

# DON'T BARGAIN WITH VORSTER!

## NEW AGE

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5c.

A NEW AGE  
EDITORIAL

## REPRESENTATIONS ARE A WASTE OF TIME

THE Minister of Justice, Mr. Vorster, has announced in a press statement that he is prepared to consider "representations" from named and banned people before publishing their names in the infamous blacklist he is preparing.

A moment's thought will expose the outrageous unfairness and injustice of this procedure.

The listed and banned people have never been given the benefit of any trial in any Court. In fact the Act, like the original Suppression of Communism Act, is specifically designed to enable the Minister and his Special Branch to punish people without trial or charge, for actions which were perfectly legal at the time they were done, such as joining or supporting the former Communist Party before 1950, or vigorously opposing apartheid since then.

The Minister's new move is simply meant to give an appearance of legality and civilised procedures to actions by the State against private individuals which are flagrantly defiant of accepted legal and civilised procedures. And what does this "concession" amount to? Merely that one is graciously permitted to appeal to Vorster against Vorster, to appeal to the Special Branch against the Special Branch.

Anyone who falls for this transparent and arrogant device will merely be helping Vorster to impose this fraud.

### No Mercy

More, what "mercy" can those who make such "representations" expect from a Minister who could introduce such a savage Nazi law as the General Laws Amendment Act, who can declare that he is "satisfied" Lutuli and Duncan are "Communists?" And what sort of "representations" can they make? People who may have in mind making some sort of dignified and reasoned protest which would not compromise their political reputations and consciences should bear in mind that nothing they say to Vorster will be able to be published. Any announcement that they have "made representations" can only be made by the Minister himself. He can twist it any way he likes without any right or opportunity of reply.

It would be naive to expect that the Special Branch will actually remove any names from their list—even if the proposed victims have been quiescent politically for the past twelve years and more—without demanding and expecting, at least, some guarantee of "good behaviour" in the future, and perhaps also some measure of "co-operation" and information.

### No Guarantee

And even if they do remove some names—there is no guarantee whatsoever that they cannot be put back on the list as soon as the persons concerned show the least signs of participating in political activity of any sort, however timid and respectable. Those who make successful representations will be in an even worse position than the others: they will voluntarily abdicate their rights as citizens and live out their political lives in fear and intimidation.

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## HUNDREDS AT WOMEN'S CONFERENCE

## PONDOLAND CHIEFS ON THE RAMPAGE

### Homes Burnt, Scores Deported

DURBAN.

PRO-GOVERNMENT Chiefs are on the rampage all over Pondoland. With the apparent connivance of the police they are burning down kraals and deporting people by the score.

RELATIONS BETWEEN THE PEOPLE AND THE AUTHORITIES ARE AT BREAKING POINT AND LITTLE IS NEEDED TO PROVOKE A GENERAL UPRISING SIMILAR TO THE GALLANT UNARMED STRUGGLE OF THE PEOPLE OF THIS AREA TWO YEARS AGO.

More and more reports are being received indicating that a planned campaign is afoot to deport all active anti-Government Pondos—there are still very large numbers in each area—to different corners of Pondo-

land. With each deportation homeguards under the local chief's move in and set fire to the kraals belonging to those who have been deported.

Here are some examples:

● Mr. Phompota Mohombo, obviously expecting a banishment order, escaped into the hills before Chief Gladile Sigau could serve him with such an order. This, however, did not save his family. The homeguards set fire to Mr. Mohombo's kraal, leaving his wife and children destitute. They are now living with friends and relatives.

● At Amadiba Location, in the Bizana District, Chief Gangata is alleged to have ordered the burning of his step-brother's kraal after serving him with an order deporting him to Tabankulu. His step brother, the popular people's leader, Mr. Gumbushu Buleli, has always opposed Bantu Authorities and has been detained several times. Kraals belonging to his sons were also burnt. The

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DURBAN: Over 500 delegates attended the opening session of a conference called by the Federation of S.A. Women at Congress Square in Durban last week. The conference was held to draw up a Women's Bill of Rights. Our pictures show, ABOVE, a portion of the crowd at the opening, and BELOW, from left to right, the chairman of the meeting, Mrs. Helen Joseph, Miss Stalwart Simelane and Miss Constance Mguni, all executive members of the Federation.





# NEW AGE LETTER BOX

## Officials Must Talk To The People

OPEN letter to MR. P. LEWIS, Chairman N.E.A.D., Johannesburg City Council, from MR. J. MKUMBUZI, organiser, Union of Johannesburg Municipal Workers.

Dear Mr. Patrick Lewis,

Our Union of Johannesburg Municipal Workers has seen the statement you sent to the "Star" and the "World" on the 21/6/62 and 22/6/62 in which you discussed and laid out the Council's policy with regard to African rent defaulters in the South-Western locations of Johannesburg.

We are alarmed that you do not make arrangements to make these explanations of changing Council policies directly to the residents through public meetings addressed by you or by any official of the council you would deem competent for the job.

You should be aware that most of the people affected by these ever-changing policies of the Johannesburg City Council are illiterate and often too poor to buy newspapers regularly. If it is the policy of the Council never to address the residents through your mouth or that of Mr. Carr and the other officials of the Council, how do you expect the people to

know the regulations governing them?

We are aware that you will shift the responsibility to the Board Members. If that be the case, have you explained these changes to them and instructed them to hold public meetings with the affected people? If so, did you see to it that they carried out your instructions?

We protest very strongly at our lack of contact with you or Mr. Carr and the other Council officials. We place on record that what you have said in the two newspapers has not reached the broad sections of those whose lives, families and property are going to be affected. We challenge you to come out of your official shell and to meet and address the residents on these serious changes of policy.

Our union wants to remind you about what you already know, namely that the workers in Commerce, Industry and under departments such as the S.A. Municipalities are grossly underpaid. In addition, we want to bring to your attention that business in most firms has slacked and many workers have been laid off two or three days a week in order to give them even lower wages. How can such people pay their rent, food, clothing and train fares as well as hospital and school fees?

The residents are not to blame for defaulting, but you are to blame. We challenge you to meet the representatives of our union on the facts.

## ALL WHITES ARE OPPRESSORS, SAYS PAC LEADER

Your, "Special Correspondent" on "Inside Basutoland," who hides under a pseudonym (New Age, 28/6/62), is a unfortunately allowed his imagination to run riot in his observation on the alleged "PAC-Liberal tie-up in political field."

I want to make it abundantly clear, now and in future that my attitude towards whites remains the same. To me they are all oppressors and belong to the nation that conspired to oppress and robbed them of their land. Whether they be white communists or progressives, to me they are part and parcel of the machine of oppression—and they directly or indirectly contribute to the present devilish status quo—that is designed to forever regard the Africans as inferiors in the land of their birth.

In PAC as individuals, we are entitled to freedom of association, as long as this does not make us sacrifice our principles and poli-

## A Second Matanzima

A certain Mr. Aaron Mungundu—a member of the Native Advisory Board—has said that the White man has prevented bloodshed amongst the Non-Whites that he wants his freedom not from UNO but from the Government (like the Transkei), and that pass laws should not be abolished. It seems as though this is a second Kaizer Matanzima—they both are selling out!

Nyanga.

"NOCEZO"

## A Stone From A Catholic

New Age has a right to exist, as Mr. Kloppenburg says (New Age, June 14). But how much more convincingly that right would show itself, if New Age had the guts and principle to condemn the suppression of the opposition press in the communist countries which it praises weekly in such a servile fashion, without any sting of criticism. When you encourage the systematic destruction of the non-communist opposition in your favourite countries, you risk forfeiting the right to appeal to those human rights which you yourselves do not seem to believe in for everybody. Which is a pity, for one admires your fight for so many good things.

J. E. STEWART  
Roma, Basutoland.  
(Mr. Stewart tries to embarrass us at a moment when we are fighting for our right to exist. We thank him for his backhanded contribution and express the hope that time will convince him that New Age is on the right path, even if he doesn't appreciate it.—Ed.)

## Greetings From Basutoland

I am Mayford Mfawze—former President of the now-hanged ANC Youth League in Uitenhage—was detained during the state of emergency and, because of my political activities, could not get work.

I therefore sought refuge in Basutoland when I left South Africa. Although I am here, I shall always be with them in the struggle for freedom and a democratic constitution for all people in South Africa.

I greet all freedom fighters by saying "Long live June 26, the 10th anniversary of the struggle for freedom."

Long live the liberation movement of Africa.

MAYFORD MFAWZE  
Basuto'land.

## Pondoland Chiefs On The Rampage

ies. We are also free to sell our labour where we desire.

The allegation of the existence of a "PAC-Liberal tie-up" and "trotting 'for Liberals'" is to say the least a deliberate blatant lie, capable only of being produced by a mendacious mind.

E. L. NTOEDIBE

Maseru.

(Continued from page 1)

people allege that these kraals were burnt during the day and that the police did nothing to prevent this wicked destruction.

REPRISAL

The people of Amadiba reacted immediately to this action by Gungata. On the same evening, in obvious retaliation for the burning of Mr. Baleka's kraal, they burnt down Gungakada Ncamani's kraal. Ncamani is Chief Gungani's chief lieutenant and is responsible for carrying out the punishments imposed by Gungata's bush court.

Chief Mele and his home guards are alleged to have burnt down Mr. Mramagwa Balala's kraal at Amangungwane Location after Mr. Balala and his family were deported.

Another victim of Chief Gungani's repressive measures was Mr. Baleka who is violently opposed to Bantu Authorities. He has been deported to Phalagati.

Similar incidents are reported from Lusikiski. At least ten families have been deported and their homes burnt down.

## EDITORIAL

# DON'T BARGAIN WITH VORSTER!

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And the worst of it will not be that they forfeit the respect of their former companions in struggle—if they cared for that they would never make "representations" in the first place—but that they will have to continue living with themselves.

No, this is not a "legal" question, to be decided by consulting with one's legal representative. It is a political and moral question, which can only be decided by consulting one's own conscience.

Looked at in this light, Vorster's "magnanimous offer" turns out to be a ridiculous suggestion, whereby he proposes to his victims that they co-operate in pretending to the world that they have been guilty of crimes which they never committed. No one of any political maturity or moral integrity will participate in this crazy farce. The suggestion should be rejected with the contempt it deserves.

# ARE THE POLICE YOUR FRIENDS?

ONCE again a newly-inducted Commissioner of Police, this time Major-Gen. John Keevy, has proclaimed that the South African Police are to "continue and intensify their policy of courtesy to all races, irrespective of colour."

Gen. Keevy said last week: "Every policeman throughout the country now knows that all races must be accorded the same courtesy and respect. Summary and unnecessary arrests are being avoided wherever possible. As long as we are satisfied that a suspect will appear in court to face the charge, we will not lock him up."

Whatever the policy may be at the top, precious little of it seems to filter down to the bottom. The policeman on the beat or in the pick-up van is still widely regarded by the mass of the people, not as a friend and protector, but as an enemy to be feared and avoided.

Partly this is due to the fact, of course, that the police are responsible for the enforcement of unjust laws, designed to bolster and maintain the system of White domination. The police are merely the instrument for law-enforcement, the protectors of the White supremacists and their property and privileges. With 't' best will in the world it would be impossible for a policeman—even this main duty, to transform himself into a friend of the people.

But it is also a fact that White supremacy attitudes are deeply entrenched in the police force, and Gen. Keevy's fine words will make precious little impression on the ingrained prejudices of the ordinary policeman unless they are backed by action.

We will start to believe Gen. Keevy when we learn:

1. That night raids and the brutality that generally accompany them have completely ceased;
2. That police assaults on prisoners have been brought to an end;
3. That the police have ceased to make use of the vicious 12-day no-bail law under which tens of freedom fighters have been locked up entirely without justification and often without trial.

All these are matters well within the jurisdiction of the police. If Gen. Keevy means business, let him show us by deeds and not words that a new era has dawned in the relations between the police and the public.

# THE TRANSKEI IN TECHNICOLOUR

PORT ELIZABETH

"The Transkei"—that is the title of a glossy propaganda booklet in colour issued by the BAD Information Department. The booklet is written in Xhosa and is attractively produced with well-selected pictures interspersed through the 50 pages. Government officials like Mr. Hans Abraham, the Commissioner-General, Territorial Authority buildings and schools interspersed through the 50 pages.

Everything is described in the superlative degree and titles are used lavishly before the names of certain

chiefs and officials. Botha Sigau and other paramount Chiefs are referred to as "King."

The booklet highlights the work the Government is doing to convince the people of the Transkei and the world that the Nationalist Government means to carry out its apartheid policies. It deals with the Five Year Plan of the Government in terms of which R114 million is to be spent on the development of the reserves and says that R19 of this amount has been set aside for use in the Transkei.

## A SERIOUS WARNING!

ONCE more we must issue a serious warning to our supporters, for New Age is again in danger due to lack of money. Durban rescued us at the end of June, but so far we have not enough in hand to rescue us at the end of this month.

Two weeks is not very long in which to raise R1,500, but that is what we still need to be able to pay our debts at the end of the month.

We appeal to you all to dig deep into your pockets to help us out of our latest crisis. You dare not delay, as delay may well prove fatal to our paper.

SEND US YOUR DONATION IMMEDIATELY!

Last Week's Donations:

Johannesburg: Steel R20, Factory R20, Be-noni R5.

Cape Town:

Irish students R19, Dr. Letele R20, N.D. R6, v.d. Westhuizen R12.80.

Durban:

Post dated R10, T.C. R1, Eleanor 50c, Marlese 50c, Colts R34, G.N. R2, Ivan 6c, Mannie R2, G.G. R2, Jay 25c, Ronnie 25c, N.V. 50c.

Grand Total: R176.45.

## That Ore Deal In Swaziland

# SWAZI KING DID MAKE A STATEMENT

## On-The-Spot Inquiry By New Age

THE statement about lack of consultation of the Swazi nation about mineral deals in their country, published in New Age two issues ago and contested by a press statement from the office of Swaziland's Resident Commissioner, did come from the Ingwenyama Sobhuza II, but an argument has grown up around the statement in Swaziland because officials close to him did not fully observe protocol before handing the statement over to us.

New Age sent a reporter specially to Swaziland last week-end to check on the statement which the Swazi Resident Commissioner said had been repudiated by the Ingwenyama.

### Marwick's Statement

In his statement, the Resident Commissioner, Mr. Marwick, said:

"I have consulted the Ngwenyama (Paramount Chief) who states that no interview on the iron ore agreement has been granted by him to a representative of New Age. The Ngwenyama repudiates the statement ascribed to him by New Age in its issue of July 5.

"The only correspondence between New Age and the Swazi National Council has been a request from New Age for comment on a story it published several weeks ago which alleged that the Swaziland Administration was granting widespread mineral rights to the Anglo-American Corporation without consulting the Ngwenyama in Libandla (Council). This request was addressed to the Secretary to the Swazi nation who was instructed by the Ngwenyama to refer the matter to the Swazi National Council to determine whether a reply should be offered to the newspaper. No recommendation on the form of a reply has yet been received by the Swazians from the Council.

"The only mineral rights held in Swaziland by the Anglo-American Corporation are those in respect of the iron ore deposits at Bonvivi Ridge.

"The agreement concluded with the Corporation for the mining of the iron ore deposits was reached with the full approval of the Ngwenyama in Libandla. Consultations with the Swazi National Council in connection with the agreement began in 1957.

"No mining right has been granted without the consent of the Ngwenyama in Libandla since the Secretary of State replied in 1959 to the Swazi petition on land and minerals."

### Our Inquiry

The Ingwenyama said through his private secretary that he could not see New Age.

Investigations in circles round the King show:

1. The Ingwenyama had the statement prepared.
2. He handed it over to a public relations officer to "dot the i's and cross the t's."
3. The Ingwenyama apparently instructed that the statement be returned to him for a final okay and had also undertaken to submit it for information to the Resident Commissioner, Mr. Marwick.
4. The slip-up by officials of the Ingwenyama occurred because it reached New Age—it was personally handed to us by an official close

to the Ingwenyama—before it had been sufficiently canvassed by circles around the King. But that it emanated from the Ingwenyama there is no doubt. No one, not even the Resident Commissioner, denies this.

It appears further that the final two paragraphs in the statement of the Resident Commissioner—which was drafted by his information officer—were not comments by the Ingwenyama but by the Resident Commissioner. These paragraphs refer to consultation of the Swazi people about the mineral deal. Mr. Marwick told the New Age reporter that mining rights are in any case Crown rights not those of the Swazi nation.

### Informed

Asked, "Were the Swazi consulted?" he replied: "They were informed."

At what stage?, asked New Age.—After the discussions with the Swaziland Iron Ore Development Corporation of which Anglo-American is a shareholder.

The Swazi nation has raised with the British Administration the question of lapsed mineral rights reverting to the control of the Swazi but this matter is still not settled. The British Administration regards the participation of two Swazi representatives in the railway project as a sign that the Swazi do agree.

Whether or not it has become politic for Swazi tribal heads to use the bungle around the interview with New Age as an excuse for trying to backtrack publicly on this issue, the fact remains that there is a strong feeling that while the country talks about the new constitution, economic arrangements are being made over the head of the people and without taking into account their wishes and needs.

## SWAZI TALKS START—BUT PUBLIC IN THE DARK

THE long anticipated Swazi Libandla or tribal consultation about Swaziland's new constitution has officially started at Lubumba but seems to be marking time. What proceedings there have been have been in fits and starts and little is being done publicly.

The Ingwenyama is holding 50 private consultations with groups of councillors at his place but the proceedings are generally rather mystifying and even top figures in Swazi politics know nothing of what is going on behind the scenes. It will

all come out at the end of the Libandla, they say.

The Ingwenyama issued advice to his people to stick by Swazi traditions and custom but this gives little hint of his stand. Maybe the very hesitant beginnings of the tribal consultation can be accounted for by the fact that Swaziland is now awaiting the arrival of a Mr. D. Stephens, appointed legal and constitutional adviser to the High Commissioner and given the job of assisting in the evaluation of public opinion in Swaziland on present day constitutional developments.

Swazi opinion is divided between those supporting a party constitu-

tion with an equal say by the tiny white minority, those in favour of giving the Swazi nation slightly more representation and those, led by the Swaziland Progressive Party, campaigning for one man one vote.

Where Sobhuza stands is still unknown. And after a week of talking and the converging on the tribal capital of representatives from all corners of the country, the general trend of discussions and tribal opinion is also unknown.

No one even knows when the consultations of the Ingwenyama with handfulls of advisers will make way for a more public discussion and debate.

## Group Areas Protest In Durban



During a multi-racial demonstration in Durban last week held in protest against the Group Areas Board hearing to consider a proposal to declare 11 areas "White," a Special Branch detective quizzed some of those taking part (see picture above).

At the Board hearing the following facts emerged, showing that the whole plan is aimed at the "economic genocide" of the Indian community:

- 150,000 Indians now living in slums urgently require housing and until this was found plans were made that the uprooting of settled communities should be shelved.

- The Durban City Council has no plan to solve its housing backlog for the Indians. It needs 55,000 rooms costing at least R60 million in the next 15 years.

- Over 100,000 people will be displaced if the 11 areas under consideration are declared for White occupation.

- Already 11,000 Indians are affected by a proclamation made in 1958 declaring their areas "White."



Franklin, London Daily Mirror  
 "It's comforting to see that Britain and America take different stands on the question of admitting China to the UN."



Bernhardt, Wall Street Journal  
 "It has a surprise ending. Just when you think it will never end, it does."

## Tanganyika To Be A Republic

Tanganyikan National Assembly recently passed the Government's proposals under which Tanganyika will become a republic on December 9 this year, with a President elected as the head of state to replace the British queen and her representative, the Governor-General.

In the debate, all the members of parliament expressed support for this step in the process of strengthening the country's political independence.



# YOUNG DOCTOR BLACKLISTED

## Victimised For Opposing Sabotage Bill

JOHANNESBURG. LESS than two weeks after he passed his final medical exams a young doctor, Costa Gazides, was sacked from his first hospital job by order of the Province, and had his housemanship cancelled—all this clearly because the Special Branch has had him blacklisted for hospital jobs in the Transvaal.

demonstrations on the City Hall steps against the sabotage law.

### POLICE REPORT

Dr. Gazides started his first hospital job on July 1 and ten days later was called urgently into the office of the superintendent of Johannesburg hospitals and told there was an order from the executive committee of the Board of Transvaal Provincial Hospitals that he should be given 24 hours notice. A police report has been submitted, Dr. Gazides was told.

The Province will give no reasons for the dismissal. When Dr. Gazides went to Baragwanath Hospital to take up the housemanship he had been pro-

hibited he was told by the Superintendent the job was no longer available. There has been a mistake, he was told.

Dr. Gazides will not be able to practise as a doctor unless he completes a 12-month housemanship period in an approved hospital. In the Transvaal the Special Branch has seen to it that he will be black-balled by all provincial hospitals, and this means all the large training hospitals where a young doctor should serve a housemanship.

"Now," commented two doctors, "we have blatant interference by the political police with the views and activities of professional people just because they are anti-Government. Where will it stop?"



Dr. Gazides

Dr. Gazides is the man who was fined R20 for trespass after trying to slip an anti-Sabotage Bill poster under the door of the office of Colonel Spengler, head of the Special Branch here.

## FOFATUSA MEETING FLOPS IN DURBAN

A NEW AGE photographer and a reporter were refused admission to a "mass" meeting called by FOFATUSA in Durban last week. The meeting, which was scheduled to take place at Durban's Bantu Social Centre at 10 a.m., only got going at 2 p.m., the reason being that until then only the four speakers from Johannesburg and seven members of the Special Branch were present.

At 2 p.m. only three people remained after Mr. Stephen Dlamini called on those present to leave the hall. About 20 SACTU supporters walked out.

Repeated efforts by a New Age photographer to gain admission to the Centre were refused by the Special Branch, who stated that the meeting was for Africans only. This difficulty has never before been experienced by any Non-African who wanted to attend a meeting at the Centre.

The failure of Fofatusa to attract

Durban workers to their meeting was no surprise.

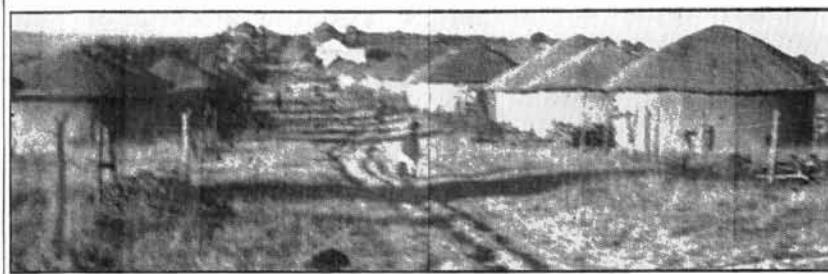
The workers in Durban are well aware that Fofatusa's activities are directed on a racial basis and therefore agree that this is detrimental to the cause of genuine trade unionism.

Even though Mr. Nyosse, the leader of this discredited trade union organisation, was advertised to address the "mass" meeting, he was only able to attract 3 people.

This will be a lesson to all racialists that Durban is no place for them.

The banned PAC found this to be so on the only occasion they attempted to hold a meeting in Durban. On that occasion Messrs Sobukwe, Madama and Lebello had to flee after the people took over their meeting.

There is no room for anyone outside the Congress Alliance and especially anyone who believes in racialism in Durban. The people have understood and fully accept the non-racial policy of Lutuli and Naicker.



These primitive huts constitute the "town" of Soto, near East London.

# DE WET NEL'S DREAM TOWNS SIMPLY DON'T EXIST

New Age Explores Some Slums In The Reserves

**IN answer to questions in Parliament the BAD Minister, Mr. M. C. De Wet Nel, disclosed last session that the Government had either established and proclaimed towns in the reserves at places which are sites of proposed border industries, or had surveyed but not yet proclaimed such towns.**

## COURT SEQUEL TO CITY HALL STEPS FIGHTING

JOHANNESBURG. FASCIST hoodlum activities on the City Hall Steps had their sequel in the Magistrate's Court here last week when a young attorney's clerk Mr. Dennis Mosselson was charged with creating a disturbance. Mosselson said that he was walking past the City Hall and saw a demonstration against the Sabotage Bill. He went up to see what was going on and was threatened by a man who called him "a kaffer-boite."

A fight broke out shortly thereafter and he walked up to a man who was talking to an African woman. He was jered at and one of the men threatened to hit him. He took hold of the arm of a constable to indicate who this man was against whom he wanted to lay a charge of assault.

He was hit on the head and he grabbed hold of a man who was trying to duck out of the way. He held him and said that unless the police arrested this man he would exercise his own powers of arrest to do so.

Thereupon one of the policemen arrested him on the charge on which he was now appearing in court. The matter is proceeding.

## ANTI-NUCLEAR WAR CONFERENCE

The Japan Council for the Prohibition of Atomic and Hydrogen bombs decided at its executive meeting recently that the 8th conference for the prohibition of nuclear bombs and the prevention of nuclear warfare will take place on August 1.

10,000 Japanese delegates will attend in addition to foreign delegates.

Recently a team of independent investigators, accompanied by a New Age photographer, visited some of these areas. Below we reproduce a summary of the questions, the Minister's answers and the outcome of the investigation conducted last week.

### Here are the questions:

(a) How many new Bantu Townships, villages or locations have been established in scheduled or released areas, and where have these been established?

(b) 1. How many houses have been built there, and  
2. What is the population of each such township, village or location?

### The Minister replied:

(a) Twenty-three townships have been established and proclaimed, while 21 are in the process of being established.

The towns have been established at, among other places, following places: Kin'ham-Bushbuckridge, Esho-Hammanskraal, Kingwilliamstown, Lady-smith, East London, Pieterburg.

Those that are in the process of establishment are at the following places: Kingwilliamstown, Thaba Nehu, Traneen, Camperdown and other places.

(b) 1. At these places 6,437 houses

have been built and 1,632 of these by the Africans themselves.

2. The estimated population is 23,000.

The following table reproduces the figures quoted by the Minister to show the progress made with the building of houses:

New Town	District	Houses in 1959	Houses in 1961
Kayaletlu	Alice	40	112
Soto	East London	164	334
Xama	East London	64	207

**Result of Independent Investigation:** The team visited the following places: Kayaletlu, Mngqesha (Kingwilliamstown), Mdantsane (East London), Soto (East London), Zwelitsha (Kingwilliamstown).

Except for Zwelitsha, on the border of Kingwilliamstown, where there is a textile factory that employs 2,000 workers earning on the average R1.80 per week, they did not find the houses the Ministers boasted of in Parliament.

At Mdantsane and Mngqesha they found no new towns arising out of the bush.

At Kayaletlu and Soto they found that the new towns consisted of thatched mud huts—not houses—built in lines. The occupiers told the visiting team that they had put them up themselves.

At the Soto location they learnt from the people that the old unplanned location had 51 huts, whereas the new location has 207 huts all of which were built before 1960.

### ARRESTS

● The people whose in this location are the overflow from the

New Town	District	Houses in 1959	Houses in 1961
Kayaletlu	Alice	40	112
Soto	East London	164	334
Xama	East London	64	207

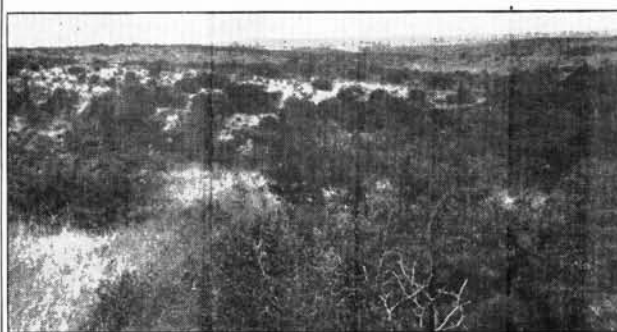
farms. The men find work in East London, and the women complained bitterly about the rate at which their men were being arrested at East London under the pass laws while they were looking for work.

Yet if they remain at home there is no food for them and their families because they have no land to till.

The nearest town where there are doctors, lawyers and other facilities is East London, it is 40 miles away and the bus fare is 62c per single journey.

At Mngqesha, the home of Archie Velle Sandie, the Paramount Chief in the Ciskei, some of the Councillors close to him expressed surprise on hearing that the Government planned to build a township there. They knew nothing about it.

## DE WET NEL PLANS A "TOWN" HERE



This is Mdantsane, where some day one of Mr. de Wet Nel's "towns" is planned to spring out of the virgin bush.

In this open letter to the Novosti Press Agency a group of prominent Jewish citizens of the Soviet Union refute slanders about anti-Semitism in the USSR, appearing in the Western press.

"We are proud of our homeland," they say, "and the truth will win."

# "LES HAVE SHORT LEGS!"

**THE authors of this letter are Soviet Jews. We are people of different ages and occupations. There are Communists and non-Party people among us.**

This joint letter to you is in connection with the statements of Jacob Javits, member of the United States Senate, on the position of the Jews in the Soviet Union. However we are not going to enter into debate with Mr. Javits or any other person who has mistaken ideas of our life as Soviet citizens.

● We address our words to those who are really interested in the truth about our lives. We read with indignation the allegations in the Western press about an anti-semitic campaign in the USSR. We declare before all the world: Soviet Jews do not need any "protectors" or "patrons."

As Soviet citizens, our private and public interests coincide with the interests of all other people in our country.

### FACTS

Here are some interesting facts: ● According to the 1959 census, the population of the USSR was 208,827,000. Of this overall figure 114,114,000 were Russians; 27,253,000 were Ukrainians; 7,913,000 were Byelorussians; 6,015,000 were Uzbecks; 2,692,000 were Georgians; 2,268,000 were Jews.

In 1960-61 the USSR had 2,395,545 undergraduates; of these 1,479,520 were Russian; 346,618 were Ukrainians; 77,177 were Jews; 63,720 were Byelorussians; 53,530 were Uzbecks, etc.

Specialists working in the USSR national economy with secondary and higher specialised education include: 5,509,000 Russians; 1,338,000 Ukrainians; 427,000 Byelorussians; 237,000 Uzbecks; 155,000 Georgians.

Scientific workers in the USSR include: 229,547 Russians; 35,426 Ukrainians; 33,529 Jews; 8,306 Georgians; 6,588 Byelorussians.

Jews make up 14.7 per cent of all Soviet doctors; 8.5 per cent of all writers and journalists; 10.4 per cent of all jurists (prosecutors, judges, lawyers); 7 per cent of art workers (actors, musicians, artists, sculptors).

The Jewish population of the USSR constitutes 1.1 per cent of the country's population.

### GOVERNMENT

● In 1961, 7,623 Jews were elected deputies of the local organs of Soviet government. There are Jews among the deputies of the Supreme Soviets of the Ukraine, Byelorussia, Lithuania and other Union republics as well as in the Supreme Soviet of the USSR.

Among Jewish members of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR are Minister Veniamin Dymshitz, Colonel-General Yakov Kreizer, Hero of the Soviet Union, Rebecca Vishchinskina, a collective farmer, Ilya Ehrenburg, Ilya Yaregin, a collective farm chairman, Genrikh Zimanski, journalist, Minister Ilya Velyavichus.

Many thousands of Jews hold important positions in the central organisations and in the provinces throughout the country.

Sovietish Haimland is published in Yiddish—25,000 copies per issue. Books by Jewish writers in Yiddish are published in large editions. In the past seven years about 12 million copies of books by Soviet Jewish writers have been published by various presses. Jewish theatrical companies and individual performers appear in state theatres. Their performances are attended by nearly half a million people every year.

### RELIGION

● The Jewish religion is not persecuted in the USSR. Its position is the same as that of the Orthodox, Moslem, Catholic, or any other religion. Freedom of conscience is ensured to all citizens by law.

The fact that the number of believers gradually decreases among us should not be attributed to any form of administrative measures. The explanation lies elsewhere; namely in the fact that in our country the material outlook on the world increasingly prevails over an idealist world outlook.

At one time Sholem Aleichem dreamed; "The sun will rise over Russia and better times will come." These times have come. It is in the Soviet Union that our people, with all the other people of our country, have found true freedom and happiness.

### HITLER

● Hitler succeeded in killing a third of the world's Jewish population. Just think what would have happened to us if there had been no Soviet power. We can never forget the horrors of the outbreak of war, despite incredible difficulties, the organs of Soviet power made heroic efforts to save its citizens, including hundreds of thousands of Jewish families.

We are living in the country which was the first in history to make equality of all nations, races and peoples the cornerstone of its national policy. No people in the USSR enjoy privilege over any other people.

Men of the older generation who lived in Russia before the revolution will remember how hard was the lot of Jews under tsarism. By official figures only 30 out of every 100 Jews had regular income and employment. The majority of the Jewish population was made up of "men of air" in the apt description of Sholem Aleichem. (Thus the great Jewish writer described the small traders without capital or permanent habitation who made up the bulk of Jewish businessmen.)

The Jews were squeezed within the tight borders of the Ukraine, Byelorussia, the Baltic Area—the notorious "Jewish Pale."

Now they live all over the vast territory of the country. About a million Jews live in the Russian Federation alone. They live where they want and do what they like. Young Jews today cannot imagine what the "Jewish Pale" was.

**PROUD**  
● We are proud of our Soviet homeland and we will not permit anybody to abuse it. We strongly resent the continual distortions in the Western press about the life of Jews in our country. What aim is pursued in doing this? Why do they slander us and our homeland?

We think the people who disseminate slanders about "Soviet anti-Semitism" pursue but one aim: to worsen relations between nations, to divert the attention of the people from the struggle to lessen international tension, to impede the establishment of friendly contacts and the growth of understanding between the peoples of the USSR and other countries.

But it is well known that lies have short legs. Truth will win out despite all the intrigues of the knights of the Cold War.

We ask you to distribute our letter as widely as possible.

- Z. Vendorf, writer
- Prof. Boris Eidelman, Master of Law
- Lev Pulver, People's Artist of the RSFSR
- Prof. Isid' Braginsky, Editor-in-Chief of the magazine The Peoples of Asia and Africa
- Prof. Ilya Strashun, Member of the USSR Academy of Medical Sciences.

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★

**PAY UP AND AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT**

### LONG DELAYED SUMMONS

JOHANNESBURG

THREE leading members of the Congress Alliance have been summoned to appear in the Magistrate's Court, Johannesburg on August 1. They are Mr. Mark Shope, general secretary of SACTU, Mr. Leon Levy, President of SACTU and Dr. Aziz Kazi, executive member of the Transvaal Indian Congress. Charged together with them are Messrs. Raphael Nkedi and John Molefe.

The charge arises from the meeting organised in Kiptown on March 11. The three men are alleged to have "wrongfully and unlawfully held, convened or organised a public meeting without the written permission of the Secretary/Treasurer of the Peri-Urban Health Board." The area comes under the control of this health board.

## TO GIVE NON-RACIAL SHOWS



The brilliant and witty Irish actor Michael MacLannair, who has been touring South Africa with 'The Importance of Being Oscar', will not leave the country, he announced, without giving performances to completely non-racial audiences. He will give his two final performances, therefore, in the University Great Hall in Johannesburg on Saturday July 21 at 2.30 p.m. and 8.30 p.m.

## Bishop Reeves Speaks

REMOVED from South Africa but still deeply immersed in its struggles is the former Bishop of Johannesburg, the Right Reverend Ambrose Reeves whose new book 'South Africa—Yesterday and Tomorrow' is a strong challenge to the Christian Church, and who has also written 'Let the Facts Speak' as a reply to South Africa House government hand-outs in Britain.

Government propaganda gets short shrift from Bishop Reeves.

The facts are just too overwhelming. Far from the present race policy of the Government creating harmonious race relations, he writes, the fact that £60 million is to be spent on defence in 1962, an increase of 67.3 per cent on the 1961 sum, shows that the Government recognises that the time is coming when the policy of apartheid will be maintained only by the use of massive force. There is a real danger that another Algerian situation may develop in

South Africa unless some action is taken to prevent this.

### STRAIGHT TALK

In the longer book the Bishop talks straight to the Christian Church.

"I am convinced that one such lesson is the necessity for church-people to become involved as Christians in the affairs of the community, and not to content themselves with making a verbal commentary on those affairs. This conviction has made me increasingly sceptical of the value of church bodies passing resolutions on national affairs, unless such resolutions lead on to action . . .

"But to translate words into action may be a very costly thing. The more we learn to do this, the more certain will it become that we shall have to face hostility, misunderstanding and even persecution.

"That will probably become increasingly true in the South African situation, for it would be folly for any to assume that the Church can pursue its own life undisturbed in the times of crisis in which it finds itself. That it can only do if it is prepared to deny its calling and renounce its destiny."

### AFRICAN REACTION

Africans are no longer greatly impressed by words, even Christian words, says the Bishop. They now watch Christians carefully to see if they match their words with deeds.

Too often, unfortunately, the deeds of Christians speak so loudly that Africans cannot hear their words. Further, official Church utterances often have little effect on those in power because those who are criticised know that much of the practice of the Church in its own life is at variance with its profession.

The Church must press on quickly everywhere with the task of putting its own house in order, if in a country as fear-ridden as South Africa it is to become a community in which those of different racial origin may come to understand and respect one another.

South Africa—Yesterday and Tomorrow: published by Gollancz, Price 21s.

South Africa—Let the Facts Speak, Price 2s. Published by Christian Action, 2 Amen Court, London, E.C.4.

# DEFENCE URGENT IN TROK CASE

## JUDGMENT NEXT WEEK

### JOHANNESBURG.

THE State had not proved beyond a reasonable doubt that Turok's fingerprints had got on the brown paper wrapping of the bomb other than innocently. It was pure speculation that he committed, or helped in, the crime.

This was the Defence summing up in the case in which Ben Turok, national secretary of the Congress of Democrats and one-time representative of the Africans of the Western Province in the Cape Provincial Council, is charged with placing a home-made incendiary bomb in the 'Native' Divorce Court in the Riskik Street Post Office.

Judgment was reserved till Monday July 23.

Turok is also charged with breaking his ban by attending a meeting with an Israeli journalist in the Market street flat of Mr. 'Kathy' Kathrada.

Two tense days were spent last week in detailed and involved evidence and argument about fingerprints, brown paper wrappings, shapes and sizes of parcels—and the state and meaning of the law on 'pathfinders'.

The court room was crowded throughout, especially at the highlights of the trial: Turok's own evidence and the two hour argument for the defence.

### The "Bomb Plot"

Turok pleaded not guilty and in the witness box under oath said he had not placed the bomb in the Post Office or had anything to do with any bomb plot.

Turok said he was a land surveyor by profession but worked full-time for the Congress of Democrats for R10 a month.

The Congress of Democrats belonged to a 'loose alliance' with various other bodies, the S.A. Congress of Trade Unions, the South African Indian Congress, and the S.A. Coloured People's Congress. This was the Congress Alliance.

Members of all these bodies, and others like the Peace Council, as well as former members of the banned African National Congress and the Communist Party, frequented his office. All these political bodies were opposed to the Government. Their aims and methods varied.

Mr. George Colman (for the Defence) said his aims all equally peaceful?—That is a difficult answer.

### Stunned

Turok said when he had been arrested by Major Moolman of the Special Branch and told that his fingerprints had been found on a bomb, he had been 'stunned'. He had preferred to make no statement.

He had been in the Post Office building, but never in the Divorce Court where the bomb was found. The only time he had had any direct

contact with the articles which went to make up the bomb was when they were presented as exhibits in the preparatory examination.

He had thought seriously about how his fingerprints could have appeared on the wrapping of the bomb. After seeing the cylindrical wrapped parcel (prepared by the Defence) which was the same shape and size as the bomb parcel, Turok said he recollected seeing similarly-shaped parcels in the COD offices. 'A parcel looking like that could have contained various types of printed matter. The office daily handled similar wrapped parcels and it was quite possible that if a parcel containing the cylinders had been left temporarily in the office he might have handled it by pushing it aside or picking it up. He did not specifically remember any such occasion, however.

Questioned about the telegram he had sent Mr. Govan Mbeki conveying 'solidarity' with Harold Strachan who had been sentenced to three years imprisonment on a bomb charge, Turok said he had meant to convey sympathy but not approval of the act.

Mr. Masters, for the State: I put it to you that you were delighted at the release of Mbeki and you were expressing sympathy with the act. No, I don't agree with that interpretation.

### No Common Purpose

The Saturday morning interviews with the journalist in the flat were not a gathering in terms of the law, argued Mr. Colman. There was no common purpose.

On the bomb charge the fact that the telegram had been sent to Strachan three months after the explosion had occurred in Riskik Street, did not indicate that Turok was therefore responsible for that crime. Something more substantial would be needed, said Mr. Colman.

The evidence of fingerprints merely proved that Turok's fingerprints and palm prints were found on the paper wrapped round the bomb; but it did not prove that he placed it there or that he had any part in its preparation.

Mr. G. Colman, S.C. and Mr. J. Slovo appeared for Mr. Turok.

# New Turn In P.E. Explosives Case

## Sisa Dukada Charged With Engcobo Bombing

### PORT ELIZABETH

AT the Regional Court here on July 12 judgment in a case of statutory perjury was postponed to July 28. The charge arose from the case under the explosives Act in which Harold Strachan appeared together with Govan Mbeki and Joseph Jack. Strachan was sentenced to 10 years (3 suspended), while the charges against Mbeki and Jack were withdrawn.

Sisa Dukada, the main State witness, told the Judge at the trial that the incriminating evidence he had given at the preparatory examination against Govan Mbeki had been formulated for him by the Special Branch, who ordered him to quote Govan Mbeki.

Sisa Dukada told the Court that

he had not told the magistrate at the Preparatory Examination because he was afraid that the Special Branch would beat him up. He felt that he would be better protected if he departed from his statement before the Judge.

### IMMUNITY WITHDRAWN

The immunity against him having been withdrawn, Sisa Dukada has now also been charged under the Explosives Act with causing an explosion at the Tax Office at the Magistrate's Court at Engcobo on December 17, 1961. He appeared in Court on July 13 but the case was remanded to July 27.

Advocate Mervyn Bennun instructed by Messrs. D. M. Mgwigwi & Co. appeared for Sisa Dukada.

## Support for Mpho

# CALL FOR NEW ELECTIONS IN B.P.P.

Palapye, Bechuanaland. A DECLARATION of no-confidence in Mr. K. T. Motsele and Mr. P. G. Matante for "calculated subversive activities against African Nationalism, freedom fighters, patriots and African independence and Unity" has been issued by the ten members of the Central Region Committee of the Bechuanaland People's Party.

In an open letter to Mr. Motsele, they say:

"We reject your unconstitutional and dictatorial suspension of the Secretary-General (Mr. M. K. Mpho) and other members of the Lobatsi branch.

"We denounce most vehemently your grossly misleading statement that the B.P.P. is Government-controlled. You are politically muddled up, and certainly worse than dead-weight in the B.P.P. leadership."

### DEMANDS

The members of the Central Region Committee demand:

"1. The restoration of B.P.P. (Palapye) property which this region uses for the purpose of organising I.C. vehicle and all the things you mentioned in Mr. M. K. Mpho's letter of suspension.

"2. The immediate resumption of office work by Mr. M. K. Mpho, the Secretary-General.

"3. An immediate call for a National Conference for re-elections.

Alternatively, you must convene a National Executive meeting to be held in Palapye to try Mr. Mpho's case."

Failure to reply to these demands will be taken as an indication of Mr. Motsele's resignation, says the letter, "whereupon a National Conference for re-elections will be convened by the Secretary-General, Mr. M. K. Mpho, empowered by the National Executive."

The letter is signed by K. Ntising, E. Mokoli, Hannah Mpho, D. L. Seolebo, O. Mofswane, D. Ntseke, J. W. Ramotswini, T. S. Tshelo, L. C. Lebra and D. Selelo.



Sketches in the Wall Street Journal: "One million bucks! Where else but in a democracy could it happen to a couple of ordinary guys like you and me?"

# WORLD ANGER AT SPACE-BOMB TEST

## "A Gamble With Life Itself"

**HUNDREDS** of British people protesting against the high-altitude nuclear explosion set off by the U.S. in the Pacific recently demonstrated outside the American Embassy in London last week.

The vigil which has been kept outside the Embassy since it resumed nuclear testing was strengthened by many supporters of nuclear disarmament.

Speakers said that the greatest crime was that the Americans had now launched the arms race in space. They urged that this act of defiance be met with mammoth protests from the British people.

A correspondent reported from Hiroshima that the whole city was filled with indignation at the U.S. high altitude nuclear detonation.

A director of the Tokyo meteorological observatory was quoted as saying "The experiment is an outrage to humanity. I am opposed to the experiment. The high altitude experiment can have no other purpose than military."

A Japanese newspaper editorially said "We shall protest again

and again against this unjustifiable test." The editorial continued: "We cannot just excuse 'regrets' over this experiment and get away with it. We believe that we must fight to the last against this wrongdoing."

### BARBAROUS

"Nothing but indignation can be aroused by the barbarous act of the U.S. imperialism—the nuclear explosion in outer space," prominent Soviet physiologist, professor Vasilii Parin, full member of the academy of medical sciences, said.

It was particularly revolting, he declared, that the nuclear explosion was carried out at a time when the whole world is expecting from governments practical steps towards general disarmament, discontinuance of nuclear weapons production and banning of these weapons.

In the USA, Mr. Gus Hall, leading communist spokesman said that the explosion was a gamble with life itself, with life in all parts of the world without regard for the sovereignty and rights of others. More than anything, this enraged the Kennedy Administration as aggressive and irresponsible.



Over 100 years old Maria Drakus Senana recently received a diploma in the Cuban anti-illiteracy campaign. Born in 1855, she was the daughter of a slave brought to Cuba from Africa in the last century. She experienced three revolutions in her life, but her desire for learning was not satisfied until now. Our photo shows Maria's grandsons watching her while she learns to write.



"Are we supposed to have six inter-continental satellites aimed at Moscow, Idaho?"

Wall St. Journal

## S. AFRICANS SAY "END ALL TESTS"

**SOUTH AFRICANS** must join the wave of angry protest that has arisen since the explosion of a high-altitude H-bomb by the United States, said a statement issued by the S.A. Peace Council last week.

"We, voicing the feelings of millions of South Africans, therefore demand the immediate cessation of all further tests of nuclear weapons of any nature, and the reaching of agreement between the nations to end forever the threat of war that has brought these monstrous weapons into existence. What politicians and statesmen have in the past been unable or unwilling to do, we the people, must now force upon them," the statement said. "We demand our right to life, and the right of our children to live in a world untrammelled and at peace. We believe the vast majority of people throughout the world share this view."

## Fighting In Portuguese Guinea

Nationalist fighters of Portuguese Guinea increased attacks on Portuguese colonial troops during the last month, announced the General Secretariat of the African Independence Party of Portuguese Guinea and Cape Verde Islands (PAIGE) in a recent communique.

Long stretches of roads were damaged and blocked and about twenty bridges were destroyed. A Portuguese officer and several soldiers were injured in a fight, and a leading official of the colonial police was found dead in his car.

# ALGERIA CELEBRATES INDEPENDENCE

## THOUSANDS HAIL JULY 5

**JULY 5** will from now on be celebrated as Algerian Independence Day. It was on that date in 1830 that French troops landed in Algeria, marking the

commencement of colonial rule in that country.

At the official celebrations last week, thousands of Algerians thronged the streets and jubilant celebrations for the gaining of independence were brought to a new pitch.

Premier of the Provisional Government, Ben Khedda and Ministers took the salute of the march past of a unit of the Liberation Army who were in full combat dress.

### STREETS JAMMED

The Algerian fighters were followed by contingents of young people, students, members of trade unions and other organisations. Algerian people jammed the streets of Algiers probed on window sills,

stood on rooftops to see the parade cheering, applauding, laughing and shouting patriotic slogans. Many wept tears of joy.

Multitudes of peasants converged on the city to join the celebrations.

### MESSAGES

President Sukarno sent a message of congratulations to Algerian Premier Ben Youssef Ben Khedda on the occasion of Algeria's independence.

Similar messages were received by the provisional government from Somalia, Ghana, Tanganyika and the Cameroons.

The governments of other countries including Nigeria, Niger, Gabon, Malagache, India, Japan and Brazil have declared their recognition of the Algerian Republic.

## PICK AND SHOVEL REVOLUTION

"Each member of the Algerian Liberation Army knows that after the cease-fire it is revolution. It is necessary to reconstruct the country, build schools, dig wells. That will be our work."

But that isn't the role of soldiers?—

"We are not soldiers, but militants in arms. Tomorrow our arms will be words, and the pick and shovel."

—Interview with an Algerian rebel soldier, in Jeune Afrique.

## INDONESIA WANTS CLARIFICATION

Deputy First Minister and Minister of Information Yamin stated recently that Indonesia's decision to send a special envoy to Washington to ask for an explicit clarification from the Dutch about their intention of the bunker proposals "does not mean that we have entered the stage of negotiations with the Dutch."

Yamin said that Indonesia first of all wanted to know whether the Netherlands had accepted the bunker proposals. He agreed to their implementation. Of prime importance to Indonesia was the formal transfer of the administration over West Irian to the republic, and only after this would the right of self-determination be granted to the local population, he said.

He pointed out that so far the voices heard about Dutch willingness to accept the bunker proposals for the peaceful settlement of the West Irian dispute "do not come from the Dutch but from others." Indonesia wanted the Dutch themselves to declare their intention because it had to negotiate with the Dutch and not U Thant (the U.N. Acting Secretary General) or anybody else, he said.

## DR. JAGAN TO COMPLAIN

Dr. Jagan, Premier of British Guiana, is to complain to the United Nations about the British decision to postpone the constitutional conference planned for this month. He is also to invite the United Nations committee on colonialism to visit British Guiana and investigate the position.

# BRAZIL'S NEW PREMIER WANTS END TO HUNGER

**THE** Brazilian Chamber of Deputies last week approved the nomination of Mr. Brochado da Rocha as Brazil's new premier.

Deputies of the Social Democratic, Labour and Socialist Parties and several other smaller political groups voted in favour of Mr. da Rocha against one half of the deputies of the National Democratic Union and members of the Liberation Party.

### BASIC REFORMS

Speaking in the Chamber of Deputies, the premier designate declared that in order to achieve national economic and social liberation, emergency measures must be taken for basic reforms and a government programme must be adopted to meet the desires of the people.

The immediate task was to supply foodstuffs to both rural and urban inhabitants and increase employment. His long-range plan called for a land reform, an electoral reform aimed at freeing elections of the influence of big business, taxation and banking reforms, and measures to force foreign investors

to abide by the law, to prevent foreign companies from sending profits abroad, and to hold inflation in check.

"We are a victim of international capital which works hand in glove with Brazil's reactionary economic forces," he declared.

With regard to foreign policy, he said that "we will continue and extend the present genuinely sovereign and independent policy of working together with other forces for the preservation of world peace."

"We will maintain relations with all other countries and expand trade with them irrespective of their social structure."

In the field of Latin America, he declared that he would back the development of democratic government and maintain all international treaties Brazil had signed without infringing the principles of self-determination and non-intervention. Brochado da Rocha expressed support for the idea of holding a referendum for the Brazilian people to choose between the presidential system and the parliamentary system of government.

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# Bomb Explosion In East London Matanzima's Ambassador Attacked

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OF MATANZIMA'S AMBAS-**

## Results Of The Congress Alliance Competition

**FIRST PRIZE:**  
Mr. Paul Mogapi, 1660B White  
City, Jabavu, P.O. Jabavu.

**SECOND PRIZE:**  
Mr. Choice Molela, Theatre,  
Baragwanath Hospital, Jhb.

**THIRD PRIZE:**  
S. Mabasa, Jabavu.

**CONSOLATION PRIZES:**  
Simon Maje, 457B W/C Jabavu;  
Lena Molefe, 28 Children Rd., Flori-  
da Hill, Florida; Dr. A. Rathebe,  
S. S. Nkomo, 678 Zondi L. S & S.  
Johannesburg; Mrs. J. Parbhoo, 18  
Mint Road, Fordburg, Jhb.; Mrs.  
M. Meneu, 1527 Moroka, S & S; Mr.  
George Zondi, 5-15th Avenue, Alex-  
andra Township; Oosie.

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Johannesburg

**SADORS LAST WEEK.**  
The ambassador, J. J. Matote,  
took part in the Defiance Campaign  
in 1952. Recently he was denounc-  
ing Transkei "self-government" and  
is also well-known in religious cir-  
cles. In the late fifties he was re-  
sponsible for the explosion of  
Minister Ndubela of the Methodist  
Church.

Recently he was on holiday at  
Coffinvaal and when he returned he  
claimed to be Matanzima's ambas-  
sador. He also claims to be a leader  
of the people, but unfortunately the  
people of East London do not re-  
cognise the dummy bodies of the  
Advisory Boards and Bantu Author-  
ities. He tried to call meetings to  
introduce himself as an ambassador,  
but nobody attended.

His former friends have now  
turned their backs on him because  
he has crossed the floor.  
Mr. J. Mgabela is behind bars,  
accused by Matote of trying to  
bomb him.

## Sekou Toure To Visit Tanganyika

The Prime Minister of Tangan-  
yika, Mr. Rashidi Kawawa, last  
week confirmed the rumoured visit  
of Guinea's President, Mr. Sekou  
Toure. Mr. Kawawa said that a  
definite date has not been fixed yet  
but it will be within the next two  
or three months.

He said that the visit is one of  
goodwill, and added that Tangan-  
yika is committed through its po-  
licy attempt to bridge the gap  
between the Casablanca and Mon-  
rovia groups.

# A NARROW ESCAPE



**JOHANNESBURG:** Four-year-old Abbot Ebrahim narrowly escaped serious injury when workmen started demolishing the walls of the room in which he was still sleeping. As a result of this demolition, the Ebra-  
him family had to abandon their home and move in with a relation. The landlord claims he received an  
order from the City Engineer to demolish and rebuild the wall of the property facing the lane. He had  
strted on the demolition when his tenants, Mr. and Mrs. Ebrahim and their five children, got a court  
order restraining him. "How can demolitions start when people are living in a house?" they demanded.

## Women's Tournament At Kimberley

# TRANSVAAL AGAIN WIN HOCKEY TROPHY

**KIMBERLEY.**  
With Natal and Western Province  
sharing second position for the Syd  
Lo runners-up cup.

This year's South African  
Women's inter-provincial  
hockey tournament provided  
plenty of excitement, with several  
thrilling finishes and much  
switching of the top places in  
the log.

Three centres vied for top position,  
but the ultimate winners were  
in doubt until the final games. In  
the end Transvaal were lucky to  
retain the Robertson trophy for the  
third successive time, scraping  
through to head the rest by one  
point. Although Transvaal started  
off well beating Eastern Province  
3-0; they got their biggest shock  
when they went down 2-0 to Natal.  
However Transvaal went on to win  
the balance of their matches.

Natal was the unluckiest side and  
if they had not been surprisingly  
beaten by near bottom-of-the-log  
Eastern Province, they would have  
walked away with the title of hock-  
ey champions. Their defeat brought  
Transvaal and Western Province  
back into the picture.

With Natal and Western Province  
playing a 1-1 draw on the final day  
and Transvaal beating Griquas 1-0,  
the Rand side emerged the winners

with Natal and Western Province  
sharing second position for the Syd  
Lo runners-up cup.

Here is a summary of play during  
each day's play:

**June 30:** Though beaten by Trans-  
vaal 3-0, Eastern Province were  
rather unlucky not to score, as they  
played the better hockey against  
their unsettled opponents, Trans-  
vaal's scorers were Maureen Stevens  
and Lorraine Julius 2. Although Gri-  
quas played outstanding hockey they  
could not score and Natal ran out  
the winners 1-0 through Jean James.  
Western Province beat Free State  
1-0 through Theresa Solomon, but  
they did not have it all their own  
way.

**Monday July 2.** Only Natal and  
Western Province won both their  
matches after the second day's play.  
Natal beat Transvaal 2-0 through  
Jean James and Louisa Jantjies and  
Eastern Province went down to  
Western Province 2-0. Both their  
goals were scored by Ray Lavigne.  
Although Griquas trailed 1-0 against  
Free State, they emerged the win-  
ners 2-1. Ita Crowie and Isis Oppen-  
heim scored for Griquas and  
Maggie Scheepers for Free State.

**Wednesday July 4.** By beating  
Free State 3-1 Natal shot into the  
lead after the third day's play.

Heroine of the Natal victory was  
Colleen Bowler who scored a hat  
trick, netting all three Natal goals.  
Maggie Scheepers netted for Free  
State, Western Province dropped  
two points when they were beaten  
2-0. Griquas scraped through to  
beat Eastern Province 1-0 after  
goalless first half. Iris Oppern...  
netted their only goal.

**Thursday July 4.** Eastern Pro-  
vince caused a major surprise and  
upset when they beat Natal 2-0 after  
leading 1-0 at half time. Their  
scorers were Marie West and Sheila  
Davies. Griquas were trounced 3-1  
by Western Province in a one-sided  
clash. Ray Lavigne 1 and J. Cupido  
were their scorers, while Violet Py-  
oos netted for Griquas. Transvaal  
thrashed Free State 4-1. A hat trick  
by Lorraine Julius and a goal by  
Blanche Kimmie were the features.  
Free State's goal came through Mag-  
gie Scheepers.

**Final day:** Transvaal scraped  
through to beat Griquas 1-0 when  
Helen Meyer netted in the first half.  
Western Province and Natal fought  
out a 1-1 draw. Colleen Bowler net-  
ted for Natal and Ray Lavigne for  
Province. Eastern Province trounced  
Free State 6-0. Their scorers were  
Sheila Davies 2, Marie West 2,  
Betty Daniels 2.

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CURRIES, DURBAN

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VS  
**ORLANDO PIRATES**

**LINCOLN CITY**  
VS  
**HEARTS**

**BE.**  
VS  
**MOROKA & SWALLOWS**