Press Communique of the Secretariat of the Presidium of The Ninth National Congress of The Communist Party of China

April 14, 1969
We hope that the present Congress will be a congress of unity and a congress of victory and that, after its conclusion, still greater victories will be won throughout the country.
Our great leader Chairman Mao making an extremely important and inspiring speech at the plenary session of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China on April 14.
Our great leader Chairman Mao and his close comrade-in-arms
Vice-Chairman Lin Piao on the rostrum

Our great leader Chairman Mao presiding over the session
Press Communiqué of the Secretariat
Of the Presidium of the Ninth
National Congress of the
Communist Party of China

April 14, 1969

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China at the plenary session held on the afternoon of April 14 unanimously adopted the political report made by Comrade Lin Piao on behalf of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and unanimously adopted the Constitution of the Communist Party of China.

When the great leader Chairman Mao Tsetung and his close comrade-in-arms Vice-Chairman Lin Piao mounted the rostrum, thunderous cheers and prolonged applause resounded throughout the hall.

Chairman Mao presided over today’s session. When the two documents were unanimously adopted, the whole hall burst into prolonged cheers: “Long live the victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution!” “Long live the Communist Party of China!” “Long live invincible Mao Tsetung Thought!” “Long live Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao!”

Starting from April 2 after the opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, all the delegates held group discussions.

All the delegates received a profound education after conscientiously discussing and studying the extremely important speech made by Chairman Mao at the opening session of the
Congress; they expressed their warm support for it and their determination to act accordingly. In accordance with Chairman Mao's teachings, the delegates reviewed the history of the Party. In 1921, at the time of the Party's First National Congress there were only a few groups with a few dozen Party members, whereas today, under the guidance of Chairman Mao's correct line, our Party has developed and become the leader of the powerful People's Republic of China. The delegates said that this is the conclusion made by history on the great victory our Party has won after 48 years of heroic struggle, and is also the conclusion made by history on the complete bankruptcy of the Right and "Left" opportunism of Chen Tu-hsiu, Wang Ming and others which did tremendous harm to the Chinese revolution. Only by understanding the history of the Party is it possible to understand how Chairman Mao has inherited, defended and developed Marxism-Leninism and understand the greatness of Chairman Mao, the greatness of Mao Tsetung Thought and the correctness of Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line. Chairman Mao said in his speech: "We hope that the present Congress will be a congress of unity and a congress of victory and that, after its conclusion, still greater victories will be won throughout the country." The delegates unanimously expressed with elation their determination to respond to the great call of Chairman Mao. With full confidence they declared: Our Party is unprecedentedly united after the bourgeois headquarters headed by Liu Shao-chi has been shattered. Under the direct leadership of Chairman Mao, our Congress has been going on very smoothly and in great unity and it is very fine; it is bound to be a congress of unity, a congress of victory and a congress of pledge for seizing still greater victories throughout the country.

All the delegates conscientiously discussed again and again the political report made by Vice-Chairman Lin Piao, paragraph by paragraph and sentence by sentence. The delegates held that this report holds high the great red banner of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, expounds profoundly Chairman Mao's theory of continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, sums up systematically the experience of the great proletarian cultural revolution of our country, analyzes the situation at home and abroad and sets forth the fighting tasks hereafter for the whole Party, the whole army and the whole nation. It is a great programme guiding China's socialist revolution and socialist construction. The delegates who have come from different fighting posts said that Comrade Lin Piao's report has summarized all that they want to say, and that the more they read this report, the happier they feel, the more they read it, the more it warms their hearts. The delegates have made many good proposals for additions to and modifications of the report.

All the delegates conscientiously discussed the draft of the revised Constitution of the Communist Party of China, chapter by chapter and article by article. The delegates held that this draft was jointly worked out by the whole Party and the revolutionary masses throughout the country; it is the product of the integration of the great leader Chairman Mao's wise leadership with the broad masses and it is a vivid manifestation of the Party's democratic centralism and the Party's mass line. The delegates pointed out that the draft Constitution of the Party has clearly reaffirmed that Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought is the
theoretical basis guiding the Party’s thinking and clearly stipulated that Comrade Lin Piao is the successor to Chairman Mao; this is a great victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution, a great victory of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought. In accordance with the provisions of the new Party Constitution, our Party will surely be built into a still greater, still more glorious and still more correct Party.

At the plenary session on April 14, the great leader Chairman Mao made an extremely important and inspiring speech. Comrade Lin Piao made an important speech. Comrades Chou En-lai, Chen Po-ta, Kang Sheng, Huang Yung-sheng, Wang Hung-wen, Chen Yung-kuei, Sun Yu-kuo, Wei Feng-ying and Chi Teng-kuei also spoke. They expressed their unanimous support for the extremely important speeches made by the great leader Chairman Mao, for the political report made by Comrade Lin Piao and for the draft Constitution of the Communist Party of China. Their speeches were punctuated by warm applause and shouting of slogans throughout the hall. After adopting Vice-Chairman Lin Piao’s political report and the Constitution of the Communist Party of China, the Congress decided to entrust the secretariat of the presidium of the Congress with the publication of the two documents after making modifications in wording.

Seated in the front row of the rostrum today were: Chou En-lai, Chen Po-ta, Kang Sheng, Chiang Ching, Chang Chun-chiao, Yao Wen-yuan, Hsieh Fu-chih, Huang Yung-sheng, Wu Fa-hsien, Yeh Chun, Wang Tung-hsing and Wen Yu-cheng.

Also there were: Tung Pi-wu, Liu Po-cheng, Chu Teh, Chen Yun, Li Fu-chun, Chen Yi, Li Hsien-nien, Hsu Hsiang-chien, Nieh Jung-chen and Yeh Chien-ying.

Since the opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, the whole nation has been in jubilation. Hundreds of millions of revolutionary people of all nationalities held grand parades and meetings to celebrate the convening of the Congress. This has never been witnessed before by the previous Congresses of the Communist Party of China. A new high tide in the mass movement of the live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought and a new high tide of grasping revolution and promoting production and other work and preparedness against war are rising.

Since its opening, the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China has received 1,977 messages and letters of greetings from the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour, many other fraternal Marxist-Leninist Parties and organizations and from many friendly countries, foreign progressive organizations and friendly groups and personages. They extend warm congratulations to the present Congress of our Party. The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China expresses heartfelt thanks to them for their greetings and support.

Starting from April 15, the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China takes up the third item on the agenda: to elect the Central Committee of the Party. All the delegates will also continue to hold group discussions, in the light of the actual conditions of their localities, fields of work and their units, on further fulfilling all the fighting tasks set forth by the Congress.
With high revolutionary enthusiasm, delegates from different fighting posts entering the meeting hall

The delegates unanimously adopted the political report made by Vice-Chairman Lin Piao on behalf of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and unanimously adopted the Constitution of the Communist Party of China.
Firm Response to Chairman Mao’s Great Militant Call to Seize Still Bigger Victories

Hundreds of Millions of Armymen and Civilians in the Country Acclaim the Adoption by the Ninth Congress of Comrade Lin Piao’s Political Report And the New Party Constitution

Our most respected and beloved great teacher and great leader Chairman Mao issued a great militant call at the Ninth National Congress of the Chinese Communist Party: “We hope that the present Congress will be a congress of unity and a congress of victory and that, after its conclusion, still greater victories will be won throughout the country.” Hundreds of millions of people in all parts of the country, filled with profound proletarian feelings of boundless loyalty to our great leader Chairman Mao, warmly acclaim the press communiqué of the Ninth National Congress of the Chinese Communist Party which carries this great call of Chairman Mao’s. They warmly acclaim the fact that the congress, presided over personally by Chairman Mao, has unanimously adopted the political report made by Comrade Lin Piao on behalf of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party and has also unanimously adopted the Constitution of the Communist Party of China.

The nation’s armymen and civilians in their hundreds of millions enthusiastically pledged: We will rally still more closely around the proletarian headquarters with Chairman Mao as leader and Vice-Chairman Lin Piao as deputy leader and we will firmly respond to Chairman Mao’s great call to seize still greater victories under the radiant guidance of the Ninth Congress.

On the publication of the second press communiqué of the Party’s Ninth Congress, the whole country, from the capital to the frontiers, from the cities to the countryside, was a scene of rejoicing. In Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin, Shenyang, Kwangchow, Wuhan, Sian, Chengtu and other big and medium cities, joyful crowds took to the streets in an endless stream as from the evening of April 14 to demonstrate their happiness. The number of armymen and civilians taking part in these celebration processions ranged at any one place from several hundred thousand to a million and even several million. When the good news reached the seats of government of the autonomous regions—Huhehot, Urumchi, Nanning, Yinchuan and Lhasa—the revolutionary people of all nationalities were immersed in gaiety, singing and dancing, and gave themselves over to enthusiastic celebrations the same night.

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Province, and the revolutionary people in other parts of China opened study classes to study the history of the struggle between the two lines in the Party. They said: The 48 years since the founding of our Party are years in which the proletarian revolutionary line represented by Chairman Mao defeated the Right and "Left" opportunist lines. They are years in which we advanced continuously from victory to victory under the guidance of Mao Tsetung Thought.

With their treasured revolutionary books by Chairman Mao in hand and integrating with their study of the history of the Party, the Taching Oilfield workers who have grown up nurtured by Mao Tsetung Thought reviewed the militant course of the building of the Taching Oilfield. They said with great emotion: It is Mao Tsetung Thought that enabled us to willingly expose ourselves to the fury of the elements and endure tremendous hardships for the entire Chinese people. It is also Mao Tsetung Thought that enabled us to blaze the broad road of building the Taching Oilfield independently and entirely by our own efforts.

With profound proletarian feeling for our great leader Chairman Mao, armymen and civilians everywhere enthusiastically acclaimed the unanimous adoption of Vice-Chairman Lin Piao's political report and the Constitution of the Communist Party of China by the Party's Ninth National Congress, a congress personally presided over by Chairman Mao, as a tremendous victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution and a tremendous victory of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought. In the Shoutu Iron and Steel Company, Tientsin No. 1 Machine Tool Plant, Wuhan Iron and Steel Company, Lanchow Oil Refinery and other factories, the Communist Party members and worker masses said: The new Constitution of the Party clearly reaffirms that Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought is the theoretical basis guiding the Party's thinking and clearly stipulates that Vice-Chairman Lin Piao is the successor to Chairman Mao. This is the common aspiration of the whole Party, the whole army and the whole nation and the greatest happiness for the 700 million people. This is a brilliant result of Chairman Mao's proletarian line on Party building smashing the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi's counter-revolutionary revisionist line on Party building. This is also a reliable guarantee that the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought will be passed on from one generation to the next.

In Chinyang County, Honan Province, the poor and lower-middle peasants of the Chaochail brigade of the Tzuling People's Commune said: Last year when Chairman Mao wanted us poor and lower-middle peasants to take part in drafting and revising the Party's Constitution, we all suggested that it should record, first of all, the great deeds and contributions made by our great leader Chairman Mao. It should reaffirm Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought as the theoretical basis guiding our Party's thinking and stipulate that Vice-Chairman Lin Piao is the successor to Chairman Mao.

Now all these hopes that we dreamt of day and night have come true. The new Constitution of the Party will certainly ensure that our Party will be built into a still greater, still more glorious and still more correct Party, and that our great socialist motherland will never change its political colour.

The commanders and fighters of the "Iron and Steel Red Second Company" which, during the Second Revolutionary Civil War, had Vice-Chairman Lin Piao as its first commander, and the commanders and fighters of a certain P.L.A. unit who under Vice-Chairman Lin Piao's direction were engaged in three expeditions to the south of the Sunghua River and who took part in four battles to defend Linkiang during the Liberation War, said: At every crucial juncture in the struggle between the two lines in well over 40 years of the Party's history, Vice-Chairman Lin Piao has always most firmly stood on the side of Chairman Mao and most courageously defended Chairman Mao's revolutionary line. With Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought as the theoretical basis guiding the Party's thinking and with Vice-Chairman Lin Piao as the successor to Chairman Mao, we have the fundamental guarantee for the consolidation of the dictatorship of the proletariat, the building of socialism and the prevention of capitalist restoration.

In their study of the second press communique of the Party's Ninth National Congress, Communist Party members, revolutionary masses and P.L.A. commanders and fighters unanimously pointed out that guided by the great programme for Party building formulated by our great leader Chairman Mao who states that "the Party organization should be composed of the advanced elements of the proletariat; it should be a vigorous vanguard organization capable of leading the proletariat and the revolutionary masses in the fight against the class enemy" and acting in accordance with the provisions of the new Constitution of the Party, our Party can certainly lead the people of the entire country from victory to victory.

While joyously celebrating the session of the Party's Ninth National Congress, hundreds of millions of armymen and civilians throughout the country honoured the Party's Ninth National Congress by their concrete actions and conveyed their highest respects to the great leader Chairman Mao. After hearing the announcement of the second press communique of the Party's Ninth National Congress, they were determined to hold the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought still higher, make further efforts to implement Chairman Mao's great strategic principle — "Be prepared against war, be prepared against natural disasters, and do everything for the people" — and carry out Chairman Mao's latest series of instructions and various proletarian policies in an all-round way, carry the great proletarian cultural revolution through to the end, carry the great struggle against imperialism, revisionism and all reaction through to the end and win new victories in socialist revolution and socialist construction.

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New High Tide in Creative Study and Application
Of Mao Tsetung Thought and in Grasping
Revolution and Promoting Production

INSPIRED by the Party’s Ninth National Congress and
filled with proletarian feelings of boundless love for
and loyalty to our great leader Chairman Mao, the en-
tire Chinese people are launching a new high tide in
the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung
Thought. There is also a new upsurge in taking con-
tcrete action to “grasp revolution and promote produc-
tion and other work and preparedness against war”
to greet the congress and to demonstrate loyalty to
Chairman Mao.

Determination to Master Mao Tsetung Thought

As they celebrate the convening of the congress,
the Communist Party members, the broad masses of
workers, peasants and soldiers, revolutionary cadres
and revolutionary intellectuals, following the instruc-
tion issued by Vice-Chairman Lin Piao, Chairman Mao’s
close comrade-in-arms, that they “should really master
Mao Tsetung Thought,” are extensively taking part
in Mao Tsetung Thought study classes. In these
classes, they creatively study and apply Mao Tsetung
Thought with current problems in the struggle-criticism-
transformation movement in mind. They express their
unanimous determination to carry forward the revolu-
tionary style of study of “integrating theory with prac-
tice” as advocated by Chairman Mao and bring the
creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought
to a new level.

Fighting alongside Chairman Mao, the working
class and revolutionary masses of the capital are creating
a new high in their mass movement for creatively
studying and applying Mao Tsetung Thought. Differe-
nt types of Mao Tsetung Thought study classes are
being run in factories, mines, rural people’s communes,
shops, state organs, schools and neighbourhoods. Activi-
ties showing boundless loyalty to Chairman Mao, to
Mao Tsetung Thought and to Chairman Mao’s prole-
tarian revolutionary line are unfolding in breadth and
in depth. Filled with revolutionary ardour, the revolu-
tionary people warmly praise the wisdom and greatness
of Chairman Mao, the infinite power of Mao Tsetung
Thought and the great victory of Chairman Mao’s rev-
olutionary line. Reviewing the fierce struggle between
the two classes, the two roads and the two lines in the
great proletarian cultural revolution, they have re-
peatedly studied Chairman Mao’s great theory on con-
tinuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the
proletariat. This helped them to better realize the fact
that of all things, using Mao Tsetung Thought to arm
one’s mind is the most important. This is the funda-
mental guarantee that a person does not degenerate,
that the Party does not become revisionist and the state
does not change its political colour.

In the past few days in Shanghai, the worker
masses on the industrial front, overjoyed at the opening
of the congress, have been holding many meetings of
activists in the creative study and application of Mao
Tsetung Thought. At these meetings, the activists
recount their experience in creatively studying and
applying invincible Mao Tsetung Thought and ex-
change experience with each other on it. Workers at
the Shanghai Machine Tool Plant, the Shanghai Electric
Machinery Plant and the Shanghai No. 1 Iron and Steel
Plant, recalling their history of struggle in the past
two years and more of the great proletarian cul-
tural revolution, arrived at a deeper understanding that
“Sailing the seas depends on the helmsman, making rev-
olution depends on Mao Tsetung Thought” is a great
and incontrovertible truth. They said: Mao Tsetung
Thought is our very life. It is the beacon lighting up
our advance. It is the source of our strength and the
guarantee of our victory. Creative study and applica-
tion of Mao Tsetung Thought is our primary need
in life.

In Wuhan, the revolutionary committees at various
levels and the P.L.A. units stationed in the city sent
out a number of Mao Tsetung Thought propaganda
teams in the past few days. They enthusiastically prop-
agate the press communique on the opening of the
Party’s Ninth National Congress in factories, villages,
barracks, neighbourhoods, and railway stations and
harbours. The workers, poor and lower-middle peasants,
P.L.A. commanders and fighters and revolutionary
masses are resolved to do even better in putting

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invincible Mao Tsetung Thought in command of everything and celebrate the convening of the congress by concrete action.

Workers and revolutionary masses in a number of places in Wuhan which our great leader Chairman Mao personally inspected in the past are filled with elation these days — at the Wuhan Iron and Steel Company, the Wuhan Heavy Machine Tool Plant, the Hungwei Textile Mill and the Wuhan No. 1 and No. 4 Cotton Mills, aboard the ship Dongfanghong, and at Wuhan University and the Tungfanghungh restaurant. They happily recalled how the great leader Chairman Mao had inspected these places. They warmly praised the brilliant deeds and contributions of the great leader Chairman Mao. Large numbers of workers, peasants and soldiers, representatives from every front and new members who were recently accepted into the Chinese Communist Party converged at the old site of the Central Institute for Peasants' Movement in Wuhan which our great leader Chairman Mao founded 42 years ago. At meetings they all expressed their determination to really master Mao Tsetung Thought and always follow Chairman Mao in making revolution.

**Summing Up Experience Conscientiously, Implementing Policies and Deepening the Movement of Struggle-Criticism-Transformation**

One of the new characteristics of the current mass movement in the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought is that the revolutionary masses, in accordance with Chairman Mao's teaching that "it is necessary to sum up experience conscientiously," are summing up their basic experience in the great proletarian cultural revolution, further arming themselves with Chairman Mao's latest series of instructions and various policies, and deepening the mass movement of struggle-criticism-transformation.

The recent forum called by the Peking Municipal Revolutionary Committee to exchange experience in the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought included responsible members from the county and district revolutionary committees in the suburbs. The experience gathered in changing the working style of the leadership and in implementing policies in these counties and districts, which was summed up and popularized, has added great impetus to the struggle-criticism-transformation mass movement in Peking's rural areas.

The revolutionary committees at all levels in Peking and the workers' and P.L.A. men's Mao Tsetung Thought propaganda teams which have entered the sphere of the superstructure have organized different types of Mao Tsetung Thought study classes. Taking the advanced P.L.A. 8341 Unit, Peking General Knitwear Mill and Tsinghua University as their examples, they creatively studied and applied Chairman Mao's works with the specific problems in their units in mind, mobilized the masses to sum up experience and implement the various policies, thus pushing the struggle-criticism-transformation movement a step further.

In Shanghai, the worker masses in many factories have made an extensive check-up and summary of the situation in implementing Chairman Mao's latest series of instructions and different policies in their places of work. On this basis, they worked out measures for improvement. Bearing in mind the problems raised during the summing up of experience, the revolutionary cadres and workers in many factories studied Chairman Mao's works carefully, thereby further raising the level of their consciousness of the class struggle and the struggle between the two lines and enabling them to implement Chairman Mao's various policies better. The workers at the Shanghai Electric Machinery Plant summed up their experience in re-educating the intellectuals in their plant and made further efforts to implement Chairman Mao's policies on intellectuals. This enabled the intellectuals to play their proper part at different posts.

As a result of the masses being mobilized to sum up experience, the worker masses in many Shanghai factories greatly raised their level of consciousness in carrying out Chairman Mao's different policies, and this has given an impetus to the continuous advance of the struggle-criticism-transformation movement.

Since the opening of the Party's Ninth National Congress, the Tientsin Municipal Revolutionary Committee has organized Mao Tsetung Thought study classes for the responsible comrades of the revolution-
ary committees at different levels and of the revolutionary mass organizations on the city's industrial, communication and capital construction fronts. In these, they intensively studied Chairman Mao's latest series of instructions and various policies, especially Chairman Mao's fundamental principle on socialist industrial construction. In the wake of this, different types of Mao Tsetung Thought study classes were organized in the various industrial departments. These participants creatively studied and applied Mao Tsetung Thought, keeping in mind the problems which had cropped up in the struggle-criticism-transformation movement. They are determined to seize new and bigger victories while making further efforts to carry out Chairman Mao's latest series of instructions and various policies.

P.L.A. men shouldering the task of helping the Left in Shihchiachuang's Emery Paper Mill, together with all the members of the mill's revolutionary committee, conscientiously studied the press communiques on the opening of the Party's Ninth National Congress, and checked up and summarized the work they had done in previous stages. Through these activities, they came to understand that although Chairman Mao's various policies had been implemented fairly well before, some problems still existed. For instance, some cadres who had been liberated were still not ideologically bold enough and their initiative had not been fully mobilized; some young people who could be educated still had misgivings and their rate of advance was not fast. Through these check-ups, all were of the opinion that it was necessary to display the working class spirit in making thoroughgoing revolution, further implement Chairman Mao's various policies, and mobilize all the positive forces that could be mobilized. They immediately organized the liberated cadres and the young people who could be educated to take part in Mao Tsetung Thought study classes respectively, which helped raise the level of their consciousness and encouraged them to plunge courageously into the struggle-criticism-transformation movement.

New Leap in Grasping Revolution and Promoting Production on Different Fronts

The new upsurge in the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought has been a great spur to "grasping revolution and promoting production and other work and preparedness against war" on different fronts throughout the country.

Holding aloft the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, the printers in Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin and Kwangchow greeted the Party's Ninth National Congress with the gift of printing Chairman Mao's works well and at high speed. The happy news these days of good quality, over-fulfilment and technical innovations keeps pouring in from the workshops of Peking's Hsinhua Printing House. The printers said: "The more we print the red treasured books, the more lively we are. Our hearts are linked with the treasured books. We will do a good job in printing the treasured books as an expression of our loyalty to Chairman Mao." Compared with the same period in March, the number of copies of Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao that the Shanghai printing workers produced every day increased tenfold in early April.

An enthusiastic drive to produce more and better steel for the revolution was launched by the iron and steel workers across the land. Good news about production continued to roll in from the steel-making, iron-smelting, steel-rolling, ore-mining and transport fronts at the Anshan Iron and Steel Company in the last few days. New records followed one after another. The revolutionary workers at the seamless steel tubing mill, who have fulfilled ahead of time the production plan of the first quarter and successfully trial-produced over 60 new products, made a new contribution to socialist construction by producing ahead of time a special alloy steel tube urgently needed by China. By displaying the spirit of extensive communist co-ordination, the open-hearth workers of the Wuhan Iron and Steel Company raised in these days the average daily steel output by 20 per cent compared with the March figure. Working round-the-clock, the workers at the rolling mill of the Shanghai No. 3 Iron and Steel Plant produced a new rolled steel which can stand a high temperature, thus filling a gap in China's iron and steel industry.

Inspired by the convening of the Party's Ninth National Congress, the coal-miners in the Kailan, Tungtingshan Mining Bureaus over-fulfilled their daily output quotas, while some reached the all-time high for daily output.

The situation in revolution and production was a vigorous one in railway transport. The workers in the Harbin Railway Bureau created a new record in loading, unloading and the turn-round rate of wagons. At the joyous moment when the opening of the congress was announced, the workers at the Lanchow Petrol-Chemical Machinery Works succeeded in trial producing an important equipment of advanced level for the chemical industry—a new-type high speed centrifuge—after more than 100 experiments. After meeting the production quota for the first three months 11 days ahead of schedule, the workers in the Peking General Knitwear Mill continued to advance since the opening of the congress. Every shift's quota has been topped. Production by many shifts, groups and workshops has been doubled. Day after day, production records have been broken and quality has continued to go up.

The extremely happy news encouraged the peasants enormously in their spring farming. The poor and lower-middle peasants on the plains of western Szechuan, one of China's famous granaries, advanced the fighting slogan: "Do a good job at spring farming to celebrate the Party's Ninth National Congress." They made further efforts in creatively studying and applying Mao Tsetung Thought. By putting revolution in command of production they have shown outstanding achievements in spring farming. In Kwangtung Province in south China, the poor and lower-middle peasants and

April 18, 1969
Comrade Enver Hoxha’s Telegram of Thanks to Comrade Mao Tsetung And Presidium of Ninth National Congress of C.P.C.

Peking

The Presidium of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Very Dear Comrade Mao Tsetung,

The people of the regions of Berat, Fieri, Permet, Skrapar, Tepelena and Vlora damaged by the recent earthquake, received with joy and great revolutionary enthusiasm your message of sympathy and internationalist solidarity. It is a great inspiration and encouragement not only to them, but also to the entire Albanian people who, according to the slogan of our Party “one for all and all for one,” have risen in action to eliminate the grave consequences of the earthquake within the shortest possible time. We inform you, dear comrades, with satisfaction that the initial results of this selfless work are already seen.

We are profoundly touched by the concern shown by all the delegates to your Ninth Congress, which is at present engaged in the fulfilment of a task of important historic significance not only to the future of the Chinese people, but also to the future of the revolutionary peoples throughout the world. This is another vivid expression of the everlasting revolutionary friendship which binds our two fraternal peoples and two Marxist-Leninist Parties.

On behalf of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour, of the Communists and people of the earthquake-stricken regions and the entire Albanian people as well as in my own name, I extend the most cordial thanks to you, respected Comrade Mao Tsetung and dear comrades of the Presidium of the Ninth Congress, and, through you, to the delegates of the Congress, to the glorious Communist Party of China and to the entire fraternal Chinese people.

Once more I wish full success to the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China in its glorious revolutionary work.

Enver Hoxha
First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour

April 11, 1969, Tirana

revolutionary cadres battled hard against low spring temperatures and rain and have seized one victory after another in spring farming. Compared with the same period in past years, water-conservancy projects, manure collecting, spring sowing and other farm work in the province have been done faster, better and on a bigger scale. Now, sowing of early rice has been completed in the province and transplanting of early-rice seedlings is in full swing. Transforming their boundless joy into a tremendous military force, the Tibetan peasants on the Tibetan Plateau are doing a better job in spring farming this year.

After hearing the extremely happy news, the Kazakh poor and lower-middle herdsmen on the Altai pastureland in Sinkiang celebrated the congress by concrete action, devoting more care to delivering lambs and raising them after birth. Inspired by the glad tidings the fishermen in Peihai city in Kwangsi battled bad weather and sailed out to sea.

Conscientiously studying Chairman Mao’s great teaching “the Chinese people will defend their territory and sovereignty and absolutely will not permit encroachment by foreign governments,” the P.L.A. commanders and fighters, who stand vigilant guard day and night in the motherland’s coastal regions and border areas, are determined to hold the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought still higher, increase their vigilance a hundredfold, strengthen preparedness against war and defend the sacred border areas of the motherland with their lives.

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The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China
Warmly Greeted

Message of Greetings From Central Committee of Communist Party of Thailand

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China,
Most Respected and Beloved Chairman Mao Tsetung,

Dear Comrade Delegates:

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China presided over personally by Chairman Mao Tsetung has opened triumphantly. Our Party and the revolutionary people of Thailand are boundlessly elated and inspired. On behalf of all Party members, the fighters of the People's Liberation Army and the entire revolutionary people of Thailand, we extend our highest respects to Chairman Mao Tsetung and our lofty respects to the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, and wish this congress tremendous and complete success.

This congress is being held at a time when the great proletarian cultural revolution has won decisive victory. Thanks to the leadership of the proletarian headquarters with Chairman Mao Tsetung as the supreme commander and Vice-Chairman Lin Piao as the deputy supreme commander, the counter-revolutionary bourgeois headquarters, represented by the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi, which vainly attempted to subvert the dictatorship of the proletariat and restore capitalism in China, has been completely smashed, the fruits of revolution and socialism have been protected, and the dictatorship of the proletariat in China has thus been further consolidated.

This congress, comprising delegates of workers, poor and lower-middle peasants, the Chinese People's Liberation Army, revolutionary cadres and revolutionary intellectuals who have gone through the test of the acute class struggle in the great proletarian cultural revolution, is unprecedentedly united on the basis of Mao Tsetung Thought and united under the guidance of Chairman Mao Tsetung's proletarian revolutionary line; therefore, this congress is a congress of unrivalled vitality and solid unity, and a congress of victory. The resolutions and documents which sum up the basic experience of the great proletarian cultural revolution in accordance with Chairman Mao Tsetung's thesis on continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat will enrich the treasure house of Marxism. This congress will have a far-reaching influence not only on the history of the Communist Party of China, but also on the international communist movement and the world revolution.

At present, the world is entering a great new era. Mao Tsetung Thought has been extensively disseminated and has been grasped by the revolutionary people throughout the world. The revolutionary movement of the people the world over is developing vigorously. Imperialism headed by the United States and modern revisionism headed by the Soviet revisionist renegade clique are riddled with contradictions, beset with difficulties at home and abroad and confronted with a serious all-round crisis; they have become increasingly isolated and are at the end of their tether. This congress gives immense inspiration to the people of all countries who are waging revolutionary struggles and promotes the development of world revolution. At the same time, it fills U.S. imperialism, the Soviet modern revisionist renegade clique and the reactionaries of all countries with the fear of their approaching doom. The congress is a great victory for Mao Tsetung Thought, a great victory for Chairman Mao Tsetung's proletarian revolutionary line, a victory for the great Chinese people and also a victory for the world's revolutionary people, including the people of Thailand.

April 18, 1969
Socialist China under the leadership of the Communist Party of China is the most reliable rear, the base of revolution and the powerful fortress which provides the strongest and most effective support for world revolution. Basing themselves on proletarian internationalism, the great Communist Party of China and Chinese people have all along given sincere and genuine assistance, first of all and most important, the assistance of Mao Tsetung Thought, to the revolutionary struggle of the revolutionary people of the whole world, including the people of Thailand. Our Party members, our fighters and the revolutionary people of Thailand respect and ardently love Chairman Mao Tsetung, the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our era. We will hold still higher the red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, study Mao Tsetung Thought more diligently while waging people's war, and more effectively integrate Mao Tsetung Thought with the concrete practice of the revolution in Thailand. Under the guidance of the great Mao Tsetung Thought, we are fully confident that we will be able to drive U.S. imperialism out of Thailand, overthrow the traitorous Thanom clique and set up a people's revolutionary political power on the soil of Thailand. Under the guidance of the great Mao Tsetung Thought, the revolutionary people of Thailand will unite with the Chinese people and all people of the world and form an international united front to fight for the complete smashing of imperialism, modern revisionism and the reactionaries of all countries. The revolutionary people of the whole world will achieve complete emancipation and turn the old world into a new world without imperialism, without capitalism and without the system of exploitation.

We are convinced that the militant friendship between the two Parties and two peoples of Thailand and China will develop continuously under the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought and in the resolute and thoroughgoing struggle against imperialism, modern revisionism and all reactionaries.

We wish the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China success.

Long live the great, glorious and correct Communist Party of China!

Long live invincible Mao Tsetung Thought!

Long live the great teacher of the proletariat of the whole world, our most respected and beloved Chairman Mao Tsetung! A long, long life to him!

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Thailand

April 3, 1969, Thailand

Message of Greetings From Central Committee of Communist Party of Malaya

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, 

Dear Comrades:

The Malayan Communists, the fighters of the Malayan National Liberation Army and the Malayan people are boundlessly elated and inspired by the victorious opening of the historic Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China. We wish to convey to you and, through you, to the 700 million Chinese people, our warmest congratulations.

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is held at a time when the great proletarian cultural revolution has achieved great victory. In this great, historically unprecedented revolution, the Chinese people have destroyed the bourgeois headquarters headed by the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi, smashed the plot of the U.S. imperialists and the Soviet modern revisionists in vainly attempting to restore capitalism in China, thus consolidating the dictatorship of the proletariat. This great earth-shaking revolution has promoted the worldwide dissemination of Mao Tsetung Thought—Marxism-Leninism of the present era, thereby spurring the development in depth of world revolution.

The great proletarian cultural revolution is a great revolution which concerns the destiny of mankind. It has ushered in a new era in the international communist movement. This great revolution was initiated and has been led personally by Comrade Mao Tsetung, the greatest genius of the present era. Comrade Mao Tsetung has inherited, defended and developed Marxism-Leninism creatively and comprehensively and has brought it to a higher and completely new stage—the stage of Mao Tsetung Thought. Mao Tsetung Thought is the banner of our era and the guiding principle for the revolutionary struggles of all peoples.

Tempered in this great proletarian cultural revolution of unprecedented breadth and depth, the Communist Party of China—the standard-bearer of the international communist movement—has gained much greater vitality, and socialist China—the base of world revolution—has become much more powerful. If the U.S. imperialists, the Soviet modern revisionists and their lackeys dare to invade China, they will merely be hastening their own doom.
The convening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a great victory for Mao Tsetung Thought and a great victory for the people of all countries. It is an event of epoch-making significance in the international communist movement. We are convinced that, under the personal guidance of the great teacher Comrade Mao Tsetung, your congress will further enrich the theoretical treasury of Mao Tsetung Thought and exert far-reaching influence on the Chinese revolution and world revolution.

We most sincerely wish you complete success in your congress!

Long live the victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution!

Long live the great, glorious and correct Communist Party of China!

Long live invincible Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!

Long live the world people’s great teacher and great leader Chairman Mao! A long, long life to him!

Central Committee, Communist Party of Malaya

April 2, 1969

Message of Greetings From Central Committee of Communist Party of Bolivia

Peking, the People’s Republic of China,

Comrade Mao Tsetung, Chairman of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Comrade Lin Piao, Vice-Chairman of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Comrade Chou En-lai, Secretary-General of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Dear Comrades:

On the occasion of the opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, please allow me to extend, in the name of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Bolivia and all Party members and other Bolivian patriots, a sincere and fervent revolutionary salute to you.

The revolutionary forces of all countries in the world, now waging struggles under the brilliant guidance of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, feel the greatest joy at the holding of your congress. We are absolutely certain that the resolutions of the congress, personally presided over by Comrade Mao Tsetung, will make the most valuable contribution to the struggle of the peoples for their liberation and against U.S. imperialism, the reactionaries of all countries and their henchmen, the modern revisionists headed by the Soviet revisionist ruling clique.

Your congress is a heavy and decisive blow to imperialism, the reactionaries and the revisionists. All the renegades who betrayed Marxism-Leninism and took the revisionist road will be totally and definitely swept away. The influence of Mao Tsetung Thought, the revolutionary ideology of our epoch, will grow daily.

The resolutions of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China will certainly help strengthen the militant spirit of the Chinese people in opposing and defeating all armed aggression unleashed by the Soviet revisionists in collusion with U.S. imperialism.

People’s China is the indestructible bastion of world revolution where the banners of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought will fly for ever (Taiwan occupied by U.S. imperialism is the territory of China). No aggressor can subdue the ideological, political and military power of revolutionary China.

Comrades:

We, the Marxist-Leninist Communists of Bolivia, guided by Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, will in all circumstances persist in dauntless struggle against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys in Bolivia—the reactionary militarists. No matter how ferocious the dictatorial regime may appear to be, we, the Bolivian Marxist-Leninists, will bear in mind that “all reactionaries are paper tigers.” In our struggle for national liberation we have realized the importance of the experiences accumulated by the Party and people of China in the course of the revolution for liberation and recently in the great proletarian cultural revolution.

Dear Comrades:

Please accept our confidence in the victory of the revolutionary resolutions of the Ninth National Con-
Long live Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!

Long live the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Oscar Zamora M., The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Bolivia

April 2, 1969, Bolivia

Message of Greetings From Central Committee of Communist Party of Brazil

Dear Comrade Mao Tsetung,
Chairman of the Presidium of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Dear Comrade Delegates:

The Communists and the broad masses of the working people of Brazil are immensely joyful and most enthusiastic on learning of the holding of the Ninth Congress of the wise, great and glorious Communist Party of China. With its tremendous political and ideological significance, this event goes beyond the bounds of China and is projected to the peoples all over the world as a bright light illuminating the path of struggle against imperialism and modern revisionism.

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China is a splendid embodiment of Mao Tsetung Thought. It is a demonstration of the resounding victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution which has eliminated the revisionist poison in China and opened up a new, bright road to socialism. In generalizing and summing up the experience in carrying out a profound political revolution against the bourgeoisie and other exploiting classes under the conditions of the dictatorship of the proletariat, the congress will raise to a still higher level the Marxism-Leninism of our era, Mao Tsetung Thought — the invincible force for transforming society according to the principle of communism.

A congress of the great proletarian cultural revolution, this grand meeting of the Chinese Communists will mark the definite collapse of the bourgeois headquarters which had surreptitiously sought to turn China back to capitalism, and will mark the complete defeat of the reactionary and revisionist line of the bourgeoisie upheld by the traitor Liu Shao-chi and the handful of renegades led by him. At the same time, it will show that the proletarian headquarters which advances along the revolutionary road of Marxism-Leninism holds high the banner of victory. It will likewise demonstrate the indisputable victory of the proletarian orientation elaborated and carried out by Chairman Mao.

With the holding of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China, U.S. imperialism, Soviet revisionism and the forces of reaction throughout the world suffer a heavy blow. The unity of the Chinese people around the Communist Party and its distinguished leader Comrade Mao Tsetung is further strengthened. The great proletarian cultural revolution has given shape to new really revolutionary political and ideological features on the part of the hundreds of millions of the Chinese people. The People's Republic of China stands as an impregnable bulwark in face of the desperate struggle by the enemies of the peoples. All Soviet-U.S. criminal schemes against the valiant Chinese people have failed and will continue to fail.

On their part, the nations subjugated by the U.S. imperialists and the Soviet revisionists, encouraged by the spring breeze of the cultural revolution and counting on a powerful base area with a population of 700 million, will further intensify their liberation struggle and finally defeat their oppressors.

The Brazilian Communists regard this congress as a vigorous manifestation of the leading role played by the proletariat throughout the course of revolution and as a concentrated embodiment of the lofty principle elaborated by Chairman Mao that the working class must exercise leadership in everything. With great joy, they know that the Communist Party of China is now stronger than ever and that it is holding the meeting of its highest leading organ at a time when the latter is rid of the Rightists, renegades and traitors to the cause of socialism, and its old and new cadres and members have been tempered in the crucible of the great proletarian cultural revolution. Unprecedented in history, this great movement has done away with the dregs and educated and brought out true revolutionary fighters.

The strengthening of the Communist Party of China, borne out by its Ninth Congress, is at the same time a remarkable gain for the Marxist-Leninists of all countries and oppressed peoples throughout the world. With the complete victory of the cultural revolution and the
masterly contributions made by Mao Tsetung to the treasury of Marxism, new prospects have been opened up today for the struggle for socialism and for the national-liberation movement.

Mao Tsetung, who personally guides this congress, is one of the greatest thinkers of mankind. With his wisdom, political acuteness and staunch fighting spirit, he has saved the international workers' movement from modern revisionism and rendered inestimable assistance to the advance of revolutionary action in all the countries. Successor to the immortal geniuses Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, whose theories he has creatively enriched, he is the indisputable leader of the world revolution.

The Communist Party of Brazil which is struggling amid hardships and difficulties against the reactionary dictatorship and U.S. imperialist domination inspires itself with Mao Tsetung Thought. It has always counted on the support and solidarity of the Chinese Communists in its arduous struggle. In extending its warm greetings to the Ninth Congress of the heroic Communist Party of China and once again expressing its admiration and friendship for the Communist Party of China, the Communist Party of Brazil is convinced that the documents and resolutions of this magnificent revolutionary meeting will provide new and rich teachings for the Communists and labourers of the whole world.

Long live the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Long live the victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution!

A long life to Comrade Mao Tsetung!

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Brazil

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Message of Greetings From Executive Committee of Chilean Revolutionary Communist Party

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China:

The Revolutionary Communist Party of Chile warmly greets the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China. We are certain that the resolutions which the glorious Communist Party of China will adopt at its Ninth Congress convened after the complete victory of the proletarian cultural revolution will mark a new stage in the world revolution and will be a guide and a support to the revolutionary struggles of all the peoples in the world.

The holding of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China at a time when Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought has attained the highest position of command in the Party and among the masses of the Chinese people will be a heavy blow to U.S. imperialism, Soviet revisionism and the reactionaries and opportunists. At the same time, it will be a powerful factor in the unity of the Marxist-Leninists and a great encouragement to the world revolution.

The great leader of the Chinese people and of the world proletariat Comrade Mao Tsetung has once again demonstrated his wisdom of a great Marxist-Leninist in leading the Chinese revolutionaries towards the all-round victory of a new stage in China's revolutionary struggle — the great proletarian cultural revolution. We, the revolutionary Communists of Chile, are following his teachings and are inspired by his brilliant example.

Once again, we wish the greatest success to the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China which will lead to a new, vigorous advance of Chinese society and will be a shining example to all the peoples of the world.

With fraternal greetings,

The Executive Committee of the Revolutionary Communist Party of Chile

April 8, 1969

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Message of Greetings From Central Committee of Communist Party of Germany (Marxist-Leninists)

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China:

We, the Marxist-Leninists in the Federal Republic of Germany, send our cordial, fraternal greetings to the delegates of the Ninth National Congress, and especially to Comrade Chairman Mao Tsetung, and wish the Party congress full success. The political line to be worked out by the Party congress will be of the utmost importance to the world Marxist-Leninist communist movement as well, not only in the struggle against all shades of revisionism, but also as the pole-star for con-
crete practical work. The Communist Party of China is the centre of all Marxist-Leninists in the world.

Long live the Communist Party of China!
Long live Mao Tsetung, the great theorist and helmsman of the communist movement!

Long live the centre of all Marxist-Leninists!
Long live the People's Republic of China!

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Germany (Marxist-Leninists)

Message of Greetings From Central Committee of Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist) of Belgium

Peking
The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China:

We hail with enthusiasm the Ninth Congress, congratulate the Chinese people and their Party, and wish them fruitful work and great success in the struggle against imperialism and its valets, in the struggle against tsarist gangster revisionism, for strengthening the dictatorship of the proletariat and for improving agricultural and industrial production.

Long live the Communist Party of China!
Long live the victorious thought of Chairman Mao!

Vanderlinden, The Central Committee of the Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist) of Belgium
Brussels

Message of Greetings From Organization of Swiss Communists

Peking
The Congress of the Communist Party of China,
Dear Comrades:

We salute the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China. The congress confirms the all-round victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution and assumes immense importance at a time when the Russian revisionist renegades carry out acts of aggression against the People's Republic of China. This congress represents a great victory of the proletariat and a tremendous support to the world revolutionary movement.

G. Etienne, The Organization of Swiss Communists
Lausanne

Message of Greetings From Executive Committee of Spanish Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist)

Dear Comrade Mao Tsetung,
Dear Comrade Delegates:

The convocation of the Ninth Congress of the glorious Communist Party of China has brought us great enthusiasm and joy. We send you our warmest, fraternal revolutionary greetings on behalf of our Party, the masses of labouring people and the patriots of Spain who are fighting underground and by every possible means against the fascist dictatorship of Franco and against the Yankee domination over Spain. We regard the convocation of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China as a great victory of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, and a historical event of great significance for the liberation struggle of the peoples of the world. We wish your congress immense success in its work.

The great proletarian cultural revolution which has been developing victoriously throughout China under the guidance of the thought of Comrade Mao Tsetung, Marxism-Leninism of our era, has enabled the Ninth
Congress of your Party to be convened at such a time when the Chinese people have implanted the red banner of the revolutionary line headed by Mao Tsetung in the whole country and have, at the same time, isolated and defeated the counter-revolutionary revisionist elements headed by the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi. In this way, the Chinese people led by the great Communist Party of China and under the leadership of Comrade Mao Tsetung at all times, have closed the road to traitorous revisionism and to capitalist restoration.

The great proletarian cultural revolution, unprecedented in history, has roused under the banner of Mao Tsetung Thought the 700 million Chinese people and dealt a decisive blow to the counter-revolutionary plans of the Soviet-U.S. alliance for world domination which has expected that People's China will also come under decadent revisionist rule and turn back to capitalism just as the Soviet Union and other countries under revisionist rule have done. But, thanks to the great proletarian cultural revolution led by Comrade Mao Tsetung, the Chinese people have been mobilized and People's China has become more consolidated and has become the red bastion of world revolution. Therefore, the great proletarian cultural revolution is, for all the peoples of the world, an inexhaustible source of teachings and of revolutionary stimulus, and is an irrefutable example of how to isolate and defeat the counter-revolutionary revisionist groups through the bold mobilization of the masses on the basis of Mao Tsetung Thought, so as to win victory for the proletarian line based on the dictatorship of the proletariat and on the uninterrupted development of the revolution along the socialist road.

Therefore, the Ninth Congress is a congress of the victory of Mao Tsetung Thought and signifies the defeat and collapse of the counter-revolutionary pro-capitalist line.

Comrade Mao Tsetung stands before the Chinese people and the peoples of the world as the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our era and the most eminent successor to Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, and has therefore become the indisputable leader of world revolution, who points out to all the peoples of the world the road to their liberation from the yoke of imperialism, capitalism and revisionism.

For the Spanish Marxist-Leninists and for the revolutionary masses of various nationalities in Spain, Comrade Mao Tsetung is the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our era, and his works are sought for and read perseveringly and enthusiastically in spite of the ruthless fascist suppression by the U.S.-Franco dictatorial regime. The political line of our Party (based on the long experience of our people's fight against the U.S.-Franco rule) which was substantially enriched and deepened at the Second Plenary Session of the Central Committee of our Party held at Zaragoza in December 1967, states in its Articles 10 and 11: "The victory of the Chinese revolution has shaken the foundations of imperialist domination, and has pointed out the road for the liberation of the oppressed peoples of the under-developed and economically feeble countries who constitute the overwhelming majority of the world population. Therefore, our era, an era in which imperialism and the reactionary classes are hastening towards their destruction under the blows of the revolutionary peoples, and the proletariat and other progressive forces are marching towards victory in the whole world, is the era of Mao Tsetung. Mao Tsetung Thought is Marxism-Leninism of our era which guides the peoples of the whole world in their fight against imperialism and the reactionary ruling classes. In our era the correlation of world forces has become favourable to the revolutionary forces and more and more unfavourable to imperialism and the reactionaries of various countries."

All the principal aspects of our strategy and tactics have been elaborated on the basis of integrating Mao Tsetung Thought, Marxism-Leninism of our era, with the national reality of our country, with the practice of the Spanish revolution.

Mao Tsetung Thought and the triumphant development of the great proletarian cultural revolution have also inspired our Party in its merciless struggle against the revisionist clique of Carrillo and Ibarruri, who as lap dogs of the Soviet revisionist social-imperialists, are trying hard to hamper and divert the struggle of our people against Yankee-Francoism and to prevent revolutionary upheavals in our country, in order to help the Yankee-Soviet global collusion.

The experiences and teachings which the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China will draw from the great proletarian cultural revolution and from the struggle against imperialism headed by the United States, against revisionism headed by the new tsars of the Kremlin, will constitute for the Spanish Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist) and the Spanish revolutionary masses an invaluable aid to the development of our struggle for the overthrow of the fascist dictatorship of Franco and for the liberation of Spain from U.S. rule.

Our Party and our people ardently hope that your important congress will help further strengthen the very fraternal links of revolutionary comradeship, unity and friendship, on the basis of proletarian internationalism, already existing between our two Parties.

Long live the Ninth Congress of the glorious Communist Party of China!

Long live the great People's China, the impregnable fortress of socialism and revolution!

Long live Comrade Mao Tsetung!

Long live Marxism-Leninism!

The Executive Committee of the Spanish Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist)

April 5, 1969, Madrid

April 18, 1969
People of Albania Acclaim Opening of
Chinese Communist Party's
Ninth National Congress

The people of China and the people of Albania and
the Chinese Communist Party and the Albanian
Party of Labour have forged strong ties of revolu-
tionary friendship in the struggle against imperialism and
modern revisionism. Withstanding the test of time, this
militant comradeship has been vividly demonstrated
once again during the Ninth National Congress of the
Chinese Communist Party.

Tirana Holds Grand Mass Rally

A grand mass rally displaying Albanian-Chinese
friendship was held by the working people of Tirana
in the afternoon of April 2, the day the Central Com-
mitee of the Albanian Party of Labour sent its message
of greetings. Workers, fighters of the Albanian People's
Army, government cadres, students and residents of the
capital expressed in warm terms the lofty proletarian
feelings of the Albanian people towards the Communist
Party of China and the Chinese people and their great
leader Chairman Mao. The rally was a graphic demon-
stration of the revolutionary friendship and militant
solidarity, tempered in storm and stress, between the
Albanian and Chinese Parties and the people of the
two countries.

Present at the rally were Manush Myftiu, Member
of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the
Albanian Party of Labour and First Secretary of the
Tirana Regional Committee of the Party of Labour;
Abdyl Kellezi, Alternate Member of the Political
Bureau of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour
and President of the Albania-China Friendship
Association; Fjeter Kosta, Chairman of the Executive
Committee of Tirana Regional People's Council, and
other leading comrades of the Party and government
organizations of the Tirana Region.

Comrade Myftiu addressed the meeting. The entire
people of Albania, he said, received the news of the
opening in Peking of the Ninth National Congress of
the Communist Party of China with indescribable joy.
This celebration rally is a direct expression of this
warm feeling, a direct expression of the unbreakable
militant friendship between the Albanian Party of
Labour headed by Comrade Enver Hoxha and the
Communist Party of China headed by Comrade Mao
Tsetung, a demonstration of the great, sincere and
excited feelings of the Albanian Communists and the
whole nation over this brilliant victory of the fraternal
Communist Party of China and this great event which
has international significance for the future of the
world Marxist-Leninist revolutionary movement.

Comrade Myftiu extended the most glowing con-
gratulations to the Ninth National Congress, to the
great leader of the Communist Party of China Comrade
Mao Tsetung and his close comrade-in-arms Comrade
Lin Piao, and to the Chinese Communist Party members
and the whole Chinese people. At this congress, he
said, the Chinese Communist Party and the great 700
million Chinese people, through their worthy sons and
daughters, gave expression to their steel-like unity built
on the basis of Marxist-Leninist theories and the
thought of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

The opening of the Ninth National Congress, Comrade
Myftiu pointed out, is a shining victory for the
Communist Party of China. It marks the complete
and all-round victory of the Marxist-Leninist line. It
also signifies that the counter-revolutionary revisionist
line represented by Liu Shao-chi has been crushed and
buried for ever.

Myftiu said that this congress has exceptionally
great importance for the victorious advance of the Peo-
ple's Republic of China. In accordance with Chairman
Mao Tsetung's teachings, the congress will sum up the
experience of the great proletarian cultural revolution,
analyze the domestic and international situation and
set the fighting tasks for the Communist Party of
China. At the same time, this congress is of immense
international significance because Comrade Mao
Tsetung's great China is an impregnable bastion of
world revolution and socialism and a staunch standard-
bearer in the struggle against imperialism, modern
revisionism and reactionaries of every description.

Myftiu quoted Comrade Enver Hoxha's words:
"We Albanian Communists have said with full con-
fidence: It is a great luck for the peoples of the world
and their freedom, for world peace, for Marxism-
Leninism and the destinies of socialism, that especially
in this situation there exists the powerful and revolu-
tionary People's Republic of China, there exists the
great Communist Party of China, headed by its out-
standing leader Comrade Mao Tsetung, a militant
Party unremittingly faithful to Marxism-Leninism."

Continuing, he said: "Tempered in the great pro-
letarian cultural revolution and holding high the great
banner of Marxism-Leninism, socialist China is an
insurmountable barrier to the Soviet revisionist ren-
egade clique which is ganging up with U.S. imperial-
ism and vainly trying to redivide the world between
themselves. Pursuing a traitorous, chauvinistic and
imperialist policy, the Brezhnev-Kosygin clique has
carried out shameful provocations against the Peo-
ple's Republic of China and created border incidents.
But Comrade Mao Tsetung's China gave the clique the rebuff it deserved."

Comrade Myftiu's speech was frequently interrupted by prolonged applause and cheers. Everyone at the meeting repeatedly shouted: "Enver—Mao Tsetung!" Amid warm applause, the rally passed a letter of greetings to the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China.

Led by Comrades Myftiu, Kellezi and Kosta and singing revolutionary songs, the participants marched to the Chinese Embassy to express their greetings after the meeting ended.

Warm Congratulations From Zeri i Popullit

In its April 4 editorial "Warm Revolutionary Greetings to the Chinese Communists and Great Chinese People—Our Comrades-in-Arms," Zeri i Popullit, organ of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour, wrote: "The Ninth Congress is a glorious victory for the fraternal Communist Party of China, a major event of great historic significance not only for the Chinese Communists and people, but also for all Communists, for the people of all countries and genuine revolutionaries in the world. This congress is being held at a time when the red banner of the victorious great proletarian cultural revolution, the red banner of the Marxist-Leninist thought of Chairman Mao Tsetung, is flying triumphantly all over the great socialist China. The three-year period during which the great proletarian cultural revolution, initiated and led by Comrade Mao Tsetung, is being carried out in China is a glorious epoch in the history of the Communist Party of China and of the entire Chinese people."

Continuing, the editorial said: "The light of the great proletarian cultural revolution and the great thought of Comrade Mao Tsetung, generating unprecedented force, aroused the multi-million revolutionary masses of the Chinese workers, peasants, armymen, Red Guards and intellectuals serving the people. They unrestrainedly supported and resolutely defended the cause of revolution and socialism in the great People's China and, in the process of this fierce struggle, rallied still more closely around the Communist Party headed by Comrade Mao Tsetung. Educated politically and ideologically, they tempered themselves and raised their revolutionary consciousness. In this great revolutionary process and in this fierce struggle between the two lines, they smashed the counter-revolutionary plots of the sinister gang headed by the renegade and scab Liu Shao-chi who, jointly with his agents, tried to usurp Party and state leadership and repeat in China the colossal tragedy that took place in the Soviet Union."

After referring to the Chinese Communist Party as the standard-bearer of Marxism-Leninism and a powerful shock brigade of the world revolutionary movement, the editorial declared:

"The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China will go down in history as the congress of the triumph of Comrade Mao Tsetung's Marxist-Leninist revolutionary line over the counter-revolutionary revisionist line, of the proletariat over the bourgeoisie, and of the socialist road over the capitalist one. This victory of monumental historic significance is inseparably connected with this giant figure Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great Marxist-Leninist and outstanding teacher of revolution, who has developed and raised the all-conquering ideas of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin to a new and higher stage. Comrade Mao Tsetung's tremendous contribution to the cause of revolution and socialism and his strategy and tactics of uninterrupted revolution under the conditions of the dictatorship of the proletariat constitute an invaluable treasure for the world communist revolutionary movement."

Praising China as a powerful socialist state, Zeri i Popullit said: "China is today a giant fortress of socialism, a powerful base of revolution, the most determined defender of the freedom and independence of the peoples, and a resolute fighter against the counter-revolutionary plans and plots of U.S.-led imperialism and modern revisionism with the traitorous leading clique of the Soviet Union as its centre. This is a great inspiration and support to the revolutionary people of the world. Comrade Enver Hoxha has said: 'The existence of the Chinese Communist Party, the People's Republic of China and the outstanding Marxist-Leninist Comrade Mao Tsetung is of great fortune to the international communist movement and to the people of all countries. They have the historic merit of being the biggest and insurmountable obstacle to the criminal schemes imperialism, revisionism and all reactionaries are trying to push through, and have dealt and are dealing their schemes crushing blows. They have the historic merit of being the most powerful defender and shock-brigade of communism when it passed through its most difficult hours and when the Khrushchov modern revisionists and their followers started and carried on savage counter-revolutionary activities on a worldwide scale. They have the historic merit of being the most powerful supporter and the greatest inspiration to all revolutionaries and people in their struggle for their rights and the realization of their lofty ideals.'"

"Holding high the banner of Marxism-Leninism and revolution, socialist China stands like a granite mountain and a bastion of steel against which the plots and hegemony plans of the Soviet-U.S. 'holy' alliance to enslave the peoples and dominate the world have crashed to pieces. No force on earth can stop her onward march on the road of revolution and socialism. The all-round and co-ordinated anti-China activities worked out by the chiefs of U.S. imperialism and the Brezhnev-Kosygin renegade clique will fail ignominiously in the end. The resolute and crushing rebuff the Chinese people gave to the criminal provocations of the Soviet revisionists on the Chinese island of Chenpao showed to the world that People's China is inviolable and invincible."

The editorial continued: "Analysing and summing up the work and heroic fight carried out so far by the Party, the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China will make a new valuable contribution to the triumph of Marxism-Leninism. It will further enrich

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the historical experience of the dictatorship of the proletariat. It will raise still higher the victorious banner of the revolutionary thought of the great Marxist-Leninist Comrade Mao Tsetung. This congress will open a new and brilliant era in the triumphant march of the People's Republic of China on the road of socialism and revolution. This is a congress of vitality, a congress of unity, a congress of victory."

Message of Greetings From Albanian Union of Working Youth

In the course of its proceedings, the Ninth National Congress received a message of greetings from the Central Committee of the Union of Working Youth of Albania. Describing how the younger generation of Albania have excitedly and enthusiastically received the news of the opening of the congress in Peking, the message declared: "The younger generation of Albania considers this congress an event of great historic significance not only to the Communist Party, the people and youth of China, but also to the people, Communists and revolutionary youth throughout the world."

"The heroic struggle of the Chinese people and the Chinese youth and Red Guards is inspiring the people and youth in all the other countries of the world and has pointed out to them the way to rise and make revolution. The people and youth of the world consider the People's Republic of China their powerful ally, the staunch defender of the freedom of the peoples and the impregnable bastion of socialism. This is why the U.S. imperialists and the Soviet revisionists are in mortal fear of the victorious advance of People's China and have resorted to all kinds of tactics in frantic attacks on People's China, up to the carrying out of bandit aggression against China's Chehao Island by the Soviet revisionists. They cannot push their counter-revolutionary strategy of dominating the world forward without surmounting the barrier of China. But, as in the past, all their sinister plots will be smashed by the immense might of the 700 million Chinese people who are steadily marching towards socialism and communism under the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party headed by Comrade Mao Tsetung."

The Central Committee of the Union of Working Youth of Albania concluded its message by "extending warm militant salutes and the most sincere wishes to the heroic fraternal Chinese youth and wishing them still greater successes on the glorious bright road of socialism and communism."

For several days, in urban and rural Albania mass rallies have been held in factories, villages, army units, government offices and schools to celebrate the opening of the Ninth Congress. Such rallies, which sent messages of greetings to the Ninth Congress, were even held in the earthquake-stricken areas of Tepelena Region and Mallakastra in the Fieri Region. The fact is that Albania, linked heart to heart with China, is overjoyed at the convening of the Ninth Congress. As Comrade Myftiu said at the Tirana mass rally: "The convening of the Ninth National Congress of the Chinese Communist Party is great happy news spreading to all parts of Albania and gladdening adults and children alike. The brilliant victory of the Chinese Communists has filled us with joy and pride."

Congress of Victory for Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought

— The World's Revolutionary People Hail Grand Opening of Ninth National Congress of Communist Party of China

The world's revolutionary people hail the grand opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China with warmth and deep emotion. In cabling messages of greetings or issuing statements, they express their heartfelt desire for the complete success of the congress and sincerely wish a long, long life to Chairman Mao, the great leader of the Chinese people. They note that this congress is one of victory for Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, that it is epoch-making and has great historic significance and that it will encourage the revolutionary people of the world enormously.

Sharing the 700 Million Chinese People's Joy

A message of greetings from the Headquarters of the Japan-China Friendship Association (Orthodox) said: We extend our warm congratulations to the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China which is being held at a time when the great proletarian cultural revolution has won victory.

The message said: "Today, in particular, the success of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is of tremendous significance when Soviet social-imperialism is encroaching upon China's territory and when its accomplices the U.S.-Japanese reactionaries, the Miyamoto revisionist clique in the Japanese Communist Party and the reactionaries and bands of revisionist parties of other countries are taking joint action against China and stupidly carrying out provocations against the great People's Republic of China, which is the bulwark of the struggles of the Japanese people, the people of Asia, Africa, Latin Amer-
ica and the rest of the world for peace, independence, democracy and socialism. The congress is dealing decisive blows to the reactionaries of Japan and other countries headed by U.S. imperialism and to their accomplices—Soviet social-imperialism and the revisionists of other countries. It is an enormous encouragement to the Japanese people, the people of Asia, Africa, Latin America and the rest of the world.

“Our association joins the 700 million Chinese people in their joy. With one heart and mind, we are more determined than ever to strengthen the militant unity between the peoples of Japan and China and march forward triumphantly in the patriotic, just struggle against U.S. imperialism.”

Hisao Kuroda, Chairman of the Headquarters of the Japan-China Friendship Association (Orthodox), stressed: The opening of the Ninth National Congress of the great Communist Party of China is of great international significance. Kuroda said that all members of the Japan-China Friendship Association (Orthodox) have realized this and are publicizing it among the masses.

Kuroda said: All members of the Japan-China Friendship Association (Orthodox) rejoice together with the 700 million Chinese people over the victory of the congress. In unity with the masses of the Japanese people who desire friendship with China, they will convert this happiness into tremendous strength to fight the enemy, and celebrate the convening of the congress by concrete action in the powerful, just, patriotic anti-U.S. struggle.

Kenzo Nakajima, Director-General of the Japan-China Cultural Exchange Association, said with deep emotion: Long anticipated by the Chinese people and the revolutionary people of the world, the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China has now ceremoniously opened. This congress indicates that the great proletarian cultural revolution initiated and led personally by Chairman Mao has won tremendous victory.

Full of praise for the great significance of China’s great proletarian cultural revolution, Nakajima said: This revolution has added the latest as well as the finest and greatest victorious chapter to the history of the revolution of mankind. This splendid chapter is written under the illumination of Chairman Mao’s theory on continuing the revolution under the conditions of the dictatorship of the proletariat.

Nakajima said that the delegates attending the congress, be they veterans or new fighters of the revolution, are all revolutionary fighters tempered in the great proletarian cultural revolution and are full of vitality. This congress is a congress of unity and victory, he said. In conclusion, Nakajima enthusiastically shouted: “A long, long life to Chairman Mao!”

Ikuo Minagawa, Standing Director and Concurrently Secretary-General of the International Trade Promotion Association of Japan, pointed out that the convening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China will greatly inspire the Japanese people who are fighting U.S. imperialism and its lackeys. He said: There is no doubt that the congress is of great epoch-making significance.

Minagawa concluded: To celebrate the opening of the congress, we are determined to carry forward our struggle against the “Japan-U.S. security system” which is hostile to China and is pushed by the Sato government on instructions from U.S. imperialism. We resolutely oppose the Sato government’s collaboration with the Chiang Kai-shek bandit gang in hatching the sinister anti-China plot of creating “two Chinas” and are determined to carry this struggle through to the end.

Great Contribution to World Revolution

Chojuro Kawarazaki, Standing Director of the Japan-China Cultural Exchange Association, said: The convening of the congress has struck fear into the hearts of the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese monopoly capitalists, the Soviet modern revisionists and the Miyamoto revisionist clique in the Japanese Communist Party. They have gone all out to attack and vilify great China. However, they are doomed to fail and final victory belongs to the Chinese people.

Ichizo Kimura, Standing Director of the Kansai Headquarters of the International Trade Promotion Association of Japan, stressed that the current Ninth National Congress will have a most far-reaching influence on the future of the world revolution.

He said that Mao Tsetung Thought is Marxism-Leninism in our era at its highest level. Chairman Mao and the Chinese people have made tremendous contributions to the world people’s struggle and given enormous inspiration and support to the Asian, African and Latin American people in their struggle.

Chiyo Nakajima, Chairman of the Tokyo Committee of Women’s League of Japan, said: I firmly believe that the congress will make a great contribution to the world revolution. She pointed out that the congress is one of victory for Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought. It will make socialist China, the powerful bastion of the world’s revolutionary people, still more impregnable. It will also immensely encourage all the oppressed people and nations of the world in their revolutionary struggle and strengthen their confidence in victory.

Torao Miyagawa, Standing Director of the Japan-China Cultural Exchange Association and member of the Japan Committee of Afro-Asian Writers, said that the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a congress of great significance to the Chinese people and the world’s revolutionary people because it opens a new page of history, and this has given the Japanese people boundless joy.

A message of greetings from the Japanese Hagurumaza Theatre declared: “We greet the

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Message of Greetings From Ahmed Sekou Toure, General Secretary Of Democratic Party of Guinea

His Excellency Mao Tsetung, Chairman of the Communist Party of China:

We are closely following the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of the glorious and great Chinese people. The Democratic Party of Guinea and the entire Guinean people extend sincere greetings and express profound friendly feelings at the brilliant election of Chairman Mao, Vice-Chairman Lin Piao and Secretary-General Chou En-lai. We firmly believe that fraternal co-operation will be daily strengthened between our two Parties and peoples who cherish democracy, peace and justice.

Ahmed Sekou Toure, General Secretary of the Democratic Party of Guinea, Supreme Leader of Revolution April 2, 1969, Conakry

National Congress of the Communist Party of China with hearty cheers. The victory of the congress is the greatest inspiration to the Japanese revolution. We pledge to advance more vigorously for the victory of the Japanese revolution. Long live the victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution! Long live international unity against imperialism and revisionism! Long live the great, glorious and correct Communist Party of China! Long live the great leader Chairman Mao! Long live invincible Mao Tsetung Thought!

The Japanese Institute of Mao Tsetung Thought issued a statement which said: "While we warmly hail the grand opening of the Ninth National Congress, we wholeheartedly wish a long, long life to Chairman Mao, the great leader of the revolutionary people of the world."

It said: "We will make the utmost efforts to integrate Mao Tsetung Thought, which has been proved through practice to be the highest peak of Marxism-Leninism in our era, with concrete practice in the Japanese revolution."

The statement said: "We are determined to hold high the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, actively push ahead the struggle to smash the [Japan-U.S.] 'security treaty,' and strive for the victory of the Japanese revolution."

Heavy Blow to Imperialism and Revisionism

A Nepalese friend said that the convening of the Ninth National Congress of the Chinese Communist Party is of paramount significance. It is a most happy event not only for the Chinese people but also for all progressive people in the world.

A Nepalese friend in educational circles said that the holding of this congress is a heavy blow to imperialism and modern revisionism whose schemes to undermine the great China have fallen through. He said: We are deeply convinced that, under the leadership of the proletarian headquarters with Chairman Mao as its leader and Vice-Chairman Lin as its deputy leader, the 700 million Chinese people will make socialist China even more prosperous and powerful and will give tremendous support to the world's people who are struggling against imperialism, modern revisionism and new and old colonialism. In conclusion, this friend sincerely wished Chairman Mao a long, long life!

The latest issue of the "Malayan Bulletin," organ of the Mission of the Malayan National Liberation League in China, published a message of greetings which said: "The Malayan people greet with indescribable warmth and joy the historic Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China. The congress, which is held in Peking, the red beacon light of the revolutionary people of all continents, is of immense significance not only to the 700 million Chinese people, but also to the entire 3,000 million people of the whole world."

The message said: "The congress is held at a time when the great proletarian cultural revolution has achieved great victory and when an excellent situation exists in the world revolutionary people's struggle against imperialism, modern revisionism and reaction of all countries. Under the personal guidance of Chairman Mao, the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our time, the congress will undoubtedly be crowned with great success."

A message of greetings from D.B.S. Zimbihile, Permanent Secretary of the All-African Trade Union Federation, said that the great cultural revolution of the people of China has consolidated and strengthened the revolutionary anti-imperialist forces.

It said: "In the true spirit of proletarian internationalism, the people of China have given great support to the people of Africa in their struggle against imperialism, neo-colonialism and racial discrimination. The solidarity between the workers of Africa and the people of China will ever be deepened and strengthened for the complete liquidation of imperialism and exploitation."

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Message of Greetings From Julius K. Nyerere, President of United Republic of Tanzania

Comrade Mao Tsetung,
Chairman of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China, now in session, Peking, People’s Republic of China:

On the occasion of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China I wish to convey to you and to all the delegates now assembled in Peking the warmest greetings from the Tanganyika African National Union and the Afro-Shirazi Party and from the Tanzanian Government and people.

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China takes place at a time when China has made tremendous progress in all fields of human endeavour. The Chinese people have particularly scored unprecedented victories over the last few years as a result of the great proletarian cultural revolution.

We wish the congress success and greater prosperity and happiness to the Chinese people.

Julius K. Nyerere,
President of the United Republic of Tanzania

The message concluded: “Long live Chairman Mao Tsetung!” “Long live the friendship between the people of Africa and the people of China!”

A message of greetings from P. Leballon, National Secretary and Acting President of the Pan-Africanist Congress of Azania (South Africa), said: The Pan-Africanist Congress of South Africa fervently joins the progressive people of the world in enthusiastically greeting the convocation of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China under the guidance of the great leader Chairman Mao Tsetung and his close comrade-in-arms Vice-Chairman Lin Piao.

The message said that the convening of this congress is of great significance to the Chinese people who stand in the vanguard of the struggle of the oppressed and exploited peoples of the world against imperialism headed by the United States and modern revisionism led by the Soviet revisionist ruling clique of new tsars. The People’s Republic of China has become the great rear base of revolution for the peoples in Asia, Africa and Latin America and the proletariat of the imperialist countries.

In conclusion, the message said: “We wish a long, long life to Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people and leader of the revolutionary people of the world, our great teacher, leader, supreme commander and helmsman!”

A message of greetings from Abdou Bakari Boina, General Secretary of the National Liberation Movement of Comoro said: Illuminated by the red sun, the thought of Chairman Mao, the Chinese people have smashed all the plots of the small bands of enemies of the Marxist-Leninist revolution. The Chinese people are daily consolidating their victory over Yankee imperialism and colonialism and neo-colonialism, and are advancing in big strides on the road of proletarian revolution.

The message said, “The storm of the proletarian cultural revolution is sweeping away all the dregs of capitalism and bourgeois ideology and establishing a new thinking, a bright beacon for all proletarians throughout the world.”

A message of greetings from I.B. Tabata, President of the Unity Movement of South Africa, wished the congress success, and said: “May the remarkable progress made by the Chinese cultural revolution be an inspiration to all freedom-loving peoples of the world. May the dictatorship of the proletariat grow from strength to strength.”

In conclusion, the message expressed the hope that the wisdom of Chairman Mao, his clear thoughts and his wise leadership would be a beacon to guide and enlighten the revolutionary spirit of the exploited peoples of Latin America, Asia and Africa.

A message from the Zimbabwe African National Union said: “This congress is of great importance to all revolutionaries because its convening at this stage demonstrates quite clearly that the great proletarian cultural revolution has scored brilliant victories against the forces of counter-revolution in China. These great successes of the great proletarian cultural revolution explain why the imperialists and their revisionist accomplices are making ugly, albeit futile, noises against the Ninth Congress.”

Chairman Mao Founded the Great, Glorious and Correct Chinese Communist Party

A responsible member of the Congolese (Kinshasa) patriotic armed forces said in a statement: The grand opening of the congress, which was presided over by
the Chinese people's great leader Chairman Mao, is a
great victory for invincible Mao Tsetung Thought
and is an event of historic significance.

Chairman Mao, he added, founded the great,
glorious and correct Communist Party of China. Chair-
man Mao is the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our era. He
has inherited, defended and developed Marxism-
Leninism with genius, creatively and comprehen-
sively, and has profoundly brought it to a higher and
completely new stage both in theory and practice. Invincible Mao Tsetung Thought is the sharpest ide-
ological weapon of infinite power for opposing imperi-
alism, revisionism and all reaction. This responsible
member stressed: Mao Tsetung Thought is the guide
to action for all revolutionary peoples, leading them to
liberation. To liberate themselves, the people of a
country must use Mao Tsetung Thought to guide all
their actions.

He pointed out: Vice-Chairman Lin Piao is the
closest comrade-in-arms of the Chinese people's great
teacher Chairman Mao. He is the most reliable, most
loyal and best successor to Chairman Mao.

Michel, a Congolese (Brazzaville) friend, said:
The convening of the Ninth National Congress of the
Communist Party of China signifies the magnificent
victory of China's great proletarian cultural revolution.

Mao Tsetung Thought, he continued, is the rev-
olutionary theory of the era in which imperialism is
heading for total collapse and socialism is advancing to
worldwide victory. It is the bright beacon and powerful
ideological weapon for the oppressed peoples in their
struggle for liberation.

He added: We African revolutionaries will follow
the brilliant example of Vice-Chairman Lin Piao in
studying and applying Chairman Mao's writings in
a creative way. We firmly believe that we will certainly
win final victory in our struggle for national liberation.

In a letter on April 7 to the Hsinhua office in Cairo,
a friend from South West Africa said: "The convening
of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party
of China is a great victory for Mao Tsetung Thought.
It is an event of historic significance not only for the
fraternal Chinese people but also for the revolutionary
people throughout the world."

A friend from Cape Verde Islands wrote to the
Hsinhua office in Bamako, saying: I firmly believe that,
under the leadership of Chairman Mao and his close
comrade-in-arms Vice-Chairman Lin Piao, this congress
will further consolidate the dictatorship of the prole-
tariat in the People's Republic of China — the bastion of
socialism and world revolution. The People's Re-
public of China, with its 700 million people armed with
invincible Mao Tsetung Thought, will exercise still
greater influence in international life and will foil
the schemes of U.S. imperialism and Soviet revisionism
to encircle China. Therefore, like other anti-imperialist,
anti-revisionist revolutionary fighters of the world, I
exclaim: "Long live the Ninth National Congress of the
Communist Party of China!" "Long live Chairman Mao!"

In a letter to the Hsinhua office in Nouakchott, a
Senegalese worker wrote: The Ninth National Congress
of the Chinese Communist Party has confirmed in the
best way the great, decisive victory of the great pro-
etarian cultural revolution initiated and led personally
by Chairman Mao. This is a victory of Chairman Mao's
thought over the counter-revolutionary revisionist line
of the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi. It is also
a victory of Marxism-Leninism over Soviet modern
revisionism and U.S.-led imperialism as well as their
lackeys.

He continued: Chairman Mao is the most eminent
Marxist-Leninist of this epoch. Under the leadership
of Chairman Mao and relying on invincible Mao Tsetung
Thought, the Chinese people have again and again
achieved unprecedentedly splendid victories in all fields.
A best proof of this is the punishment inflicted by the
great Chinese people on the Soviet frontier troops which
intruded into China's territory Chenpao Island.

Festival of All the Proletarians in the World

A revolutionary Soviet woman wrote in a letter:
"With immense joy I extend to you my heartfelt and
fraternal greetings in congratulation of the grand open-
ing of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party
of China. China's great proletarian cultural revolution
has promoted the further revolutionization of people's ide-
ology and the development of social productive forces.
All China has become a school of Chairman Mao
Tsetung's thought. Under the leadership of the Com-
munist Party headed by the wise leader Chairman Mao,
the Chinese workers, poor and lower-middle peasants,
fighters and revolutionary intellectuals are performing
astounding miracles. The Ninth Congress is a beacon
illuminating the road for the Chinese people to continue
their struggle for socialism and communism, and it is
at the same time a beacon illuminating the road for
the people of other countries to carry on their struggle for
emancipation from imperialism and modern revision-
ism."

In conclusion, she said: "Long live the great, glori-
ous and correct Communist Party of China!

"Long live the invincible thought of Chairman Mao
Tsetung!

"Long live Chairman Mao Tsetung, the Lenin of
our era! I wish him a long, long life!"

A veteran Czechoslovak Communist, in a letter to
the Chinese people's great leader Chairman Mao, said:
"I extend to you and your people my greetings on the
opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Com-
munist Party of China." The letter went on: "Only
you and your people can save the whole world and
bring truth and freedom to all mankind. How I long
to shake your hands firmly! But it cannot be done
now. Long live all the proletarians of the world! May
they achieve victory! Be armed! Be armed! Be
armed!"

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A Rumanian worker said in a letter dated April 3 to a Chinese department: "As I write to you, the greatest Party congress of the most powerful Communist Party in the world, headed by the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our era Comrade Mao Tsetung, is being held in the capital of the greatest country which has become the powerful bastion of the world revolution. The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China will make new contributions to the future development of Marxism-Leninism. It is a great event in the development of the international communist and workers' movement, and ensures an inexhaustible source for the brilliance of the proletarian revolution throughout the world. Therefore, the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a festival not only of the Chinese people, but also of all the proletarians in the world."

A Yugoslav friend wrote on April 3 in a letter to Chinese comrades: "The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China lights up the road of struggle for all Marxist-Leninists and Communists in the days to come. Comrade Mao Tsetung, leader of genius of the world revolution, inspires us to struggle against imperialism headed by the United States and against revisionism headed by Soviet revisionism." He added: "We Marxist-Leninists and Communists throughout the world are advancing triumphantly in the class struggle for the final victory over all the enemies of socialism in the world. We proletarians of all countries are proud to have Comrade Mao Tsetung as our leader."

When the news of the opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China reached Bulgaria, a Bulgarian citizen, in defiance of persecution by the Bulgarian revisionist authorities, extended warm greetings to Chinese comrades. He shouted enthusiastically: "I wish the congress full success! Long live Chairman Mao!"

**Historic Contributions to the International Communist Movement**

A British worker, after hearing the news of the opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Chinese Communist Party, said with great joy: "This is what we have been expecting for a long time. This is a great victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution and Chairman Mao's revolutionary line."

He believed that the congress and all its documents would certainly sum up the rich experience of the great cultural revolution and would make historic contributions to the world communist movement.

A group of progressive students at Sussex University wrote to their Chinese friends recently that they had learnt with great joy the opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China.

"The great proletarian cultural revolution, one of the most important events in the history of mankind's progressive struggle towards the attainment of communism, has been of great inspiration to us and to students round the world in the imperialist countries," the letter said.

It pointed out that the great cultural revolution guided by Mao Tsetung Thought "has deepened our understanding of class struggle, of the leading role of the working class, and of the nature of revisionism and imperialism on a world scale and on a local scale."

In their letter, they wished the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China every success and a long, long life to Chairman Mao Tsetung.

**The Chinese People Will Surely Achieve Still Greater Successes**

Upon hearing the happy news of the grand opening of the Ninth Congress, the captain of a Pakistan ship in Tsingtao said: "My greetings on the convocation of this great congress. I am deeply convinced that the 700 million great Chinese people, under the leadership of the great leader Chairman Mao and the correct Chinese Communist Party, will achieve still greater victories."

He shouted enthusiastically again and again: "Long live Chairman Mao!"

On hearing the extra good news, three Spanish seamen on a Norwegian ship berthed at Tientsin, Tientsin, said joyously: "This is an extraordinary happy event, not only for the Chinese people but also for the revolutionary people of the whole world. The grand opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a great victory for Mao Tsetung Thought." Another Spanish seaman whose home is in South America said: "I study Chairman Mao's writings every day. I love Chairman Mao most dearly. Chairman Mao most resolutely supports the struggle of the Latin American people. He is the greatest leader. The convening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a victory for the revolutionary people the world over."

A Greek sailor on board a foreign ship in the Talien harbour said: "People's China is now the centre of the world revolution and the reliable revolutionary base. Tempered in the great proletarian cultural revolution, the 700 million Chinese people are stronger and more closely united than ever before. Chairman Mao Tsetung is incomparably great and wise. He is the great leader not only of the Chinese people but also of us Greek people and all the other people in the world. Mao Tsetung Thought is the powerful ideological weapon for opposing imperialism, revisionism and reaction. We ardently love Chairman Mao Tsetung, not only because he has brought happiness to the Chinese people but because he has pointed out the orientation of revolution to the people of the world."

Foreign seamen on board ships anchored in Yentai, Swatow, Whampoa and other ports joined the Chinese dock workers in warmly acclamining the grand opening of the Ninth Congress. Many went ashore and paraded through the streets to celebrate the event. One foreign seaman said: "We are very lucky to be here in China when the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China opens. This is the greatest happiness in my life!"

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Chairman Mao’s Brilliant Works Warmly Welcomed Abroad

MEXICO

A Spanish edition of Chairman Mao Tsetung On People’s War has been published by the Marxist-Leninist Movement of Mexico.

A preface to the edition written by the Movement says: The main social contradictions now existing in Mexico can only be settled through a revolution of a new type. This revolution will “establish a people’s democratic government under the direction of the working class and will lay the foundations for the development of socialism thereafter. It is a new-democratic revolution, such as that advanced by Chairman Mao Tse-tung, the greatest contemporary Marxist-Leninist.”

“This great movement,” it continues, “has also made plain the strategy to be followed in the process of the new revolution, that is, the necessity to build a revolutionary party guided by Mao Tse-tung Thought, contemporary Marxism-Leninism, the necessity to form an extensive united front of all the people under the direction of the proletariat and the necessity to launch a people’s war.”

It adds: “It is necessary to establish solid bases of support in the countryside in order to hit the enemy where its domination is the weakest. It is necessary to create a powerful people’s army by relying on the revolutionary peasants, carry out an agrarian revolution and launch guerrilla warfare in order to occupy the rural areas first, encircle the cities and then take the cities.”

The preface stresses that the recent experiences of the armed struggle in Mexico and in many other Latin American countries have proved that a handful of people taking up arms in the mountains are not sufficient to achieve victory in the revolution. “It is necessary to apply such Marxist-Leninist principles as that the people are the motive force in the making of history, that weapons are an important factor but the decisive factor is the people, and that the revolutionary war is a war of the masses, which can be waged only by mobilizing the masses and relying on them.”

The preface says: “Chairman Mao Tse-tung has put forth a whole set of military theories for the seizure of power by the revolutionary people and it is impossible to make revolution without applying these theories. Without Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tse-tung Thought, there is no, and will never be, socialism in any country.”

CEYLON

The Selected Readings From the Works of Mao Tse-tung (A), recently translated into Sinhalese in Ceylon, was published by the Praja (People’s) Publishers in Colombo.

The translator, Ananda Kumara, said that Chairman Mao is the greatest Marxist-Leninist of the present time. The publication in Ceylon of the Selected Readings From the Works of Mao Tse-tung (A) in Sinhalese is a great event of historic importance.

He said that Chairman Mao’s works are the crystallization of the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism. It is the genius of Chairman Mao that points out the only correct path forward for the Chinese revolution. Chairman Mao himself led China’s revolutionary struggle to victory by combining theory with practice. Chairman Mao has enriched and developed the theory of proletarian revolution. Therefore, Chairman Mao’s works are indeed a treasure house for all revolutionary people who want to make revolution and lead it to success.

Earlier, our great leader Chairman Mao’s brilliant work Problems of Strategy in Guerrilla War Against Japan, translated into Sinhalese, was published by the Praja (People’s) Publishers in Colombo. A Tamil edition was published in August 1968 by the same publisher which had also published Chairman Mao’s two other brilliant works, The Question of Independence and Initiative Within the United Front in Tamil and the Report to the Second Plenary Session of the Seventh Central Committee of the Communist Party of China in Sinhalese.

Chairman Mao’s brilliant works On the People’s Democratic Dictatorship, in Tamil, and On Coalition Government, in Sinhalese, have been published by the Worker’s Publisher in Colombo.

Chairman Mao’s brilliant works are warmly welcomed by the Ceylonese people.

One reader said: Chairman Mao’s proletarian revolutionary line is our beacon light. A young reader stressed: “We must be armed with Chairman Mao’s thought and follow his revolutionary line.”

PAKISTAN

Our great leader Chairman Mao’s brilliant work The Chinese Revolution and the Chinese Communist Party and Chairman Mao’s five documents on literature and art have been translated into Urdu and recently published in Karachi, Pakistan’s largest city.

Published in pamphlet form, these works contain a profile of Chairman Mao printed on the cover with the caption: “Mao Tsetung — Lenin of the present era.”

(Continued on p. 46.)

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Good News From China's Industrial Front

EVEN while the Chinese people warmly celebrate the opening of the Party’s Ninth National Congress, good news keeps pouring in from China’s iron and steel and ship-building fronts. This is a great victory for the Chinese working class’ implementation of the policy of “self-reliance” laid down by our great leader Chairman Mao. It is a rich fruit of the great proletarian cultural revolution, which has promoted the development of the productive forces.

Another Big Modern Blast Furnace Completed at Wuhan Iron and Steel Company

ANOTHER big and modern blast furnace — the No. 3 at the Wuhan Iron and Steel Company — has been successfully completed. Built in only a little over three months, a record speed for blast furnace construction in China, it formally went into operation on April 9. The quality of construction work surpasses that of both the company’s No. 1 and No. 2 blast furnaces.

The new furnace is one of China’s biggest. While construction work, which began back in 1960, was under way, the perfidious Soviet revisionist renegade clique suddenly withdrew all Soviet experts in the second half of that year, took away the blueprints for the project and tore up the agreements on supplying China with equipment. Co-ordinating with the schemes of imperialism, revisionism and all reaction on opposing China, the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi and his agents in the metallurgical departments did all they could to throttle the creativeness of the Chinese working class and brought construction to a standstill.

The builders of the furnace were tremendously inspired by the great call of the Enlarged 12th Plenary Session of the Party’s Eighth Central Committee to “grasp revolution and promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and do a still better job in building socialist industry, socialist agriculture and all other socialist undertakings in our country.” With profound proletarian feelings of boundless loyalty to Chairman Mao and with bitter hatred for the Soviet revisionist renegade clique and its lackey Liu Shao-chi, they actively responded to this great call by the Party. Holding high the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought and in the spirit of self-reliance and hard work, they were determined to build a first-rate furnace at high speed as an expression of their loyalty to Chairman Mao and to honour the Party’s Ninth National Congress. After busy preparations, full-scale construction began in January this year.

Chairman Mao teaches us: “We the Chinese nation have the spirit to fight the enemy to the last drop of our blood, the determination to recover our lost territory by our own efforts, and the ability to stand on our own feet in the family of nations.” In line with this great teaching of Chairman Mao’s, the revolutionary workers and revolutionary technicians of the No. 1 Metallurgical Building Company under the Ministry of Metallurgical Industry and of the Wuhan Iron and Steel Company who took part in the project worked hard day and night with exceptional revolutionary drive. At the same time, they made the construction site a battlefield for revolutionary mass criticism and repudiation. They roundly denounced the counter-revolutionary revisionist trash peddled by the arch renegade Liu Shao-chi and his agents, such as the philosophy of servile dependence on foreigners for everything, the policy of “going at a snail’s pace,” “relying on specialists to run the factories,” “putting technique first” and “material incentives.”

The furnace builders and revolutionary engineers and technicians regarded building this furnace as a battle against imperialism and revisionism. Deprived of blueprints and equipment, they made both themselves. They broke with foreign stereotypes and outmoded conventions and went all out in a mass campaign for technical innovations and technical revolution. Thus they ensured high speed and top quality in construction. With bitter hatred for the Soviet revisionist renegade clique, workers of the blast furnace construction company joined the designers in drawing up new blueprints. They completely discarded the Soviet revisionists’ outmoded method of blast furnace lining. As a result, they not only completed lining the furnace seven days ahead of schedule but did a first-rate job as well. They said with pride: “We are workers of the era of Mao Tsetung and can paint the freshest and most beautiful pictures
in the world because we have red hearts boundlessly loyal to Chairman Mao!"

The successful completion of the No. 3 blast furnace eloquently proves once again that by holding high the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, consistently putting the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought above all else, and placing Mao Tsetung Thought in command of everything, all difficulties on the road of advance can be overcome and miracles can be performed. In the course of building the furnace, the revolutionary workers launched a great, extensive and deep-going mass movement for the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought. They successively organized about a thousand Mao Tsetung Thought study classes of different types and turned the construction site into a big classroom for the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought.

The project received tremendous support from all parts of the country. The revolutionary workers in the factories, mines and other enterprises concerned and in the communications and transport departments displayed to the full the revolutionary spirit of communist co-operation. The P.L.A. commanders and fighters helping the Left in the Wuhan Iron and Steel Company and in the No. 1 Metallurgical Building Company studied, worked and battled alongside the revolutionary workers. In building the No. 3 blast furnace, they have made new contributions.

Red flags flew high over the new blast furnace on April 10 and songs of triumph reverberated in the air. A huge portrait of Chairman Mao and five gleaming Chinese characters, "Long live Chairman Mao!", were put up atop the 60-metre-high hot-blast stoves. Tens of thousands of revolutionary workers, P.L.A. commanders and fighters helping the Left and representatives of workers from Wuhan factories, mines and other enterprises concerned gathered there at a grand celebration rally. Amid extremely enthusiastic cheers, the rally adopted a message of salute to our great leader Chairman Mao and his close comrade-in-arms Vice-Chairman Lin and one to the Presidium of the Party's Ninth National Congress.

First Big Oil Tanker Successfully Launched

The 15,000-ton oil tanker, the Taching No. 27, the first of its kind ever built by the Chinese working class, was successfully launched on April 2. On that day the revolutionary workers of the Hungchi Shipyard gathered around the berth to warmly celebrate the grand opening of the Party's Ninth National Congress and hold the launching ceremony.

In accordance with Chairman Mao's teaching on "self-reliance," the revolutionary workers of the Hungchi Shipyard built the ship completely with Chinese-made rolled steel. The pre-schedule launching of the tanker represents a great victory for invincible Mao Tsetung Thought and another rich fruit of the great proletarian cultural revolution.

Immediately after the successful completion and launching of the hull of the 10,000-ton Gaoyang three months ago, the workers at this shipyard gave full play to the style of fighting — courage in battle, no fear of sacrifice, no fear of fatigue, and continuous fighting — and plunged into the battle to build the Taching No. 27.
The amount of welding work on the new ship was nearly double that done on the Gaoyang, but the workers took only 32 days to complete the work on the hull, from laying the keel to launching, thus successfully accomplishing the task with greater, faster, better and more economical results. This is a new record in China's ship-building history.

In building the tanker, the revolutionary committee of the shipyard and the People's Liberation Army men helping the Left firmly kept in mind Chairman Mao's great teachings that "grasp class struggle and all problems can be solved," and that politics is the commander, the soul in everything. They always made class struggle their guide, used revolutionary mass criticism and repudiation as the motive force and scathingly repudiated the reactionary fallacies spread by the arch renegade Liu Shao-chi and his agents, such as "building ships is not as good as buying them; buying ships is not as good as chartering them." This repudiation greatly raised the revolutionary workers' awareness of class struggle and the struggle between the two lines. The workers declared with pride: Whether or not to build ships, and large ships at that, is a major issue concerning whether or not China can develop its shipbuilding industry independently. With the power Chairman Mao has given us to build large ships, we are determined to take the road of developing our own industry. They expressed their determination: With Mao Tsetung Thought indicating the course and red hearts loyal to Chairman Mao, we can certainly build large ships with Chinese-made rolled steel.

The news of the Soviet revisionist renegade clique's armed intrusion into China's territory Chenpao Island brought forth the endless anger of the revolutionary workers. As a concrete action to counter the Soviet revisionist new tsars, they speeded up the building of the big oil tanker.

Following our great leader Chairman Mao's teaching that "it is necessary to sum up experience conscientiously," the leading members of the revolutionary committee and the workers conscientiously summed up the experience, in the course of building the Gaoyang, of creatively studying and applying Mao Tsetung Thought, using revolutionary mass criticism and repudiation as the motive force and putting revolution in command of production. This enabled the workers to arrive at the profound understanding that only by using Mao Tsetung Thought to command everything, giving prominence to proletarian politics and firmly grasping class struggle and revolutionizing people's thinking could they accomplish the task of building the Taching No. 27 with greater, faster, better and more economical results. Firmly grasping class struggle as the guide, they unfolded a deep-going struggle against the enemies, used class struggle to promote the struggle for production and overcame many difficulties, thus accelerating the pace of building the tanker.

Though the ship-building workers encountered many new technical problems while building the tanker, they showed the dauntless revolutionary spirit of daring to think, to speak out and to act, and worked in close co-ordination with the revolutionary technicians and cadres. They carried out many scientific experiments and were daring in inventing, creating and innovating, and thereby overcame one technical difficulty after another.

In building the tanker, the revolutionary workers, united as one, carried out large-scale co-operation in production. This enabled them to constantly quicken the pace of building and improve the quality of the work. As a result, they set a new record in China's ship-building history.

April 18, 1969

Launching the big ocean-going oil tanker the Taching No. 27.
Closely Follow Chairman Mao, Always Make Revolution

by Sung Hsueh-yi*

THE convocation of the Ninth National Congress of the great, glorious and correct Communist Party of China is an exceptionally happy event in the political life of the whole Party and the entire people. Filled with boundless joy and happiness, we Communist Party members, poor and lower-middle peasants and revolutionary masses of the Peikung brigade wish our great leader Chairman Mao a long, long life!

The 16-Point Decision (Decision of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party Concerning the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution) formulated under the personal guidance of our great leader Chairman Mao points out: "The aim of the great proletarian cultural revolution is to revolutionize people’s ideology and as a consequence to achieve greater, faster, better and more economical results in all fields of work." During the great proletarian cultural revolution in the past two years and more, our Peikung brigade, following Chairman Mao’s great strategic plan closely, has unfolded a mass movement for the creative study and application of Chairman Mao’s works and firmly implemented Chairman Mao’s great policy of "grasping revolution and promoting production." This has brought about earth-shaking changes in our brigade.

The poor and lower-middle peasants say: "The cultural revolution is no end fine. What has been achieved in a year’s time is far greater than that in the past several thousand years." This is no exaggeration. Take our Peikung brigade. In the past two years and more, by relying on our own efforts, we have sunk nine power-operated wells, cut four drainage ditches, erected high tension transmission lines and trained 19 engines. All this has helped bring about farming as meticulous as gardening and mechanized irrigation and drainage on more than 2,000 mu of cultivated land and ensured stable yields in times of drought or water-logging. Grain output has increased by a wide margin, with the per-mu yield nearly double the average yearly output before the great cultural revolution and six times higher than that before liberation. Marketable grain sold or delivered to the state in 1968 was more than double that in 1965 when we gathered a very rich harvest. Guided by the policy of “all-round development with grain as the key link,” our brigade has planted over 60,000 trees, cultivated 50 mu of orchard and 8 mu of saplings. Such side-occupations as cotton ginning, wickerwork and electrically powered milling have also thrived. Recalling the past and looking at the present, our brigade’s poor and lower-middle peasants unanimously declare: “That Peikung has been completely transformed is a great victory of Mao Tsetung Thought!”

In the old society, Peikung village was flooded nine years out of ten and life was bitter. Before liberation, over 120 of the 230 households in the village fled the land and went begging, and quite a number of people died of starvation. Eighty per cent of the poor and lower-middle peasants tooled for the landlords as farm-hands on a yearly basis or as short-term seasonal labourers who could barely keep the wolf from the door.

Since liberation, under the wise leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, our Peikung village has forged ahead courageously in line with our great leader Chairman Mao’s teaching that in agriculture “the socialist road is the only road for our country.” But the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi and his agents in Honan Province pushed a counter-revolutionary revisionist line, energetically peddling the sinister goods of “san zi yi boo” (the extension of plots for private use and of free markets, the increase of small enterprises with sole responsibility for their own profits or losses, and the fixing of output quotas based on the household) and the “four freedoms” (freedom of usury, of hiring labour, land sale and private enterprise). They shielded evil elements, ostracized the poor and lower-middle peasants and undermined the socialist collective economy, in a vain hope to restore capitalism and plunge us poor and lower-middle peasants into

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* Sung Hsueh-yi, one of the five heroes of the Langya Mountain battle, is Party branch secretary of the Peikung Production Brigade in Chinyang County, Honan Province.

In the autumn of 1941, the Japanese invaders frantically launched a mopping-up operation against the Langya Mountain area in the Shansi-Chahar-Hopei Base Area. Five fighters of the 6th squad of an Eighth Route Army unit under the Shansi-Chahar-Hopei military area command were ordered to cover the shift of the main forces and the masses. Fighting while retreating, they lured the enemy away, until they came to a precipice. Finally the five fighters, who preferred death to surrender, jumped off the cliff. Three heroically sacrificed their lives. Sung Hsueh-yi is one of the survivors. The group is honoured as the Five Heroes of the Langya Mountain.

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sufferings again and make our brigade always remain poor and backward.

The flames of the great proletarian cultural revolution kindled by Chairman Mao himself blazed at the Tuhang Mountains and on the banks of the Chinko River. The fierce struggle between the two classes, the two roads and the two lines has enabled us to deeply realize that the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi is a wolf in man's clothing and a serpent assuming the guise of a beautiful girl, he is the sworn enemy preventing us poor and lower-middle peasants from taking the socialist road! Holding high the great banner of "It is right to rebel against reactionaries," we poor and lower-middle peasants of the Peikung village mounted fierce attacks on the class enemies and won great victory in the struggle to seize power.

By learning from Tachai's spirit of self-reliance and working hard to achieve prosperity, we poor and lower-middle peasants of Peikung village, who are armed with Mao Tsetung Thought, have made energetic efforts to grasp revolution and promote production. The handful of class enemies, however, mortally fear and inveterately hate this and did all they could to set up obstacles and engage in disruptive activities. In the first half of 1967, insufficient rainfall caused great difficulties in protecting the young plants of early-autumn crops and sowing late-autumn crops. Taking advantage of this opportunity, the class enemies spread the rumour that "it is difficult to beat water-logging and drought. Communes are no match for nature. They can't get rid of poverty for you." We poor and lower-middle peasants are the pillar of the people's communes; each of us has his bitter history of being exploited and oppressed and harbours a bitter hatred for the exploiting classes. We will definitely not allow the class enemies to smear the people's communes. Chairman Mao teaches us: "Grasp class struggle and all problems can be solved." We brought the handful of class enemies who engaged in disruptive activities to the fields and denounced and struggled against them. The anti-drought frontlines thus became battlefields for revolution and mass criticism and repudiation. While studying Chairman Mao's teaching that People's communes are fine, we criticized and repudiated Liu Shao-chi's fallacies slandering the people's communes and exposed the crimes of the class enemies in undermining the people's communes. The more we studied, the dearer we felt Chairman Mao is to us; the more we criticized and repudiated Liu Shao-chi, the greater was our hatred for him; the more we investigated, the more clearly we saw the class enemies' disruptive activities. As a result, our confidence in beating the drought grew stronger and our enthusiasm higher. The commune members said: "The more buckets of water we carry, the greater is our loyalty to Chairman Mao. The more young plants we protect, the more bullets we fire at Liu Shao-chi." Faced with severe drought, we used our shoulders and sometimes even our hands to carry buckets of water and sowed late-autumn crops on 1,700 mu of land in good time and protected more than 700 mu of early-autumn crops, thus reaping a very rich harvest that year.

To solve the water conservancy problem once and for all, the brigade formed a 60-man well sinking team in 1968. While this team was sinking the first power-operated well, an accident occurred due to inexperience. Some people began to have misgivings and wanted to stop the work. Confronted with the question: to advance or to retreat, the team organized a Mao Tsetung Thought study class on the work site. Using the brilliant "three constantly read articles" as their weapon, the members fought self-interest and repudiated revisionism. As a result, they set themselves the lofty aim of "sinking power-operated wells for the revolution and wresting water from underground" and were determined to be resolute, fear no sacrifice and surmount every difficulty to win victory. In the end, they completed the well in only 17 days with a working efficiency more than double that before. While sinking their third well, they reached a depth of 65 metres and success was in sight when they came up against a stratum of stone. At first they increased the pressure, but to no avail. Then they tried to break through with steel rods. Again they failed. At this juncture, they creatively studied and applied Chairman Mao's article The Foolish Old Man Who Removed the Mountains. With single determination, everyone thought up ways and means and they finally overcame the difficulty by underground explosion. They said proudly: "The stones may be hard, but they are no harder than our bones. There may be all kinds of difficulties, but nothing is difficult when we've grasped Mao Tsetung Thought!!"

Last winter, the team braved wind and snow and worked valiantly in the bitter cold. Their eyebrows and beards froze and their cotton-padded clothes stiffened into a sheet of ice. But they were filled with soaring enthusiasm. Every morning they would greet the red sun rising in the east and sing the songs The East Is Red and Sailing the Seas Depends on the Helmsman, fully displaying their spirit of revolutionary heroism and revolutionary optimism. That year, our brigade was hit by a severe drought followed by serious water-logging. Although natural calamities were greater than ever before, our brigade succeeded in beating them and gathered in another very rich harvest. This was because we poor and lower-middle peasants relied on our own efforts and worked hard and because the new power-operated wells and drainage ditches played their role.

In implementing the great policy of "grasping revolution and promoting production," we must on the one hand fight against the class enemies and against the elements and on the other use Mao Tsetung Thought to combat the mistaken ideas in our own minds. In the course of carrying out our plan for building up socialist farms, some people said: "We have no funds, no materials and no technique to boot. How can we build machines and hydro-electric stations?" Others told me: "You are a veteran hero. If you go to the county and
ask for help, how can they refuse?” What to do when we were faced with problems? We again sought answers from Chairman Mao’s works. We examined ourselves in the light of Chairman Mao’s great teaching on “self-reliance” and in the revolutionary spirit of serving the people “wholly” and “entirely,” eliminated self-interest and fostered devotion to the public interests, thus unifying our thinking and our actions. With each of us contributing his bit to building up the new socialist countryside, we accumulated funds from the collective, solved the problem of materials on our own and diligently studied technique. In building the power station, the fine youngsters of us poor and lower-middle peasants modestly learnt from the workers. They studied in the course of practice and a new-type technical force engaging in both industry and agriculture grew up rapidly. Chairman Mao’s works in hand, they confidently declared: “With Chairman Mao’s ‘three constantly read articles’ as our weapon, we poor and lower-middle peasants will certainly surmount all technical difficulties.” Guided by invincible Mao Tsetung Thought, we eliminated one erroneous idea after another, overcame one difficulty after another and won victory after victory.

In the old society, Peikung village was like a “dead ship” stranded on the bank of the Chinho River, having lost its bearings and course. In the new society, guided by Chairman Mao’s proletarian revolutionary line and tempered in the fierce struggle between the two classes, the two roads and the two lines, especially in the great proletarian cultural revolution, Peikung village has become a revolutionary ship riding the waves and advancing triumphantly along the bright course opened up by Chairman Mao.

We advance when Chairman Mao gives the signal and act according to his teachings. Holding high the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought and rallying closely around the proletarian headquarters with Chairman Mao as its leader and Vice-Chairman Lin as its deputy leader, we Communists, poor and lower-middle peasants and revolutionary masses of Peikung village are determined to carry on in depth the mass movement for the creative study and application of Chairman Mao’s works, make big efforts to run well various types of Mao Tsetung Thought study classes, place Mao Tsetung Thought in command of everything and promote the revolutionization of people’s thinking. We resolve to learn from the heroic Tchai people, vigorously grasp revolution and promote production and seize all-round victory in the great proletarian cultural revolution.

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All reactionary forces on the verge of extinction invariably conduct desperate struggles. They are bound to resort to military adventure and political deception in all their forms in order to save themselves from extinction.

— MAO TSETUNG

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Down With the New Tsars!

World’s People Angrily Denounce the Soviet Revisionists’ Armed Provocations Against China

THE Soviet revisionist renegade clique recently sent large numbers of Soviet troops to intrude into Chenpao Island, which is China’s territory, and created extremely grave incidents of bloodshed. At the same time, it organized a large number of ruffians to make trouble and carry out disruptive activities in front of the Chinese Embassy in Moscow. The Soviet revisionists’ wild anti-China provocations not only met with head-
crimes against the Chinese people and expressed full support for the Chinese people's just stand in defending the sacred territory of their motherland and in repulsing the Soviet revisionist aggressors. They warned the Soviet revisionist renegade clique: The Chinese people who are armed with Mao Tsetung Thought are invincible. The anti-China provocations of the Soviet revisionists will only hasten their own destruction.

**Soviet Revisionist Renegade Clique More Tsarist Than the Tsars**

The revolutionary people of every country in the world have, through the Soviet revisionists' fascist provocations, seen more clearly the predatory nature of the Soviet revisionist renegade clique which has taken over the mantle of tsarist Russian imperialism and is pushing a social-imperialist policy of aggression. Zeri i Popullit, Bashkimi and other Albanian newspapers and periodicals have published editorials and articles pointing out that the Soviet revisionist renegade clique's armed provocations against China have completely exposed the hidden features of the new tsars in the Kremlin and declaring that, together with the revolutionary people of all countries, the Albanian people resolutely condemn the Soviet revisionists' anti-China provocations. Tokumatsu Sakamoto, Director-General of the Japan Committee for Afro-Asian People's Solidarity, pointed out: This new heinous counter-revolutionary anti-China act on the part of the Soviet revisionists took place after their aggression against Czechoslovakia last year. This has fully exposed their undisguised big-power chauvinism and revealed the true nature of their social-imperialism as new tsarist despotism. Kuichiro Nakamura, Professor at the University of Economics in Osaka, Japan, said: "The Soviet revisionist renegade clique's aggression against East European countries, including Czechoslovakia, and its armed provocations against China are the same in nature as U.S. armed aggression and suppression in various parts of the world, including Vietnam. They have clearly exposed the ferocious features of the Soviet revisionists' social-imperialism." In a statement to the press, Secretary of the Pakistan-China Friendship Society of Rawalpindi Ayub Mirza said: The Soviet revisionists' intrusion into Chinese territory Chenpao Island in carrying out armed provocations clearly shows that the present rulers of the Soviet Union have completely betrayed the Great October Socialist Revolution led by Lenin. They have now trained their guns at the great Chinese people instead of the imperialists. In his letter to the Hsinhua correspondent in Nouakchott, a Mauritanian youth said: "These new tsars, keen in their expansionist schemes, have dispatched their troops to intrude into Chinese territory Chenpao Island, treacherously killing Chinese frontier guards. These barbarous and perfidious acts have given rise to waves of indignation among all the peoples, including the people of the U.S.S.R." He added: "The social-imperialist new tsars should understand that not only the Chinese people will rise against them but the valiant Soviet people and all the revolutionary peoples and nations will rise as a hurricane to sweep them away."

**Chenpao Island — Indisputable Chinese Territory**

While carrying out armed provocations, the Soviet revisionists have done everything possible to distort the facts and slander China in a vain attempt to cover up their own crimes of aggression. But the people throughout the world do not believe their shameless lies and have pointed out that the Soviet revisionist renegade clique is the aggressor and that Chenpao Island is China's sacred territory. The Malayam paper Barisan pointed out in an editorial: "The Soviet revisionist renegade clique resorted to the despicable trick of a thief crying 'stop thief' after launching armed provocations, and made false counter-charges that Chinese frontier guards had 'intruded' into Soviet territory. This is the sheer gangster logic of social-imperialism! Such contemptible tricks surpass those of tsarist imperialism, for even according to the 'Sino-Russian Treaty of Peking' in 1860, an unequal treaty imposed on the Chinese people by the tsar, Chenpao Island is indisputably China's territory." Japanese businessmen engaging in friendly trade with China and people of all circles from various parts of Japan, numbering about 1,200, held a meeting in Tokyo to condemn the Soviet revisionists' armed provocations against China. The special resolution unanimously adopted at the meeting said: "It is an indisputable historical fact that Chenpao Island belongs to China. No one can deny it." Wijanto, Member of the Permanent Secretariat of the Executive Committee of the Afro-Asian Lawyers' Conference, said in a statement to a Hsinhua correspondent: "After Soviet troops intruded into Chinese territory, the Soviet revisionist ruling clique tried all ways and means to distort the truth. It perfidiously claimed that the Chinese frontier guards had invaded Soviet territory. But the indisputable fact is that Chenpao Island has always been an integral part of Chinese territory. Nobody can deny it." A young Yugoslav student said: "Having seen the sketch map published by China, I know clearly that the Soviet revisionists are the aggressors. They have occupied Czechoslovakia and are carving up spheres of influence with the United States. They put on the mask of 'socialism,' but are in fact imperialists." A friend from Sierra Leone said: Indisputable facts show that Chenpao Island has always been Chinese territory. By sending troops to repeatedly intrude into China's Chenpao Island, the Soviet revisionists have committed serious crimes of aggression and have fully revealed their social-imperialist aggressive nature." A freedom fighter of the Congo (Kinshasa) said: "After their intrusions into Chenpao Island, which is Chinese territory, the Soviet revisionists tried to pose as victims instead. But such an ugly performance can deceive nobody. We Congolese (K) people have seen through their double-dealing counter-revolutionary policy. They betrayed the Congolese (K) revolution, and as a result...

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THE People's Star, organ of the National Council of the Japanese Communist Party (Left), in a recent article strongly condemned the Soviet revisionist social-imperialists' armed provocations against China.

The article said: It was not accidental that the Soviet revisionist renegade clique created the incidents of frantic armed provocation. This was a new step taken by the clique in its anti-China activities carried out in collusion with and at the instigation of U.S. imperialism. They were grave incidents of armed provocation against China deliberately created by this clique.

Socialist China which has won victory in the great proletarian cultural revolution under the leadership of Comrade Mao Tsetung, the article noted, is the greatest base of the world revolution and the great bulwark of the people of the world in their struggle for liberation. The ambitious designs of the Soviet revisionist social-imperialists to redivide and dominate the world together with U.S. imperialism have turned their heads. They went so far as to carry out direct armed provocations against socialist China, the great base of the world revolution.

The article declared: The armed provocations by the Soviet revisionist renegade clique were a most pointed expression of the fact that its fascist rule and oppression is in trouble; they were the inevitable result of the clique's all-round restoration of capitalism in the Soviet Union. Herein lies the root cause of the aggressive nature of Soviet revisionists' social-imperialism.

The article continued: Immediately after the armed provocations against socialist China, the Soviet revisionist renegade clique spread lies and turned facts upside down in a vain attempt to divert the people from their discontent with and resistance against the clique by fanning up anti-China sentiments. The Soviet revisionists are trying to save themselves from their doom by carrying out aggression abroad. But in so doing, they can only intensify the contradictions at home and abroad and accelerate their own doom.

The Soviet revisionist renegade clique is facing a crisis of isolation and destruction at home and is becoming more and more isolated abroad, the article said.

The article exposed the disgusting behaviour of the Miyamoto revisionist clique of the Japanese Communist Party in beating the drums for Soviet revisionism.

It said: Afraid of finding itself in absolute isolation at home and abroad and frightened by the excellent situation in China's great proletarian cultural revolution which has won great victories, the Soviet revisionist renegade clique is making a last-ditch struggle in an attempt to avoid the same fate as that of China's Khrushchov. The recent armed provocations against Chinese territory were merely a reflection of its profound internal crisis and its fears and a manifestation of its death-bed struggle. The great leader Comrade Mao Tsetung teaches us: "All reactionary forces on the verge of extinction invariably conduct desperate struggles. They are bound to resort to military adventure and political deception in all their forms in order to save themselves from extinction."

The article stressed: It is necessary to further heighten revolutionary vigilance against such desperate struggles of the Soviet revisionist renegade clique, to form a powerful united front against the world people's common enemies—U.S. imperialism and Soviet revisionists' social-imperialism—and to resolutely smash their vicious schemes.

In conclusion, the article declared: It is the sacred duty to be shouldered unconditionally by the proletariat and the people of the world in the spirit of proletarian internationalism to resolutely support socialist China, the great base of the world revolution. We must firmly condemn the Soviet revisionist renegade clique's armed provocations against China's territory, and smash its despicable ambition and deceptive propaganda. We must further consolidate the militant unity of the Chinese and Japanese peoples, mobilize all the people to rise and overthrow the common enemies. Whoever dares to intrude into socialist China, the great base of the world revolution, is bound to be punished and thoroughly smashed by the people of the world.

our national hero Patrice Lumumba was murdered." A Cameroon fighter said: "History has testified to the fact that Chenpao Island has always been Chinese territory. Even according to the unequal treaty imposed by imperialist Russia on the Chinese people, Chenpao Island is Chinese territory. After sending their armed forces to intrude into Chinese territory, the Soviet revisionists used the trick of a thief crying 'stop thief' and made false counter-charges against China.

This proves they are a gang of new tears obsessed by expansionist ideas."

Soviet Revisionist Renegade Clique in an Impasse

The revolutionary people of the world have also seen clearly that the Soviet revisionist renegade clique's armed provocations against China are its desperate frantic actions because it is beset with difficulties at
Statement by C.C. of German Communist Party (M-L)

THE Central Committee of the Communist Party of Germany (Marxist-Leninists), in a recent statement, strongly condemned the armed provocations by the Soviet revisionist renegade clique against China and expressed firm support for the Chinese people in their struggle against these provocations.

The statement said: “The criminal role of the Soviet social-imperialists is shown most clearly by the bloody frontier incidents which the revisionist ruling clique of the Soviet Union has been guilty of since March 2 by opening fire with rifles and guns on the Chinese frontier guards on Chenpao Island on the Wu-sull River, an island which lies in Chinese territory. The background to this shameless act of aggression can only be seen in connection with the global strategy of the Soviet revisionist ruling clique.

“While openly maintaining 'good relations' with fascist and militarist governments and closely cooperating with India, Indonesia, Greece and the American imperialists, the Soviet revisionist ruling clique has tried and is still trying to rig up an anti-China united front. When the Soviet Minister of Defence was trying to instigate the Indian reactionaries to oppose China, Tsarapkin (the Soviet Ambassador to West Germany) 'explained' the aim of the Soviet imperialist policy to the Nazi Chancellor Kiesinger (of West Germany).

“In the Soviet revisionists’ own camp, the provocations on the Chinese frontier are aimed at serving the purpose of strengthening the front against revolutionary China at the coming conference of the revisionist parties in Moscow. Their provocative 'policy of strength' towards the revolutionary Chinese masses shows clearly the fascist character of the imperialist policy of the Soviet revisionist ruling clique, which differs in no way from the policy of aggression of the U.S. imperialists.”

“While the Soviet social-imperialists plan and carry out armed aggression against the Chinese people,” the statement continued, “they are trying to find among their imperialist and fascist ‘friends’ in the West support and approval for their criminal adventure. Their anti-China propaganda about Chinese ‘atrocities’ and their clumsy falsifications are designed to deceive the people of the world about the criminal character of their own policy. But the German people know from their own experience the characteristics of fascist propaganda only too well to let themselves be deceived. The German people have discerned from their own experience the imperialist policy of exploitation by the two big powers, the U.S.A. and the U.S.S.R., too clearly to have illusions about the aim and the policy of conquest of the American and Soviet ruling cliques.”

The statement pointed out: “The revolutionary Chinese people have shown by their powerful demonstrations and their determination to fight against Soviet revisionism that they will not surrender to the machinations of one of these imperialist big powers. Unitig with the revolutionary masses of the whole world who are fighting for their liberation from the yoke of capitalism, imperialism and revisionism, they will certainly win victory.” It stressed: “We German Marxist-Leninists declare our firm solidarity with the revolutionary people of China.”

“In view of the Soviet imperialists’ armed aggression,” it added, “we will do our best to mobilize the masses of our people to oppose this monstrous crime. We know that the People’s Republic of China, as the centre of the world revolution, is of decisive importance to the liberation struggle of all peoples. It is also of decisive importance to the national and social liberation of the German people.”

The statement ended with the slogans: “Down with the U.S.-U.S.S.R. imperialist plot directed at all the peoples!” “Long live socialist China, the main bulwark of the world revolutionary movement of our time!”

home and abroad and is in an impasse. The Afro-Asian People’s Solidarity Committee of Thailand pointed out in a statement: The Soviet revisionist renegade clique is a gang of new tsars who are seeking territorial expansion and using border incidents to divert and remove the Soviet people’s dissatisfaction with them. In addition, their armed provocations against China are aimed at stepping up their collusion with U.S. imperialism for new dirty political deals. In a letter to a Chinese friend, a Sudanese said: The Soviet Union, the great motherland of Lenin, is now under the rule of the Soviet revisionist renegade clique. Contradictions inside the Soviet Union are now becoming increasingly acute, and the Soviet revisionists are daily approaching their doom. “The Soviet people led by Marxist-Leninist organizations,” the Sudanese friend added in his letter, “are growing stronger and stronger. The crimes of the Soviet revisionists are a noose around their own necks. The day when they will be hanged is not far off.” A group of progressive Austrian friends said in a letter: “The Soviet revisionist renegade clique has criminal motives behind its shameless provocations against the great China. It hopes, through such provocations, to bring the handful of revisionists, who are falling apart, into a counter-revolutionary, anti-China front which it can manipulate at will. It wants to present a

April 18, 1969
gift to Nixon, the new chieftain of U.S. imperialism, before they meet for ‘friendly talks.’ ” An African friend pointed out: “The Soviet revisionist renegade clique is now deep in difficulties at home and abroad. It recently carried out armed invasions into Chinese territory Chenao Island in an effort to divert the attention of the Soviet people who resent its crimes of restoring capitalism in the Soviet Union and, externally, of collaborating with U.S. imperialism to oppose the people of the whole world.” A university student in Colombia said: The Soviet revisionist renegade clique’s criminal action is a desperate struggle of the Soviet revisionists who are encircled by the world’s people. It will hasten their own destruction.” He added: “The heroic self-defence by the Chinese people is an encouragement to our struggle.”

Soviet Revisionists’ Monstrous Crimes Against World’s Revolutionary People

Revolutionary people all over the world have angrily pointed out that the Soviet revisionist renegade clique’s armed provocations against China are an attack on the world revolution and are aimed at stepping up its collusion with U.S. imperialism for a re-division of the world. The new tsars in Moscow, therefore, not only owe the Chinese people debts in blood but have also committed monstrous crimes against the revolutionary people of the world. Masaji Tsuchiyama, a revolutionary young worker in Osaka, said: China is the bastion of the world revolution. Whoever attacks and invades this bastion commits a monstrous crime against the revolutionary people of the world. We are determined to unite with the people of China and the rest of the world, form a broad international united front against U.S. imperialism and Soviet revisionism and carry on the struggle ever more resolutely. A freedom fighter from South West Africa said: “We people of South West Africa vehemently denounce the Soviet revisionists for their wanton armed provocations against China. Under the correct leadership of the great leader Chairman Mao Tsetung, socialist China today stands as the vanguard in the anti-imperialist struggle, and the Chinese people are the true friends of the revolutionary people in Africa and the whole world in their struggles against imperialism and colonialism and for national liberation. In frantically attacking revolutionary China, the Soviet revisionists hope to please U.S. imperialism and collaborate with it further in an attempt to suppress the revolution of the world’s people and to dominate the whole world.” A Malian friend said: The Soviet revisionist ruling clique, in collusion with U.S. imperialism, is playing a major role in sabotaging and suppressing the national-liberation revolutionary movements. A friend from Lesotho said: “The Soviet revisionists are eager to seek further collaboration with U.S. imperialism and to hold summit talks with its chieftain Nixon. Their recent armed provocations against China were carried out with this aim. But their counter-revolutionary plot to collude with U.S. imperialism in an attempt to dominate the world will never succeed.”

Dismal End Awaits Soviet Revisionist Renegade Clique

The revolutionary people of the world have warmly praised the Chinese frontier guards for their victory in self-defence and in dealing head-on blows to the Soviet revisionist intruders. They have also expressed firm support for the Chinese people’s just struggle to counter-attack in self-defence. In a letter to the Chinese Committee for Afro-Asian Solidarity, the headquarters of the Zimbabwe African National Union in Lusaka said: “The five million Zimbabwe people led by the Zimbabwe African National Union firmly support China in resolutely repulsing the revisionist tsars’ aggression against Chenao Island.” It added: “The Zimbabwe African National Union firmly believes it is the duty of all revolutionary forces in the world to condemn the counter-revolutionary machinations of the shameless betrayers of the great Lenin, who are now gangling up with U.S. imperialism in opposing China.” A fighter of the Laotian patriotic armed forces said: “You fought back in self-defence and repulsed the Soviet revisionists when they came to make provocations. That is really splendid!” An Algerian said in his letter to a Chinese friend: “I strongly condemn the vile aggression against brotherly China. Because they are armed with Mao Tsetung Thought which has illuminated the whole world, the fraternal Chinese people will never be cowed by the Soviet revisionists.” Some Tanzanian friends have written letters to their Chinese friends warmly praising the Chinese frontier guards for their victorious counter-attack in self-defence. A carpenter in Dar-es-Salaam in his letter paid tribute to the Chinese frontier guards who had triumphantly defended their motherland’s territory. He said: If the Soviet revisionist renegade clique continues its acts of aggression, it will meet with an even more dismal end.

Our great leader Chairman Mao has taught us: “The truth of Marxism-Leninism is on our side. So is the international proletariat. So are the oppressed nations and oppressed peoples. And so are the masses of people who constitute over 90 per cent of the world’s population. We have friends all over the world.” The Soviet revisionist renegade clique is now encircled ring upon ring by the people of the whole world. It is day-dreaming in trying to save itself from destruction by resorting to military adventures and rabidly opposing China. The Chinese people will form a still broader anti-imperialist and anti-revisionist united front with the people of the Soviet Union and the rest of the world and bury the U.S. imperialists and the Soviet revisionist new tsars for good!
POLITICAL POWER GROWS OUT OF THE BARREL OF A GUN

—MAO TSETUNG

LONG LIVE PEOPLE'S WAR!

THAILAND: People's Liberation Army Smashes Counter-revolutionary Dry-season "Encirclement and Suppression" Operations. Under the leadership of the Communist Party of Thailand, the people's armed struggle has made rapid progress since the end of last year. Time and again the people's armed forces defeated the dry-season "encirclement and suppression" campaigns of the U.S.-Thanom clique and they launched repeated attacks against the reactionary troops and police, annihilating large numbers of enemy effective.

The proclamation of the current 10-point policy by the Communist Party of Thailand on December 1 last year and the founding of the Supreme Command of the Thai People's Liberation Army on January 1 have pushed ahead the development of the revolutionary situation in Thailand. They have dealt effective blows at the U.S.-Thanom clique's armed suppression and political deception and seriously rocked its reactionary rule.

The U.S.-Thanom clique thought that during the dry season its modern weapons would be effective in suppressing the people. However, things turned out just the opposite. In northern, northeastern, southern or central regions, its defeats in the current dry season were even more disastrous than in previous years.

Now the people's armed struggle has expanded to cover vast areas in 33 provinces of the country.

In Loei, Phitsanulok and Phetchabun Provinces, the People's Liberation Army has since November 20 annihilated several hundred troops and police of the U.S.-Thanom clique, brought down or damaged more than 30 enemy planes, destroyed more than 30 enemy armoured cars and other military vehicles, and demolished many enemy posts.

In Nan Province in the north, the People's Liberation Army has wiped out about 200 troops and police of the U.S.-Thanom clique since this year's dry season. The liberation fighters also shot down or damaged 8 enemy helicopters, brought down a reconnaissance plane and destroyed a number of enemy encampments.

After their brilliant victory in annihilating over 50 enemy troops in a raid against an enemy headquarters in Pong District last September, the liberation fighters in Chiang Rai Province time and again took the initiative in attacking the enemy and won new victories. They put out of action large numbers of enemy troops and police, brought down and damaged many enemy helicopters, and destroyed many enemy military vehicles.

The People's Liberation Army is very active in the northeastern, southern and central provinces of Thailand. It frequently attacked the enemy. For example, in a raid on an enemy post in Ban Nasan District, Surat Province in south Thailand, the liberation fighters wiped out large numbers of enemy troops, burnt down enemy barracks, and captured all enemy guns, ammunition and radio transmitter-receivers in the barracks.

The People's Liberation Army fighters are redoubling their efforts to study and master Mao Tsetung Thought. They are stepping up the work of propagandizing, mobilizing, organizing and arming the masses, raising their own strategic and tactical levels in the course of the fighting, expanding the people's war, and launching even more fierce attacks against the U.S.-Thanom clique.

LAOS: Patriotic armed forces achieve brilliant battle results. The Laotian patriotic armed forces and people shot down or destroyed on the ground 213 U.S. bandit planes between last November and March 3 this year.

Among these U.S. planes, 50 were brought down by rifle fire and 163 were shot down or destroyed in Lower Laos.

The U.S. planes destroyed in the past four months were more than twice those destroyed during the last dry season.

In a night raid on the Luang Prabang Airfield on March 11, the Laotian patriotic armed forces destroyed 3 enemy jet planes and 2 reconnaissance planes. The airfield's installations were heavily damaged.

This was the fourth raid on the airport since 1967. In earlier raids, 36 enemy aircraft were destroyed.

On March 1, the Laotian patriotic armed forces captured from the Right-wing forces Na Khang, a strategic point about 432 kilometres northeast of Vientiane.

During the attack, and in the ensuing operation to clear out the remaining bandits in Na Khang area, the patriotic armed forces put out of action more than 450 enemy troops, including one battalion and a company. Colonel Khamphan, commander of the Right-wing forces in Sam Neua Province, was killed and two Thai military personnel were wounded.

Since the capture of Pa Thi by the patriotic armed forces during the last dry season, the Rightists had turned Na Khang into a major springboard for sabotage activities against the liberated areas of Xieng Khoang and Sam Neua Provinces.

INDIA: Girijans persist in armed struggle. The Girijans in Srikakulam District, Andhra State, are persisting in revolutionary armed struggle. They have dealt repeated blows at the police sent by the reactionary...
Indian Government to suppress them.

On February 13, about 300 Girijans, armed with rifles and homemade grenades, made a surprise attack on a band of reactionary police. They withdrew to the hilly regions after this victorious operation. The police were at a loss to cope with the flexible tactics of the revolutionary peasants.

On February 16, more than 100 Girijans at Domada village, Srikakulam District, attacked a police party sent by the reactionary government to round up the Girijan leaders.

"Girijans," or mountain people, is the name used by those on the plains for the two main groups of tribal people living in the hills — the Jatapu and the Shavaras. Under the leadership of the revolutionaries in the Indian Communist Party, the Girijans have resorted to armed struggle to fight the cruel oppression by the reactionary Indian Government, the landlords and usurers. Their struggle extends over an area of 700 to 800 square miles with a population of more than 100,000.

Landlords and usurers had seized from the Girijans large tracts of fertile land on the plains with the assistance of the bureaucrats and the police and taking advantage of the reactionary laws. Many of the Girijans were thus forced to move to the mountainous areas where they continued to suffer oppression andexploitation by officials in charge of forests and taxation and by usurers. Many Girijans who were heavily in debt became the slaves of landlords and the local gentry.

The Girijans were compelled to unite in struggle, which grew and spread to the whole area at the end of 1967 and the beginning of 1968. The reactionary Indian Government then set up several special police camps in the area where the Girijan struggle raged. In March 1968, the police attacked some 100 villages, arrested 1,500 peasants and committed all sorts of crimes including rape and plunder. Ruthless oppression, however, can only arouse still more heroic resistance from the Girijans and all other oppressed Indian people.

**New Tsars’ Gangster Logic**

The mammoth protest demonstrations on March 28 in many parts of Czechoslovakia against Soviet military occupation have thrown the Soviet revisionist renegade clique into a rage. On March 31, Pravda hysterically vilified the Czechoslovak demonstrators as “rampant hooligans” and slandered their just struggle as a “chaunistic psychosis” and “outrageous,” “wild” and “mean.” All this is an exhibition of social-imperialist ferocity.

Who after all is showing a “chaunistic psychosis” and is “wild” and “mean”? Who after all has committed “outrageous” actions in Czechoslovakia? It is nobody but the Soviet revisionist renegade clique itself!

For a long time, this clique has marked out Czechoslovakia and other East European countries as spheres of colonialist domination. It arbitrarily interfered in their internal affairs and trampled over their sovereignty. It stopped at nothing, getting a political stranglehold on these countries, plundering them economically and committing military aggression against them.

Last August it took a step farther by directly invading and occupying Czechoslovakia, thus pushing ahead its social-imperialist policy towards the East European countries in a most undisguised manner. In disregard of the opposition of the Czechoslovak people, it has stationed troops in Czechoslovakia. Riding roughshod over the country, these aggressor troops shoot and kill at will, engage in looting and insult women.

Where there is oppression, there is resistance. The recent protest demonstrations of the Czechoslovak people against the Soviet revisionist renegade clique were caused by none other than the latter's aggression. The fact that these renegades have now wantonly attacked the just actions of the Czechoslovak people shows that, in the eyes of this clique, it is wholly justifiable for it to commit aggression abroad whereas opposition to aggression is a heinous crime.

This is out-and-out imperialist gangster logic.

A Russian saying goes: A thief will not steal before saying his prayers. The Soviet revisionist social-imperialist gangsters act just this way.

More than seven months ago this clique of renegades dispatched its aggressor troops into Czechoslovakia, swearing that it was to “safeguard the socialist gains of Czechoslovakia.” Once again in the name of “socialism,” it is now vilifying the Czechoslovak people's recent struggle against its military occupation as “anti-socialist” and “against the socialist system.”

Having betrayed socialism, the Soviet revisionist social-imperialists still try to palm themselves off as defenders of socialism. They are acting as disgustingly as the U.S. imperialists who have trampled the freedom of the peoples of many countries underfoot and still try to embellish themselves as knights “in defence of freedom.”

Our great leader Chairman Mao has pointed out: “Imperialism has prepared the conditions for its own doom. These conditions are the awakening of the great masses of the people in the colonies and semi-colonies and in the imperialist countries themselves.”

The new tsars in the Kremlin had better remember: The days are gone for ever when a Russian tsar treated some European countries as though they were his personal attendants. The Czechoslovak people and other peoples you control and enslave will never believe your fine words, nor be intimidated by your bluster. The more you lord it over these countries, the more you will arouse the political consciousness of the people of these countries as well as their struggle against you. The current mass struggle in Czechoslovakia against you is only a prelude to an inevitable bigger storm of struggle by the people of all these countries against Soviet revisionist social-imperialism.

Peking Review, No. 16
ACROSS THE LAND

New Leap Forward on Kansu's Industrial and Transport Front

THE working class of Kansu Province in the northwest is celebrating the Party's Ninth National Congress with new achievements in grasping revolution and promoting production. A new leap forward has emerged on Kansu's industrial and transport front.

Seething activity has taken place everywhere in Kansu Province on the petroleum, chemical, machine-building, metallurgy, coal, electric power, textiles, building materials, communications and transport fronts since the beginning of 1969. In the first quarter of this year, Kansu's total industrial output value more than doubled that of the corresponding period of 1968, thereby creating a new high for the first quarter in recent years. A number of plants reached their record production levels. An overwhelming majority of the 50 major industrial products listed in the state plans registered big increases in their output compared with the corresponding period of 1968. Among them, synthetic ammonia, synthetic rubber and cement increased more than threefold, coal 2.8-fold, electricity 74 per cent, and processed crude oil 50 per cent. A vigorous campaign for technical innovations and technical revolution is under way on Kansu's industrial and transport front. Many new products, materials, techniques and technological processes have been developed.

The extra good news of the grand opening of the Party's Ninth National Congress further spurred the enthusiasm of Kansu's working class in grasping revolution and promoting production. Since April new production records have been reported one after another and heart-stirring good news continuously poured in from plants, mines and enterprises. On April 2, the day following the opening of the congress, distribution of large numbers of the fine pocket-size four-volume-in-one edition of Selected Works of Mao Tsetung began in the Lanchow area. They were printed at double-quick speed by workers on day and night shifts at the Lanchow Hsinhua Printing House. The revolutionary workers of the Lanchow Oil Refinery fulfilled in only three days more than 20 per cent of their monthly plan for gasoline and diesel oil output. In April the daily output in the Akanchen Coal Mine was more than double the original plan. Output of certain major products in the Hsipei Synthetic Pharmaceutical Plant and the Lanchow Chemical Fertilizer Plant was more than 50 per cent over that of the same period in March.

The excellent situation on the industrial and transport front of Kansu results from the efforts of the workers, technical personnel and revolutionary cadres who have creatively studied and applied Mao Tsetung Thought, grasped class struggle, and paid close attention to the mobilization of the masses and the implementation of various policies. Mao Tsetung Thought study classes of various types and forums to exchange experience in this study have been universally set up or held on Kansu's industrial and transport front. The mass movement for the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought is surging forward. Members of the revolutionary committees of the plants, mines and enterprises take the lead in studying and applying Mao Tsetung Thought, and use Mao Tsetung Thought to attain unity in thinking, policy, plan, command and action. Together with the revolutionary masses, they have closely followed Chairman Mao's great strategic plan and won one victory after another in the great mass movement of struggle-criticism-transformation.

The working class of Kansu has consistently persisted in putting revolution in command of production, carried out deep-going and sustained revolutionary mass criticism and repudiation, relentlessly refuted the counter-revolutionary revisionist trash advocated by the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi and his agents on the industrial front, wiped out the pernicious influence of such trash and constantly raised its own level of consciousness of the struggle between the two lines. While overhauling the metallurgical furnaces, the Kansu Metallurgical Company scathingly denounced the "philosophy of worshipping everything foreign" peddled by Liu Shao-chi and finished the job in only 27 days, thus destroying the foreign stereotype of doing the work in 45 days. With the excuse that the job was "not worth doing," the capitalist roaders in the Lanchow Chemical Fertilizer Plant opposed using diluted acid, a waste product of the plant. After vigorously denouncing the trash of "putting profit in command," the workers recovered and made additional chemical fertilizers from the acid which had previously run off through the drain. On the basis of revolutionary mass criticism and repudiation, the Changyeh County Farm Tool Plant is serving farm production by making large numbers of maize shellers, fodder crushing machines, and rice-husking and flour mills which are urgently needed in the villages.

Inspired by the extra good news—the opening of the Party's Ninth National Congress, the masses of revolutionary workers on the industrial and transport front of Kansu, daring and militant, are launching a vigorous high tide to compare with, learn from and catch up with the advanced and help those who lag behind.

Shanghai Workers' New Contributions to Spread Mao Tsetung Thought

In warmly celebrating the opening of the Party's Ninth National Congress, the workers in Shanghai's printing, ink and paper industries are printing large numbers of our
great leader Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao with greater revolutionary drive. They regard this as their gift to the congress.

In the past few days many printing houses have generally raised by 20-30 per cent their printing of Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao. To ensure high quality in the printing of Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao, the printing machine-makers successfully trials-produced a tipping machine and an automatic three-edge trimmer, the workers of the printing ink plants produced new fresh-colour inks, and paper making workers devised many new ways to raise the quality of paper.

With profound proletarian feeling of boundless love for our great leader Chairman Mao, the revolutionary printing, ink making and paper making workers did their very best in printing Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao. They examined every character and every punctuation mark very carefully and strictly followed the rule that no plates could be sent to the printing workshops unless they were up to the required standards. In printing the fine 64-mo pocket-size four-volume-in-one edition of Selected Works of Mao Tsetung, the printing workers of the Chunghua Printing House found a tiny black dot under a character and immediately stopped the press to eliminate it. They said: In the treasured works of Chairman Mao, every sentence expresses the truth and every character shines with brilliance. Every dot or stroke must be strictly neat and not the slightest defect is permitted in the printing. When the quality checking workers of the Hungchi Printing House discovered that a few small characters had been left out on two copies of a portrait of Chairman Mao, they thought of the possibility of the same defect in the 210,000 sheets already printed. Firmly bearing in mind Chairman Mao's teaching that "what really counts in the world is conscientiousness, and the Communist Party is most particular about being conscientious," they immediately started to check these portraits though it was then near the end of their shift. They went over all the 210,000 copies of the portraits and finally discovered four copies not up to the standard.

To ensure high quality and high speed in printing Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao, Shanghai's printing, ink making and paper making workers acquired the profound understanding that they must creatively study and apply invincible Mao Tsetung Thought very well, closely follow Chairman Mao's great strategic plan, and use revolution to command and promote production. With the Party's Ninth National Congress as a powerful motive force, they pledged to launch a new upsurge in the creative study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought, print more and better Chairman Mao's works, the treasured revolutionary books, and brilliant portraits of Chairman Mao, and make still greater contributions to the propagation of invincible Mao Tsetung Thought.

(Continued from p. 32.)

Our great teacher Chairman Mao's brilliant works On the People's Democratic Dictatorship and Oppose Book Worship and Chairman Mao Tsetung On People's War have been translated into Bengali and published in Daeca, capital of East Pakistan.

The preface to Chairman Mao Tsetung On People's War in the Bengali edition says: Chairman Mao's thesis on people's war "is a great contribution. The revolutionary people and revolutionary armies all over the world are enlightened by Chairman Mao's works on people's war."

Our great leader Chairman Mao's brilliant works — Unity to the Very End; We Must Stress Unity and Progress; Stalin, Friend of the Chinese People and Proclamation by the Government of the Shensi-Kansu-Ningsia Border Region and the Rear Headquarters of the Eighth Route Army — have been translated into Urdu and published in Karachi.

Other brilliant works by Chairman Mao — The Question of Independence and Initiative Within the United Front, Unite All Anti-Japanese Forces and Combat the Anti-Communist Die-hards and On the Question of Political Power in the Anti-Japanese Base Areas — have been translated into Sindhi, a regional language of the southern part of West Pakistan, and published there.

All these brilliant works by Chairman Mao published in Karachi and the southern part of West Pakistan contain a profile of Chairman Mao with a caption reading: "Chairman Mao — Lenin of the present era."

Chairman Mao's works are all warmly welcomed by the Pakistan people.

NEPAL

Our great leader Chairman Mao's brilliant works On Policy and A Most Important Policy have been translated into Nepalese and published recently in booklet form in Kathmandu, the Nepalese capital, by the Nepal-China Friendship Association.

These brilliant works of Chairman Mao's are warmly welcomed by the Nepalese people.
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<td>21:30-22:30</td>
<td>(Cairo)</td>
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<td>04:30-05:30</td>
<td>19:45-20:45 (Monrovia)</td>
<td>31,30,25</td>
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<td>(Accra, Freetown)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SOUTHEAST ASIA</strong></td>
<td>20:00-21:00</td>
<td>19:00-20:00 (Western Indonesia, Bangkok)</td>
<td>252,32,25</td>
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<td>(Singapure)</td>
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<td>18:30-19:30 (Rangoon)</td>
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<td>21:00-22:00</td>
<td>20:00-21:00 (Western Indonesia, Bangkok)</td>
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<td><strong>SOUTH ASIA</strong></td>
<td>02:00-03:00</td>
<td>23:30-00:30 (Delhi)</td>
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<td>22:00-23:00</td>
<td>(Delhi, Colombo)</td>
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<td>19:00-20:00 (West Pakistan)</td>
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<td>23:00-24:00</td>
<td>20:30-21:30 (Delhi, Colombo)</td>
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<td>05:30-06:30</td>
<td>(London, Stockholm, Paris)</td>
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<td><strong>NORTH AMERICA (EAST COAST)</strong></td>
<td>08:00-09:00</td>
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<td>19,16</td>
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<td><strong>NORTH AMERICA (WEST COAST)</strong></td>
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<td>12:00-13:00</td>
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