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Profound Mourning for Passing of the Chinese People’s Great Leader Chairman Mao Tsetung
China Successfully Conducts New Nuclear Test

CHINA successfully conducted a new nuclear test on September 26, 1976. The test took place at a time when the whole Party, the whole army and the people of all nationalities throughout the country are honouring the memory of the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao Tsetung with the most profound feelings and wholehearted love and esteem for him and, in resolution to the call of the Party Central Committee, are turning grief into strength, carrying out Chairman Mao's behests and striving for still greater victories in socialist revolution and socialist construction. Under the leadership of the Party Central Committee, the workers, commanders and fighters of the People's Liberation Army, scientists, technicians and revolutionary cadres participating in the research, manufacture and tests of nuclear weapons have taken class struggle as the key link and the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping as the motive force, energetically carried out their efforts and displayed still greater drive in grasping revolution and promoting production and other work and preparedness against war, and thus achieved complete success in the test.

The Chinese people are resolutely implementing the great leader Chairman Mao's adjuition to "act according to the principles laid down" and adhering to Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line and policies. The conducting of necessary and limited nuclear tests and development of nuclear weapons by China is entirely for the purpose of defence and for breaking the nuclear monopoly by the superpowers and for the ultimate abolition of nuclear weapons. The Chinese Government declares once again that at no time and in no circumstances will China be the first to use nuclear weapons. The Chinese Government and people will, as always, work together with the other peoples and peace-loving countries in the world in the common struggle to achieve the lofty goal of complete prohibition and thorough destruction of nuclear weapons.

Deep Condolences on Passing Of Comrade Choi Yong Kun

Hua Kuo-feng, First Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Premier of the State Council, sent a message on September 20 to Comrade Kim II Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Korean Workers' Party and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Premier of the Administration Council of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, expressing deep condolences on the death of Comrade Choi Yong Kun.

The message said: "Shocked to learn of the sad news of the passing due to illness of Comrade Choi Yong Kun, Member of the Central Committee of the Korean Workers' Party, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee, Member of the Central People's Committee and Vice-President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. I wish to extend, on behalf of the Communist Party of China and the Chinese Government and people, our deep condolences to you and, through you, to the Korean Workers' Party, the Korean Government and people and Comrade Choi Yong Kun's family.

"Comrade Choi Yong Kun devoted his whole life to the revolutionary struggle of the Korean people. Under the leadership of President Kim II Sung and the Korean Workers' Party, Comrade Choi Yong Kun shoulder for a long time heavy responsibilities of state, and dedicated his energy throughout his life to the struggle against U.S. imperialist aggression and interference, to Korea's socialist revolution and socialist construc-
Jamaican Government
Delegation Visits China

The Jamaican Government Delegation led by David Coore, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Finance, arrived in Peking on September 23 on a friendly visit to China at the invitation of the Chinese Government. The guests were greeted at the airport by Chinese Vice-Premier Chang Chun-chiao and Minister of Economic Relations With Foreign Countries Fang Yi.

The next day Premier Hua Kuo-feng met and had a cordial and friendly conversation with Deputy Prime Minister David Coore and the delegation he led. Premier Hua extended a welcome to the distinguished Jamaican guests on their visit to China. He said: Both China and Jamaica belong to the third world. In the past we both suffered from aggression and oppression by colonialism and imperialism and shared the same destiny. Therefore, relations between our two countries have developed very satisfactorily since the establishment of diplomatic relations. You are the first high-level delegation from Jamaica to visit our country. We are convinced that your visit will contribute to the mutual understanding and friendship between the Governments and peoples of China and Jamaica.

Premier Hua Kuo-feng said: Our great leader and teacher Chairman Mao Tsetung has departed and our whole Party, whole army and people of the whole country are most deeply grieved. We will carry out Chairman Mao’s behests, resolutely implement the proletarian revolutionary line and policies formulated by Chairman Mao for us and his revolutionary line in foreign affairs, carry through to the end the cause of the proletarian revolution in China which Chairman Mao pioneered, and strive to make a greater contribution to humanity.

Deputy Prime Minister Coore said: We have brought with us the regards of the Prime Minister, the Government and the entire people of Jamaica to you. We are very much grieved at your loss of the great leader Chairman Mao Tsetung. We believe that the Chinese people will continue to act in accordance with Mao Tsetung Thought and Chairman Mao’s line and continue to develop and expand the cause pioneered by Chairman Mao. Our two countries are both members of the third world. Our common interests, common objectives and common aspirations have bound us together. We countries of the third world are confronted with a common danger. Therefore, the third world countries must unite and co-operate with each other to deal with this danger. He added: The cordial and enlightening talks we held in the last two days have assured us that the development of our friendship has a solid foundation.

Vice-Premier Chang Chun-chiao held talks with Deputy Prime Minister David Coore.

An agreement and some protocols concerning trade and economic cooperation between China and Jamaica were signed by Vice-Premier Chang Chun-chiao and Deputy Prime Minister David Coore in Peking on September 26.

The delegation left Peking on September 26 to visit other places in China.

Premier Hua Meets Edward Rowling and His Wife

Premier Hua Kuo-feng met and had a friendly talk on September 25 with Edward Rowling, former Prime Minister of New Zealand and leader of the Labour Party, and Mrs. Rowling.
800 Million People Mourn the Great Leader
And Teacher Chairman Mao Most Deeply

— 28 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions
and P.L.A. units solemnly hold memorial meetings

WITH boundless esteem and immense grief, the whole Party, the whole army and the people of all nationalities throughout the country held mass memorial meetings everywhere on September 18 to mourn Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people, the great liberator of all nationalities, the greatest Marxist of the contemporary era, and the great teacher of the international proletariat and the oppressed nations and oppressed people.

Immediately after listening to the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in the capital that afternoon, armymen of the P.L.A. units and people of 28 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions held mass memorial meetings. They were: the Shanghai and Tientsin municipalities, the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region and the P.L.A. Sinkiang Units, Kansu Province and the P.L.A. Lanchow Units, the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region, Heilungkiang Province, Kirin Province, Liaoning Province and the P.L.A. Shenyang Units, Shantung Province and the P.L.A. Tsianan Units, Fukien Province and the P.L.A. Foochow Units, Hunan Province, Kwangtung Province and the P.L.A. Kwangchow Units, the Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region, Hopei Province, Shansi Province, Shensi Province, the Ningsia Hui Autonomous Region, Kiangsu Province and the P.L.A. Nanking Units, Chekiang Province, the Tibet Autonomous Region, Szechuan Province and the P.L.A. Chongtu Units, Hupeh Province and the P.L.A. Wuhan Units, Honan Province, Anhwei Province, Kiangsi Province, Kweichow Province, Yunnan Province and the P.L.A. Kunming Units, and Chinghai Province.

Leading Party and government organizations at and above the county level and army, navy and air force units of the People's Liberation Army standing by at their fighting posts, and the broad masses of Communist Party members, cadres, workers, peasants, soldiers, revolutionary intellectuals and people of all walks of life of all nationalities in factories, mines, enterprises, shops, rural people's communes, schools and neighbourhood communities throughout the country also held memorial meetings after listening to the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in Peking.

At 3 p.m. sharp on September 18, the 800 million people across the land observed a three-minute silence; at the same time, all factories and mines, trains, ships and naval vessels across the length and breadth of the motherland sounded their sirens in mourning.

The mass memorial meetings were permeated with an atmosphere of solemnity and reverence. In each place, a huge portrait of Chairman Mao hung over a rostrum decorated with green pines and cypresses and flanked by wreaths presented by local Party and government organs, P.L.A. units and grass-roots organizations. With profound sorrow, leading responsible comrades of the local Party and government organs and army units delivered memorial speeches to mourn our great leader and teacher Chairman Mao.

On September 9 and 10, Party committees and revolutionary committees of various provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions and Party committees of P.L.A. units wrote letters or sent messages to the Party Central Committee, the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, the State Council and the Military Commission of the Party Central Committee. In their memorial speeches, letters and messages, they pledged to turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, rally closely round the Party Central Committee, persist in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, further strengthen the dictatorship of the proletariat, carry through to the end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao. Unite to win still greater victories!

Shanghai

A MILLION armymen and civilians in Shanghai held a mass memorial meeting on September 18. At the same time, other Shanghai inhabitants gathered in front of TV sets or radios to watch or listen to the live transmissions of Peking's and the city's memorial meet-
ings in their respective factories, people's communes, P.L.A. units, shops, offices, schools or neighbourhood communities. Together with the people throughout the country, the 10 million Shanghai arnymen and civilians mourned with deep sorrow their most respected and most beloved great leader Chairman Mao.

The mass memorial meeting in Shanghai was presided over by Chou Chun-lin, secretary of the Shanghai municipal Party committee and commander of the Shanghai Garrison of the Chinese People's Liberation Army, Ma Tien-shui, secretary of the Shanghai municipal Party committee and vice-chairman of the municipal revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Ma Tien-shui said: At this hour of deepest sorrow, we must resolutely respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, rally closely round the Party Central Committee, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, and "act according to the principles laid down" as Chairman Mao adjured. We must persist in taking class struggle as the key link, conscientiously implement the Party's basic line, continue to concentrate our fire on criticizing Teng Hsiao-p'ing, deepen the struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate and develop the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution. We must support the socialist new things, restrict bourgeois right, combat and prevent revisionism, consolidate the proletarian dictatorship, prevent capitalist restoration, build our country into a powerful socialist state, and fight for the final realization of communism.

The entire city has been immersed in grief since September 9. The people in Shanghai will never forget that Chairman Mao attended the Party's First National Congress and founded our great Party in Shanghai. They will never forget that it was Chairman Mao who commanded a million powerful troops of the P.L.A. in crossing the Yangtze River, overthrowing the Chiang dynasty, delivering the people of Shanghai from the abyss of suffering and transforming this old paradise of imperialist adventurers into a socialist new Shanghai. They will always remember that it was Chairman Mao who personally initiated in this city the criticism of the new historical play Hai Jui Dismissed From Office, approved and supported the struggle by the working class and other revolutionary people of Shanghai to seize power from the capitalist-roaders in the storm of the January revolution in 1967. And it was Chairman Mao who enthusiastically supported and highly praised the socialist new things that had emerged on all fronts. Recollections of all this filled the Shanghai people with a still more profound sense of loss as well as boundless esteem for Chairman Mao. In mourning the great leader Chairman Mao, the arnymen and civilians of Shanghai declared in one voice their wholehearted support for and resolve to carry out the militant call issued by Comrade Hsu Hsiao-feng on behalf of the Party Central Committee at the mass memorial meeting in the capital. They pledged to turn grief into strength, rally still more closely round the Party Central Committee, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, conscientiously implement the Party's basic line, continue to deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-p'ing and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, mourn the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao by concrete action, and carry the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end.

Tientsin

WANG Yi, secretary of the Tientsin municipal Party committee and commander of the Tientsin Garrison, presided over a memorial meeting attended by half a million arnymen and civilians in Tientsin. Hsieh Hau-ch'ung, first secretary of the Tientsin municipal Party committee and chairman of the municipal revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Hsieh Hau-ch'ung recalled the many inspection tours of the city by Chairman Mao and the many extremely
important instructions he gave to the Tientsin people. He said that Chairman Mao was a brilliant example of a proletarian revolutionary. Chairman Mao always showed the greatest concern for the masses, understood them best, trusted them most and had the greatest respect for their initiative and creativity. He was always with the masses and his heart was closely linked with theirs at all times. When we recall Chairman Mao's kind concern over the Tientsin people, Comrade Hsueh Hsueh-kung added, we cannot restrain our deep grief.

Comrade Hsueh Hsueh-kung led the armymen and civilians at the meeting in raising their right fists before a portrait of Chairman Mao, vowing to the Party Central Committee: We are determined to turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, rally closely round the Party Central Committee, "act according to the principles laid down" as Chairman Mao adjured us, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, keep to the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and carry the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end.

On the afternoon of September 18, the Hsiaochin-chuang Production Brigade in Paoti County on Tientsin's outskirts, the various districts and counties under the Tientsin municipality and grass-roots units in the city also held memorial meetings.

Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region and The Sinkiang Units of the P.L.A.

In Urumchi, capital of the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region which is in the forefront of the struggle against revisionism, 300,000 armymen and civilians of various nationalities took part in a mass memorial meeting. Recalling Chairman Mao's teachings and loving care and reviewing the earth-shaking changes that have taken place in Sinkiang since its liberation, they were filled with boundless veneration and love for the great leader.

The people of Sinkiang's various nationalities will never forget that in the disaster-ridden old society it was Chairman Mao who sent Chen Tung-chin and Mao Tse-min to Sinkiang, bringing to them the truths of revolution and igniting the flames of revolution. When the people of Sinkiang were longing for liberation night and day, it was Chairman Mao who sent the People's Liberation Army to rescue them from the abyss of misery. When Sinkiang had successfully accomplished the tasks of democratic reform, it was the radiance of Chairman Mao's brilliant policy on nationalities that guided the people of various nationalities in Sinkiang to realize national regional autonomy, strengthen the great unity of these nationalities and push socialist revolution and socialist construction forward. When the Soviet revisionists and the reactionaries engaged in a wild anti-China campaign, it was Chairman Mao who issued a series of extremely important directives to the people of Sinkiang concerning their struggle against revisionism, and it was Chairman Mao who led them in smashing Soviet revisionist subversion and sabotage and safeguarding the motherland's northwestern frontier. They declared: Chairman Mao's magnificent contributions are immortal and the radiance of Mao Tse-tung Thought will forever illuminate our road of advance.

Ismayil Aymat, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and political commissar of the P.L.A. Sinkiang Units, presided over the mass memorial meeting in Urumchi. Yang Ying, second secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of Sinkiang and commander of the P.L.A. Sinkiang Units, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Yang Ying said: We are determined to turn grief into strength, unite closely round the Party Central Committee, obey orders in all our actions, assiduously study the works by Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and by Chairman Mao, act according to the principles laid down by Chairman Mao, further develop the excellent situation in Sinkiang and build the motherland's northwestern frontier region into a wall of steel to combat and prevent revisionism.

The people of 13 nationalities in the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region and the commanders and fighters of P.L.A. units stationed in Sinkiang also held with deep grief solemn memorial meetings in the cities and towns where they live in compact communities or are garrisoned and in the farming
and pastoral areas and at their posts along the frontier.

**Kansu Province and the Lanchow Units of the P.L.A.**

A mass memorial meeting in Lanchow took place on the afternoon of September 18 with 300,000 armymen of the Lanchow Units of the P.L.A. and civilians in Kansu Province participating.

Sung Ping, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of Kansu Province, presided over the meeting. Hsien Heng-han, first secretary of the provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and political commissar of the Lanchow Units of the P.L.A., delivered a memorial speech. After recalling Chairman Mao’s magnificent contributions to the Chinese people and the revolutionary people of the world, he solemnly pledged to the Party Central Committee on behalf of the people of various nationalities in the province and the commanders and fighters of the P.L.A. Lanchow Units: We are determined to turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao’s behests, persist in taking class struggle as the key link, keep to the Party’s basic line, unite most closely round the Party Central Committee, and under the leadership of the Party Central Committee “act according to the principles laid down” as Chairman Mao adjured, steadfastly implement the line, principles and policies formulated by Chairman Mao, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, raise our vigilance a hundredfold, remain alert at our posts, be ready at all times to wipe out any enemy that dares to intrude, and safeguard the socialist state Chairman Mao personally created. That same afternoon, from Latzukou Pass, a natural barrier where the Red Army had once fought during its Long March, to the outposts along the northern frontier and from the Lungtung Plateau to the Hohsi (Kansu) Corridor, armymen and civilians of various nationalities also held solemn memorial meetings.

**Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region**

One hundred and fifty thousand armymen and civilians of various nationalities in Huhehot and from other parts of the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region held a solemn memorial meeting in Huhehot. Chih Pi-ching, second secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region, presided over the meeting. Yu Tai-chung, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and commander of the Inner Mongolian military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

Comrade Yu Tai-chung recalled in the memorial speech Chairman Mao’s magnificent contributions to the Chinese revolution led by him and firmly expressed the determination that the armymen and civilians in Inner Mongolia would always follow Chairman Mao’s teachings over the years and live up to his expectations. They would, he said, carry out Chairman Mao’s behests, turn grief into strength, closely rally round the Party Central Committee, follow Chairman Mao’s adjuration “Act according to the principles laid down” and carry through to the end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao. He stated: Inner Mongolia is situated in the motherland’s northern frontier region and we are determined to strengthen preparedness against war, heighten our vigilance and do a good job in army and militia building and in the work of army-civilian joint defense, so as to turn the motherland’s northern frontier into an iron wall in the struggle to combat and prevent revisionism and be ready at all times to wipe out any enemy that dares to intrude.

Solemn memorial meetings also were held on September 18 in every league, city, banner and county in the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region.

**Heilungkiang Province**

The memorial meeting with 500,000 participants from various parts of Heilungkiang Province and the city of Harbin was presided over by the secretary of the
Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of Harbin Li Chien-pai, Liu Kuang-tao, second secretary of the Party committee and first vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of Heilung-kiang Province and political commissar of the provincial military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

On behalf of all the armymen and civilians in the province, Liu Kuang-tao took the solemn oath: We will resolutely respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, closely rally round the Party Central Committee and follow Chairman Mao's adjuration to "act according to the principles laid down." We will study Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought harder, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and continue to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts in a deep-going way. We will grasp revolution and promote production and strive to fulfill and overfulfill the national economic plan. We will heighten our vigilance a hundredfold, make earnest efforts in our preparations against war, be ready at all times to destroy any enemy daring to intrude and defend the frontier region of our great socialist motherland.

**Kirin Province**

With the deepest grief, 400,000 representatives of the Party and government organizations, the army units and people of all walks of life in Kirin Province and the city of Changchun held a memorial meeting presided over by Chang Li-min, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of Changchun city. Wang Hui-hsing, first secretary of the provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and first political commissar of the Kirin military area command, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Wang Hui-hsing said that at the moment when the whole nation was grieving with the deepest sorrow, the people of various nationalities in Kirin Province cherished the memory of the great leader Chairman Mao in their hearts. The Party and government organizations and army units and the people of various nationalities in the entire province, he said, solemnly vowed that they were resolved to respond to the Party Central Committee's call, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration to "act according to the principles laid down," rally still more closely round the Party Central Committee, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, carry out Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and policies, and continue to unfold and deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and beat back the Right deviationist attempt. They pledged to grasp revolution and promote production and other work and preparedness against war, further consolidate the proletarian dictatorship and build Kirin Province into a strong bastion for combating and preventing revisionism.

Memorial meetings also took place on the afternoon of September 18 in Kirin, Siping, Panbei and Tung-hua Prefectures, and in the Yen-pien Korean Autonomous Prefecture and the Chelimu League as well as in all the 58 counties, cities and banners in the province.

**Liaoning Province and the Shenyang Units of the P.L.A.**

The memorial meeting attended by 500,000 representatives from all parts of Liaoning Province, the P.L.A. Shenyang Units and the city of Shenyang was presided over by Wu Yu-teh, member of the standing committee of the provincial Party committee and first secretary of the Shenyang city Party committee. Tseng Shao-shan, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of Liaoning Province and political commissar of the P.L.A. Shenyang Units, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Tseng Shao-shan said: At this saddest moment all Communist Party members, people of all nationalities in the province and all commanders and fighters of the Shenyang Units are determined to respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests and carry through to the end the cause of the proletarian revolution in China pioneered by Chairman Mao. He said: We will persevere in taking class struggle as the key link and adhere to the Party's basic line. We will rally most closely round the Party Central Committee, respond to its call and obey its orders and fulfill all the tasks it entrusts to us. We will carry on and deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt. We will strengthen the building of the army and militia and preparedness against war. We will keep to the principle of grasping revolution and promoting production and other work and preparedness against war so as to make greater achievements in industrial and agricultural production and all other endeavours. We pledge to conscientiously study Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and strive for the realization of the Party's basic programme and the great cause of communism.

**Shantung Province and the Tsinan Units of the P.L.A.**

Despite rain, the memorial meeting in Tsinan on the afternoon of September 18 was participated in by 600,000 armymen and civilians from the Party and government organizations of Shantung Province and the city of Tsinan and the P.L.A. Tsinan Units. Commander of the Tsinan Units Tseng Ssu-yu presided over the meeting and Pai Ju-ping, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of Shantung Province, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Pai Ju-ping gave a brief account of the mag-
nificent contributions made by the great leader and
teacher Chairman Mao to the Chinese people and the
revolutionary people the world over and recalled how
Chairman Mao had shown the warmest concern for the
armymen and civilians in Shantung. He said: Our deep
sorrow at the passing of Chairman Mao is as
immeasurable as the water of the ever-flowing Yellow
River and our reverence for him is higher than the
lofty Mount Tai. At the end of his speech, he led all
present in making the solemn vow to the Party Central
Committee: We are determined to persevere in taking
class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's
basic line and continue the revolution under the
dictatorship of the proletariat. We will obey the orders
of the Party-Central Committee in all our actions and
consciously safeguard the Party's unity and intergration.
We will assiduously study Marxism-Leninism-Mao
Tsengtung Thought, continue to conscientiously study
Chairman Mao's important instructions, deepen the
criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and carry on the great struggle
to repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing
correct verdicts and fulfill all the fighting tasks put
forward by the Party Central Committee.

On the afternoon of the same day, all prefectures,
cities, counties and army units in the province held
memorial meetings and paid tribute to the memory of
the esteemed and beloved great leader and teacher
Chairman Mao Tsengtung, the red sun in the hearts of
hundreds of millions of people.

**Fukien Province and the Foochow
Units of the P.L.A.**

A SOLEMN memorial meeting was held by 300,000
people of all circles in Fukien Province and the city
of Foochow and commanders and fighters of the army,
navy and air force of the P.L.A. Foochow Units. In
Chih-min, political commissar of the Foochow Units and
member of the standing committee of the Party committee of Fukien
Province, presided over the meeting. Secretary of the provincial
Party committee Chiang Li-yin
delivered a memorial speech.

Comrade Chiang Li-yin said that Chairman Mao personally led
the Workers' and Peasants' Red
Army in setting up the western
Fukien revolutionary base area. It
was under Chairman Mao's per-
sonal guidance that the historic
Fukien Meeting was held and he
wrote the ever-shining resolution of
the meeting, thereby formulating a
great programme for the building of
our Party and army. He added
that Chairman Mao was very con-
cerned about the great cause of
liberating Taiwan and reunifying
the motherland and per-
sonally directed our victorious struggle against
the Chiang gang entrenched on Taiwan, Penghu,
Quemoy and Matsu Islands. In these sad days of mourn-
ing the passing of Chairman Mao, he continued, we are
determined to turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman
Mao's behests, closely rally round the Party Central
Committee, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration to
"act according to the principles laid down" and carry
the cause of the proletarian revolution in China
pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end. He said
that they would heighten their vigilance a hundredfold,
strengthen preparedness against war, further fortify the
unity between the army and the government and
between the army and the people, do a good job in
army-civilian joint defence, deal resolute blows at the
counter-revolutionary sabotage activities by the class
counterrevolutionaries and be ready at all times to wipe out resolutely,
thoroughly, wholly and completely any enemy daring to
intrude. We must liberate Taiwan, he added.

**Hunan Province**

On September 18, the broad masses of people in
Hunan Province, standing in silence with tearful
eyes looking in the direction of Peking, listened to the
live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in the
capital. In Changsha, the provincial capital, more than
200,000 armymen and civilians held a memorial meeting
to deeply mourn the passing of Chairman Mao. The
meeting was presided over by Wan Tsan, secretary of the
Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary
committee of Hunan Province. Chiang Ping-hua, second
secretary of the provincial Party committee and first
vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary
committee and political commissar of the P.L.A. Kwang-
chow Units, delivered a memorial speech. Over the past
few days, Comrade Chiang Ping-hua said, all Com-

Standing in front of Chairman Mao's former residence, armymen and civil-
ians in Shaoshan mourn with deep grief the passing of Chairman Mao.

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members, workers, peasants, soldiers and revolutionary cadres in Chairman Mao's native province have grieved beyond words over the death of their most esteemed and beloved great leader and teacher Chairman Mao. Hunan is the province where Chairman Mao first began his revolutionary activities. Chairman Mao's great revolutionary practice in Hunan and his warm concern for the Hunan people have been deeply imprinted in the minds of the people of the entire province.

We must, he continued, carry out Chairman Mao's behest, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, and persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. He said that they would closely rally round the Party Central Committee, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration to "act according to the principles laid down," deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and continue the struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate and develop the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution and further consolidate the dictatorship of the proletariat. We will strengthen preparedness against war and raise our vigilance a hundredfold in defending the south gate of our motherland. We will deal heavy blows to all sabotage activities by class enemies. We are determined to liberate Taiwan.

On Yunghsing Island, site of the revolutionary committee of the Haisha, Nansha and Chungsha Islands, naval commanders and fighters and militiamen who had performed meritorious service in the counterattack in defense of the Haisha Islands listened to the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in Peking and joined the 800 million people throughout the country in mourning the great leader Chairman Mao. They took a solemn oath before Chairman Mao's portrait: The sons and daughters of Haisha will advance along Chairman Mao's revolutionary line, defend and build up Haisha and make sure that our motherland's five-star red flag will always fly high over the South China Sea islands.

Kwangtung Province and the Kwangchow Units of the P.L.A.

Eight hundred thousand armymen and civilians of Kwangtung Province and the city of Kwangchow and fighters and commanders of the P.L.A. Kwangchow Units gathered at a memorial meeting in the rain.

Kung Shih-chuan, political commissar of the P.L.A. Kwangchow Units, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was made by Wang Shou-tao, secretary of the Kwangtung provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. On behalf of the armymen and civilians of Kwangtung Province, Comrade Wang Shou-tao solemnly vowed: We will resolutely follow our great leader Chairman Mao's adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down" and adhere to Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line and policies. We will rally very closely round the Party Central Committee to which the entire Party is subordinate and resolutely safeguard the unity and unification of the Party. We will carry on the cause left behind by Chairman Mao, "Practise Marxism, and not revisionism; unite, and don't split; be open and aboveboard, and don't intrigue and conspire" and carry the cause of the proletarian revolution in China which Chairman Mao pioneered through to the end. We will firmly bear in mind Chairman Mao's teachings and, at all times and under all circumstances, take class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and uphold proletarian internationalism. Throughout the historical period of socialism, we will persevere in criticizing the bourgeoisie and revisionism, restrict bourgeois right and resolutely fight against the capitalist-roaders in the Party. At present, we must continue to deepen the struggle initiated by Chairman Mao to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate and develop the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution and further consolidate the dictatorship of the proletariat. We will strengthen preparedness against war and raise our vigilance a hundredfold in defending the south gate of our motherland. We will deal heavy blows to all sabotage activities by class enemies. We are determined to liberate Taiwan.

Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region

Two hundred thousand people of 12 nationalities—Chuang, Han, Miao, Yao, Tung, Miao, Maonan, King, Hui, Yi, Shui and Kelao—and commanders and fighters of the P.L.A. held a memorial meeting in Nanning, capital of the Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region.

The meeting was presided over by Liu Chung-kuei, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of the Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region. An Ping-sheng, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and first political commissar of the P.L.A. Kwangsi military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

Comrade An Ping-sheng said: As early as during the First Revolutionary Civil War period, Chairman Mao sowed the revolutionary seeds among the Chuang people and kindled the flames of revolutionary armed struggle on both banks of the Hungshui River. During the year of the big leap forward in socialist construction, Chairman Mao came to Kwangsi, received the people of various nationalities and led the people in swimming in the Yungchien River in winter, encouraging them to victoriously advance in the teeth of storms.
During the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, Chairman Mao issued very important instructions on many occasions concerning the struggle between the two classes and two lines in Kwangsi, guiding the people of various nationalities to win great victory in the Great Cultural Revolution. From their own experience, the people in Kwangsi are keenly aware that “only socialism can save China.” They owe their happy life today to Chairman Mao’s leadership. Comrade An Fung-sheng added: “Our great leader Chairman Mao adjured us: “Act according to the principles laid down.” We people of all nationalities in Kwangsi are determined to follow Chairman Mao’s adju ration, carry out his behests, persist in taking class struggle as the key link, keep to the Party’s basic line, practice Marxism and not revisionism. unite and don’t split, be open and above board and don’t intrigue and conspire, and persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat.

Hopei Province

The memorial meeting held by Hopei Province and the city of Shihchiachuang was attended by 450,000 people.

Lu Yu-lan, deputy secretary of the Hopei provincial party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting. Ma Hui, secretary of the Hopei provincial Party committee, vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and commander of the P.L.A. Hopei military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

Comrade Ma Hui recapitulated Chairman Mao’s glorious revolutionary practice and his loving care for the Hopei people. He said: Chairman Mao came to Hopei many times to carry out inspections and issued many very important instructions, giving the people of our province a profound education and great inspiration. After the strong earthquake hit the Tungshan-Fengnan area this year, Chairman Mao showed great concern for the people afflicted though he was ill. With the powerful support of the People’s Liberation Army and the people throughout the country, the stricken area has won great victories in anti-quake and relief work in a very short period. Great as heaven is, Chairman Mao’s kindness is still greater. Chairman Mao was the great liberator of the people of all nationalities in our country.

Comrade Ma Hui continued: Chairman Mao adjured us: “Act according to the principles laid down.” We will always follow Chairman Mao’s teachings, carry out Chairman Mao’s behests, rally closely round the Party Central Committee, persist in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party’s basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts and carry the cause of the proletarian revolution in China which Chairman Mao pioneered through to the end.

That same day, 400,000 armymen and civilians in the earthquake-stricken Tungshan area took part in a mass memorial meeting with deputy commander of the P.L.A. Peking Units Hsiao Hsuan-chin presiding. Liu Tzu-hou, first secretary of the Hopei provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. Many people shed no tears when they lost their kith and kin in the earthquake. But in the days of mourning Chairman Mao’s passing, they could not restrain their grief and burst into tears. They said with deep emotion: Just when we won great victory in anti-quake and relief work, Chairman Mao left us. We will firmly bear in mind Chairman Mao’s teachings, take class struggle as the key link, make the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping a motive force, grasp revolution and promote production, resolutely fight against national disasters, rely on our own efforts to rebuild our homes, win still greater victories in anti-quake and relief work, and honour Chairman Mao’s memory by concrete actions.

Shansi Province

With the deepest grief and boundless esteem, 500,000 armymen and civilians in Shansi Province and Taiyuan city attended a memorial meeting.

The meeting was presided over by Han Ying, secretary of the Shansi provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. Wang Chien, first secretary of the Shansi provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. On behalf of the 23 million armymen and civilians in the province, Comrade Wang Chien took the solemn oath: We are determined to carry out Chairman Mao’s behests, follow his adjuration “Act according to the principles laid down,” unite still more closely round the Party Central Committee and assiduously study the works by Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and by Chairman Mao. We will deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, persevere in fighting against the capitalist-roaders in the Party and make energetic efforts in grasping revolution, promoting production and other work and preparedness against war. We will honour the memory of Chairman Mao by concrete actions and carry the cause of the proletarian revolution in China which Chairman Mao pioneered through to the end.

Shensi Province

In Shensi Province, 600,000 people and representatives from various circles attended a mass memorial meeting in Sian in the rain.

The meeting was presided over by Wang Lin, first secretary of the Sian city Party committee and chairman of the city’s revolutionary committee. A memorial
speech was delivered by Li Jui-shan, first secretary of the Shensi provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and first political commissar of the Shensi military area command. In his speech, Comrade Li Jui-shan spoke of the magnificent contributions of Chairman Mao to the Chinese people and the revolutionary people of the world, and recalled the great practice of Chairman Mao in leading the Chinese revolution while in Yenan and the many important directives Chairman Mao had issued concerning revolution and construction in Shensi after liberation. On behalf of the people of the whole province, he expressed the firm determination to carry the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end. He said: We will do as Chairman Mao adjured and “act according to the principles laid down” and closely unite round the Party Central Committee, follow the commands of the Party Central Committee in whatever we do, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts through to the end, inherit and develop the Yenan spirit, grasp revolution and promote production and strive to win still greater victories in socialist revolution and socialist construction.

Full of profound proletarian feelings for Chairman Mao, many veteran Red Armymen, Eighth Route Armymen and cadres who had followed Chairman Mao fighting up and down the country, veteran workers and model labourers who had lived in misery in the old society, and Red Guards who had been reviewed by Chairman Mao during the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution said with deep grief: We will never forget that Chairman Mao spent 13 years in Yenan leading the Chinese revolution, and that Chairman Mao wrote in a cave-dwelling in Yenan his brilliant works lighting up the path to victory for the Chinese revolution. Immediately after the founding of the People’s Republic of China, Chairman Mao sent his brilliant “Cable of

Reply” to the people of Yenan and the Shensi-Kansu-Ningsia Border Region, encouraging us to continue to give play to the style of plain living and hard work and resolutely continue the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. Chairman Mao’s benevolence is deeper than the ocean and higher than heaven. Chairman Mao’s magnificent contributions are immortal.

Ningsia Hui Autonomous Region

WITH profound grief and boundless reverence for Chairman Mao, 130,000 people of Hui, Han, Mongolian and other nationalities in the Ningsia Hui Autonomous Region held a memorial meeting in Yinchuan, capital of the autonomous region.

Chang Ku-ef-chin, secretary of the autonomous region’s Party committee and political commissar of the Ningsia military area command, presided over the meeting. Kang Chien-min, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Kang Chien-min called on the armymen and civilians of the whole autonomous region to rally closely round the Party Central Committee, follow Chairman Mao’s adjuration “Act according to the principles laid down,” resolutely take class struggle as the key link, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and beat back the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, heighten their vigilance and strengthen preparedness against war and advance valiantly along Chairman Mao’s revolutionary line.

People of various nationalities who attended the memorial meeting pledged that they will give play to the thoroughgoing proletarian revolutionary spirit as described by Chairman Mao in his poem “Mount Liupan — to the tune of Ching Ping Yueh,” “If we fail to reach the Great Wall we are not men,” carry through to the end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao so that the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought will fly for ever on Mount Liupan!

Kiangsu Province and the Nanking Units of the P.L.A.

A TOTAL of 400,000 people from Kiangsu Province, the Nanking Units of the P.L.A. and the city of Nanking took part in a solemn mass memorial meeting.

Ting Sheng, commander of the Nanking Units of the P.L.A., presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Peng Chung, first secretary of the Kiangsu provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. Comrade Peng Chung said that Comrade Hua Kuo-feng’s memorial speech at the mass memorial meeting for

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the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao Tse-tung fully expressed the boundless esteem and deep grief of the 55 million people of Kiangsu and the commanders and fighters of the P.L.A. Nan-king Units for Chairman Mao, and also fully expressed their firm determination and iron will to carry out Chairman Mao's behests. We will turn our boundless grief into a tremendous force, resolutely respond to the call of the Party Central Committee and strive hard to fulfill Chairman Mao's behests, he said.

Comrade Peng Chung led everyone at the meeting in taking the vow with raised fists: We will carry out Chairman Mao's behests, unswervingly defend the unity and unification of the Party, rally most closely round the Party Central Committee and follow the directives of the Party Central Committee. We will “act according to the principles laid down” as Chairman Mao adjured. We will take class struggle as the key link, adhere to Chairman Mao's revolutionary line, continue to deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and further unfold the struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts. We will not fail to live up to the teachings of Chairman Mao over the years and his ardent expectations, and we will turn grief into strength, unite still closer, do better work, overcome all difficulties and always advance boldly along the revolutionary course charted by Chairman Mao.

Chekiang Province

WITH the deepest grief, more than 200,000 arynmen and civilians in Chekiang Province and the city of Hangchow attended a mass memorial meeting.

Lai Ko-ko, secretary of the Chekiang provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Tseh Ying, secretary of the provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. On behalf of the arynmen and civilians of the whole province, Comrade Tseh Ying pledged to the Party Central Committee that they would carry out Chairman Mao's behests, turn grief into strength, unite closely round the Party Central Committee, “act according to the principles laid down” as Chairman Mao had enjoined, resolutely implement Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and persist in taking class struggle as the key link, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, unite as one, fight on, overcome all difficulties and advance boldly along the revolutionary course charted by Chairman Mao. We are determined to liberate Taiwan, he stressed.

Tibet Autonomous Region

MORE than 50,000 people from Party and government organizations, arynmen and civilians in the Tibet Autonomous Region, with profound grief and full of esteem for Chairman Mao, attended a solemn mass memorial meeting in the Working People's Palace of Culture in Lhasa to mourn the passing of the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao.

Tien Pao, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and second political commissar of the Tibet military area command, presided over the memorial meeting. Jen Jung, first secretary of the Party committee and acting chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and first political commissar of the Tibet military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

In his speech, Comrade Jen Jung recalled how the great liberator Chairman Mao had led the people of various nationalities to win victory after victory. He said: All the victories won in socialist revolution and construction in Tibet are great victories for Mao Tse-tung's Thought and Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and great victories for his policy towards the nationalities. Without the brilliant leadership of Chairman Mao there would be no flourishing socialist new Tibet and there would be no happy life for us today.

On behalf of the people of all walks of life, cadres and the people of various nationalities, Comrade Jen Jung pledged to firmly respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, closely unite round the Party Central Committee, strengthen the great unity among the various nationalities, resolutely carry out Chairman Mao's adjuration to “act according to the principles laid down,” persist in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and carry on the struggle to
repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts and win new victories in grasping revolution, promoting production and other work and preparedness against war.

Szechuan Province and the Chengtu Units of the P.L.A.

The mass memorial meeting in Chengtu was attended by half a million armymen and civilians of various nationalities of the province, the Chengtu Units of the P.L.A. and the city of Chengtu.

Liu Hsing-yuan, commander of the P.L.A. Chengtu Units, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Chao Tzu-yang, first secretary of the Szechuan provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. Comrade Chao Tzu-yang said in his speech: With boundless grief Szechuan's 80 million people and armymen mourn our great leader Chairman Mao. We will remember forever Chairman Mao's teachings and his benevolence and defend and implement Chairman Mao's revolutionary line for generation after generation. Chairman Mao adjured us: "Act according to the principles laid down." We vow to the Party Central Committee that we will resolutely rally round the Party Central Committee and act in accordance with the policies laid down by Chairman Mao and the Party Central Committee, resolutely take class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line and persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and uphold proletarian internationalism. We will diligently study the works of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and Chairman Mao's works, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and the struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, strive hard to grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war. Under the leadership of the Party Central Committee, we will unite closely, be resolute, fear no sacrifice and surmount every difficulty to win new victories in socialist revolution and socialist construction.

Hupeh Province and the Wuhan Units of the P.L.A.

A solemn mass memorial meeting was held in Wuhan. It was attended by 800,000 armymen and civilians of Hupeh Province and the city of Wuhan.

At 3 p.m., other people who had gathered at the site of the Central National Institute of the Peasant Movement personally established by Chairman Mao in Wuchang, at the Wuhan Iron and Steel Company, the Wuhan Heavy Machine Tools Plant, the Wuchang Shipyard, Wuhan University, the No. 1 State Cotton Mill and other places where Chairman Mao had inspected, listened to the broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in Peking. When they looked up at the portrait of Chairman Mao, their hearts were filled with deep grief.

Wang Ke-wen, secretary of the Hupeh provincial Party committee, first secretary of the Wuhan city Party committee and chairman of the Wuhan city revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Chao Hsin-chu, first secretary of the Hupeh provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and political commissar of the P.L.A. Wuhan Units. Comrade Chao Hsin-chu said: We will resolutely respond to the Party Central Committee's call, unite most closely round the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, "Act according to the principles laid down," take class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, continue to deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, resolutely fight a protracted war against capitalist-roaders in the Party, implement more thoroughly the great policy of "grasping revolution, promoting production and other work and preparedness against war" and carry the great proletarian revolutionary cause through to the end.

More than 30,000 commanders and fighters in the army, navy and air force units stationed in the city of Wuhan under the P.L.A. Wuhan Units also held a mass memorial meeting. It was presided over by Wang Ping, political commissar of the Wuhan Units. A memorial speech was delivered by Yang Teh-chih, commander of the Wuhan Units. Comrade Yang Teh-chih led everyone in a solemn vow: We will resolutely respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, unite closely round the Party Central Committee, follow the commands of the Party Central Committee in whatever we do, resolutely defend the unity and unification of the Party, implement Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and boldly defend Chairman Mao's revolutionary line. We will firmly implement Chairman Mao's proletarian line in army building, give full play to the glorious tradition of our army, further strengthen army building and militia building, heighten our vigilance, strengthen preparedness against war, be ready at all times to wipe out any enemy who dares to intrude. We will resolutely fulfill the various tasks given us by the Party Central Committee and the Military Commission of the Party Central Committee. We are determined to liberate Taiwan.

Honan Province

The memorial meeting held in Chenchow was attended by 300,000 armymen and civilians from various parts of the province and the city of Chenchow.

The meeting was presided over by Chang Shu-chih, secretary of the Honan provincial Party committee, vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and commander of the P.L.A. Honan military area command. Liu Chien-hsun, first secretary of the Honan provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial
speech. Chairman Mao, said Comrade Liu Chien-hsun, was the greatest Marxist of the contemporary era and all our victories are victories for Chairman Mao's revolutionary line. Chairman Mao time and again enjoined us to read and study conscientiously and have a good grasp of Marxism. We must assiduously study the works by Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and by Chairman Mao, have a real understanding of the nature, tasks, target and prospects of the socialist revolution, be clear from the level of integrating theory with practices about the truth that the bourgeoisie "is right in the Communist Party," and foster in our minds the concept of carrying out a long-term struggle against the bourgeoisie inside the Party. We must rally closely round the Party Central Committee, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, follow his adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, carry through to the end the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-p'ing and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, and for ever advance courageously along the revolutionary course charted by Chairman Mao.

The Nanchuihuang Brigade in Anyang County, the Yingchu Brigade in Fengchu County, the Kwang Kuo Tien Ti Ta Yu Tso Wei (meaning there is plenty of room in the countryside for young people to develop their talents) Commune in Hsinhsien County, the Chihying Commune in Hsinhsien County and other places and units which Chairman Mao had inspected or mentioned in his directives also sent representatives to Chong-chow to attend the memorial meeting.

**Anhwei Province**

IN Hefei, 300,000 armymen and civilians from this provincial capital and other parts of Anhwei Province held a memorial meeting to mourn the passing of the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao. It was presided over by Hao Yi-ch'en, secretary of the Hefei city Party committee and vice-chairman of the city revolutionary committee. Sung Pei-chang, first secretary of the provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and first political commissar of the Anhwei military area command of the P.L.A., delivered a memorial speech.

At the same time, two million armymen and civilians in the province attended memorial meetings at the city, prefectural and county levels.

Among those attending the memorial meetings were many veteran cadres who had followed Chairman Mao in fighting across the length and breadth of the country or had reported their work in person to Chairman Mao. Red Guards who had been reviewed by Chairman Mao as well as representatives of workers, peasants and soldiers who had the honour to see Chairman Mao during his inspection tours to Anhwei.

In the days of mourning Chairman Mao with deep grief, the people in various parts of this province called to mind the affectionate concern shown them by Chairman Mao. This made them all the more reverent their respected and beloved leader and teacher Chairman Mao and cherish his memory. They said it was Mao Tse-tung Thought that had guided the people in the Taiping Mountains on to the road of armed struggle. Not long after liberation, Chairman Mao issued the great call that "the Huai River must be harnessed" and personally gave instructions on six documents concerning agricultural co-operatives in Anhwei Province. In the fiesty year of the big leap forward in socialist construction, Chairman Mao came on inspection tours of Anhwei twice. During the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, Chairman Mao, in a directive written on a report from P.L.A. units in Anhwei, timely issued the great call that "the People's Liberation Army should support the broad masses of the Left." Anhwei's every step forward was steeped in Chairman Mao's loving care. While deeply mourning the great leader Chairman Mao, the 45 million Anhwei people expressed their determination to follow Chairman Mao's adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," rally closely round the Party Central Committee, firmly implement Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-p'ing and carry on the struggle to beat back the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, strive hard to grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and carry through the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao to the very end.

**Kiangsi Province**

A MEMORIAL meeting attended by 150,000 armymen and civilians in the provincial capital and from other parts of Kiangsi Province took place in Nanchang.

Huang Chih-chen, secretary of the Kiangsi provincial Party committee, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was made by Chiang Wei-ch'ing, first secretary of the Kiangsi provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and first political commissar of the Kiangsi military area command of the P.L.A. Comrade Chiang Wei-ch'ing said: Chairman Mao's lofty image and his revolutionary contributions are immortal. Recalling the militant course of the revolution, he said, we people in the Chingkangshan area have come to the deep understanding that the present excellent situation—which has developed from "a single spark" in the Chingkang Mountains to "everywhere orioles sing, swallows dart" throughout the country today—has been brought about under the guidance of Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and is a great victory for Mao Tse-tung Thought. We solemnly pledge to rally closely round the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests and follow his adjuration "Act..."
according to the principles laid down.” We will persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party’s basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts. We are determined to work hard to grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, win fresh victories in socialist revolution and construction and carry the proletarian revolutionary cause in China Chairman Mao pioneered through to the end.

Kweichow Province

With profound grief, 400,000 armymen and civilians of Kweichow Province and the provincial capital Kweiyang gathered at a memorial meeting in Kweiyang to mourn the passing of Chairman Mao.

Wu Hsiang-pi, secretary of the Kweichow provincial Party committee, presided over the meeting. Li Pao-hua, second secretary of the provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Li Pao-hua said: We will follow Chairman Mao's adjuration “Act according to the principles laid down,” rally still more closely the Party Central Committee, unwaveringly implement Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line and policies, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line and persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. We will continue to deepen the struggle personally initiated by Chairman Mao to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and beat back the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate and develop the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, warmly support the socialist new things, criticize the bourgeois and revisionism, persist in struggling against capitalists inside the Party, study hard Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, consciously restrict bourgeois right, further consolidate the dictatorship of the proletariat and carry through to the end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao!

Yunnan Province and the Kunming Units of the P.L.A.

KUNMING was the site of a memorial meeting attended by 250,000 people of various nationalities in Yunnan Province and the city of Kunming as well as fighters and commanders of the P.L.A. Kunming Units.

People of 22 nationalities — Han, Yi, Pai, Tai, Hani, Chuang, Miao, Wa, Lisu, Hui, Naxi, Lahu, Chingpo, Yao, Tibetan, Pulang, Achang, Pumi, Nu, Mongolian, Tulung and Penglung — as well as the Chino and Kutsung peoples attended the meeting. With the deepest grief, the people, wearing plain-coloured clothes, filed in formations into the square where the meeting was held. When the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in Peking started, armymen and civilians stood in silent tribute together with the one million people gathered in Tien An Men Square in Peking. They were extremely grieved at the loss of their most beloved great leader and liberator of the people of all nationalities in China. Many cried their hearts out.

Wang Pi-cheng, commander of the Kunming Units of the P.L.A., secretary of the Yunnan provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Chia Chi-yun, first secretary of the Yunnan provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. He said: We will turn grief into strength, carry out our great leader Chairman Mao's behests, follow his adjuration “Act according to the principles laid down,” persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line and persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. We will rally closely round the Party Central Committee, firmly safeguard the unity and unification of the Party, consolidate the great unity of the people of various nationalities, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and beat back the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and fight to the very end to build China into a powerful socialist country and finally realize communism.

Chinghai Province

A MASS memorial meeting took place in the ancient city of Sining on the Chinghai Plateau. It was attended by 200,000 armymen and civilians in the city and from other parts of Chinghai Province.

Sung Chang-keng, secretary of the Chinghai provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting; Chang Chang-lin, second secretary of the Chinghai provincial Party committee, first vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and commander of the Chinghai military area command of the P.L.A., made a memorial speech. On behalf of the three million people of various nationalities in Chinghai, he pledged before a portrait of Chairman Mao to rally closely round the Party Central Committee, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration “Act according to the principles laid down,” uphold Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line, continue to deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and the struggle to beat back the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, further consolidate and develop the fruits of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, persist in grasping revolution, promoting production and other work and preparedness against war, and carry through to the very end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China Chairman Mao pioneered.

September 30, 1976
Chairman Mao's Passing Deeply Mourned Throughout the World

The passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung has been mourned with profound grief since September 9 in many countries and by many people throughout the world. They have expressed heartfelt love and boundless respect for Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people and the great teacher of the international proletariat, the oppressed nations and oppressed people.

The Governments of Romania, Laos, Niger, Ethiopia, Madagascar, Zambia, Algeria, Uganda, Mozambique, Kuwait, Nigeria, Botswana, Gambia, Guyana, Panama, Chile, Yugoslavia, Cyprus, New Zealand, Canada, France, Switzerland, Turkey and West Germany expressed their deep sorrow at the death of Chairman Mao by flying their flags at half-mast throughout their respective countries or on government and parliament buildings. A number of them declared September 18 a day of national mourning, others officially set several days aside as a period of national mourning. Preliminary figures show that 53 countries have flown their flags at half-mast.

State leaders or their representatives and government representatives of 105 countries have made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassies; 169 cables or letters of condolence have been sent to China by 123 heads of state or government. Marxist-Leninist Parties and organizations of many countries in the five continents have sent cables or letters of condolence to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China.

The parliaments of Sierra Leone, Mauritius, Jamaica, the Netherlands and Australia have held memorial meetings or adopted resolutions mourning the passing of Chairman Mao.

In the past few days, the governments and people of many countries have solemnly held memorial meetings or large-scale processions to mourn the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. They have recalled the glorious revolutionary exploits of Chairman Mao and highly praised his great contributions to the liberation of the Chinese people, to the liberation of the oppressed nations and oppressed people the world over and to the communist cause. Korea, Albania, Romania and Democratic Kampuchea have held solemn mass memorial meetings or memorial meetings at grass-roots level. Condolence processions and other mourning activities, involving 10,000-20,000 people in some cases, have been held in many places in Tanzania. Memorial meetings have also been held in Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, the Congo, Benin and Zambia.

Memorial meetings deeply mourning Chairman Mao's passing have also been held by Marxist-Leninist Parties, mass organizations and friendship organizations in Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, the Philippines, India, Sierra Leone, Nigeria, Peru, Venezuela, Japan, Norway, Finland, Denmark, Sweden, Switzerland, the Netherlands, Britain, France, West Germany, Italy, Austria, Greece, Australia, Canada and the United States.

Delegates to many international conferences have expressed mourning for and paid tributes to Chairman Mao. At the opening ceremony of the 31st Session of the U.N. General Assembly on September 21, representatives from more than 140 member states observed a one minute silence for Chairman Mao's passing. Earlier, at meetings of other U.N. bodies, delegates also expressed deepest condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao. In Mexico City, when the conference on economic co-operation among the developing countries opened on September 13, the delegates from 104 countries and international organizations all stood for a minute in silent mourning for Chairman Mao.

In London, on the same day, delegates of a number of countries attending the 61st Session of the Legal Committee of the Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization and officials of the organization's secretariat expressed profound condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. On September 18, the secretariat flew its flag at half-mast at its headquarters in mourning for the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

When a special plenary session of the Communications Division of the International Civil Aviation Organization was held in Montreal, Canada, on September 9, all the delegates stood in silent tribute for one minute mourning the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. Flags were flown at half-mast that afternoon.

Upon learning the news of the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the European Conference of Heavy Ion Nuclear Physics in session in Caen, northwestern France, suspended its proceedings during the afternoon of September 9 and about 400 delegates from 28 countries stood in silence as a symbol of their sincere grief on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

(Hsinhua News Agency, September 21)
Deep Condolences for Chinese People’s Great Leader Chairman Mao at Chinese Missions Abroad

Democratic People’s Republic of Korea

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers’ Party of Korea, President of the State of the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea and the great leader of the Korean people, on the afternoon of September 10 called at the Chinese Embassy in Pyongyang to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. He presented a wreath.

President Kim Il Sung stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung. He then told Shih Kuo-pao, Charge d’Affaires ad interim of the Chinese Embassy: “I feel deeply grieved over the passing away of Comrade Mao Tsetung. The whole membership of our Party and all the people of our country as well as I myself are in boundless sorrow like the Chinese people.”

“I believe that the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of Korea and China founded by Comrade Mao Tsetung will last for generations. We are determined to side for ever with the Chinese people and fight shoulder to shoulder with them against the common enemy.”

“Please convey our condolences to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and the Chinese people.”

President Kim Il Sung wrote in the book of condolence: “I express deep condolences over the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people, the closest comrade-in-arms of the Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement.

“Comrade Mao Tsetung was the great proletarian revolutionary who founded the Communist Party of China, the Chinese People’s Liberation Army and the People’s Republic of China, led the revolutionary cause of the Chinese people to brilliant victory and performed immortal exploits in accelerating the liberation cause of the oppressed nations and oppressed people and the victory of the international communist movement and in strengthening and developing the friendship and unity between the peoples of Korea and China.”

“The death of Comrade Mao Tsetung is a great loss not only to the Chinese people but also to the Korean people and the world revolutionary people.”

“Though Comrade Mao Tsetung has departed from us, his precious exploits will shine for ever.”

The Central Committee of the Workers’ Party of Korea, the Central People’s Committee of the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea and the D.P.R.K. Administration Council sent wreaths to the Chinese Embassy on September 10.

Other Korean Party and government leaders paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy on September 10 were: Kim Dong Gyu, Kang Iyang Uk, Pak Sung Chul, O Jin U, So Chol, Li Gun Mo, Yun Young Muk, Li Yong Mu, Chon Mun Gop, Hyon Mu Gwang, O Bae Ryong, Han Ik Su, Kim Yong Nam Kim Chol Man, Kang Song San, Ho Dam, Kong Jin Tae, Yun Gi Bok, Li Jong Ok, Kim Hwan and Hwang Jung Yop.

Albania

Comrade Enver Hoxha, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour, called at the Chinese Embassy in Tirana on the morning of September 10 to express deep grief and condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung and laid a wreath before his portrait.

Among those who also made condolence calls at the Embassy were Haxhi Lleshi, President of the Presidium of the People’s Assembly of the People’s Republic of Albania; Mihmet Shehu, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour and Chairman of the Council of Ministers; and other Albanian Party and state leaders Adil Carnani, Haki Toska, Hekuran Isai, Hyami Kano, Kadri Hazbiu, Manush Mjftiu, Pali Miska, Ramiz Aila, Rita Marko, Spiro Koleka, Llambi Gjegjefiti, Pilq Peristeri, Qirjako Mihali, Xhafer Spahiu and Petro Doda.

Comrades Nexhmi Hoxha and Nesti Mase also made condolence calls.

September 30, 1976
In deep grief and sincerity, Enver Hoxha, Haxhi Lelesi, Mehmet Shehu and other Albanian comrades stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung. Then, Comrade Hoxha told Han Po, Charge d’Affaires ad interim of the Chinese Embassy: "On behalf of the Albanian people, the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour, the Presidium of the People’s Assembly, the Council of Ministers and all Albanian Communists, I express deepest condolences on the passing away of Comrade Mao Tsetung, outstanding and glorious Marxist-Leninist, the great leader of the Chinese people and the most esteemed friend of Albania. He will live in our hearts for ever. We will certainly strengthen friendship and unity between our two Parties, our two peoples and our two countries. Eternal glory to Comrade Mao Tsetung!"

A wreath was laid jointly by the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour, the Presidium of the People’s Assembly and the Council of Ministers.

Representatives of the ministries and committees of the Albanian Government, mass organizations, the Executive Committee of the Tirana District People’s Council, factories and mines, agricultural co-operatives and schools also made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Romania

Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the Socialist Republic of Romania, called at the Chinese Embassy in Bucharest on the afternoon of September 11 to express deep condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Accompanying him were Elena Ceausescu, Member of the Executive Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party, Manca Manescu, Member of the Executive Political Committee of the Party Central Committee and Prime Minister, and other Romanian Party and state leaders Stefan Voitec, Emil Bobu, Cornel Burtica, Gheorghe Ciocara, Lina Ciobanu, Janos Fazekas, Paul Niculescu, Gheorghe Oprea, Gheorghe Pana, Ion Patan, Dumitru Popescu, Gheorghe Radulescu, Leonte Rautu, Iosif Uglar, Ilie Verdet, Stefan Andrei, Iosif Banc, Teodor Coman, Mihai Daca, Ion Dincu, Mihai Gere, Nicolae Giosan, Vasile Patilinet, Ion Ursu, Constantin Dascălescu and Aurel Duma as well as Romanian Minister of Foreign Affairs George Macovescu.

In the mourning hall were wreaths from Nicolae Ceausescu, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the Socialist Republic of Romania, the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party, the State Council and the government.

Nicolae Ceausescu and other Romanian Party and government leaders stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung and signed the condolence book. Comrade Ceausescu said to Chinese Ambassador Comrade Li Ting-chuan: Chairman Mao Tsetung was an outstanding man who devoted all his life to the cause of revolution and construction of New China and made important contributions to the struggle against imperialism, colonialism and neo-colonialism and the cause for world peace and socialism. Comrade Ceausescu described his meeting with Comrade Mao Tsetung in Peking in 1971 as a particularly important event in the history of the development of the relations of friendship and co-operation between the two Parties, the two countries and the two peoples. He stressed that Chairman Mao Tsetung was an outstanding fighter in the international communist movement and a great friend of the Romanian people. His death is a great loss not only to the Chinese people but also to the Romanian people. Comrade Ceausescu reaffirmed the feelings of solidarity and friendship cherished by the Romanian Communist Party and the Romanian people for the Communist Party of China and the Chinese people during moments of grief. He expressed the resolve of the Romanian Communist Party and the Romanian people to exert all efforts to further develop the relations of friendship and co-operation between the two Parties, the two countries and the two peoples.

Among those who made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also members and alternate members of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party, members of the State Council and the government, directors of departments of the Party Central Committee, top-ranking generals, leading members of central government organs, mass organizations, industrial enterprises, educational and cultural institutions, prominent figures of various circles and representatives of the masses.

Democratic Kampuchea

Khieu Samphan, President of the Presidium of the State of Democratic Kampuchea; Nuon Chea, Chairman of the Permanent Committee of the People’s Congress of Kampuchea; and Polpot, Prime Minister of the Government of Democratic Kampuchea called at the Chinese Embassy in Phnom Penh on the morning of September 13 to extend most profound condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Prime Minister Polpot said to Chinese Ambassador Sun Hao: "On behalf of the Kampuchean revolutionary organization, the Kampuchean people, the Presidium of the State of Democratic Kampuchea, the Permanent Committee of the People’s Congress of Kampuchea, the Government of Democratic Kampuchea and the Kampuchean Revolutionary Army, we have come to the Embassy of the People’s Republic of China with extreme grief and regret to extend our boundless revolutionary affection and esteem to the memory of the sublime soul of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the esteemed and beloved great leader of the Chinese people—our fraternal comrades-in-arms, the outstanding teacher of the world proletariat and the oppressed nations and oppressed people, and the closest and most warmhearted comrades-in-arms of the Kampuchean people.”
The Prime Minister added: "Though Chairman Mao Tsetung has left the Chinese people and the oppressed people of the world, his name and Mao Tsetung Thought will live forever in the hearts of the revolutionary people of China and the oppressed people of the world."

Accompanying them at the condoleance call were Deputy Prime Ministers Von Vet and Son Sen, and Minister of Social Affairs Ieng Thirith.

Earlier, Minister of Information and Propaganda Hu Nim and Minister of Social Affairs Ieng Thirith had called at the Chinese Embassy to express their condolences.

Wreaths were presented by the Kampuchean revolutionary organization, the President of the State of Democratic Kampuchea, the Permanent Committee of the People's Congress of Kampuchea and the Government of Democratic Kampuchea.

**Viet Nam**

A Delegation of the Viet Nam Workers' Party Central Committee and the National Assembly and Government of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam called at the Chinese Embassy in Hanoi on the morning of September 11 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

The delegation was composed of Vietnamese Party and state leaders. They were Comrade Ton Duc Thang, President of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam; Comrade Le Duan, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Viet Nam Workers' Party; Comrades Nguyen Luong Bang and Nguyen Huu Tho, Vice-Presidents of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam; Comrade Truong Chinh, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National Assembly of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam; Comrade Pham Van Dong, Premier of the Government of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam; and Comrades Pham Hung, Vo Nguyen Giap, Le Thanh Nghi, Hoang Van Hoan, Tran Quoc Hoan, Van Tien Dung, Huynh Tan Phat, Le Van Luong, To Huan, Xuan Thuy and Chu Van Tan.

The delegation laid before the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung a wreath bearing the words: "To the memory of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people, and esteemed and beloved friend of the Vietnamese people."

The Vietnamese Party and state leaders stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung and wrote in the condolence book.

President Ton Duc Thang told Wang Chin, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Chinese Embassy in Viet Nam: "Shocked to learn of the passing away of Chairman Mao, the great leader of the Chinese people. We are deeply grieved and extend our most profound condolences."

On the morning of September 10, Vietnamese Party and state leaders Le Duan, Truong Chinh, Pham Van Dong, Vo Nguyen Giap, Le Thanh Nghi, Hoang Van Hoan and Xuan Thuy went to the Chinese Embassy to express deep condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Comrade Le Duan said to Charge d'Affaires ad interim Wang Chin: "Today, on behalf of the Viet Nam Workers' Party, the Government of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam and the entire Vietnamese people, we extend our deep condolences on the death of the esteemed and beloved Chairman Mao Tsetung. The passing away of Chairman Mao is a colossal loss not only to the Chinese Party, Government and people, but also to our Party, Government and people."

Nguyen Duy Trinh, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Viet Nam Workers' Party, Vice-Premier of the Government and Minister of Foreign Affairs, called at the Chinese Embassy on September 19 to express profound condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

**Laos**

Souphanouvong, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party, President of the Lao People's Democratic Republic and President of the Supreme People's Council, on September 14 visited the Chinese Embassy in Vientiane to express deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Other Lao Party and state leaders Notkak Phounsavane, Phoumi Vongvichit, Phoun Sipsaseuth and Khamsouk Keola as well as Chief of General Staff Sisavat Keobounphan of the Lao People's Liberation Army also paid condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Souvanna Phouma, Advisor to the Lao Government, also offered condolences at the Chinese Embassy.

The Central Committee of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party, the Supreme People's Council and the Government of the Republic jointly presented a wreath with the inscription: "Deeply mourn Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people and close comrade-in-arms of the Lao people."

The Lao Party and state leaders paid silent tribute to the late Chairman Mao Tsetung before his portrait. President Souphanouvong wrote in the condoleance book: "On behalf of the People's Revolutionary Party of Laos, the Government and the entire people of Laos, I deeply mourn Comrade Mao Tsetung, the esteemed and beloved great leader of the Chinese people. The Chinese people have lost their great leader and the Lao people their closest comrade-in-arms. We express our most profound gratitude to Chairman Mao Tsetung who had always rendered support and assistance to the Lao people in their revolutionary struggle."

The same day, many representatives of Party, government and army departments and mass organizations
and representatives of Chinese residents also visited the Chinese Embassy to express their condolences.

Kaysonene Phouviha, General Secretary of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party and Premier of the Government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic, and other members of the Lao delegation led by him on a visit to Cuba, called at the Chinese Embassy in Havana on the afternoon of September 10 to express their profound sorrow on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Pakistan

Fazal Elahi Chaudhry, President of Pakistan, on September 10 called at the Chinese Embassy in Islamabad to extend deep condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Elahi wrote in the condolence book: "The greatest debt the world owes to Chairman Mao is that he awakened the subjugated nations and gave them a new confidence in their strength. Mao Tsetung is not really dead. As one of the great national builders of all times, he is immortal. His memory will endure through ages."

Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto, Prime Minister of Pakistan, also went to the Chinese Embassy on the afternoon of September 10 to extend condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. In the condolence book he wrote that Chairman Mao Tsetung "always held the welfare and progress of the people of Pakistan to his heart. My last meeting with him in May this year once again provided me with an opportunity of experiencing love and affection which he had for the people of Pakistan. His contribution to the cause of China-Pakistan friendship will always remain enshrined in our memory." He expressed the confidence that the great Chinese people will win more tremendous victories.

Prime Minister Bhutto conveyed to the Chinese Ambassador to Pakistan Lu Wei-chao the tremendous grief of all the Pakistan people on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. The Ambassador expressed his gratitude to Prime Minister Bhutto.

On September 9 and 10, high-ranking officers and officials, governors and assembly speakers of the provinces as well as representatives of the people of various circles also made condolences calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Algeria

Houari Boumediene, President of the Council of Revolution and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of Algeria, called at the Chinese Embassy in Algiers on September 10 to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Boumediene wrote in the condolence book: "If we are aware of the dimension of this loss to the anti-imperialist fight and the struggle for progress, we will be convinced that Mao Tsetung will live forever among us by his thought and struggle and that he will remain a symbol of the resistance and struggle for all the peoples."

Accompanying the Algerian President on the call were Member of the Council of Revolution and Minister of Foreign Affairs Abdelaziz Bouteflika, Member of the Council of Revolution and Minister of the Interior Mohamed Ben Ahmed Abdel Ghanmi, Member of the Council of Revolution and Minister of Agriculture and Agrarian Reform Mohamed Larbi Tayebi, Member of the Council of Revolution and Commander of the Gendarmerie Ahmed Benchefy and other ministers and high-ranking officials.

On the afternoon of September 9, President Boumediene and Foreign Minister Bouteflika and the central leadership of the Algerian National Liberation Front presented wreaths at the Chinese Embassy on separate occasions.

Tunisia

Tunisian Prime Minister Makhzen Sadok Ben Ali Meftah called at the Chinese Embassy in Tunis on September 10 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Prime Minister Meftah wrote in the condolence book, "I pay tribute to the late Chairman Mao Tsetung, a great man and the founder of New China."

Sadok Mokaddem, President of the Tunisian National Assembly, called at the Chinese Embassy on the morning of September 10 to express deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

After standing in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao, President Mokaddem wrote in the condolence book: "Today, on the occasion of the memorial meeting held by the Chinese people to mourn the great Chairman Mao Tsetung, I, in my own name and in the name of the National Assembly, express deepest sympathy to the Chinese people, Government and leaders on the tremendous loss they suffered in the passing of their great revolutionary leader, founder of China's unification and architect of China's prosperity."

Among those who paid condolences calls at the Chinese Embassy from September 10 to 18 were Tunisian Minister of External Affairs Habib Chatti, other ministers, senior officials and officers, leading members of mass organizations and friendly personages of various circles.

Palestine

Yasser Arafat, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and Commander in Chief of the Palestine Liberation Forces, called at the Chinese Embassy in Beirut on the evening of September 9 to express his deep condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Abu Jihad, leader of the Palestine National Liberation Movement (Al-Falah), called at the Chinese Embassy.
in Beirut the same evening to offer deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

George Habash, leader of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, Nayef Hawatmeh, leader of the Democratic Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, and representatives of the Palestine Liberation Army, the Palestine Federation of Trade Unions and some other Palestinian mass organizations made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy on September 10 separately.

Japan

Japanese government officials, political party leaders and prominent personalities of various circles, numbering more than 1,700, went to the Chinese Embassy in Tokyo on September 9 and 10 to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Among them are:

Prime Minister of the Japanese Government Takeo Miki, Minister of Finance Masayoshi Ohira, the then Minister of Foreign Affairs Kichi Miyazawa, President of the House of Councillors Kenzo Kono, Speaker of the House of Representatives Shigesaburo Mæo.

Chairman of the Japan Socialist Party Tomomi Narita, Chairman of the Japanese Komei Party Yoshikatsu Takeiri, and Chairman of the Japanese Democratic Socialist Party Ikko Kasuga.

Among those paying condolence calls at the embassy in the following days were: Zentaro Kossaka, the newly-appointed Japanese Foreign Minister; Toshio Komoto, International Trade and Industry Minister; Michio Nagai, Education Minister; Ichitono Ide, Chief Cabinet Secretary; and Michita Sakuta, Director-General of the Defence Agency.

From September 9 to 18, nearly 10,000 people including Japanese government officials and personalities from various circles, filed into the Chinese Embassy in Tokyo and the Chinese Consulate-General in Osaka city to express their respect for Chairman Mao Tsetung and their deep condolences on his passing.

Sri Lanka

Sri Lanka President William Gopallawa and Prime Minister Mrs. Sirimavo R.D. Bandaranaike called at the Chinese Embassy in Colombo separately on September 10 to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

In the condolence book, President Gopallawa wrote: “We have lost a great leader.” Mrs. Bandaranaike wrote in the book: “Chairman Mao was a great world leader. His death will leave a world which will be very difficult to fill. We join with the great Chinese people in mourning his death.”

Mrs. Bandaranaike told Chinese Ambassador to Sri Lanka Huang Ming-ta that Chairman Mao’s death is “a great loss to developing countries like Sri Lanka. It’s very sad.”

Bangladesh

Abu Sadat Mohammed Sayem, President and Chief Martial Law Administrator of Bangladesh, called at the Chinese Embassy in Dacca on the afternoon of September 9 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Ziaur Rahman, Deputy Chief Martial Law Administrator and Chief of Army Staff, Mosharaf Hossain, Deputy Chief Martial Law Administrator and Chief of Naval Staff, and Abdul Gaffar Mahmood, Deputy Chief Martial Law Administrator and Chief of Air Staff, called at the Chinese Embassy on the afternoon of September 9 and on the following day separately to express condolences.

President Sayem and Deputy Chief Martial Law Administrator Ziaur Rahman wrote inscriptions in the condolence book in tribute to the late Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Many other high-ranking officials and officers of Bangladesh and representatives of various circles also called at the Chinese Embassy to express condolences.

Tanzania

Tanzanian President Julius Nyerere called at the Chinese Embassy in Dar-es-Salam on the morning of September 10 to offer condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Aboud Jumbe, Tanzanian First Vice-President, Chairman of the Zanzibar Revolutionary Council and of the Afro-Shirazi Party, called at the Chinese Consulate in Zanzibar on September 14 to offer deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

The First Vice-President said to Chinese Consul Liu Hsu-chi: “At this moment of grief, we share with you your sorrow. We should follow the teachings which Chairman Mao made in his lifetime, and consolidate the relations of friendship and co-operation between the people of our two countries.”

On the same day, Tanzanian Second Vice-President and Prime Minister Rashidi Mfuame Kwastwa went to the Chinese Embassy in Dar-es-Salam to express profound condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also Chief Justice A. Saidi, Commander of the People’s Defence Forces of Tanzania A. Twalipo, other high-ranking officials and officers, leading members of mass organizations and prominent figures of various circles.

Tanzanian Foreign Minister Ibrahim Kaduma sent a letter to the Chinese Embassy to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

On September 10, and a number of days after, people from various circles and leading members or representatives of African nationalist organizations in Tanzania also made condolence calls at the
Chinese Embassy in Dar-es-Salaam or at the Chinese Consulate in Zanzibar to mourn the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. On September 10, some 400 teachers, students and workers of Dar-es-Salaam University, holding high a portrait of Chairman Mao, went to the Chinese Embassy to offer condolences on his demise. In front of the embassy building, their representative read out a letter of condolence sent by the Tanzania African National Union (TANU) Youth League Branch, the Students' Union and workers of the university to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China. Five representatives from the TANU college at Kivukoni made a special trip to the Chinese Embassy on September 14 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Canada

Canadian Governor-General Jules LeGer and Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau called at the Chinese Embassy in Ottawa respectively on September 9 and 10 to express deep condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people.

During his condolence call on September 10, Prime Minister Trudeau recalled his two meetings with Chairman Mao during his visits to China. He said that Chairman Mao was a great man who changed backward and poverty-stricken China into a modern and strong country. It is the Canadian Government's policy to continue developing friendly relations with China, he emphasized.

Rénaud Lapointe, Speaker of the Canadian Senate, called at the Chinese Embassy on September 15 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Earlier, President of the Privy Council Mitchell Sharp, and a number of ministers and vice-ministers of the Canadian Government, as well as members of Parliament had paid condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy on September 11 and a number of days after.

Representatives of the Central Committee of the Canadian Communist League (Marxist-Leninist) also went to the Chinese Embassy to express condolence on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Also calling at the Chinese Embassy to mourn Chairman Mao were: Canadian friendly personages James G. Endicott and Professor Paul T. K. Lin, leading members of Canada-China friendship associations in Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and other cities as well as workers, students, women and representatives of Chinese residents and Taiwan compatriots from Ottawa, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Halifax and other cities of Canada.

Over 1,000 people paid condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy from September 9 to 18.

Comrade V.G. Wilcox

V.G. Wilcox, General Secretary, and R.C. Wolffe, Secretary, of the Communist Party of New Zealand, called at the Chinese Embassy in Wellington on September 12 to express, on behalf of the National Committee of the N.Z.C.P. and the Party in general, condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, beloved and great leader of the Chinese people.

C.R. Howell, President of the New Zealand-China Society, also made a condolence call at the Chinese Embassy.

Comrade E.F. Hill

E.F. Hill, Chairman of the Communist Party of Australia (Marxist-Leninist), called at the Chinese Embassy in Canberra on September 11 to express his deepest condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Comrade Hill said to Chinese Ambassador Chou Chiu-yeh, “All the comrades of the Communist Party of Australia (Marxist-Leninist) are extremely saddened by the death of Chairman Mao.”

Vanguard, organ of the Communist Party of Australia (Marxist-Leninist), published a special issue on September 10 to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. It carried a long article by Comrade Hill, entitled “Chairman Mao's Teachings Inspire Millions to Struggle for Liberation.”

Marxist-Leninist Parties of France

The Marxist-Leninist Communist Party of France and the French Revolutionary Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist) sent their delegations respectively to the Chinese Embassy in Paris on September 18 to extend deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

The Delegation of the Central Committee of the Marxist-Leninist Communist Party of France stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung and presented a wreath bearing the words: “To Comrade Mao Tsetung, the greatest Marxist-Leninist of the contemporary era.”

The Delegation of the Central Committee of the French Revolutionary Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist) also stood in silent tribute to the memory of Chairman Mao Tsetung and presented a wreath with the inscription: “Paying homage to Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the proletariat.”

Memorial meetings for Chairman Mao Tsetung were held on September 18 and for several days before by Canada-China friendship associations and overseas Chinese organizations in Ottawa, Montreal, Toronto, Halifax, Edmonton and other places in the country.

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More than 700 people have made condolence calls at the Chinese Consulate-General in Vancouver since September 9. Among them were members of the Provincial Legislative Assembly, leading members of Canada-China friendship associations and overseas Chinese organizations in Vancouver and in the Province of British Columbia.

Azad Jammu and Kashmir

Sardar Mohammad Ibrahim Khan, President of Azad Jammu and Kashmir, came specially from Muzaffarabad to call at the Chinese Embassy in Pakistan on September 11 to express his deep condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetun.

He wrote in the condolence book: “In this moment of grief and sorrow, the Government and people of Kashmir are with the Government and people of China. The Chinese great leader was a sincere friend of the Kashmir people.”

Malaysia

Datuk Hussein bin Omm, Prime Minister of Malaysia, called at the Chinese Embassy in Kuala Lumpur on September 11 to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetun.

Malaysian Minister of Foreign Affairs Tuniku Ahmad Rithauddeen, other government ministers and Members of Parliament also called at the Chinese Embassy to express condolences.

Paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also public figure Tan Siew Sin and friendly personages of various circles.

Zambia

President Kenneth David Kaunda of Zambia called at the Chinese Embassy in Lusaka on September 11 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetun.

Accompanying the Zambian President to the Chinese Embassy were Secretary General of the United National Independence Party of Zambia Alexander Grey Zulu, Prime Minister Elijah Mudenda, Chief Justice A.M. Silungwe, Deputy Speaker of the Zambian National Assembly R. Sakuchuka, Commander of the Zambia National Defence Force Full General Chinkulu as well as members of the Central Committee of the United National Independence Party, government ministers and other high-ranking officers and officials.

President Kaunda wrote in the condolence book: “We mourn the passing of the great man, but the revolution he started and did so much to promote will continue for ever.”

He told Chinese Ambassador Li Chiang-fen: “We in Zambia remember Chairman Mao all the time, because he was a great thinker.”

He added, “For us, who consider ourselves to be true friends of the Chinese people, our task is clear. It is to advance revolution as we mourn this great man, we mourn his passing.”

Mauritania

Mohamed Ould Daddah, President of Mauritania and General Secretary of the Mauritanian People’s Party, called at the Chinese Embassy in Nouakchott on the morning of September 10 to express deep condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetun.

Also paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were members of the National Political Bureau of the Mauritanian People’s Party in Nouakchott, including President of the National Assembly Sall Abdou Aziz and Minister of State for External Affairs Hamdi Ould Moknass.

Botswana

President Seretse Khama of Botswana called at the Chinese Embassy in Gaborone on September 10 to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetun.

Accompanying the President were Minister of Foreign Affairs Archie Mogwe and other government officials.

Botswana Vice-President and Minister of Finance and Development Planning Guett Masire called at the Chinese Embassy in Gaborone on September 17 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetun.

Many Botswana government officials, friendly personages from various circles and a number of African friends called at the Chinese Embassy on September 10 and several days after to offer condolences and wrote in the book of condolence.

The Gambia

Dawda Jawara, President of the Gambia, called at the Chinese Embassy in Banjul on the morning of September 11 to mourn the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetun.

Accompanying the President during the condolence call were Gambian Minister of External Affairs Aliou Badara N’jie and other high-ranking officials.

Mozambique

President Samora Machel of Mozambique called at the Chinese Embassy in Maputo on the morning of September 10 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetun.

President Samora Machel laid two wreaths in the mourning hall in the name of the Central Committee of the Mozambique Liberation Front (FRELIMO) and the Mozambican Government respectively.

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The President wrote in the condolence book: "Chairman Mao Tsetung is not only the great leader of the Chinese people but also the great leader of the oppressed people. His thought will continue to encourage the revolutionary fighters who are fighting for the cause of freedom, independence and justice."

Also making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were Marcelino dos Santos, Vice-President of the FRELIMO and Minister of Development and Economic Planning, and other senior officials.

**Guinea**

President Sekou Toure of Guinea and his wife called at the Chinese Embassy in Conakry on the afternoon of September 9 to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Toure wrote in the condolence book: "Comrade Mao Tsetung was a decisive revolutionary whom progressive mankind will always remember, because he incarnated progressive mankind and was strictly loyal to it till his death."

Also calling at the Chinese Embassy were Prime Minister Lansana Beavogui and other government ministers.

On the same afternoon, President Toure read over Radio Conakry a statement of the Central Committee of the Democratic Party of Guinea on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung. The statement said that flags should be flown at half-mast all over the country from September 9 to 11 during which local authorities, workers, youth and women's organizations, school administrations and military units and production units committees should meet to observe a one-minute silence in memory of the great revolutionary Chairman Mao Tsetung.

**Mexico**

Mexican President and Madame Luis Echeverria called at the Chinese Embassy in Mexico City on September 11 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President and Madame Echeverria laid a wreath and stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung. President Echeverria wrote in the condolence book: "Under the inspiration of the third world stand of the great leader of China, the relations between people's China and Mexico have been established and rapidly expanded for the benefit of our people—the people of the two countries."

Others making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were Carlos Sansores Perez, President of the Permanent Commission of the Mexican Senate; Mario Rebolloso, President of the Supreme Court of Justice; Alfonso Garcia Robles, Secretary of Foreign Affairs; other cabinet members and senior officials of other departments concerned.

From September 9 to 11, around 1,000 people, among them Mexican government officials, friendly personages of various circles and representatives of Chinese residents in Mexico, called at the Chinese Embassy to extend deep condolences on the decease of Chairman Mao Tsetung. Some Latin American friends in Mexico also made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

**Guyana**

Guyanese Prime Minister and Mrs. Forbes Burnham called at the Chinese Embassy in Georgetown on September 11 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

As representative of President Arthur Chung of Guyana J.A. Orderson, Secretary of the Office of the President, also offered condolences at the Chinese Embassy.

Others who paid condolence visits to the Chinese Embassy the same day were Deputy Prime Minister and General Secretary of the ruling People's National Congress Probeny Reid; Speaker of the National Assembly Sase Narine; Chief Justice Harold Bollers; Minister of Foreign Affairs and Justice Fred Wills; other government ministers and high-ranking officials as well as several hundred people of various walks of life.

Representatives of Chinese residents also made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Earlier, on the afternoon of September 9, Prime Minister Burnham received at his official residence Chinese Ambassador Wang Chuan-juan. The Prime Minister, on behalf of the Government and people of Guyana, and in his own name, expressed sympathy with the Chinese people on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

**Yugoslaïa**

On behalf of President Josip Broz Tito and the Presidency of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, Vice-President of the Federal Presidency Vidoje Zarkovic on September 11 called at the Chinese Embassy in Belgrade to express deep condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Vidoje Zarkovic wrote in the condolence book: "On behalf of the President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Federal Presidency as well as in my own name, I express deepest condolences to the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China and the friendly Chinese people on the passing away of Mao Tsetung, the prominent leader and revolutionary and founder of the People's Republic of China, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China."

The same day, Kiro Gligorov, President of the Yugoslav Federal Assembly; Dzemal Bijedic, President of the Yugoslav Federal Executive Council; Miles Minic, Vice-President of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs; and other officials of
the Yugoslav Government also called at the Chinese Embassy to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung and wrote tributes in the condolence book.

Iceland

President Kristjan Eldjarn of Iceland, and Mrs. Eldjarn called at the Chinese Embassy in Reykjavik on September 10 to extend deep condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people. Prime Minister Geir Hallgrímsson also made a condolence call at the Chinese Embassy the same day.

Leaders of Icelandic Marxist-Leninist Parties and other Icelandic personalities called at the Chinese Embassy in Reykjavik to express their condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Among them were Gunnar Andresson, Chairman of the Communist Party of Iceland (Marxist-Leninist), and Ari Trausti Gudmundsson, Chairman of the Communist League of Union (Marxist-Leninist) of Iceland.

Kristjan Guðlaugsson, Chairman, and Jakob Benediktsson, Vice-Chairman, of the Iceland-China Society for Culture, also made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Condolence calls were also made by more than 500 Icelandic friendly personalities and people of various circles.

New Zealand

Robert Muldoon, Prime Minister of New Zealand, F.H. Corner, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, and other high-ranking officials of the Government called at the Chinese Embassy in Wellington on September 10 to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Friendly personalities from all circles and representatives of Chinese residents in New Zealand also made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Yemen Arab Republic

Ibrahim Mohamed Hamdi, Chairman of the Command Council and Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces of the Yemen Arab Republic, interrupted his inspection tour of the country to call at the Chinese Embassy in Sanaa on the afternoon of September 11 to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Chairman Hamdi stood in silent tribute before Chairman Mao's portrait and wrote in the condolence book: "With great sorrow, I express, in the name of the Yemeni people, deepest condolences on the passing away of the great Chairman Mao Tsetung. We would like to share with the friendly Chinese people and their government the great misfortune of the passing away of this giant. The late Chairman Mao Tsetung struggled and made sacrifices for the great Chinese people. I once again express cordial sympathy and extremely great sorrow in the name of the Yemeni people. I am convinced that the Chinese people will continue to advance and become more staunch."

Abdul-Aziz Abdul-Ghani, Member of the Command Council and Prime Minister of the Yemen Arab Republic, made a condolence call at the Chinese Embassy on the morning of September 10.

He told Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Chinese Embassy Li Kuang: "The passing away of the great leader Chairman Mao Tsetung is a great loss not only to the Chinese people but also to the third world people and the people of the whole world."

The Yemeni Prime Minister wrote in the condolence book: "With great sorrow we learnt of the news of the passing away of the great leader Chairman Mao Tsetung. In the name of the Command Council, the Government and the entire people of the Yemen Arab Republic, I hereby express sincere condolences and sympathy to the Chinese Government and people on this great misfortune."

Making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy on September 11 were also Member of the Command Council and Deputy Commander-in-Chief and Chief of the General Staff of the Armed Forces Ahmed al Ghasmi, Deputy Prime Minister for Interior Affairs Abdellatif Daifallah, Minister of Foreign Affairs Abdulla Abdu Magid Asnag and other high-ranking officials and officers.

People's Democratic Republic of Yemen

Salem Robaya Ali, Chairman of the Presidential Council of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, and Abdul Fattah Ismail, Secretary-General of the Unified National Front Political Organization and President of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Council, called at the Chinese Embassy in Aden on the morning of September 11 to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

After standing in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao, Chairman Robaya and Secretary-General Ismail wrote in the condolence book: "In the name of the people, the Unified National Front Political Organization and the Government of Democratic Yemen, we express hereby with grief to the Chinese Embassy, the Chinese comrades here, the friendly Chinese people, the Communist Party of China and the Government of the People's Republic of China our sincere condolences on the death of the Chinese people's great leader and great commander, Comrade Mao Tsetung. "We feel as grievous as the Chinese people over this irreparable loss," they wrote. They also wrote that they were convinced that the Chinese people would continue to march on the road of building socialism under the leadership of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. "Mao Tsetung Thought is a beacon light."

Also making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were other government officials and friendly personalities of Democratic Yemen.
Jamaica

Jamaican Prime Minister Michael Manley called at the Chinese Embassy in Kingston on September 13 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Jamaica's Deputy Prime Minister David Coore, Minister of External Affairs Dudley Thompson, Chief Justice Kenneth George Smith, Chief of Staff of the Jamaican Defence Force R.G.E. Green, and other senior government officials have made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy since September 9.

Keith Miles, President of the Jamaica Youth Forces for National Liberation, wrote in the condolence book, "Chairman Mao will remain for ever in our hearts," when he made a condolence call at the Chinese Embassy.

In a message of condolence addressed to Li Chao, Chinese Ambassador to Jamaica, the organization wrote: "Each one of us is deeply saddened by the news of the death of your great leader Chairman Mao Tsetung. To expand the monumental achievements of Chairman Mao will require massive volumes. Chairman Mao has been a great source of inspiration and guidance to the oppressed people of Jamaica in their struggles for liberation." Chairman Mao's works will be with us for ever." Other leading members of the organization also called at the Chinese Embassy to offer condolences.

President of the Jamaican Association for Friendship with the People's Republic of China, friendly personalities of various circles and representatives of Chinese residents in Jamaica were among the mourners making condolence calls at the Embassy.

The Congo

Holding portraits of Chairman Mao Tsetung, more than 1,000 people silently marched five kilometres to the Chinese Embassy in Brazzaville on the morning of September 13 to express deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. The marchers included members of the Special Revolutionary General Staff (SRS) of the People's Republic of the Congo, members of the Central Committee of the Congolese Party of Labour, government ministers, members of the Bureau of the Congolese National People's Assembly and leaders of mass organizations.

Among the mourners were Tehciaya-Thystere, RSGS member in charge of the permanent affairs, organization and administration of the Party and of mass organizations; Denis Sassou-Nguesso, RSGS member responsible for the permanent commission of the army in charge of defence and security; Luis Sylvain Goma, RSGS member, Prime Minister and Head of the Government; and Mouissou Poa'ty, President of the National People's Assembly.

They stood in silent tribute before the portrait of the late Chairman Mao Tsetung. Then, Tehciaya-Thystere, in the name of the Special Revolutionary General Staff, wrote in the book of condolence: "It is with deep sorrow that the Congolese Party and people learnt of the tragic disappearance of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the beloved teacher, founder and great leader of the Communist Party of China, and one of the greatest revolutionaries and Marxists of our epoch."

"Chairman Mao Tsetung gave all his life, all his energy and all his intelligence to the great cause of the world revolution, to the cause of the liberation of the oppressed nations and people and to the cause of socialism."

"The Congolese people, Party and Government extend on this occasion their deepest condolences and profound sympathy to the brotherly Chinese people, and reiterate their strong conviction that the brotherly Chinese people will turn this great loss into new strength and continue to carry forward the immortal cause of Chairman Mao Tsetung. "Eternal glory to Chairman Mao Tsetung!"

Prime Minister Goma and President Poa'ty signed the book of condolence on behalf of the Government and the National People's Assembly of the Congo respectively.

Several thousand Brazzaville citizens called at the Chinese Embassy group after group to pay silent tribute before the portrait of the late Chairman Mao Tsetung in deep mourning for his death.

Sierra Leone

Sierra Leone's President Siaka Stevens, Vice-President and Minister of Development, Economic Planning and Finance Sorie Koroma, and Acting Prime Minister and Minister of the Interior, Housing and Country Planning Jain Kai Kai called separately at the Chinese Embassy in Freetown on September 14 to mourn the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Stevens wrote in the book of condolence: "Chairman Mao's death is a great loss to the whole world." He also told Chinese Ambassador Ts'ung Ke'wen: "I join the Government and people of Sierra Leone and the people of the world to extend heartfelt sympathy over the death of Chairman Mao. He is a great man. His death is a great loss not only to the Chinese people but to the whole world, particularly to Sierra Leone. I had the honour of meeting Chairman Mao soon after I arrived in Peking during my visit to China in 1973 and I can see the great progress you have made in all fields since then."

Vice-President Koroma and Acting Prime Minister Kai also wrote in the book of condolence.

C.A. Kamara-Taylor, National General Secretary of the Central Committee of the All People's Congress Party, Prime Minister and Minister of the Interior, Housing and Country Planning of Sierra Leone, called
at the Chinese Embassy on September 17 to offer condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Prime Minister Kamara-Taylor said to Chinese Ambassador Tsung Ke-uen: "Chairman Mao's death is indeed a great loss not only to the Chinese people but also to whole mankind, because we know the part he played in social, political and other fields in all the developing countries. The people of Asia and Africa will never forget him."

Also making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy since September 15 were Speaker of the House of Representatives of Sierra Leone Justice Percy Davies, and Foreign Minister F.M. Minah.

On September 14 the Sierra Leone Parliament unanimously adopted a motion made by Sierra Leonean Vice-President Koroma to pay tribute to the late Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Proposing the motion, Vice-President Koroma said that the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung was bound to evoke grief among the people of the world, particularly among the people of Sierra Leone. This was, he said, because Chairman Mao Tsetung was an advocate of the cause of freedom for the advancement of the poor people, an opponent of imperialism and capitalism, defender of the right of the world's proletariat, and respected leader of the over 800 million Chinese people.

Those who called at the Chinese Embassy to mourn the death of Chairman Mao also included Assistant National Secretary-General of Sierra Leone's All People's Congress Party D.F. Shears, other high-ranking government officials, representatives of the Sierra Leone-China Friendship Society and other mass organizations, friendly personages of various circles and representatives of Chinese residents in that country.

The Philippines

 Philippine President Ferdinand E. Marcos and Madame Imelda R. Marcos called at the Chinese Embassy in Manila on September 14 to extend condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Accompanying the President and Madame Marcos were their three children, 16 cabinet members and 23 high-ranking officers of the armed forces.

President Marcos told Chinese Ambassador Ke Hua: The passing of Chairman Mao is not only a great loss to the people of China, but also a great loss to the peoples of the world.

Wreaths and flowers were laid in front of the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung by the President, Madame Marcos and other mourners respectively.

Foreign Secretary Carlos P. Romulo made his condolence call at the Chinese Embassy on September 9.

By September 14 over 4,000 people, including leading figures of various Philippine organizations, people from various circles and Chinese residents had made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Somalia

Mohamed Siad Barre, President of Somalia, called at the Chinese Embassy in Mogadishu on September 12 to extend profound condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. He presented a wreath.

President Siad stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao. Then he said to Chinese Ambassador Chang Shih-chich: "Chairman Mao Tsetung will be remembered not only as a pioneer of China but also as a great man of the contemporary times. He was a thinker and a statesman." "We are convinced that the sons of the great Chinese people will continue to act according to his thinking. The Chinese people will carry forward the cause left by Chairman Mao Tsetung."

Accompanying the President at the condolence call were Hussein Kulmiye Afrah and Ismail Ali Abucar, Vice-Presidents of Somalia, and other high-ranking officials.

Friendly personages from various circles in Somalia also called at the Chinese Embassy to express their condolences.

Mali

Moussa Traore, Malian Head of State and Government, received Chinese Ambassador to Mali Fan Tsokai in Bamako on the morning of September 17, expressing deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

He said to the Chinese Ambassador: "I am deeply grieved to learn the sad news of the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. The death of Chairman Mao is an immense loss not only to the Chinese people, but also to the peoples of the third world, to Mali in particular."

He said: "I remember the fruitful talks which were full of rich instructions that I had in 1973 in Peking with Chairman Mao, great helmsman of the Chinese people. These talks have left an indelible impression on me, on all the members of the delegation which accompanied me and on all the Malian people."

He said: "At this sorrowful moment of the passing of the great helmsman Chairman Mao Tsetung, I request you to convey my deep condolences and sympathy to Premier Hua Kuo-feng, the Chinese people, the Chinese Government and the Chinese Party, as well as the family of the great deceased."

Earlier, Amadou Baba Diarra, Acting Head of State and Vice-President of the Military Committee for National Liberation (M.C.N.L.) of Mali, called at the Chinese Embassy in Bamako on the afternoon of September 10 to mourn the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

He laid a wreath there in the name of the M.C.N.L. and the Government, and stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

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Vice-President Diarra wrote in the book of condescence that Chairman Mao Tse-tung did make a mark on the epoch and the world, and with honour, dignity and wisdom. So, he remains never to be forgotten because he is irreplaceable, irreplaceable because of the universal dimension of his mark.

"His thinking, his works and his feats make him immortal.

"Today all peoples of the world are in immense grief.

"In the name of the people, the Military Committee for National Liberation, the Government of Mali and President Moussa Traore, we extend here our deep condolences to the Chinese people, the Communist Party of China and the family of the great deceased."

Paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also other members of the M.C.N.L., government ministers and leading members of Malian mass organizations.

On September 9, a memorial meeting mourning the death of Chairman Mao Tse-tung was organized by representatives of the National Union of the Workers of Mali, the Malian National Union of Women, the National Union of the Students of Mali and other organizations.

**Australia**

Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser called at the Chinese Embassy in Canberra on September 10 to express his deep condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tse-tung.

Prime Minister Fraser asked Chinese Ambassador Chou Chih-yeh to convey his deep condolences extended on behalf of the Australian Government and people.

D. Smith, Official Secretary to Governor-General Sir John Kerr, also tendered condolences at the Chinese Embassy on behalf of the Governor-General.

Also paying condolence calls at the Embassy the same day were former Australian Prime Minister and leader of the Australian Labour Party, Gough Whitlam and deputy leader of the Party, Thomas Uren.

On September 11 and for days afterwards, more mourners called at the Chinese Embassy. They included Deputy Prime Minister and concurrently Minister for National Resources and Overseas Trade, John Douglas Anthony, Minister for Foreign Affairs, Andrew Sharp Peacock and other government ministers and officials; Acting Speaker of the House of Representatives, Phillip E. Lucek, Vice-President of the Senate, Thomas Drake-Brockman, and senators and members of the House of Representatives. Also paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were Geoffrey Stillwell, National President of the Australia-China Society; Neville Maxwell, noted British writer; Professor Anthony Low, Deputy Chancellor of the Australian National University; Sir Frederick, Vice-President of the Australian Academy of Sciences; representatives of aboriginal citizens and of Chinese residents in Australia.

The mourning hall was filled with wreaths and bouquets presented by some organizations and people in various circles. The wreath from the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Australia (Marxist-Leninist) bore the inscription: "In deepest grief. Eternal glory for the great leader and teacher of the international proletariat and working people. His work will live for ever." Comrade E.F. Hill, Chairman of the Party, presented a wreath bearing the inscription: "In deepest reverence and respect for the great proletarian revolutionary of our time."

Since September 9, more than 700 people have called at the Chinese Embassy to extend condolences. Many workers, students and other people travelled long distances from various parts of the country to call at the Chinese Embassy to mourn Chairman Mao with deep grief. Overcome with sorrow, they burst into tears while standing in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao.

**U.S.A.**

U.S. government officials and personages from various circles have called at the Liaison Office of the People's Republic of China in the United States of America since September 9 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tse-tung, the great leader and teacher of the Chinese people.

Representing U.S. President Gerald R. Ford, Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, went to the Chinese Liaison Office to express condolences.

Others paying condolence calls at the Chinese Liaison Office were Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger and Under Secretary of State Philip C. Habib; Senate Democratic Party Leader Mike Mansfield and Senate Republican Party Leader, Hugh Scott; former Secretary of State, William P. Rogers, former Chief of the Liaison Office of the United States of America in the People's Republic of China George H. Bush, and former Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee J.W. Fulbright; Chairman of the Board of Directors of the National Committee on U.S.-China Relations, Charles W. Yost; President of the National Council for U.S.-China Trade, C.H. Phillips; representatives from the U.S. Committee on Scholarly Communications With the People's Republic of China and the National U.S.-China People's Friendship Association; and American scholars of Chinese origin including Chen Pien Li, Jen Chik-kung, and Chang Chieh-chien.

Many friendly American personages of various circles, Americans of Chinese origin, Taiwan compatriots and other overseas Chinese residing in the United States also made condolence calls. Many of them presented wreaths.
In Geneva


Also paying condolence calls at the Chinese Mission were: Paul Coidan, Assistant Director-General of the U.N. Office in Geneva, Mohamed Mill, Secretary-General of the International Telecommunication Union, M.G. Candau, Honorary Director-General of the World Health Organization, and representatives of other international organizations in Geneva.

Lois Snow and Simm Snow, wife and daughter of the late well-known American author and friend of the Chinese people Edgar Snow, went to the Chinese Mission on September 13 to deeply mourn the passing of Chairman Mao. Mrs. Snow wrote in the condolence book: “We share the sorrow of the Chinese people at the loss of their beloved teacher and great leader, Chairman Mao Tsetung.”

Nusrat Bhutto, wife of Pakistan Prime Minister Bhutto, who was in Switzerland, called at the Chinese Mission on September 11 to extend condolences.


Others who paid condolence calls at the Mission included the well-known authoress Han Suylin. She stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao and presented a bouquet. Offering condolences together with her was Mr. Vincent Ruthnasamy.

Burundi

Michel Micombo, General Secretary of the Party of Unity and National Progress, President and Head of Government of Burundi, received Chinese Ambassador to Burundi Chen Feng at the Presidential Palace in Bujumbura on September 13 and expressed the deepest condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Micombo said to the Chinese Ambassador: “The passing of Chairman Mao causes profound grief not only to the Chinese people but also to all the oppressed peoples of the world to whom he made great contributions. Chairman Mao has passed away, but his brilliant thought will remain eternal for the oppressed peoples of the whole world. May this beacon of light illuminate for ever the path of the revolutionary peoples of the whole world in their struggle for liberation from all exploitation.”

Present at the reception were Bernard Bizindavyi, Executive Secretary of the Party of Unity and National Progress and Minister of National Guidance; Melchior Rwakibina, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Co-operation; Major-General Thomas Ndagemeye, Chief of General Staff of the Burundi Armed Forces; and Cujetai Nkobumye, Secretary-General of the Presidential Office.

Minister of Foreign Affairs and Co-operation Melchior Rwakibina paid a condolence call at the Chinese Embassy in Bujumbura on September 10.

Also paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy that day were senior Burundi officials and officers, representatives of mass organizations and friendly personalities.

Madagascar

Malagasy President Didier Ratsiraka received at the State Palace on the afternoon of September 10 Chinese Ambassador Tien Chih-tung to express sincere condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Ratsiraka said that he had learnt with sorrow of the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. He said: “The Communist Party of China has lost its great helmsman. The Chinese people have lost their esteemed and beloved great leader. The Malagasy people have lost a great friend, and the Malagasy revolution a great ally. As to the world revolution, it has lost a great teacher. Indeed, he belongs to humanity. Though he is dead, his activities have left and will for ever leave an indelible impression on our globe. His works and thought will be immortal.”

He said: “I would ask the Ambassador to convey to the Chinese people sincere condolences of the people, the Supreme Council of Revolution and the Government of Madagascar on this great loss they have just suffered. To share your sorrow, we have ordered that the national flag be flown at half-mast in mourning for three days from September 10 to 12.”

While inspecting Mahitsy Hospital on September 15, President Ratsiraka once again expressed to the Chinese medical personnel working there his condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people. He said: “The death of Chairman Mao Tsetung is a great loss not only to the Chinese people, but also to the Malagasy people.”

He told the Chinese medical personnel that the Chinese doctors had brought to the Malagasy people not only medical care and medicine but also the spirit of self-reliance as taught by Chairman Mao.

On September 10, Justin Rakotoniaina, Member of the Supreme Council of Revolution (C.S.R.) and Prime Minister of Madagascar, went to the Chinese Embassy to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. He presented two wreaths in the name of President Ratsiraka and all the C.S.R. members; in his own name and the ministers of the Government.

Calling at the Chinese Embassy to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung were also members of the C.S.R.: Juana Mampana, Arsenio Ratsifera, Salomon Rakotoka, Etienne Mora, Tshizony Malaha, Desire Rakotoniaina, Gilbert Sambson, Ferdinand Jaeombo, Jean De Dieu Randrianantenana, Max Marso and Samuel Rakidify, and all the government ministers.

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Prime Minister Rakotoniaina said to Chinese Ambassador to Madagascar Tien Chih-tung: "In the name of the Malagasy Government and people, I convey to you our deepest condolences and sincerest sympathy on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. It is a great loss not only to the great Chinese people but also to the progressive countries and the people of the whole world."

On the same day, Gilles Andriamanihazo, President of the Military Development Committee of Madagascar, called at the Chinese Embassy to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Calling at the Chinese Embassy to express condolences were also noted personalities and friendly people of all walks of life, youth, students and overseas Chinese in Madagascar.

**The Central African Republic**

Jean-Bedel Bokassa, President of the Central African Republic now visiting Zaire, received Chinese Ambassador to Zaire Kung Ta-wei in Kinshasa on September 9. President Bokassa asked the Chinese Ambassador to convey to the Chinese Government and people the saddest condolences of the Central African Government and people on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

The President praised Chairman Mao Tsetung’s great contribution to the world. Chairman Mao Tsetung was a great man of humanity. His death has thrown the whole world into mourning, the President said.

Present on the occasion were Central African Premier Ange Patasse, Minister of State Bangui Tandet and Minister of Foreign Affairs Antonio Franck.

**Ghana**

Ignatius Kutu Acheampong, Head of State and Chairman of the Supreme Military Council of Ghana, called at the Chinese Embassy in Accra on September 10 to offer condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Expressing his deep sorrow to Chinese Ambassador Yang Ke-ming at the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, Chairman Acheampong said that with the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, China and indeed the world and all peace-loving peoples have lost a great leader. Even though Chairman Mao is dead, his thought and ideas will continue to inspire others to strive for greater economic progress and fight against world oppressors, he added.

Accompanying Chairman Acheampong were Ghanaian Commissioner for Foreign Affairs R.J. Fell and other high-ranking officials. Also paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were representatives of mass organizations and friendly personages of various circles.

**Chad**

Felix Malloum, President of the Supreme Military Council and Head of State of Chad, offered condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung at the Chinese Embassy in N’Djamena on the afternoon of September 10.

President Malloum read a message of condolence and signed the book of condolence.

He praised Chairman Mao as “an example of tenacity, courage and self-sacrifice.” He said that Chairman Mao “devoted all his life to the cause of his people and all the oppressed.”

President Malloum added: “Thanks to him and the example he set for his country, the world and particularly the oppressed have finally understood that development is not a privilege only of the industrialized countries.”

Accompanying him during the condolence call were Chadian Minister of Foreign Affairs and Co-operation Kamougue Wadal Abdelkader and other high officials.

**Rwanda**

Rwandan President Habyalimana Juvenal called at the Chinese Embassy in Kigali on the morning of September 10 to extend deep condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

He wrote in the condolence book: “Not only the People’s Republic of China has lost a great leader and founder but the whole world has lost a prominent figure.”

Making condolence calls at the Embassy on the same morning were Minister of Foreign Affairs and Co-operation Aloys Nsialal, other government ministers, senior officials, eminent personalities and people of all circles.

**Niger**

Lieutenant-Colonel Seyni Kountche, President of the Supreme Military Council and Head of State of Niger, went to the Chinese Embassy in Niamey on September 10 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Also making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were: Minister of Foreign Affairs and Co-operation Moumouni Djermanoye Adamou, other government ministers and high-ranking officials.

**Egypt**

The representative of Egyptian President Sadat and high-ranking officials of the Egyptian Government called at the Chinese Embassy in Cairo on September 11 and 12 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

On behalf of President Sadat, Acting Grand Chamberlain of the Presidency Ess el-Din Moukhitar called at the Chinese Embassy to extend condolences. Making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also Deputy Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs Ismail Fahmy, Deputy Premier and Minister of War and War Production General Mohammed Abdul Ghany...
el Gemass, General Supervisor of the Special National Council Abdel Kader Hatem, other ministers and senior officials as well as friends from all walks of life.

The mourners stood in silent tribute before the portrait of the late Chairman Mao. With tears in their eyes, many of them expressed to Chinese diplomatic officials their deep condolences. They maintained that the passing of Chairman Mao is not only a great loss to the Chinese people but also a great loss to the peoples of the world.

The Representative of the Egyptian President, Moustafa, wrote in the condolence book: "The President of the Arab Republic of Egypt Anwar Sadat has instructed me to be his deputy to express deep condolences to the great Chinese people and the friendly Chinese Government on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the leader of the March of the People's Republic of China, the architect of its revolution and the pioneer of its struggle."

Deputy Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs Fahmy wrote: "Deepest grief and sorrow for the loss of the great leader and teacher of humanity."

Chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization Yasser Arafat and Palestinian mass organizations also sent wreaths to the Chinese Embassy.

The Sudan

Sudanese Vice-President and Premier Rashid El Tahir Bakr, called at the Chinese Embassy in Khartoum on the evening of September 10 to extend his condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Mansour Khalid, Assistant to the President of the Republic for Co-operation and Foreign Affairs and Supervisor of the Administrative Machinery of the Presidency, also made a condolence call at the Chinese Embassy the same evening. He said to Chinese Charge d'Affaires ad interim Hsu Chun: "The passing away of the great leader Chairman Mao is a huge loss for the people in the whole world. His brilliant thought will shine over the whole world for ever. His great image will live in the hearts of the entire Chinese people for ever."

Making condolence calls were also Izadi Din Hamid, Minister of State for Cabinet Affairs; Francis Deng, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs; new Sudanese Ambassador to China Mubarak Osman Rahma who will soon leave for his post as well as other officials and friendly personages.

Later, Acting Speaker of the Sudanese People's Assembly Arop Yor called at the Chinese Embassy on September 11, at the head of an assembly delegation. He said: "The death of Chairman Mao is a great loss to China. But the Chinese revolution will continue because it represents the aspiration and aim of the people of the whole world."

General Secretary of the Sudanese Socialist Union Abu Gasim Mohamed Ibrahim went to the Chinese Embassy on September 12 at the head of a delegation of the union which included Assistant General Secretary Omar El-Hag Musa and the secretaries of various committees of the union.

Also calling at the Chinese Embassy were a delegation from the Ministry of Culture and Information led by Minister Bona Malwal, Minister of Finance, Planning and National Economy, Mamoun Beshry, Minister of Public Service and Administrative Reform Abdel Rahman Abdulla, Minister of Construction and Public Works Mustafa Osman Hassan, Minister of Transport and Communications Dr. Bashir Abbadi, Minister of Education Dafalla El-Hag Younis, a number of ministers of state and other high-ranking government officials, senior officers of the Sudanese People's Armed Forces and friendly personages from all walks of life.

In Juba, Regional Minister of Affairs of the Presidency and the High Executive Council for the Southern Region, Natale Olwak went to the residence of the Chinese medical team on the evening of September 9 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung on behalf of Sudanese Vice-President and President of the High Executive Council for the Southern Region Nabi Aliy. On the same evening Nabi Aliy said in a statement that the world has lost a great leader of the 20th century in the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. "To our friends, members of the Chinese medical team in the Southern Region, the government and people in the region express their deep condolences on the death of the great leader," the statement added.

Also calling at the residence of the Chinese medical team were regional ministers, the Commissioner of East Equatoria Province and friends of various circles.

In Wad Medani, Abu El Gasim Hashim, Political Bureau Member of the Sudanese Socialist Union and Commissioner of Gezira Province, called at the residence of the Chinese technical team working on the Wad Medani-Gadaref Road and the Medani-Hantoub Blue Nile Bridge project on September 14 to extend condolences. He said: "It is a pride for the Chinese people to have a great leader and revolutionary like Chairman Mao Tsetung. He led the Chinese people in building China into a strong and powerful country in a short period of time. Internationally he played a historical role in the formation of the third world to confront the two superpowers."

More than 2,100 people from all walks of life in the Sudan have called at the Chinese Embassy and residences of the Chinese technical teams and Chinese medical teams to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Thailand

Thai Prime Minister Seni Prawat and Deputy Prime Ministers Pramarn Adireksarn and Dawee Chulalaksaya called at the Chinese Embassy in Bangkok on September 13 to pay tribute to the late Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Deputy Prime Minister Dawee told Chinese Ambassador Chai Tse-min: "The people of the world have
lost a great man in the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. The entire Thai people are grieved over the death of Chairman Mao. The Thai people are convinced that Thai-Chinese friendship will be strengthened constantly."

Former Thai Prime Minister Kukrit Pramoj also called at the Chinese Embassy on September 13 to offer condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy on September 10 were Foreign Minister Bhichai Ratatukol, Minister of Industry Chatichai Choonhavan and Minister of Justice Prasit Kanchanawat.

Since September 10, there have been more than 3,000 mourners calling at the Chinese Embassy including government officials, Members of Parliament, friendly personalities, social figures, workers, students, teachers, writers, journalists, leading members of some international organizations in Bangkok and Chinese residents in Thailand.

Burma

U Sein Win, Prime Minister of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma, and U Thaung Kyi, Joint General Secretary of the Burma Socialist Programme Party, called at the Chinese Embassy in Rangoon on September 11 to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

From September 10 to 13, nearly 2,000 people including foreign ministry officials, public figures and representatives of Chinese residents in Burma called at the Chinese Embassy to express condolences.

Afghanistan

Leaders of the Republic of Afghanistan Mohammad Naim, First Deputy Prime Minister Mohammad Hassan Sharq and Chief of General Staff Chulam Haider Rasooli called at the Chinese Embassy in Kabul on September 11 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. Mohammad Naim wrote in the condoleance book.

Also making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were ministers, other high-ranking government officials and military officers, prominent personalities as well as the President of the Afghanistan-China Friendship Association and students.

India

Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Prime Minister of India, called at the Chinese Embassy in New Delhi on September 11 to extend condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Indian Minister of External Affairs Y.B. Chavan made a condolence call the same day.

Among other mourners calling at the Chinese Embassy were Pandit Sunderlal, President of the India-China Friendship Association; Daniel Latifi, General Secretary of the All-India Dr. D.S. Kolnis Memorial Committee; and other public figures of various circles.

Fiji

Robert Munro, President of the Fijian Senate; David Togiaivalu, Minister of Labour; Edward Bodees, Minister of Industry, Commerce and Co-operatives; and Len Usher, Mayor of Suva, have called at the Chinese Embassy in Suva to express condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Calling at the Chinese Embassy were also Fijian Members of Parliament, government officials, personalities of various circles and representatives of overseas Chinese.

The Chinese Embassy has also received many wreaths, and cables and letters expressing profound condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Brazil

Brazilian government officials have called at the Chinese Embassy in Brasilia to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Among those paying condolence calls were Antonio Scarruboto, Director of Protocol, and Italo Zappa, Director of the Department of Africa, Asia and Oceania, of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Director Scarruboto extended to Chinese Ambassador Chiang Tse-chun the deep condolences of the Brazilian Government on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Also paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were representatives of Chinese residents in Brasilia, Rio de Janeiro and Sao Paulo.

Ethiopia

Chairman Teferi Bante of the Ethiopian Provisional Military Administrative Council, First Vice-Chairman Mengistu Hailu Mariam of the Council and Second Vice-Chairman Atanafu Abati of the Council called at the Chinese Embassy in Addis Ababa on the evening of September 9 to express their deep condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Accompanying them was Minister of Foreign Affairs Kifle Wodajo.

Chairman Teferi Bante said to Chinese Ambassador Yang Shou-Cheng: "We come to share the great loss of the passing away of Chairman Mao. It is a great loss not only to the people of China but to the revolutionary people of the whole world. The revolutionary people of the world have lost a great leader, a great Marxist-Leninist." "His great work and example will always give encouragement to the people engaged in revolution," he said.

The next day Chairman Teferi Bante presented a wreath to the Chinese Embassy to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Chairman of the Economic Committee of the Council Moses Wolde Michael, Commander of the Army Ba-
haru Tufa, Chief Commissioner of Police Bethune Tefera and government ministers also called at the Embassy to express their condolences.

"The world has lost a courageous warrior, a strong Communist and a great socialist thinker," and "he is the great Chairman Mao Tsetung of the People's Republic of China," said First Vice-Chairman Mengistu Haile Mariam of the Ethiopian Provisional Military Administrative Council, at a meeting of more than 1,000 representatives of the Farmers' Associations on September 10.

At Mengistu's suggestion the representatives observed a one-minute silence in memory of the late Chairman Mao Tsetung.

**Senegal**

On behalf of President Leopold Sedar Senghor, Senegalese Prime Minister Abdou Diouf called at the Chinese Embassy in Dakar on the morning of September 11 to extend profound condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Prime Minister Diouf wrote in the condolence book: "The Senegalese people learnt with very great grief of the sad news of the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the giant of history. In the name of the head of state, I express with respect the great sorrow of the whole Senegal which wants to assure the great friendly Chinese people once again of its very fraternal sympathy. The passing away of Chairman Mao is a grievous loss to the whole mankind because the genius of his thinking, the flow of his words and the efficiency of his action have not only guaranteed the spectacular progress of China, but also left a profound mark on our epoch. He will continue to inspire our gigantic struggle for truth and justice."

Also paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were Assane Seck, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, and others.

The representative of the South West Africa People's Organization in Dakar has also called at the Chinese Embassy to express condolences.

**France**

French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, Prime Minister Raymond Barre and many other high-ranking government officials as well as more than 2,000 personalities of various circles have called at the Chinese Embassy in Paris since September 10 to offer condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, accompanied by French Minister of Foreign Affairs Louis du Guiringaud, called at the Chinese Embassy on September 17 to express condolences.

In the condolence book he wrote: "In memory of Chairman Mao Tsetung who had restored dignity to China and restored it to its place. With General de Gaulle, he had opened the way of friendship and understanding between China and France."

He said to Tseng Tao, Chinese Ambassador to France: "The French people are aware of the tremendous loss which the Chinese people sustained in the passing of Chairman Mao. This is a loss not only to the Chinese people, but also to all mankind." He wished that the friendly relations between France and China will continue to develop.

French Prime Minister Raymond Barre expressed condolences at the Chinese Embassy on September 16. He told Chinese Ambassador Tseng Tao that "Chairman Mao Tsetung will go down in history as one of the greatest figures of this century." He noted that he "will in particular take care of the friendly relations (between France and China) that General de Gaulle and Chairman Mao Tsetung established so that these relations may be developed and consolidated."

Making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also Michel Poniatowski, French Minister of State and Minister of the Interior; Jean Lorenaud, Minister of State and Minister for Planning and Territorial Management; and many other ministers as well as a number of representatives of the French Government, the National Assembly, the Senate and the armed forces.

Also paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were former Prime Minister Maurice Couve de Murville, and former Ministers Maurice Schumann, Andre Bettencourt, Alain Peyrefitte and Jean de Lipkowski.

Calling at the Chinese Embassy to express profound condolences were also friends from the Franco-China Friendship Society including Honorary Chairman Maurice Baumont, Executive Chairman Charles Bettelheim, Executive Vice-Chairman Regis Bergeron, Secretary-General Mrs. Helene Marchisio and Chairman of the Presidium Jacques Jurquet; well-known Dutch film director Joris Ivens; French film marker Marcoline Loridan; famous authoress Han Suyin; and French friends from various walks of life.

Representatives of the Communist Party of Portugal (Marxist-Leninist) and a number of Portuguese friends also called at the Chinese Embassy in Paris to express deep condolences.

Amadou Mahtar M'Bay, Director-General of the Secretariat of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), and permanent representatives of many countries to UNESCO also made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy to pay tribute to Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Many representatives of Chinese residents in France went to the Chinese Embassy to express deep condolences on the death of the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao Tsetung.

**Gabon**

Jean-Stanislas Migolet, Acting Head of State of Gabon and Deputy Prime Minister Responsible for Relations With the Two Assemblies, called at the Chinese Embassy in Libreville on September 10 to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

*September 30, 1976*
Deputy Prime Minister Migolet said to Chinese Ambassador Liu Ying-hsien: “Chairman Mao Tsetung is a celebrated and great man of history.” “In the name of the government, the Gabonese Democratic Party and the Gabonese people, I extend on this sorrowful occasion deepest condolences to the Chinese Government, the Chinese people and their great Party.”

Paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also President of the Gabonese National Assembly Paul Indjendjet-Gondjout, Commander-in-Chief of the Gabonese Armed Forces General Ba-Oumar and other high-ranking officials.

Morocco

Moroccan Prime Minister Ahmed Osman called at the Chinese Embassy in Rabat on September 11 to express condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

He wrote in the condolence book: “I learnt with deep grief and sorrow of the news of the passing away of the leader Mao Tsetung. At this mournful moment, I express, on behalf of the Government of His Majesty King Hassan II, sincere condolences and deep sympathy to the Chinese Government and the friendly Chinese people and wish China greater prosperity and continued advance along the course charted by her great commander.”

Moroccan Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Moulay Ahmed Laraki and other high-ranking officials of the Foreign Ministry made condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy on September 10.

Making condolence calls were also friendly personalities of all circles.

Guinea-Bissau

Luís Cabral, President of the Council of State of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau, called at the Chinese Embassy in Bissau on the afternoon of September 13 to pay deep condolences on the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Luís Cabral received Chinese Ambassador to Guinea-Bissau Chia Huai-chi in Bafata City of Bafata Province on September 12, expressing deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Francisco Mendes, Secretary of the Permanent Secretariat of the African Party for Independence in Guinea and Cape Verde (P.A.I.G.C.) and Principal Commissioner of the Council of Commissioners of State of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau, visited the Chinese Embassy in Bissau on the afternoon of September 10 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Paying condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also: Joao Bernardo Vieira, Member of the Permanent Secretariat of the P.A.I.G.C., President of the National People’s Assembly and Commissioner of State for Armed Forces; Jose Araújo, Secretary of Organization of the P.A.I.G.C. and Commissioner of State Without Portfolio; and other high-ranking officials.

The Principal Commissioner wrote in the condolence book: “The great Mao Tsetung has passed away, but his example as an indomitable fighter and his teachings guiding people to fight against exploitation, inequality and poverty will be engraved on the memories of all the revolutionaries and people of the world.”

Friendly personages of various circles in this country and leading members of some mass organizations also paid condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Syria

As representative of Hafez Assad, President of the Syrian Arab Republic and General Secretary of the Arab Baath Socialist Party of Syria, Abdullah Almer, Assistant General Secretary of the Arab Baath Socialist Party of Syria, called at the Chinese Embassy in Damascus on the morning of September 12 to mourn the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

He told Chinese Ambassador Tsao Ke-chiang that on behalf of Hafez Assad, President of the Syrian Arab Republic and General Secretary of the Arab Baath Socialist Party of Syria, in the name of the national leadership of the Baath Party, he “expresses deepest condolences to the Communist Party of China, the Chinese people and the Chinese Government on the passing of Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people and the great friend of the Arab people.”

“The people of China and the world over have lost a great fighter and an outstanding standard-bearer of our contemporary life. The immortal exploits of this leader will shine for ever and illuminate the road of advance of the Chinese people and all the people struggling for freedom and progress,” he said.

He added, “The friendship between Syria and China which was established and consolidated while Chairman Mao Tsetung was alive will continue to be consolidated and strengthened.”

Making condolence calls together with Abdullah Almer were Baqer Yassen and other members of the national leadership of the Baath Party.

Also calling at the Chinese Embassy later to express condolences were Premier Abdel Rahman Khleifi, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Abdul Karim Adi, Assistant General Secretary of the regional leadership of the Syrian Arab Baath Socialist Party Mohammed Jabir Ejbjouj and eight other members of the regional leadership of the Party, Commander-in-Chief of the People’s Army Mohammed Ali, other high-ranking government officials, leading members of trade unions, youth, women and student organizations as well as noted figures of various circles.

Premier Khleifi told the Chinese Ambassador: “On behalf of the Syrian Government and people, I express deep condolences to the friendly Chinese people on the loss of their great leader.”

President of the Palestinian National Council Khaleed Fathioun, leading members of Palestinian commando organizations, and representatives of Palestinian...
mass organizations also called at the Chinese Embassy to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

**Nigeria**

On behalf of the Nigerian Head of State Olusegun Obasanjo, Chief of Staff of the Supreme Headquarters Shehu Yar’Adua called at the Chinese Embassy in Lagos on September 11 at the head of a delegation to mourn the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Members of the delegation included Joseph Garba, Nigerian Commissioner for External Affairs, M.D. Yusufu, Inspector-General of Police, and other high-ranking officers and officials.

Condolence calls were paid at the Chinese Embassy by Nigerian government officials, friendly personnages from all walks of life, overseas Chinese after the broadcast of the news on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung on September 9.

**Kuwait**

Under-Secretary of the Amiri Diwan Dajj Al-Jabir Al-Ali and Minister of Foreign Affairs Sheikh Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jabir Al-Sabah, representing Kuwaiti Amir Sheikh Sabah Al-Salem Sabah and Crown Prince and Prime Minister Sheikh Jaber Ahmed Al-Jabir Sabah respectively, called at the Chinese Embassy in Kuwait on September 11 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Under-Secretary Dajj Al-Jabir Al-Ali wrote in the condolence book, “With extremely deep grief, we have learnt of the sad news of the death of the great leader Chairman Mao. We Arab people have lost our great friend. Here, we convey the heartfelt condolences of His Highness the Amir on the death of China’s great leader and great statesman. The inconceivable influence of Chairman Mao will win immortality in world history. Eternal glory to the great leader and great statesman!”

Representing the Crown Prince and Prime Minister, the Minister of Foreign Affairs wrote in the condolence book, “The death of Chairman Mao is a great loss not only to the Chinese people but also to the peoples of the whole world.”

Making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were also other Kuwaiti officials, noted figures including Khalid Salem Al-Ghunaim.

**Italy**

Italian government officials and personnages from various circles called at the Chinese Embassy on September 10, 11 and 12 to extend their deepest condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader and teacher of the Chinese people.

Franco Bezzi, Secretary-General of the Italian Presidential Office, conveyed to the Chinese Embassy the deep condolences of President Giovanni Leone on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung. On behalf of Italian Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti, Vittorino Colombo, Minister of Posts and Telecommunications and President of the Italy-China Economic and Cultural Exchange Association, said at the Embassy: “The death of Chairman Mao is the greatest loss to the Chinese people and to the world people as well. Chairman Mao will live forever in the hearts of the Chinese and Italian people.” Also making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy were Italian Foreign Minister Arnaldo Forlani, President of the Senate Amintore Fanfani and President of the Chamber of Deputies Pietro Ingrao.

Fosco Dinucci, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Italy (Marxist-Leninist); Giovanni Scuderi, General Secretary of the Marxist-Leninist Organization of the Italian Bolshevik Communists; Vincenzo Calo, General Secretary of the Party of Socialist Revolution of Italy; and Osvaldo Pesce, General Secretary of the Organization of the Communists of Italy (Marxist-Leninist), called separately at the Chinese Embassy in Rome between September 10 and 12 to express deepest condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people and the great teacher of the international proletariat.

Fosco Dinucci called at the Chinese Embassy together with some members of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Italy (M-L). He said, “The Central Committee of our Party and our Party members throughout the country are deeply grieved at the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung.” “The death of Comrade Mao Tsetung is a tremendous loss, but we will follow his teachings and turn our grief into strength. To us, Comrade Mao Tsetung is not dead — he will fight with us for ever,” Dinucci said.

Osvaldo Pesce led 11 leading members of the Organization of the Communists of Italy (M-L) to the Chinese Embassy. They stood in silent tribute after presenting a Party flag bearing their signatures before the portrait of the late Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Vincenzo Calo called at the Chinese Embassy at the head of a delegation composed of five leading members of the Party of Socialist Revolution of Italy.

Calling at the Chinese Embassy were also Pietro Nenni, Chairman of the Italian Socialist Party, Giorgio Zucchet, Secretary-General of the Italian Association for Cultural and Friendly Relations With the People’s Republic of China, friendly personnages from various circles and representatives of Chinese residents in Italy.

Giuseppe Del Pennino, Consul-General of the Republic of San Marino in Rome, made a condolence call on behalf of his government.

Edouard Saouma, Director-General of the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization, also made a condolence call at the Chinese Embassy.

**Zaire**

Zairian President Mobutu Sese Seko called at the Chinese Embassy in Kinshasa on September 18 to deeply mourn the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung at
the time when the solemn memorial meeting was being held in Peking.

President Mobutu stood in silent tribute before the portrait of Chairman Mao. Then he wrote in the condolence book: "On this day of homage to the memory of Chairman Mao Tsetung, our grief is as deep as the sincere friendship, the profound respect and the great admiration that we have always cherished for this great deceased Chinese leader."

Accompanying the President during the call were all Members of the Political Bureau of the Popular Revolutionary Movement of Zaire (P.R.M.Z.) in Kinshasa, Commissioners of State of the National Executive Council and Representatives of the Permanent Bureau of the National Legislative Council, as well as leading officials of Kinshasa.

The P.R.M.Z. Political Bureau Members who called at the Chinese Embassy with the President were Ileo Nkongoamba; Bo-Boliko Lokonga, President of the Permanent Bureau of the National Legislative Council; Ngaza Karl Ibon, Commissioner of State for Foreign Affairs and International Co-operation; Engulu Bangampa Bako, Lokanga, Commissioner of State for Political Affairs; Kengo Wa Dondo, Attorney-General of the Republic; Bayona Ba Meya, First President of the Supreme Court; Bumba Meas Bongi, Commander-in-Chief of the Zaïre Armed Forces; Singa Beyenge, Chief of the General Staff of the National Gendarmerie; Kikunda Ombala, Chief of the General Staff of the Air Force; and Lomponta Wa Bokende, Chief of the General Staff of the Naval Force.

From September 11 to 18, many Zaïrean officials and friendly personages from various circles also paid condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Benin

Mathieu Kerekou, President of the People's Republic of Benin, called at the Chinese Embassy in Cotonou on September 13 to extend condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Accompanying the President on the condolence call were all the Ministers of the Benin Government and some Members of the Central Committee of the Party of the Popular Revolution of Benin.

President Kerekou wrote in the book of condolence: "In the name of Benin, the Central Committee of the Party of the Popular Revolution of Benin and the Revolutionary Military Government of Benin, we express profound condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the esteemed and beloved great leader of the Chinese people and the great leader of the proletariat of the contemporary world. The Benin people, together with the peoples, revolutionary parties and revolutionary movements of all countries, pledge their firm resolve to turn this grief into more constant and more profound revolutionary action in studying Marxism-Leninism, the revolutionary teachings of Chairman Mao Tsetung, and in applying them independently and with a spirit of responsibility to the concrete realities of our country."

Also making condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy on September 10 and several days after were representatives of international organizations in Benin and more than 1,000 Benin people.

On September 11, the Central Committee of the Party of the Popular Revolution of Benin issued a statement on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung. It says: "The whole life of Chairman Mao Tsetung was a brilliant and everlasting example of hard work, persevering and unyielding struggle, of clear-sightedness, shrewdness and ardent tenacity and revolutionary zeal to the service of the just cause of total, radical and complete liberation of the proletariat and of the Chinese people, an example of discretion and modesty as well as of firmness in implementing the Marxist principle of proletarian internationalism and of constant and effective support to the struggle for the emancipation of the peoples of the third world." It says that Chairman Mao Tsetung "passed away at his combat post in the service of the interests of the Chinese people and for the revolutionary cause of the peoples of the world. This worthy son of progressive mankind will live for ever in the memory of the peoples of the world."

Cyprus

Archbishop Makarios, President of the Republic of Cyprus, called at the Chinese Embassy in Nicosia on September 18 to express condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

President Makarios wrote in the condolence book: "Chairman Mao has gone down in history as a great man. His amazing work will be admired for ever."

Earlier, President of the House of Representatives Tassos Papadopoulos, Minister of Foreign Affairs Yiannis Christopoulos, other high government officials and friendly personages from all circles also paid condolence calls at the Chinese Embassy.

Upper Volta

Upper Volta President Sangoule Lamizana on September 13 called at the Chinese Embassy in Ouagadougou to offer condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

He was accompanied by senior government officials.

The President wrote in the condolence book: With the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung, not only the Chinese people but also all the progressive people have lost one of the illustrious figures we greatly admire.

(To be continued.)
Profound Mourning for Passing of the Chinese People’s Great Leader Chairman Mao Tsetung

Message From Pakistan President Chaudhry

His Excellency Mr. Hua Kuo-feng,
Premier of the State Council of the People’s Republic of China,

Excellency:

It is with the deepest sense of sorrow that we have received the news of the passing away of His Excellency Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people.

As the father of the Chinese revolution, which transformed the life of a quarter of mankind, Chairman Mao was one of the most outstanding leaders of all times. As a statesman and thinker, he has left an indelible mark on the pages of human history. His passing away is a colossal loss not only to the people of China but also to the peoples of the world.

Chairman Mao Tsetung will always be remembered by us for his sincere and abiding friendship towards the people of Pakistan. We deeply mourn with the Chinese people the loss of the greatest and most illustrious son of China.

We are confident that the fraternal Chinese people, inspired by the teachings of their great leader, will continue the revolutionary march towards their glorious destiny.

Fazal Elahi Chaudhry
President of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan
Rawalpindi, September 2, 1976

Message From Pakistan Prime Minister Bhutto

His Excellency Mr. Hua Kuo-feng,
Premier of the State Council of the People’s Republic of China,
Peking

Excellency:

We in Pakistan have received with profound sorrow and grief the calamitous news of the passing away of His Excellency Chairman Mao Tsetung, the illustrious leader of the great Chinese people. On behalf of the people and Government of Pakistan, I extend to Your Excellency our deepest sympathy and condolences on this most tragic occasion.

His Excellency Chairman Mao Tsetung’s great name and his imperishable deeds have been engraved deeply on the palimpsest of history. His immortal thoughts and resplendent achievements will live in human memory till the end of time. His philosophy and vision will sustain and inspire countless future generations of mankind.

It was under Chairman Mao Tsetung’s leadership and guidance that the People’s Republic of China developed into a great and powerful socialist state, upholding the highest principles of international conduct and crusading for a just political, social and economic order in the world. He was at the same time the author of an epoch-making world revolutionary movement which rekindled in the hearts of the oppressed peoples of the world, the hope for a glorious future free from the curse of exploitation and suffering. His undying example and precepts will continue to guide the Chinese people towards still greater victories and achievements and beckon people all over the world to struggle with renewed hope and fervour for their final liberation from oppression and domination.

The people of Pakistan will always cherish the memory of Chairman Mao Tsetung as a true and sincere friend who understood their hopes and aspirations and staunchly stood by them in their moments of trials and tribulations. He will always be remembered by us as the chief architect of Sino-Pakistan friendship and his great personality will remain for ever a source of strength for us.

Chairman Mao Tsetung’s abiding solicitude and concern for the welfare and progress of Pakistan have won him an eternal place in our hearts. The people of Pakistan join the fraternal people of China in mourning the loss of this great man of destiny.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto
Prime Minister of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan
Larkana, September 9, 1976
Message From Sri Lanka President Gopallawa

The Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China

It was with deep sorrow I came to learn of the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Chairman Mao was a leader of epic stature and his name had become a legend even during his lifetime.

Throughout his life he inspired and epitomized the Chinese revolution and was an unceasing source of strength and support to the peoples of the third world in their struggle for freedom and independence.

I was privileged to meet him during my assignment as Ambassador of Sri Lanka in China and the occasion remains firmly etched in my memory.

Chairman Mao showed a deep and abiding concern for the well-being of Sri Lanka and in his death the people of Sri Lanka have lost a sincere friend.

Please permit me to convey to you, the Government and people of China the sincerest condolences of the Government and people of Sri Lanka as well as of myself on the grievous loss. Please also convey to the family of Chairman Mao our deepest sympathies.

William Gopallawa
President of Sri Lanka
September 10, 1976

Message From Iranian Shahanshah Pahlavi

His Excellency Mr. Hua Kuo-feng,
Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China,
Peking

I am deeply moved and saddened by the news of the passing away of His Excellency Mr. Mao Tsetung, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China. In these mournful circumstances, I wish to convey to Your Excellency and to the Government and people of the People's Republic of China the expression of my profound and sincere sympathy.

The late Chairman's illustrious role in the establishment of the People's Republic of China, a struggle initiated by the epic Long March and which has ushered in a new era of greatness and prosperity for your country, will be permanently recorded as one of the most brilliant chapters in Chinese history.

Mohammad Reza Pahlavi
September 9, 1976

Message From Burmese President U Ne Win

His Excellency Hua Kuo-feng,
First Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,

His Excellency Wu Teh,
Vice-Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China,
Peking

We in Burma extend our deepest sympathy to you and through you to the people of China for the passing away of His Excellency Mao Tsetung, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China.

As the undisputed leader and founder of the People's Republic of China, he was much loved by the Chinese people and widely respected as a statesman of our time by all who knew him. His dedication for the advancement of his country and for the progress of its people will be recorded for ever in the annals of history.
In this hour of irreparable loss, we would like to offer our deepest condolences to you and through you to Madame Mao Tsetung and other members of his family.

Ne Win
Chairman of the Burma Socialist Programme Party of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma and President of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma

Message From Burmese Prime Minister U Sein Win

His Excellency Hua Kuo-feng,
Premier of the State Council of the People’s Republic of China,

Peking

It is with a deep sense of sadness that I have learnt of the sudden demise of His Excellency Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the People’s Republic of China. The Government and the people of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma join me in tendering our heartfelt condolences to the Government and people of the People’s Republic of China and to the bereaved family.

Sein Win
Prime Minister of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma

Message From Zairian President Mobutu

Mr. Premier:

We have just learnt with great sorrow of the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of China.

His death saddens us because it is an immeasurable loss to the friendly Chinese people and to the whole world.

In fact, during the past 25 years and more, this exceptionally great man of historical dimensions contributed greatly to the transformation of the world history.

To the great and friendly Chinese people, he was the unprece­dented pioneer of the historical revolution, the leader and the un­ting great helmsman who made China what it is today.

Chairman Mao could understand the aspirations of his people and give them guidance. He successfully changed and exploited one of the most extensive lands in the world.

For us Zairians, he will always remain a great pioneer of opening towards the world and of sincere friendship with our people.

China’s achievements in Zaire will always be an example of friendship and sincere co-operation.

September 30, 1976

The Zairian people share the grief cruelly afflicting the great and friendly Chinese people.

I beg you, Mr. Premier, to accept our deepest condolences to the Government led by you and to the family of the illustrious deceased.

Lieutenant General Mobutu Sese Seko
Kuku Ngbenda Wa Za Banga
Kinshasa, September 9, 1976

Message From Tanzanian President Nyerere

Premier Hua Kuo-feng,
The State Council of the People’s Republic of China,

Peking

Chairman Mao Tsetung’s long life of service to humanity has come to an end and the whole world is poorer for his passing. Chairman Mao will be mourned by all the people of Tanzania for he was a world leader and an inspiration to revolutionary lovers of freedom and human dignity everywhere. In great sadness and solidarity we send our deepest condolences to the Chinese people whom he led to freedom, to equality and to revolutionary progress. Our consolation is that the work of Chairman Mao will continue after him and that the great friendship between our two countries which was developed under his leadership is now indissoluble. I ask you to convey to the Chinese people and to the Communist Party of China the great sympathy and the universal mourning of all the people of the United Republic of Tanzania and of the Tanganyika African National Union and the Afro-Shirazi Party. Please also convey our sincere condolences to Madame Chiang Ching.

Julius K. Nyerere
President of the United Republic of Tanzania
Dar-es-Salaam, September 9, 1976

Message From Algerian President Boumedienne

His Excellency Mr. Hua Kuo-feng,
Premier of the State Council of the People’s Republic of China

Excellency:

I am deeply grieved at the death of Chairman Mao Tsetung, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China. In the name of the Council of Revolution of Algeria, the Algerian National Liberation Front, the Algerian Government and people, and in my own name, I express to you, to the Central Com-
Message From Gabonese President Bongo

Mr. Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China,

Peking

The Gabonese people, Party and Government are extremely grieved at the demise of Chairman Mao Tsetung. He is an illustrious guide, a great Chinese and an unmatched statesman. He has passed away, but his influence on the world history of all time is eternal. Now the whole world is in mourning. Though Mao Tsetung is dead, his thought and great teachings are immortal. With saddest condolences.

El Hadj Omar Bongo
September 9, 1976
Gabonese Embassy in Paris

Message From Senegalese President Senghor

His Excellency Mr. Hua Kuo-feng,
First Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Premier of the State Council,

Peking

We have just learnt in Senegal of the sad news of the passing away of Chairman Mao Tsetung. I believe that the death of the great founder of modern China is a great loss to many parts of the world. He devoted all his life to the struggle of the third world people for their liberation, the maintenance of their dignity and the consolidation of the natural solidarity among them. Chairman Mao Tsetung was an indefatigable fighter, especially in strengthening the close links which exist between China and Africa. At this sad moment, therefore, the entire Senegalese people, the Government and I myself extend to you our sincere and profound condolences and at the same time express to the Chinese people, their leaders and Party our very deep sympathy. We are deeply convinced that the great deceased was a political genius of the third world and his work will continue to inspire for a long time the peace-loving nations to gradually create an atmosphere of understanding and co-operation in the world.

With highest consideration,

Leopold Sedar Senghor
President of the Republic of Senegal
Dakar, September 9, 1976

(People's Review, No. 40)
Profound Mourning for Passing of the Chinese People's Great Leader Chairman Mao Tsetung

Message From Central Committee Of Communist Party of Burma

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,
Peking

Dear Comrades:

We have learnt with shock and boundless grief over the radio of the passing away of Comrade Mao Tsetung, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Chairman of the Military Commission of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Honorary Chairman of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. On the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people and the great teacher of the international proletariat and the oppressed nations and oppressed people, we, on behalf of the entire members of the Communist Party of Burma, all the commanders and fighters of the People's Army and the entire people of our country, extend our most profound condolences to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, and through you, to the whole membership of the Communist Party of China, all the commanders and fighters of the Chinese People's Liberation Army and the entire Chinese people as well as the family of Comrade Mao Tsetung.

Comrade Mao Tsetung was the founder and wise leader of the great Communist Party of China, the Chinese People's Liberation Army and the People's Republic of China. In the complicated, tortuous, arduous and acute class struggle and struggle between the two lines, Comrade Mao Tsetung fought for a long time against the class enemies at home and abroad, inside and outside the Party, and founded a great, glorious and correct Communist Party, a genuine people's army and a consolidated people's political power.

During the period of the new-democratic revolution, Comrade Mao Tsetung, in accordance with the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism and by correctly combining it with the concrete practice of the Chinese revolution, creatively laid down the general line and general policy of the new-democratic revolution and pointed out that the political power could be seized only through armed struggle and that the seizure of political power by armed force in China could be achieved only by following the road of building rural base areas, using the countryside to encircle the cities and finally seizing the cities, and not by any other road. By implementing this correct Marxist-Leninist line, the Chinese people overthrew the reactionary rule representing imperialism, feudalism and bureaucrat-capitalism, won the great victory of the new-democratic revolution and founded the People's Republic of China. The victory of the Chinese people's new-democratic revolution changed the situation in the East and the world and pointed out to the people in colonial, semi-colonial and semi-feudal countries the revolutionary road for liberation.

In the period of the socialist revolution, Comrade Mao Tsetung comprehensively summed up the historical experience and lessons of the international communist movement and the dictatorship of the proletariat, penetratingly analysed the experience of the socialist revolution and socialist construction in China, pointed out that there are still classes, class contradictions and class struggle in socialist society after the socialist transformation for abolishing the private ownership of the means of production has in the main been completed, drew the conclusion that the bourgeoisie is right in the Communist Party, put forth the programme of taking class struggle as the key link and the theory of continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and laid down the Party's Marxist-Leninist basic line for the entire historical period of the socialist revolution.

Guided by Comrade Mao Tsetung's proletarian revolutionary line, the Chinese people seized great victories in the socialist revolution and socialist construction, particularly in the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, in criticizing Liu Shao-chi's counter-revolutionary revisionist line, in criticizing Lin Piao and Confucius and in criticizing Teng Hsiao-ping and repulsing the right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, and consolidated the dictatorship of the proletariat, thus, consolidating the People's Republic of China — the reliable bulwark of the world proletarian revolution.

With his proletarian mettle, Comrade Mao Tsetung initiated in the international communist movement the great struggle to criticize modern revisionism headed by

September 30, 1976
the Soviet revisionist renegade clique and thus made tremendous contributions to combating and preventing revisionism, consolidating the dictatorship of the proletariat and preventing capitalist restoration. He persisted in the principles of proletarian internationalism and offered selfless and all-round aid to the revolutionary movement of various countries, making tremendous contributions to the world proletarian revolutionary cause and promoting the cause of the people of various countries against imperialism and hegemonism.

Comrade Mao Tsetung was the greatest Marxist of the contemporary era. He integrated the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism with the concrete practice of the revolution, summed up the historical experience of the international communist movement and the dictatorship of the proletariat, inherited Marxism-Leninism, defended its purity and developed it with Mao Tsetung Thought.

Comrade Mao Tsetung dedicated all his energies throughout his life to the liberation of the Chinese people and to the emancipation of the oppressed nations and oppressed people the world over. The magnificent contributions he made to the people are immortal.

The passing away of Comrade Mao Tsetung is an inestimable loss not only to the Party and army of China and the Chinese people, but also to the international proletariat, to all the real Marxist-Leninists including our Party, to the revolutionary people of all countries and to the international communist movement. Comrade Mao Tsetung attached very great importance to the militant unity and friendship between our two Parties, which are based on Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and proletarian internationalism. Naturally, the news of the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung brings great sorrow, which is beyond description, to the hearts of all the members of our Party. We will turn grief into strength with determination. To mourn for ever Comrade Mao Tsetung we will apply ourselves to the study of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and make efforts to integrate it more correctly with the practice of the Burmese revolution. We will unite all the revolutionary classes, strata and the people of all nationalities of Burma and work to the best of our ability to overthrow the reactionary rule representing imperialism, feudalism and bureaucrat-capitalism and build a new Burma. We will further consolidate and strengthen the militant unity with the great Communist Party of China and all the genuine Marxist-Leninist Parties and organizations, struggle to completely wipe out on the earth imperialism, social-imperialism, revisionism and all reaction, and learn from and support each other in fighting shoulder to shoulder against the common enemies.

Eternal glory to Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people, the great teacher of the international proletariat and the oppressed nations and oppressed people, and the most respected and beloved great leader and teacher of our Party, our army and our people.

Long live invincible Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!

Long live the great, glorious and correct Communist Party of China!

Eternal glory to the great leader and teacher Comrade Mao Tsetung!

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Burma

September 19, 1976

Message From Central Committee of Japanese Workers’ Party

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,

Peking,

The People’s Republic of China

Upon learning of the sad news on the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung, all the members of the Japanese Workers’ Party are overcome by utmost grief.

Comrade Mao Tsetung was an extraordinary proletarian revolutionary and the most outstanding Marxist of the contemporary era. He left behind permanently indelible exploits in leading the people of China and the world toward communism—the historic cause of mankind. Particularly unforgettable for the revolutionary Japanese people are Comrade Mao Tsetung’s consistent and profound loving care for the Japanese people and his support and encouragement of the Japanese people’s struggle. Comrade Mao Tsetung was the most beloved and most respected teacher of the revolutionary Japanese people.

Now we feel boundlessly grieved at the loss of Comrade Mao Tsetung. But we will certainly turn our grief into strength and resolutely march forward in the light of Comrade Mao Tsetung’s teachings.

Comrade Mao Tsetung, at the time of your departure, we pledge to follow your teachings on the proletarian revolution and the dictatorship of the proletariat, integrate the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought with the practice of the Japanese revolution, and struggle in the van of the Japanese people who are fighting for independence and liberation.

Comrade Mao Tsetung, at the time of your departure, we pledge to resolutely uphold the truth of Marxism which you have defended and developed, and fight against modern revisionism and social-imperialism through to the end.

Comrade Mao Tsetung, at the time of your departure, we pledge to firmly defend the red banner of proletarian internationalism of which you have set an example, and unite with the Chinese people and the
people of the third world for a resolute struggle against imperialism and hegemonism.

Comrade Mao Tsetung, you will live for ever in our hearts.

The Central Committee of the Japanese Workers’ Party
September 10, 1976

Letter From General Secretary Wilcox of Communist Party Of New Zealand

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,
The Government of the People’s Republic of China and the Chinese People

The National Committee of the Communist Party of New Zealand, on behalf of the whole Party, class-conscious workers, and friends of China, conveys its profound grief and sense of deep loss at the news of the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and founder of the Chinese People’s Republic.

Comrade Mao Tsetung was not only the theoretical and practical leader of the historic Chinese revolution; he was also the leader of the world proletarian revolution, the great continuer of the cause of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin.

In the course of long and arduous struggles against the imperialists and the reactionary classes within China, Comrade Mao led the Chinese Party and people to glorious victories in the Chinese revolution, inspiring the masses of people throughout the world with confidence in their own ability to shake off oppression and win socialism. In these struggles Comrade Mao established himself as the foremost theoretician and strategist of people’s war.

The life and achievements of Comrade Mao cannot be separated from his theoretical and practical leadership of the proletarian revolutionary line in a series of two-line struggles both before and after liberation, against both “Left” and Right opportunism, especially in recent years against the bourgeois lines of the capitalist thinkers led by Liu Shao-chi, Lin Piao and Teng Hsiao-ping.

Comrade Mao is one of the giants of revolutionary thought. He has made enormous contributions to Marxist-Leninist theory, in particular to Marxist-Leninist philosophy, to the theory of basis and superstructure, the theory of the class struggle and the dictatorship of the proletariat, the national-liberation struggle and the Party. Of special significance has been his contribution to the theory of continuing class struggle under socialism in order to bar the door to a revival of capitalism in new forms.

Like Lenin in his time Comrade Mao carried on a major struggle to preserve the purity of Marxist-Leninist theory from the attacks of revisionism headed by the renegades of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union from Khrushchev onward. The work of the Communist Party of China under Mao’s leadership in this connection has been of world historic importance.

Comrade Mao was a great creative thinker and practical leader. In the last decade of his life he personally led the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution which established the necessity of continuing revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. He guided the work of building socialism in China by brilliantly integrating the principles of Marxism-Leninism with the practice of the Chinese revolution.

The purpose of Mao’s life and work was the same as that of the other great teachers and leaders of the world revolution: The emancipation of the working class, and therewith of all oppressed people, from the rule of capitalism and imperialism. He never failed to emphasize the role of the masses of the people in creating and in changing society and creatively developed their participation in the practical work of administering socialist society.

The workers and oppressed peoples of the world have lost a tried and trusted comrade, teacher and leader. In their mourning they will rally still more closely around his revolutionary line and teachings for the struggles ahead.

Comrade Mao’s teachings on the mass line are summed up in the phrase: From the masses, to the masses. To no one does this apply more than to Mao himself.

From the masses he drew his strength and wisdom;
To the masses he devoted his life and work.

V.G. Wilcox
General Secretary of the National Committee of the Communist Party of New Zealand
September 10, 1976

Message From Vilar of Central Committee of Communist Party of Portugal (M-L)

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,
First Vice-Chairman Comrade Hua Kuo-feng of the C.P.C. Central Committee,
The Chinese people
Dear Comrades:

We learnt with deepest grief of the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung. The Communists of Portugal were
struck with grief which can hardly be expressed in words over the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung. This great revolutionary leader who led in the founding of the People's Republic of China, successor to the cause of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and supreme leader of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution will live for ever in the hearts of the Communists the world over, and he will be regarded as the teacher fighting against modern revisionism and for the victory of the cause of scientific socialism and communism. His death is an inestimable loss to the Communist Party of China, the Chinese People's Liberation Army and the Chinese people, as well as to all Communists and progressive mankind of the world.

The works of Comrade Mao Tsetung are an inexhaustible source of teaching. They have strengthened the militant unity among the people of various countries in opposing hegemonism and in particular the militant unity in opposing Russian social-imperialism, the most offensive and aggressive superpower.

When the sad news of the death of Comrade Mao Tsetung reaches the five continents, the five continents will surely turn grief into strength. We are convinced that the cause of communism and the cause of opposing hegemonism of the peoples of the world will surely gain a new development. The image of Comrade Mao Tsetung will undoubtedly inspire every communist fighter. The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Portugal (Marxist-Leninist) extends to you its deepest condolences.

Eternal glory to Comrade Mao Tsetung!

Eduardo Vilar
The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Portugal (Marxist-Leninist)
Lisbon, September 9, 1976

Message From First Secretary Letebvre Of Marxist-Leninist Communist Party Of Belgium

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,

First Vice-Chairman Comrade Hua Kuo-feng of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,

Peking

Our great Comrade Chairman Mao Tsetung has died and our grief is immense. We send our cordial salutations to you. We feel your grief. We are close to you and among you to share your most profound sentiments. But we also know that the work and the teachings of Chairman Mao are immortal and that they will always enrich the action and the reasons of the struggle of all the revolutionaries of the world.

As the leader of the Chinese Communist Party, Chairman Mao led the Chinese people on to the victorious path of revolution and socialism, because he applied in a creative way the universal teachings of Marxism-Leninism to the concrete conditions of his country and his epoch. He realized the fraternal alliance between the peasant masses and the modern proletariat. He enunciated the laws of revolutionary war and applied them victoriously. He practised with mastery the policy of the united front which calls for both union and struggle. Closely associating with the masses and being invincible on the principles of Marxism-Leninism, he led the Chinese people in winning the great victory of liberation on October 1, 1949 and then in the building of socialism.

Developing the teachings of Lenin on the class struggle under the socialist system and drawing lessons from the revisionist degeneration in the U.S.S.R. after the death of Stalin, he led with mastery the struggle against revisionism within the international communist movement and in China itself. He promoted the continuation and development of the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. As the leader of the Chinese Communist Party, he initiated and led the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, a brilliant struggle of the masses against leaders taking the capitalist road, against revisionism and for the victory of the proletarian line. He appealed to the masses and led them in the movement to criticize Confucius and Lin Piao. He appealed to the masses and led them in the struggle for restricting bourgeois right and strengthening the dictatorship of the proletariat. He appealed to the masses and led them in the current struggle against the Right deviationists. Ruthless to the agents of the bourgeoisie, to the revisionists and conspirators, Chairman Mao forcefully attacked those who betrayed and those who attacked the red flag while making use of it, the worst traitors, notably Liu Shao-chi, Lin Piao and Tang Hsia-ping in the recent past. In the 33 years of struggle against the class enemies, Chairman Mao, in leading the popular masses, always had an eye to the ideological reinforcement of all the Party members and revolutionaries. No one else was better than he in pointing out that to defeat the enemy and not to sink into revisionism, it is necessary to have constant concern for raising the theoretical level of the Party.

We salute the principled foreign policy of Chairman Mao and the Communist Party of China, who exposed the detente fraud, denounced the intrigues and crimes.
of the two superpowers and their march to the inevitable third world war, showed that Soviet social-imperialism is the biggest source of war in the world and supported the tendency of the countries and peoples of the second world to fight against hegemonism and to align themselves with third world countries and peoples, the motive force of history.

Mao Tsetung takes his place among the giants of the proletarian revolution — Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, and the study of their life and works is a guide for all the revolutionaries of the world.

In the name of the Central Committee and all the members of the Marxist-Leninist Communist Party of Belgium, I wish to express our total solidarity. Led by their Communist Party, the Chinese people, overcoming their pain, will draw new strength for marching into the brilliant future of the revolution.

Fernand Lefebvre
First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Marxist-Leninist Communist Party of Belgium
Brussels, September 9, 1976

Message From Chairman Klonsky
Of U.S. October League (M-L)

First Vice-Chairman Comrade Hua Kuo-feng of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,
Peking,
The People's Republic of China

On behalf of the October League (Marxist-Leninist), we extend our solemn condolences to the Communist Party of China, the Government of the People's Republic of China, and the entire Chinese people on the loss of the beloved and revered leader of the Chinese people's revolutionary struggle Chairman Mao Tsetung.

Words cannot fully express the grief we feel at the loss of our great teacher and leader. He stood for communism all his life. His works deepened and enriched the liberating science of Marxism-Leninism. Throughout his life Chairman Mao Tsetung fought not only for the liberation of China but for that of the international working class and all oppressed peoples from imperialism and all reaction.

Chairman Mao creatively developed and applied Marxism-Leninism to the making of the Chinese revolution. He organized, built and led the Communist Party of China, guiding it over 55 years through ten major two-line struggles against various Right and "Left"

opportunists and the current struggle against Teng Hsiao-p'ing's Right deviationist line.

The lessons he summed up from China's new-democratic and socialist revolutions have served to advance the national-liberation struggles throughout the entire world. Mao Tsetung led the way in the international fight to unmask and smash revisionism, particularly Soviet social-imperialism. He charted a course for revolutionary fighters to follow, the high road of class struggle. The Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, which he personally initiated and led, has further developed the theory of continuing the class struggle under the dictatorship of the proletariat and stands as a major contribution to the world treasury of Marxism-Leninism and as a guidepost for Communists everywhere in fighting the bourgeoisie and revisionism and advancing on the road to communism.

Our grief sparks a greater determination to uphold Marxism-Leninism, Mao Tsetung Thought and intensify our study and work. We will persist in taking class struggle as the key link in making revolution. We know for sure that the Chinese people will transform grief into strength and energy, heighten their revolutionary unity and reach the great goals for which Chairman Mao lived.

Mao Tsetung has left us a great legacy of guidance in waging the struggles for national liberation, for socialism, and communism. While the passing away of Chairman Mao is heavier than Mount Tai, his legacy can never die.

Our sympathy to Comrade Chiang Ching and the family of Chairman Mao.

Eternal glory to Comrade Mao Tsetung!
With communist and internationalist greetings.

Michael Klonsky
Chairman of the Central Committee of the October League (Marxist-Leninist)
Chicago, September 9, 1976

Message From Chairman Benito Scoocozza of Communist League
Marxist-Leninists of Denmark

Benito Scoocozza, Chairman of the Communist League Marxist-Leninists of Denmark, extended, on behalf of the Central Committee of the League, deep condolences on the passing of Chairman Mao Tsetung in a message to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China on September 9.

September 30, 1976
Message From Central Committee of Communist Party of Italy (M-L)

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Italy (Marxist-Leninist) sent a message on September 9 to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, extending deepest condolences on the death of Chairman Mao Tse-tung.

The message says: "The Central Committee of the Italian (Marxist-Leninist) Communist Party expresses deepest condolences to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China on the death of Chairman Mao Tse-tung. The death of Chairman Mao Tse-tung has thrown the Chinese people, the working class of the world and all the oppressed people into infinite mourning."

The message says: "The passing of Chairman Mao Tse-tung has deprived the Chinese people and the world proletariat of a great leader. With his tremendous contributions to the revolutionary struggle, Chairman Mao is ranked among the great historic leaders of the world proletariat as Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin."

Message From Committee for the Founding of the Workers' Party Of the Dominican Republic

Comrade Hua Kuo-feng,
First Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China,

Peking,
China

Deeply stunned by the death of the beloved and respected Comrade Mao Tse-tung, renowned leader of the Chinese people and the world proletarian revolution, the Dominican Marxist-Leninists express to the Party, the Government and the people of China our unbreakable solidarity, with the absolute conviction that the socialist revolution will surely win greater victories in China and that the world revolution will surely overwhelm imperialism, revisionism and all reactionaries.

The Committee for the Founding of the Workers' Party of the Dominican Republic

(Composed of the Red Line of the "June 14" Revolutionary Movement, the Red Banner, the Voice of the Proletariat, and the Via-ML)

Santo Domingo, September 11

(To be continued.)