Agricultural Policy of British Imperialism in India

By G. A. K. Ildhun.

Recently, Lord Reading, the outgoing Viceroy of India, announced in Parliament that 'the path of economic progress is the only true path to political independence.' This phrase has often been heard in connection with India. It has been repeated by the British government, by the Viceroy, and by many other officials, as a justification for their policies in India. It is, however, an incomplete and misleading statement of the situation.

The agricultural policy of British imperialism in India is based on the exploitation of the Indian peasantry, and the manipulation of the Indian market. It is designed to promote the interests of British capital, and to maintain the power of the British government in India.

The agricultural policy of British imperialism in India is characterized by the following features:

1. The British government has established a system of protection for British imperialism in India. This system of protection is based on the manipulation of the Indian market, and the exploitation of the Indian peasantry.

2. The British government has established a system of colonialism in India. This system of colonialism is based on the manipulation of the Indian market, and the exploitation of the Indian peasantry.

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The II. Organisation Conference of the E.C.C.I.

10 - 17 February 1926.

2nd Part.

Work and Organisation of the Lower Party Executives.

(Sub-District, Section and Subsection.)