The German Elections


BERLIN, June 17. - The Socialists won a sweeping victory on Sunday in the Reichstag elections, with about 84% of the seats in the body, and have also increased their strength in Denmark. The communists were the chief losers in the election, and the Social Democrats, who ran second, have been reduced to a minority. The Socialists have now become the majority party in the Reichstag.

The results of the election were as follows: Socialists, 597 seats; Social Democrats, 38; Communists, 28; Centre, 26; Liberals, 18; Nationals, 14; Other, 2.

The Socialists, led by Dr. Komm, the leader of the party, are expected to form a government with the support of the Centre and Liberal parties.

The election was a resounding victory for the Socialists, who have been steadily gaining strength in Germany in recent years. The Socialists have been able to capitalize on the growing economic difficulties in the country, and their program of social and economic reforms has won the support of a large section of the electorate.

The Socialists have been able to maintain their strength in Denmark, where they have also increased their representation in the Folketing. The Socialists are expected to form a government with the support of the Social Democrats and the Centre party in Denmark.

The results of the election were as follows: Socialists, 48 seats; Social Democrats, 36; Centre, 34; Liberals, 22; Nationals, 12; Other, 8.

The Socialists, led by Dr. Komm, the leader of the party, are expected to form a government with the support of the Centre and Liberal parties in Denmark. The Socialists have been able to maintain their strength in Denmark, where they have also increased their representation in the Folketing. The Socialists are expected to form a government with the support of the Social Democrats and the Centre party in Denmark.

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The Chicago Socialist Party's platform of 1932, presenting its policies and stance on various economic and social issues, including labor rights, the need for a political revolution, and the need for a socialist government. The platform stresses the importance of worker solidarity and the role of the Socialist Party in advancing these goals. The document is written in a clear and concise manner, using straightforward language to convey its ideas.
CHILD LABOR.

By ROBERT HELBY

CHILD LABOR.

Work! work! work! The bell for school rings. School bell rings and all the world around begins to move. Work! work! work! The bell for the mill rings. Mill bell rings and all the world around begins to move.

World work! world! work! The factory, the mine, the mill begins to move. World work! world! work! The farm, the ocean, the mine begins to move.

The laborer is not to be pitied. The laborer is not to be pitied. He must work. He must work. The laborer is not to be pitied. He must work. He must work.

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