from an unjust occupation which has converted Israel into an imperialist base against the Arab countries.

In closing he pointed out that the BAAS Party supports this just struggle and cannot accept any solution whatsoever that is contrary to the sacred right of the Palestinian people to their occupied homeland.

The meeting was attended by Domingo Garcia, Adjutant Secretary General of the OSPAAAL; Dabo Bengaly, from the Republic of Guinea, President of the Politico-economic Department; Pe Chen U, from Korea; Edourard Sumbu, from the Congo; Paulo Teixeira Jorge, from the Portuguese colonies; Walterio Pierro from Chile; Ross Houssain Masood, from Pakistan; Roberto Rodriguez, from Venezuela; and William Khoury, from Syria.

Their Own Struggle: More Effective Solidarity

The OSPAAAL delegation to the World Conference of Solidarity with the struggle of the peoples of the Portuguese colonies and of South Africa held in Khartoum maintained that the revolutionary reply to the imperialist offensive should include a substantial increase in aid to each and every one of the organizations that are struggling. It is imperative that all the revolutionary and progressive countries of the world increase their aid, give all their support, without stipulating any conditions or limitations whatsoever, to the national liberation movements that are developing and leading the struggle in the Portuguese colonies, Zimbabwe, South Africa and Namibia.

First of all, the OSPAAAL delegation—made up of Paulo Jorge, delegate from the national liberation movement of the Portuguese colonies to the Executive Secretariat, and Domingo Amuchastegui, representing the Secretary General—gave a detailed account of the failures of the numerous agreements and resolutions adopted by the United Nations as well as within the framework of the Organization of African Unity, where the aid should or should not be granted to the organization in struggle and the conditions under which it should be granted are discussed.

After pointing out that with respect to the racist regimes of South Africa and the so-called Southern Rhodesia a similar situation exists—"solemn agreements on blockades, breaking of relations, etc."—he pointed out that "the agreements, resolutions and agreements still fail to bring any results. The blockade is ignored and the breaking of relations are ignored."

Further on, he stated that "throughout these years it has been demonstrated that the expulsion of Portuguese colonialism and the racist minority regimes from the African continent will never be achieved by means of appeals, international agreements or threats. He reiterated that the combatants of the MPLA, PAIGC, FRELIMO, ZAPU, ANC and SWAPU have been the ones to demonstrate, by means of revolutionary insurgency, the most genuine formula for attaining true independence.

The OSPAAAL delegation continued by saying that "they are the ones who impose the final solution and they are the ones who, once more, reaffirm that the armed struggle is the legitimate and most adequate instrument for the oppressed peoples to liberate themselves with."

In another part of the statement, it denounced the role of Portuguese colonialism and the racist regimes as "instruments of the imperialist forces, headed by US imperialism, in the development of their policy of penetration and growing expansionism on the African continent."

It then pointed out the anti-imperialist and anticolonialist nature of the struggles that are taking place in the territories of Angola, Guinea and Cape Verde, Mozambique, Sao Tome and Principe, Zimbabwe, South Africa and Namibia and expressed the need for the unity of the forces that are facing neocolonialism and imperialism and the regimes rigged up by them under the guise of "decolonization."

After pointing out that any sort of pressure brought to bear against unconditional and unlimited aid for the national liberation movements in Africa should be rejected, the OSPAAAL delegation pointed out that to give in to such pressure would seriously affect the development of the revolutionary struggle in these areas, adding that already some organizations have publicly made known their concern regarding such an eventuality.

He added that for the revolutionaries the world over the most decisive solidarity with their brothers of the Portuguese colonies and southern Africa is expressed by stepping up and continuing their own struggle through the armed confrontation with Israel and its imperialist masters; through the armed struggle in Asia and Latin
America; through the revolutionary action of the Afro-Americans, students and workers in the United States and Western Europe.

In conclusion, he stated that the Executive Secretariat of the OSPAAAL reaffirms its total and unlimited support of the revolutionary cause of the national liberation movements of the Portuguese colonies and Southern Africa, and assures them that they are backed by their brothers all over, wherever there is a struggle to the death against the imperialist forces, headed by U.S. imperialism.

Activities of the Executive Secretariat

The Executive Secretariat of the OSPAAAL issued a declaration on the occasion of the holding of the Day of World Solidarity with the people of Angola on February 4. This document explained the development of the revolutionary struggle of the Angolan people and the improvement of other methods of organization.

The Executive Secretariat also expressed the support for the just struggle of the Guatemalan people and denounced the crimes and maneuvers of the Méndez-Montenegro regime, in an appeal issued on the occasion of the holding of the Day of World Solidarity with the Guatemalan people on February 6.

In another declaration, it denounced the continued U.S. British