EMARD THE NATIOR

REIEASE ALL COMMUNIST DETENUS

MAY 12, 1963 WILL GO DOWN IN THE HISTORY OF OUR PEOPLE'S STRUGGLE AS A DAY OF MIGHTY DEMONSTRATIONS AND MEETINGS, HELD UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, IN EVERY PART OF THE COUNTRY ON THE VITAL DEMOCRATIC DEMAND FOR THE RELEASE OF ALL COMMUNIST DETENUS IMPRISONED UNDER THE NOTO-RIOUS DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES.

AS WE GO TO PRESS, WE HAVE IN HAND ONLY THE PARTIAL PICTURE OF THE OBSERVANCE OF THE RELEASE DETENUS DAY BUT EVEN THIS PARTIAL REPORT AMPLY INDICATES THE SWEEP OF THE POPULAR SUPPORT BEHIND THE DEMAND OF THE RELEASE OF THE DETENUE.

West Bengal

HOUSANDS of voices joined the Communist leaders demanding withdrawal of the unconstitu-tional Defence of India Act and Rules and immediate release of all persons arrested thereunder, at a big rally in Calcutta mai-dan on May 13 to observe the all-India Release Dete-nus Day, the call for which was given by the Central Executive Committee of the CPI.

A. K. Gopalan, MP, P. C.

Joshi and an Advocate of the Supreme Court R. K. Garg addressed the meeting which was presided over by Bhu-pesh Gupta, member of the Central Secretariat of the

The meeting demanded the release of detenus and called upon the people to take up the cause and build up a mighty movement.

P. C. Joshi said that gov-ernment justifies the deten-tion of Communists. The Jurists say, the Defence of India Act is unconstitutional. Yet the detenus are not re-leased. If it is the Commu-nists today, tomorrow there

Vol. XI No. 20

New Delhi

May 19, 1963

25 nP.

7 4ph-1

opinion that the Defence of

India Act and Rules are un-constitutional and invalid. He said, this Act brings back the worst features of British repression and reminds us of

pre-independence days. Garg said that freedom of the country is the basis of freedom of the individual and the

Copy

will be others thrown in pri-son if such act goes unchal-

Garg explained the jurists'

freedom of the individual is the foundation of the free-dom of the country.

A. K. Gopalan pointed to the rise in prices, taxes, food crisis, eviction of peasants and said, the people would agitate and struggle. And to

agitate and struggle. And to stop this, government keeps Communists in jall.

He criticised the Con-gress ministers' role during the recent bye-elections and pointed out how Congress was indulging in coercion and misuse of emer-gency. Detention without trial of opposition leaders was a mockery of Parlia-mentary democracy, he said.

Gopalan said, that the real traitors were the hoarders, profiteers and tax-dodgers. Referring to jail conditions,

he said that hundreds of Congressmen fought for abolishing classification in British jails.

COMMUNIST PARTY WEEKLY

But today the Congress perpetuates it. Gopalan dec-lared that the Communists outside jails would not remain onlookers if prisoners were not released.

Bhupesh Gupta said that history teaches that anti-communism leads to burial

APPEAL

N the Calcutta maidan rally, A. K. Gopa-, gave the call for collection of two lakk signatures on an appeal within next two weeks. The call was seconded by Bhupesh Gupta. The apl, inter alia, states: Jurists have held that

the Defence of India Act and Rules authoristhe Act and reading detention are unconstitutional and inva-lid. Therefore, detentions under them are illegal. We demand that these

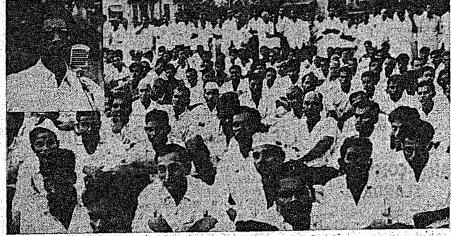
unconstitutional provi-visions be revoked and the detenus be released.

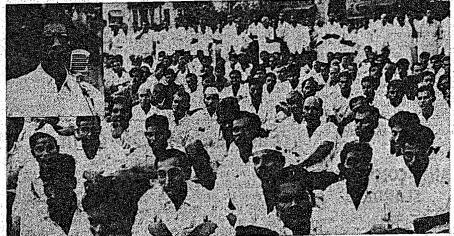
of democracy. He called upon the people to fight for the release and defence of democracy.

Resolutions the release of all arrested, revoking of the Defence of India Act and Rules and adequate family allowances for all detenus and lending. support to the struggle of

ON BACK PAGE

.....s Top: A section of the Bombay rally. Inset: S. G. Sardesai







STRENGTHEN THE STRUGGLE FOR \$ PRACE AND DISARMAMENT

THE ANNOUNCEMENT editorial of a new series of nuclear tests by the USA in Nevada and the likelihood of its resumption of

atmospheric and high-altitude tests are viewed with anxiety by all who love peace everywhere. Moscow Radio is reported to have emphasised its deep con-cern at this development and to have added that "the Soviet Union is not going to stand by idly watching the USA perfect its unclear weapons."

France is preparing to explode a new series of bombs. New entrants to the nuclear club are about to qualify for membership by conducting their first

The 17-nation Disarmament Committee, which has been working for so many months in Geneva is virtually deadlocked. The Western Powers refuse to accept the generous Soviet offer of two to three on site inspections per year—an offer which, in fact, meets the previous Western proposals for inspection of nuclear test explosions in their entirety. The West insists now on a minimum of seven on-site inspections—having retreated from its original position of two to three inspections, as soon as the Soviet Union agreed to it!

Meanwhile tension is being whipped up by imperialist armed intervention and show of force in various parts of the world: In Laos and South Vietnam, in North Kalimantan (N. Borneo), in the Caribbean In the heart of Europe, the mounting armaments build-up and revanchist frenzy in Western Germany and in West Berlin continue to constitute grave dan gers to peace. Force and violence are being stepped up by the imperialists in South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Angola and Mozabique and in all other lands under colonial or racial domination.

All over the world, the peoples are fighting back the new war dangers through the mightiest demonstrations and actions for peace and disarmament. The immediate goal of a nuclear test ban, as a step to-wards general and complete disarmament, has been the central demand of the grand spring campaign for disarmament—in which tens of thousands have participated, on a scale unprecedented in the history of the peace movement.

In India, the slogans of the campaign for peace and disarmament in this period centre round the call for the defence of the policy of nonalignment, which is under severe attack and in consequent danger. The battle to keep India nonaligned, to prevent imperia-list bases from being established on our soil, to keep India out of military pacts, standing on its own feet and protected by its own strength and not by an imperialist "umbrella"—is the concrete form of today's struggle of Indian democratic forces for peace

Official spokesmen, headed by Prime Minister Nehru, have repeatedly asserted India's determination to pursue its policy of peaceful coexistence and disarmament, of support to the national independence struggles, of settlement of all disputes through peaceful negotiations.

The Prime Minister has again and again declared India's determination never to use atomic energy for

the making of nuclear weapons.

It is this adherence to the policy of peace which has won for India a high place in the hearts of peoples everywhere. It is now more than ever before that India must demonstrate its passion for peace— when interested quarters are slandering our country and pointing it as one which has forsaken the road of peace, and taken to the perilous path of support

At Geneva, India must take the lead, jointly with other nonaligned countries, in exposing the imperialist sabotage of a test ban treaty and by putting for-ward concrete proposals on the issues in dispute— proposals which can bring to head the imperialist saboteurs of an agreement.

Similarly in Laos, in South Vietnam and in regard to every point of tension, India must act against the imperialist war-makers and in support of the peoples' struggle for peace and national independence.

The preparations in the coming months for an All-India Peace Congress to be held in Madras in September round the central themes of the defence of nonalignment, support for the Colombo proposals, general and complete disarmament, and the ending of all forms of colonialism and neo-colonialism-will help to revitalise the broad peace forces in this country, so that they can play their full part in the worldwide struggle for peace and disarmament.

(May 14)

* By VIGILANTE

dictated trash. What concerns us is a totally slanderous re-ference to Indian communists

in the introduction to the

ror and a systematic pro-

sion, and nitimately to saho-

It is quite normal for the

American imperialists to prate

their lies and distribute them

is a diplomatic mission ac-

credited to the Government

BUREAUCRACY'S

DEADLY TOLL

its official publications?

reads as follows:

FREE-MARKET FOR **COMMUNAL POISON**

Three readers, who were present at a Jan Sangh meeting in a religious hall last month, have sent me a very interesting note on the speeches delivered, among others, by a top leader of Jan Singh. The meeting was held at the Sanatan Dharam Mandir in Vijaynagar, Delhi. The date: April 2, 1963. One Chuni Lal, who owns an engineering works in Vijaynagar,

A ND here are some choice published in this American-A ND here are some choice points from the Jan Sangh bosses' speeches, as re-ported by our three readers: "Congress rule is Ravana Raj. Pandit Nehru is playing the part of Rayana, In order

to end the Raj, you all have to take up the Dhanush." The speakers went on, according to my correspondents.

follows: "If Pandit Nehru's rule remains, then you will not be allowed to hear Ram-ki-katha (the meeting was supposed to be on the occasion of Ram-Navami). In order to save our dharam and to pre-serve Ram-ki-Katha, we must remove Congressmen from office, who are masquerading as Maharshis

"Pandit Nehru wants to stab the Hindu Dharma in the back, by putting an end to the Hindi language. "Pandit Nehru's Govern-

ment is absolutely unfit to face the Chinese attack... People should have no faith the Nehru Government' whatsoever. They should take up Ram-ka-dhanush in their wn hands."

This is the sort of fifthy communal, anti-national pol-son which the Jan Sangh chiefs trot out every day in uch "closed-door" meetings.

My correspondents ask a

legitimate question: "Are the Defence of India Rules only meant to be used against the Commu-

The ordinary laws of the land are more than sufficient to deal with this type of provocative communalism, which preaches the cult of the riot. But it seems the men in au-thority, who work round the clock to jail Communists and trade union and kisan leaders, are totally inactive when it comes to taking steps aga-inst the communalists and Right reactionary forces in

ANTI-COMMUNIST SLANDERS

A FRIEND has sent A me a copy of a pam-phlet titled Strategic Hamlets published by the Consulate General of the so-called Republic of Vietnam (the US-pup-pet clique which rules over South Vietnam) in New Delhi.

These strategic hamlets are the concentration camps in which the Americans and their puppets seek to impri-son the entire rural popula-tion of South Vietnam, to prevent it from participating in the mighty liberation move-ment which is at present sweeping that country.

What concerns us at this

1962 his services were trans-ferred from the Public Works Department to the Zilla Pari-

shad.

Now the regulations of the
Zilla Parishad lay it down
that a transferred government employee will start receiving his salary in the new office, only after he produces a clearance certificate from his previous

er of the state PWI

orking at Ramtek last few years. In October

office.
The Zilla Parishad wrote several times to the Public Works Department, asking them to send the clearance certificate for Tempe. Tempe on his own, made repeated on his own, made repeated efforts to secure the certificate. And it was only after all this that the certificate arrived in 1963 after six months from the date of the transfer of his services.

The powerful objective of Tempe was the father of six children. No salary for six the aggressive Communists everywhere—be it Vietnam, Laos or India—is to create a state of decay in rural areas, through brutal termonths led to untold hardships and starvation in his family. Since he was new to the place, it was also difficult for him to secure provisions on credit. Neither did he meet paganda among peasants... to create hatred and diviwith any success in securing loans from his friends and tage the implementation of freedom and democracy."

acquaintances.

All this worry and hard-ships of the members of his family suffering right before his very eyes, ultimately drove Tempe mad and he was later on admitted in the lunatic asylum in Nagpur. So severe was the

of India, permitted to print lies about Indian nationals in this that soon after his admission in the hospital. Temknow anything pe died, even before he could meet his wife or his children. about protocol. But I do know about ordinary civilised prac-For a whole day nobody came to claim the dead body.

Next day, on Sunday, the authorities handed over the body to his relatives. There was no money even to per-form the last rites and con-A BOMBAY reader has tributions had to be called for

A BOMBAY reader has sent me a moving cutting from the daily Mara-ting from the daily Mara-ting that the Zilla Parishad authothat the Zilia Parishad authorities had no knowledge of the clearance certificate from the PWD, who was driven mad, because he did not receive his salary for cheque for his salary due to the cheque for his salary due to the cheque for his salary due to the first months and who ultimate the Zilia Parishad authorities that the Zilia Parishad authorities not receive his salary for six months and who ulti-

cheque for his salary disconnected who ultimately died in the Nagpur mental hospital recently.

Here is the life story of this unfortunate victim of the state administration's red
(May 14)

Last Letter Of Grimau

THE LAST letter of When the sentence Julian Grimau to his passed I will inform you of the outcome. I ask you to the from France's Core be calm and without anxiten from Franco's Carabanchel prison on April 12

I N the letter, full of cou-rage and confidence, Griman wrote:



Angelita Griman

ety serenely, and there is no reason at all why it should not be so.

Physically I am feeling better and I will know how to defend myself fittingly. Say nothing about all this to the girls. There is time for them to learn about it. Now they should play and be happy.

Today I saw my brother and embraced him for you as you asked me to. That nleased him.

I embrace all the family and thank them for their

I embrace you, the children and you. I love you very much. Best regards to your

JULIAN

tanism. as reported in the Suryabhan Tempe was an

PATNA: Speaking at a mass rally here on May 10, the Chairman of the Communist Party of India, S. A. Dange, sharply castigated the government for its taxation poicy. He called upon the government to nationalise banks, oil, export-import trade and not to

E warned that the example of China should not e used to tarnish the reputation of other socialist rountries and to derogate the philosophy of Communism. He pledged firm support of the Communist Party of India to the nonalignment policy of the government accepted uder the leadership of Prime Minis-

DANGE called upon the people to organise a strong and broad movement be levied on the moneybags.

Dange said that "Our workong and broad movement throughout the country to voice the demand of natiosocialistic society.'

ernment's taxation policy, he said that only through nationalisation can the Five Year Plans be fulfilled. He called upon the people to redeposits.

Referring to the Morarji-Budget, Dange pointed out that "it is founded on evil principles. His economic po-licy is enforced with baton and used always against the

It is true that money is essential for meeting the needs of defence, he said and added t "money must come from se who have money. And

Goa

opposition from us."

We cannot tolerate a position where we have to fight the Chinese danger outside and face capitalist oppression inside, he said. Emerates is not meant only for ance with the capitalists, inductionally and proposition in the capitalists.

Workers' Conference Demands

Relief from Tax Burdens

common struggle for better-ment of living conditions".

Workers themselves must play a direct and positive role in the affairs of the unions, he'said. Dange con-

State T. U. Council Formed

In the Vasco da Gama Club Hall of Panjim on May 2, over a hundred delegates, representating all

the ten trade unions in Goa came together to form the Goa State Trade Union Council. The delegates unani-

mously resolved to unite the Unions to fight in order to safegurd their rights and coordinate their activities

HE council's first confer- ther and forge links in the

ed by S. A. Dange, the Genethe representatives of ten unital Secretary of the ATTUC. ons in Goa viz., the Marma-While inaugurating the ses-goa Port Dock & Transport

against the onslaught of the employers.

ence was presided over by Diwaker Kakodker who

gave a brief picture of trade

unions to come together and

The session was inaugurat-

While inaugurating the ses-sion Dange called upon the

Workers of different in-

ong and broad movement Dange-said that "Cur workthroughout the country to ers, peasants and middle clasvoice the demand of nationalisation. He said that nationalisation is the only way for strengthening our defence
that leads to the realisation and economic development.

of the ideal of setting up a

But if the policy of imposing
socialistic society" and economic development. But if the policy of imposing the major burden of taxes on Discussing in detail the the poor continues, the government's taxation policy, because of the government's taxation policy, opposition from us."

tax burdens and rising price

cannot bear the additional burden of compulsory depo-sits. The scheme should be

foreign trade in order to raise resources. "We have the exam-ples of the United Arab Re-

public and Burma before us"

* From Our Correspondent

gency is not meant only for ance with the capitalists, inthe poor, he added . dustrialists and monopolists
Referring to the collection and boldly move forward to
of National Defence Fund, he nationalise the banks and sixty crores have been collected in the country and most of it has come from the wor-kers, peasants and employees He cited data about money-deposits in banks in of lower income groups. "It is totally unwaranted therefore to impose the main burden

Taxes on Poorer People of taxes on them", he said. added that even if the gover-The moneybags must be made to pay according to their capacity, he said Dange said that the tolling people, already crushed under heavy nment has to pay compensa-tion, according to Morarji's theory, the gain will be much more than the expenditure,

Nationalisation-Only Way

for Fulfilment of Plan

S. A. Dange Calls for Reduction of

Referring to the nonalignment policy of the co-untry, adopted at the behest of Prime Minister Nehru, Dange said that the Comm-

been wholeheartedly and actively supporting this policy. While the other po-litical parties, the Right reactionary forces had been actionary forces man been constantly pressing Nehru to give up this policy, the Communist Party gave solid support to this policy.

* From Our Correspondent

Support to Goldsmiths' Struggle

Five hundred goldsmiths from Calcutta and other districts of West Bengal participated in a three-day mass hunger strike from May 9 to 11 at the Raja Subodh Mullik Square, Calcutta, as a pre-lude to higher forms of struggle on their demand of alternative employment.

Congress.

BJURING the path of surrender and suicide, these artisans are taking the path of struggle. Their All-India Trade Union struggle has drawn admiration, sympathy and support from different mass organisations in the state and of the political parties.

Communist leaders S.

A. Dange, Bhowani Sen,
Somnath Lahiri MLA,
Renu Chakravartty MP
and Md. Elias MP visited

artisans, which resolved to carry on the stuggle. The
meeting decided to send a
suitable contingent to Delhi
to participate in all-India
hunger strike from May 21.

cted with Chandrakant Kako-dkar as the President and yees Union (South Goa), Goa Gerald Pereira as the Gene-(North & Central Goa), All-Goa Taxi and Bus Drivers

George Vaz. B. X. Clemente

Presidents; Diwakar Kakod-kar Secretary; Arvind Mainkar Treasurer and Raymond members.

Renu Chakravorty also

addressed the pre-fast-breaking meeting of the

artisans, which resolved to

mittee of the Council was ele- and Naravan Palekar-Viceral Secretary.
The other office-bearers Rajpat Singh, J. B.





MAY 19, 1963

PAGE THREE

NEW AGE

MAY 19. 1963

"THIRD PARTY": SELL-OUT UNDER A NEW MOVE

bours only for their own ends—and in this case, they

have set their eyes on the strategically vital Kashmir

Valley and they seek con-trol over it through Pakis-

All their proposals, all their

efforts at blackmail, are di-rected towards this end and

towards securing a closer grip

and sincere lovers of Indian

proposal of the imperialists.

CANCER IN

CONGRESS

PRIME Minister Nehru

workers at Kanpur on Sun-day. He spoke frankly of

positions in the Congress

organisation for self-aggra-

nal ends, and said that such

Congressmen should be "turned out" of the party.

The Prime Minister attack-

All this "self-criticism" of

the Congress Party is not new.

It has been done before. Congressmen have read

statements of the Prime Mi-

ones have laughed up

They have laughed be-cause words do not hurt them: no one has been

"turned out", if things re-

main as they are at present, with the overwhelming power of the monopolists and the profiteers and the moneyed over the Congress machine.

The danger from the can-

For the first time, the jute

workers will also receive a share in the prosperity of the

the organisation.

ndisement, for their perso-

made a forthright attack on the dirt inside the Congress organisation, in

address to Congress

se who seek to use their

same theme. All. den

As the sixth round of the Indo-Pakistan talks were developing in the Conbegins in New Delhi, attention is sharply focussed gress organisation were more on the latest US-British proposal for a "third party" dangerous than even the Chinese aggression." intervention in the talks. The Rusk-Sandys-Mountbatten bulldozer which "worked on" the Government of India only a few days ago is the father of the "third party" conspiracy.

TI NABLE to beat down (threats blackmail and all, notwithstanding) Indian opposition to a direct sell-out on Kashmir via partition of Valley-the imperialists propose to make the sell-out indirect! A "third party" (that is the US-British imrialists themselves) is now to try and bring about Indo-Pakistan "agreement

over both India and Pakistan.
This "third person" proposal is only a variation of the One is reminded about the old fable about the cats and the monkey—the original "third narty"!

thrilled at the prospect of a must fight back this sir US-British finger in the Indian pie that it has already dian pie that it has already started speculating on the name of the "third party". A whole heap of dyed-in-theool experts in the latest tactics of imperialism, are evidently candidates for the co-

veted post.

The propaganda technique by which India is to be led to accept this "third party" racket is obvious to everyone: the perialist news agencies and the monopoly press are building up a facade of lies to give the impression that Pa-kistan is opposed to the 'third party'! And, of course, if Pakistan is opposed to the "third party", it must be a pro-India move by our beloved "friends" of Washington and London!
The Political Correspondent

ed the use of money for boosting up individuals in of the Indian Express goes so far as to discuss the name of the American "expert", Ellsworth Bunker. And the story worth Bunker. And the story is trotted out for our consum-ption that Bunker is so pro-India (because he was U.S. Ambassador in India!) that Pakistan refuses to accept him

nister many times in the last few years and each time the as a mediator.

The whole business stinks.

If our US-British "friends" really desired peace between India and Pakistan, they would throw their weight behind the Indian proposal for a "No-War" declaration. Such a "no-war" declaration would surely ensure that their precious arms "aid" is not used by India and Pakistan against each other (the ostensible pre-occupation with which they pretend to be so "concerned", and which they use to keep up the blackmall against us). cer of corruption in the ruling party was correctly outlined in the Prime Minister's Kan-

The truth has to be stated again and again: the pur introspection. PTI says imperialists seek touse our that he "warned that the dedifferences with our neigh-

himmin and the second s

PAGE FOUR

JUTE WORKERS' GAIN

reported to have finalised its recommendations regarding wage-increase and bonus for the two and

A CCORDING to the recommendations, the present
minimum wage of a jute wormen will of up from Be 70 so
men will of up from Be 70 so

of living by granting an industry. The wage board has automatic increase of 20 pP agreed on the principle of in dearness allowance for a bonus payment.

half lakh workers employed in the industry.

The Central Wage Board for Jute industry is

This indicates that the Prime Minister is not unaware of the wholesale demoralisation and corruption which spread out of the infectious by so many Congress bosses at almost all levels.

The maggots of corruption are eating into the vital organs of the nation. It is good to hear the Prime Minister condemn those Congressmen who are responsible in so large a measure for malpractices and nersonal enrichment. taking advantage of their in-fluence in the ruling party.

But the Indian people have learnt to treat these verbal exercises with a pinch of salt. The cancer of corruption in the Congress grows with every day. And the cynical will be forgiven if they say that it grows in proportion to the words of condemnation which the Prime Minister and other

national leaders of the party hurl against it. It is the task of all demo-crats, including the many inside the Congress itself, to fight unitedly for effective action against corruption. Such action; to be effective, must start at the top, with the money-grabbing preten-ders, who use the Gandhi cap on their heads to fatten their bank accounts.

Patil And People's Food

IT is understandable for a Food Minister to attempt to prevent panic in regard to the people's food. Such panic can result in the shooting up of prices, hoar-ding—and consequent disaster.

But the kind of performance which Food Minister Patil gave in Parliament evidently did not help to ease the diffi-culties which are so obvious. And later his Ministry was forced to admit officially what everyone knew unofficially. that a serious food situation had appeared in the Eastern

The rise in the price of rice in Bengal and Orissa by 25 per cent is a grim fact with which the country must rec-kon. The rushing of 75,000 tons of parboiled rice to West Ben-gal will be useful. But the problem is not solved.

In Orissa, the Chief Minis-In Orissa, the Chief Minister has been at pains to suggest that the Opposition parties are exaggerating the food difficulties for political reasons. And the statements of Dr. Hare Krushna Mahatab (whose rivalry with Chief Minister Patnalk in the internal Orissa Congress politics is well-known) are evidently also dismissed by the Orissa Covernment as "interested" propaganda. There certainly is an element of "interest" in Right reaction's criticisms and the solutions it suggests would perhaps worsen the situation. But it would be fatal to disAJOY GHOSH MEMORIAL FUND

BY a resolution of the National Council of the Communist Party of India, it was decided to erect a memorial to the memory of Comrade Ajoy Ghosh. Accordingly, work had been undertaken for the construction of a building which will house the offices of the Party. A plot of land was purchased. Some initial contributions were also

But then came the to enable emergency and the col-lection for the Fund as Lakhs soon. well as further work for the building had to be

work. All Party units must immediately undertake further collection of funds from members and sympathisers in order May 15 S. V. GHATE

All Party members should immediately resuspended. The situa- mit their personal contion has eased now and tributions and speed up it has therefore been collection from friends decided to resume the and sympathisers.

*Have you sent your contribution till now? If not, please send it immediately.

policies as attempts to take political advantage. The price rises are a reality.

And the figures regarding food production cannot be talked into higher ones by any sort country.

The need is for largescale popular intervention against price rises and for an ending of the food scarcity conns in certain parts of the (May 15)



Courtesy: Shankar's Weekly

"INFORMATION" A LA PIB

Events, which is cyclo-Events, which is cycle-styled and sent out to hundreds of correspon-dents and newspapers in demanding be "complied from offi- the release ports".

The Dairy No. 147, dated May 14, has the following item under the heading Institutions and Groups:

"May 12: Workers of the National Marxists Association held a demonstration in New Delhi.

This particular "event"

THE Press Informa-tion Bureau publish-es a regular Dairy of paid agents of US Embas-

country, demands cial and newspaper re- detenus. Lakhs attended these meetings and demo-

But the P.I.B. is silent If it is part of the PIB's

work to record the demand made by a handful in one place that detenus be not released, surely it is not too demanding that Commu-nist detenus under DIR should not be released." much to expect some men-tion to be made of the fact that the demand for re-lease was 'also made' of lease was 'also made' of much to expect some men-This particular "event" course, by only hundreds of was a small rigged-up aff-air of a couple of hundred hundreds of meetings in persons (many of whom every single state in the were deleberately misled country! But that's proby the "leaders" who called them out in support of ing!

MAY 27 is Nationalisation - Day, NEW AGE is happy to publish this editorial article from the latest issue of Socialist Congressman (May 7, 1963). The article, quiae evidently from the pen of the well-known economist editor of the journal, H. D. Malaviya, provides valuable facts regarding the necessity for nationalisation of banks.

Written by a Congressman primarily for Congress readers it will be read with equal interest by all who stand against the monopoly control of our economy-Editor.

The press reports that the Syrian Revolutionary Council has nationalised Syrian and Arab-owned banks. Banks with big foreign interests such as the British Bank of the Middle East and the French-owned Banque de Syrie of Liban were nationalised in 1961.

direction of socialism, and coming as it does after the recent nationalisation of banks in neighbouring Burma, it further confirms that her that, by it further confirms and large, the newly independent Afro-Asian countries have accepted the socialist nattern as their objective. In this direction of Afro-

Asian advance, India made a vital and even pioneering advance by accepting at Avadi in 1955 the objective of a of in 1955 the objective of a Socialist Pattern of Society. Avadi may be said to be not only the first major victory of

AITUC CALLS:

His is a major step in the socialism in India, but also a

Vivian Bose Commi

Jain concerns have that in all activitie

the administration of Daimia

Referring to the visit of Dean Rusk, Sandys and Mountbatten, London Economist warns that "yet, it is equally obvious that high pressure nactics are risky things to apply to an India that is smarting not only from China's thrusts last October, but also from the unconcealed Pakistani delight at these thrusts on India, that is now itself urgently seeking American and British help in supplying its newly expanded defences."

its newly expanded defences."

It further warms that "the leverage the United States and Britath are at present able to apply to India is so obvious as to be almost crude and the danger with the cruder types of pressure cooker is that they may blow up in one's face." (p. 415). Genuine patriots, while defending the independence and integrity of India on the one side of the northern borders of India cannot surrender on the other side.

MORARJI'S

BUDGET

It is in this context that Fins

Having, however, taken this pioneering initial step, India has not yet done any-thing to bring the banks to serve the will of the nation thing to bring the banks to serve the will of the nation and prevent its utilisation by private business and industrial interests for their personal advancement, and that too by the most questionable means.

Today elements

that too by the most questionable means.

Today almost all the big industrialists in India are having their banks. Public defined through share-capital,

FOR NATIONALISATION OF BANKS,

OIL. EXPORT & IMPORT TRADE AND

AGAINST NEW TAX MEASURES ON

POORER SECTIONS * By K. G. Sriwastava

- Editor

THE All-India Trade NEW AGE readers the

called for the observance day is being observed, and

of May 27 as Nationalisa- highlights the main facts

tion Day. In this article which must be recalled on

K. G. Sriwastava, Secre- Nationalisation Day.

tary of the AITUC, gives

profits—are new slogans.

this has, of course, gained far more urgency.

It has been rightly stated by Prime Minister Nehru that self-sufficiency in defence requirements is closely linked with and is dependent upon our industrial progress, specially in the basic industries like steel, heavy engineering, coal, oil, etc. in the country. It was also rightly decided that most of this development should be in the public sector.

It was, therefore, necessary that new industrial undertakings are started where possible, with the help—both of machines and know-how—from foreign countries. Defence factories and work.

Union Congress has background in which this

Neither building up of our defence network, based

on self-sufficiency, nor nationalisation of basic industries,

specially those which are in foreign hands or making huge

CINCE we became independent of Anglo-American arms aid, which became even more dangerous when it joined the CENTO—this issue of strengthening our defence and not depending upon the British and Americans for our defence requirements, has been before us. In the context of the events of October 1962, this has, of course, gained far more urgency.

been problems with us since the beginning. Earlier, reliance was placed on foreign help. Even to-day there are people and parties who would suggest foreign military aid and joining the Western Bloc to defend the independence and integrity of our country, rather than build up our own defence potential. This policy of the Swatantra and Jan Sangh has been rightly rejected by the

FINDING

RESOURCES

The question naturally arises: If we have to strengthen our defence which includes industrial progress, and achieve it in a comparatively shorter period, we have to find resources of our own, and cannot depend on foreign aid

posits in these banks are utilised by the monied sections of India for their profit—making ends and against public their banks.

have but scant regard for Rs. 227.84 crores against industry.

The following interesting ing ends and against public interest. The findings of the

NATIONALISATION OF BANKS

MUST BECOME OUR NEXT

MAJOR SOCIALIST ACTION

TWELVE TOP BANKS

were against social interests and for narrow personal en-richment, one or the other bank was involved. ral that it should reflect the process of monopolistic con-centration in India in recent In fact, banking manipulation is one of the most patent years. There are in all 304 hanks in India, 82 being in the scheduled list. Out of these 82, as many as 14 are foreign exchange banks. Of the 68 Indian scheduled banks, 11 are having working funds of over Rs. 25 crores, 13 between Rs. 7½ and 25 crores, and the rest below Rs. 71/2 crores. The nationalised sector of banks i.e. the State Bank of India and its subsidiaries have a deposit of Rs. OBSERVE MAY 27

661.09 crores with a paid-up capital of Rs. 10.58 crores. The top 12 private banks. have deposits of Rs. 969.00 crores with a paid-up capital of only Rs. 17.97 crores. The rest 269 banks have deposits of only Rs. 191 crores with a paid-up capital of Rs. 11.31 crores. Foreign exchange banks have a deposit of Rs. 253 crores without any capital employed in India.

India control 85 per cent of the bank deposits.

The 12 top banks attracting most of the deposits are owned by the top business houses of India. And the Houses of Birlas, Tatas and Dalmias own minas, rates and Daimlas own the biggest banks in the coun-try. The following break-up of bank ownerthip would be found interesting:

* Central Bank of India * Bank of India

• Punjab National Bank

Ltd. Dalmia-Jain group * United Commercial Bank

T.t.d Birla group

* Hindustan Bank Ltd (Commercial) J. K. Group

(Mercantile)

*Hindustan Bank

It is in this context that Finance Minister, Morari Desai, has passed his budget for 1963-64, levying additional taxes worth Rs. 275 crores. In Morarii's impartial eyes, the owners of factories, big businessmen whose income and even rate of profit have increased in the last fifteen years of Congress rule, and the ware-earner, whose real wages have fallen from 1947, are to be viewed on the same level.

While it is acknowledged on all "One of the structural

features of Indian banking is the concentration of nowcapital employed. From time to time, we come across cases in which a family or

on the same level.

While it is acknowledged on all hands that the workers and common people contributed their labour and money for defence, cutting their needs, the big businessmen did not pay their dues even from their profits, which have gone up as a result of the hard labour of workers and their decision not to interrupt work, even at the cost of their depriving themselves of their due during the Emergency.

"Equal" burden on all sections Let us now see how the huge deposits in banks are utilised. Out of the total, Rs. 1420 crores was advanced to different borrowers—Rs. 95.88 crores against food articles, Rs. 367.62 crores against Stock "Equal" burden on all sections for people, "equal" taxation at taxation at taxation at tax at

point also emerges. Out of a total investment of Rs. 618 crores in Government Secu-rities, the State Bank of India and its subsidiaries ac-Banking being the nerve counted for Rs. 267 crores, centre of our complex econo- while the Indian and Exwhile the Indian and Exchange Banks numbering 269 invested only Rs. 361 crores.

It would thus be seen that 25 per cent of total advances by banks are given to "Sto-ck Exchange" and Bullion, in other words, unadulterated speculation and racke

It may also be noted that commercial banks have no advances for agricultural de-velopment as such, but give nearly a hundred crores against "food articles", in other ples' food at a time' when there are food shortages!

The callousness of the monopolist owners of banks towards our agriculture beggars description. Various committamended and pleaded for development of rural hanking and investment in rural areas for catering to the needs of our hard toiling peasantry, agricultural cooperation, cottage industries etc. But since agricultural investment can-The overall position is that 26 banks i.e. a bare as to "Stock Exchange and Bullion" as to be banks in the ba lion", no bank magnate has given his ears to its needs, which in fact is a national

> But then why have profit-hunters and money-grabbers been noted for their patriotism or love of the country?

It is a sad commentary on Indian Banking that out of 5,111 branches in 1712 centres, only 957 are in rural areas.

controlled by—Tata, tau, Mafatlal group OF POWER

The leading industrialists whom we have mentioned above as bank owners utilise their control over huge pub-lic deposits for feeding their own industries without any consideration for the nation's interests. The ownership of banks has helped them to beat their poor competitors and has been utilised by them to concentrate in their hands Shri H.V.R. Iyengar, exGovernor of the Reserve Bank
of India, has remarked:

cases where a single Director cases where a single Director of a Bank is also director of many industrial concerns. The bank in his hand becomes a ower house for feeding his industries.

In spite of the warnings of the Reserve Bank of India, concentration of advance in a group has got full conthe hands of a few borrowers
trolling interests in a has increased by 47.6f per cent
Bank." ge advances to the directors, their relations and associates and concerns one of them is interested has also increased by 42.8 per cent during the same period.

Naturally it is all a very

ON Page 11 PAGE FIVE

CALCUTTA, May 12: At a huge prayer meeting at the Bridge Parade Ground in Calcutta this afternoon Acharya Vinoba Bhave said that stark poverty and glaring disparity are the main

learn Bengali

BOTH at the prayer meeting lutions could not also be brought about through English. Vinoba passionately pleaded for Hindi and regional languages

Vinoba passionately pleaded for concerted efforts to banish

poverty and disparities from

He said that the territorial

problem in the India-China conflict is comparatively minor, and in it, India is bound

to min, as China had deve-

loped territorial ambitions, but India had no such sinister

schemes and, therefore, ulti-

mately victory would be hers.
A country which had no enmity towards others, no expan-

nionist tendency and was unit-ed could never be defeated, he

emphasised.

India and China are two great

countries and ancient civilisa-tions and they will be neigh-bours. Both had a common

enemy—poverty—and both are fighting it. How to eradicate poverty is the main point, and here the difference of outlook

comes in and constitutes the

that instead of going into ecsta-

ten thousand votes in a Ban-

e said. He further said that

in passing that measure we were not complying with the

Minister to reflect over this matter because if the people, who have given opinion, have

who have given opinion, have given their independent opinion based on deep study and ex-perience in legal and Consti-

D. I. R. UNCONSTITUTIONAL & VOID

The demand for a re-examination of the Defence of India Rules in the light of the doubts about the Constitutional validity of these rules raised by eminent jurists of the Supreme Court Bar and for release of all political prisoners detained under the DIR was raised by Communist leader Bhupesh Gupta in Rajya Sabha last week, before

B HUPESH Gupta was speak-ing on a motion moved by tion was disputed by Bhupesh him for consideration of "the Gupta, A. D. Mani, and others him for consideration of "the situation arising out of the continued suspension of the right to move any court for the enforcement of the rights conferred by article 21 and article 22 of the Constitution under conferred by article 21 and article article

At one stage in the course of the heated exchanges when the Deputy Chairman said that he cannot refer to Rules 20 and judice, Bhupesh Gupta deconsisted to the Privilege Committee. He said:

"I can surely bring an amendment to an Act here and discuss it without referring to any particular case. Here I have no case in mind. I am selves and it has nothing to de

Jurists' Opinion

Continuing his arguments against the Defence of India Rules, Bhupesh Gupta cited the opinion of former Attorney General M. C. Setalvad and

cally during the period of operation of the proclamation the restrictions imposed by Article 19 in respect of the making of laws or the taking of any executive action by the State are removed. If during the operation of the proclamation of Emergency, the President makes an order under Article 359 a furthe declaration in it. The right to move any court for the en-forcement of such of the rights conferred by Part III as may be mentioned in pending in any court for the the enforcement of the rights so mentioned are to remain suspended for the period dur ing which the proc is in force or for such shorter

"It will be noticed that except in regard to the funda-mental rights contained in Article 19 there is no sus-pension or abrogation of other fundamental rights during the period the procla-

the fundamental rights contained in Article 22 sub-clauses (4), (5) and (7) of

"It appears to me that the impugned provisions also offened against the fundamental right contoi Article 14 of the Constitu-

tion".
"The result of the impugned legislation infringing the fundamental rights contained in Article 22 and Article 14 will be, on the reasoning stated in para 5 above, that the legislation will be void and of no effect".

Continuing, Bhupesh Gupta said that Setalvad had pointed out that detentions under the DIR were also void beca Parliament was not competent to pass such a legislation. Bhupesh then drew the attention of the House to the opinion expressed by A. V. Vishwanatha expressed by A. V. Vi Sastri. He quoted:

"Though the Act is within the ambit of the legislative power contained in the rele-vant entries in Lists I and III, of constitutionality under Article 13(2) of the Consti-

is not incompetent and void by reason of the prohibition been a Chief Justice of Rajaston contained in Article 13(2) of the Constitution.

In my view the impugned Act, in so far as the detention legislation clearly infringes

Similarly Me. N. C. Chattaries

Is Mr. Sorjoo Proced who has admitted that the Home Minister could claim that in this mater he was protected by the declaration of emergency. But he added:

Now, in an emergency, you converted to the content of the prohibition been a Chief Justice of Rajastor could claim that in this declaration of emergency. But he admitted that the Home Minister could claim that in this declaration of emergency. But he admitted that the Home Minister could claim that in this declaration of emergency. But he added:

Now, in an emergency, you content on the content of Similarly, Mr. N. C. Chatterjee has said. Mr. Nambiar of Ma-dras and others, all jurists have

expressed this. Govt. Must Consider

I would ask the Home Mi-

You may or may not agree with that point. But if I agree with that point of view, I have the right to say that I do agree, and I have also the right to implore Parliament to consider this matter and ask the Home Minister also to consider it. This is all that I have sought to do, and I am sorry that needless heat was raised over this matter.

can only suspend one article in the Constitution, and that is article 19; you can suspend no other; the Presidential Order can suspend no other article of the Constitution. The Constitution does not envisage suspension or provide for suspension. Article 359 has some reference to articles 21 and 22 of the

Article . 358 straightway suspends article 19. Article 35 takes away the right to enforce in a court of law. It is not suspending the right itself but deconsider the position that we possed the Defence of India Rules, in the light of the

The very fact that they have been put in two different articles is in itself proof that different things are provision under article 353 makes it clear that the right to go to a court is suspended. Madam Dy. Chairman, you will understand, to extinguish right is one thing and to de-

mister only to consider whe-ther he should not take very serious note of the views expressed and whether we in Parliament should not reconsider the position that we

opinions and views expressed by so many eminent lawyers held in high esteem as Mr. Setalvad, Mr. Sastri and others.

It is not a matter of court.

tution, which as interpreted matter... was raised over this prive a person of tution, which as interpreted by the Supreme Court, imposes a limitation on legislation of the Defence of India Therefore, I sative power. In enacting the Act, we were discussing it article 359 this is go to the court to enforce that right is another.... Therefore, I say that under explained the grounds on which the validity of the Defence of India Act is challenged. He read out following extracts from Setalvad's opinion: Bhupesh Gupta Cogently Argues Cogently Argues

"The Constitutional position in India when a proclamation of Emergency is made under Article 352, would appear to be that automatically of the collection of Defence of India Act 1962, has Parliament made a law

has Parliament made a law which takes away or abridges the rights conferred by part
III of the Constitution? in

Even the rudimentary right to be furnished with the grounds of the detention order and of making a representation against the order is not available under provisions of the impugned Act or the rules made thereunder. the rules made thereunder.
There are also other features rendering the impugned Act more drastic and prejudicial to the person detained than the provisions of the Preventive Detention Act. And yet the executive is left from to the executive is left free to apply one law or the other at its own will and pleasure. The impugned provisions, therefore, offend Article 14 of the Constitution".

intervened to say that it would not be desirable to quote the for him to reply either way to these points, Bhupesh said that it was not his intention to husthe the Home Minister into making statements. Shastri said his difficulty was: "If I keep quiet, it will mean that the comment of the state of the state of the state of the that the comment of the state of the sta

"If I keep quiet, it will mean that the government will have no say in the matter, and, the public will not know what the other side of the picture is. But I shall not be able to say a single word because the case is sub judice". Bhupesh told him that his intention was not

situation, in December. We could not apply our mind to it perhaps in the way we normally would have applied, and I know many hon. Members op-posite would have also liked to is the position where do I come the matter their when I pass legislation?...

posite would have also liked to have given the matter their deep and searching thought before passing such a law as that we had passed. But then we were doing so under the impact of a situation, which no langue avicts onger exists. Today the situation has for-tunately improved, even accord-ing to the Government. Must ing to the Government. Must we not then give our second thoughts to this matter, reflect over our past, look inwardly over what we had done in December when we have the opi-nion clearly and categorically expressed by so many eminent jurists of the country who are saying that Parliament has passed a law which it had no

right to pass? It is a serious statement. It is a serious statement. You may or may not agree with it. If in Parliament we are not seized of this state-cment, who else will be seized of this statement? And one of the furists has appealed to Parliament to reconsider it. It is not a legal guestion only. It is a question which affects the powers and competence the powers and competence of Parliament. Under article 13(1) of the Constitution Parliament's powers are pres-cribed; the Constitution lays down as to the competence of making powers of Par-

I cannot, under article 13 of the Constitution, pass any law;
I have not the power to pass tution except article 19, which 358 of the Constitution. Now 558 of the Consultation. Now the D.I. Act has also hit the Fundamental Rights. Which one? It hit the Fundamental

Rights of articles 22 and 14.
Hon. Members know all the Hon Members know all the safeguards of the provision. Now these are part of our tundamental Rights, part of the Constitution; they are not part of a statute passed by Pariliament or a State Legislature. When we passed another law of detention—now we have got two laws for detention in contwo laws for detention ther, the D.I. Act—it was in-cumbent on us, in December. when we were providing for detention by another law to see whether we were complying cle 22 of the Constitu providing the safeguards which, under a Constitutional mandate, we are called upon to

Chairman, if you read the De-fence of India Act and the

PAGE SEVEN

Poverty And Disparity

Howrah, the industrial city on the west bank of the Ganger opposite Calcutta, with a population of more than five lakhs, is without supply of filtered water from May 11.

Howrah, the industrial city on the west bank of the Ganger opposite Calcutta, with a population of more than five lakhs, is without supply of filtered water from May 11.

THE workers of the water-works of the municipality are on strike, as their long standing griev-ances have not been settled. which is raging there is al-most sure to break out in a re also not of the opinion are also not of the opinion that the demands are totally of them were one in calling poverty the main enemy of India. India-China conflict total secondary to it..

The Chinese challenge was whether we can end poverty in a better way. Without this basic ********** tailed instances where high PWD contractors, retired offi-

approach, mere armament, gold donations and purchase of steel from USA would not be of much help, he said.

should take the place of Eng-lish, he pointed out. He asked all those resident in Bengal to Regarding his talks with He said that there were no differences on fundamental questions between him and nunist leaders, he said that to the did not judge anybody by labels. Communists were also Indians and knew the country, and he talked with those whom Pandit Nehru. Democratic so-cialism through peaceful means, which is spoken of by the Prime Minister and the Gov-ernment of India, was the same as Sarvodaya, he said. "you had not put in jails". He said he thought their coopera-tion would be helpful for the He further said that both furth

Congress Beats All Records In Election Malpractices

* FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT

TRIVANDRUM, May 12: M. N. Govindan Nair, member of the Central Secretariat of the Communist Party, told a press conference at Trivandrum on May 11, that in his experience of elections since 1962 in the State and other places, he had not come across a situation comparable to that he witnessed at Vazhoor during the week he was there and on the day of poll.

cles over Congress victories in by-elections, one should ask why Communists got more than malpractices and violations or all electoral rules and canons India was free today, but the villages of India were not free, of fairplay on an unprecedented scale which, he alleged, were committed directly under the leadership of P. T. Chacko. Minister in charge of Law and landlords and not to the

aA free country composed of subjugated villages is a paradox like an earthen gold Order, Revenue and Elections. Chacko, who has been camping in his home constituency for the last ten days, had under his con-He supported the language policy of the government of India and said that peoples' hearts cannot be won through English, and so peoples' revotrol the entire police force, the Revenue officials, and it was manifest that he, other mini-

tutional matters we should res-

Release Detenus:

Home Minister Told

K. G. Sukur malpractices during the polling in the constituency. He charged the Congress party, which was nising large scale impersona-

The most surprising and atrowhere a male voter was caught trying to vote for a lady named Parukutty Amma. The voter had not even the elementary courtesy" to don a saree—said

T Vazhoor on the day of exercising pressure, intimida-poll, he said he witnessed tion and threats not only on the alpractices and violations of electorate, but even on the electorate, but even on the workers of the parties in oppo-

a victory for their party.
Govindan Nair told pressmen
that the independent candidate the Communist Party was sur porting, had sent a telegram to the Election Commission, protesting against certain of the also the ruling party at the cen-

tion during polling The presiding officers cont.

pect their opinion. Therefore, Madam, Dy Chairman, I would call upon the Home Minister to safeguards that are provided under article 22 of the Constitution do not exist. Therefore, amend the whole thing if we wants to have one Detention Govindan Nair am'dst laughte

in passing that measure we Act.

were not complying with the requirements of article 22. On . P.D. Act, and we have got the contrary, we hit article 22 and, therefore, we did act, maybe in a state of absent-mindedness, maybe in a state of innocence, maybe under the impact of a situation which was contrary and requirement to artis. presiding officer and detained at the booth. But in the evening, Joseph Podippara, the Congress MLA, entered the station and physically whisked them away, in the face of protests from the policemen on duty at the

The Communist leader de

contrary and repugnant to article 22 of the Constitution.

Now if the lawyers and jurists call upon us to reconnamely, the P.D. Act of 1950 sider this matter, are we not to give our thought to it? Is not the Home Minister to reconsider and which provides for safetreatment. There equality before the law disappears. If you ask, "Are the detention laws affording equality to all cate-gories of detenus whether Therefore, Madam, one set of gories of detenus whether detenus have one type of treatdetenus have one type of treatment under the Preventive Detention ment under taw, under the P. Act or under the Defence of D., and another type of detenus, again under the Preventive Detention, where they get another of the Constitution.

NEW AGE

CALCUTTA:

ELEKTROIM DEX BULGARIA

STATE COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISE

ster R. Sankar, was meeting capital is on May, 15.

legislators as could be mobilegislators as could be mobilised, were camping in these are campaigning for the Party
constituencies and organising candidate. The poll in Pathanamthitta is to take place on

At Trivandrum, Chief MiniMay 13 while the poll in the

led them to work for the

obey the dictat of Congress Municipal Chairman of Kot-

tayam and other bosses were threatened by these officials with cancellation of licences, unless they went to Vazhoor for the Congress party.

Both the PSP supported in-

dependents and the Communist-supported independents have sent telegrams to the Election

Commission drawing their at-tention to these largescale vio-lations of all rules and norms

Govindan Nair warned that Vazhoor will be repeated at Pathanamthitta and Trivan-

drum. The Pradesh Congress machinery and the machinery of the state government, all the eight ministers and as many

legislators as could be mobi-

these elections.

SOFIA - BULGARIA

lised, were camping in these constituencies and organising

WATER: Re. 1 per bucket!

filthy water from ponds is also being used, and cholera, which is raging there is al-

communities and localities and

One of the "trump cards" used against Communist candidate Anirudhan was that he

Act. Anirudhan had filed on

appeal against the conviction.
But a handbill had been published in thousands quot-

ing the judgement, and char-ging Antrudhan with "trea-son and "disloyalty." But despite all this, the en-

lightened electorate in Triva

massive way for the Communist

lyer, ex-M.P., N. Sreekantan Nair M.P., P. Subramonyam Potti, a leading advocate, Ali-

kunju, and Communist Party leaders like M. N. Govindan Nair, E. M. S. Namboodiripad, T. C. Narayanan Nambiar, P.

Telephone: 8.49.01

0

Z

RUP

s convicted for a speech der the Defence of India

dent under clause (1) of arti-cle 359 of the Constitution on November 3, 1962, and laid on the Table of the Raiya Sabha on November 8, 1962."

Citing the opinions of the former Attorney General, M. C. Setalyad, and, other Setalvad and other jurista, which have already received wide publicity in the press, Bhupesh Gupta claimed that detention under the Defence of

detention under the Defence or India Rules was illegal and unconstitutional. Further he pointed out that the situation in the country when the De-fence of India Act was enacted has improved even according to government's own admissi

the order made by the Presi-

legal wrong committed. Bhupesh Gupta's speech was tions and points of order from Congress benches, particularly P. N. Sapru objecting to the citing of jurists' opinion on the ground that the opinion was given by councel to a client and therefore could not be cited "as

Point Of Order

Sapru's point of order led to much uproar and counter-arguments from other members. Bhupesh Gupta refuted. Sapru's contention by point-ing out that these opinions of jurists had been published in newspapers and sent to the Prime Minister and the Home Minister. "If you want to delay in this manner, I am not giving up. Let the situation be faced. Am I to be silenced like this?" he asked.

There were also angry ex-hanges when R. M. Hajarnavis. Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs, ob-jected to any discussion on the legality of the DIR under the plea that a petition was pending before the Supreme Court challenging the validity of de-tention under the DIR and therefore the matter was sub

EXPORTS ALL TYPES OF ELECTRIC MINTOP CORPN. | BIYAN'E SONS:

mation is in operation. All that Article 359 takes away is the right to move any court for the enforcement of the fundamental rights which may be mentioned in the Presidential order under Article 359."

is undoubtedly within the ment or do anything right then scope of Parliament's legislation to rorce nim to make a statement of the state of the scope of Parliament's legislation to rorce nim to make a statement of the scope of Parliament's legislation to rorce nim to make a statement of the scope of Parliament's legislation to rorce nim to make a statement of the scope of Parliament's legislation that scope of Parliament's legislation of the scope of Parliament of the scope of Parliament's legislation that scope of Parl

The impugned legislation to force him to make a state-

NEW AGE

trial, you will find that the

#ON FACING PAGE

PAGE SIX

Alabama: Barbarism Shall Not Pass

CONDEMNATION IN EUROPE

🕹 From P. Kunhanandan

BERLIN, May 11: The US White terror against Negroes in Birmingham, Alabama, in the United States, which even President Kennedy was forced to call "an ugly situation" is strongly condemned in the European

ponsibility for the current racial troubles squarely on the Kennedy administration. The central organs of all

Puropean Communist Parties staunchly backed the desistaunchly backed the

C OMMUNIST and progressive newspapers throughest Europe, attacked the United States for unleashing another wave of terror against Negroes and put the responsibility for the current. measures against the demonstrators. Communists fully backed Martin Luther King's ed to draft a time

WHAT ARE YOU DOING **ABOUT BIRMINGHAM!**

THERE a six year old Negro girl was slapped chocked and thrown head first into a police wagon already full of youth and adult victims of the most savage display of police barbarism since the reign

THERE the uniformed white "law-men" have kicked pregnant women in their stomachs; unleashed rabid "killer" dogs on school aged girls and boys clubbed crippled old men into the ground, bloodied and bruised scores by training water-cannon on them the jets from the water hoses are so powerful that they rip the clothes off the victims while bruising the flesh like the blows of a hammer.

THERE 1,500 Negro men, women and children

have been arrested and are suffering the pangs of thirst and hunger and heat prostration in filthy jail cells where they are jammed in like cordwood with-

THERE with a mass of heroism and courage such as evokes the image of the Warsaw Ghetto Uprising that the whole world has just commemorated, the 80,000 Negroes of the Birmingham ghetto have taken the cause of the securing of their human dignity and Constitutional liberties into their own hands.

In one voice they demand the immediate end to the slavery-like Segregation System.

THEY demand the right to vote and political

representation. THEY demand a just share of jobs for their job-

less, and bread and welfare for hungry ones.

THEY demand that the white supremacy signs and barriers be torn down in department stores, parks and places of residence.

THEY demand an end to the racially exclusive "Jimcrow" school system.

THEY demand respect for their human dignity, to be accorded all the rights and opportunities of all other free and equal American citizens.

Their struggle is not merely for themseves

alone, it is a struggle in which all Americans who cherish our Constitution, who would make meaningful its democratic promise must come to the aid of Birmingham's heroic Negro freedom fighters.

Police Commissioner "Bull" Connor and Birmingham's other officials who have set German police dogs upon Negro children to tear their flesh are pro-totypes of these mad men of the "Ultra Right" in the country who are conspiring to unleash the dogs of fascism upon our nation as a whole. Lest this happen in our cities from N. Y. to San Francisco—

YOU must act and demand that the President act-to guarantee that the "Bull" Connors and the Birmingham Beaters shall be beaten, and the Neoro people's cause be victorious. Jail the jailers; Free their victims!

* From The Worker, May 12

republic, an reading news-papers published prominently heart-rending stories of Neg-ro-baiting in the US. Neues Deutchland yesterday, publi-Deutchland yesterday, published a photograph reprinted from Newsweek which would shock any civilised human being (This is evidently the same picture which was front-paged in New Age last week—EDITOR). A White US poll-ceman was seen in the picture setting his sleek and strong dog at a Negro while he himself was assisting the dog with his fist to tear the black man to pieces. This happened only a few days ago in the first a few days ago in the firs a few days ago in the first week of May in the United States, in the much-boasted free world.

circulation daily, wrote powerful indictment of the US in its editorial on the segregation

In Moscow, the Communist Party organ Pravda ran the story under the headline
"Monstrous Crimes of Racists Sovietskaya Russia said blic opinion throughout the world repudiates this wave of racial violence in Alabama, at Federal authorities snap their

LONDON

The London Daily Worker, featuring prominently the colour terror in a most modorn American society, accused the US for having done nothing to protect the civil rights of Negroes, Most other London papers flashed up the Birmingham story on their front pages, with terrible pictures of White policemen armed with clubs, assisted by dors. hunting Negro men and wo-men and harrassing Negro

In Rome, the biggest newspaper, the Communist daily L'Unita said the racial terror and resistance demonstration in Birminham shows that a revolution is under way in the United States. The paper warned that "the weapons of

PARIS

In its description of the battle of Birmingham French Communist paper L'Humanite Communist paper L'humanue carried a large front page pic-ture of policemen attacking a Negro youth with this cap-tion: "The Champions of Free World at Work: A Negro Tor-tured in the streets of Bir-mingham by Police."

OTHER CITIES

The mighly demonstrations of Negroes against White ter-ror have been the front page news in Swedish, Swiss, Aus-trian, Hungarian, Bulgarian, Rumanian, Yugoslav, Finnish and other Communist papers this week. Pictures of policemen and firemen with water jets brutally attacking black demonstrators have been pub-lished every day. This has stirred the people here.

The recent events in Alaba- called American way of life. ed the entire Indian people.

Many in the country once had
the highest regard for the
great American tradition, mbolised in the person of immortal Abraham Lined out that image of your

When we Indians, fought for our freedom, we were of-ten gladdened by the support ten gladdened by the support
we received from the USA.
And there grew up a generation in our country, many among whom delved deep into
American history and thought,
for inspiration for the ideals
of democracy and the equality

Alabama has destroyed the last lingering remains of respect, which may have remained in some hearts, for the so-

Europe's working people, with their commun Parties in the vanguard, are demonstrating their solidarity with Birmingham's

While the GDR press is full of news, pictures and com-ments on the White terror and Negro demonstrations, virtually no West German newspaper has commented editorially on the racial strife in Alabama. This shows that the West German Government and revanchist elements in nower are the only friends of

th US Negro-balters.

In the midst of a serious warned that "the weapons of ment, the organs of the West repression used massively against Negro children backfire against those who use it."

working class strike move ment, the organs of the West German monopolists carefully under-played the rape of himan rights in Birmingham

tion of the Negroes.

Hilter's race hatred is still surviving in West Germany. Negro students and Afro-Asians are facing several difficulties because of colour hatred of some West Germans

thousand Negro students are living happly. They get free education, handsome stipends and free accommodation provided by the So-cialist State. There is no German Soc'alist State. Rac'al and colour discrimination are punishable in the GDR.

The much publicised forthming visit of President Kennedy to West Europe and West Berlin is now under a cloud. The Alabama events have lowered Kennedy's pres-

We have seen this "ways of life" in the photographs of the unprecedented barbarism against discrimination in Bri-A WAY OF LIFE in which little Negro children and in-fants are beaten up by police-

men;
A WAY OF LIFE in which

A WAY OF LIFE in which hungry police dogs are led to bite Negro boys and girls in their teens;

A WAY OF LIFE in which helty brutes of policemen sit astride the chests of Negro women and heat them up; A WAY OF LIFE in which

elementary right to vote.

All mankind today points

but death, slow death, for the Mr. President, you have now

at long last ordered Federal troops to enter Birmingham. For days, from all over the world, from liberal American by you remained unanswered. Only now, when bombs have begun to rip open the bodies of innocent Negroes—only now of innocent Negroes—only now have you thought it fit to

act....
The question will still be asked: have you acted now, because of the fear that the Negro population, uncrushed

OUR responsibility, Mr. President, is to act de-

cisively and with determine tion to put the full power

the Federal, government establish these righteous

"Racist Bill Connor,

his vicious dogs and violer water houses, represents the worst fascist violence. Such

public officials threaten

liberties of all Ame

demned and arrested.

men and men are being

Alabama's Struggle

is Our Struggle

is **Editorial Comments**

The Negroes' struggle against segregtion that has been going on for over a month in the steel city of tioist State in the Americal South— is reminiscent of

Your "helples "Inaction" in the face of White barbarism in Alabama cannot be condoned by right thinking men and won men and women in any parrof the world. The armed might
of the USA is thrown into action at the slightest excuse
anywhere in the world. Be it
against Cuba, be it today in
Laos and South Vietnam or
in Middle East, the US forces

But this "action" Mr. President, is evidently always only group of demonstrators in against the struggle for na-tional independence and

GUS HALL'S TELEGRAM

rested and brutally thrown

into jail. The whole world is shocked at the complacency of the Federal government. Such failure to act only gives aid to the racists. Each hour

of silence and any move of

compromise only endangers

or any act of betrayal of the Constitution by com-promise with the cancerous evil of racism, will result

in a malignant set back for

democratic institutions for

THE FOLLOWING elegram was sent on May 7

by Gus Hall, Communist spokesman, to President

stake in Alabama today. In such a struggle every American has a vital interest and role to fulfil. Every demand of the Negro people in this fight is just and a century overdue: Every American with a sense of

democracy and justice gives support to these demands.

the great days of Satyagraha in India when thousands of people, young and old, offered themselves for arrest in defiance of British orders. N Rev. Martin Luther King gro demonstrators have been arrested including hundreds arrested including hundreds of young school children. The mirer of Gandhiji and deep ly weded to the Gandhian technique of non-voilent restruggle might have g in this satyagrahic but for the fact that in the past few days the police, led by a rabid chief who once as-serted that he would "fill the city's jails to capacity with Negroes," have chosen to em-

> Negro demonstrators. While we are familiar in India with the use of water hoses and tear gas against turbulent crowds. the em ployment of dogs against demonstrators is something which seems as savage as it

ploy police dogs and high-pressure water hoses against

ing demonstrations in that city without a licence from The Hindu, May 11 the police.
Since then thousands of Ne-

sistance the Alahama Ne-

ties of the Satvagraha wea-

non in the famous Rus Rov-

cott movement in Montgomery in 1959. The struggle in Bir-

mingham is for equal access to

restaurants from which they

have been excluded hitherto. Mr. King was arrested over a

dolation of the order bann-

to defeat and arrest the re-cists. Now is the moment to act for freedom and full citi-

thousands of Negro dem

"Together with million

of Americans, I urge that you act now to w've out the shame and brutality of vic-

ious dogs and mad police officials and to seize this

our country.

HE pictures, especially Negro women on nonthe police struggling to are particularly a prod to And we of all people cannot

heavyweight boxing champion. to cancel his return match with the new champion, Son-ny Liston, and join the movement is almost a repeat performance of what happened in our country in the thirties. The Alabama struggle for removing desegregation

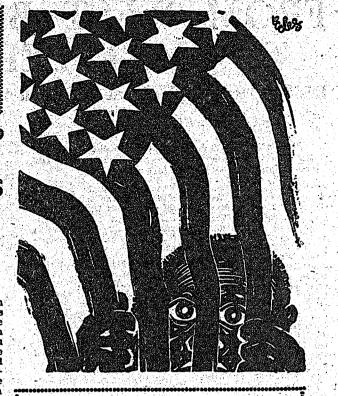
The latest has come after a gap of three years. But, as one report has put it, it is "the

The magic these have work

zenship of the Negro people.
Only such action is in the interest of all Americans. termination of a Rev. Martin Luther King and William Moors, Dick Gregory, and of lenge to be met by deeds of comparable high purpose for

Almist a slice from our own recent history!

First and foremost, how the Negro's protest against discrimination? The answer an article by John Steinbe



DURING Birmingham's demonstrations snarling al-D satians attacked Negroes as Police-Chief Connor cried Watch those Niggers run."

High-pressure fire-hoses flattened children to the nd police charged kneeling, praying Negroe

As a crowd of marching Negroes neared a street corner and were halted by police. "Bull" Connor ordered: "Let those people come to the corner, Sergeant. I want to see

be surprised by the report that The Hindustan Times May 12, the movement is winning converts from quarters one would ordinarily consider immune to its appeal. The decision of Floyd Patterson, the world

public transport, which fol-lowed, was the next step in

scale organized and repeated almost daily with rising inten-"Demands for justice and human decency require you to act with full federal power

ed is best stated in the words Michael Walter used in his re-port in the Dissent on the second of the Alabama strug-

"Each new sit down, each new day of picketing, each disciplined march." according to him, "was cause for pride and exhilaration (for the participants."

written during the schools struggles in Little Rock.

'I have children, as many

of you whites who read this the ground are not the best have. Do you think your children would have the guts, the dignity, and the responsibility to go to school in Little Rock knowing they would be insulted, shoved, hated, sneered at, even spat upon day after day, and do whites.

EW scenes could be more revealing or nauseating than those enacted at Birmingham, Alabama, in recent weeks, where groups of Neg-Dr. Martin Luther King have been demonstrating non-violently against segre-

P ICTURES of burly American policemen sitting on the chests of Negro women pointed to

whites.

To run high-pressure hoses on peaceful demonstrators is another act at calculated barbarity which besmirches Alaanother act at calculated bar-barity which besmirches Ala-bama if that State has any reputation left to be besmirch-ed at all.

These inhuman acts must stink in the nostrils of decent people the world over.

India in a sense has a special interest in the Negro non-violent demonstrators of Birmingham, Alabama, for their leader Mr. Martin Luther is an avowed follower of Candhiji and his techniques.

In the long run the Negroes of Alabama and the south can't lose. The world, especially India, will watch their struggles with compassion and readily help in whatever way is useful and practicable.

WRITERS AND FILM STARS PROTEST GROUP of 54 Ameri-

deploring what they term his indifference to racial disturbances in Birming

The telegram was signed by Marlon Brando, Harry Belafonte. Van Heflin, Lena Horne, Fredric March, Paul Newman, Sidney Poitier, Anthony Qui-nne, Robert Ryan, Shelley nne, Robert Ryan, Shelley Winters and Joanne Woodvars from show business.

doinh, union leaders.

The telegram urged the President: "Put aside your ind fference and all nolitical consideration, and respond with effective, po-sitive actions to the needs of the Negro citizenry of B'rmingham, Alabama, and

"How sadly we view the total moral collapse of your Other s'gnatories were protect and safeguard.

James Baldwin, the author, rights of 20 m'llions the Rev. Harry Fosdick of Negro citizens," the to New York's Riverside Chprotect and safeguard the

FROM WEST BERLIN TO EAST BERLIN

Disillusioned People Come in Search of a Happy Life

* FROM P. KUNHANANDAN

BERLIN. May 12: A Captain of US occupation army stationed in West Germany has come over to the GDR men of 19-30 age group. and sought political asylum last week.

cond Tank Battalion, First Cavalry Regiment in the Third United States Armoured Division. With the date of pr dent Kennedy's visit to West Berlin drawing near, it was a great embarassment for the United States Army Head-quarters in Heldelberg. They described with great discomfiture and embarassment this escape to freedom of an ofi-cer as "desertion" and stated that Captain Svenson was stationed at Glessen, close to East-West German border.

Captain Svension came over Socialist Germany driving
US army vehicle in full uniform and weapons. He is

young, only 30.

A day before his defection. another US serviceman, Sergeant Benjamin Cain walked biggest industrial re-over to East Berlin abandon— West Germany—Norti-ing his occupation post in Westphalia province.

Last October,

tric substations of the Cre-ole Petroleum Corporation

were blown up. The faithful representative of Uncle Sam, the president of Ve-

nezuela, Romulo Betancourt

immediately rushed tanks

and other weapons and in-creased the strength of the

army by 5,00 personnel to put down the "revolt". The petroleum corporation be-

longs to none else, but the Uncle's one of the close guys, Nelson Rockfeller.

This company is the

ing company in the world

Venezuela is a Rockefeller

family kingdom under the Uncle's direct supervision.

There are other US inter-

ests in it too, for example, the Bethlehem Steel and it is no wonder that the

country enjoys the biggest

per capita concentration of

dollars and aid of any country in the world, plus guns, tanks and planes. More the dollars come, the

Net result: The condi-tion of people is much worse than ten years ago, when many of them lived

of raw materials are stea

dily going down while the cost of imports are increas-

PAGE TEN

more the profits go out

HE latest highranking defector from the West is tioned with the Sixth US Incaptain Alfred Svenson, Deputy Commander of the Sectaken part in the recent protaken part in the recent pro-vocative war exercises held in

From March 1 to April 4
this year, according to ofcial GDR News Agency
ADN, 1341 West German
and West Berlin citizens
have sought refuge in the
GDR. Some of these refugees addressed a forum discussion in East Berlin organised by the GDR National
Council.

West Berlin Grunwald For-

400 of them are skilled workers. Most of them were constantly harassed by agents of capitalists and Bonn politica police, it was disclosed in the forum. Some of them came because of unemployment Majority of them are from the biggest industrial region in West Germany—North Rhine

Under Uncle Sam's Umbrella

UNEMPLOYMENT in

land is growing by leaps and bounds. While

the Uncle invites every.

aid-recepient country to

come under his umbrella

and thereby resolve all

their crises, he cannot manage the zinx of un-

employment in his own

country that is every day

Worst of all. Unemploy-

people who are just on the threshhold of setting out in a world of their own.

The problem promises to become one of the most

admits a high official of

Uncle Sam's labour depart-

According to an official report, by next three years about 20 lakh young people who will not have finished their high school, would become virtually unemployable.

The present unemployment rate for such young people is already as high as 25 per cent, compared with 12 per

cent for all teen-agers.

Other groups with special training needs (in order to find a job—Charvak), the

spreading its tentacles

Uncle Sam's own

V ENEZUELA, a dily devaluated, and plight great oil and iron of people is going from bad to worse. This happens under Uncle Sam's Umbre-

and takes away from Worst of all Unemploy-Venezuela oil worth of ment constitutes the big one billion dollars every gest threat for the young

ing. Even food is imported from the USA in Venezue-la. The purchasing power of the money thus is stea-

From April 26 to May 2, according to ADN, 238 West Germans came over to live in the GDR. Majority are young

As socialist construction in the GDR is attaining greater

THE ten-day old strike of West German metal workers ended in a compromise. The management agreed to give five per cent wage increase from April 1. The Union had demandmanagement had said that it could not give an in-3.5 per cent. Then the

res young people under 18 from families whose annual income is less than \$3,000.

One million more young

people will turn 16—the legal school leaving age— this year than the last, the

Will Uncle Sam solve their problems? Or can he?

THE Canadian ensign

was all but blown off its staff—it flapped

loudly, slipped half-way down—during the recep-

tion Kennedy gave to Canadian Prime Minister

Lester B. Pearson at Otis Air Force Base. It

was, perhaps, symbolic.

The meeting, it is now ad-

mitted on all hands, compel-led Pearson to accept United States-controlled nuclear war

heads for air-defence missiles

This acceptance, one may

recall, was held up when John Diefenbaker the former Prime Minister, refused to accept the US dictat. After the exit of

Diefenbaker, it became easy for Uncle Sam to enforce his

will have to pay for any nu-clear-folly that the Uncle may commit.

W HAT is happening in Haiti? NEW STA-

TESMAN, not a red jo-

urnal, says: "Dictator-ship joined with corrup-

hes. From now on, Canada

based in Canada, and for Ca-

nada's forces in the NATO.

report admits

fight for more next year. year.

the employers' lock-out. Employers of Bavarian (see last week's New Age). Metal Industry and North The strikers in ballot Rhine, Westphalia indusyesterday voted 75 per trilists too, have agreed to cent, favouring acceptance give five per cent from of the five per cent increase April 1 this year, and anofor the time being, and ther two per cent next

NATIONALISATION DAY

the GDR is attaining greater successes and the West Germany famishing more and more, people migrate in larger number from the capitalism of the FGR to the sociatism of the GDR.

West German

West German

Metal Workers

Strike Settled

Morarithals sogans.

While the Covernment has not been able to hold the price line been able to

Workers have to keep the production going. For whose benefit? Evidently, not for their own class; nor for the consumer! These six months have witnessed crises in the cloth and sugar markets at the expense of the consumers, though production in both these items has increased and not suffered.

3.5 per cent. Then the strike started followed by

tion, and occasional cru-

elty, have been fairly common in Haiti during

its more than 150 years

of independence. It was

not unusual for a presi-dent to accumulate millions during his term of

office, and then retire to

Paris with a mistress or two and a large private

bank account in Switzer-

Giving details of political transformations that took place in Haiti New Statesman

refers to its present regime.

"Thus the regime, even in

the beginning, in September 1957, had no support except from those whose loyality it could pay for: the contractors

on government jobs, the army, the journalists of the controlled press and other handymen. At first it had

plenty of money to pay for support, since US aid was in-creasing and private invest-

ment flowed in But the cost

of buying support and sup-pressing the opposition was so high that the \$80 million

poured in by the US did no-thing to improve the eco-nomy."

"A US Marine mission, ori-

ginally sent to the island to support the Duvalier regime, has been training soldiers who in turn are training more

bogymen, making the rise of an opposition almost impos-sible."

It were the works of Uncle Sam, who reduced Haiti into virtually a protectorate. But even with all help, his trus-

land."

It says:

have done for their country and

Arrests of leaders of the trade unions and peasant organisations, in the name of emergency, and detention under the undemocratic DIR;

Ition on articles of daily use by common people, com-pulsory deposits scheme and sur-charge on income-tax.

While opposing these taxes and the compulsory deposit scheme, one has to keep in mind the needs of the country and its defence requirements.

requirements.

The common people, weary of

Old Slogans: New Import

Positive

ted man, Duvalier is finding it difficult to continue to sit on the throne. How tragic! -CHARVAK THE National Council of the Indian Association for Afro-Asian Solidarity is seriously coaccerned over the present deadlock in India-China relations. The members of the Council (as people all over India) deeply regret the continuation of the India-China conflict, particularly since the declaration of the Colombo Proposals made by six friendly and non-allowed Afro-Asian nations.

aligned Afro-Asian nations.

We know that peace-loving people all over the world are anxious that this border conflict between two independent Asian powers be solved peacefully and that negotiations should begin as early as possible on the basis of the Colombo Proposals. There is a clear realisation that a speedy resolution of this problem is vital for Afro-Asian solidarity.

What is hecoming more epi-

The common people, weary of prices and taxes, at the same time, want the country's defence to be strengthened. They want to know whether there is any alternative to selling or hartering away our independence and integrity to the USA and Britain without imposing on themselves the bone-crushing taxes and high cost of living.

New Import

It is here that the old dogams of strengthening our defences and becoming self-sufficient, and nationalisation of certain industries which brings necessary capital for investment and purchases of the needs of defence and machinery and know-how, come to our rescue. In the present conditions, these alogans fulfil the pariotic urge of the people.

These must be explained to the people in right earnest, the approach being not agitational best persuasive, to begin with. It is a hard iob not only worth doing but this is the only people's way of strengthening the defence of the country.

The capitalist way of fleecing the people in the name of the defence of the country in the long run, in fact, lowers the morale of the common man is the face of high prices and lower standards of lioning and weakens defence efforts.

The General Council of the AITUC, therefore, has decided to mobilise people on May 27, 1963 for nationalisation of banks, old and export and import trade. The economics of nationalisation of these and other industries like cotton textile, sugar, etc. which the private sector is unable to run properly, in the interest of se-

Results

Nationalisation will bring to the Government the much-needed capital for defence re-quirements and industrial pro-gress. This will weaken the hold of monopolists—Indian se well as foreign—on our co-

a fact which has been highlighted in the Mahalanobis Committee report on the gains of the Second Five Year Plan and concentration of wealth, and by Hazari in his paper for the planning commission, is a dangerous development for a state which has, as its aim, the building of a socialist pattern of society.

The working class, along with other sections of the people, has to fight against this trend of the real wages of workers going down and wealth being concentrated in few hands.

Therefore, this day, May 27, is being observed all over the constry for nationalisation of banks, oil, export-import trade and against taxation on the poorer sections.

Appeal to the Peoples of Asia and Africa

Byery day's delay in the starting of negotiations gives further opportunities to the enemies of Afro-Asian Solidarity and peace to in-

ON SOUTH

AFRICA

THE National Council of

for Afro-Asian Solidarity

expresses its strong condem-

nation of the white minority

Government of South Africa

wishes of the peoples of the

world to abandon its in-

human policies of the apar-

theid and racial discrimina-

tion, and resorting to the

most brutal oppression of the

ing many of Indian origin,

all of whom are struggling

for equality, freedom and

iustice.

the Indian Association

correspondence between the Prime Minister of India and China confirms this belief.

Every day's delay in the starting of negotiations gives further opportunities to the enemies of Airon Asian Solidarity and peace to interfere and strengthen their positions in Asia.

The proposals and start negotiations and peoples to support the Airon Asian intitation.

We hope you will be able to see your way to taking action in this regard. The customs and countries which are obviously friendly to both India and China.

The question is not at this majority of the delegations at the ment with the Indian delegations.

friendly to both India and China.

The question is not at this moment of discussing the details of the proposals. The fact is that an Afra-Asian intervention has taken place on a vital matter, and

Resolutions Adonted At The Meeting

The National Council of the Indian Association for

Afro-Asian Solidarity met in New Delhi last week, under

the chairmanship of its President, Rameshwari Nehru. Representatives from several States attended the meeting.

The Council decided to convene the Fourth National

Conference of the Association at Jaipur in August. It

adopted the following appeal to the Afro-Asian peoples

on the Colombo proposals.

What is becoming more evi-lent everyday is the fact that

delegation particularly stressed the necessity to uphold the recent laudable Afro-Asian initiative for creating a suitable climate for opening of peaceful negotiations between India and China,

ON SOUTHERN: RHODESIA

HE National Council of the Indian Association for Afro-Asian Solidarity Our delegation at Moshi was considers the situation in able to meet delegations from most of the Afro-Asian countries participating in the 3rd Afro-Asian Conference. It supplied them with actual facts regarding the nature and other details of the conflict. The delegation particularly stressed the precessity to unpublic the most of the conflict. The delegation particularly stressed the white-minority rule. for contnuing to flout the White-minority rule.

As a result of the struggle of patriotic forces, the Central African Federation is virtually dead, and the right to independence has been won by the African peoples of Northern Rhodesia and Nyasaland. African population, includ-

between India and China.

As is well-known, the six Afro-Asian Covernments had met at the invitation of the Prime Minister of Ceylon on December 10, 1962 in Colombo. This was an event of great historical significance for it was for the first time that the Afro-Asian nonaligned countries themselves intervened in the interests of peace and Afro-Asian solidarity. land.

The National Council of the Indian Association for Afro-Asian Solidarity condemns the manoeuvres of the Apartheid-hased ruling minority for independence (that is, perpetuation of white minority domination) for Southern Rhodesia on the present restricted franchise.

franchise.

The Council fully supports the demand made by the Indian delegate to the U.N. Sub-Committee on Colonialism that "Independence and equal rights to all residents of the territory."

We appeal to the U.N. Sub-Committee on Colonialism to all residents of the territory."

We appeal to the U.N. Sub-Committee on Colonialism to thou its full weight behind the demand that the British Government restores all democratic rights to the people of Southern Rhodesia, traspectice The proposals were essentially an attempt to provide the possibility for negotiations to begin on the basis of the principle that no side should be allowed to enjoy the fruits of the recent armed hostilities.

Although the proposals were far from those which the Government and people of India considered the minimum, yet the Covernment of India after considerable thought decided to accept the proposals to toto with a view to hasten the starting of negotiations and the creation of climate of peace.

of race or colour, lifts the ban on the popular parties, releases all those detained and calls a new Constitutional Conference, with a view to frame a demo-cratic Constitution.

Africa, who are steadfastly facing this terror and are working for the unity of all the toiling people, irrespective of race or colour, in order that the fascist rule of apartheid and racial discrimination may be soon ended.

may be soon ended.

The Council oppeals to all its branches and individual members to observe South Africa's National Freedom Day on JUNE 28, 1963. On this Day meetings and demonstrations be held wherever possible and statements and resolutions be passed expressing solidarity with the people of South Africa.

DIN PORTUGUESE COLONIES

THE liberation of Goa, Daman and Diu from the clutches of Portuguese imperialism was a great victory of national liberation forces. But the Salazar Government of Lisbon has not

learnt any lesson from history.

history.

The National Council of the Indian Association for Afro-Asian Solidarity strongly condemns the barbarous repression and inhuman torture of the peoples of Angola, Mozambique, Portuguese Guinea, and Cape Verde by the Portuguese military rule.

The situation is all the more aggravated by the support of NATO forces to the Purtuguese Government. The recent dropping of bombs over Senegal territory is a highly unjustified and provocative action on the part of the Portuguese Government.

The National Council supports the recent moves of life Afro-Asian countries in U.N.O. and the efforts of the 24-Nation U.N. Sub-Committee on Colonialism to force Portugue to grant independence to the people of Angola, Mozambique, Portuguese Guinea and Cape Verde.

We appeal to the Indian dele-

Verds.

We appeal to the Indian delegations in these international bodies to press for economic and diplomatic sanctions against Purtugal and to move such resolutions in the General Assembly and in the Security Council of the United Nations.

NATIONALISATION OF BANKS

FROM PAGE 5

profits of the 12 top Indian banks in 1961 was 7.35 crores against a share canital of 17.97 crores. If it is borne in mind that the net profits in a bank are arrived at after making provision for taxation, which is 50 per cent of the actual profits, it would be seen that the

But this is not all to it. Unlike other industries, disclosed profits of the banks are arrived at after making provision for "secret reserves", which account for substantial portion of the profits earned.
The real profits of the banks
are, therefore, substantially
higher than those disclosed
in the Balance Sheet.

And now just a glimpse of the other side of the Indian scene. The Mahalanobis Co-mmittee for enquiry into distribution of national wealth after the Second Five-Year Plan, has reportedly arrived at the conclusion that per cent of the country's households own as much as 75 per cent of privately held stocks, and even within this minority, the further distri-bution of ownership is high-ly concentrated. The Committee also reportedly underlines that half the privately owned share capital in India is owned by only 14,000 hous--Tribune per cent of our vast popula-

The Mahalanobis Committee is reported to have shown conclusively that the 'mana-gement control' of industries ted than ownership control.

Even by holding comparative ly small shares, individuals or business houses are able to take complete charge of poliprofits are Rs. 15 crores take complete charge of poli-over an investment of Rs. cies, and operation of the 17.97 crores! Fabulous in- companies.

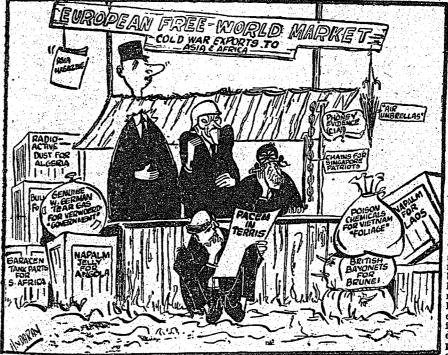
And the Committee has reloans by banks and other financial institutions have ios-tered this trend towards con-This concentration of weal-

th going ahead in India in spite of our socialist declara-tions and professions has added arrogance to the monothe effusions in the monopoly press which he controls merely reflect this feeling that he can defy the powers that be and can flout the will of the nation with impunity.

Volume of opinion in India has been growing— India has been growing— particularly after the recent exposure of the Dalmia-Jain and Birla misdoings— that banks should no more be allowed to remain in priat the nation's cost.

This national demand was recently voiced powerfully all over India on April 17 last, when Bank employees obserer cent of India's privileged ved the All-India Demand lasses (and they are just one Day for Nationalisation of er cent of our vest nounla-

PAGE ELEVENS



Good Lord. Mac! Just when trade is booming. . . .!

NEW AGE

ELEVEN CENTURES OF BIIGARIAN & SLAV ALPIABUI

* By Prof. E. GEORGIEV

May 24 this year marks the completion of eleven centuries since the day when the famous Slav alphabet and writing, which secured them an important place in justices and tyramy, for a higher form of social life in the country. the general cultural history of mankind.

THANKS to Cyril and Methodius work, the Bulgarian
people were the first among the
new European peoples to get acquainted with mankind's cultural
heritage and develop it. They
created literary schools and a
flourishing literature and culture.
Bulgaria became the cradle of
Slav writing, literature and culture which from here spread to
the north-east, west and northto Russia, Serbia, Rumania.

The work of Cyril and Methodius is great both as the beginning of a new stage in the development of Bulgarian and Slav culture and as that of the struggle for a more perfect pattern of social life in Bulgaria, among the Slav peoples and in Europe.

lay peoples and in Europe.

The very idea of introducing the performance of religious services in the living Stavonic language: of the people was exceedingly daring in those days, and as Cyril himself pointed out, was linked with the danger "for everyone who took it up to be denounced as a heretic." Cyril and Methodius had to stand up against all reactionaries of the Middle Ages who allowed the Christiam religious services to be performed in only three languages; Hebrew, Greek and Latin.

The work of Cyril and Metho-

Hebreau, Greek and Latin.

The work of Cyril and Methodius developed into a political struggle for a historic cause. The two brothers organised a united front against the enemies of independent Slav cultural and political development.

In the 9th century when the church which cultivated and promoted literature, played an important political role, and its clergy assiduously helped the foreign feudal lords to occupy and enslave the Slav lands and people, the Slavonic alphabet, church service and books—the work of Cyril and Methodius, served as a shield against the aggression of the powerful and highly cultured Byzantines and the alliance of the Latin clergy with the German feudal lords.

Classical Work

The work of Cyril and Methodius has accompanied the Bulgarian people and served them through the ages — in days of freedom and of dark oppression, in days of rapid advance and in fierce fights against all kinds of oppressors. By developing still further the work of the two brothers, the disciples and followers of Cyril and Methodius fought for Bulgarian nationality and built up the feudal Bulgarian state which, compared with pre-feudal Bulgaria, represented a higher stage in the country's development.

ment.

The writers of the Second Bulgarian State, grouped in a school around the person of Patriarch Euthimius, stabilized this state, helped it to lead an independent cultural and political life and left a large number of literary works which reminded the people of their independent Bulgarian state in the days of oppression which

During the five centuries of Ottoman rule (1393-1878), Bulgaria's literature was not encouraged and cultivated by the goodnment, but reflected the interest of the broad musses of the people. The literature of this period contained many elements of Bulgarian national consciousness which came to life as a reaction to foreign oppression.

After Bulgaria's liberation from Ottoman bondage, the best Bulgarian writers taught their readers to selliessly love the Bulgarian people. Ivan Vazov, Pencho Slaveikov, Aleko Konstantinov, P. K. Yavorov, Elin Pelin all speak in the name of the people and unmask their oppressors and tyrants.

justices and tyranny, for a higher form of social life in the country, for people's greater happiness.

The outstanding leaders of the Bulgarian Communist Party, Dimiter Blagoev and Georgi Dimitrov, poets D. Polyanov, H. Smirnenski and N. Vaptsarov hoisted the flag of social justice, progress, true patriotism combined with internationalism. The triumph of their ideas ushered in the blossoming of Bulgarian culture.

The present-day Bulgarian progressive, Marxist and socialist realistic literature multiplies the forces of the Bulgarian people, helps them actively to build up their welfare, and is fighting for the cause of peace, and friendship with the great Soviet Union and all democratic and peaceful nations in the world.



Cyril and Methodius (from a painting)

Combat Bourgeois Influence In Art And Literature

—TODOR ZHIVKOV

The need to combat bourgeois influence in art and literature and to raise the cultural level of the people on the true foundations of Marxism-Leninism was stressed recently at Sofia by Todor Zhivkov, First Secretary of the Bulgarian Communist Party and Prime Minister of Bulgaria. Zhivkov was addressing the closing meeting of the Politbureau of the Party attended by workers from various sectors of the cultural front.

Folithureau of the Party attended by workers from various sectors of the cultural front.

In this speech Todor Zhivkov the properties of the Sulgarian community Party say no view facing those engaged in literature and art at this present stage in the development of the counting in the development of the counting of the literature and art at this present stage in the development of the counting of the literature and art at this present stage in the development of the counting entity of the literature and art at this present stage in the development of the counting of the literature and art at this present destanding of the block and tasks facing the Bulgarian stage that the control of the control of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian people were growing up and education and tasks facing the Bulgarian people were growing up and education of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian people were growing up and education of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian people were growing up and education of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian people were growing up and education of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian people were growing up and education of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian people were growing up and education of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian people were growing up and education of the Central Committee and the first of the properties of the central Committee and the first of the first

ideological principles, at the purity of Marxism-Leninism, and would serve to consolidate the positions of bourgeois tdeology.

Zhivkov pointed out that the

T. Zhivkov explained this as being above all through the intensified ideological struggle between the two worlds, through the attempts of imperialist propaganda

deology.

Divelling on the economic and cultural contacts between the capitalist and the socialist countries, T. Zhivkov said that these contacts were to continue to expand more and more. "But the issue in this case stands thus: are we to influence us? In the ideological field there is not and there cannot be any compromise what-

activity of our Party and its ideology, T. Zhiokov said, is man. We want to satisfy the material needs of the people. The new man, however, cannot live more fully and better only

with the satisfaction of his material needs.

It is necessary to satisfy his cultural needs as well, his natural inclination for what is beautiful. The different unions of creative workers have been given the task of organizing and helping all those engaged in the field of art so that really rich and varied esthetic and cultural achievements can be attained for the Bulgarian people.

Printed by D. P. Sinha at the New Age Printing Press, Rani Jhansi Road, New Delhi, and published by him from 7/4 Asaf All Road, New Delhi. Phone: 54659.

Editor: Romesh Chandra. Editorial Office: Rani Jhansi Road, New Delhi; Phone: 52879. Managerial Office: 7|4 Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi; Phones: 271002 and 271794.

Telegraphic Address: MARXBADI. Subscription Rates: Inland: Yearly Rs. 12 Half-yearly Rs. 6 and Quarterly Rs. 3. Foreign: Yearly Rs. 20. Half-yearly Rs. 10. All cheques and drafts are to be made payable to T. Madhavan and not to NEW AGE.

SPOTLIGHT ON JAKARTA mocratic right to decide the crucial question of Soviet participation. The Soviet spokesman sharply stated that he wondered how the talk of Afro-Asian solidarity against imperialism, colonialism and the soviet union should be allowed.

With the return home of the Indian delegation to the Afro-Asian Journalists' Conference at Jakarta (April 24—
May 1), fuller reports are available in the capital of the Scotet Union out of the Confer-

May 1), fuller reports are available in the capital of the detailed proceedings of this important gathering, which was attended by some 168 persons from 48 countries.

The pro-imperialist and monopolist press has naturally been up to its usual game: to run down the Conference, slander its organisers, attack its resolutions and paint it merely as a "Chinese-dominated" gathering.

The object of the imperialists and their hangers on in India is obvious, the same as it was at the time of the Moshi Conference—to give the impression that India is "isolated" from the Afro-Asian, solidarion was founded. It would appear then that the Conference was the first of its kind. An organisation called the Afro-Asian solidarity, for national independence and world peace are aghast, deeply hurt and shocked beyond measure.

Unfortunately, however, it is not all that simple, and the task of progressive circles is not merely to stand up and applaud the laker that the Conference was persistently denied the democratic right to decide for itself on this vital issue. * By Our Political Correspondent

The question of Soviet participation as a delegation was unresolved at the preliminary meeting for the Conference held at Jakarta last February.

At the meeting itself, the United Arab Republic and the Lebanon, among others, dissented from the majority decision to keep the Soviet Union out. The majority, it must be said planely, included China and Indonesia.

Even at that meeting, represen-

darity movement and, instead, throw ourselves lock, stock and barrel into the imperialist system of military pacts.

Progressive and democratic circles in the capital are naturally averse to accepting this type of pro-imperialist assessment of Jakarta. The fact cannot be ignored that a number of outstanding journalists from several countries participated in the Conference. The unstinted support given to the Conference by the Indonesian Government is itself a fact which gives the Conference considerable significance. Messages from some of the topmost Afro-Asian heads of Governments indicated the importance attached to the Conference. The declaration of the Conference.

The declaration of the Conference.

The declaration of the Conference.

The declaration of the Conference.

The declaration of the Conference.

Misgivings

nortance attached to the Conference.

The declaration of the Conference and most (not all) of the resolutions followed, by and large, the political line of the Afro-Asian Solidarity Movement. And the omnibus endorsement of the Moshi resolutions indicated the overwhelming desire among the great majority of the participants to be part of the wide peoples solidarity movement, and not "independent" of it.

Conference.

Conference.

Gravest

Frankly that ther gravest misgioing dangerous and pects of the Jak — which may we lar divisive ten people's solidarity movement, and not "independent" of it. And yet it must be said frankly that there should be the gravest misgioings about certain dangerous and disruptive aspects of the Jakarta Conference—which may well lead to similar divisive tendencies in the people's solidarity movement, as a whole.

FROM BACK PAGE

RELEASE COMMUNIST DETENUS Alesar presided over the meet- tained in the state under the

Alesar presided over the meeting.

A number of resolutions on issues affecting the working class, peasantry and other sections of the people-like price rise, housing, distribution of wasteland etc. were adopted by the rally.

The resolution on releases adopted by the meeting stated—that the arrest of a number of Communist and trade union leaders, who have dedicated in the state under the DIR. Similar resolutions were adopted in the May Day rallies held in Mangalore, Bangalore, Raichur, Kundapur, Viraipet, Udupi and other places.

Madhya Pradesh

The Gwalior district unit of the CPI held a big massival of the communist and trade union leaders, who have dedicated to the May Day rallies held in Mangalore, Bangalore, Raichur, Kundapur, Viraipet, Udupi and other places.

union leaders, who have dedicated their life in the service of the workers and who have

the CPI held a big mass rally on May 12 to demand the nus.

of the workers and who have been fighting for their well-being day and night, is harmful not only to the cause of the toiling people but also the cause of national unity. It is a great loss to the cause of national defence itself.

The meeting regretted that while in other states on instructions from the Central Government, releases have

Government, releases have taken place, the Mysore Government has refused to move in the matter so far. It demanded the immediate release of Communist and other leaders of the working class design of the working class design.

Keeping USSR Out

Even at that meeting, representatives of UAR and Lebanon reserved the right (and were assured of it by the organisers) to reopen the question at the mainopen the question at the main-Conference. Their dissenting notes actually were part of the Confer-ence documents.

ence documents.

In the interval, the Permanent Secretariat of the Asian-African People's Solidarity movement at Cairo had specially requested the National Committee at Jakarta to seat the USSR as a full member in the Conference. in the Conference.

in the Conference.

They had pointed out that for the last eight years, not only in the main peoples' solidarity organisation but also in all the Afro-Asian Conferences of women, writers, lawyers, youth, etc., the Soviet Union had taken a leading part, and never had

seat the USSR as a full member in the Conference.

They had pointed out that for the last eight years, not only in the main peoples solidarity organisation but also in all the Afro-Asian Conferences of two men, writers, lawyers, youth, etc., the Societ Union had taken a leading part, and never had the question of its admissibility been relized.

Despite all this, delegates from certain countries at the Jakarta Conference, evidently constituted themselves into a caucus and arrogated to themselves the rights and privileges of the plenary sestion liself. The caucus stubbornly refused to reopen the issue by resorting to a series of procedural manoeuves.

As a last resort, the Mongolian delegation submitted a memorania dum signed by 12 delegations, including the Indian, demanding that the Conference as a whole decide the question of Soviet participation. The caucus, instead of conceding this obvious right, manipulated a "counter-memoran-tic dum" which allegedly sought to a certain countries and bitterness with vide allegation was treated to explain the first over the plans of the plans of the hosts, as a matter of courteys—prevented this majority from asserting itself.

The cavalier fashion in which the whole question was treated to explain the first own of the conference of the Afro-Asian properly representative the which the Soviet Conference. The Soviet delegation pokesman in his speech as an observer, was forced to go to the length of chastising the Presidium for depriving the Conference of its depriving the Conference of its deprivation and direct its members of the conference, which alleged to go to the length of chastising the Presidium for deprivation and direct its members of the conference of its deprivation and direct its members of the conference of its deprivation and direct its members of the conference of its deprivation and direct its members of the conference of its

and neo-colonialism could fit in with the deliberate exclusion of the Societ Union. He explained with the aid of a relief map where the Societ Union was located, for the benefit of those who refused to see that two-thirds of the Societ Union with a population of over 45 million, is in Asla.

Why This Exclusion?

Why did this happen? And who exactly is responsible? If this were merely an isolated, accidental error, committed perhaps out of confusion and misunderstanding, no one would be seriously concerned.

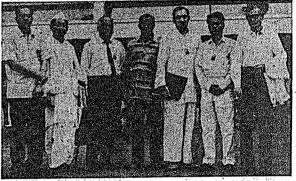
to ask the member organisations of the movement to throw the weight behind an all-out effort to undo the damage done at the Jakarata Journalists' Conference.

Only if all participating countries insist, as the Mongolian delegation has done, that the new Afro-Asian Journalists' Association shall not picture.

countries of the solidarity nuce-ment—can the Association be made the powerful instrument of the struggle against impe-rialism, which it should be. Otherwise, it can well be the starting point of the gravest dis-ruption of anti-imperialist soliruption of anti-imperialist sou-darity.

Indian opinion is naturally also

But there is no doubt at all concerned at the manner in which that this was a thoroughly con-



Indian delegation at Jakarta

sidered step taken after the most careful preparations. At the Moshi Conference, when the dogmatist minority sought to prevent the representatives of the European Socialist countries from attending the Conference as observers (the same capacity in which they had attended the previous Solidarity Conference at Cairo and Conakry), many warned that this was a most dangerous development, which could have serious repurcussions on the whole movement.

Jakarta has taken this disrup-

LAGS: FACTS V. LIES "the scheme of the US, Proumi Nosavan and the reactionaries in the neutralist group was to wreck the talks being held in Khan Khay between held in Khan Khay between

As the situation in Laos deteriorates with the leaders of the Neo Lao Hakopen US intervention, the sending of more and more US arms to rightwing and reactionary factions, the rushing of the US fleet to the Gulf of Thailand—more and more lies are being peddled by imperialist news agencies to hide the truth about Laos.

Lao forces as "the villain of the piece". The latest lie re-lates to the alleged shooting down of helicopters of the International Control Commission by Pathet Lao forces. Photographs are appearing in the Indian press of wounded officers—an Indian included who, it is said, were shot down the Pathet Lao.
As the lie rolls along, it

grows biggest—and the Indian monopoly press is ever ready to help the imghly. What is the truth about the

helicopters? General Sing Kapor Chuanlamani, representative of the Supreme Command of the Neo Lao Haksat armed forces gave the world, through the Voice of Lags radio on May 6, the background to the shooting down of the helicopters and the facts, shorn of imperialist propaganda. Here is an official summary of the General's

General Sing Kapor recalled General Sing Kapor recalled that on May 2, complying with a request by Prince Sou-vana Phouma, the Neo Lao Haksat and the authorities of the genuine neutralists gave permission to a number of French priests and officers to come to Khang Khay. Assistance was given to them in making the trip to Khang Khang Khay, Assis-Khay from Xieng Khoang, and their safety was assumed. In Khang Khay, part of the

group of French priests and officers flew to Vientians in officers flew to Vientiane in planes of the International Commission. Those who stayed behind requested that they may be allowed to make a trip to Mung Phan by car. The Neo Lao Haksat Those who authorities of the genuine neutralists, advised was in no way fortuitous. It them that their safety could added that at a time when not be ensured, if they tra- Prince Souvana Phouma and

HE essential aim of the velled on the highway betw-lies is to paint the Pathet een Phonsavan and the Plain Lao forces as "the villain of of Jars, because the Neo Lao the plece". The latest lie re-

Haksat vehicles traveling on that highway were often blown up by mines laid by Kong Le's troops.

It was regrettable that they did not heed this advice, and decided on their own to go to Muong Phan by car. Their Muong Phan by car. Their vehicle struck a mine two kilometres from Phongsavan. a mine two One French officer was killed instantly while another was wounded severely. On May 3, Prince Souvana

ver ready to neip the imortant news agencies to
ook the lie more thorouhly.

That is the truth about the
icopters? General Sing

On May 3, Frince Souvain
Phouma asked the International Commission to send two
helicopters to the spot to
bring back the wounded and
the body of the deceased to Khang Khay. The representa-tives of the International Commission were accompanied by officers of the Neo Lao Haksat and also by those of General Kong Le's side.

The helicopters of the Intransional Commission were hit by shells just when the corpse was taken aboard one of them. One helicopter was wrecked and a representative of the International Commissional sion was wounded.

After the incident, certain persons alleged that the shells were fired by men of the Neo Lao Haksat side, but most of the eye-witnes-ses, including the people living nearby, affirmed that the sound of the firing came from a post where Kong Le's troops were stationed. An investigation team was formed by the two sides to find out the truth. The team

visited a number of units of the Neo Lao Haksat forces stationed nearby and found that none of them had fired

any shell. The investigation was still going on. General Sing Kapor's state-ment said that this incident was in no way fortuitous. It

rialism means in effect: today.

an alliance with the White supremacists against their

Negro victims; tomorrow, the use of the police dogs and the lynch gang against us.

OPEN LETTER TO KENNEDY

KEROM CENTRAL PAGES

against the progress and happiness of the peoples—and too often, against the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin Ameri-ca, whom your White racial-ists look upon as inferiors, as

sub-human, as animals.

Alabama is a symbol of the same resistance to US impe-The hatred burning in the hearts of every Indian for the racial madness of the US imrialist policies, which can be found today among progres-sive peoples in all lands. The

sat were conducting meetings to end the chaotic situation, the reactionaries supporting General Kong Le began to shell Xieng Khoang city, in a concerted action with the bandit troops of Phoumi No-savan at 7 in the morning on May 3.

They also attacked Nong Nam held by the forces of the genuine neutralists. On the same day, they laid mines on highway number 7, leading to the Ban Ban from Khang Khay, demanding vehicles of the Neo Lao Haksat.

The statement pointed out that in the afternoon of May 2. French vehicles were blown up by mines. On May 3, positions held by the forces of the genuine neutralists were at-

the Neo Lao Haksat moving towards Ban Ban was hit by mines. The Pathet Lao spokesman concluded that all these incidents showed that "the earliest recognition of Latin America as a de-nuclearised area." the neutralist group and lea-ders of the Neo Lao Haksat."

The US, Phoumi Nosavan and the reactionaries in the neutralist group, said General Sing Kapor, could not shun their responsibility for all this.

Latin America : Nuclear-Free

A development of con-siderable significance is the declaration made on April 29 by the Presidents of Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Ecuador and Mexico, in favour of a "Latin American multilateral agreement On the same day the helicopters of the International Commission were fired at. At noon on May 3, the convoy of stock or test nuclear wea-

Latin America as a de-nu-clearised area."

The fifteen other Latin

American States have now been approached for their consent to this proposal. The United Nations has al-

ready declared Africa a nu-clear-free continent. The struggle for the creation of de-nuclearised areas, parti-cularly in the heart of Europe, has been an essential part of the struggle for disarmament

and peace.
The US imperialists seek The US imperialists seek even now bases for their nu-clear rockets. The recent Canadian elections revealed the sinister admission by US leaders that they would like Canada to have such nuclear bases, in order to "draw off", the enemy force, in case of

The Latin Americans are not prepared to be the sitting targets of the USther are any of the peoples of the world. It is this grow-ing strength of the peace forces, which holds the hands of the imperialist

Uganda at the Crossroad

KAMPALA: The one-year old Uganda Government headed by Milton Obote, is nearing a crisis. It will be recalled that the Government, was born out of a shaky coalition between Obote's powerful and nationalist Uganda People's Congress (UPC) and the feudalistic, pseudo-political organisation called the Kabaka Yekka

HE KY derives its name from a local language and means "Kabaka above all!" As the name suggests, the KY was formed by a few fanatics, who exploited the name of the Kabaka, who is the ruler of Buganda Region, to win the support of the masses in this area.

The KY is led by men, who are the KY is led by men, who are the consent of the Cabinet, which the consent of the Cabinet, which is any case, includes three mem-

area.

The KY is led by men, who are not only ambitious but are fortune-seekers. The alliance has been pulling on together with some ideological friction, in an atmosphere of mutual suspicion.

atmosphere of mutual suspicion.

Many people have been wondering how the two parties, which are diametrically opposed, can work together and the more so when the UPC is committed to a socialistic pattern of society, whilst the KY is full of worshippers of the "King" and of diehard landlords.

lords.

The immediate causes of the recent turmoil in the Buganda Lukiko (the Regional Assembly in Buganda) were: the statement by Prime Minister Obote that Uganda was committed to join an East African Federation when Kenya becomes independent; and another statement by the powerful Minister of Information, Broadcasting and Tourism, Nekyon in the National Assembly that Uganda would become a Republic and that he would live to see that day, when the country

same resistance to US imperialism policies, which can be found today among progressive peoples in all lands. The struggle against imperialism in the USA itself. Alabam's struggle against racialism in the USA itself. Alabam's struggle is our struggle.

In India, Mr. President, you have the parally are always advocating a receptance of a US, air umberelic, the signing of a military pact with the USA.

The Alabama events have, in a flash, revealed to our people more clearly than ever the barbaric monster that hides behind the dollar mask of US

PACE FOURITEEN

The Alabama sequence of the US imperialism in the sound that he would lot to see the that day, when the country is that day, when the country with the to explain whether or not, the tourly's population, and the country and west hat the country and was dature. The find a flame which sall keep the bestiality when the country and t

the consent of the Cabinet, which, in any case, includes three members of the KY.

Some members even went on to suggest that the Lukko should stand up and observe two minutes silence as a sign of indignation against the Minister's statement! Others objected and said that this would give an undescroed importance to the Minister! Other suggestions included the recall of all the 21 members from the National Assembly — a task

* From OLYEL

which was unlikely to be carried out successfully.

However, the Lukiko ended its

However, the Lucko ended is emergency session by a mere paper, resolution addressed to the Prime Minister and telling him how upset the Lukiko members were by the Minister's statement. The resolution further asked him to explain whether or not, the statement was in conformity with the Conformative Indice. the resolution to explain whether statement was in conformity the Government's policy.

All the 21 members representing the Region were briefed by Prime Minister future line of

the pro-Catholic Democratic

The KY had a landslide victory, winning 66 seats and only two seats went to the Democratic Pary. The KY filed a petition in court challenging the validity of even these two seats.

even these two seats.

Thus, the KY elected only pre-Kabaka men, including seven members, who were nominees of the UPC, to represent Buganda in the National Assembly. It is interesting to note that amongst the seven UPC nominees from Buganda, there are two non-Africans—one is Mrs. Visram, the widow of a ploneer of Indian origin and the other is Mr. Simpson, the Minister of Economic Development, both of whom were included in the team, which met the Buganda Prime Minister, when he spoke on the future action the Buganda members should take.

What is to be the fate of the

What is to be the fate of the What is to be the fate of the Alliance remains to be seen. However Obote has made no secret of his plans, to his critics from Buganda, who recently urged the withdrawal of their 21 members from the National Assembly, for as they argued, the Assembly was being used to attack Buganda. He stated:

"The alliance was made after an understanding between the

an understanding between the two parties. We, the UPC, will not break it and by this we shall abide. But if the KY wish

shall abide. But if the KY wish to break away, they are at liberty to do so.

"One thing I wish to make clear is that even if they break away, we shall rule the country. We are not going to call for another election until we complete our term of office. We have a mandate from two-thirds of the country's population, and

News Behind Headlines

THE HAITI-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

CONFLICT

* By Laipat Rai

There is trouble in the Caribbean once again. The Haiti-Dominican Republic dispute has begun to cause anxiety all over the world.

This dispute which has hit the headlines in the world press, started with the Dominican Embassy in Port-au-Prince (Haiti) granting refuge to 22 Haitians, who have been described "as the sworn enemies of Dr. Duvalier's regime." The Haitian army and police contingents surrounded the Dominican Embassy building with machine-guins pointed at its gates. The 16000-strong US-trained and equipped Dominican army, which was reorganised by the hated dictator Trujillo, and the 8,500 Haitian troops with US arms, are facing each other on a 240-mile border.

In the meantime, Haiti has brought the issue before the Security Council and the latter is already seized of the problem. In its meeting of May 10, the Security Council, after a brief consideration of the issue, adjourned without adopting a resolution. The US representative wanted the question to be left only to the O.A.S.

According to the New York Times (May 9) American ships

only to the O.A.S.

According to the New York
Times (May 9) American ships
from the Guantanamo base in
Cuba and British ships from the
Leeward Islands in the West
Indies have been deployed to
evacuate US and British citizens
from the two countries.

Gunboat diplomacy is also at work: US warships have been showing their guns just off Port-au-Prince.

Familiar Scene

MAY 19, 1963

What has bappened in the Caribbean is just a familiar scene from an act of Latin American drama, which can be understood better in the background of the past history of Latin America in general and of Hispanola in particular.

On December 6, 1492, the tired eyes of Columbus and his mutinous crew fell on a Caribbean island shimmering under the bright sun on the Western horizon. Columbus named it Hispanola, meaning "Little Spain" Today, it is divided into two independent States, completely different from each other—Haiti and Dominican Republic.

French buccaneers and annexed to the French Republic.

But soon under the influence of the French revolutionary idea, an exceptional historical event took place — the revoilt of the Haitian slaves against their White masters, led by two legendary heroes — Toussaint and Dessalines.

The affairs of Santo Domingo were no less turbulent. Part of it was united to Haiti and part of it remained with Spain. The Spanish upper classes furiously resented the subjection of negro independent States, completely different from each other—Haiti and Dominican Republic.

Then the French Republic.

As a result Haiti today is 90 per cent Negro and 10 per cent mulatto; while the Dominican Republic next door is 20 per cent white and the rest mulatto with some Indian admixture, Haiti is French speaking, while Dominiis French speaking, while Domini can Republic speaks Spanish.

The history of Hispanola, like the history of most of Latin America is an unbroken record of murder, intrigue, poocrty, ignorance and foreign interven-

Hispanola remained a colony of the Spanish upto 1795, in which year it was taken over by the French buccaneers and annexed to the French Republic.

ainst the French and Santo Domingo was back within the place in the Dominican Republic Spanish fold in 1809. Later, two mulatto adventurers Petsin and Boyer reconquered the Dominican regions and united the island under the Haitian rule till 1844. In 1925, the Dominican Republic saw the rise of Dictator Tru-

Boyer reconquiered the Dominican regions and united the island under the Haitian rule till 1844.

In 1861 it reannexed itself to Spain but pulled itself loose once again in 1865. In 1869 the strife-torn, little country sked for incomporation in the United States, but failed to get ratification in the US Senate by one vote.

The later history upto the present time is a sheer record of a murders, vicious civil strife and coups d'etat. There had been strife and coups d'etat. There had been strife of them user gundered. One Presidents in four years and three continues of the Carlbbean, interfered in the affairs of all the Carlbbean countries and had bitter rivalry with the countries and had bitter rivalry. The later history upto the president Guillaume Sam, was in torn to pieces by a mob of two thousand men and women, who he had dragged him out of the French legation.

This was followed by the American intervention under the motorious Rossevelt Carollary, and developed him out of the French legation.

In Haiti, after the end of military stoff.

This was followed by the American intervention under the motorious Rossevelt Carollary, and developed him out of the French legation.

In Haiti, after the end of military stoff.

The US imperialists now find the successive presidents have been no better.

Both the Republics of Haiti the American administration took control of the entire Government, wrote a new constitution, ruled through puppet politicians and forced the country to foat a 40 million dollar loan on exhorbitant terms."

Both the Republics of the streasury and the latter country, through sits coffee and sugar quotas, and the latter country in the most open and unashamed.

Trujllo, known as the "Caesar for Ecasta Threpead in the affairs of all the Caribbean in the Tuylling the affairs of all the Caribbean in the Causan of 30 million dollars, and so its Senor Juan Booch. The amice and both of them have American of them the successive presidents have been no better.

Both the Republics of Haiti and the Palman and

In 1925, the Dominican Repub-lic saw the rise of Dictator Tru-jillo, whose rule was based on American patronage and was sup-ported by a reign of terror, mass-acres and torture of political opponents, looting of the treasury in the most open and unashamed manner.

tute 70 per cent of the country's exports — mainly to the USA.

In Haiti, coffee, the main export item, accounts for 70 to 75 per cent of the total by value. Both live on trade with the USA, and the latter country, through its offee and surer untry.

Anglo-US Spies Sentenced: Disclosure of Espionage Activities

From MASOOD ALI KHAN

MOSCOW, May 13: The trial of the two spies Oleg Pen-kovsky, and Greville Wynne before the Military Collegium of the Supreme Court is over. The first has been sentenced to death by shooting; the second, to 8 years detention, three in prison

HE case cannot be reopened; everything has been conclusively proved on this point; now even the Western press is agreed. But the two can make a clemency petition to the Presidium of the Supreme So-viet.

After the famous Powers

were no less turbulent. Part of it was united to Haiti and part of it remained with Spain. The Spanish upper classes furiously resented the subjection of negro kings and joined with France to fight against Toussaint and Dessalines.

Then the Spanish revolted agtrial this business of Penkov

victions. They were not sacrificing themselves for any cause.

Dispicable Specimens

Penkovsky and. Wynne were pitiable, despicable specimens of humanity who worked for espionage for the West, because it meant more money, night clubs in Paris,

selves brought out their ideals in their testimony. Nobody prevented them from making speeches praising the free world they worked for. Both pleaded guilty, Penkov-

sky, for example, explained his conduct by declaring that he had been "envious, selfish, vain, inclined to careerism, ran after nor Wynne were heroes by any stretch of imagination. They were not working for their convictions. They were not sacribad. I became a good-for-

othing".

And so this good-for-nothing signed a contract for espionage in London and worked for both British and American intelli-

Confession

I said that both confessed their guilt. There was no other way out in face of all the proof available. There is no doubt left in anybody's mind about the justice of the trial.

the justice of the trial.

One must emphasise that although both confessed, their confession was only a confirmation of their guilt and not the proof. According to present Soviet law no one can be con-victed on confession alone. The guilt has to be proved in spite-

To one traitor Penkovsky, there are thousands upon there are thousands upon thousands of Soviet partiots who work for the glorious future of their socialist motherland with the burning flame of love in their heart and who are recorded to and who are prepared to sacrifice everything for her defence and security.

No wonder that the whole country was roused with indig-nation at the foul deeds of these agents of the decaying order.

On the occasion of the Rabindra Jayanti this year, the Charge d'Affaire of the Rumanian Embassy in India, Constantin Dumitrachescu, presented to National Library in Calcutta several works of Tagons and other Indian authors translated in Rumanian language, besides a number of other materials.

Release Communist DETENUS NOW

*FROM FRONT PAGE

the goldsmiths were unani-

mously passed. The resolution on release of detenus, among others, stated:

"This continued arrest and dentention of the Communists, other progressive poli-tical workers and leaders and tical workers and leaders and workers of mass movements is not only a blow against the Communist Party but also against the very struture of democratic life and this meeting therefore appeals to all the citizens of Calcutta to raise a mighty voice for the release and restoration of fundamental democratic rights."

On May 12, a big meeting was held at Howrah Maidan, was neid at Howran Maidan, attended by more than ten thousand people and addressed among others by A K. Gopalan MP.

In Hoogli district a meeting was held at Serampore and then a big procession marched from the meeting of Kon-nagar a distance of five miles.

Punjab

F ROM the incomplete reports that have so far come, it transpires that hundred public over a meetings and demonstra-tions were held throughout the Punjab on May 12 and 13. More meetings were organised on May 14 and 15. Mass meetings have been held in such towns as Ludhiana, Moga, Amritsar, Kotkapura, Fero Cant and Phagwara. Ferozepore

On May 13, mass demonstrations were held in Sangrur, Amritsar, Karnal, Rajpura, Kheral, Jamuna Nagar, Phil-

Despite the harvesting sea-Despite the harvesting sea-son, peasants came from far off villages in Sangrur in lar-ge numbers. The demonstra-tion was led by Avtar Singh Malhotra, Baba Dulle Singh, Partap Singh Dhanaula and others. It marched through the streets of the city and ended in front of the district courts where a memorandum was handed over to the district authorities.

At Amritsar a big rally was held in the Gol Bagh in the afternoon and at the end of the rally a procession marched to the district courts.

The demand for immediate release of detenus was voiced in all the meetings and demonstrations.

Maharashtra

S PEAKING at a mass meeting on the occasion of the Release Detenus Day held at the Nare Park, S. G. Sardesai, Secre-tary of the Maharashtra State Council of the CPI demanded the immediate release of all Communist and trade union leaders detained under the Defenceof India Rules.

A number of processions were taken out in the working

talina par talah

class areas of the city and they all converged in the rally, which was presided over by Prabhakar Vaidya, Secre-tary of the Bombay Commi-ttee of the CPI. Advocate K. T. Sule in his

speech criticised the policy of the government keeping the Communist and trade union leaders in continued deten-tion in the name of emer-

gency.

The high-handed and undemocratic manner in which the government behaved could be seen from the fact could be seen from the fact that for a long time copies of the Defence of India Rules were not made avail-able to the lawyers even though these copies were lying with the government. S. S. Mirajkar, President of S. S. Mirajkar, President of the AITUC and G. Sundaram, General Secretary of the Pet-roleum Workers's Union also addressed the gathering.

M ORE than three thousand citizens of Nagpur in a memorandum submitted on May 12, demanded the immediate release of all Communist detenus.

The memorandum, among others, pointed out that the continued detention of Communists, was contrary to the basic Precepts of democracy.

Among the signatories to the memorandum are a number of doctors, professors, small businessmen etc.

Delhi

I MMEDIATE of all Communists, trade union and kishan sabha leaders detained under the D.I.R. was demanded in two mass rallies organised by the Delhi Provincial Council of the CPI in connection with the Release Detenus day. The rallies were held in Subzimandi and Sewanagar.

The resolution in the main rally, held in Subzimandi, was moved by M. Faroud, Secretary, Delhi Provincial Council of the Party. The resolution deplored the misuse of Emergency powers by the Government and proceeded to say:

"It is regrettable that the "It is regrettable that the Emergency powers, instead of being used against black-marketeers, profiteers, and other anti-national elements, have been applied against those who defended the interests of workers, other toiling sections of the precople?"

people".

The resolution demanded better class treatment for detenus and deplored the "political vindictiveness" of certain State governments this respect.

Speakers at these rallies included Teja Singh Swatantar, veteran Communist leader, Romesh Chandra, Editor of New Age, trade union leaders B. D. Joshi, Ram Chandra Sharma, Shakil Ahmed and

Baldeo Singh.

The speakers described the work of the Communist Party for national defence and for the defence of accepted national policies of nonalignment, democracy and socialism.
They emphasised that the

Party as a whole was committed to these policies. They ridiculed the attempts of the Government and the anti-Communists to create artifi-cial divisions in the Party on

national policies. Earlier in the day, Communist Party Branches in various parts of Delhi organised prabhat pheris, demonstrations, mill-gate meetings to explain to the people the significance of the demand for detenus, release

detenus' release.

The trade unions have actively taken up the demand for the release of trade union leaders and others. Following the decision of the Delhi State Committee of the AITUC on April 8 a number of unions adopted resolutions on re-

During the preparations for May Day, this was an important task which the trade unions under task a the May Day rally itself a resolution demanding rele-ase was adopted .

Subsequently, a number of mions have adopted resolu-tions to this effect. Recently the Voltas and Volkart Em-ployes' Union (an independent union) and Delhi Muni-cipal Workers' Union, in their annual Conference, have ad-opted resolutions demanding release of trade union leaders

Andhra Pradesh

THE Hyderabad City Council of the Communist Party of India organised a cycle procession on the evening of May 12 to demand the release of the Communist leaders, detained under the Defence of India Act.

Earlier the City council had put up thousands of posters in Urdu and Telugu through-out the twin cities calling upon the people to raise their voice against the affront to democracy and the Constitution represented by the con-tinued imprisonment of the

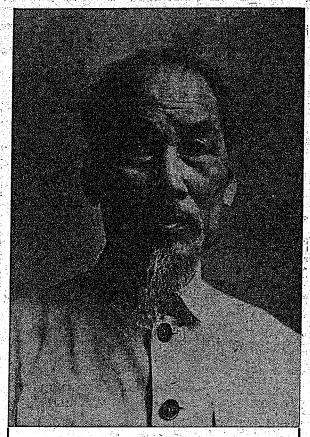
Communist leaders.
The impressive cycle procession winded its way hrough the main thoroughfares of the city lustily shouting slogans. Thou-sands lined the streets and came out on the balconies to witness the procession. The general comment was that the government was being thoroughly unreasonable in the matter.

able in the matter.

The procession, which was headed by City Communist Party Secretary Raj Bahadur Gaur, ended at the historic Charminar. It was addressed charminar. It was addressed by Maqdoom Mohiuddin, who said that not only was the re-lease of the Communist lea-ders essential for India's democracy but more speciafically to fight Right reaction, which the Congress President had characterised as the main danger to the nation.

Karnatak

W ORKERS of Karnatak raised their powerful



President Ho Chi Minh

NEW AGE sends affectionate greetings to President Ho Chi Minh on his 73rd birthday, which falls on May 19.

Beloved of the Vietnamese people, Comrade Ho is today one of the most respected figures in the world Communist movement. His fifty years of revolutionary activities are an example of dedication, sacrifice and devotion to the people, which few have surpassed.

For the entire Indian people, and above all, for the Indian Communists, President Ho represents the finest traditions of the struggle for peace and national in-

dependence, democracy and socialism.

NEW AGE wishes Comrade Ho Chi Minh many, many more years of service to the Vietnamese people and to the world Communist movement.

Long live Comrade Ho Chi Minh!

Long live the friendship between the Vietnamese and Indian peoples!

Long live the solidarity of the world Communist movement!

A Poem Bu Ho Chi Minh

The clouds embrace the peaks, the peaks embrace the clouds.

The river below shines like a mirror, spotless and clean. On the crest of the Western Mountains, my heart stirs

Looking towards the Southern sky and dreaming of old

Moshilling

voice in support of the de mand for the release of Communist and trade union leaders detained under the Defence of India

In the numerous meetings and processions held to cele-brate this year's May Day in the various working class cen-tres throughout the state, re-solutions were passed demand-ing immediate release of the leaders wrongfully kept un-der detention.

Notable among these ra llies was the one held at Sirsi which was jointly or-

Sirsi which was jointly organised by Congressmen-Communists, and PSPers.
The May Day Committee specially formed for the observance of this day had on it, besides representatives of the various trade unions and kisan organisations, prominent Congressmen, Communists and PSPers. A veteran citizen of the place, Hegde

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