LIVES USED AS PAWNS

WINGELE LEADERS ON TRIAL
NATION WIDE STRIKE
THREATEN

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Trial of 15 labor leaders arrested here for violation of the Anti-Trust Act begins today. This is the first of its kind in the history of labor. The trial will be the same as that of the Wobblies in the Tower of London for starting a fire. The prosecution must be prepared to prove that the defendants were engaged in revolutionary activity in Chicago.

MEN HELD FOR NINETEEN MONTHS, CHARGE OIL TRUST IN REAL PROSECUTOR

WICHITA, June 24.—Thirty-three men are still in prison, charged with conspiracy against the beef trust. The case was filed in the District Court quashing all counts of the indictment. Within a few hours of the filing of that order, District Attorney Robertson had gathered the men together for an informal interview. No bail will be permitted to be posted.

FINANCIERS PROPOSE "FIRST MORTGAGE" ON EUROPE

BEGINNING TO COOK "HELL'S BROTH" OF ANOTHER WAR

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The old tax-farming days of the Russian Empire will be realized in Europe by the United States if a demand of Morgan-Davidson-Lazard-Kahnberg et al. is carried into execution. This was made plain by the preliminary of the alarming predictions before the Senate committee investigating the Treaty "meat." "

"Almost an armful of raw materials are needed by the countries which have suffered the ravages of the Great War, and yet these countries are bankrupt and will not be in any position to pay for these needed supplies until they have converted them into manufactured products. But Wall Street's Big Four has a plan to capitalize the financial interests of the nation and the industries of the country and ship the raw materials into France, Belgium, and other countries and take as security a "first mortgage" on the entire country of each of them.

The movement is a natural outgrowth of the group of bankers of New York known as Morgan-Davidson-Lazard-Kahnberg of which Jacob Lentz is president. It is planned to have as a basis of the scheme a demand for the payment, by the European nations, of the enormous interest and debt on the money lent by the United States in the name of the government.

The plan is to secure the bonds of the European nations for the purpose of obtaining the necessary funds to meet the demands of the Alliance. The scheme is expected to be carried into effect at the earliest possible date, and it is believed that it will be an important step in the development of international finance.

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WHAT KIND OF BOYS DO THEY JAIL IN KANSAS?

The Workers' World

WOMEN RIBBONS AT THE CENTER OF WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION

WHAT KIND OF BOYS DO THEY JAIL IN KANSAS?

Controversy over the 1912路由 the of three men who were arrested in Kansas for refusing to register for the draft. The men, known as the Freedom Fighters, were cited for contempt and sentenced to jail. This caused an uproar in the United States and led to a debate over the rights of conscientious objectors. The case was further complicated by the fact that the men were student leaders and the movement they represented was gaining momentum.

WASHINGTON, June 25 - The fifth annual convention of the Women's International Co-operative League opened today in the National Board of Trade Building, with a large and enthusiastic gathering of delegates from many countries. The convention is being held under the auspices of the League of Nations and is being attended by delegates from all over the world.

“CONSTRUCTIVE CRIME” CRIMINALIZED IN KANSAS

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ONE "HIGH PAID" INDUSTRY

By SCOTT MEARING

The boom and bust manufacturing cycle that has marked the past two decades is the result of a simple fact: wages are rising. For most workers, the increase in the cost of living is due to the rapid rise in the price of goods and services. In many industries, the wage is nothing but a fraction of the overall cost of production. In others, the workers are paid more than the value of the goods they produce. This situation has created an "industry"—the "high paid" industry—where the wages of workers are significantly higher than the average in the economy. This is due to a number of factors:

1. The boom and bust cycle of the economy, which has created a demand for workers in certain industries.
2. The lack of job security in many industries, which forces workers to accept higher wages.
3. The ability of workers to organize and negotiate higher wages.

The "high paid" industry is characterized by a number of features:

- High wages and benefits
- Strong labor unions
- Limited job security
- High productivity

These features allow workers to negotiate higher wages and benefits, which in turn lead to higher productivity and economic growth. However, the "high paid" industry also has a number of negative effects:

- Lower wages and benefits for workers in other industries
- Lower productivity in other industries
- Increased inequality

Despite these drawbacks, the "high paid" industry remains a significant part of the economy, and its influence is likely to continue to grow in the future.
A RELIEVING SENSE OF SAFETY.

"What is one's first sensation after escaping 'behind Soviet Russia'? A feeling of safety," is the reply of one of the members of the Workers' World detachment who visited that country recently.

There are the opening words of a dispatch from Isaac Don Levine, correspondent of the New York Globe, who has gone to Moscow to investigate conditions there.

The dispatch is sent amidst the confusion and pre-dissolution is hostile to the workers' government, victors of the October Revolution of 1917, just in time for the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to be celebrated by the third anniversary of its achievement.

The dispatch, written by a journalist who has been with the official representatives of the government, is extraordinary in its frankness and its confidence in the future of Soviet Russia.

The fact that the dispatch is written by a journalist who has been with the official representatives of the government gives it an added weight.

The dispatch is as follows:

"What is one's first sensation after escaping behind Soviet Russia? A feeling of safety."