Hear the Siemens-White Debate Sunday, Maplewood Opera House

SINGLE TAX VS. SOCIALISM

A. M. Simon and John Z. White

October 10, 1913, 8 p.m., Maplewood Opera House, corner Marionia and Rockwell Streets

FIFTH YEAR—WHOLE NO. 282.

CHICAGO, ILL., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1913.

PRICE ONE CENT.

The Socialist's Reply to Professor Mangasarian.

By Ernest Untermann.

In a recent lecture delivered in the Chicago YMCA, Oct. 26, 1915, Mr. Mangasarian said he believed that the advocates of single tax legislation had made many mistakes; he thought they had failed to make accurate statistics or misapplying the principles of economics or the effect of taxes during the week or during the month. He was not quite sure if the other municipalities had made mistakes; he thought they had failed to make accurate statistics or misapplying the principles of economics or the effect of taxes during the week or during the month.

I think it is a case of no mistakes being made; we have the opportunity to correct it, if we should think it necessary.

In the first place, the increase in corporation taxes is a device of the municipal government, which may or may not be a mistake; and yet many people, like Mr. Mangasarian, say it is a mistake. The increased corporation taxes are of very little value, which may or may not be true; and yet many people, like Mr. Mangasarian, say it is a mistake. The increased corporation taxes are of very little value.

In the second place, corporation taxes are a device of the municipal government, which may or may not be a mistake. Many people, like Mr. Mangasarian, say it is a mistake. Corporate taxes are of very little value.

Mr. Mangasarian was evidently thinking rather as a capitalist sociologist and an irrepressible critic who always sees the truth in everything. Therefore, Mr. Mangasarian, is saying "corporation taxes are a device of the municipal government, which may or may not be a mistake. Many people, like Mr. Mangasarian, say it is a mistake. Corporate taxes are of very little value."

In the second place, corporation taxes are a device of the municipal government, which may or may not be a mistake. Many people, like Mr. Mangasarian, say it is a mistake. Corporate taxes are of very little value.

THE "JOY OF WORKING" AND THE CLASS STRUGGLE.

Lock Horns!

By William H. Leffingwell.

The Joy of Working is a new magazine, and its first issue comes out in the next week. It is a monthly publication, and it will be published in New York, by the Joy of Working Association, of which Mr. Leffingwell is the editor. The magazine is dedicated to the working man, and it will contain articles on economics, politics, and industrial subjects.

The "Open Shop:" A Reply to President Roosevelt.

By Eugene V. Debs.

Since the issue broached by President Roosevelt in the Illinois Times in the fall of 1893, the "open shop" theory has been the subject of much discussion. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work.

ON THE SURFACE this looks well enough, but it will not bear an in-depth analysis. The "open shop" theory is a theory of the "open shop" system, which is a system of labor legislation. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work.

The "open shop" theory is a theory of the "open shop" system, which is a system of labor legislation. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work.

The "open shop" theory is a theory of the "open shop" system, which is a system of labor legislation. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work.

The "open shop" theory is a theory of the "open shop" system, which is a system of labor legislation. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work.

The "open shop" theory is a theory of the "open shop" system, which is a system of labor legislation. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work.

The "open shop" theory is a theory of the "open shop" system, which is a system of labor legislation. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work.

The "open shop" theory is a theory of the "open shop" system, which is a system of labor legislation. The "open shop" theory is the theory that a man shall work only for a living and that he shall be employed only as long as he is willing to work.
"By Their Works Ye Shall Know Them."

The Chicago Manufacturers' Association

A rare opportunity to speak before the illinois manufacturers' association came to me last week when the association met in the City Temple building. The meeting was well attended and the atmosphere of business enthusiasm was electric. The speech made before the association has been published in the Chicago Journal of Commerce this week.

The association is one of the largest and most influential in the country. Its members represent the manufacturers of the entire state of Illinois. The association is dedicated to the promotion of the interests of the manufacturing community and to the advancement of the economic welfare of the state.

In my address, I emphasized the importance of education and training in the field of manufacturing. I urged the manufacturers to invest in the education and training of their workers, both in terms of technical skills and general knowledge.

I also spoke about the need for the manufacturers to remain flexible and adaptable in the face of changing market conditions. The world of manufacturing is constantly evolving, and those who are able to adapt to new challenges will be the ones who succeed.

The audience was receptive to my message, and the meeting concluded with a round of applause. I am grateful to the association for this opportunity to speak and to their members for their support.

If you would like to hear more about my address or if you have any questions, please feel free to contact me. I would be happy to discuss the topic further.

Sincerely,

[Your Name]
Appeal Employees on Strike.


Dear Manager:—Yesterday at 11:18 a.m. the employees of the Chicago Stock Exchange walked out of the Appeal office, refusing to continue their work. The manager of the stock exchange has sent for the employees and informed them that any demand made by the editorial staff that the Appeal employ more colored employees should be complied with. When J. W. Wayland, the manager, refused to comply with the demand, the employees went on strike and put their inspector in charge.

I would rather see the paper suspended for a day than have it published without the colored employees, for I am sure that the Appeal would suffer if it were not published with them.

I shall be glad to hear from you at once.

Yours truly,

[Signature]

[Image for Advertisement]

EXTRAORDINARY OFFER

Nothing like it anywhere in America

[Image for Advertisement]

COURT D'ALENE, or THE CLASS WAR

The Greatest Labor Play ever produced, will be presented by the Socialist Stock Co. of Chicago, Benefit Chicago Wicker Park Hall, Wednesday Eve., Dec. 2, 1903.

Admission, 25c., including Grand Ball after the show.

[Image for Advertisement]

DISEASE GERMS

[Image for Advertisement]

FIFTH ANNUAL RECEPTION AND BALL

GLAZIERS' UNION NO. 27

[Image for Advertisement]

LUNCH NOTICE

[Image for Advertisement]

This is a friendly reminder that the Board of Directors of the Socialist Party of America have set aside a special fundraising event to promote their cause. Attendees are encouraged to come out and support the movement for a more equitable society.