Algerians and Frenchmen, fraternally united by a common struggle, find themselves together in the dock. [...] the Frenchmen there represent the future of France, and the ephemeral government which claims to judge them represents, already, nothing. Danger lies in the fact that the initiative remains with the Bonapartist government and that it may not hesitate to unleash ruthless repression.

Battle commences therefore in conditions that will entail a heavy price for victory. But no fear need be entertained of the results. Firstly, because, on the international plane, the colonial revolution is invincible and those who today are resolutely opposing the Algerian war have on their side the great forces of the colonial revolution. Secondly, because now that this movement has conquered the vanguard of the student youth, it will gradually involve the whole youth of the country, and these, for whom the older political currents have no meaning, will be able to serve as a catalyst in the workers' movement. Thus they will activate the struggle to create a new tendency where the only possible programme is that of revolutionary Marxism, that of the Fourth International.

French Trotskyists, without for one instant abandoning work within the CP where are to be found the most advanced workers of the most important French workers' movement, will not fail to give, to the action of the vanguard of the intellectuals and the young people, all the support it deserves, with a view to popularizing their initiative among the workers, overcome misleading policies, and arouse the activity of the class for genuine mass action to stop the war, and support the struggle of the Algerian revolution until its triumph and the overthrow of the de Gaulle government.

India

UNIFICATION OF REVOLUTIONARY MARXISTS

At the end of June a fusion took place between the Revolutionary Communist Party of India, and the Revolutionary Workers Party of India, the united organization taking the name of the former.

The prime importance of this measure is that it marks an important stage in the unification of the revolutionary Marxist forces on the sub-continent at the beginning of a new period marked by the exhaustion of the bourgeois leadership and the start of a period of acute social crisis. It is therefore an important stage on the way to the creation of a revolutionary leadership of the Indian masses.

New Zealand

TROTSKYISTS FORM BRANCH OF AUSTRALIAN SECTION

A group of New Zealand Trotskyists have formed a branch of the Australian section of the FI with the hope of building an independent section in the future. All members are well-integrated in the mass labor movement, in student circles, and in the movement for racial equality between the Maori and Pakeha (whites). Trotskyism is finding a wide audience in the New Zealand left, particularly among the youth.

The New Zealand Labour Movement has a long history of militancy, displayed in the 1951 wharf strike that lasted nearly 6 months and resulted in a violent struggle between dockers and the Tory government. The Maori population, though less oppressed than colored minorities elsewhere, still represents a great but latent powerful force for socialism.

Trotskyism in New Zealand, though a new arrival, has great possibilities. It should be noted that Stalinism is especially weak and offers little resistance to the dynamic ideas of Trotskyism. The New Zealand Trotskyists, through the Australian section, send fraternal greetings to the IS and to all the sections.