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Constitution of Anshan Iron and Steel Company Spurs Revolution And Production

Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk Sends Message To Premier Chou En-lai

— Conveying gratitude for Chinese Government's and people's firm support for Cambodian people's struggle

U.S. and Japanese Reactionaries Band Together

To Strengthen Military Alliance

QUOTATIONS FROM CHAIRMAN MAO TSETUNG

Political work is the life-blood of all economic work.

One of our current important tasks on the ideological front is to unfold criticism of revisionism.

U.S. imperialism is our common enemy, and we all stand on the same front and need to unite with and support each other. The people of the world, including the people of the United States, are our friends.

Working hand in glove, Soviet revisionism and U.S. imperialism have done so many foul and evil things that the revolutionary people the world over will not let them go unpunished. The people of all countries are rising. A new historical period of struggle against U.S. imperialism and Soviet revisionism has begun.

Constitution of Anshan Iron and Steel Company Spurs Revolution And Production

ILLUMINATED by the Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company formulated personally by our great leader Chairman Mao, China's biggest iron and steel centre Anshan is marching with big strides in line with Mao Tsetung Thought. Revolution and production in Anshan have been developing vigorously, and a prosperous and flourishing new atmosphere prevails.

Since entering the great 1970s, the company's workers, revolutionary cadres and technicians, in close combination with struggle-criticism-transformation, have launched a new high tide of living study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought, centred on implementing the Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company. Factories and mines of the company have all organized Mao Tsetung Thought study classes to implement the Anshan constitution in an all-round way and held meetings to exchange experience in this work. In the mines, at the side of furnaces and in the workshops, the workers carried out revolutionary mass criticism along with the revolutionary cadres and technicians. With the Anshan constitution as their weapon, they angrily denounced and thoroughly criticized the towering crimes committed by the renegade, hidden traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi and his agents in pushing the counter-revolutionary revisionist line in running enterprises. Careful study and mass criticism have helped the revolutionary broad masses grasp more fully the Anshan constitution and tremendously raised their consciousness of the struggle between the two lines. This has propelled the mass movement of struggle-criticism-transformation in the company forward with gathering momentum and resulted in successive new victories in revolution and production. Since the beginning of this year, the output of pig iron, steel, steel billets, rolled steel, coke, sintered ore and other main products has risen steadily and the consumption of raw and other materials and fuel has dropped notably, and the time for per heat of steel has been shortened. The company's steel mills are producing cold-rolled silicon-steel sheets in rolls and other new products, thus filling up some blanks in the varieties of rolled steel in China.

The Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company was formulated personally by our great leader

Chairman Mao on March 22, 1960. During the high tide of the Great Leap Forward in 1958, the workers at Anshan held high the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, displayed the revolutionary spirit of daring to think and act and waged resolute struggles against the revisionist line in running enterprises. They firmly placed politics in command, launched vigorous mass movements, went full steam ahead with technical innovations and technical revolution, and achieved fruitful results. Chairman Mao summed up the great creative experience of the Chinese working class and. in sharp contrast to the Soviet revisionist "Constitution of the Magnitogorsk Iron and Steel Combine" (the revisionist system of management practised in the Soviet Magnitogorsk Iron and Steel Combine), he formulated the Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company. In it he laid down the five fundamental principles for running socialist enterprises well, namely, "Keep politics firmly in command; strengthen Party leadership; launch vigorous mass movements; institute the system of cadre participation in productive labour and worker participation in management, of reform of irrational and outdated rules and regulations, and of close co-operation among workers, cadres and technicians; and go full steam ahead with the technical innovations and technical revolution." The great Anshan constitution emerged like the red sun in China and the Far East. It lights up the road for the proletariat in running enterprises. But before the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, Liu Shao-chi and his agents at Anshan, frightened to death by the Anshan constitution, bitterly hated it and stubbornly blocked it from reaching the masses and resisted it frantically. They feverishly pushed the "Magnitogorsk constitution." They advocated such counter-revolutionary revisionist fallacies as "relying on experts to run the factories," "production first," "putting profits in command" and "material incentives," and put down the vigorous mass movements in an attempt to misdirect the Anshan Iron and Steel Company on to the evil road of capitalism.

The Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution personally initiated and led by our great leader Chairman Mao has cleared the way for the proletariat to run factories and all economic undertakings. On March 22, 1968, the Anshan Municipal Revolutionary Com-

mittee was set up. The first plenary session of the committee passed a decision for firm implementation of the Anshan constitution. Thus, the great Anshan constitution which had long been pigeonholed by Liu Shao-chi and company swiftly became known to the workers and immediately gave great impetus to the enterprise. Under the leadership and with the assistance of the revolutionary committees at various levels and the People's Liberation Army men supporting the Left, the revolutionary masses hold high the banner of the Anshan constitution. They have carried out sustained revolutionary mass criticism and firmly adhered to the five principles of the Anshan constitution to guide and promote the struggle-criticism-transformation in a determined effort to turn the Anshan Iron and Steel Company into a great red school of Mao Tsetung Thought. As a result of the unprecedented revolutionary vigour and enthusiasm on the part of the cadres and workers, production quotas have been overfulfilled one after another. In 1969 alone, over 430 new products were successfully trial-produced and more than 2,000 technical innovations were introduced. The vigorous development of revolution and production fully shows the tremendous power of the Anshan constitution.

Chairman Mao teaches us: "There is no construction without destruction. Destruction means criticism and repudiation, it means revolution." Through practice over the past two years, the revolutionary masses at Anshan have understood profoundly that full implementation of the Anshan constitution requires a profound ideological revolution, deep-going and sustained revolutionary mass criticism, relentless criticism of the "Constitution of the Magnitogorsk Iron and Steel Combine" and thorough elimination of the remaining pernicious influence of its revisionist line for running enterprises.

In line with Chairman Mao's great teachings Politics is the commander, the soul in everything and "Political work is the life-blood of all economic work," workers at Anshan, holding high the banner of revolutionary mass criticism, roundly criticized the towering crimes committed by Liu Shao-chi and his agents in plotting capitalist restoration by peddling the "Constitution of the Magnitogorsk Iron and Steel Combine" and such counter-revolutionary revisionist trash as "putting profits in command" and "material incentives." Through revolutionary mass criticism, they have been able to distinguish more clearly between the revisionist line in running enterprises and Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line. This has increased their determination to give prominence to proletarian politics. The revolutionary masses of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company's seamless tubing

mill said: "When we put politics in command, the situation is completely new; otherwise, it would be lifeless. The capitalist roaders of the mill stubbornly pushed Liu Shao-chi's counter-revolutionary revisionist trash such as 'using economic methods to manage economic undertakings' and 'doing whatever is profitable'; regardless of the interests of the state, the capitalist roaders spread the fallacy that 'the mill will not accept orders for processing steel tubes which are wanted in small numbers, which must meet high and stringent standards, which are difficult to produce and which are of the same specifications.' As a result, they misdirected our socialist enterprises on to the road of capitalism and production was lifeless." establishment of the mill's revolutionary committee, taking the Anshan constitution as their weapon, the revolutionary masses undertook deep-going and sustained revolutionary mass criticism of the fallacy whose essence was "putting profits in command." Thus the way was cleared for giving prominence to proletarian politics and the workers' revolutionary initiative and creativeness was greatly stimulated. They persevere in using Mao Tsetung Thought to command everything, always bear in mind the interests of the country and dare to shoulder heavy tasks for the revolution. They are ingenious in finding ways to expand the types and specifications of products and have turned out large numbers of very big, long, thick, thin and hard seamless steel tubes which were considered impossible in the past. The number of types and specifications is well above the total for the previous 13 years and production is now more than double the originally designed capacity.

Chairman Mao teaches us: "The force at the core leading our cause forward is the Chinese Communist



Workers of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company's seamless tubing mill are producing alloy steel tubes. Holding high the great red banner of the Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company, the revolutionary workers of the company has firmly followed their own road in developing industry. This has given a powerful impetus to production.

C.P.C. Central Committee Sends Message of Condolence to Albanian Party of Labour Central Committee on Death of Comrade Gogo Nushi

The Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party on April 10 cabled a message of condolence to the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour, expressing deep grief at the death of Comrade Gogo Nushi, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour. Full text follows:

The Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour,

Tirana

Dear Comrades,

We are deeply grieved to learn the death of Comrade Gogo Nushi, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour.

Comrade Gogo Nushi dedicated his life to the Albanian people's great cause of national liberation and the building of socialism, and to the great struggle against imperialism, modern revisionism and all reactionaries. Comrade Gogo Nushi's death is a tremendous loss to the Albanian Party of Labour and the Albanian people. We extend to you and to Comrade Gogo Nushi's family our profound condolences and heartfelt sympathy.

The Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party April 10, 1970

Party," "Without the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party no revolution can succeed." While intensively studying and conscientiously implementing the Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company, workers and revolutionary cadres at Anshan have studied once again these great teachings of Chairman Mao's and received a profound education. They have conscientiously studied Chairman Mao's great programme for consolidating and building the Party and the new Party Constitution, and scathingly criticized the crimes of Liu Shao-chi and his agents in pushing "relying on experts to run the factories" and the "system of oneman leadership" in an attempt to abolish Party leader-This has helped them understand even more deeply the greatness, glory and correctness of the Chinese Communist Party founded and nurtured by our great leader Chairman Mao himself. They said that only by putting the socialist enterprises under the absolute leadership of the Party could there be guarantee that the socialist enterprises would never change their nature and would always march forward victoriously along Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line. They all pledged to firmly establish the concept of Party leadership, actively and consciously follow Party leadership and uphold it, unite closely around the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party with Chairman Mao as its leader and Vice-Chairman Lin as its deputy leader, closely follow Chairman Mao's great strategic plan and continue to win new victories in both revolution and production.

In implementing the Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company, the leading members of the revolutionary committees at all levels and the workers have condemned the heinous crimes of Liu Shao-chi and his agents in sabotaging the "launching of vigorous mass movements" and "the system of cadre participation in productive labour and worker participation in management, of reform of irrational and outdated rules and regulations, and of close co-operation among workers, cadres and technicians." They have established the system of cadre participation in collective productive labour and elected a great number of advanced workers to the leading groups of the revolutionary committees at all levels to lead and manage socialist enterprises. Many plants and mining enterprises have set up "three-in-one" combination groups consisting of the workers, who form the main body, and the technicians and revolutionary cadres. In close co-operation, they have vigorously carried out technical revolution and actively and carefully changed irrational and outdated rules and regulations. This has resulted in a rapid development in production. Big clumsy and outmoded equipment which the capitalist roaders and the bourgeois "authorities" considered unalterable has been greatly improved by the "threein-one" technical innovation groups and is now playing a greater role in production.

The company's revolutionary committees at all levels are now summing up their experience and noting where they still lag behind the advanced enterprises. They are determined to hold still higher the brilliant banner of the Anshan constitution, speed up the work of struggle-criticism-transformation, achieve still greater victories in both revolution and production, and win honour for our great leader Chairman Mao and our great socialist motherland.

Socialist Construction and Class Struggle In the Field of Economics

- Critique of Sun Yeh-fang's revisionist economic theory

by the Writing Group of the Kirin Provincial Revolutionary Committee

THE struggle between the two classes, two roads and two lines on China's economic front is deepening. Using our great leader Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line for socialist construction to criticize the counter-revolutionary revisionist line of the renegade, hidden traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi is a motive force pushing the new upsurge in China's socialist construction forward along the course of Mao Tsetung Thought, and an important measure for attacking the handful of class enemies who try to sabotage socialist ownership and for consolidating and developing the socialist economic base.

The counter-revolutionary Sun Yeh-fang, former director of the Institute of Economics of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, was a representative of Liu Shaochi's counter-revolutionary revisionist line in the field of economics.

He wanted to transplant to China all of Khrush-chov's methods for restoring a capitalist economy, and to devise a revisionist "system of political economy" which would provide a "theoretical" basis for Liu Shaochi's counter-revolutionary revisionist line, so as to undermine socialist construction and subvert the dictatorship of the proletariat. Today as we criticize the revisionist economic theory and eliminate Liu Shaochi's pernicious influence, Sun Yeh-fang and his revisionist "economics" are excellent teaching materials by negative example. By criticizing them, we can plant the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought more firmly on all positions in the economic field.

A Prescription of "Running the Economy by Economic Methods"

In his attempt to restore capitalism, the renegade, hidden traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi for a long time did his utmost to oppose Chairman Mao's great teaching "Political work is the life-blood of all economic work" in the course of socialist construction. He touted for "running the economy by economic methods," raved that "our country also runs factories to make profits, otherwise we wouldn't run them," and urged "do what-

ever brings profit." Sun Yeh-fang gleefully echoed this: "I give all this, which raises a profound question, my greatest support. I have always advocated running the economy by economic methods."

There was an international background to the "economics" that Sun Yeh-fang came up with. After the Khrushchov renegade clique threw open the flood gates of modern revisionism in 1956, Sun Yeh-fang went there several times to "pay homage" and acquired "supreme enlightenment." Apart from writing a number of articles and making many reports, he also concocted a series of "restricted research reports." He shamelessly declared that his "basic views" were merely copied from the modern revisionists. When the scholar hireling of social-imperialism Liberman popped up in 1962 with his big poisonous weed Plan, Profit, Bonuses, which has as its essence "putting profits in command," Sun Yeh-fang shouted for joy: "I'll take risks," "fight desperately" and "be more thorough than Liberman."

What "basic views" did Sun Yeh-fang pinch from modern revisionism?

- 1. He preached that economic plans should have profits as their basis. He uttered such absurdities as: "There may be thousands of laws, but the law of value comes first"; and "planning is based on the law of value."
- 2. He proclaimed profits as the objective, declaring: "I have doubts about the statement that 'capitalist society produces for profits, but socialist society produces for use value, not for profits'"; and "we raise labour productivity and technical standards for the purpose of obtaining profits."
- 3. He alleged that profits were the motive force and profits "can push business management forward"; "once you get hold of profits, you are leading an ox by its nose and its legs (other quotas) naturally go after. Otherwise, you will be carrying the legs."
- 4. He claimed that profits were the hinge. He proposed: "Let profits be the main quota in planning and statistics," and "in its relations with enterprises,

the state only has to get a grip on value quotas (profit quotas); it shouldn't bother with anything else but leave it to the enterprises."

5. He yelped that profits were the sole index for judging whether an enterprise was being run well or poorly. He said: "The amount of profit should be the most sensitive index for an enterprise's technical progress and the effectiveness of its management." He also babbled: "Socialist economy must have the profit rate on invested funds and the production price," "the average social profit rate on invested funds is the level that every enterprise must attain; those surpassing it are advanced enterprises and those falling short are the backward ones."

In a word, to Sun Yeh-fang, the purpose of planning and developing the economy is making money and factories and enterprises are set up and operated for that purpose. By getting hold of the "ox's nose" or profits, revolving around them and going after them, the enterprise can develop, techniques can be advanced and society can go forward. Though Sun Yeh-fang's "economics" sounds mysterious, it turns out to be nothing but a fraud once it is seen through.

The basic characteristic of capitalist society is that everything is done in order to make money — "do whatever brings profit." Marx pointed out that the mission of bourgeois society was to make money, and "production of surplus-value is the absolute law of this mode of production." Making money propels everything, money means vitality and the more one makes, the more vitality one gets; exploiting, plundering and waging wars of aggression in order to make money, this is the nature of the bourgeoisie. Engels said: "For it [the bourgeoisie] nothing exists in this world, except for the sake of money, itself not excluded. It knows no bliss save that of rapid gain." Sun Yeh-fang's "system of political economy" was devised from this bourgeois world outlook.

Regarding the money incentive as the panacea and something absolutely indispensable—this reflects the rotten and declining mental world of the modern revisionists, China's Khrushchov Liu Shao-chi and his henchman Sun Yeh-fang as well as the poverty of their economics.

After the proletariat seizes political power, there are two diametrically opposed lines for economic construction: Should politics be put in command of the economy or should "economic methods be used to run the economy"; should proletarian politics be put in command consistently or should "profits be in command"? In guiding our socialist construction, Chairman Mao has always put proletarian politics in first place, using politics to command the economy, and grasping revolution and promoting production. This is the Marxist-Leninist line for consolidating and strengthening the dictatorship of the proletariat. From Khrushchov in the Soviet Union to China's Khrushchov Liu Shao-chi, from Liberman to Sun Yeh-fang, all

advocated "running the economy by economic methods" and putting "profits in command." This in fact means putting bourgeois politics in command and using it to undermine the socialist economic base. This is an out-and-out counter-revolutionary revisionist line to restore capitalism.

Though he called his "economics" "socialist," Sun Yeh-fang could not disguise the reactionary essence of his theory of "putting profits in command": "Profits in command" was counterposed to putting proletarian politics in command in an effort to transform the unified socialist ownership by the whole people into separate "independent kingdoms" and turn every enterprise under ownership by the whole people into one under ownership by the bourgeoisie. In his own counter-revolutionary words, he wanted "this sacred garden of inner relations under the ownership by the whole people" to be "wide open." We shall now expose this reactionary essence from various aspects.

Socialist Planned Economy Versus Capitalist Free Economy

Our great leader Chairman Mao teaches us: "Man has been developing for hundreds of thousands of years, but in China it is only now that he has secured conditions under which he can develop his economy and culture according to plan. Now that we have these conditions, the face of our country will change from year to year."

The planned and proportionate development of the national economy is characteristic of socialism and is an important indication of socialism's superiority over capitalism. By first undermining the planned economy, Sun Yeh-fang tried to disintegrate unified socialist ownership by the whole people.

His "basic views" on the question of planning are: "Let profits be the main quota in planning and statistics," and "planning is based on the law of value." What does all this mean? It means that in making plans the state and the enterprises should all proceed from "value" and "profit." To put it more plainly, it means proceeding from making money, or, as Liu Shaochi put it, "do whatever brings profit." The state works out a big plan for making money, while the enterprises formulate plans of a smaller nature for making money.

Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought holds that politics is the concentrated expression of economics, and that planning is subject to politics. There are socialist plans as well as revisionist "plans." The fundamental difference between them is: on which class' politics are the plans based and which class do they serve?

Ours is a socialist country under the dictatorship of the proletariat. On the basis of poverty and blankness and through decades of arduous struggle we are going to build a great and powerful socialist country with a

modern agriculture, modern industry, modern national defence and modern science and culture, and create a solid base area for the world revolution of the proletariat. Our national economic planning must serve this great political goal of the proletariat and should proceed from the needs of the domestic and international class struggles and our country's socialist construction in each period. In working out plans, we must adhere to the general line of "going all out, aiming high and achieving greater, faster, better and more economical results in building socialism" and the series of great principles, including "Be prepared against war, be prepared against natural disasters, and do everything for the people," "maintaining independence and keeping the initiative in our own hands and relying on our own efforts," and "take agriculture as the foundation and industry as the leading factor," laid down by Chairman Mao. The requirements of preparedness against war and natural disasters and of doing everything for the people are our basic starting point in working out plans, doing work and considering problems. Confronted by the threat of a war of aggression launched by U.S. imperialism and social-imperialism, it is of special importance now to fully implement Chairman Mao's great principle "Be prepared against war, be prepared against natural disasters, and do everything for the people."

If "planning is based on the law of value," the state could not develop the unprofitable national defence industry; heavy industry or industries in the interior could not be built; a given area, province or city could not set up a diversified industrial system with a view to getting prepared against war; industries supporting agriculture but yielding low output value and bringing temporarily low returns could not be developed and the state could not engage in and increase those people's daily necessities which must be subsidized for a time; and it would be impossible to produce the goods necessary to support the struggle of the world's revolutionary people in the spirit of proletarian internationalism. In short, what Sun Yeh-fang advocated would make us abandon our great task of building a powerful socialist country and depart from the victorious road charted by Chairman Mao. Such "plans" are nothing but revisionist plans needed by Liu Shao-chi for capitalist restoration. These are simply plans to drag us back over to the old semi-feudal and semi-colonial road and undermine our Party and country.

In socialist society, there are commodities and there is the law of value. We use the latter as a tool in planning and business accounting, but we are firmly opposed to making it the basis for regulating production or working out our plans. In their efforts to restore capitalism in the economic field, the modern revisionists share a common feature: they theoretically exaggerate the role of the law of value, and want to use it to regulate and control all social production. This is the way they try to pull economic construction out of the socialist orbit based on putting proletarian politics in

command and into the capitalist orbit based on "putting profits in command."

"Actually the law of value is another way of saying the general line," and "there may be thousands of laws, but the law of value comes first." By making such absurd statements, Sun Yeh-fang seemingly found justification for the trash he peddled, such as "planning is based on the law of value" and using the law of value to regulate all social production. This is the most shameless and despicable distortion of the Party's general line for socialist construction.

Planning on the basis of the law of value and planning in accordance with the general line represent two diametrically opposed lines in construction. The Party's general line for socialist construction formulated by Chairman Mao himself is the Marxist-Leninist line which mobilizes the enthusiasm of hundreds of millions of people for building socialism, the revolutionary line which competes in time and speed with imperialism and social-imperialism, and the life-blood that enables the proletariat to completely defeat the bourgeoisie and all class enemies. "Of thousands of things, Chairman Mao's revolutionary line comes first" is the conclusion drawn by the revolutionary masses from historical experience. Through his ridiculous statements, Sun Yehfang fully exposed his reactionary essence of being hostile to great Mao Tsetung Thought and his fierce countenance of trying to put the cause of socialist construction into the counter-revolutionary revisionist orbit.

Sun Yeh-fang attacked China's socialist planning, which is subordinate to proletarian politics, as "taking too much upon itself and exercising too rigid a control." He wanted the state to hand over more power to the enterprises. He insisted: "In its relations with enterprises, the state only has to get a grip on value quotas (profit quotas); it shouldn't bother with anything else but leave it to the enterprises."

What he meant by "anything else" is, first of all, that the proletarian state should not determine the political orientation of the enterprises, much less stipulate what they are to produce and how they are to distribute their products; and that enterprises would even "have a free hand in the buying or selling of fixed assets." Obviously he was demanding that enterprises divorce themselves from centralized and unified state leadership and declare their independence and autonomy.

In asserting that the state "only has to get a grip on the profit quotas" of enterprises, Sun Yeh-fang tried to fundamentally change the socialist relations between enterprises and the proletarian state, which sub-ordinate the former to the latter, into the purely money relations characteristic of capitalism. The entity of socialist ownership by the whole people would thus be disintegrated and competition and anarchy in production would run rampant and socialist planned economy would become capitalist free economy. Such a change is precisely what Sun Yeh-fang worked day and night

to achieve. When he screamed that the system of planning "is inferior to the free economy," he exposed his diabolical ambitions.

Chairman Mao points out: "Without a high degree of democracy it is impossible to have a high degree of centralism, and without a high degree of centralism it is impossible to establish a socialist economy."

There is only one master of the multitudes of enterprises under socialist ownership by the whole people the state of the dictatorship of the proletariat led by our Party. Only this state can represent the fundamental interests of the working class and the masses of labouring people and determine the principles and policies to be followed by enterprises, the orientation for their development, the production and distribution of their products and the disposal of their assets. In dealing with enterprises, the state practises democratic centralism, that is, centralized power on major issues and decentralized power on minor issues, centralized leadership and level-to-level administration. This is necessary for consolidating ownership by the whole people and for consolidating the dictatorship of the proletariat.

The Party Central Committee with Chairman Mao as its leader and Vice-Chairman Lin as its deputy leader is the sole centre of leadership of the entire Party, the entire army and the people of the entire country. Firm implementation of the national economic plan approved by the Party Central Committee is the fundamental guarantee for the high-speed development of socialist construction in our country.

Chairman Mao teaches us: "In our economic and financial set-up, we must overcome such evils as disunity, assertion of independence and lack of co-ordination, and must establish a working system which is unified and responsive to direction and which permits the full application of our policies and regulations." Every enterprise should foster the concept of considering the country as a whole, keep overall interests in mind, take a long and broad view and give priority to the overall interests. They should firmly and unswervingly rally around the Party Central Committee with Chairman Mao as its leader and Vice-Chairman Lin as its deputy leader, attain "unity in thinking, policy, plan, command and action" on the basis of Mao Tsetung Thought, fulfil and overfulfil the state plan in an allround way and achieve greater, faster, better and more economical results in building socialism.

Should Proletarian Politics or Profits Be Put in Command in Running Enterprises?

The line followed in managing enterprises after the establishment of socialist ownership by the whole people is a question of vital importance. It determines whether the proletariat can firmly hold leadership in the enterprises and whether the dictatorship of the proletariat can be consolidated. The bourgeoisie, which

is deprived of the means of production, invariably tries for a break-through in management in order to disintegrate ownership by the whole people and restore capitalism. Sun Yeh-fang's sensitivity as a counter-revolutionary led him to make a big to-do over this question.

He said: "The amount of profit should be the most sensitive index for an enterprise's technical progress and the effectiveness of its management" and profits "can push business management forward." This is simply looking at and running an enterprise from the capitalist viewpoint.

The capitalist's immediate aim in running an enterprise is to make the maximum profit with the minimum capital and, therefore, the amount of profit is the sole yardstick he uses in measuring the success of an enterprise.

Is it true that the capitalist method of "putting profits in command" can "push business management forward"? On the contrary, it only leads to worse and worse troubles. In managing enterprises, those whose minds are commanded by profits will substitute counter-revolutionary economism for the lofty ideal of doing everything for the revolution, freely change the direction of the enterprises, go all out to do whatever brings big profits, make little effort to do what brings small profits and refuse to undertake anything that cannot yield profits. They will use the capitalist method of intriguing one another and shifting difficulties on to others to replace communist co-ordination between enterprises. They will also use "material incentives" to corrupt people's souls and sap their revolutionary will, and change socialist relations within enterprises into employment relations of a pecuniary nature. In short, the more an enterprise goes in for "putting profits in command," the more it departs from the socialist direction; it will degenerate and the proletarian position will be turned into a revisionist pillar. This is an objective law of class struggle independent of man's will.

"Living instances" of profits "pushing business management forward" are supplied by countries where modern revisionism rules. There, monsters of every sort collaborate: capitalist roaders, capitalists, speculators, illegal contractors, new kulaks, grafters, swindlers and embezzlers. From production to distribution and from economic branches to government organizations, the forces of capitalism run wild in town and countryside. Speculation, cornering the market, price rigging and cheating are the order of the day; capitalist roaders in enterprises and government team up in grafting, embezzling, working for their own benefit at the expense of the public interest, dividing up the spoils and taking bribes. Socialist ownership by the whole people has degenerated into ownership by a privileged stratum, and is directly manipulated by a handful of capitalist roaders and new bourgeois elements. The national economy is in a state of utter chaos, the labouring people are again in dire straits and the fruits of socialism won by the proletariat at the cost of their blood have been forfeited. This has been a painful historical lesson!

"Historical experience merits attention." "Putting profits in command" absolutely cannot "push business management forward," as Sun Yeh-fang alleged, but it does push the enterprises to "move" against the socialist current and in essence abolishes socialist ownership by the whole people while keeping it only in name.

A socialist enterprise is where the three great revolutionary movements - class struggle, the struggle for production and scientific experiment - are carried out. In judging an enterprise, the proletariat first examines it by the political criteria, that is, it sees whether the enterprise holds high the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, whether power is in the hands of true Marxists, whether it conscientiously implements Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line, principles and policies, whether it helps revolutionize people's thinking and trains and brings up an army of revolutionized industrial workers, and whether it proceeds from its specific work while taking the whole into consideration and fulfils in an all-round way the production tasks assigned by the Party and the state with greater, faster, better and more economical results, thereby contributing to socialism.

We do not depend on "putting profits in command" or "material incentives" in running an enterprise; we depend on putting proletarian politics in command and on the proletariat's fundamental programme for running enterprises — the great Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company.

Chairman Mao teaches: "Management is also socialist education." The proletariat pays attention in management of an enterprise, first of all, to politics, the struggle between the two classes, the two roads and the two lines, and revolutionizing the leading group's thinking. It educates the workers, cadres and technical personnel in Mao Tsetung Thought and turns the enterprise into a great red school of Mao Tsetung Thought. It has to conscientiously get a good grasp of management in production, planning, technique, finance and labour; but a good job can be done in management only by giving prominence to proletarian politics, mobilizing the masses, learning to do ideological and political work and doing things in accordance with the Party's policies.

Chairman Mao teaches us: "Ideological work and political work are the guarantee for accomplishing economic work and technical work; and they serve the economic base. Moreover, ideology and politics are the commander, the soul in everything. If our ideological work and political work slacken even a little, the economic work and technical work will inevitably go astray." Only by putting proletarian politics to the fore, undertaking the mass movement for the living

study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought and revolutionizing people's thinking can the correct political orientation be maintained, soaring revolutionary enthusiasm stimulated and the potential initiative and creativeness of the masses for socialism erupt like a volcano, thereby giving a powerful impetus to production. This is the fundamental line we must adhere to at all times.

Initiated and led by Chairman Mao himself, the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution has cleared away every obstacle on the road for the proletariat to run industrial enterprises and all other economic undertakings. The great Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company, long blockaded by Liu Shao-chi and his gang, is now being directly grasped by the revolutionary masses, and has displayed and is displaying enormous strength beyond estimation. Guided by the tremendous force of Mao Tsetung Thought brought on by the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, many enterprises with "long standing, big and difficult problems" and once seriously poisoned by "putting profits in command" and "material incentives," have leapt forward and become vigorous, advanced enterprises. Unsolved for a long time under the rule of capitalist roaders who tried to tackle them by "putting profits in command" and "material incentives," many difficult technical problems have been successively solved by the heroic working class which "keeps Chairman Mao in mind." Tens of thousands of enterprises are going forward and becoming better and better along the road of Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line and making bigger and bigger contributions to socialism. By always persevering in putting proletarian politics in command, strengthening business management and working meticulously, we will certainly be able to win even more brilliant victories.

Drawing a Clear Line Between Increasing Production And Practising Economy and "Putting Profits in Command"

Chairman Mao has taught us: "Corruption and waste are very great crimes." "A socialist economic enterprise must do its utmost to make full use of manpower and equipment, improve the organization of labour, improve management, raise labour productivity and use manpower and materials economically, and must launch emulation drives and practise economic accounting, so as to reduce production costs and increase personal income and public accumulation year by year."

The statement that "calculating the cost of production means putting profits in command" is a muddle-headed viewpoint, to say the least. The essence of "putting profits in command" lies in opposing putting proletarian politics in command and in restoring capitalism. This is what we firmly oppose. We must unswervingly persevere in putting proletarian politics in command. However, giving prominence to proletarian politics

should never be taken as not doing economic work, adopting business accounting, lowering production costs and increasing accumulation. If it is thus erroneously understood, we shall be taken in by the class enemy's tricks. Profits of enterprises constitute an important source of socialist state revenue. In our budgetary state revenue, about 90 per cent comes from payments (profits, taxes, etc.) by the state sector of the economy. If the enterprises fail to completely fulfil their payments plans for profits and taxes on time or even sustain unnecessary losses, this will affect state revenue and planned socialist construction. In business management, we must give prominence to proletarian politics, mobilize the worker masses to vigorously grasp revolution and promote production, and unfold the movement to increase production and practise economy in a down-to-earth way, "saving every copper for the war effort, for the revolutionary cause and for our economic construction." We are opposed to the phenomenon of not paying serious attention to production and financial management and the erroneous tendency of indifference to state property and indulging in extravagance and waste on the pretext that "no matter how much we spend, the benefit is there." We should foster the new socialist mode of "regarding economy as honourable and waste as shameful," handle finance and wield financial power for the revolution and accumulate more and more funds for the state so as to speed up socialist construction.

Exposing a "Secret"

Chairman Mao teaches us: "The revisionists deny the differences between socialism and capitalism, between the dictatorship of the proletariat and the dictatorship of the bourgeoisie. What they advocate is in fact not the socialist line but the capitalist line." Sun Yeh-fang's reactionary economics adopted this commonly used revisionist trick.

His reactionary economics started with seeking "the common characteristics" of capitalism and socialism. With ulterior motives he said: "While negating the specific laws of capitalist economy in socialist society, we have denied all the general and common characteristics of economic laws. . . ." After racking his brains, Sun Yeh-fang found that value and the law of value were the "common characteristics," and on this basis he built his "system of political economy" which has as its core "putting profits in command."

Sun Yeh-fang boasted of having discovered "the secret of all economic questions." He said: "Man differs from animals in that animals live on nature's bounty, but man lives by his own labour and by conquering nature. Whether people lead a good or bad life depends on their labour efficiency, or, in other

words, on the degree to which man conquers nature. Therefore, the secret of all economic questions lies in how to produce more with less labour." "The secret of developing production lies in how to reduce the average social necessary labour."

So, here lies the difference between man and animals, but in this respect there is no class difference between man and man. All the blood suckers—the slave owners, landlords and capitalists—become people who "live by their own labour." Sun Yeh-fang wrote off in one stroke the class antagonisms of thousands of years and the history of the working people soaked in blood and tears. By saying "producing more with less labour," he negated the fundamental difference in "all economic" systems of human society and regarded the systems of exploitation on the one hand and of socialism and communism on the other as the same. Sun Yeh-fang turned history completely upside down.

"Man conquers nature" according to specific modes of production, and in a class society this is done on the basis of definite class relations. It is sheer deception to say that whether people "lead a good or bad life" is determined by their "labour efficiency"! In all societies dominated by the exploiting classes, the determining factor is the amount of slaves, land or capital they own, while the labouring people, the peasants and the workers, lead a life of utter misery. Chairman Mao points out: "True, the United States has science and technology. But unfortunately they are in the grip of the capitalists, not in the hands of the people, and are used to exploit and oppress the people at home and to perpetrate aggression and to slaughter people abroad." This is true in imperialist countries and in the socialimperialist country today. There, the "labour efficiency" created by science and technology can only mean heavier exploitation of the people, and cannot reduce their burdens of life a bit. The labouring people can build a new life only by overthrowing the reactionary rule and establishing the dictatorship of the proletariat.

The secret of capitalist economy is definitely not "producing more with less labour," but maximum exploitation of the labour of the workers. When it comes to labour, capitalist society is least economical; it economizes only on capital. And for the capitalists, getting maximum profits with minimum capital means "business acumen."

Only socialist society is most economical as regards labour. It is an important principle of socialism to economize on manpower, materials and funds in producing more and better products to meet the needs of society. However, classes and class struggle exist in socialist society and whether the proletariat or the bourgeoisie wins out remains a question for a long time. Because of this, it is necessary to proceed from the

basic fact of class struggle in understanding and dealing with all economic questions. The role of socialist political economy should be that of expounding in the light of class struggle the objective laws governing the relations between production and the productive forces as well as between the economic base and the superstructure. "Grasp revolution, promote production," as put forward by Chairman Mao, is a great Marxist-Leninist truth which expounds such laws. Vice-Chairman Lin points out: "'Grasp revolution, promote production'this principle is entirely correct. It correctly explains the relationship between revolution and production, between consciousness and matter, between the superstructure and the economic base and between the relations of production and the productive forces." The understanding and grasping of this great truth means finding the basic way to promote the rapid development of socialist construction. Glib talk about "producing more with less labour" separated from class struggle means benumbing the revolutionary will of the people and serving the restoration of capitalism. If the proletariat does not defeat the bourgeoisie, it will be working for the bourgeoisie by "producing more with less labour." But Sun Yeh-fang described this so-called "more — less" formula as "the secret of all economic questions." He even went further in saying that "the red line running through the works of socialist political economy should be to produce in a planned way the maximum amount of products to satisfy the social needs with the minimum consumption of social labour." This is how he concealed the class struggle in the socialist society and tried to oppose the red line of great Mao Tsetung Thought and tamper with the proletarian political economy with his sinister line.

In dealing with revisionism, Lenin said: "The content . . . did not have to grow and take shape, it was transferred bodily from bourgeois to socialist literature." Sun Yeh-fang's "secret" in denying classes and class struggle was not his new discovery, but something picked up from the bourgeoisie's rag pile. Frenchman Jean Baptiste Say, the father of vulgar capitalist economics, tried to prove in his writings that "man" lived entirely by his own labour. He said: "The labour of the entrepreneur or factory owner is productive, although he performs no actual manual work." Moreover, capitalists' labour is a "superior kind of labour"! When Sun Yeh-fang said: "Man lives by his own labour," he was singing the same tune as Jean Baptiste Say! Say declared: "Make less labour the requisite for producing the same amount of produce, or, what comes to exactly the same thing, get a larger amount of produce from the same amount of human labour. — And this is the grand object and the acme of industry." Thus we see that Say also used the same "more — less" formula. What Sun Yeh-fang reveals as "the secret of all economic questions" in effect is "the

grand object and the acme of industry" in Say's A Treatise on Political Economy. After Sun Yeh-fang came up with the theory of "putting profits in command," he had to devote a lot of thought to fabricate his "essential difference" between the "profits" he advocated and capitalist profits. Though he covered his face, he still showed his true colours. His theoretical basis of "putting profits in command" was all copied from the defender of the bourgeoisie Say and his like.

When the mask is removed, the ferocious ghost is revealed. The essence of Sun Yeh-fang's "secret" is to negate the fundamental difference between socialism and capitalism, hide all sorts of capitalist rubbish behind the so-called "common characteristics" and label them socialist "precious things" and thrust them into socialist society. For instance, "putting profits in command" is clearly a special feature of capitalism, but he alleged that profit was "the central link which leads everything forward" in the socialist economy. Average profit is obviously the regulator in capitalist free competition, but he insisted that it was the basis for determining the direction of development in socialist national economy. Production price is undoubtedly what exists under the capitalist system, but he deliberately described it as the "tool for economic comparison" in socialist production. Using such "secret" methods, Sun Yeh-fang attempted to drag people on to the evil capitalist road. Doesn't this clearly show his counterrevolutionary criminal aim?

The "economics" that Sun Yeh-fang concocted under the pretext of opposing "traditional dogmatism" urged people to seek profits, not to make revolution and to give up power for the sake of money. His "economics" was ardently welcomed by those capitalist roaders who wanted the restoration of capitalism, grafters, embezzlers and bourgeois elements undermining socialism. His "economics" is out-and-out economics for capitalist restoration. An important part of revolutionary mass criticism is the thorough criticism of the revisionist economic theory, centred on the theory of "putting profits in command"; this is an important task in the struggle-criticism-transformation on the economic front. Wherever the standard of the bourgeoisie and revisionism flies, we will haul it down and raise the banner of the proletariat.

Let us hold aloft the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought and carry through to the end the socialist revolution on the economic front along the course charted by Chairman Mao. In the spirit of "seize the day, seize the hour," we will strengthen preparedness against war, accelerate the pace of socialist construction, and forge ahead victoriously in the world-shaking storms of revolution!

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Tremendous Contribution to Development Of Fraternal Relations of Friendship and Co-operation Between Peoples of Korea and China

- April 10 editorial by the Korean paper "Rodong Shinmoon"

A T the invitation of Comrade Kim Il Sung, Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Comrade Chou En-lai, Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, paid a friendly official visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from April 5 to 7.

During the visit of Comrade Chou En-lai and his party to our country, the Korean people warmly welcomed the friendship mission of the Chinese people. This is a clear manifestation of the profound friendship of the Korean people for the fraternal Chinese people.

During the visit, Comrade Kim Il Sung, Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Chou En-lai, Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, held talks in an atmosphere of profound fraternal friendship, exchanged views on further strengthening and developing the traditional relations of friendship and co-operation between the Korean and Chinese peoples and a number of other questions of common concern. They came to mutual understanding and reached a complete unanimity of views on these questions, and issued a joint communique of the Governments of Korea and China on the results of the talks.

Just as the communique points out, through the talks, both sides express joy over each other's successes achieved in revolution and construction, consider the other's successes as its own and express full support to and firm solidarity with each other's revolutionary cause.

The Chinese side extends congratulations to the Korean people, who, led by the Korean Workers' Party headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, promoting both revolution and construction, have turned their country within a short period into a developed socialist country with a solid foundation of independent national economy, a powerful all-people defence system and a brilliant culture. It firmly condemns U.S. imperialism for the new plots of war provocations it has been carrying out against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and its barbarous crimes of fascist repression in south Korea. The Chinese side fully supports the correct policy of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the reunification of the fatherland, the policy of making the U.S. aggressor

troops withdraw from south Korea and realizing the reunification of the country by the Koreans themselves independently and free from interference by any foreign force.

The Korean side extends congratulations to the Chinese people, who, under the leadership of the Communist Party of China with Comrade Mao Tsetung as its leader and Comrade Lin Piao as its deputy leader. have victoriously carried out the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution and are building socialism with greater, faster, better and more economical results and fighting for the enhancement of their national defence capabilities, turning their country into a socialist state ever growing in strength. The Korean side strongly condemns U.S. imperialism for forcibly occupying the Chinese people's sacred territory Taiwan and instigating its lackeys to conduct ceaseless activities of aggression and provocation against the People's Republic of China, and fully supports the Chinese people's just struggle to liberate Taiwan from U.S. imperialist occupation and realize territorial integrity.

The joint communique is a clear expression of the firm will of the peoples of the two countries to further develop in future the militant fraternity and traditional friendship and solidarity sealed with blood between the Korean and Chinese peoples in the common struggle against U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, to counter with their concerted and joint efforts the increasingly intensified manoeuvres of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries for aggression and war provocation in Asia and to further develop the mutual relations of co-operation in all fields. The joint communique is a clear-cut manifestation of the friendship, unity and militant solidarity between the Korean and Chinese peoples and the world revolutionary peoples in the common struggle against U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism. The stand of the Governments of Korea and China manifested in the joint communique fully accords with the aspirations of the peoples of Asia and the world opposing imperialism and striving for independence, progress and peace and constitutes a heavy blow to the manoeuvres of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries for aggression and war.

The Korean people hold that the joint communique of the Governments of Korea and China fully accords with the interests of the Korean people in their struggle against U.S. and Japanese imperialism, for realizing the reunification of their fatherland independently and at an early date, for the nationwide victory of revolution and for the complete victory of socialism. It also fully accords with the interests of the peoples of Korea and China and the Korean people give it warm support and welcome

Referring to the recent visit of Comrade Chou Enlai to our country, Comrade Kim Il Sung said: It "has made tremendous contribution to the further consolidation of the fraternal relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of Korea and China, which have been cemented in struggle and strengthened and developed in the course of various tests."

The recent visit to our country of Comrade Chou En-lai, Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, at the invitation of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of our Party and people, and its results have made a new great contribution to further strengthening and developing the traditional relations of friendship and co-operation between the Korean and Chinese peoples based on the principles of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and to strengthening the Party and state relations between the two countries.

Just as pointed out in the joint communique, the aggression and war schemes of the U.S. imperialists have become more naked today.

U.S. imperialism is making a desperate struggle, vainly trying to find a way out of its doomed destruction through a new war of aggression. At the same time it is ferociously carrying out armed aggression and sabotage against the socialist countries and newly independent countries, barbarously suppressing the people's liberation struggle and undermining peace and security all over the world.

U.S. imperialism is directing its spearhead of aggression against Asia in particular. Using Asians to fight Asians, it is mobilizing the Japanese militarist forces and its other vassals and puppets in an attempt to realize its aggressive designs against Asia. U.S. imperialism is further intensifying its war of aggression in Viet Nam under the signboard of "Vietnamization" of that war, and expanding its armed intervention in Laos. U.S. imperialism has also frenziedly stepped up its colonial plunder of south Korea and the policy of turning it into a military base, vainly trying to ignite a new war of aggression in Korea. It is ceaselessly persisting in aggressive and provocative manoeuvres including the "two Chinas" plot against the Chinese people, while pursuing a hostile policy towards the People's Republic of China.

In their opposition to the socialist countries and national-liberation movements in Asia, the U.S. imperialists are relying on the Japanese militarist forces in particular, making the Japanese militarists their "shock brigade" in the aggression against Asia.

Under the manipulation of U.S. imperialism, the Japanese militarists are stepping up their re-invasion of south Korea in the political, economic, military and

all other fields, and stretching out their claws of aggression to Taiwan, carrying out vilely their hostile policy towards Korea and China.

Fostered by U.S. imperialism, the Japanese militarists who in history used to carry out aggression against others by relying on the big powers, are frenziedly trying to realize their old dream of a "Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere" and rapidly increasing their military strength and setting up a large number of additional military bases and intensifying war preparations in an attempt to carry out expansion abroad. Therefore, Japan has become an advance base and stronghold for war of aggression in Asia.

Today's increasingly tense situation brought about by the U.S. and Japanese imperialist aggression and new war provocations demands that the Korean and Chinese peoples unite and wage a joint struggle against the enemy.

In the joint communique the Korean and Chinese Governments expressed the firm determination to further intensify the joint struggle against Japanese militarism alongside the struggle against U.S. imperialism. This is a reflection of the demand of the situation and the common desire of the peoples of Korea and China.

Should the U.S. and Japanese imperialists forget the lesson of history and provoke a new adventurist war of aggression again, the Korean people will fight to the end, as in the past, shoulder to shoulder with the Chinese people against their common enemies and for safeguarding the socialist gains and defending peace in Asia and the world.

No matter how U.S. and Japanese imperialism work hand in glove and make desperate struggle, they can by no means hinder the revolutionary struggle of the peoples of Korea, China and the rest of Asia, and their aggressive aims in Asia can never be realized.

Asia today is not the Asia of the past. The day when imperialism and colonialism could do what they like in Asia has gone for ever.

The present international situation continues to develop in a direction favourable to the revolutionary struggles of the people of the world. The socialist forces, the national-liberation movements, the workers' movements and the democratic movements are growing vigorously throughout the world. While on the contrary, U.S. imperialism — head of modern imperialism and arch criminal of aggression and war — is continuing to slide downward, heading further for its doom.

The intensified activities of aggression and plots on the part of U.S. imperialism, far from showing its "strength," only indicate its weakness. The more brutal violence U.S. imperialism resorts to, the worse plight will it find itself in. Under such circumstances, the revolutionary people the world over must direct their spearhead of struggle towards U.S. imperialism, concentrate their efforts to unfold powerful struggles against it and give it a heavy blow. If the revolutionary people of all regions and on all fronts in the world in confrontation with U.S. imperialism persist uncom-

promisingly in the firm stand of resolutely waging struggle against U.S. imperialism through to the end and striking jointly at U.S. imperialism, then U.S. imperialism cannot rear its head again until its final destruction.

A struggle against Japanese militarism must be waged while U.S. imperialism is being opposed.

If the wild schemes of Japanese militarism are ignored, then it will surely inflict once again a calamitous disaster on the peoples of Asia and the rest of the world.

No illusions should be cherished about Japanese militarism and no hope should be pinned on it.

The revolutionary people of the whole world must take concerted actions to frustrate and smash the aggressive designs of Japanese militarism.

The struggle against U.S. imperialism must be enlarged and developed vigorously throughout the world and, at the same time, the militant ties, mutual support and assistance among the revolutionary people must also be further strengthened in order to speed up the doom of U.S. imperialism.

The communique points out that the Governments of Korea and China fully support the Vietnamese and Laotian peoples in their heroic struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation and the struggle of the Cambodian people for safeguarding the independence and sovereignty of their country and the March 23 five-point declaration of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, and express militant solidarity and support for the Japanese people in their struggle against the policies of aggression and war of U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, for the Arab people in their struggle against the aggression of U.S. imperialism and its lackey Zionism, for the peoples in Asia, Africa and Latin America in the struggle against imperialism and colonialism headed by the

United States and to win freedom, liberation and national independence, and for the working class and labouring people in the capitalist countries in their struggle against the exploitation and oppression by monopoly capital. This is a manifestation of the firm anti-imperialist revolutionary and proletarian internationalist stand of the Korean and Chinese peoples.

The Korean people will continue to hold aloft the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist and anti-U.S. struggle, oppose the policies of aggression and war of imperialism headed by the United States, and render active support and solidarity to the revolutionary peoples of the world in their struggle for peace, democracy, national independence and socialism, and will, in unity with them, continue to fight staunchly against imperialism and for the victory of the common socialist cause.

Korea and China are neighbours separated by a river and the peoples of the two countries are brothers bound with the ties of deep-rooted friendship in history and have for a long time been comrades-in-arms fighting shoulder to shoulder against the common enemies, going through thick and thin and sharing the same fate.

The Korean people highly value the relations of friendly unity and co-operation with the Chinese people and are highly satisfied with the recent visit of Comrade Chou En-lai to our country and its successes.

The recent visit of Comrade Chou En-lai is a tremendous contribution to the development of relations between the two Parties of Korea and China.

No force on earth can break the militant and traditional relations of friendly unity and co-operation between the peoples of Korea and China. The struggle of the people of the two countries against imperialism and for the common cause of socialism is invincible.

U.S. and Japanese Reactionaries Band Together to Strengthen Military Alliance

USING the "return of Okinawa" as a cover, the U.S. reactionaries have been stepping up their collusion with their Japanese counterparts recently to reinforce and expand U.S. military bases on Okinawa and in Japan proper. The aim is to further strengthen the U.S.-Japanese military alliance. These criminal acts have fully bared the diabolic features of U.S. imperialism in its attempt to occupy Okinawa permanently and turn the whole of Japan into a U.S. nuclear base for the feverish carrying out of its policies of aggression and war in Asia. They have also revealed the Japanese reactionaries' pro-American and traitorous servility.

In Washington last November, Sato and Nixon conspired and cooked up the big fraud of "returning"

Okinawa to Japan. This was followed some time ago by the so-called "programme on the policy of taking back Okinawa" which the reactionary Sato government served up. As a corollary, the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries held what they called "consultation committee" meetings in Tokyo on the "return of Okinawa" question. The duet by master and servant is designed to create a false impression, as though U.S. imperialism is really serious about "returning" Okinawa. To the contrary, U.S. imperialism actually is openly reinforcing its counter-revolutionary strategic position on Okinawa for aggression in Asia.

Reports say that since the beginning of the year U.S. military authorities in Japan have transferred large

quantities of ammunition to Okinawa from their ammunition stores at Yamada in Kitakyushu, Japan proper, and beefed up missile installations on Okinawa. In addition, U.S. imperialism has further reinforced its logistics base on the island. As disclosed by U.S. army headquarters there on March 17, U.S. military authorities have decided to establish supervisory organizations on Okinawa for army supplies. To facilitate the shipping of large numbers of aggressor troops and large quantities of war materiel to overseas frontline bases from the United States proper, the U.S. authorities decided to station "C-5A Galaxy" planes, the biggest transports of the U.S. airforce, at the U.S. nuclear base in Kadena, Okinawa, U.S. aggressor troops on Okinawa have carried out frequent missile launching exercises directed against China since February. And U.S. brasshats and administration bigwigs have time and again blared that "it is important for the United States to continue the 'free use' of Okinawa," "Okinawa is a permanent (U.S. imperialist) base," etc. All this hue and cry shows that the U.S. imperialists are trying to perpetuate the occupation and free use of Okinawa. This completely exposes the U.S. authorities' lie about the "return of Okinawa." While reinforcing its Okinawa military bases, U.S. imperialism is intensifying the "Okinawanization" of Japan proper at a faster pace.

More recently, under the pretext of "readjustment" of its military bases in Japan proper, U.S. imperialism has been unremitting in its efforts to build up not only the two biggest U.S. air bases, located at Yokoda and Misawa, and the communications bases but also its military bases at Itazuke and Atsugi. It was reported that 23 carrier-borne fighters, anti-submarine patrol planes and big and fast aerotransports all landed on the morning of March 1 at the Itazuke air base. U.S. imperialism has also been quickening the expansion and strengthening of the Iwakuni air base, its biggest in There has been a sharp increase since west Japan. February in the number of U.S. aggressor troops and pirate aircraft stationed at this base, where runways are being extended and U.S. aggressor troops exceed 1,000 — about the same figure as when U.S. imperialism touched off the war of aggression against Korea. In addition, U.S. imperialism is reinforcing the ports of Yokosuka and Sasebo, its two biggest naval bases in the Far East, and U.S. nuclear submarines and other warships have frequently turned up in both ports.

Facts show that the "Okinawanization" of Japan proper means turning all of Japan into a U.S. imperialist nuclear base for aggression against Asia. It has been disclosed that the United States long ago asked Japan to allow the stationing of U.S. nuclear submarines equipped with Polaris missiles in Japanese ports. The U.S. paper Washington Post stated that the agreement reached between Nixon and Sato not only provides that the United States "might deploy nuclear weapons from Okinawa after 1972," but also marks "a sharp cut into Japan's no nuclear weapons position." This exposes the U.S. imperialist scheme to turn all of Japan into a U.S. nuclear base.

By its all-round expansion and strengthening of U.S. military bases in Japan and binding the country more tightly to the U.S. war chariot, U.S. imperialism is trying to effect military integration between Okinawa and Japan proper and convert all Japan into a military base for expanding the war of aggression against Asia and compelling the Japanese militarist forces to serve U.S. imperialism.

To do what is required for U.S. imperialist aggression and to set up Japan's own sphere of influence in Asia, the reactionary Sato government is speeding up arms expansion and war preparations and making frequent and wild outcries in favour of aggression and expansion.

Since visiting the United States in November, Sato has more than once shouted that Japan's "security is closely related to" the "security" of Korea and of Taiwan Province, China's sacred territory. He even remarked jingoistically to the effect that, according to the Japan-U.S. "security treaty," the Japanese reactionaries will "take action" whenever the "security" of this region is "threatened."

While U.S. imperialism is bent on expanding the war in Indo-China and actively hatching various plots to push its aggression against the Indo-Chinese countries, the chieftains of the reactionary Japanese Government are redoubling their efforts to enlarge the "sphere of application" of the Japan-U.S. "security treaty." While explaining the "sphere of application" of the Japan-U.S. "security treaty," Japanese Foreign Ministry sources not long ago alleged that "Laos belongs to the Far East environment." Japanese Foreign Minister Aichi, when being interpellated in the Japanese Diet on February 23, brazenly asserted that "apart from geographic conceptions," the "so-called Far East area" includes "areas with which both Japan and the United States are concerned" and "areas where the application of the Japan-U.S. security treaty contributes to their peace and stability." This clearly shows that the Japanese reactionaries, given the role of the policeman in Asia by U.S. imperialism, are flagrantly directing the spearhead of aggression against China, Korea, Viet Nam and the Indo-Chinese area, and are preparing counterrevolutionary opinion for taking a direct part in military adventures.

The "Okinawa reversion" fraud of U.S. imperialism and its stooges, the Japanese reactionaries, to enforce their policies of aggression and war in Asia cannot The torrent of the deceive the Japanese people. Japanese people's resolute struggle for the unconditional recovery of Okinawa, the abrogation of the Japan-U.S. "security treaty" and the immediate dismantling of all U.S. military bases is sweeping ahead. The storm of the anti-U.S. struggle of the Asian peoples is gaining momentum. If the Japanese militarists dare to embark on new adventures at the instigation of U.S. imperialism, the Japanese people, the Indo-Chinese peoples and the people of other Asian countries will crush the new schemes of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries to launch aggression in Asia.

Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk Sends Message to Premier Chou En-lai

— Conveying gratitude for Chinese Government's and people's firm support for Cambodian people's struggle

SAMDECH Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, sent from Peking a message on April 6 to Premier Chou En-lai then on a friendly visit to Pyongyang, expressing gratitude to the Chinese Government and people for their firm support for the Cambodian people's struggle against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys. Full text follows:

Pyongyang

His Excellency Chou En-lai,
Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, on state visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

I have just learnt the noble content of the important official speech you made in Pyongyang on Monday, which has wide repercussions. In this speech, my progressive, anti-fascist and anti-imperialist compatriots have learnt, with the deepest satisfaction and the most sincere gratitude, the news of the official position taken by the Government of the People's Republic of China and its glorious people in favour of the National United Front of Kampuchea and the struggle of the progressive, anti-fascist and anti-imperialist Khmer people, as well as the unequivocal condemnation by the Chinese Government and people of the March 18 coup

d'etat in Phnom Penh and its authors, U.S. imperialism and its reactionary lackeys.

In the name of the Khmer people who are fighting this imperialism and the traitorous reactionaries, and in my own name, I express our lasting and unbounded gratitude for such firm, clear-cut and powerful support of China under the leadership of Chairman Mao Tsetung, its very much respected, distinguished and beloved leader.

I wholeheartedly thank Your Excellency in particular, who has done so much for my country and its people and who is our greatest and most faithful friend.

The support of the People's Republic of China and its great people and the militant solidarity of the valiant Korean, Vietnamese and Laotian peoples make it entirely certain for the Khmer people and their fighters to win magnificent victory over the common enemy and its lackeys, thus opening the road to building a new Cambodia, a people's Cambodia more beautiful and more prosperous than ever.

With very high, friendly and fraternal consideration,

Norodom Sihanouk

Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk Sends Cable to Council of Ministers Of People's Republic of Albania

Council of Ministers of the People's Republic of Albania, Tirana

The National United Front of Kampuchea and I myself have learnt with the deepest satisfaction and heartfelt gratitude of the text of your declaration dated April 11, 1970, wherein it is stated in particular: the Government of the People's Republic of Albania declares that it continues to recognize Samdech Norodom

Sihanouk as legal Head of State of Cambodia, that it supports the Cambodian people's just, anti-imperialist struggle for liberation and the creation of the National United Front of Cambodia, and that it considers the present so-called government of Phnom Penh as illegal and will not maintain any ties with it.

This declaration possesses historical importance in our eyes because Albania, great and faithful friend of the Khmer people and the other peoples of Indo-China, very distinctly, very clearly and very officially adopts a stand in favour of the Khmer people and their struggle of national liberation and in opposition to the usurpers of power in Phnom Penh. These usurpers serve the interests of U.S. imperialism and of its aggression and neo-colonialism in Indo-China, stabbing every day in the back the brotherly people of Viet Nam who are waging a heroic struggle to liberate the south of their fatherland from the domination and oppression by the Yankees. In my own name and in the name

of the anti-fascist and anti-imperialist People's Cambodia, I extend to His Excellency Head of State, the Government and the valiant people of Albania our lasting gratitude, indestructible friendship and militant solidarity.

Long live Khmer-Albanian friendship!
With very high and cordial consideration,

Norodom Sihanouk April 11, 1970

Declaration of the Albanian Government on the Cambodian Situation

- Strongly condemns U.S. imperialism for instigating the coup d'état by the reactionary forces in Cambodia.
- Voices the support of the Albanian people and Government for the just struggle of the Cambodian people.

THE Government of the People's Republic of Albania issued a declaration April 11 on the situation in Cambodia, firmly supporting Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, and strongly condemning U.S. imperialism for instigating the coup d'etat by the Cambodian Rightist clique. Full text reads as follows:

On March 18, 1970, the Cambodian reactionary forces headed by the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak group, at the direct incitation and aid of the United States of America, carried out a coup d'etat in Cambodia and announced the overthrow of the lawful Head of State of Cambodia, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, and established in Cambodia a savage military dictatorship to oppress the freedom-loving Cambodian people and to engage the country in the service of U.S. imperialism and its aggressive plans in Southeast Asia.

The treacherous act of the coup d'etat in Cambodia is the climax of the whole aggressive policy and activity pursued for many years by U.S. imperialism and its tools against this peace-loving state which, under the direction of its Head of State, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, has continually pursued the policy of the defence of independence, territorial integrity and neutrality. The United States of America aims at turning Cambodia into a military base against the national-liberation struggle of the peoples of Indo-China.

U.S. imperialism engineered the coup in Cambodia at a time when it continues to suffer one defeat after

another in Viet Nam and in Laos. The coup d'état in Cambodia is a clear testimony to the desperate efforts that the United States of America is making to carry out its plans of aggression against the peoples of Asia, now vested with the cloak of the ill-famed "new policy" in order to make Asians fight Asians, in compliance with the requirements of the Nixon "Guam doctrine."

Irrespective of the coup in Cambodia, of the intensification of the U.S. intervention in Laos and the so-called "Vietnamization" of the war in Viet Nam, U.S. imperialism will be unable to attain its counterrevolutionary and hegemonic aims in Indo-China and in the whole of Southeast Asia. On the contrary, the just struggle of the peoples of Indo-China is now assuming a further impetus and is sweeping the whole of the Indo-Chinese peninsula. The freedom-loving peoples of Viet Nam, Laos, Cambodia, Thailand and the other peoples of this area are raising ever higher the banner of the revolutionary struggle for national salvation and are strengthening the militant unity among them. Merging into a common front, they will achieve for certain final victory over the U.S. aggressors. Neither the aggressive war and perfidious plots of U.S. imperialism nor the counter-revolutionary U.S.-Soviet collaboration will ever be able to put out the irresistible volcano of the just liberation struggle of the peoples of Indo-China.

The Albanian people and their Government have always nourished friendly feelings towards the Cambodian people and supported their just struggle for the defence of the freedom, independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Cambodia. They forcefully condemn the plot organized by the U.S. imperialists and the Cambodian reactionaries to overthrow the lawful Head of State of Cambodia, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and to force upon the Cambodian people a puppet regime in the service of the United States of America.

In compliance with its principled line of the unreserved support for the struggle of the peoples and of the determined opposition to the policy of intervention and aggression of U.S. imperialism and of its collaborators, the Government of the People's Republic of Albania declares that it continues to recognize Samdech Norodom Sihanouk as the lawful Head of State of Cambodia, supports the just anti-imperialist liberation struggle of the Cambodian people and the creation of the United National Front of Cambodia, the real representative of the interests and aspirations of the people, considers as unlawful the so-called present-day government of Phnom Penh, which has usurped power by coup methods, and will not maintain with it any tie whatever.

The Albanian people are confident that the freedom-loving Cambodian people, who have long

traditions of struggle for freedom and independence, will not bend their knees before the intrigues and plots of their sworn enemies—the U.S.A. and its tools, the Cambodian reactionaries. Answering to the March 23 appeal of the Head of State of Cambodia, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, the Cambodian people, united as one in the United National Front and in solidarity with the other peoples of Indo-China, will overcome by their resolute struggle all the difficulties and will emerge victorious over the U.S. imperialists and the reactionary Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique.

The Albanian people and their Government will always solidarize with and support the just struggle of the Cambodian people. They firmly believe that the Vietnamese, Laotian, Cambodian and the other peoples of Southeast Asia, carrying through to the end their armed struggle, will smash all the fiendish schemes of the U.S. imperialists and their tools and will win real freedom and independence.

The Council of Ministers of the People's Republic of Albania Tirana, April 11, 1970

Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk's Letter to All Governments and Peoples Friendly to Cambodian People And Peoples of Indo-China

To All Governments and Peoples Friendly to the Cambodian People and the Peoples of Indo-China,

I have the honour to submit to you,

—first, the text of the cable dated April 12, 1970 addressed to the Government of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam and to the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Viet Nam:

— second, excerpts of dispatches of Western news agencies concerning the extremely barbarous massacre by the fascist Lon Nol-Sirik Matak regime (Phnom Penh) of more than 100 peaceful Vietnamese (including elderly people, women, children and even babies), whose sole "fault" was to be Vietnamese. . . .

This crime unprecedented in the history of my country and of my people, a history of nearly 2,000 years, can only be compared in its horror, its savage

and inhuman atrocity, with the crimes of the defunct Nazi regime of Hitler.

The arch Nazi criminals were hanged, be they ministers or marshals.

What the Khmer people and I myself request of the governments and the peoples friendly to the peoples of Indo-China is to condemn morally and unequivocally the Nazi fascist regime of Lon Nol-Sirik Matak and, for the honour of civilized mankind, cease or avoid having diplomatic, political, cultural, economic and other relations with the so-called Cambodian government (established at present in Phnom Penh).

With high consideration,

Norodom Sihanouk Legal Head of State of Cambodia Peking, April 12, 1970

Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk's Cable to D.R.V.N. Government and P.R.G. of R.S.V.N.

The Government of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam

Hanoi

The Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Viet Nam

(Via Hanoi)

In the name of the Khmer people, the National United Front of Kampuchea and in my own name, I would like to ask you as well as the brotherly people of Viet Nam and the Vietnamese residents in Cambodia to accept our heartfelt and profound condolences on the occasion of your bereavement resulting from the extremely barbarous crime committed by armed mercenaries of the fascist Lon Nol-Sirik Matak regime against the more than one hundred peaceful Vietnamese, including elderly people, women, children and even babies. We, the Khmer people resolutely condemn this unpardonable crime of the fascist Phnom Penh regime - the base servant of bellicose U.S. imperialism - which had already murdered more than 300 peaceful Khmer people before the brutal and cowardly massacre in Prasaut on April 10. The Khmer people and the history of our country will no longer recognize Lon Nol, Sirik Matak and their accomplices,

collaborators, lackeys and other mercenaries as being Khmers and men worthy of the name. Their crimes make them the worst criminals in history and these . crimes are no less heinous than those committed by the Nazis of the defunct Hitler regime. In less than a month nearly 500 peaceful men and women citizens of the Khmer and Vietnamese races in Cambodia were killed by the bullets of the so-called pro-popular and pro-republican Lon Nol-Sirik Matak government. However, this crime will not remain unpunished and it will only serve to further strengthen the friendship, fraternity and militant solidarity between our Khmer and Vietnamese peoples who will struggle shoulder to shoulder to overthrow the dictators and traitors in Phnom Penh and Saigon. These dictators and traitors are a shame to our Indo-China and before long they will not be able to serve the moribund cause of the U.S. aggressors and neo-colonialists any more.

With very high and fraternal consideration,

Norodom Sihanouk Head of State of Cambodia Peking, April 12, 1970

Excerpts of Dispatches of Western News Agencies About Prasaut Massacre

Phnom Penh. April 10 (AFP) - by Francois Mazure

The corpses of women and children, as well as some of babies, laid everywhere in the enclosure surrounded by barbed-wire.

The pent-up people were not allowed to go to the barn, so they were just exposed to the sun.

In the camp of Prasaut, many women were weeping yesterday when some reporters visited there, as if they had anticipated a tragic fate awaiting them. It was just unbearable to see these 700 people crowding within the enclosure in the open, their faces and forearms sunburnt, some of them lying prostrate, others standing, clenching the barbed-wire with trembling hands and imploring eyes, surrounded by children crying for a little rice.

Phnom Penh, April 10 (UPI) -

The civilians were shot to death with machinegun and automatic rifle fire by Cambodian soldiers guarding the refugee camp near Prasaut. . . .

UPI correspondent Jack Walsh reported it was obvious there was no "crossfire" passing through the camp . . . heads and limbs of several victims were partially blown away. . . .

Cambodian troops at the camp ordered the refugees to run. Once they began running, the guards opened fire into the streaming crowd, the survivors said.

The bodies of two Vietnamese civilians were found lying outside the compound. Both had been shot through the back and it appeared they had succeeded in climbing over a barbed-wire fence at the rear of the camp before they were killed. . . .

At one point Saing Chhom, the Cambodian armed, said "they are the same as Vietcong. There is no difference." He also referred once to the refugee compound as a "concentration camp."

Prasaut, Cambodia April 11 (UPI) — by Jack Walsh

The horror of the night still gripped the faces, the frightened and mournful expressions of the living and the grotesque mask-like faces of the dead. . . .

They were brought here also for the simple reason they were Vietnamese. . . the men, women and children were kept under armed guard at a refugee compound which one Cambodian referred to as a "concentration camp."

The dead and the wounded had been cut down by machinegun and automatic weapons fire by the Cambodian troops.

Three Cambodian National Assembly Deputies' Statement

Voices full support for Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk's March 23 proclamation and calls on the Cambodian people to unite closely within the National United Front of Kampuchea, organize guerrilla and armed forces to defeat U.S. imperialism and overthrow the Rightist coup group.

THREE National Assembly Deputies of the Kingdom of Cambodia have issued a statement voicing their full support for the March 23, 1970 proclamation of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, according to a V.N.A. April 10 dispatch quoting a report from Cambodia. They are Doctors of Economy Khieu Sam Phon and Hou Youn, and Doctor of Law Hu Nim, three well-known patriotic intellectuals in Cambodia, Deputies to the National Assembly, Sixth Legislature (1966-70), who had many times held important positions in the Royal Government of Cambodia. They have now gone into the jungle to join the Cambodian people in their struggle against the coup authorities.

Following is the full text of their statement dated March 26, 1970:

Respected Samdech Heads of the Two Buddhist Sects and All the Respected Monks of Various Levels,

Esteemed Fellow Countrymen,

Since our beloved Cambodia won independence through struggle, the U.S. imperialists and their flunkeys in Cambodia and in foreign countries have resorted to all schemes and tricks in an attempt to occupy our country and make of it a neo-colony and military base.

In face of the danger of losing our country caused by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys with Lon Nol as the ringleader, the Cambodian people under the leadership of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk have united in a valiant struggle to liberate Cambodia from the steel cage of U.S. imperialism and have declared firm adherence to the policy of peace, independence and neutrality based on the Five Principles of Peaceful Coexistence and the 10 points of the Bandung Conference.

This victory marked a very great and important stage in the history of the Cambodian people, and also a heavy defeat for the U.S. imperialists and the reactionary clique headed by Lon Nol. But the U.S. imperialists and their henchmen have stubbornly clung to their scheme and acts of sabotage against peaceful, independent and neutral Cambodia. These are the anti-national "Movement of the Khmer Serei," the act of treason of Sam Sary, the coup d'etat plotted by the Dap Chuon clique, the bomb explosion in the Royal Palace, the attempted murder of Samdech Head of State

which Reathvath has confessed, the acts of economic and financial sabotage by Song Sac and his clique, the arrest, killing and imprisonment of patriots in Phnom Penh, Koh Kong, Ratanakiri, Kompong Cham, Battambang, Kampot, Kompong Chhnang, etc., slanders against intellectuals, monks, neutral elements, progressives and patriots and their dismissal from public offices and forcible break with Samdech Head of State . . . and finally the provocation of the civil war which has gone on over the past two or three years.

All those acts have been plotted and carried out by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys headed by Lon Nol with the obvious aim of seizing power and putting Cambodia and our people under the bondage of U.S. imperialism and furthering their manoeuvre of expanding war in Indo-China and Southeast Asia.

As for us Cambodian people, we have obtained one victory after another in our long, arduous and complex fight to defend the independence, peace, neutrality and territorial integrity of the country. In particular, we have reached unity of mind with regard to our ideal: to unite the entire people to struggle against all schemes and acts of the imperialists, especially the U.S. imperialists and their henchmen headed by Lon Nol, in order to safeguard national independence, peace, neutrality, sovereignty and territorial integrity of the country and establish a free and democratic regime of the people and to build a prosperous Cambodia in accordance with the aspiration of our nation and our people of various strata and classes.

Proceeding from that ideal, we, whether when simple citizens, or after being elected by the people to the National Assembly or when, with the trust of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and the people, assuming on several occasions ministerial posts, in difficult as well as favourable circumstances, have remained absolutely faithful and kept our faith unwavered in working for the realization of the aforesaid ideal of our entire people.

Renouncing our personal interests and departing from our beloved families and parents, we have left for the jungle to join the people who during the past few years have been conducting political and armed struggle with the aim of realizing that ideal.

At present, the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys with Lon Nol and Sirik Matak at the head have staged

a coup d'état to overthrow Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk so as overtly to bring our country and people under imperialist enslavement and serve the plan to expand war in Indo-China and Southeast Asia

This is a danger to the whole country and the entire people who are being killed, arrested and repressed more and more ruthlessly by the U.S. imperialists and the coup group with Lon Nol at the head. In order to maintain their reactionary administration, they have more than ever before sought to sow enmity and discord among the people, denigrate the struggle of the people and heaped insults on Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk. They have used guns and bayonets against youth, pupils, intellectuals, public employees, armymen, police, workers, peasants and the national bourgeoisie and compelled them to take to the streets to support them and protest against Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk. They burnt houses, plundered property and killed and arrested Vietnamese and Chinese residents in an extremely savage and arbitrary manner.

The March 18 coup engineered by the U.S. imperialists and the traitorous Lon Nol clique has been opposed by the people of all strata throughout the country and the peace-loving people the world over, causing serious isolation to the coup makers. The latter are in utter confusion before the Cambodian people's political and armed struggle which is spreading throughout the country in both town and countryside, and even within the administration of the coup makers. That is why, to save their dirty lives, they are planning to let the U.S. imperialists bring in military equipment, SEATO specialists and money and have even entered into collusion with the Thieu-Ky army in south Viet Nam in an attempt to stamp out the Cambodian people's struggle. In the temporary very tense situation at present, we declare our resolve to cling to our ideal as mentioned above and solemnly declare the following:

- 1. To remain always loyal to the cause of independence, peace, neutrality, territorial integrity and the free and really democratic regime of the people and the progress of the nation.
- 2. To fully support the proclamation issued by Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk in Peking on March 23, 1970.
- 3. We call on all countrymen, in town and country alike, to refuse to serve as soldiers and policemen and refuse to die for the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique of traitors, refuse to pay any taxes imposed by them, refuse to obey their barbarous laws, sincerely and closely unite with one another within the National United Front of Kampuchea, organize guerrilla and armed forces to fight and overthrow their administration, and set up a sound administration at the hamlet, village, district and province level throughout the country.

4. We call on all armymen and policemen at all levels, the personnel of the administration at all levels to show a clearcut attitude towards the U.S. imperialists and the clique of traitors with Lon Nol and Sirik Matak as ringleaders. Unite with the entire people to conduct a resolute struggle to overthrow them. The National United Front of Kampuchea and the People's Liberation Armed Forces of the Cambodian people are ready to welcome you at any time.

The Cambodian people's struggle will surely triumph since in addition to the strength of great solidarity of the people in the whole country which constitutes the main force, we also enjoy the support on the basis of equality from the anti-imperialist countries and the progressive countries in the world, especially from the Vietnamese and Laotian peoples who are our comrades-in-arms sharing life and death in the fight against the U.S. imperialists and their hirelings, for the cause of liberating our nations and our peoples.

On this occasion, we sincerely wish to convey our respects to Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk who is now actively struggling against the U.S. imperialists and their henchmen, the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, to the Queen who is being tormented by the reactionary Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, and to Samdech Heads of the two Buddhist sects and all monks who are being suppressed and forced to serve their reactionary policy. We pay our homage to the heroic fighting spirit of our guerrillas and main force units who are fighting to wipe out the reactionary Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, and to the spirit of valiant struggle of the urban and rural people who have taken to the streets. We bow respectfully before the noble memory of the fighters, people, youth, intellectuals, workers, peasants and Vietnamese and Chinese residents who have fallen in the struggle against the U.S. imperialists and the reactionary coup group headed by Lon Nol and Sirik Matak.

Let the Khmer people valiantly march forward with their traditional militancy under the banner of the National United Front to wipe out the U.S. imperialists and the reactionary clique headed by Lon Nol and Sirik Matak!

Let us all march forward to bring our country on to the path of progress and eternal happiness!

Hurrah for independent, peaceful and neutral Cambodia!

Hurrah for the spirit of solidarity and struggle against the U.S. imperialists and the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique of traitors!

Long live the solidarity between the Cambodian people and the peace- and justice-loving people of the world!

Down with the U.S. imperialists and the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique of traitors!

Surging Advances of Cambodian People's Patriotic Struggle Against U.S. Imperialism

AT present, the situation of the Cambodian people's struggle against U.S. imperialism and its lackey the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique is excellent. In the face of the powerful strength of the people, the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak coup d'etat clique has landed itself in a tight spot and revealed its nature as a paper tiger.

In instigating the Cambodian Rightist clique to stage the coup d'etat against Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, U.S. imperialism has not only interfered outrageously in the internal affairs of Cambodia, but also taken a serious step to enlarge its war of aggression in Indo-China. Fancying themselves clever, U.S. imperialism and its lackeys are lifting a rock only to drop it on their own feet. Their criminal activities have aroused a powerful and furious anti-U.S. wave among the Cambodian people and the people of the whole Indo-China.

The day the Cambodian coup d'etat clique came to power with the support of the bayonet was precisely the moment it sank into a quagmire. Responding to the call of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, the patriotic Cambodian people of various strata rose in struggle in defiance of brute force and the tidal waves of struggle against the coup d'etat clique have speedily spread to most Cambodian provinces within a short time. The people of Kompong Cham Province stood in the van of the struggle, dealing the coup d'etat clique a head-on blow. Tens of thousands of demonstrating peasants indignantly wrecked several district governments. Demonstrators in Kompong Cham City also wrecked the provincial government and court of the coup d'état authorities and burnt archives and documents. Two reactionary "National Assembly members" were beaten to death by the indignant masses with clubs. The demonstrators also killed the reactionary police commissioner Hin Nil, younger brother of Lon Nol. Large-scale mass demonstrations in support of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and against the coup d'etat clique broke out successively in Prey Veng, Takeo, Kampot, Kratie, Kandal and some other provinces. The tide of mass demonstrations is particularly irresistible in the vast rural areas. The "defence ministry" of the coup d'etat clique has to admit that "unrest persists in most of Cambodia's provinces." A western news agency said that the Cambodian people's struggle against the coup d'etat clique is "like a flaming fuse spreading to various areas of the country." Even the local authorities in some provinces and a number of units of the armed forces also oppose the coup d'etat clique.

The Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique is especially terrified by the rapid development and growth of the Cam-

bodian patriotic forces in struggle and the heavy blows they have repeatedly dealt to the coup d'etat clique. Western news agencies and newspapers reported in alarm that the patriotic forces "have begun guerrilla warfare" "in northern and central Cambodian provinces east of the Mekong River" and the whole of five border provinces are "under the de facto military control" of the patriotic forces. An AFP report said that "an entire area" along the eastern frontier of Cambodia "has passed into the hands" of the patriotic forces, "in certain sectors, only the main roads and a few military posts are still held by the government (coup d'etat clique), while in others there remains no government (coup d'etat clique) infrastructure." In Svay Rieng Province, the coup d'etat clique recently sent troops to suppress the patriotic forces but met a fierce counterattack from the patriotic forces and retreated helterskelter from the eastern part of the province. A military spokesman of the coup d'etat clique admitted on April 9 that "all outposts had been abandoned along the border area known as the 'parrot's beak' 70 to 90 miles southeast of the capital." A Western news agency report said that "half of the area" of Svay Rieng Province came "under the control of" the patriotic forces "within three days" and the Svay Rieng city has been "in a state of siege."

Not only is the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak coup clique encircled by the people at home, it also becomes increasingly isolated abroad. Apart from its master U.S. imperialism which hurriedly recognized it after the coup d'etat, only a few U.S. running dogs such as the puppet cliques in south Viet Nam and Thailand and the Indonesian fascist military regime acted as its trumpeters. Despite the fact that the coup clique resorted to the counter-revolutionary dual tactics by alleging time and again it will continue to "uphold the policy of independence, peace, strict neutrality, sovereignty and territorial integrity" in a futile attempt to fool the world's people, its actions have long ago exposed this monstrous lie. In fact, it has long ago plunged "into the American camp." While feverishly carrying out activities against the Vietnamese people, this Rightist clique falsely accused Viet Nam of "aggression" against Cambodia in an attempt to stir up national sentiment, divert the attention of the Cambodian people and world public opinion, cover up the U.S. imperialist crimes of aggression and create opinion for seeking "international intervention." Of late, it openly asked the U.S.-manipulated United Nations to dispatch an "observers group" to Cambodia and even flagrantly clamoured that it is prepared to accept U.S. military "aid." Its shameless actions have met with widespread condemnation by world opinion, putting it in an extremely awkward predicament internationally.

All reactionaries are paper tigers. In less than one month since the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique came to power, its paper-tiger nature has been fully exposed. Scared out of its wits by the people's powerful resistance and trembling with fear all the time, it has to put up a desperate struggle by relying on the bayonets. The chieftains of this clique are sitting on pins even in Phnom Penh, and have to rely on large numbers of tanks, armoured cars and troops for their protection. Recently it has sent troops in quick succession to suppress the masses of the people and the patriotic forces in an attempt to put out the raging flames of the people's struggle. But the troops of the coup clique were badly mauled by the patriotic forces and suffered heavy casualties and the hospitals in Phnom Penh are crowded with wounded soldiers. For fear that the people will hold demonstrations in Phnom Penh, this clique has deployed large numbers of troops to block all the roads, bridges and ferries to Phnom Penh, banned the

gathering of more than three persons and imposed a curfew and so on. All this forcefully proves that it is not the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak coup clique but the Cambodian people who are really powerful. Even some Western news agencies and newspapers said that the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak coup clique has been bogged down in the ocean of people, it is "a regime built 'on sand'" and its future is "very gloomy."

Under the leadership of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, the just struggle of the Cambodian people for the defence of independence, peace, neutrality, democracy, national sovereignty and territorial integrity is surging forward and the situation is becoming more and more favourable to the Cambodian people and unfavourable to U.S. imperialism and its lackeys. Their just struggle has the solidarity and support of the Vietnamese people, the Laotian people and the peace-loving people of the whole world. No matter how desperately the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique may struggle, it cannot stem the advance of the Cambodian people. Victory surely belongs to the Cambodian people who have a glorious tradition of anti-imperialist struggle.

Coup d'Etat Clique Intensifies Persecution of Chinese Residents in Cambodia

THE Cambodian Right-wing coup d'etat clique directed its hatchetmen to use threats and other vile tactics to force Chinese residents in Cambodia to take an "attitude of support" towards the coup d'etat authorities. It also plotted to compel Chinese youths in the country to serve as its cannon fodder. This is another serious step in persecuting Chinese nationals in Cambodia following the raids on Chinese shops and houses by hooligans put on the job by the Right-wing clique some time ago.

Reports say that at the bidding of the Rightist clique a Right-wing rag Cambodian National Salvation Daily which came out just after the coup d'etat, published an editor's note on March 27, resorting to open threats to compel the Chinese residents to propose a "motion of support" to the coup d'etat clique. On March 30, it printed a "message to the Chinese merchants residing in Cambodia," still more flagrantly dragooning Chinese residents into defining their "attitude of support" for the coup d'etat authorities.

What must particularly be pointed out is that the "director" of the above-mentioned Right-wing paper in a public letter on March 31 blatantly declared, "I have received orders to arm 100 youths among the

Chinese residents with weapons provided by the authorities concerned to ensure the security of the capital." In a signed letter the same day, this gutter sheet cajoled and coerced the Chinese residents to step up political and military training and also "take part in battle."

The facts are very clear. The Cambodian Rightwing clique was meeting with more and more powerful opposition from the Cambodian people and found the going tougher and tougher with each passing day after it staged the coup d'etat against Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk at the instigation of U.S. imperialism. Under such circumstances, the Cambodian Right-wing clique went so far as to instruct its hatchetmen to compel the Chinese residents to "support" it and serve as its cannon fodder. These acts of the Rightist clique not only constitute a grave encroachment upon the legitimate rights and personal safety of the Chinese residents in Cambodia but are also aimed at sowing discord in the relations between the Chinese and Cambodian people and undermining their profound friendship. This intrigue newly hatched by the Rightist clique in persecuting Chinese residents in Cambodia merits close attention by all.

U.N. Tentacles Extended to Cambodia

- U Thant flagrantly recognizes Cambodian Rightist clique

IN disregard of the serious warning by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, U.N. Secretary-General U Thant openly declared on April 6 the recognition of the Rightist coup d'etat clique, U.S. imperialism's running dog, in Cambodia. This proves once again that the United Nations is nothing but a private tool at the beck and call of U.S. imperialism to interfere in and commit aggression against other countries.

In his cable of April 1 to U Thant, Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk pointed out that "the Secretary-General and the United Nations organization should refrain from recognizing the Lon Nol government and consequently from admitting into U.N.O. the 'permanent representatives' or other delegations which would be 'accredited' or 'sent' by men of the March 18, 1970 coup d'etat." However, acting on the instruction of U.S. imperialism, U Thant not only refused to distribute among U.N. member states the copies of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk's cable, but even flagrantly gave official recognition to the Cambodian Rightist coup clique and its "representative" to the United Nations. This act of U Thant's can only indicate that he is an out-and-out faithful cat's paw who, under the cloak of a diplomat, works in the service of U.S. imperialism. Everybody knows that it is U.S. imperialism who, after engineering the Cambodian reactionary coup d'etat, was the first to recognize the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak regime and tried by all sorts of means to help the reactionary regime to stabilize its rule. Now U Thant has come out in the name of the United Nations to interfere in Cambodia. His aim is to have the United Nations play the role which U.S. imperialism cannot, or fails to, do

U Thant alleged in his communique that "it is the normal policy of the Secretariat (of U.N.O.) to deal with the authorities which are apparently in control of the government of a member state." This is sheer nonsense. Who are "the authorities which are in control of the government of a member state"? The present Phnom Penh authorities are a hundred per cent conspiratorial coup d'etat clique fostered by U.S. imperialism single-handed. It is not only opposed by the people of Cambodia but also condemned by wide public opinion the world over. The acts of the U.N. Secre-

tariat is proof that it deliberately sets itself against the Cambodian people and defies world opinion.

It is reported that before he announced the recognition of the Cambodian Rightist coup clique, U Thant had had numerous "contacts" and long "secret talks" with Or Kosalak, the so-called "representative" illegally appointed by the Cambodian Rightist coup clique to the United Nations. Or Kosalak presented to U Thant the request of the Cambodian Rightist coup clique that the United Nations send an "observers group" to conduct so-called "investigations" in Cambodia.

On the very day when U Thant announced in New York the recognition of the Rightist coup clique in Cambodia, U.S. State Department spokesman Robert McCloskey at a news briefing in Washington immediately gave open support to the request of the Cambodian Rightist coup clique to send U.N. "observers" to Cambodia. He said, "There will be private discussions between interested governments" on the Cambodia question. This fully exposes the sinister motive of U.S. imperialism in plotting to intervene in the affairs of Cambodia. What warrants particular attention is the fact that following his announcement on the recognition of the Rightist coup clique in Cambodia, U Thant left the United States for Asia on April 9 to carry out shady activities.

As is well known, the United Nations under the manipulation of U.S. imperialism has for a long time been doing all kinds of evil. It openly launched an aggression against Korea under the banner of the "United Nations"; it committed armed intervention in the Congo (K) and murdered the Congolese national hero Patrice Lumumba; it dispatched troops to invade the Dominican Republic and strangled the Dominican people's anti-U.S. patriotic just struggle. At present, it is plotting so-called negotiations on the Middle East question, in a vain attempt to throttle the Arab people's just war against the Israeli aggression so as to enable the Israeli aggressors to trample on and enslave the Arab people permanently. All these clearly prove that the United Nations has long become a U.S. imperialist tool for pushing its policy of aggression in the whole world. The people the world over have long discerned its criminal features. Now the United Nations is once again trying to extend its tentacles to Cambodia. This cannot but put people on the alert.

U.S. Imperialist Aggression Against Cambodia Undeniable

AFTER the sinister hand of U.S. imperialism, instigator of the Cambodian Rightist clique's coup d'etat against Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, was caught by the people of the world, its chieftains, with a guilty conscience, have made a series of statements recently in a vain effort to absolve itself from its criminal responsibilities.

According to Western news agency reports, U.S. Secretary of State William P. Rogers, testifying before the U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee at a closed-door session on April 2, hypocritically declared that "the United States has no plans to become involved in Cambodia." After the session, he again flatly lied to the correspondents, saying that the U.S. policy is "to guarantee the neutrality of Cambodia." Even the Western bourgeois newspapermen were astounded by Rogers's tall tales. As public opinion in many countries has pointed out, not only is U.S. imperialism the instigator and organizer of the coup d'etat in Cambodia, but it has always been "involved in Cambodia"; it does not "guarantee" but undermines the neutrality of Cambodia.

For years, U.S. imperialism has persisted in directly interfering in the internal affairs of Cambodia and buying over the "Free Khmer members" to carry out subversive activities. Apart from this, its aggressor troops, in collusion with the puppet troops of south Viet Nam and Thailand, have encroached constantly on Cambodia's air space and territory and undermined the independence, peace, neutrality, national sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Kingdom of Cambodia. Incomplete figures show that from 1962 to 1969, U.S. imperialism and its south Vietnamese puppet clique sent troops to intrude into Cambodian territory on 7,000 occasions, killing or wounding more than 1,000 Cambodian residents. U.S. aggressor troops and south Viet Nam puppet troops invaded Kompong Cham, Kratie, Kampot, Svay Rieng, Takeo and Prey Veng Provinces more than a dozen times in December 1968

Almost daily since the beginning of last year, U.S. aggressor troops, south Vietnamese and Thai puppet troops have engaged in armed provocations and aggression against Cambodia. According to figures published in the protest notes lodged by the Royal Government of Cambodia against the U.S. Government and the south Vietnamese puppet clique, 32 Cambodians were killed, 121 wounded and 27 others kidnapped in the first quarter of 1969 alone. Moreover, U.S. imperialism sent aircraft to spread toxic chemicals over Cambodian territory, seriously affecting the health of the Cambodian people and damaging vast tracts of forests, rubber plantations, orchards and crops.

Such aggressive activities by U.S. imperialism and its stooges have aroused profound indignation on the part of the Cambodian people, who have held big demonstrations and parades in protest against the U.S. imperialist crimes. Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk has repeatedly issued statements and held press conferences exposing and condemning the crimes of aggression by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys. At a press conference in May 1969, he pointed out that all four Thai officers and over 70 Thai personnel who intruded into Cambodia's Battambang Province on May 16 were taken prisoner by the armed forces of Cambodia. Also captured were their weapons, 15 trucks, one jeep and three bulldozers. Among the captured Thai officers was a commandant working in the intelligence department of Thailand which is linked with the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency. Last November 22. Samdech Norodom Sihanouk issued a statement on the deliberate intrusion into Cambodian territory by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys. He said in the statement, "Cambodia denounces before the whole world this unprecedented aggression against Cambodia by the U.S. armed forces. It pointed to the hypocrisy of the peaceful statements by the U.S. administration whose troops unleashed barbarous attacks against a country the only crime of which is its rejection of U.S. domination."

After the crimes by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys in sabotaging Cambodia's independence, peace, neutrality, national sovereignty and territorial integrity met with solid opposition from the Cambodian people and Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, they tried in every conceivable way to topple the government he led and even made repeated attempts on his life. When this series of conspiracies failed, they took advantage of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk's trip abroad to instigate the March 18 coup d'etat against him. U.S. imperialism cannot deny all these harsh facts.

After instigating the coup d'etat, U.S. imperialism, ganging up with south Vietnamese puppet troops, has now openly intruded into Cambodia. They are coordinating with the Cambodian Rightist clique to put down the just struggle of the Cambodian people in blood. They have also used Cambodian territory to attack the South Viet Nam People's Liberation Armed Forces on the Cambodia-Viet Nam border. These are the new crimes by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys against the Cambodian people.

Having committed such enormous crimes, U.S. imperialism has made futile endeavours to whitewash itself by claiming that U.S. policy is "to guarantee the neutrality of Cambodia." Nothing could be more

shameful! The Cambodian people will never forgive it for all the evil it has done in Cambodia; nor will the people of the whole world. Supported by the people the world over, the Cambodian people will certainly triumph in their struggle to maintain their independence, peace, neutrality, democracy, national sovereignty and territorial integrity, and against U.S. imperialism.

"Renmin Ribao" Commentary

Towering Crime of Slaughtering Arab People By U.S.-Israeli Aggressors Condemned

ISRAELI Zionism, a tool of aggression of U.S. imperialism, recently sent its bandit aircraft to carry out a flagrant bombing raid on a primary school in the vicinity of Cairo. Over 70 civilians, most of them U.A.R. primary school children, were killed or wounded. The Chinese people express their profound indignation at this barbarous crime of the slaughtering of the Arab people by the U.S.-Israeli aggressors and extend to the people of the United Arab Republic their heartfelt sympathy and regards.

After committing this atrocity, one chieftain of Israeli Zionism had the cheek to say that the Israeli bombing raid was directed at what he called "military establishments." This is out-and-out bandit language. Israel has no right whatsoever to bomb the United Arab Republic, not even a single blade of grass on U.A.R. soil. For the bombing of any target is a brutal act of aggression, which will be severely punished by the U.A.R. people and sternly condemned by the people throughout the world. The outrageous bombing attack on the U.A.R. primary school is iron-clad proof that the U.S.-Israeli aggressors are guilty of wanton killing of the U.A.R. people, and they will never be allowed to shirk their responsibility for the perpetration of this crime. The bombing incident proves once more that U.S. imperialism and its tool of aggression, Israeli Zionism, are a pack of sadistic and ruthless bandits. the mortal enemies of the Arab people.

U.S. imperialism must at the same time be held accountable for every debt of blood owed by Israeli Zionism to the Arab people. For the aircraft sent by the Israeli aggressors to bomb Arab territory are furnished by U.S. imperialism, and so are the arms and ammunition which the Israeli aggressor troops use to kill the Arab people. U.S. imperialism has also worked behind the scenes in engineering, instigating and inciting the Israeli Zionists lately to carry out bombing raids on the United Arab Republic and attacks on Syria and Jordan and to gang up with the reactionary forces in Lebanon in suppressing the Palestinian guerrillas. The atrocious murders committed against the Arab people by the U.S.-Israeli aggressors have aroused the bitter hatred of the U.A.R. people and the people of other Arab countries who will avenge the death of their countrymen. The Arab people will demand repayment,

blood for blood, of the enormous debts which U.S. imperialism and its tool of aggression, Israeli Zionism, have piled up!

U.S. imperialism is the chief criminal responsible for the murders of the Arab people. That is clear: And yet it shams "concerned" for "peace" in the Middle East area. Having supplied the Israeli aggressors with "Phantom" aircraft, the Nixon government kept a straight face when it announced recently that shipments. of arms to Israel were to be "suspended," a move designed to conceal the U.S. imperialist crime of aggression against the Arab countries and its crime of slaughtering the Arab people. All this is eyewash to deceive people. It is clear to all that the Nixon government, like its predecessors, has all along used counter-revolutionary dual tactics in the Middle East area. While egging Israeli Zionism on to intensify its military aggression against the Arab countries, it has been working evertime to push its so-called "peaceful settlement" plot in regard to the Middle East question, vainly hoping to cajole and coerce the Arab countries into capitulation. It is for this purpose that Joseph Sisco, the Assistant Secretary of State in charge of Middle East affairs in the U.S. State Department, has suddenly turned up in the Middle East with a job these days.

Our great leader Chairman Mao has pointed out: "The oppressed peoples and nations must not pin their hopes for liberation on the 'sensibleness' of imperialism and its lackeys. They will only triumph by strengthening their unity and persevering in their struggle."

The Arab people who have a glorious tradition of fighting imperialism have come to realize more and more clearly that only by waging a firm struggle against U.S. imperialism and its running dog, Israeli Zionism, can they win liberation for the Arab nation. The savagery of the U.S.-Israeli aggressors who resorted to frantic killing of Arab children and civilians would only stir the wrath of millions and millions of Arab people and stoke the raging fires of the anti-imperialist struggle of the Palestine people and the people of other Arab countries and make them burn still more brightly. The Palestinian guerrillas who enjoy the resolute support of the people of all Arab countries are waging a courageous struggle against the enemy and handing out body blows to the U.S.-Israeli

aggressors. The people's struggle against imperialism in the United Arab Republic, Syria and other Arab countries is forging ahead. The Chinese people stand four-square behind the just struggle of the U.A.R. and Palestinian people and the people of all Arab countries against the U.S.-Israeli aggressors. We are deeply con-

vinced that they will defeat all plots of aggression cooked up by U.S. imperialism and its stooges, provided they sharpen their vigilance, close their ranks and persevere in their struggle. Final victory is sure to go to the Arab people!

(April 14)

Firm Support for African People's Struggle in Smashing U.S. Imperialist Subversive Plots

by Hung Kuo-ping

Suppose the Sudanese people, the Sudanese Government headed by President Ghaffar el Nimeiry has recently crushed a large-scale armed rebellion instigated by U.S. imperialism. El Hadi el Mahdy, ringleader of the rebellion, was killed by the Sudanese Army and Aba Island, the rebels' den, was quickly controlled by the Sudanese troops. By its firm measures to quell the reactionary armed rebellion, the Sudanese Government and people thus defended the country's independence and sovereignty, dealing a heavy blow to the colonialists and neo-colonialists headed by the United States and to the domestic reactionary forces.

Our great leader Chairman Mao has pointed out that the imperialists and reactionaries "are not resigned to their failure in Africa and will never step down from the stage of history of their own accord. The imperialists and reactionaries have tried, are trying and will continue to try their utmost to obstruct and undermine the cause of independence and progress of the African peoples."

This is exactly what U.S. imperialism is doing in the Sudan. In its vain attempt to establish a puppet regime and turn the Sudan into a U.S. imperialist colony, it has left no stone unturned to foster the most reactionary forces within the country and engineer an armed rebellion to subvert the government. In the 10 months since the new Sudanese Government came to power, U.S. imperialism has repeatedly plotted its overthrow and tried to undermine it, all to no avail. In its recent attempt, U.S. imperialism was playing for big stakes to bring off its criminal armed insurrection. This fact eloquently proves that U.S. imperialism is the most ferocious and dangerous enemy of the cause for independence and progress of the people in the Arab and African countries.

Since taking power, the Nixon government has put up the signboard of the so-called "Nixon doctrine" and advertised setting up a so-called "partnership" with African countries. Declaring it would extend economic "aid," the Nixon government has actually gone in for greater investments and other tactics aimed at plunder, infiltration and control; on the other hand, it has gone to any length in its subversive activities to overthrow African nationalist regimes at the first opportunity and

replace them with U.S. imperialist stooge rule. U.S. imperialism recently manufactured a series of subversive plots and rebellions in the Sudan, Southern Yemen, and the People's Republic of the Congo. It is evident Nixon's so-called "partnership" is designed to foster reactionary regimes like the Mobutu puppet clique in the Congo (K) in African and Arab countries that will be completely submissive to U.S. imperialism, so as to convert these countries, as in the case of the Congo (K), into actual U.S. colonies.

While peddling the U.S. so-called "new policy" towards Africa, Nixon and lot have constantly jabbered that the United States "would not interfere in the internal affairs of the African countries," would "respect" the "independence" and "integrity" of the African countries and "assist them in their emancipation." Do they really think they can deceive the Arab and African people by all this rigmarole? The subversive activities of U.S. imperialism in the Sudan, the People's Republic of the Congo and other countries make it crystal clear that U.S. imperialism's objective is to set up puppet regimes in African and Arab countries, oust other old and new colonialist countries, strangle the national-liberation movement in these countries and bring into existence new U.S. colonialist rule. "Use Africans to fight Africans" and "use Arabs to fight Arabs" - this is Nixon's tricky and vicious scheme.

Plunder is the very nature of imperialism. The reactionary armed insurrections which took place in the Sudan and the People's Republic of the Congo show up U.S. imperialism's naked rapaciousness in the Middle East and Africa. Africa is noted for its uranium, tantalum, niobium, lithium, cobalt and other strategically important materials. For instance, uranium production in South Africa ranks third in the capitalist world. The Congo (Kinshasa) and many areas in central Africa are also rich in uranium. Oil deposits in Africa, which are second only to the Middle East, exceed all oil deposits on the American continent. Precisely because it wants to further subjugate and plunder the Middle East and Africa, in a vain effort to stave off its doom, U.S. imperialism is intensifying its contention for

(Continued on p. 32.)

Scapegoats Are No Answer

BEING Minister of Agriculture and Food Industry are the two hardest jobs today in the Soviet Union which is ruled by a handful of revisionist renegades.

As though he had the ability to realize Khrushchov's "goulash communism," Brezhnev, at the time he took over, bragged that he would "improve" the Soviet economy, which Khrushchov had turned into a mess. More than five years have passed and it is not difficult to discover, even from the obviously fudged figures published by the Soviet Central Statistical Board, that the 1969 per capita output of potatoes in the Soviet Union fell 7 per cent compared with 1964, the year Khrushchov fell. The situation regarding beef is also bad. The per capita head of cattle in the Soviet Union in 1969 dropped 5 per cent compared with 1965. Per capita output of agricultural and other animal products are also on the decline. For instance, the number of pigs dropped 12 per cent and sheep 4 per cent. Vegetable production tumbled 12 per cent compared with 1964 while grain production also dropped. To add lustre to their showy activities to commemorate the centenary of Lenin's birth, this handful of Soviet revisionist renegades, who flaunt the banner of Lenin while committing evil deeds in betraying him, have sent a great number of persons to buy beef and other foodstuff from Western countries. The hard fact is that potatoes in the Soviet Union today are becoming more scarce and getting beef in the market is very difficult. The so-called "communism," the early realization of which Khrushchov so greatly vaunted, is nowhere to be found and no longer mentioned.

The phoney communism plugged by Brezhnev and his kind has been discredited in the eyes of the Soviet people who have shown strong dissatisfaction and indignation over their perverse acts. With the throne of the new tsars tottering, Brezhnev and his lot have made the Minister of Food Industry their scapegoat in an effort to mollify the dissatisfied people and to hold on to their reactionary rule. Thus was Zotov removed from his post not too long ago, making it the second time the head of food industry was replaced since Brezhnev came to power. Brezhnev and his like levelled many charges against Zotov, claiming that he should be held responsible for "the long-term failure to make full use of the productive capacity" in many enterprises, that he "is lagging behind in fulfilling the plan for labour productivity," and that "there was a considerable delay" in the fulfilment of the plan for putting projects under construction into operation. It seems as if the Minister of Food Industry is to be blamed for all the current grave economic difficulties and food shortages in the Soviet Union and his replacement would bring potatoes, beef and joy to everybody. Ministers may be replaced, but the quantity of food cannot be increased. As revealed in the communique of the Soviet Central Statistical Board, compared with the corresponding period last year, output of the country's food industry sank further in February even after the new minister took office.

Everybody knows it is precisely because this clique of a handful of renegades headed by Brezhnev has usurped the leadership of the Soviet Party and state, restored capitalism in the Soviet Union and suppressed and exploited the broad masses of the Soviet working people that the Soviet economy has landed in unprecedented chaos. And it is precisely because Brezhnev and his bunch strenuously push the Hitler-like policy of "guns instead of butter" to serve the needs of socialimperialism's expansion and aggression abroad that the Soviet Union's economic woes have become even more serious. You can't make bricks without straw. Since the production of meat, potatoes, vegetables, etc. has slumped greatly, how can the "productive capacity" in factories under the Minister of Food Industry be "made full use of"? Is Mr. Brezhnev's magic so great that he can "make full use of" the food mills' "productive capacity" and turn out goulash without potatoes and

Actually, Brezhnev's sleight of hand in finding scapegoats is not his invention, but one handed down to him by Khrushchov, his venerable master.

The great leader Chairman Mao has pointed out that one of the characteristics of Khrushchov and company is that they "cover up their errors..., and claim all the credit for themselves and shift all the blame on others." When Khrushchov held sway and made an awful mess of Soviet agriculture, his scapegoats were the Agricultural Ministers. During his years of rule, being Agricultural Minister of the Soviet Union was the toughest job. Whirled around as though they were on a merry-go-round, six Agricultural Ministers were replaced one after another in this period. However, these scapegoats, after all, could not carry the blame due Khrushchov, and he was swept into the garbage heap of history.

Today, Brezhnev has once again picked up Khrushchov's unworkable magic weapon and repeatedly made responsible officials in the food industry his scapegoats. But how can this help Brezhnev avoid Khrushchov's fate? The chief criminals are the handful of renegades headed by Brezhnev who have ruined the Soviet Union, the world's first socialist country, in such a way that life has become impossible for the people. Nobody else can take the blame for the towering crimes they themselves have committed.



Coal-Mines Fulfil First Quarterly Targets Ahead Of Time

GUIDED by Chairman Mao's great strategic principle "Be prepared against war, be prepared against natural disasters, and do everything for the people," the broad masses of Chinese workers, revolutionary cadres and revolutionary technicians, firmly grasping revolution and energetically promoting production, fulfilled the January-March production plans ahead of time at a number of coal-mines, thus giving powerful support to socialist construction.

By persisting in putting revolution in command of production, revolutionary workers on Anhwei's coal industrial front have won new successes in both revolution and production. The province overfulfilled the first quarter's state production plans for coal nine days ahead of schedule. The average daily output was 3.5 per cent higher than the level of the fourth quarter last year, the highest in 1969.

The Peking Mining Administration overfulfilled the first quarterly production targets ten days in advance. Coal output was over 12 per cent higher than in the corresponding period of last year.

The Liaoning Penki Mining Administration fulfilled the state's first quarter targets for coal output and tunnelling ahead of time, following its overall fulfilment of the state's production plan in 1969. This administration has maintained a high and stable output for three years running. Repeated study of Chairman Mao's great teaching "China ought to have made a greater contribution to humanity" by members of the revolutionary committees at all levels

since the beginning of this year has further enhanced their consciousness of continuthe revolution. went to the grass-roots level where they joined the masses in tapping the potenfor increasing production and practising economy, thereby creating favourable conditions for an even greater output this year. The Penki Coal-Mines of this administration overfulfilled the first quarter's state output plan and tunnelling target 24 days and 43 days ahead of schedule respectively.

At the Kailan Coal-Mines in Hopei Province, leading members at all levels and the miners have swiftly

started a new high tide in the mass movement for the living study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought and a socialist revolutionary emulation drive has been under way since the beginning of this year. Coal output in the first quarter of this year topped the corresponding period of any previous year in the colliery's more than 90-year history. Over and above the state targets, these coalmines have so far produced more than 430,000 tons of coal. Remarkable achievements have also been made in development, tunnelling, coal washing and in the reduction of costs and the consumption of props.

Taking class struggle and the struggle between the two lines as the key link, revolutionary miners at the Liaoyuan Mining Administration of Kirin Province have brought about a steady advance in coal production. The administration fulfilled the first quarter's coal targets 15 days earlier than planned. Coal output and tunnelling targets have increased 19 and 22 per cent respectively above the corresponding period of 1969. Compared with the same period of last year, consumption of raw and other materials sharply declined, but high output and good quality were achieved.

Since the beginning of 1970, a socialist revolutionary emulation drive has been making headway among the collieries under Kiangsu's Hsuchow Mining Administration, Inner Mongolia's Paotow and Wuta Mining Administrations and Sinkiang's Hami Mining Administration. has greatly developed the spirit of socialist co-operation, brought about a vigorous advance in revolution and production and helped fulfil with credit the first quarter's coal production plan and tunnelling targets ahead of schedule.

With firm determination to win honour for Chairman Mao and our great socialist motherland, miners at Kansu's Akanchen Coal-Mines launched a deep-going socialist revolutionary emulation drive and fulfilled the output plan for the first quarter 14 days in advance. Coal output rose 28 per cent above the same period of last year, and a new daily output record was set.



Kirin Province's Fanti Coal-Mine overfulfilled the state plan for more than 20 consecutive months. Photo shows the vice-chairman of the mine's revolutionary committee and army representative Chai Feng-chuan talking with the workers about their experience in putting revolution in command of production.

Completion of Big Modern Sintering Plant of the Taiyuan Iron and Steel Company

UIDED by our great leader Chairman Mao's great principle of "maintaining independence and keeping the initiative in our own hands and relying on our own efforts," a big modern sintering plant of the Taiyuan Iron and Steel Company was designed, constructed and equipped by our own efforts. Recently completed, it has just begun This fruitful result, production. achieved by the revolutionary workers and cadres in implementing the Constitution of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company, personally formulated by Chairman Mao, is a great victory for invincible Mao Tsetung Thought.

Soon this plant will be furnishing the large blast furnaces with continuous supplies of sintered ore needed urgently in production and will augment the development of our iron and steel industry.

The revolutionary workers who had undertaken the construction of this key project diligently studied and applied Chairman Mao's works in a living way and unswervingly gave prominence to proletarian politics. They firmly grasped the class struggle, carried out revolutionary mass criticism and persisted in putting revolution in command of production, all of which speeded up construction.

As they built, the revolutionary workers, cadres and technicians followed the series of basic principles put forward by Chairman Mao to guide the proletariat's running of enterprises: "Keep politics firmly in command; strengthen Party leadership; launch vigorous mass movements; institute the system of cadre participation in productive labour and worker participation in manageof reform of irrational and outdated rules and regulations, and of close co-operation among workers, cadres and technicians; and go full steam ahead with the technical innovations and technical rev-

olution." In the process, they emancipated their minds, did away with fetishes and worked hard. They are conscientious and ingenious in their style of work. Having freed themselves of the handicap of bourgeois foreign conventions, they solved many knotty technical problems. At the same time, they gave fuller play to the spirit of socialist co-operation, took the initiative to shoulder heavy tasks, supported and co-ordinated with each other and pooled their efforts. The outcome was that up to state requirements, a big modern sintering plant was completed ahead of time in a little more than a month.

New Achievements in Research Work at Shanghai Vaccine And Serum Institute

DURING the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, the workers and revolutionary research personnel of the Shanghai Vaccine and Serum Institute conscientiously studied Chairman Mao's great teaching "Maintaining independence and keeping the initiative in our own hands and relying on our own efforts." They did scientific experiments and successfully trial-produced frozen human plasma, human albumin, gamma-globulin, fibrinogen other blood plasma preparations, which are now being turned out in quantity. The void in this field in China has thus been filled. Recently the workers and research personnel solved a knotty technical problem and successfully introduced a new technological process for the production of albumin.

The workers and revolutionary research personnel at the institute have conscientiously carried out Chairman Mao's great instruction "In medical and health work, put the stress on the rural areas" and begun research into vaccines and serums for the prevention and treatment of common and recurrent diseases. In co-operation with other fraternal units they successfully trial-manufactured in a comparatively short time a bacterial

vaccine for bronchial asthma, which is inexpensive, convenient to use and quite effective, and therefore welcomed by the workers, peasants and soldiers.

To meet the needs of the poor and lower-middle peasants, the institute started work last year on a kind of anti-hemophilic globulin to treat hemophilia, a rare blood disease. Confronted with this new subject the research personnel worked hard for well over two weeks. Finally they met with success in extracting anti-hemophilic globulin from fresh human plasma and thereby extended the capability of our country's pharmaceutical industry.

China's First 100-Ton Capacity Hydraulic Diesel Crane Trial-Produced

Lorrowing Chairman Mao's great teaching "The Chinese people have high aspirations, they have ability, and they will certainly catch up with and surpass advanced world levels in the not too distant future" and with the great support of the departments concerned, the revolutionary workers and technical personnel of the Tsitsihar Rolling Stock Plant, Heilungkiang Province, have recently succeeded in trial producing China's first 100-ton capacity hydraulic diesel crane. In making this crane, they have given play to the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and hard struggle.

An important piece of equipment in China's economic construction, this crane made of low alloy steel, has a main hook and an auxiliary hook which can handle 100 tons and 25 tons respectively. It can shift, load and unload high-tonnage freight and be used for salvaging railroad cars. Moreover, it is self-propelling and does not require hauling by a locomotive. Trial testing by the departments concerned has proved that it performs up to standard and in some respects surpasses the same type of crane manufactured in the capitalist countries.

spheres of influence and going all out in its frantic attempt to subvert governments in Africa and the Middle East and in its acts of aggression and expansion.

However, U.S. imperialism is like a dying person whose strength is not equal to his desire. Today, the people of the Arab countries are rising in unity and heavily pounding U.S. imperialism and its lackey, Zionism. The people of various countries on the mainland of Africa are by and large awakening, striving for national liberation and defending their national sovereignty and waging a valiant struggle against U.S.-led colonialism and neo-colonialism. The reactionary coups and subversive plots which U.S. imperialism and its accomplices recently carried out in some Arab and African countries have been crushed one after the

other. This shows that the progressive forces among the people of the Arab and African countries are growing in strength and that greatly enfeebled U.S. imperialism is on the decline.

Armed with Mao Tsetung Thought and tempered through the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, the Chinese people indignantly condemn U.S. imperialism for its subversive activities in the Sudan, the People's Republic of the Congo and other African countries. They firmly support the just struggle of the people of the Sudan and other Arab countries and the people of the Congo and other African countries to smash U.S. imperialism's aggressive and subversive conspiracies and consolidate and defend their national independence and sovereignty. The Arab people and African people are today uniting to clip the tentacles of U.S. imperialism extending into Arab and African countries!

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