

HE Permanent Mission of the National Council of Liberation of the Congo in Cuba reported that between August 26, 1968 and last September 26, the People's Liberation Army has been in combat against the reactionary forces in the eastern zone where more than 17 soldiers were killed and many were wounded. Meanwhile 100 campaign huts belonging to Mobutu's puppet army and located in Lulinda Kuchwa were destroyed.

The People's Liberation Army captured 18 rifles, more than two boxes of ammunition, four lanterns, three ampoules of penicillin, 400 old francs, a transistor radio, etc.

The losses sustained by the patriotic forces were minimal in comparison



with those sustained by the enemy, that is, one peasant in the area was killed and two combatants of the People's Army were slightly wounded.

Let us point out that these combats took place only on one front of Zone II where the joint antiguerrilla forces and the infantry of the National Congolese Army (Mobutu's Army) operate.

Meanwhile, the resistance struggle continues in regions of the provinces of Katanga, East Kivu, Ecuador and Kasai.

Furthermore, the Supreme Council. which constitutes the executive branch of the National Council of Liberation, has decided to move once and for all to one of the liberated zones of the country with a view toward further developing the liberation armed struggle.

Finally, the Mission of the National Liberation Council in Cuba calls on the revolutionary organizations and parties and in particular the socialist countries and peace and freedomloving peoples to support the struggle of the Congolese people for their liberation and the reconquest of their independence utilizing all effective ways and means.