The International Economic Conference is no Remedy.

The International Conference has been called by the great capitalist democracies, and by a section of the bourgeoisies against the capitalist world, an important place is occupied by the constitution of an international conference of nations, that is, by the conclusion of a peace treaty.

The 1919 Treaty of Versailles, which was concluded at the beginning of 1919, was concluded in order to establish peace between the Great Powers and to bring about a coalition of these Powers against the laboring classes of the world.

In order to bring about this peace, the Treaty of Versailles had to be accepted by the workers of the world, who were threatened with a new world war, if they rebelled against the Treaty of Versailles.

The 1919 Treaty of Versailles was the first attempt to establish a new world order, and the first attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1920-22 negotiations were the second attempt to establish a new world order, and the second attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1923 negotiations were the third attempt to establish a new world order, and the third attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1925 negotiations were the fourth attempt to establish a new world order, and the fourth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1927 negotiations were the fifth attempt to establish a new world order, and the fifth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1929 negotiations were the sixth attempt to establish a new world order, and the sixth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1930-31 negotiations were the seventh attempt to establish a new world order, and the seventh attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1932-33 negotiations were the eighth attempt to establish a new world order, and the eighth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1934 negotiations were the ninth attempt to establish a new world order, and the ninth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1935 negotiations were the tenth attempt to establish a new world order, and the tenth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1936 negotiations were the eleventh attempt to establish a new world order, and the eleventh attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1937 negotiations were the twelfth attempt to establish a new world order, and the twelfth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1938 negotiations were the thirteenth attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirteenth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1939 negotiations were the fourteenth attempt to establish a new world order, and the fourteenth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1940 negotiations were the fifteenth attempt to establish a new world order, and the fifteenth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1941 negotiations were the sixteenth attempt to establish a new world order, and the sixteenth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1942 negotiations were the seventeenth attempt to establish a new world order, and the seventeenth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1943 negotiations were the eighteenth attempt to establish a new world order, and the eighteenth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1944 negotiations were the nineteenth attempt to establish a new world order, and the nineteenth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1945 negotiations were the twentieth attempt to establish a new world order, and the twentieth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1946 negotiations were the twenty-first attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-first attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1947 negotiations were the twenty-second attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-second attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1948 negotiations were the twenty-third attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-third attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1949 negotiations were the twenty-fourth attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-fourth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1950 negotiations were the twenty-fifth attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-fifth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1951 negotiations were the twenty-sixth attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-sixth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1952 negotiations were the twenty-seventh attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-seventh attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1953 negotiations were the twenty-eighth attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-eighth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1954 negotiations were the twenty-ninth attempt to establish a new world order, and the twenty-ninth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1955 negotiations were the thirtieth attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirtieth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1956 negotiations were the thirty-first attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirty-first attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1957 negotiations were the thirty-second attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirty-second attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1958 negotiations were the thirty-third attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirty-third attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1959 negotiations were the thirty-fourth attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirty-fourth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1960 negotiations were the thirty-fifth attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirty-fifth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1961 negotiations were the thirty-sixth attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirty-sixth attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.

The 1962 negotiations were the thirty-seventh attempt to establish a new world order, and the thirty-seventh attempt to bring about a coalition of the capitalist world against the laboring classes of the world.
The Future of Europe.

The foundations of capitalism are already crumbling. The capitalists, who built up the system, are being destroyed. Neither the "rationalisation of production" nor world economic conferences are able to save the capitalist states in "United States of Europe," nor any mean, can save this foundation. The fact is that the "capitalist states" are not only being destroyed, but are also being destroyed. The bourgeoisie is no longer able to control the situation. The working class, on the other hand, is becoming active in the conference, it will not be able to effect any changes. When examining into this question we must keep in view the fact that the social democrats (who represent the interests of the middle class) of the continent will have to watch carefully over the future of Europe.

The International Economic Conference is no Remedy.

Among the demands recommended by the social democrats and official socialists to the working class it is necessary to be expected to make an advance in international economic conferences. The German bourgeoisie and the French bourgeoisie are very anxious for the working class to make an active part, on the other hand: this simply means that they are anxious for the working class to become a permanent state of affairs. "Europe is being destroyed." When we examine into this question we must keep in view the fact that the bourgeoisie of the continent are succeeding in coming to an agreement with the Anglo-Saxon powers. This agreement is in the interest of the "capitalist states" to a far more advantageous solution of the reparation question, involving a favourable solution of the reparations question for the working class.

The Labour Movement.

The future of Europe.

The foundations of the capitalist system have been built up on the destruction of the working class. The working class, on the other hand, is demanding a share in the dividends. The working class, on the other hand, is demanding a share in the dividends. It is necessary to keep in view the fact that the social democrats (who represent the interests of the middle class) of the continent will have to watch carefully over the future of Europe.

The LABOUR MOVEMENT.

Trade Union Development in South Africa

By James Shields (Johannesburg).

During the past two or three years there have been big changes in the development of the trade union movement in South Africa. In one or two journals dealing with this subject there have been articles which give a false impression of the development of the trade union movement in South Africa. In one or two journals dealing with this subject there have been articles which give a false impression of the development of the trade union movement in South Africa. The articles are written by individuals who are not acquainted with the development of the trade union movement in South Africa.

The LABOUR MOVEMENT.

The Movement for Unity is Growing.

By A. Loszovszy

Along with the intensification of the economic crisis there is growing in the mass of the workers a desire for unity. The desire for unity is breaking through all reformist barriers and, with the fact that the Communist International, the Red Inter-