish constitution.

This is the second time that the Russian government has criminally attacked the public rights of Finland, and which causes universal reprobation throughout the civilized world. The Socialist proletariat especially has expressed to the Finnish nation, and again by this manifeste expresses its warm sympathy, because it is aware that they have to engage in a stubborn fight against Russian despotism: it will intervene as far as it possibly can, to protect Finland against her enemies because right is on the side of the oppressed nation, and not on the side of the perjured sovereign. The organized workingmen do not for an instant doubt the happy issue of the conflict. The Finnish nation has risen as one man! After a five hours' debate the Diet unanimously decided to refer the manifesto of Nicholas II to the constitutional commission, which, according to the most eminent jurists of all countries, will not have the slightest trouble in showing the illegality of this brutal and cynical action.

Finland's Rights Granted.

(within their knowledge of small-pox, | being confronted with the official circular issued by the Secretary of the cholera, plague, etc., "or any Ohio State Board of Health specifiother disease dangerous to the public cally naming venereal infections as health." Venereal diseases are not "both contagious and infectious," the among the diseases specifically enumerated in the statute. Mayor Beard came out candidly with its real objection to the enforcement of the Niven construed them to be covered law It said that although the disby the clause "or any other disease dangerous to the public health." eases were infections any attempt to re-Agreeable to this construction, the port them would lead to the gravest Mayor issued a warrant for the ar- | social consequences in that many homes rest of a leading physician who falled would be broken up should publicity be

to report a case of syphills which he given to this class of diseases. It is the hour of danger that wrings had been treating. The issue was the truth from the chest of Hypocthus presented for the construction risy. The truth has been wrung, of the law. The Mayor maintained that the statute was clear, and, under through the Ohio State Board of it, failure to report cases of venereal Health, from the chest of the Hypodiseases was a violation of the law crite Class whose social system pollutes the family, yet have the brass which prescribes the duties of physito pose as the guardians of the "purclans. The State Board of Health held a different opinion. It held the ity of the home." statute never was intended to cover

> ating point of these attacks was the legislation of Russia to Finland. In order to break down all resistance, he

appointed Bobrikoff, of sad memory, as dictator. In 1901, acting on his own wish he attempted to abolish the existing military legislation, and tried, by administrative means, to force his own liberticide conception on the country. The people of Finland resisted stubbornly. The conscripts went on strike and dissatisfaction increased. Czarism was obliged to temperize and finally to give way. During the days of October 1905,

the working class of Finland joined the industrial proletariat of Russia in proclaiming the general strike. The dictatorship gave way, the ukases were withdrawn, the Russian efficials disappeared and the manifesto of October 22, November 4, 1905, proclaimed the "return of legal order." The Diet of estates also capitulated, and the result of this struggle was the victory of universal suffrage for men and women, proportional representation, democratic system of a single chamber, liberty of assembly, of association and of the press. All these laws and constitutional guarantees were confirmed by the Czar Nicholas II, by solemn act of July 1906. Social Democrats' Activity.

The Social Democracy was not satisfied, as the bourgeois class was, with these reforms. It tried to effectively improve the condition of land and industrial laborers, but collided with the narrow minds and the egoism of the governing class. Nevertheless, during the session of 1907-1909, it caused to be voted and passed the law concerning bakeries limiting the working day to a maximum of 48 hours per week and prohibiting night work; the law protecting

If it is still necessary to prove that agricultural laborers as well as small

PRICE: TWO CENTS. One Dollar Per Year

I. W. W. LEADS STRIKERS. 1,300 Men of Malleable Iron Company Demand Higher Wages.

Detroit, Mich., May 22 .- Thirteen hundred men employed by the Malleable Iron Company went on strike here to-day for higher wages. The men, under the guidance of the Industrial Workers of the World, are showing a fine spirit. The I. W. W. is leading this fight and is forming an effective organization.

H. Richter, Secretary-Treasurer I. W. W.

SPOKANE WAITERS STRIKE.

Hit Bosses a Most Sudden Body Blow. Spokane, Wash., May 14 .- The cooks, waiters, and waitresses of this city, to the number of 650 and organized in the American Federation of Labor, went on strike Wednesday for a six-day week, abolition of fines and bona fide recognition of the union. Seventy dining houses are affected, among which are the chief eating places in the town. On the employers' side the fight is being conducted

by the Hotel and Restaurant Keepers' Protective Association. This strike has been suddenly precipitated, and the union is rather to be congratulated on its decisive action to that extent. About a year ago

"contracts" had been entered upon by which the employers agreed to the closed shop, but they never lived faithfully up to them. Non-union help was continuously hired. Seeing this, the Waiter' Union held a meeting Tuesday evening, and there and then decided to give the bosses to 12 o'clock noon next day to sign a new agreemnet with demands already mentioned.' Failure to comply with this request caused the

strike. Of course, the employers are now howling that the men broke their contracts, but these return the charge. Not so happy is the union's action with regard to the employment of Chinese and Japanese cooks and waiters The organization demands the exclusion of the latter from jobs, and thus its cry of "none but union men to be employed" acquires another significance. In this instance the union is deliberately excluding a valuable ally from membership. It forces those workmen to stay in the category of non-union, and further increases the infamy by calling them scabs if they should accept employment in the struck places. Yet it has not been reported that these Orientals have

taken such jobs. Thus these A. F. of L. bodies out here on the coast repeatedly expose the fact that they are not in a true sense a labor organization, and thus is also seen that the Socialist party, by taking up this A. F. of L. cry against Asiatics is fostering a labor disrupting movement instead of insisting on a labor solidify ing program.

I. L. U.

THE S. P[.] "Congress" TAKES USUAL DODGING POSITION

ON IMPORTANT TOPICS.

Committee on Immigration Submits Report Straddling the Question-Final Adoption Shows Further Shift-Industrial Unionism Also Evaded-A. F. of L. Safe Again.

Chicago, May 21 .- The Socialist party congress which opened here last Sunday was in session all week, adjourning last night. Among the more interesting matters taken up were attitude on immigration and attitude on unionism.

The report of Committee on Immigration was read by Hillquit, N. Y., for the majority. It was the regulation Hillquit don't-scare-off-anyvotes-now-for-we-have-lost - enough report, just a rehash of the same old slag. There is no particular objection to the S. P. taking the exclusion stand that one knows of, if they will do so honestly; but to do it in the name of "Marx," "Engels," the "Class Struggle," and "International Solidarity' brands the majority of the committee either hypocrites or fools. I have seen enough of them to know

they are not fools. A minority report was read by Spargo. He read the Stutigart Resolution and agreed upon that as the correct position.

The big "guns," Unterman, Wanhope. Hunter, Berger, and the other champions of "Constructive Socialism" and "practical politics" did not have on the question of immigration the smooth sailing it appeared Sunday they would have. Their majority report committed their party flat-footed to exclusion of all Asiatic labor. Spargo's minority report re-affirms the Stuttgart resolution, but insists as a principle on the right to exclude races "when necessary," but "since it is not necessary yet," is op-

posed to exclusion. Hillquit's substitute straddled the issue, leaving a loophole by expressing opposition to "mass immigration" caused or stimulated by capitalists," etc. Lee, to make substitution plainly committal to exclusion in nearly as broad a sense as the majority report, submitted an addition to hmquit's substitute to that effect. The battle in this discussion raged nearly two days. Finally at the last hour, Hillquit-arguing against Lee'r and other propositions-introduced a further amendment so as to make it read. "mass importation caused and stimulated by capitalists," etc., instead of "mass immigration." This he claimed would place the S. P. squarely on the Stuttgart resolution. Why, if that was his purpose, he did not move the Stuttgart resolution itself, he did not 'explain. Roll call killed Lee's exclu-



method of removing the remains of	for retrain, whooping it up for the	bit of the sensituates that dishan	right is on the side of Finland, it will	farmers; the law improving condition of	· · ·	sion appendix by ninety-nine against
the battleship will be by blowing it to	man-killer as she "took the water."	sulting in the conclusion that dishon-	suffice to recall the conditions under	schools. The Diet voted a series of	MURDERED IN STEEL MILLS.	Lee, Dan White, John Work and three
pleces and removing it plecemeal' is		est men fall short in physical require-	which the State of Finland was at-	other laws, notably the municipal elec-		more. Hillquit's amended substitute
one of the expert opinions given on	It must be a great satisfaction to see	ments, are big with meaning. Ma-	tached to the Russian Empire, without	toral law, based, in spite of a few re-	Charge Made by A. F. of L. Lobbyist	carried by fifty-five to fifty. It is evi-
the matter. The blowing to pieces of	"the Law vindicated"as she was in the	terial conditions are the foundation	for an instant ceasing to preserve its	strictions, on universal suffrage of the	to Senate Committee	dent that the Socialist Labor Party
the remains of the Maine and remov-	instance of the acquittal of Fritz A.	of conduct. Man needs something	autonomy.	two sexes; a law for labor protection	and the second	press and agitation has had its effect.
ing them piecemeal will also blow to	Heinze. It requires just such a conspicu-	more than bread; 'tis true; but he	During the whole of the 18th century	fixing a maximum of 60 working hours	Washington, May 20 Steel manufac-	The resolution in its present form
pieces and remove piecemeal the evi-	ous instance of multi-millionaire vindi-	needs bread first, or all else is to no	Finland was the scene of sanguinary	per week, prohibiting children from	turing concerns in Pennsylvania were	reads:
dence that the wrecking of the battle-	cation to reconcile one to the innumer-	purpose. Better is a live dog than a	conflicts between Sweden and Russia.	work and limiting night work and wo-	characterized as human slaughter houses	"The Socialist party of the United
ship was committed, not by the Ha-	able small fry instances when the Law is	dead lion.	But in 1809 under date of March 27, she	men working; but these laws are still	and it was charged that in the hospitals.	States, favors all legislative measures
vana authorities, as claimed, but by	trampled out of shape, and beyond recog-	THE AND MAN THRUPS WITH	accepted Czar Alexander I as Grand	awaiting the grand-ducal sanction.	wilful murder was committed on the	tending to prevent the immigration of
Washington agents, in order to fur-	nition, to the point of being called what	WHAT ONE MAN, IMBUED WITH	Duke, who, the day before, had signed		theory that dead men were less expens-	strikebreakers, and contract laborers,
nish a pretext for the war that Sugar	Senator La Follette called it, a "black	THE TRUE S. L. P. SPIRIT, CAN DO	the act of guarantee of the fundamental	The Socialist fraction of the Diet has	ive than cripples at a hearing before	and the mass importation of work-
and Standard Oil Trust Interests de-	art."	Here is a good piece of work for the	laws and, on March 29, in the presence	not for an instant ceased its opposition	the Senate Committee on Public Health	ers from foreign countries, caused or
manded.	and the second	Movement performed by T. C. Pope, a	of the Diet, the new sovereign repeated	to the policy of weakness of the middle	and generative , and , and	stimulated by the employing classes
	The latest journalistic venture of the	member of the Daily People 10th Anni-	his pledge solemnly proclaiming the in-	class, who imagined that they could pur-	with the Owen bill providing for the	for the purpose of weakening the or-
The shrinking soap-bubble of the so-	so-called Socialist party, "The Next	versary Club, and a lone sentinel of the	violability of the Finland constitution.	chase peace at the price of a few con-	creation of a Department of Labor and	ganization of American labor, and of
called Socialist party now calls its na-	Step," of the 10th of this month, pub-	S. L. P. at Pecos, Texas,-he sends \$7.00	This declaration was republished on	cessions. The reaction of St. Petersburg	Treaten and contract in the second	lowering the standard of life of the
tional convention a national "Congress."	lished in Chicago, has a paragraph that	for 16 subs to the Weekly People; \$5.00	April 4, in a manifesto to the inhabit-	desired the destruction of the State of	Arthur E. Holder, legislative agent of	American workers.
The inflation of the name is sympto-	starts with this bold sentence: "No	for the Operating Fund, and \$1.50 for	ants, and sanctioned by all Alexander	Finland, but the whole nation united to		"The party is opposed to the exclu-
matic. On the same principle that the	fusion nor confusion," and closes recom-	Labor News literature. There are some	I's successors, and especially confirmed	oppose this scheme. Three times the		sion of any immigrants on account
more depraved a person's morals be-	mending the candidature of the bour-	S. L. P. Sections that we know of who	by Alexander II in 1803. The Diet of	Czar dissolved the Diet, with the object	was sitting in the office of a Pennsyl-	of their race or nationality, and de-
come, all the more prudish does his lan-	geois candidate for election commission-	would surprise us did they do as well as	estates was again assembled and oper-	of disqualifying the Parliament, of un-	vania member of Congress and was in-	mands that the United States be at
guage grow, the smaller a thing be-	er, Ellis Meredith. "The Next Step's"	this intrepid comrade.	ated without interruption, an emanation	dermining the opposition of the nation	formed that in the hospital of one of	all times maintained as a free asylum.
comes, all the bigger grows its 'name.	next step will be to walk off the Social-	and the second	of an autonomous state, possessing a	and of repelling Socialism. He did not	the Pennsylvania steel concerns wilful	for all men and women persecuted by
It is a human instinct, with the weak,	ist plane, and, along with the rest of its	THE HISTORICAL BASIS OF SOCIAL-	special legal and monetary organization,	wish Socialism to develop at the gates	murder was committed when it was	the governments of their countries,
of course, to seek to gain in bombast	party tumble down into chaos.	ISM IN IRELAND.	legislating interior affairs without in-	of St. Petersburg. He did not intend to	a second s	on account of their religion, politics,
for what is lost in substance. Though	and the second	We are now able to supply the pam-	terference of any kind, and taking reso-	tolerate as Grand Duke, that which he	sompany to make a set	and race."
the Socialist party's career has been	The Senate of this State is tugging at	phlet: "The Historical Basis of Socialism	lutions, which, by the sanction of the	kept down as Czar. But at each election	Pres.	When Industrial Unionism came up the
calculated to prove the concern's for-	the wrong end of the cord with its "Ac-	in Ireland," by Thomas Brady, issued by	Grand Duke, became legal. In 1878 the	Socialism increased. It conquered 80	Senator Smoot asked the name of the	majority report was championed by Lee
eignness to Socialism, its change of the	cident Bill." The way to go about it	the Socialist party of Ireland. The price	Diet of estates drew up a law concerning	seats in 1906, 83 seats in 1908, 84 seats		It was the old dodging on "neutrality."
name of its convention into a "Con-	is to repeal the late lamented Judge	is 5 cents a copy.	military service, enacting that the in-	in 1909, and at the last elections of	was the Bethlehem Steel Company, ' He	The minority report commends the or-
gress" at least attests its kinship to	Bartlett's decision concerning "obvious	New York Labor News Co.,	habitants of Finland should serve in the	February 1, 1910 the Socialist candi-	also said that one manufacturing con-	ganization of labor along industrial lines,
human foible.	risk." So long as the principle of that		army only in their own country, and the	dates obtained in the whole country	cern in Ohio was reported to have "kill-	based on recognition of the class conflict,
and the second	decision stands, all Accident Bills are	28 City Hall Place,	right of passing such law was never for	314,031 votes, that is to say 40 per cent.	ed" 1,200 men in nineteen years.	but, in genuine S. P. style, does not op-
Upon his re-election as President of		New York.	an instant contested.	of the whole, attributing to the party	Watch the label on your paper. It	pose labor in any form of organization
the National Manufacturers' Associa-		The second s	Resistance to Czar.	86 seats out of 200.		in its struggle against the capitalist
ion on May 18 John Kirby, Jr., made	And the second	Until the workers know Socialism		The Russian Government, seeing that	expires. First number indicates the	class. Frank Cassidy, of Buffalo, sub-
a peech in the course of which he re-		they are the hopeless victims of Cap-	During the ninth and tenth decades of	(Centinued on more 5)	month, second, the day, third, the year	
mrked that "The Civic Federation is	speech, delivered on May 6 before the	Italism. Spread the lights	last century this autonomy was the ob-	(Continued on page 5.)	- month, second, the car, third, the years	

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WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1918.

gart resolution, which pointed to the impotence of the American Federation of Labor, as the craft organization, warned against by the Stuttgart resolution; stating that industrial unionism is alone able to cope with American capitalism, and is indispensable for the emancipation of the workers; that the Socialist party can not be "neutral" without condemning itself to impotence and betraying the cause of labor and calling for the endorsement of -industrial unionism as a principle and indispensable part of the class struggle; declaring it a duty of the Socialist party to agitate for it.

The usual debate resulted in twenty votes, including Morgan and Furman for the substitute: fifty-nine against: twenty-five absent. For the minority report: twenty-nine for; fifty-four against. The majority report was adopted without a roll call. Having thus left in the hands of Gompers, and the Civic Federation, the key which alone can unlock the chains binding American wage slaves to the capitalist Juggernaut, this convention of visionaries and "scientific" politicians rushed through some more work and ad-

journed singing the Marsellaise, cheering the social revolution, and Milwaukee. A number of the wage slave delegates said to have been in favor of industrial unionism, were, for lack of funds, forced to go home before the resolution on in-

dustrialism came up. The absence from the convention of Mayor Seidel, of Milwaukee, caused so much comment that a hurry call must have been sent for him to appear. He came Wednesday and presided at the three sessions on that day.

The report of the committee elected to study the farmer question, two years ago, and drawn up by A. M. Simons, 'Algernon Lee and Carl D. Thompson was read by the chairman of the committee, Simons. He explained that it was only a tentative report, that the committee felt that the question is "too deep" and "complicated" and "hard for a proper solution from a Socialist standpoint! They therefore, from the very beginning, did not insist on its adoption.

The report after a lengthy dissertation wound up with a regular tanglefoot platform for the farmers' vote. It was built by the S. P. organization in Oklahoma, and the test there showed that it is a "good vote catcher," so the managing powers wanted to spread the net outside of Oklahoma to cover all other States 'A characteristic and interesting discussion developed in which all kinds of elements participated, from clear cut proletarian to such as were protested against by some delegates as a burlesque. The man who was so characterized, Oscar Ameringer, of Oklahoma, appears to be a business agent of the brewery workers there, and was the very man that A. M. Simons urged be listened to as the best posted man on the farm question! The sentiment of the congress was against the unrolling of the farm net, as untimely just yet; hence practically without opposition the motion was adopted to return the report to the committee, and to add to the three members six more, "to study" the question for two more years and report at the next national convention.

The report which National Secretary Barnes made contains some interesting information. From that report I shall give for the present, for lack of time, only the financial account of the Na tional office. It states that the property of the party, as owned directly by the National office, represents a total of \$19,597.48, consisting in cash on hand, office furniture, and fixtures, literature in stock, etc. Against these assets the National office owes to organizers: John M. Collins, \$68.35; Lena Lewis, \$260.19; Anna A. Maley, \$345.86; John M., Work, \$406.22, and to C. J. Wright, \$4.00, making a total due to organizers, \$1,084.62, which with other debts makes total liabilities to be \$1,771.33. The net property owned directly by the party through the National office thus amounts to \$8.826.15. It is worth mentioning in this connection that the numerically considerably smaller "dead S. L. P." owns directly through its National Office in the shape of office furniture, and fixtures, the Labor News Company stock and Daily People printing plant, etc., net property to the amount of over \$20,000. But then the S. L. P. has not to squander its resources on a crowd of men and women who, as Debs confessed it, "live on their wits." Fall to, Socialist Labor militants. There is work to do.

Social Democrats Move Farther Away from Science and Draw Closer To Utopia.

MILWAUKEE ITEMS

Milwaukee, Wis., May 18 .- The Milwankee "Free Press" of May 9th in an editorial, publishes the following:

"A reader asks how it is that the Free Press lends encouragement to the Social Democratic administration when it opposed the Social Democratic ticket during the campaign.

"Naive as the question is, we believe it is sincere and it should therefore have its answer.

"We opposed the Social Democrats in the late campaign because we believe that doctrinal Socialism is a dangerous thing.

"We realized that a Social Democratic victory in Milwaukee would be a tremendous asset to the Socialist propaganda, not only in this State but in the nation.

"Now that the party is in power we shall just as vigorously oppose any attempt on its part to introduce Socialism into our municipal government, but by the same token we would be remiss in our duty to the public if we did not support every plan or undertaking of the new administration which aims at the improvement of our government or the betterment of living and working condi-

tions in this city.-"Thus far neither Mayor Seidel nor any one connected with his administration has proposed any reform or innovation which is Socialistic in the doctrinal sense of that word.

"Every one of the recommendations made by the mayor in his message, whether dealing with administrative, financial or social conditions, could have been made by any up-to-date student of municipal problems-whether he were a Republican, a Democratic or a Social Democrat.

"There was not one recommendation in the list which the Free Press had not previously made in these columns, and a goodly share of them had been found in the last Republican municipal platform. "Along this line of its endeavor the Free Press will join hands with the Social Democratic administration, just as it would with any other administration

similarly minded. "The administrative, economic' and social reforms proposed are non-partisan, non-doctrinal, non-political; they merely seek to apply sound business sense, humanitarian sentiment and the principle of conservation in the government of a great city.

"It happens that in Milwaukee political conditions have so operated as to make the Social Democratic party the medium for attempting municipal reform. In other cities, where the demand for a new order has crystallized, one or the other of the old parties is not the general public. working along the same lines.

"We shall always oppose the spread of Socialism and denounce such of its methods of propaganda, such of its leaders, as we believe are hostile to American ideals, but we shall not oppose the labors of any Socialist, in or out of office, any more than those of any other political adherent, if those labors appeal to us as conducive to a better government and a better life."

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM OF CRAFT UNIONISM AT GOLDEN GATE.

SAN FRANCISCO LETTER

Queer Conception of What Constitutes. Loyalty to Labor Movement-Plumbers Restrict Apprentices-Unions Invest in Capitalist Enterprise.

San Francisco, May 17 .- By unanimous vote the San Francisco Brotherhood of Teamsters have decided to re-affiliate with the International Brotherhood. For the past eight years the local union has existed apart from the international body because as a labor paper says, "of a lack of confidence in the integrity of those who controlled it. Having established its is to tie one's hands.

loyalty to the local labor movement, all attempts to oust the union from the Labor Council on good constitutional grounds failed, the Council taking the position that it could not afford to lose a body of men whose trade union principles were beyond question." Said "unquestionable" trade union principles were exemplified in the late carmen's strike when this "loyal" union helped to break this strike by carting material for the construction of temporary quarters for the scabs so that the "loyal" carpenters' union could also show their strong

"union principles." The Plumbers' Union has re-affirmed its decision limiting the number of apprentices from one to each journeyman to one to five journeymen. This action will throw about 225 apprentices in San Francisco out of work. In the board of

Public Works, nine plumbers' apprentices who have passed the civil service examinations will lose their jobs. Several of the unions have invested

large sums of money in stock of the snarling at the Asiatics whom they forthcoming Panama-Pacific Exhibition. One of the unions, namely, the Electrical Union, has gone so far as to promise that they will not allow any strikes to don't desire economic emancipation interfere with the success of the underthey demand "white" economic slavtaking. No doubt the effect of the exhibition will be to cause a temporary at times to put their necks in the halwave of prosperity to sweep over the city and possibly the State, and thus attract a large number of workers from

other parts of the country. After the exposition is over this surplus supply of labor will come in very handy to the capitalist class and will better enable it to dictate its own terms.

The Grand Jury is investigating the methods of the so-called Fish Trust. From the evidence it appears that this trust has maintained high prices by dumping hundreds of tons of fish in the sea or by selling them to the glue works. The trust has been keeping a blacklist of dealers who refused to deal with them. Evidence also shows that, the cost of landing the fish at wharf is only two to three cents per pound, while the retail price is from 15 cents to 25 cents per pound. The investigation appears to have been instituted by the dealers and F. W. S.

S. D. P. position, it may be called diplomacy, or bringing about Socialism step by step.

The "Free Press" of May 14 has the following comment to make on Debs's speech at Superior, Wis .: "Eugene V. Debs addressed a Socialist

meeting at Superior the other, day and made no reference to recent events in

Milwaukee, whereat, according to the The "Free Press" is a staunch sup-



The Bakery Workers' Executive labor unions and "labor unions," and, Board has levied an assessment of | sad to say, only too many of those one dollar each for the months of terming themselves such are any-May, June, and July, to help mainthing but labor unions: they might as appropriately call themselves fire comtain the big strike of the New York city bakers. This union states that it panies, as far as the applicability of has on hand this year a bitter strugthe term is concerned. Here is the gle in the larger cities. At the pres-Cigarbakers' International Union givent time the official journal of this ing an account of its standing for order contains reports from a large 1909. Membership, 51,477; payment number of centres throughout the in sick, death and disability, \$425,267; strikes, \$20,000. Can a worse caricacountry, and the question uppermost with the memebrship is that bane of ture of a labor union be imagined? contracts. Wage scales are perfect-Yet these men have the audacity to ly proper, but to demand "contracts" Twenty-seven thousand railroaders are having their demands for a twelve tion of their cripples!

> The problem of how to make their members take an interest in their unions is a question agitating many A. F. of L. organizations. The "Labor Leader" of May 14, organ of the L'ancaster, Pa., Central Labor Union, has a front page article in which the following statements occur:

to attend meetings of local unions Is one that has been uppermost in the minds of officers of many local unions for some time, and a number of them are seriously considering the establishment of a plan that will impose a fine on members for non-attend-

Hindus. Instead of attacking the ance. . . . "It is a well known fact that absentees from meetings are kept wholery, dissatisfaction and economic ly in ignorance of the aims and obwant, the California Asiatic Exclujects of the movement. . . . The sionites simply go .about snarling; old plan of holding smoke-talks, banquets, open meetings and other occamight organize and snarling at the capitalists because these won't accept | sions for the purpose of instilling enthusiasm into the absentees has done white" slaves. Really these "whites" a vast amount of good, but it has failed to accomplish the desired reery, and because they are not allowed, sults. . . .

"For these reasons, it is believed that the plan of fining members for non-attendance, or the establishment of a rebate system for those attending, is the proper solution for that perplexing problem."

These statements show how much trade unionists, as such, are interested in the labor question, or even in labor matters. Yet there are those who call themselves Socialists and argue that Socialists should confine their efforts to converting A. F. of L. trade unionists "because these mem bers are better material and easier There is one trade in Dallas, howto win for Socialism, since they take ever, in which the equanimity has been more of an interest in labor matters than a 'non-unionist.' "

> EVERY WAGE WORKER SHOULD READ IT.

IN ATLANTIC CITY Famous Seaside Resort Has Labor Movement, Such as It Is.

Atlantic City, May 15 .- This is probably the first report on the progress of Socialism in Atlantic City, N. J. Important as it is, it will throw a ray of light preceding the path of "Labor's Friend." For it should be known that

we had the "great" Rev. Charles Stelzle here to speak on the "Square Deal," and he was announced, paraded on the boards and advertised in the papers as "Labor's Friend." The labor forces were invited to turn out to hear Stelzle lecture. The meeting was in the Y. M. C. A. hall. Jews and Gentiles were freely bled to help to build this local institution, yet they were equally insulted by the lecturer's remarks.

I called at the headquarters of labor unions to find that little or nothing was known about "March of Labor." A later visit to the hall of the Y. M. C. A. revealed an audience of bald heads and bairless lips; not one workman or female was in the audience, a great gathering of labor! After the bald heads and hairless lips

had tried to sing the numbered hymns, the chairman, or master of ceremonies; said that a "great meeting," of which the speaker would give more definite information, would be held on the Million Dollar Pier.

The main attraction about the Rev. Stelzle with reference to the labor question is the fact that he has been through the woods. This brings me to wonder that after one has been "through the woods," i. e., the tenement houses, sweat shop system, etc., and emerges with scars and bruises, is he any more competent to direct another one to escape this suffering? Evidently the Rev. Charles S. is not. While he was talking about his experience of combatting the Socialist element in the labor movement he present ed an "argument" against a so-called Socialist, which he had constructed, and he

told us that that silenced the "Socialist." At this point someone in the audience said, "Well, he was not much of a Socialist if that argument made him sit down." The gist of the lecturer's philosophy is that man and his environment must be changed through Christ. "How about the Hebrews?" asked a voice in the audience. "I hope," said the speaker, "to deliver a lecture on Socialism in the near

In passing out through the reception room a remark was made. Why, if the principles of Christ, as advocated by the speaker, i. e., the selling of their property, by the rich men of Atlantic City and giving the proceeds to the poor of the city were seriously proposed by the Rev. speaker to the rich men of Atlantic City they would send him to Smith' Landing. (Insane section of Atlantic

I visited the meeting place of the Workingmen's Circle, Sick and Death Benefit Association, and learned that now there are two divisions of this society in this city: one partly "Socialist party," and one partly "Socialist Labor I met one man who has been under

Socialist instruction from a Presbyterian minister. He told me he had eight lessons from him. "What effect did the lessons have upon your grey matter?" I asked him. "Well," said he. "I used to

tion of the Labor problem throughout the world, because there is hardly any doubt that the great aggregation of stars advertized by the Rev. Charles S., at their meeting in favor of Human Conservation, on the Million Dollar Pier, will solve this interesting question. The theatrical profession has decided that this is the best ground to try out new productions. All new plays are staged here. Now the sociological freaks are determined to render their vaporings M. D.FitzGerald. here.

WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE

A N ADDRESS delivered by DANIEL DE LEON, under the auspices of the Socialist Women of Greater New York.

The author presents the subject historically, showing that Woman's Suff-rage is but a part of the Suffrage Question, which in turn is but a feature of Class Rule-the Modern Social Question.

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ter, they go about carrying a grouch. Great is pure and simpledom! Several lockouts are reported down Texas way. These occur at Bridgeport, where the brickmakers are hit;

at Waco, where the painters are affected; at Dallas, where the saddlers and harness makers are involved. In this latter city the sheet metal workers are asking for \$4 per day, and at Fort Worth the electricians demand a forty per cent increase per day.

W. L. Chambers of Washington,

away at the Japanese, Chinese, and

fundamental causes which create mis-

sadly upset. This is in the cigarmakers' business. These men were almost in clover, when along came the report that the keeper of the cigar stand in the city baseball park sold non-union smokers. Thereupon there was a dropping of jaws among cigarmakers. Now a holy crusade will be carried on against said cigar stand keeper, and if he doesn't come to time, divers black looks will be shot at him and his place will be accursed. And then the crusading cigarmakers will sink back to their beds of economic ease and plenty again, unconcerned about such

Does anyone wonder why there are only 2,000,000 workers organized in the American Fedération of Labor

nonsense as the labor movement.

1.2



ing of W. R. Scott, vice-president of the Southern Pacific Railroad, Tim "The question of getting members Shea, vice-president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Enginemen, and On the Pacific Coast the A. F. of L pure and simplers keep hammering

B. Reinstein.

SEND 35 CENTS. And get The Ideal City, Cloth, 377 Pages, and Flashlights of the Amsterdam Con gress, Paper, 167 Pages. Both will be sent postpaid for 35 cents. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. 28 City Hall Place. New York.

porter of capitalist U. S. Swator Ike Stephenson, The Wisconsin So. 1 Democrats are the ones ex-President Roose Ald. Berger." velt no doubt had in mind when he stated that "there were some Socialists, that we could work with." Mayor Seidel while an alderman in-

troduced a resolution , in the common council requesting that all widows who work for a living, be exempt from paying water taxes. This resolution has been declared unconstitutional by the Debs?

S. D. P. City Attorney Hoan. To show the revolutionary Socialists of America and Europe the calibre of the members of the Wisconsin S. D. P., I give a brief but pointed conversation between S. D. P. Alderman Mikkelson and some Danish Socialists. About January 15, this year Mikkelson, addressing Utopia."

some of the Danes, said: "If we didn't have the capitalist, who would run the West Allis shops? The S. D. P. wants to buy up the industries and have them controlled by the government." Theo. Petersen, 645 Reed street and Maius Christensen, were witnesses to this statement. No wonder the capitalist press lauds the S. D. P.

Here is another juicy incident. When King Edward died, a delegation of English citizens requested Mayor Seidel to put the city hall flag at half-mast. The flag was raised to half-mast in honor of his "nibs," the "beloved" King Edward If an S. D. P. man opened up on the S. L. P., the S. L. P. man could point af the city hall flag, and that would settle all arguments. But if viewed from the

Telegram, some of his auditors were disappointed. It can't be, can it, that Mr. Debs is jealous of Mayor Seidel and

This last sentence might have read nore correctly if it had been like this: "It can't be, can it, that Mr. Debs is ignoring Mayor Seidel and Ald. Berger?" Can it be possible that Debs now has enough backbone to openly oppose Berger, or is Berger "putting the blocks" to.

The S. D. P. city officials hold socalled conferences weekly, but not at the city hall. They hold these in a hall near the city hall: Here is where the lesser lights are disciplined on "tactics." It is apparent that Socialism in Milwaukee is "developing from Science to Alb. Schnabel.

ø Ø What S. L. P N Means VS. This

Strike? S. D. P Five Cents Five Cents Ø Ø N 28. City Hall M. Y. Laber News Co. Place, N. Y.

there are about 18,000,000 more workers outside its ranks? Surely if the A. F. of L. brand of unionism were such a beneficent thing those unattached could certainly see it. But they don't see it, and here's another reason why: Some months ago the men at the Bethlehem Steel Works struck for better conditions. The strike has just been "settled," and so have the strikers: of course, under leadership of that "mighty" A. F. of L. The men may return as near as possible to their old places within thirty days; at all times the Bethlehem Steel Company will receive the men individually and collectively, but not as representatives of organized labor, and they shall have the liberty to approach the president or officers of the company upon any subject. Wonderful liberty! Wonderful settlement! Wonderful American Federation of Labor. Nay, the unorganized workingmen are not a lot of numbskulls.

protect the workers. But there are





ROMAN CATHOLIC FATHER BROUGHT DOWN BY WELL AIMED SHOT.

By James H. Arnold, Louisville, Ken- "burdening the poor and needy" with "sin and sorrow." How tender and tucky.

"Baltimore, May 11 .- In his sermon, the "poor and needy"! Well, at least which was delivered at the high mass at St. Ignatius' . Catholic Church, Calvert and Madison streets, Father Keating also roundly scored Socialism as it exists in America to-day, and branded it as an insidious, cancerous growth, which, with its godless doctrines, was injecting its poison and venom into the roots of the civilization of this country and, burdening the poor and needy with crime, sin and sorrow."-Louisville Evening Post, May 11.

It is singular that the reverend gentlemen who, tilled with such holy zeal for virtue, holiness, religion, patriotism and prosperity can not find even one redeeming thing to the credit of Socialism. At least they ought in justice to credit it with furnishing them an inexbaustible theme for their most righteous condemnation. When they announce beforehand that they are going to deliver another lecture or preach another sermon against Socialism, the church is usually more crowder with people to hear Socialism again refisted. They ought to credit us with suppying them a means of drawing people to the church.

If Socialism is such an awfully bad fire as these reverend apologists of Focialism is such an awfully bad or vitalism would make the faithful believe, and if it is so essential to the peace and well-being of society that they refute and condemn its dangerous, revolutionary and "godless" tendencies, it is a wonder they do not emigrate, at least temporarily, to France, Italy and Spain, where, in spite of the fact that they have our holy religion at first hand to combat it, Socialism appears to be making considerable headway, and help their clerical brethren to check its dangerous progress.

The dear, reverend Father did not, it appears from the dispatch, tell his audience what the "poison and venom" is that Socialism is "injecting into the roots of our civilization."

I suppose it was an unintentional oversight on the part of the reverend Father. He meant to say: "The wicked Socialists are teaching the 'venomous and poisonous' doctrine that the land on which and the tools with which to work should be owned by the workers themselves as a class; that to put their class into possession of these essentials of labor and of life the workers must organize, build and equip their industrial labor union on the field of industry, and their party organization on the political field; that they as citizens have the same legal right to do this; that, as wage slaves, they have need to do it. These are the "poisons" and "venoms" the Socialists are "injecting into the roots of our civilization."

And this sort of "venom" and "poison" almost gives certain clerical anologists of capitalist exploitation attacks of rabies. If the reverend Fathers keep on in their warfare against the Socialist propaganda for the emancipation of labor, why, even the slowest to see among the workers will eventually grow suspicious, and begin to think the | tion" set up theirs, then the Methodists reverend Fathers are entirely too solici- would have no "misery and wretched-

Socialists raise the query, "How can the Workers of the World unite while the Tower of Babel blocks the way?" touching! What paternal solicitude for Such people proceed upon a wrong we Socialists did not make them "poor and needy." The capitalist rulers of society, for whom the Father pleads so powerfully, did that. And we feel quite

them, would forthwith exonerate us.

found for the "misery and wretched-

ness" of the poor? What were those

"remedies"? Where were they located?

Or is it barely possible that the "reme-

dies" were not found after all? What!

the very suggestion that no remedy was

found or established anywhere, after all

the Pope said in favor of it, and that

With the watchful eye of the Pope,

and the aid of scores of archbishops, of

hundreds of bishops, and tens of thou-

sands of zealous priests, and 250,000,000

loyal children of hers throughout the

world it would seem almost like blas-

phemy to ask the reverend Father to

devote some of his learned eloquence to

describing and locating a few of the,

no doubt, great many, "remedies" for

the "misery and wretchedness" that

pressed so heavily upon "the large ma-

jority of the very poor" nineteen years

ago when the Pope wrote that Encycli-

cal against Socialism. By this time it

surely ought not to be possible for the

wicked Socialist to find any "poor and

Christian world at once. I should think,

though, there must have been some-

laid down in his famous Encyclical up

there in New York, and Beston; and

they surely must have set up hundreds

of them in Spain, and Italy, and Bel-

gium. But over in Rome itself it would

seem from complaints coming from the

Vatican that the "Methodist Associa-

"remedy" for the poverty and "misery

den with "sin and sorrow."

the very poor."

of downright sin!

theory when they hold that internationally the worker is dumb, and hence helpless. Working class interests, the world over, speak eloquently in one language-the language of sure that the "poor and needy" totterclass solidarity.

THOUGHTS AND THINGS

By H. S. K.

The British League of Esperantist

ing under the heavy "burden of sin and sorrow," if asked whether we Socialists A Glasgow, Scotland, whiskey conto their knowledge have been heaping cern is advertising a special "Esperany burdens of "sin and sorrow" on anto Blend of Fine Old Scotch Whiskies, which, like the language of Es-Nineteen years ago Pope Leo XIII peranto, is ever increasing in popuwrote in his Encyclical on Labor: larity." This "well-known" "Esper-"There can be no question whatever anto blend" is offered at reduced rates that some remedy must be found, and to Esperantsts. Burns, on one occaquickly found, for the misery and sion, glorified whiskey by linking it wretchedness which press so heavily at with freedom, saying: "Whiskey and this moment on the large majority of freedom gang the gither," so why should not Esperanto "unity" be fur-Why don't the clerical apologists of thered by whiskey, whose language the existing social order tell us about all may comprehend? the remedies Pope Leo said must be

> An S. L. P. man tells me that he finds that the young men in the shop where he works are anxious for information along S. L. P. lines. This is cheering news. Keep in touch with the young fellows.

acts.

Halley's comet has been made reit must be found quickly, is little short sponsible for the weather, sore throats, etc. Another thing that must be credited to it is the discovery by a handful of Single Taxers that the "psychological moment" has now arrived for the organization of an American Single Tax Party.

> It has been explained to me that the Socialist party people are also great on "psychology." It is with preconceived nonsensical theories of "psychology" in mind that they produce their literature. That is why it lacks directness; their theory of "psychology" teaching that the people can be unconsciously made Socialists by unwittingly absorbing Socialism.

needy" anywhere in the world to bur-They argue like the advertising man, who plasters his ad everywhere, To my knowledge no "remedy" for that one cannot fail to have impresthe poor has been established here in sions made upon his brain without Louisville since the Pope's Encyclical any very great amount of argument was written; and yet we have had conbeing necessary. This may be all very well in pushing "esperanto blend" siderable poverty, and misery, and whiskey, or other commodity, but it wretchedness here. But I reckon, of "don't go" when it comes to furthercourse, they couldn't establish "remeing a social revolution! dies" for the poor all over the whole

Then, again, the advertiser is more psychology-logical than the S. thing done in the way of carrying out the Pope's recommended "remedies" as P. The advertiser blazons the name of his article and burns it into one's mind so that there will be no danger also in Philadelphia and Chicago. And of one's asking for a rival brand. The S. P., on the other hand, is so indefinite in its Socialism that it ofttimes leads inquirers into the bourgeois radical reform shons, where they are assured there is something to be tion" has also endeavored to set up a had. "just as good."

and wretchedness" that has been Socialism can never make headway pressing so heavily upon the very poor with such advocates. They are too of the Pope's own city! The Pope ought much under the spell of capitalist deto have got his "remedy" in working ceitfulness, depending largely upon order before the "Methodist Associafooling the people into this or that situation. The advocates of Socialism ust be brave men net afraid to

A GIRL

BY ALEXANDER RALPH.

The girl was very commonplace and may be. The writer, being a sagacious individual, thinks that this pecuperhaps somewhat ignorant, otherliar psychological phenomena might wise she would not have "slung hash" profitably be pondered upon by the at "The Corner." "The Corner" was profound and philosophical Society of one of those places which seductively Psychic Research. However that may waft out heavy grease odors in order be, the girl went about her work singing and cheerful. Some of the old to entice into it's toils the proletarian customers who had never seen anypasser-by. Inside everything seemed thing in the girl now took notice. Some saturated with grease. The tables even began to pay attention to her. were smooth and slippery with it, the Of course she would none of them. walls shone even where the fly specks One day she surprised the proprietor were the thickest. The head of the with a somewhat shame-faced request little bald-headed man who sat behind for a day off. At first the little baldthe cash register glistened like a highheaded man was very angry. He ly polished ball. He was proprietor, never had a day off. If she wanted a cashier and manager all in one. As a day off she could quit that's what she Socialist I am loath to say it, but could do. But as the girl obstinately candor compels, he was the hardest insisted and he remembered the trouworked man in the place. However, bles he had had with previous girls. there was only one other man there, to he finally relented with the air of one wit, the cook. A shiftless individual who is making a great sacrifice. that cook who blamed the heat of his The day of liberty was spent with calling for his great failing, drink. I him of the immaculate cuffs. She think it is Nietsche who says that the probably would have told you' that it weakling always blames conditions for was the happiest day she had ever his shortcomings, while the strong known. They took an excursion boat ever accept full responsibility for their and went up the river. To her this seemed a dangerous voyage fraught Well, this cook had to be on hand at with all manner of perils. Do not four in the morning. This fact made sneer. If you got your idea of navihis life far more regular than it would ration from the nickel shows, you have been otherwise. He always got would perhaps think the same way to hed at midnight. The girl did not about it. She had never seen the open have to show until five, but she was country outside of the moving pictures very busy as soon as she got there. and its freshness delighted her. The The proletariat are early risers, and cattle with their great true eves and naturally partake of their morning slowly munching mouths were a meal betime. The girl was kept on a source of tireless marvel to her. He trot bringing bowls of what, to the was rather bored by all this and uninitiated, would have looked like. drank a good deal of beer to break smelled like, and tasted like glue. The the monotony. It was moonlight on bill of fare informed one that it was the river when they came back. They mush, free with twenty cent orders.

sat far forward on the boat, their For the rest, the patrons mostly conarms entwined about each other. The sumed eggs any style except scramvessel steadily churned through the bled. It is rather difficult to tell the silver causeway that the moon had condition of a cold storage egg when laid for it on the surface of the wascrambled. All of the patrons drank ters. The plaintive murmur of the what they euphoniously called coffee; disturbed river was, for a while, the The writer, being a wise man with a only sound perceptible. Then some very wide circle of acquaintances, one began to play a popular tune on among whom is a coffee roaster, a mouth organ. The girl and her beau knows that what they really drank hummed an accompaniment. The city was a beverage concocted from a with its yellow lights came into sight pulverized mixture of roasted white all too soon. bread, cheap chickory, carvansa beans, The next day was a horror to the California cull figs and perhaps ten

girl. Never before had she felt the drudgery of her position so keenly. She went about her work, sullen and silent She felt a whole lot better in the afternoon when the beau showed After that she managed to get off

about once every two weeks. Always after these days of liberty she was very taciturn and morose. The little bald-headed man was very angry about it and often said that she must mend her manners or get out. She said simnly. "Get another girl."

time."

was denied me."

for these two hours. Then came the One morning she did not show up noon rush. From two till four she at all. Nor the next and next. The was off duty again. These free hours man with the cuffs was glso missing. she spent at the moving picture shows The cook who read the vellow journals where she sometimes wept at the sad faithfully was of the opinion that they things there depicted and very often had run off and got married, or that laughed at the funny ones. These for some unknown reason they had shows were her only amusement. You made a suicide pact and carried it can plainly see that she was not very out. The little bald-headed man loudrefined. Four o'clock found her back ly lamented the loss of a good worker. at her tables again. She was all One day a patron of the place who



Essays on the Materialistic Conception of History-By Antonio Labriela, Cloth, \$1.00.

Morals-

The Economic Foundations of

By Achille Loria, Cloth, \$1.25, Ancient Society: or Researches

gray hair. One man in particular to whom I had applied looked at me and laughed, saying "No, Santa Claus, nothing doing, come around at Christmas Socialism and Philosophy-"I was unable to get work and sup-By Antonio . Labriela. Cloth, port my wife and we have drifted \$1.00. apart and I have no idea where she The Physical Basis of Mind and is now. Maybe it is just as well as she may not learn of this disgrace. I was forced to steal to eat when work By M. H. Fitch. Cloth. \$1.00. Francis was convicted of stealing Societyan overceat from a lodging house. in the Lines of Human Prog-For the Propaganda ress; from Savagery Through Barbarism to Civilization-We have the following Leaf-By Lewis H. Morgan. Cleth,

3

would have no "misery and wretched- ness" to take advantage of in making proselytes of the poor Italians to the heresy of John Wesley. Hope the good Father will favor us with another sermon soon. They are so interesting!	The workers will as soon absorb Socialism through their pores, as through the "brain impression" meth- ods of the S. P.	through for the day at ten. Thus for some time she held the well ordered tenor of her way. Then something happened which poetic peo- ple tell us happens to beggars and to princes, to workers and to idlers, to wise men and to fools. She fell in love. He wore a light striped suit such	was credited with being "sport," came to the proprietor and told him some- thing which made him raise his usual- ly sleepy lids. The "sport" had sent the girl in one of the resorts in which he spent a goodly portion of his time and money. She was doing well enough from her own statement. Yes,	We have the following Leaf- lets ready. Roplenish your stock on hand at \$1.00 per thousand, postage prepaid: 1. THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM. A few observations on it from a Socialist Standpoint.	By Lewis H. Morgan. Cleth, \$1.50. Capital: A Critical Analysis of Capitalistic Production— By Karl Marx. Cloth, \$2.00. Paris Commune— By Karl Marx. Cloth, 50 cents.
Two Pages From	Here is something new on Evolu- tion. An S. P. man told an S. L. P.	as one sees in the show windows of the cheaper clothing stores. His face was very pale, and above it his glis- tening bangs were flattened down	the young man with the cuffs was a cadet. But she held nothing against him for that. Anyhow her present situation suited her better than the	2. THE WORKING CLASS. Why it must be the Requising Ground for the Socialist Mrmy. 3. THE GOVERNMENT.	History of the Commune of 1871
1 Flebs Leaders and Labor Leaders.	one that S. Pites knew, as well as the S. L. P., that craft unionism was played out, "but," said he, "we have to reckon with evolution." "In what way do you mean?" asked the S. L. P. man. "This way," answered the other, "we must let the workers learn by experience the insufficiency of pure and simple unionism, then they will know what to do." That was his excuse for the S. F. conduct of up-	close to his skull. He wore a large imitation diamond in his lavender tie. But all these points of beauty were as nothing compared to his one great charm. Among all the patrons of the place, he was the only one who wore cuffs. He seemed to be attracted to the strong built, heavy featured girl as soon as he became a patron of the place. A friendship which consisted	one she had left. So you can see that she was a very depraved character and we cannot but agree that her present low and shame- ful estate is entirely due to her own wickedness. FOR THE HOME A BEAUTHUL PRINT	 THE FOWERING Agency must be captured by the Working Class. SOME OBJECTIONS Raised against Socialism by Capitaliam—The Answer. LOGIC OF SOCIALISM. Why & must succeed Capitalism. CAPITALIST JUGGERNAUT It grinds out and then grinds down the Wage Worker. SOCIALI JUSTICE. That will be the conservations of the Socialist Republic. PATRIOTIOM. Only the Socialist idea can promote the irue sort. 	cents. Wage, Labor and Capital (Includes an address on Free Trade)-By Karl Marx. Cloth, 50 cents. The Ideal City By Cosimo Noto. Cloth, 75 cents. The Right to Be Lazy, and Other Studies By Paul Lafargue. Cloth, 50 cents. N. Y. LABOR NEWS CO., 28 City Hall Place, New York.
A 96-page pamphlet selling at Fifteen Centa. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS COMPANY	wayfarer instead by a path that led him into a quagmire, and then tried to dignify such treachery by calling it "evolution." "Why don't you," said S. L. P., "also lead the workers into	think all the world is brighter and better because, forsooth, they have met Charley or Mary, as the case	Size 16x22 Inches. PRICE: TEN CENTS.	NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. 28 CHy, Hall Place, New York.	AGE OF REASON. By Thomas Paine. The book that for a hundred years
as the label on you- paper. It expires. First number indicates the ell you, when your, subscription manufic second, the day, third, the year.	The S. P. where it does not posi-	lence. The S. L. P. agrees with Co- leridge, that "truth should be spoken at all times, but more especially at those times when to speak truth is dangerous," for then 'tis needed.	N. Y. BABOR NEWS CO., 28 City Hall Place, New York.	The New York Labor News Company is the literary agency of the Socialist Labor Party. It prints nothing but sound Socialist literature.	the preachers have been vainly trying to answer. Cloth, Price 50 Cents. NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO. 28 City Hall Place, New York.

per cent. of low grade coffee. Price,

eight pounds for a dollar. Dr. Wiley

would probably approve of this bever-

age since it contains so little caffeine

and hence would not tend to make

coffee drunkards of those who used it.

vender of the proletariat. What con-

cerns us is the waitress. After the

early morning rush there was not

much to be done for the balance of

the forenoon, and from nine to eleven

she was off duty. She generally slept

But what have we to do with thepro-



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SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1910.

In many realms the Fool Can sleep no wink for care, While yet the spendthrift snores When dawns the morning fair. -DICKINSON.

EUSAPIAN, OR THEODORIAN ? Loudly are the rumblings still heard of the alleged exposure of the celebrated 'spiritualist medium Eusapla Falladino; and, simultaneously, the subject that seems to have seized the public fancy most forcibly in Mr. Roosevelt's procession through Europe is the scene of himself and the Kaiser watching the sham fight of 12;-000 soldiers from the heights of Mill Hill near Potsdam.

By providential accident the two events coincided-and greatly they illumine each other.

Eusapia, who claims to levitate tables, to produce breaths, and to materialize departed souls, is said to have been "caught at her tricks," and learned professors and dapper reporters are full of "explanations" of what they term the false pretences of Eusapia, while equally enthusiastic upholders of the medium sing her praises and swear by her sincerity .--This much for Eusapla.

Theodore, our own Theodore, Theodore I, otherwise known as Theodore Roosevelt, the winner of the Nobel prize as a "peacemaker," and fresh from a visit to the Scandinavian capital from which the prize was awarded him, is reported to have "shouted with joy," at the spectacle of 12,000 men going through the evolutions of slaughter.

Who is the sham-Eusapia, the alleged "table-tipper," or Theodore, the alleged "peace maker"? And, looking from the central figures to their admirers, what name should this age bear?. Shall it be called the Eusapian, or the Theodorian Age? Either name will designate fittingly the Age of Sham-of Humbugger and Humbuggees.

A MONTH OF SEIDEL.

Without retracting a word of what was said in these columns, or in any way qualifying the same; on the contrary, by reason of, and based upon the criticisms passed upon last month's Mil-

equal dignity, equal glory, and equal Sancho was thrown down; the hosts distinction.

That a revolutionary Movement should at some date be affected by the

phatically in the negative.

columns, and truthfully said, against

the Socialism of the last April's Milwau-

kee Social Democratic victory, the fact

remains that the victory was won under

the flag of Socialism. There ARE evils

that will arise to Socialism from this

fact; but these evils should be no cause

to overlook the advantage that has been

gained for Socialism in the spectacle of

self-control, in other words, in the ab-

sence of Insolence, on the part of the

Milwaukee officials who took possession

on the 19th of last month. This is a

solid gain for the revolution; a gain,

which, having been made, however in-

accurately, in the name of Socialism-

how inaccurately may be judged from

the Mayor's act of putting the flag of

the City Hall at half mast on the death

of Edward VII, not to mention other

instances .- Socialism is justified .- to

seize, and to profit by-and correspond-

ingly to acknowledge thankfulness for.

THE ITCH OF RULE.

While sycophants of royalty have

no intention other than to flatter their

rulers by harping on the string that

'King Edward, dying, still governed,"

what they do, in fact, is to lay their

finger upon a disease verw much re-

sembling an itch, and which may be

Like all diseases the Itch of Rule

is one of the manifestations of the

ills that the flesh is prone to, under

favorable conditions. Cervantes, though

neither a physician nor a sociologist,

first discovered the ailment, and re-

corded its ravages on the mind of the

Sancho was the exact opposite of

his master. While Don Quixote pur-

sued a life of abnegation, living in a

world of his own imaginings, his

lackey Sancho was of the earth

earthy, with a dash that not infre-

quently accompanies such makeups-

the dash of low cunning. A certain

nobleman having quickly sized up both

master and man decided to play a

prank upon Sancho. His master had

often promised him the lordship of

some vast domains, which he con-

fidently expected some day to take as

the spoils of battle from some wicked

giant or other. The nobleman in

termed the "Itch of Rule."...

immortal Sancho Panza.

until. - these having had their fill of infant complaint of Insolence, is infun, shouts of "Victory!" "Victorious evitable. It is in the order of things. is our brave Governor of Barataria!" In this country a sinister circumstance were heard. Lights were re-lighted. Sancho was picked up more dead than contributed to nurse, to foment, to inalive. He remained unresponsive to cite, to spread the malady. Due to the very law of its existence, the Socialist all the flattering remarks upon his party had to and did become a breeder of the malady, which thereby became a veritable plague. Whereat Capitalism chuckled complacently. If only the discase could be, properly prolonged, the silent conviction would become rooted with the masses that the word Socialism was identical with utter unfitness for ORDER-for order, a conditio sine qua non of all progress, a condition that, the more revolutionary the progress, is all the more essential. Under these circumstances the Social Democracy of Milwaukee was voted into control of the city. The supreme question of the hour was would the Milwaukee victors

bravery, or to the reports of the thousands whom he slew, except sullenly to observe: "The enemies whom I slew may be nailed on my forehead." Finally, having recovered his legs, Sancho ordered his dutiful subjects to stand aside: walked out into the stable whither his ass had been consigned; kissed him: saddled him: and, remarking: "Poor we came to this government, poor we go out again," he resigned his rule, and rode out, lighthearted back to his master.

of "vanquishers" and "vanquished"

trampled over his prostrate, body;

But not for long. Sancho had not been long on the road before he hearkened back to the days of his glory, and sadness overcame himdemean themselves, like their Socialist "that thing of commanding and beparty cousins outside of Milwaukee, as ing obeyed is so nice!" All his trials a collection of Insolents? A month of were forgotten; only the glamour of Seidel has answered the question emrule remained. The Itch of Rule broke out all over Sancho Panza. Despite all that has been said in these

And so with the dying Edward VII. It is a fierce malady, this Itch of Rule -a malady which,-as the Black Plague of the middle ages was throttled to death only when hygienic conditions deprived the disease of its breeding ground-will continue to afflict the human race until the advent of true Democracy, that is, of popular economic freedom.

SLUMMERY SELF-CONFESSED.

Boris Reinstein, the National Executive Committeeman of the Socialist Labor Party for the State of New York, has in preparation a pamphlet upon "Shum Tactics in the Revolutionary Movement." The circumstance that suggested the subject to Reinstein was the posture struck by an element who bolted from the I. W. W., kept the old name, ran up the flag of Anarchy, and forthwith carned the name by .a series of acts so slummy, such, for instance, as the advocacy of theft as a revolutionary act, that they served to point the moral and adorn the tale of Slummery. And now, before Reinstein's treatise is completed, comes James Wilson, until recently the Editor of the Spokane "Industrial Bulletin," organ of the so-called I. W. W., with a 12-page Address that furnishes a vast amount of "inside material" to Reinstein's valuable work. Wilson's Address is prime. He was

one of the inner circle of the so-called I. W. W.-"I'm-a-bummery," .for short; a storm center in the Spokane "Free Speech Fight"; a "martyr," and all the rest. The Address is in the nature of "State's evidence." It confirms the worst that The People has argued of the crewand more, too.

The jail authorities of Spokane had been denounced by the I'm-a-bummery for cruelty-Wilson proves that all the suffering undergone by the members who were imprisoned was due to the peculation of the "Free Speech Fight" leaders. Wilson, upon this head, speaks of workingmen "who had been starved and afterward neglected by those in charge of the money given for the good of the Union men taking part in the struggle"; he writes of "the brutal neglect of those who should have been their [the imprisoned men's] natural defenders"; he mentions Fred. W. Heslewood as "receiving large sums of money ostensibly for the relief and defense of the men in jail, their families and dependents"; and he refers to this act of Heslewood, whom he calls the "agent of Vincent St. John" as an act of people who "ground our misery into dollars for selfish and foolish purposes": in confirmation of this conclusion he speaks of "several members having lost their lives and many having lost their health in the struggle." Wilson goes into further specifications on this head. He estimates the amount of moneys collected by Heslewood "at from \$10,000 to \$15,000"; this notwithstanding, he states in underscored type that, in many cases, the men who were discharged from jail, although sick and destitute, were refused help, food or clothing"; , and, finally, he closes this head with the question: "But what can be said after all this of Heslewood's brazenly refusing to allow his Union, 222, to audit his books?" Another head under which Wilson's Address may be subdivided is that of the "legal fight" for which moneys were called for incessantly. On this head he says that "as to the law end of the affair, it was not and could not have been anything but a farce and a graft of the

paper, "at the rate of \$100 per week. For what? God knows!" Finally, under this head, Wilson gives the interesting information that, having expressed to the Flynn-Jones woman the opinion that the legal fight be discontinued, his suggestion "was received with bitter opposition," and that St. John "thereupon advertised a fresh strike to take place March 1"the thing had panned out so well financially, that the beneficiaries hated to let

WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1910.

A third head of Wilson's Address may he called "The Treaty" with the Spokane police, which has been claimed as a "great victory." On this head Wilson says that a committee "called upon the Spokane Chief of Police, the Mayor and the Prosecuting Attorney and stated there never was any intention of calling a strike [renewal of the "Free Speech" riots] on March 1, and that they-the committee-were ready to submit to any terms required by the police unconditionally," and he adds suggestively that there should be an inquiry "narrowly and broadly into the whole matter of receipts and expenses, and of the final agreement with the Spokane authorities."

There is a fourth head into which the Address falls, and the peculiar tartness of which justifies mention of it. The Spokane strike, so-called, was broadly heralded as a "Free Speech Fight." Those acquainted with the element who conducted the affair know, of course, better, The facts, proving that crew to be every thing but apostles of so enlightened thing as Free Speech were recorded in these columns. Now comes one of the chieftains of that "Free Speech Fight.' James Wilson himself, and states that "free speech is not allowed an I. W. W.

the means the bogus or I'm-a-bummery concern] man while in jail, if it concerns the affairs for which he is actually in jail!" and he certainly illustrates the point with himself as a specimen-he was simply expelled, without a hearing, just so soon as he began to practice free speech upon his pals, the precious New Castle, Pa., "Solidarity" being in the conspiracy to suppress the facts, and float false information.

Of course, James Wilson is sore. He failed to receive his "martyr's" dividends. Himself a duper, he has fared as wouldbe dupers usually fare: was himself duped by his fellow dupers-just as each and all of them will successively fare at one anothers' hands. For all that, Wilson's Address is valuable. It will furnish important data for Reinstein's valuable work-incidentally the Address furnishes one more confirmation of a principle that is taking shape in the Labor or Socialist Movement of America: "Look out for the man or the body that turns against the S. L. P .- such an act, as the rattle of the rattle-snake announces the crawling thing, is an announcement in advance of corrupt schemes, kown by the schemers to deserve and certain to receive merited horsewhipping from the S. L. P."

"PHILANTHROPIST" JAILED.

Defaulting Treasurer Sentenced in Boston-Gave Y. M. C. A.'s Thousands.

Worcester, Mass, May 20 .- After a plea of guilty to thirteen of the fifteen counts in an indictment charging the larceny of \$104,000 from the Southbridge Savings Bank, John A. Hall, defaulting treasurer of the bank, was sentenced by Judge Robert T. Raymond in the Superior Court yesterday to serve not less

than twelve, nor more than fifteen years, in the state prison at Charlestown. Although he kept no records, Hall said he estimated the total amount of his stealings at about \$370,000. His conviction was on a charge of taking \$104,-000. Expert accountants who have gone over his books at the bank since the discovery of the shortage assert that about \$600,000 is missing. When asked by the court what he had done with the money, Hall produced a memorandum from which he read extracts showing, among other things, a gift of \$50,000 to the Southbridge Young Men's Christian Association for a new

WHICH IS THE TRUTH?

Among the official documents submitted at the Socialist party convention (they call it "Congress") now sitting in Chicago, is one by Victor Berger, entitled "Report of the Secretary to the International Socialist Bureau." The passage of the report concerning the application of the S. P. for both the American seats on the Burcau is as follows:

"Then the motion of your delegate came up to grant the Socialist party of America both of the two seats in the International Bureau. The chairman of the session, Comrade Vandervelde, was inclined to declare the motion out of order. He claimed that the Bureau had no jurisdiction in this respect and that the matter must be decided by the next International Congress, or, more correct. ly, by the American delegates at that congress.

"However, your delegate took the floor. He explained in a few words that the Socialist Labor Party had gone downward continually since the year 1898; that it now legally and practically had ceased as a party, and that it had only a nominal paper existence.

"Your delegate stated that the Socialist party had 42,000 members and cast 450,000 votes, while the membership of the so-called Socialist Labor Party could not be determined. However, at national referendum , they only cast about three or four hundred votes and their vote in the last presidential election was less than thirteen thousand. Your delegate, moreover, pointed out that under these conditions the Socialist Labor Party could at best be considered a propaganda club. And that as long as we had over ninety-seven per cent. of the total Socialist vote cast, and even a large percentage of the membership, it was ridiculously unjust and unjustly ridiculous to grant the Socialist Labor Party the same representation as we have, that is, one man each on the Bureau.

"Whereupon the representative of the Socialist Labor Party, a man by the name of Kretlow, who lives in Berlin, Germany (and whom nobody seemed to know, and least of all the German delegates), began to recite a long story that the Socialist party of America is made up of ex-preachers, lawyers, business men and bourgeois only; that it was not a workingmen's party and that all the workingmen were in the Socialist Labor Party.

"I did not answer any of these so called arguments, because it was plainly to be seen from the faces of those present that he made exactly the same impression on them as on me.

"Only when Mr. Kretlow claimed that we were fusing everywhere . with the Republicans and Democrats, I interrupt. ed with the words. 'That is a lie.'

"And by that time the patience of the chairman and of the Bureau seemed to be exhausted. Mr. Kretlow was told to sit down and the Bureau went on with its other business, with the decision that the matter of the election of the two secretaries for America should be left entirely to the American delegation in Copenhagen."

The official report, issued by the Bureau itself, in the "Periodical Bulletin of the International Socialist Bureau," No. 2, Page 43, is as follows:

"The Secretary-The S. P. requests the Bureau to grant them the two delegates for the United States and to withdraw the representative from the S. L. P.

"Berger-The secretary of our party has already in a letter stated his reasons, which I second. The S. P. has 44,- | out of nervous callers. Nor should from

ties, if these do not form an effective basis of resistance. The number of votes does not amount to anything. It is a mirage. Numerous members of the S. P. have had enough of the tactics of this party. Recently the Denver group resigned. In certain centres the S. P. has made common cause with the Democrats and the Republicans and has transgressed the resolutions of international congresses.

"Berger-That is not exact! "Kretlow-Remember St. Louis! I do not wish to divide the working class. My Party desires unity on the basis of the resolutions of Amsterdam. To this request for unity we have received a reply in the negative. Examine the publications of the acts of the S. L. P. Examine those of the S. P. You will see that we are sincere and devoted Socialists.

"Berger-I ask permission to reply. "The Chairman-I will consult the assembly. This debate is useless. I propose to refer the question to Copenhagen. (Adhesion.)

"Our agenda is exhausted. I beg to thank the delegates present and close the meeting. To our meeting at Copenhagen!

"The meeting was closed at 6.15 o'clock."

Not a few, it will be observed, are the serious discrepancies between the two reports. Among these discrepancies is that of "Kretlow being told to sit down" (according to Berger) and the shutting off of Berger (according to the Burcau's Bulletin).

Which is the truth?

SAFE THROUGH THE COMET'S TAIL!

'Tis not gladness, simply upon the score of our earth's having safely passed through the 24,000,000 miles long and 1,000,000 miles thick tail of Halley's comet without our vital organs being paralyzed by cyanogen gas, or our real estate suffering damage, that should cause our people to shout with joyous relief: "Safe through the comet's tail!" The occasion is cause for an intenser feeling of relief, for deeper and more thoughtful joy, for a mightier shout of "Safe, for all time, through the tail of

the comet of superstition!" Time was in the annals of man when such a visitor on high, as a comet, instantly gave birth, on earth, to another comet of body and tail surcharged with a gas infinitely more poisonous than cyanogen; a gas, begotten of ignorance, and fanned to flame by interested superstition, that paralyzed the intellect and asphyxiated thought.

What the effect of this particular, man-made comet, together with its tail, was at one time, and what its effect would still be to-day, had mankind not

long since safely crossed it, and crossed it for all time, as our immunity in this instance proves, may be judged by some of the incidents that accompanied the present apparition of Halley's cometincidents that are straggling vestiges of days gone by.

Abdul Hamid has been fasting, expecting the end of the world; in Callfornia, a man poisoned himself, wife and | galling experiences. five children to escape the "wrath to come"; in Italy, a wealthy peasant jumped off a cliff "running away from everlasting fire"; in San Remo, a man killed his wife and hanged himself "in dread of the day of judgment"; in this city soothsayers made sundry nickels



UNCLE SAM AND

BROTHER JONATHAN. BROTHER JONATHAN (looking as if the skies had closed over his head)-If I understand things right, your party-the Socialist Labor Party-will establish Socialism.

UNCLE SAM-Bet your bottom dollar it will!

B. J .- But that would be very bad.

U. S .- Inasmuch as to which? B. J .- Don't you see! Under Socialism no one would have a chance to set up a little shop, say a little grocery-

U. S .- One of those cockroach stores? B. J .- Well, call them "cockroach stores." They are cockroach stores, I'll admit. Nevertheless, the man who has one of them can on a summer day tip back his chair against his front door, take it easy, and boss things in his own shanty. And that surely is something. Under Socialism there could be no small stores. Big stores only would de the retailing. No one could have his own store. We all would have to be work-

ingmen. U. S .- You understand, don't you, that "workingman" under Socialism is not what "workingman" means to-day, under Capitalism?

B. J .-- Yes, I understand that. The workingman under Socialism is a free being-

U. S .- Who enjoys the full fruit of his labor; he is part owner in the Cooperative Commonwealth; he works under conditions that he himself has a voice in deciding-

B. J .- Yes; whereas now he has nothing to say upon that; the shop rules are determined by the employer, and the worker is treated as a galley-slave. I recognize all that. And yet-

U. S .- One moment! And you understand also, don't you, that the small shopkeeper is everything but a free man? B. J .-- I know there are many thorns to that rose.

U. S .- The small shopkeeper has to wear himself to a bone in order to make two ends meet-

B. J.-I know that.

U. S .- He is subject to a thousand and one vexations, inflicted upon him by the politicians-

B. J .- That's so, I know it! Though I am not a shopkeeper myself, my shopkeeper friends have told me some very

U. S .- The small shopkeeper travels on the ragged edge of ruin, carrying on a losing, hopeless competitive struggle against the large department stores-

B. J.-I know all that; and yet-U. S .- The existence of the small shopkeeper is bound up in petty things, and he is bound to find his mind and his family's mind warped by his pursuit

waukee victory, a month of the Social Democratic 'administration, which this day closes its first month, justifies certain conclusions which it is pleasurable to record. The Movement in Europe has far be-

hind it that dangerous period which the Labor and Socialist Movement of this country is just now in the toils of. The period may be called the "infant complaint" period, not because it is a period that affects infants, but because it is one that affects adults at the infancy of a Movement. . When adults are scized with diseases of infants the malady is more apt to be serious. The infant disease of the present Movement is Insolence. It is a vestige of the cubbishness of Anarchy, which clings to many a militant even aster he has outgrown all Anarchistic tendencies The disease of Insolence is the bane of organization. The Insolent interprets democracy to mean that all men are at all time fit for all functions. The Insolent, his mind obsessed with modern artificial conditions, has no conception of the dignity that attaches to any function which is a factor in the reaching of a common goal; obsessed with modern artificial conditions, the Insolent, accordingly, sees distinctions in ranks, wherefrom is bred a restlessness to "distinguish" himself, not in that for which he is fittest, but in that in which he imagines there is exclusive glory. In short, the Insolent knows not that in to his protests, rigged him up for the all organization there is a place for each fray which was raging with great clatwand each should take his place with tar. All lights ware extinguished; | Rogers a "contributing editor" of that Raymond remarked

question perceived that Sancho-a robust cater and sound sleeper-was im patient for the ease and comforts of the promised possessions. He arranged with his subalterns that a deputation was to appear before Don Quixote and lay at his feet the "Insula of Barataria." the estate of one of the wicked knights whom the dauntless Don Quixote had overcome. Don Quixote transferred the property to his lackey, and Sancho departed to take command of Barataria. The hoax was carried out to perfection. Sancho was treated like a Pasha, surrounded by obsequious servitors, who, however, in the profoundness of their reverence, made the fellow's life a burden to him. He, a voracious eater, was allowed by the court physician none but the sparsest of diet-"lest His Majesty's valuable health be impaired." He, a hearty sleeper, was allowed by the court attendants, hardly any time for restso anxious were they to derive full benefit from "His Majesty's wisdom' in deciding a thousand and one knotty cases. And so forth. Finally one night, just as the exhausted Sancho was congratulating himself that he was allowed to fall asleep, a frightful noise broke out. Yells and screams

were heard: "The enemy is upon us!"

Whereupon Sancho's attendants broke

into the room calling upon him to lead

them to battle; and, without listening

foulest kind"; he indicates that, in the promotion of the said farce and foul graft, Socialist party papers were subsidized by Heslewood, notedly does he specify the "Appeal to Reason," which he states, was being paid through Bruce

building; \$30,000 to his brother, Clare daily. Hall, to help establish a sheep farm in Montana; \$6,500 for the education of his brother, Frederick Hall, and to start him in business: \$50,000 in a stock deal. various sums to the Good Will Home and the Home for Orphans and Little Wanderers in Boston, to the Worcester Young Men's Christian Association and

State Young Men's Christian Associa tion, about \$10,000 to poor people at different times and \$30,000 in unfortunate real estate deals in the Back Bay Distriet, Boston. Hall said his living expenses had averaged \$7,500 a year and that his salary as bank treasurer was \$2,500.

In imposing sentence Judge Raymon said that Hall had shown himself to be an habitual criminal. While he had given to charities, "it is easy to be char-

791 members, the S. L. P. barely a thouthis list the fact be omitted that Car sand At the national elections the S. P. obtained 424,483 votes; the S. L. P. 1,400; therefore the S. P. represents 97 per cent. of the working class, the S L. P. barely 3 per cent. "The 'Weekly People,' in their number of January 9, 1909, published a balance sheet as to work accomplished in the six

months from July to December 1908, which shows that the receipts mounted to \$1.877.74, expenses to \$1.737.18, difference \$140.56. For the same period the receipts of the S. P. amounted to \$70,757.37. I am not exaggerating when I say that the S. L. P. is decreasing

"In the same way that it would be il logical to grant representation to a localist Berlin group side by side with Social Democracy, it would be just as illogical to allow an organization, which has only a nominal existence, to keep its warrant. After all, it is not a question of exclusion, but of equitable representation. "The Chairman-It seems to me that all. Well may we shout for joy: "Safe this question can only be settled at the

Congress of Copenhagen. (Adhesion.) "Kretlow-I agree, but still I must re ply to Berger. Socialism in the United States has a situation of a peculiar na ture. The most important question does not consist in quoting statistics, but to

see if labor organization has a solid founsent to a dismissal of the controversy dation. In no country of the world is between the transportation compancapitalism so powerful as in the United States and the day when Socialist organies at New York city and their masitable when it costs nothing," Judge ism becomes dangerous, the governing ters and pilots which began several classes will destroy the revolutionist parweeks aro.

dinal Gibbons explained the recentand become petty-B. J.-I grant all that. freshets of the Marne and the Scine, in inundating large portions of Paris, as U. S .- And yet you would like that petty, crawling "independence" that you evidences of the wrath of God against see in the small shopkeeper? the French Government for secularizing the religious orders. These few and B. J.-Yes. I do. U. S .- When our forefathers kicked faint echoes of a dismal past may give an inkling of the effect of those manout King George, the political system made comets of old upon the masses; that leaves room for petty lackeylords was overthrown. these few faint echoes of that dismal B. J. (vary proudly)-Totally overpast conjure up vividly before the imagthrown! ination what we have escaped during U. S .- A new political system was the last few months-not the exceptionset up. where, politcally, all were alike? al sight of a few superstition-crazed folks B. J. (still more proudly)-Yes, inleaping out of life and parting with deed! "No more political lords for us, their money to sharpers, but mass whether big ones or little cockroach superstition-craziness, stripping itself of lords!" our Revolutionary Fathers would its. earthly havings, and leaving these. with due notarial signatures, seals and have said to a man with any such aspirations, "Good man, if a Cockroach other terrestrial attestations of the transfer of property, to the very inciters Lordship is your aspiration, by all means join King George's red-jackets'! You of their dementia. This have we es-

can't get Cockroach Lordship in the Am caped; and that we have escaped it is erican Republic." proof that the escape is for good and I. S .- And so say we Socialists to

> you now: "If what you aspire after is the cockroach independence of a cockroach little shop, then, by all means, don't vote for the Socialist Labor Party : no cockroach business is possible under Socialism; but vote for any of the other parties, it matters not which, if you ever teach your ideal, you will have the opportunity to fawn and crawl, and be subject to the verations imposed upon you by the capitalists; you will have that opportunity to your heart's content." That's my snawar

Pilots' Strike Let Drop. Washington, May 19 .- Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor has given his con-

through the comet's tail!"



pear in print under an assumed name will attach such, name to their com munications, besides their own signa ture and address. None other will b recognized.

NOTHING.

To the Daily and Weekly People:-"The "Chicago Daily Socialist" of May 4, telling of one of the early meetings of the new Milwaukee board of aldermen, has this:

"The other members of the committee, Democrats and Republicans in-.... cluded, addressed the chair as 'Com-. rade Chairman.' and 'from that time on, apparently in all seriousness. Before the meeting closed, 'Comrade Chairman' elicited no smiles, and it looks as though that form of addressing the chair may become the regular thing around the Milwaukee city hall." ... Why not? What was there in the platforms of any of the successful S. D. P. candidates for aldermen to prevent any Democrat or Republican from calling them "comrade"?

A. G. C. West Haven, Conn., May 16.

CIRCUS ACTORS FIXED EMPLOYERS . To the Daily and Weekly People :-I work as a clown with one of the largest shows in the world. The boarding department with shows is usually very bad. The cook-house department with this show is no exception to the rule. They have been giving us our meals at their own sweet convenience. The other day we (the performers) were in front of the dining tent waiting for our dinner. The show doors open at 1 p. m. We had waited a long time; it was nearly 1 p. m. and we had had no invitation to come dine. We left the dining tent in a bunch, went over to the big top and occupied the reserved seats in a group. The doors of the show opened, people commenced coms, ing in. When the proprietor saw us an expression of fright was on his face. We "had" him. No performers, no show. We -were immediately invited to dinner, and things have gone better ever since. -I . can't sign my name to this because I might get "canned." Performer.

Fitchburg, Miss., May 12. THE PIERSON REPORTS INTERESTING

MATTER. 10.33

To the Daily and Weekly People:-During the fourth and last week in Portland, with the co-operation of local comrades, we succeeded in secarring one sub for Der Arbeiter, two for the Volksfreund and Arbeiter Zeitung, and fifteen for the Weekly People. Three splendid street meetings were held and harring a few clownish acts on the part of an overzealous . I. I. I.-ite we held the attention of our - audiences and succeeded in selling a good supply of pamphlets and papers. Mr. Foote, late of Spokane "Free

Speech" fame, and who is at present amain Portland, informed one of our Swe-

of the audience, J. Mitchell and Sammy Gompers getting their share. Anton took the stand again to reply to questions but none were forthcoming, and the meeting was closed at about eleven o'clock.

We sold all The Peoples we had, all the "John Mitchell Exposed," and about forty other pamphlets and one sub card. This was the best meeting we have had this season, but we are going to beat it. We have only just started. Next Saturday night we open up at the old stand. Fortieth street and Lancaster avenue, with Higgins, Erwin and Fennen speaking. Sunday night again at the North

Plaza, City Hall, Anton, Higgins, and Carey speaking. R. McL. Philadelphia, May 16.

ST. PAUL, MINN., ELECTIONS.

To the Daily and Weekly People :-During the recent city election here of May 3rd, there were 297 votes cast for the S. L. P. ticket, which is a gain of about 50 votes over the total of 1908. The S. L. P. had one candidate and that one was for Mayor.

The S. P. candidates numbered four. Their candidate for Mayor received 962 votes, while their candidate for Assemblyman received 2.000 more votes than

the Mayoralty candidate. And yet there are some people who insist that the S. P. is a class conscious body. The Kangaroos spent considerable

money to advertise their ticket. Their party idol, E. V. Debs, spoke here in the auditorium during the evening of May 1st. The meeting was a disgraceful affair. It was made very evident to all that the principal purpose of the meeting was to get every dollar that could be got from the audience. Though Debs spoke during more than an hour, yet he mentioned industrial unionism but once, and made no attempt to explain the principles of it. Debs was represented by an agent on the platform who offered to sell at \$1 per copy a book composed of the speeches and writings of Debs during his 35 years in the Labor Movement. Prices of admission were advertised as 25 cents, 35 cents, and 50 cents.

No 25 cents tickets were sold. They also advertised that each pur-

chaser of a ticket would be entitled to a 40-weeks' subscription to the Appeal to Reason. But it is charged that the people who bought tickets have yet to receive their subscriptions to the Appeal to Reason. All the books offered for sale were announced to be bargains, as their former prices had been reduced. Many who attended the meeting regarded it as being like a circus because of the determination displayed by the S. P. men to get money from the people.

Wm. E. McCus. St. Paul, Minn., May 14.

ANCIENT CLASS RULE To the Daily and Weekly People:-While reading the Odyssey I came across a passage which bears witness to the antiquity of class rule. The

J. A. Baltimore, May 18. . .

John and other holies.

ern philanthropists. St. Andrew, St.

S. L. P. THORN IN S. P. SIDE To the Daily and Weekly People:-Under separate cover I am sending you a copy of the "Industrial Democrat" and the "Oklahoma Pioneer." Both of these papers are typical Socialist party papers. Both papers are published in Oklahoma City; both are

privately owned and both are supporters of the Socialist party. As the contents of the papers will show, Oklahoma falls in line with the rest of the States with internecine strife, and a gain the . Socialists a la post office will cry out: "What's the matter with the Socialist party?"

The writer put the question several times to S. P. members: "Why two Socialist papers in this city?" The answer invariably was to the effect "De Leonite." "S. L. P. corpse," "disrupter," ad nauseum. Now come forth some of them and say: "Yes, there is a fight going on in this State in the Socialist party. One set of men have built up a machine in the

Socialist party, and whoever does not bow the knee to them is slandered and vilified." While holding a meeting here in the

early part of March, I met Frank F. Young, who some few years ago made a trip through parts of Virginia with Joseph P. Campbell. On my return from Shawnee, Okla., where I was at work for a month, I hunted up Frank Young and together we have been holding street meetings.

The old and worn out idea that the Socialist party says it holds to, namely, neutrality on the burning question of unionism, was well illustrated at one of the S. P. open air meetings. One Luther Langston, secretary and treasurer of the State Federation of Labor, was introduced, not as a member or sympathizer of the Socialist party, but as state secretary and treasurer of the State Federation of Labor. He spoke for about half an hour in opposition to a constitutional amendment, which amendment affects the railroad interests. On concluding his remark Mr. Langston got down from the box, and the writer had to hail him to fire a question. "Mr. Langston, isn't it true that the A. F. of L. holds to the principle that the interests of capital and labor are

identical?" asked the writer. "No, it does not," replied Mr. Langston. "You have been misinformed," and he hurried to make his getaway. This happened on Broadway and Grand, May 4, about 9 p. m. .

The next evening, on the same corner, about 8:45 a Socialist party speaker was asked by Frank Young: "Are the Democratic and Republican parties representatives: of capitalist class interests?" "Yes," said the speaker, one Dexter, plasterer and pure and simpler. "Both the Republican and Democratic parties are capitalist parties."

"Then," asked Young, "how is it that in the city of St. Louis in the election of 1909 candidates appeared on the Democratic, Republican and Socialist party tickets for the same office?"

This Mr. Dexter had a spasm, and he frothed "De Leonite, spy, disrupter," and the general tendency of his remarks was practically an appeal to mob tactics. To give you a measure of the gentleman's mental makeup. In the course of his remarks before he was questioned

at in th

MANIFESTO ON FINLAND. (Continued from page 1.)

WEEKLY FEOFLE, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1918.

they obtained nothing by repeated dis-

solution of Parliament, then tried to incite the people of Finland to act heedlessly, by means of paltry tricks, arbitrary measures and even by threats, but the people preserved their presence of mind and gave no pretext to the Russian potentate for armed intervention. In this way the reactionary plan miscarricd miserably.

Finnish Diet Overriden. There only remained for the Czar's government to take steps of brutal ille gality. The first-aggression was the manifesto of September 24-October 7. 1909, which claimed to decide in principle, the military question of Finland, and ordained the payment of an annual military tax of 10-20 millions of marks of Finland, levied on the budget of Finland.

The Finland bourgoisie of the Senate government, generally very submissive and disposed to make concessions, did not dare approve this flagrantly illegal act, and then the Czar-Grand Duke appealed to the dignity of the members of the government, the military officials of Russia, who received the order to promulgate the illegal decree of Nicholas II. The Diet rejected the military tax asked for, and declared in reply, that the military question of Finland be settled legally, that is to say, that a new military organization could only be legally enforced with the consent of the Finland Parliament. The Diet was dissolved for the third time and the Russo-Finland senate on its own authority, raised from the funds of the State of Finland, the millions demanded by Russia

This new act of brutality on the part of the Czarist government caused great agitation in the whole of the civilized world, Public opinion of Europe and above all of the Socialist International took Finland's part, and the most eminent jurists of Europe pronounced judgment in favor of the Finland thesis. But just this firm and unanimous will of the Finland people and this marked sympathy of other nations, excited the fury of the Russian reaction. The personal enemies of the people of Finland, the Bobrikoffists, who had been turned out with contempt, the Deutrichs, the Korevos, the Miasojedeffs and other knaves drew up a law "relating to Russian imperial legislation" and Stolypin and the Czar Nicholas signed this anticonstitutional deed.

Annihilates Constitution.

The Czarist manifesto of March 14/27, 1910, signifies no more nor less than the complete destruction of the Finnish con. stitution. It claims that henceforth all questions concerning Finland are in the province of Russian imperial institutions and it transforms the Diet into an administrative local organization of no importance. The autonomy of Finland is nothing but an empty term. They extend their audacity so far as to request the Finland Diet to draw up "no-

tice" on this proposition of the Russian government, within one month. They only demand an opinion and not a legal resolution, although the regulations of the Diet, confirmed in 1906 by the Czar Nicholas, contains two important paragraphs (Nos. 60 and 80) saving that the fundamental laws can only be modified by proposal of the monarch with the approbation of the Finland Diet.

The Czarist government takes little heed of all this and now seeks to cover its move by the authority of the third Duma. The majority of this assembly has already approved the repressive policy of Stolypin as well as the confiscation of the Russian popular rights. It lent its name willingly to the destruction of Finland. The congress of Russian nobles has already grasped the possibility of "a military promenade in Finland," and in the present situation, these sanguinary provocations might become a serious danger, because the autonomy of Finland and its democratic liberty are monstrosities in the eves of the reactionaries of Russia who will not rest until they have subjected the Finnish people to the terrors of the gallows and the knout.

Russia dominating in Finland would mean political servitude and intellectual slavery. For all people of Finland it is an era of sanguinary retaliation and unmentionable misery.

For all these reasons the Finlanders have accepted the battle without faltering and have confidence first in their own strength, in the courage and the energy of the proletariat of Finland. They know also that they are in agreement with the conscious Russian proletariat, with the people of Russia, who aspire to liberty and whose movement

will probably end in a victorious revolution.

Rely on International Proletariat.

In this hour of danger, our comrades of Finland look towards the Socialist International and to all democrats in love with liberty throughout the world. They ask them to throw all their political and moral influence into the scales in favor of the democratic constitution of Finland and against the Government

of Russia, against the Czar and against his policy of violence. It is the moral duty of the Socialist deputies of all countries to denounce in their respective parliaments, the unconstitutional outrage committed by Russia against Finland and to pronounce against the criminal policy of the reaction of St. Petersburg. The Socialist parties of all countries, through their press and in their meetings, have already supported and will further support the struggle in which their brothers are engaged. A veritable tempest of protests must break out against Czarism! The Social Democracy of Finland,

which is in the vanguard of the fight against a powerful enemy, is the guar dian of our flag, liberator of peoples, and

requests us to fraternally greet the international Socialist proletariat.

EVEN PROFESSORS NEED MORE.

Yale Instructor Tells Why He Can't Raise More Than One Child.

New Haven, May 20 .- A demand for larger salaries for professors at Yale is voiced by an assistant professor in the following communication to "The Yale Alumni Weekly."

"Yale needs something far more than new buildings - salaries should be raised. I understand that there is a strong movement on foot to raise the salary of the full professors from \$4,000 to \$4.500. They need it, and the assistant professors and instructors need it. Yet, so far. I have seen nothing in the discussion looking toward raising the lower salaries.

"I am at the \$1,800 stage, and by hard work and management I could possibly support my wife and one child (more would be a sin against heaven) and myself at this figure, plus a slight income from a small inheritance, if there were no debts hanging over from the past. But in the two summer months of August and September we get no check, and while an instructor I had to borrow to live in this interval."

son, a charitable foundation, committed suicide this morning. He left a note in which he stated that he feared the consequences of an investigation of the affairs of Sister Candide. The matter, it is rumored, is likely to lead to startling developments which

LETTER - BOX * OFF-HAND ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

NO QUESTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED THAT COME IN ANONTHOUS LETTERS. ALL LETTERS MUST CARRY & BONA FIDE SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS.

August.

dertaking.

tain.

T. S., NEW BEDFORD, MASS .- | fluctuating factor.

The address, "Some Objections to So-

cialism" will be published one of these days.

J. C., BROOKLYN, N. T .- Read the report of the S. L. P. to the Amsterdam International Congress. It is found embodied in full in the report to Stuttgart. The point is there treated. Without capitalism there can be no Socialism; but it does not fol-] low that the volume of Socialism in a country will be in proportion to the volume of capitalism. Many other

things come into consideration. A. D. T., BROOKLYN, N. Y .-- What is the difference between the Socialist party and the Socialist Labor Party? You must mean: What are the differences? They are many. One of them most recently on exhibition is this: With the S. L. P. when a man or thing proves a crook, he or it is fired: with the S. P. that is the time the man or thing are hugged to the heart. When the I. W. W. was known only as a clean, decent concern, the S. P. fought it; just as fast as a portion would break off and go crook, the S. P. doted over it. It did so with Sherman, and it did so, subsequently,

J. P., PHILA., PA.-Read some authoritative history of the Council of Constance on the posture of the Church towards woman, and its doubt whether woman had a soul.

with the St. John slummists.

R. McD., DENVER, COLO.-We know of no Irish paper, expressly for Irishmen, published in this country that is not gotten up for purposes of revenue. There never was any such in this land.

was a "Socialist Mayor" in Haverhill Mass., and a raft of "Socialist Councilmen" in Brockton, Mass. They have all vanished. L. T., NEW YORK-Those like

A. W., SAN JOSE, CALIF .- There

yourself in the S. P. who are not there for stage-strutting purposes, and yet put up with the party's deviltry have no more coming to you than you deserve. He who hath shipped the devil must make the best of him.

T. O. B., LOUISVILLE, KT .- Price ever determines value. Value, in the long run determines price. In the

long run the price of goods coincides with their value. It is incorrect to talk of "value coinciding with price." "Value" is the permanent, "price" the

VANDERBILT LINES "AWARD." The award of the arbitrators in the case of the demands of the trainmen and conductors of two of the Vanderbilt lines west, was announced a week aro by E. E. Clark and P. H. Morrissey, the arbitrators.

7.000 men.

derbilt group to be heard from are the The wages and conditions are said Big Four, the Ohio, Indiana & Southern and the Lake Erie & Western. to be the same as were awarded to the Baltimore and Ohio and the New York These awards are expected about the Central trainmen and conductors. The middle of this week.

wise were precious and sweet it would deserve perpetuation. Fact is its historic preciousness lies behind it. Today the thing is all flaws and thornsat least enough of them to choke whatever preciousness it might con F. C., EL PASO TEX .- The New York "Cultura Proletaria" is a typical Anarchist publication of Latinity. Non-Latin Anarchists are mainly in-

P. C. F., PITTSBURG, PA .- The

present series of International Con-

gresses" began with the Congress of

Paris in 1889. The last Congress was

held in Stuttgart, Germany, three

years ago. This year's Congress will

be held in Copenhagen, Denmark, next

W. B., MADISON, WIS .- There is

no work extant on the American farm-

er, that is worthy of the name. The

American farmer is a unique crea-

ture, treatment of whom is worth un

I. S. W., ST. LOUIS, MO .- Every

stone has its flaw; every rose its

thorn. If capitalism only had some

"flaws," and some "thorns," but other-

coherent. Latin Anarchists are bombastic to boot. Non-Latin Anarchist reasoning sounds like a shaken keg with loose nails: Latin Anarchist reasoning sounds like a shaken ker with loose peas.

A. K., BROOKLYN, N. Y .- The issue of the "Volkszeitung." which contained a reprint of the article of the Phila. "Tageblatt" upholding the conduct of the brewers in deserting their fellows at the recent general strike in that city, was the issue of Sunday, March 30, front page, column 2. That same "Tageblatt" had published traction advs. against the strikers.

J. M., CHICAGO, ILL .- The writer of the article says "No."

B. S., NEW YORK-Continue the translations.

J. IL A., LOUISVILLE, KT .; J. B., CHICAGO, ILL.; H. R., HAM-TRAMCK, MICH .; J. E. R., SEAT-TLE, WASH.; W. H. M., RICHMOND, VA.: L. M. G., HAMILTON, CAN-ADA; A. S., MILWAUKEE, WIS.; R. H. P., PATERSON, N. J. X., PORT-

LAND, ORE.: A. O., NEW YORK; W. T. L. MONTREAL, CAN.; G. S., TACOMA. WASH .; A. B. S., HAMIL-TON. CANADA-Matter received.

fawards cover the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and the Michigan Central. A. B. Garretson, president of the conductors, said last evening that the award affects between 6,000 and

The three other roads in the Van-

CHARITY PECULATIONS IN PARIS Paris, May 20 .- Dr. Leon Petit, secretary-general of the Œuvre Ormes-

will involve politicians in high places.

5

can dish comrades that he is done with hero, has the Trautmann bunch, and like Wilentertained by the head chief Alcinson, late Editor of the "Industrial Worker," is anxious to know what beous, who decides to convey Odysseus to his own isle of Ithaca in a came of the money that was sent to the I. I. I.'s of Spokane for their "Free Phaeaecian bark, and laden with gifts according to the old custom of hosor: Speech Fight."

We have two good hustlers here in the persons of Comrades De Witt and had more like house: mitthem much better work could be done. shit Will leave to-morrow for Hogulam, Wash, and during my stay there will -the plow the ground good and hard for more scalps in the shape of subs for Li" our S. L. P. papers.

545 1 Chas. Pierson. Portland, Oregon, May 14.

PHILA. S. L. P. ALERT. A the To the Daily and Weekly People:-"* 'On Sunday night Section Philadelphia wrought and all other such gifts as the held its usual meeting, on the City the counsels of the Phaeaclans bare "" "Hall Plaza, with Comrade Fennen hither. Come now, let us each of us the chairman. Comrades Anton and Hig-2. A gins were the speakers again. It was give him a great tripod and a cauldron, and we in turn will gather goods not long before we had an audience · of five hundred at least. Anton spoke among the people and get us recom-

pense; for it were hard that one man on the class struggle, and illustrated should give without repayment." his topic with every day events. Hig-One wonders how the people will gins opened his speech by introduc-"repay" themselves. No doubt their ing The People and literature, and at that point about twenty Peoples "recompense" consists in admiring their chiefs "drinking evermore in the and quite a number of pamphlets were disposed of. Higgins then spoke for halls the dark wine of the elders and hearkening to the minstrel" which and over an hour on craft scabbery and wine they probably . have pressed " industrial unionism, using the recent themselves out of the vines which they """"trolley and "general" strike as a text.

""The fakers, big and little, were un-"I" mercifully, flayed and held up to the

Odysseus, shipwrecked on the isl e was bewailing the fact th and of the Phaeacians, is received and Alton railroad deal a large number of "innocent investors" (lambs), had been defrauded of their hard-earned wealth. Again he shouted, "Look at the street cars. They put a track down on every street that they can!" I suppose he and

pitality. He thus speaks to Odysseus the Socialist party would have the tracks put only on the prairies. and the other chiefs assembled in his When Mr. Dexter became tired of

shouting "De Leonite," and "scabs" and "Odysseus, now that thou hast come 'spies," he gave way to Mrs. Branstetter, to my high house with floor of bronze, who made an appeal for some laundrynever, methinks, shalt thou be driven workers on strike. Mr. O. F. Branfrom thy way ere thou returnest. stetter, state secretary of the S. P. then though thou hast been sore afflicted. And for each man among you, that in these halls of mine drink evermore the dark wine of the elders, and harken to the minstrel, this is my word and command. Garments for the stranger are already laid up in a polished coffer, with gold curiously

themselves cultivated.

took the stand and the gist of his remarks was to the effect that a Democrat or Republican, who was seeking in-

formation, could ask a question, but from now on a member of the S. L. P. could not. Very well, said the writer to himself, this meeting cannot go on indefinitely. About 9:40 the S. P. meeting broke up. The writer invited the audience to stay, and we held a meeting. Some of the Socialist party members started in to

disrupt the meeting with yells and jeers. They were handled in such a way that some of them skulked away and the rest kept their peace. On Sunday, May 8, Frank Young and

the writer held two meetings. Our pamphlet sales were 31 for the day. Chas. Rogers.

Oklahoma City, Okla., May 13.

Until the workers know Socialism they are the hopeless victims of Cap-The mind travels back to our mod- | italiam .. Spread the light !!

Finland Insists on Rights.

The Diet will be unanimous in rejecting the Russian government's proposition and will call on the people to defend their rights. Finland will then experience a period of agitation, during which the conscious proletariat will undergo painful ordeals. No one in Finland is ignorant of the sacrifices and losses that will be their lot in the fu-

ture, but Social Democracy must accept this battle for it is a question of the life and liberty of the people of Finland.

The autonomy of Fiuland is not in the eyes of our comrades, a simple legal title, it signifies to the people of Finland, the liberty of disposing of themselves, it signifies democratic liberty, it signifies the progress of civilization and of Socialism. Imperal legislation of

Sister Candide is a nun who has devoted herself to works of charity for years, for which she has received the Cross of the Legion of Honor. She faced a deficit in the establishments which she had founded for the relief of sick children. She tried to straighten matters out by selling her jewelry on commission, undertaking to repay the money at fixed rates. Exasperated tradesmen who need the money are suing her. It is stated that she owns a magnificent estate at Var. Her house has been searched and the papers found therein have been seized. The case against her is proceeding. THE FOUNDATION OF THE LABOR

MOVEMENT

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WEEKLY PEOPLE, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1910.



NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE Paul Augustine, National Secretary, as City Hall Place, N. Y. City.

CANADIAN S. L. P., Philip Courtenay, National Secretary, 144 Duchess aveaue, London, Ont.

NEW YORK LABOR NEWS CO., the Party's Literary Agency, 28 City Hall Place, N. Y. City.

NOTICE-For technical reasons no Party announcements can go in that are not in this office by Tuesday, 6 p. m.

PENNSYLVANIA, ATTENTION! A mass convention of the Socialist Labor Party of Pennsylvania will be held at the headquarters of Branch Braddock, 700 Washington avenue, May 29th, at 10 o'clock.

> Pennsylvania S. E. C., L. M. Barhydt, Secretary.

WISCONSIN S. L. P. CONVENTION. The State convention of the Socialist Labor Party of Wisconsin will be held on FRIDAY, June 10, at Catel's Hall, 300 Fourth street, Milwaukee. All members and sympathizers in Milwaukee are requested to attend.

The future never looked brighter to the Socialist Labor Party than it does at present. To the inactive members we say. You are asked to help the Party, if you cannot individually do so financially. Members in the State where no Sections exist are requested to send suggestions as to the Party's welfare to State Secretary, John Vierthaler, 461 Thirty-first avenue, Milwaukee

Remember the date, comrades, June 10, 1910.

Alb. Schnabel, N. E. C. Member.

NEW YORK S. E. C., S. L. P. Regular meeting of the New York State Executive Committee, Socialist Labor Party, was held at the Daily People Building, 28 City Hall Place, New York City, May 20th, at 7.30 p. m., with Joseph Scheuerer in the chair, the others present being Kuhn, Walters, Hiltner, Johnson, Grieb and Moonelis; absent without excuse, Donehue.

Minutes of the previous meeting were adopted as read.

The secretary reported corresponding with L. Abelson on matter of securing signatures; wrote to Monroe Fuller, Sherburne, N. Y., re formation of study club; wrote the Organizer at Jamestown regarding notaryship; also wrote Section Kings and New York Counties regarding additional notaries and commissioners of deeds; arranged with the Organizer of Section Richmond County to call another meeting for Saturday, June 4th, and that at the same time he would look after the signatures for that county; wrote to Organizer of Section Westcluster County and received reply that iast meeting was held as scheduled and was fairly well attended; received a letter from the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, requesting that this Committee endorse the recommendation for renomination by all political parties in the State, of Justice Irving G. Vanu of the Court of Appeals, whose term is about to expire; that he requested Augustine to disburse \$3.00 of State Committee's funds to reimburse Max Pochland, of Mediord, L. I., for notaryship, which from Section Erie County, check for 23.56, returning \$15 loan made by S. E. C. last fall and paying bill of Labor News Co; left in Augustine's hands the matter of having printed stamped enveropes; received from P. E. De Lee, of Troy, first quota of names of Rensselaer County, being the first outside county to come in: received bill of \$15.00 for printing 1,000 State nominating blanks, also statement of indebtedness, showing balance still due by this Committee of \$11.26. Action on the report was taken as follows :- Matter received from the Association of the Bar tabled; bill for printing State blanks, ordered paid and referred to Financial Secretary; statement of Labor News Co. also referred to Financial Secretary for attention; the balance of the report was adopted and actions of Secretary endorsed. In regard to leaflet written some time ago by Kuhn it was decided that the matter be turned over to him for further editing and he to have power to publish when completed, of which 10,000 are to be printed. Secretary was also instructed to write the various Sections again regarding State Campaign Coupon Books, urging that they be pushed and moneys sent in. It was decided to get out 1,000 subscription lists, for the State Campaign and Kuhn and Scheurer were elected a Committee with full power to act. The secretary was also instructed to communicate with the N. E. C., in regard to a general leaflet for campaign surgess, and to inquire whether such a contributing to the azitation fund and

one was in preparation and how soon it the amount of each donation be incorcould be expected out. Meeting adjourned.

Edmund Moonelis, Secretary.

CONN. S. E. C. Regular meeting of the Connecticut S. E. C., Socialist Labor Party, was held at headquarters, 34 Elm street, Hartford, on Tuesday, May 17, with M. Stauss of Rockville, in the chair. Absent, Fred Lechner, Chas. Backofen. Minutes of previous meeting adopted as read.

Communications: The following Sections sent names of delegates to the State Convention: Rockville, Kensington, Bridgeport, New Haven, Middletown, Mystic, and Hartford. From Section Rockville, sending financial report. From Section Kensing-

ton, regarding nomination on State ticket. From Section Bridgeport, regarding Section matters. From Section Middletown, sending \$3 for due stamps. From Section New Haven, sending \$3 for due stamps. From Gustave Langner, Milford, regarding nomination on State ticket.

Financial Report: Income, \$12; expenses, \$28.80; balance on hand, 354.65

The State Secretary reported that he sent credentials to all delegates. No further business on hand, and

the meeting adjourned. Frank Knotek, Recording Secretary.

CONNECTICUT S. L. P. PICNIC. Notwithstanding all the struggle which the Daily People had to contend with, it has battled through all, and in a few weeks more it will be in the happy condition to celebrate its tenth anniversary. Naturally this happy event has caused quite a hustle all over the country by those who have faithfully stood by it in the trying days of the past.

It is obvious that the old Nutmeg State must not lag behind in such an important event. So, in order to acknowledge past services, and to encourage the further endeavors of the youngster, a birthday present will be the proper thing.

To bring this about, a State picnic has been arranged, to be held at Rockville in conjunction with the State convention of the S. L. P. The picnic will be held at Truetschler's grove on SUNDAY, May

As the summer season has just opened, and as the grove is a delightful place to spend a day's outing, all readers of The People are cordially invited to be pres-The Committee. ent.

CALIFORNIA S. E. C.

Regular meeting of the California S. E. C. held May 3. All present except Edwards and Hurley. Levoy in the chair. Minutes of last meeting corrected to the effect that Comrade Schade objected to certain matters which appeared in The People, and not against its Editor. Warrants drawn: \$1 for Slavonian

paper, \$2 for postage. Financial report for April: On hand April 1, \$26.93; receipts \$9.25; total \$36.18. Expenses \$10.65; balance \$25.53. Report of Agitation Fund for April: On hand April 1, \$1.39; receipts \$58.95; expenses \$20.

Correspondence:-From Chas. Pierson about his work in San Francisco, reporting having secured 18 subs for The People and 2 for "Der Arbeiter"; from O. M. Johnson, Oakland, asking when Gill-S. L. P. haus would reach there; from E. A. An a

porated in the minutes of the S. E. C. and published in The People with other proceedings of the S. E. C. Financial report :- Balance April 1st, \$38.32; receipts \$12.96; expenses \$25.80; balance May 1st \$25.48. Donations to the agitation fund :-- Thomas Regan, \$2.50; Peter Barnhart, 50c.; Victor Eslarn, 75c.; Herman Prissman, 35c.;

1.44

James McCall, \$1.50; Thomas Taylor, \$1; L. Olson, \$1; all from Tacoma total \$7.60. Meeting adjourned. Next meeting May 20th.

R. W. Stevens, Rec. Secy.

GENERAL MEETING. SECTION PASSAIC COUNTY, N. J. A general meeting of all members of Section Passaic County will be held

on THURSDAY, May 26, 8 p. m. at Feist's Hall, corner of Ellison and Prospect streets, Paterson, N. J. It is of the utmost importance for every member to be present. Friends

and sympathizers of the Socialist Labor Party are also invited.

Organizer. PHILADELPHIA READERS, NOTICE! Readers of The People in Philadelphia, who are in sympathy with the work of the S. L. P., are invited to assist the agitation financially. The work mapped out for the summer of 1910 makes it necessary for us to call for funds. "Every little bit helps." Send contributions to E. J. Higgins, 5720 De-

lancey street, Philadelphia. KATZ'S TOUR IN NEW TERSEY. May 24-25-Elizabeth. May 26-Paterson. May 27-Perth Amboy. May 28. 99-New Brunswick

May 30, 31-Trenton. REINSTEIN'S ITINERARY.

Cleveland, Ohlo-May 25. Erie, Pa.-May 26. BORIS REINSTEIN IN CLEVELAND.

All comrades, friends and sympathizers are urgently called upon to attend a meeting, called by Section Cleveland, O., for WEDNESDAY, May 25, at Acme

Hall, 2416 East Ninth street, near Central avenue, at 8 p. m. Boris Reinstein of Buffalo will sneak on "The S. P. Convention and Its Significance." The comrades should agitate for a good attendance.

OLIVE M. JOHNSON'S ITINERARY. Spokane, Wash .- May 27. St. Paul, Minn .- June 1.

Chicago, Ill.-June 5. Detroit, Mich.-June 10. Cleveland, Ohio-June 11. Erie, Pa.-June 12. Buffalo, N. T .- June 15.

SAN JOSE, CALIF., LECTURE. The Socialist Labor Party of San Jose Calif., will hold public meetings, during the month of May, on Sunday evenings, 8 p. m., at A. O. U. W. Hall, 162 S. First street.

May 29th-Alanson Dodge, "Founda tions of Socialism."

SPOKANE MASS MEETING. A mass meeting will be held at Turner Hall, 25 Third avenue, under the auspices of Section Spokane,

S. L. P.

The first of June will soon be here, and then but one month will remain for the Daily People Tenth Anniversary Club members to make good on their pledges. Let there be not one who will fall down in his pledge.

Subscriptions in general should b coming in much more lively than they are just at present. Wake up! Comrades. Get things going and keep them moving.

The comrades who are active have interesting experiences, and their comments, when sending subs, are interesting little flashlights upon men and things. Here is one who tells us of having a talk with a man inclined to be anti-political: the S. L. P. nosition being stated, he, however, subscribed to the Weekly People for six months. Another comrade who sent the renewal of an S. P. man says: "I believed him when he told me that he would rather miss a meal than an issue of the Weekly People."

Some of our friends deplore their inability to get readers, saying, "there is no field" where they are. They remind us of the man who couldn't see the city, for the houses, or was it he couldn't see the woods for the trees? Field-why there isn't a nook or corner in the country that isn't a field for the Socialist agitator.

Cultivate your field.

There is only one thing wrong with this week's roll of honor, it is too short. There is no reason why this list shouldn't take up a column of space. Help do it.

Roll of Honor.

A. C. McGinty, Los Angeles, Cal. .. 3 H. J. Schade, Los Angeles, Cal. .. 2 J. Martin, Stevinson, Cal. 3 F. Knotek, Hartford, Conn. Section El Paso County, Colo. J. U. Billings, Grand Junction, Colo. 2 W. Hueltemann, Kewance, Ill. 2 A. E. Reimer, Boston, Mass. 5 F. Bohmbach, Boston, Mass. 3 A. Wallin, Somerville, Mass. A. McInnis, Lansing, Mich. 2 J. Scheidler, St. Louis, Mo. 3 R. Katz, Paterson, N. J. 7 L. F .Alrutz, Schenectady, N. T. .. 2 F. W. Gerner, Utica, N. Y. 2 W. R. Fox, Cincinnati, O. F. Brown, Cleveland, O. 6 C. Pierson, Portland, Ore. 15 G. G. Anton, Philadelphia, Pa. ... 2 T. C. Pope, Pecos, Tex. 16 J. McCall. Tacoma. Wash. 3 D. G. O'Hanrahan, Seattle, Wash. 4 W. T. Leach, Montreal, Can. 3

Prepaid Cards sold :-- San Francisco, Cal., \$35.00; Tacoma, Wash., \$11.00.

OPERATING FUND.

.75 A. Rowley, Seattle, Wash, Total 33.48 Previously acknowledged .. 6,416.80 Grand total \$6,450.28 GENERAL AGITATION FUND. For a long time past no effort was made to secure money for the abovenamed fund. This was because all of our support was needed for the Party Press. Now, however, the N. E. C. has placed Organizer Rudolph Katz in the field, and, in order to be able to keep him there the N. E. C. must have money. He is at present touring the State of New Jersey, and next month will enter the State of Pennsylvania, after that he will move westward. This necessary and beneficial work of organizing and agitating once begun must be carried out successfully-for that support should be forthcoming. As contributions to this fund increase and the

J. Bader, Newport, News, Va.

.75

440 Yard Dash

Socialist Labor Federation.

fund becomes able to more than support Organizer Katz, another organizer will be started to follow up Katz's work. Send all contributions to Paul Augus tine, National Secretary, P. O. Box 1576 New York, N. Y. Contributions to this fund were re

ceived recently as follows:

J. Horrick, Evansville, Ida. \$.40 G. Thibault, San Francisco, Cal. .50 A. E. Safford, Guilford, Me. V. C. Koneczny, Two Harbors,

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1.00

1.25

1.00

.25

1.00

Minn. Ed. Schade, Newport News, Va. 1.00 R. Heimla, Newport News, Va. 1.00 George Wendling, St. Louis, Mo. 14.60 Section Mystic, Conn. 5.00 Max Rosenberg, New York City D. Ulrich. French's Village, Ill ... Section Mystic, Conn. 10.00 A. Amadt, Fairbanks, Alaska ... W. D. Rapp, Warren, Pa. Cyril Cistek, Monessen, Pa George Dibb, New Bethlehem, Pz. 1.00 E. Weber, Racine, Wis. 1.00 F. Petersen, Matlock, Wash. H. Morgan, Los Angeles, Calif. John Lindgren, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Section Manchester, N. H. 10.00 Br. 86, W. S. & D. B. Fund, Baltimore, Md. 12.00 Mike Greek, New Brighton, Pa. .50 New Jersey S. E. C. 10.00 Section Phoenix, Ariz. 5.00

Total \$78.65 LEAFLET AND DISTRIBUTION

FUND. The work of organizing a national fund for the distribution of leaflets at factory gates as per the resolution of the last National Executive Committee session is bearing fruit. Hereto is appended a list of receipts to date. The receipts so far are fair, eleven Sections have responded to the call issued April 1, 1910. It is desired that the remaining Sections will make substantial response at as early a date as practicable. Section Hartford, S. L. P., Conn. \$ 1.00 Section Jamestown, S. L. P., N Y .50 Section Rockville, S. L. P., Conn. 5.00 Section Newport News Va .: J. Bader25 A. Brandt25 J. E. Lindstrom

.50 W. Whiphey25 street, Elizabeth. C. Rudolf25 E. Schade25 Branch, Socialist Labor Party meets every first and third Friday, 8 p. m.,

every night. Headquarters of Section Portland, Oregon, S. L. P., and Scandinavian Labor Federation, 2241/2 Washington street, Rooms 1 and 2.

meets first and third Sunday of the month at 3 p. m., at Headquarters, 2416 East 9th street.

meets every first Saturday in the month at 8 p. m. Headquarters, 815 Hamilton street, Section Hartford, Conn., meets every second Wednesday in the month at 8 p. m., at Headquarters, 34 Elm street. Section Providence, R. I., 81 Dyer street, room 8. Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesdays of each

month. New Jersey State Executive Committee, S. L. P. P. Merquelin, Secretary, 1121 Myrtle avenue, Plainfield; W. J. Carroll, Financial Secretary, 1076 Bond Chicago, Illinois-The 14th Ware

Readers of the WEEKLY PEOPLE who would be in close and constant touch with the Socialist Movement

DAILY PEOPLE Official organ of the Socialist Labor Party.

The DAILY PEOPLE is published every day in the year, devoting space to news of the day as well as to news of especial interest to the working class.

Its readers are posted, right up to the minute, upon matters per-taining to Socialism-Political and Economic.

One Dollar will bring the DAILY PEOPLE to you by Three Months In Manhattan and Bronx the Daily People must be procured through the newsdealers.

DAILY PEOPLE P. O. Box 1576 New York City.

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The 28th Grand Picnic

SCANDINAVIAN SOCIALIST CLUB

OF BOSTON

MONDAY, MAY 30, 1910 (Decoration Day.)

AMORY GROVE, Columbus Ave.

SPORTING PROGRAMME:

The sports are sanctioned by the N. E. A. A. U. Entries close May 27.

The comical farmer comique JOHN HOLM will also amuse those present

Speeches will be delivered in English by A. E. REIMER of Boston,

and in Swedish by A. FURSTEN BERG of New York, Secretary Scand.

TESTING MACHINES, SHOOTING GALLERY and different kinds of

MUSIC BY CRONSTROM'S FULL ORCHESTRA.

All kinds of refreshments will be served. The grove will be open from

1910. Address O. Swangren, 28 Derby St., Somerville, Mass.

CHORUS SINGING by the Liberty Chorus of Boston.

games will be open for the public the whole day.

1 Mile Running Race

High Jump

Running Broad Jump



O'Brien, Eureka, with money for circuit fund ; from Skroky, Vallejo, with money for circuit fund; from Section San Francisco, sending names of officers for current half year: from J. Easton about his propaganda work and sending \$5 for dierse matters.

Four applications for .members.atlarge received as follows: W. Sachs, San Diego, John Begowich, W. Glass, and Axel Rosenblad, San Pedro. All admitted.

Decided to send Organizer Gillhaus to San Francisco by boat, because it would not pay to send him to small towns. Meeting adjourned. A. Demuth, Rec. Secy.

WASHINGTON S. E. C.

The Washington State Executive Committee met May 6th. Present: Riordan, Reddington, Phipps, Brearcliffe, Stevens. Brearcliffe in the chair. Minutes of previous meeting adopted as read.

Correspondence :- Letter turned over to S. E. C. by Comrade O'Hanrahan, read and State Secretary instructed to answer the letter written to O'Hanrahan; from Chas. Pierson reporting his work in Portland and sending his receipts and expenses; from Spokane and Raymond, Wash., in regard to Pierson's trip; from Section Tacoma sending money for due stamps and money collected for agitation fund. Correspondence filed

Decided that the names of all persons



L. Finkel, San Francisco, Cal.

1.00

t Friedman's Hall, Grand and West-.50 ern avenues. Workingmen and women .50 invited. .50 Headquarters Section Seattle, Wash., .50 Sullivan Building, 712 First avenue, .50 Rooms 208 and 210. P. O. Box 1854. 1.95 Propaganda meetings every Sunday, 8 p. m., Columbia Hall, 7th svenue be-2.00 tween Pike and Union streets. Section Tacoma, Wash., S. L. P., Head-5.00 8.10 quarters and free reading room, Room 304, Wallace Building, 12th and A streets. 1.65 All communications intended for the Minnesota S. E. C. should be addressed to Herbert Johnson, 487 Como avenue. St. Paul, Minn. Section St. Paul, Minn., S. L. P., holds business meeting the second Sunday of each month at Federation Hall, Corner Third and Wabasha streets, at 10 a. m. Section Denver meets the first Sunday afternoon of each month at Hall, 202 Charles Building, 926 15th street. Agent of Party organs, Al. Wernet, Hotel Carlton, 15th and Glenarm streets. Section Minneapolis. Minn., S. L. P. meets the third Saturday of each. month at 8 p. m. at Union Temple. Room 3. Address of Literary Agent is Peter Riel, 2516 West 21st street. Section Boston, Mass., meets every first and third Thursday in the month. at 8 p. m., at 694 Washington street. Discussions at every meeting. All sympathizers invited. The New York Labor News Company is the literary agency of the Socialist Labor Party. It prints nothing but

sound Socialist literature.