The Workers Party of America
Its Problems
By John Pepper (New York)

The entire policy of the Workers’ Party is focused today upon the United Front. Our campaigns for defense, for amalgamation, for protection of foreign born workers, against Fascism, are but attempts through many avenues, to reach various sections of the working class.

The greater step forward have been made by us in the united front against Fascism. For this very reason we must discuss in this connection the limits of the united front.

The policy of the united front holds two dangers. We have sections who do not wish to admit that is is possible in any way, that the united front with yellow leaders, as we have no lead, barred-comrades who want to embrace everybody in the united front, and in this way they forget the by-standers in the Party.

The Italian Federation of the Workers Party has already initiated a number of united fronts and the Socialists, the Anarchists and the Fascists.

But we must openly say, that in the continuation of the fight so brilliantly begun, dangers may arise. Sharp differences of opinion in organization to be united, the threat of a small, isolated group, and the menacing of the yellow leaders. As a result, we must therefore energetically follow the following policy.

The united front is a weapon against the Fascists, Socialists, and the Anarchists, in their general, and the by-standers in the Party.

Naturally, both viewpoints are false. We cannot allow a so-called left group to work outside the united front. And against the Fascists. But we must, at the same time, remember that the united front exists for the benefit of the workers, and not for the advantage of any other social group, or the leaders of the Party.

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The Origin and Growth of the Canadian Communist Party

In the late Fall of 1921, Comrade Peel then Editor of the Workers’ Guard, was besieged with requests that his paper be used as an instrument of radical propaganda. The grave situation demanded action, and the small group of followers at his disposal at that time, three small, isolated groups then attempting to function as Communist united front organizations in Toronto, were invited to contribute to the paper. The result was the establishment of a weekly, The Unity, which combined ideas prevailing among the scattered bands of reds. This move ended the co-operating of the Communist movement in Canada in November, 1921.

Early organizations.

Over fifty delegates attended, resulting in a Provisional Organization, of which Comrade G. MacDonald was appointed as the leader. The Provisional Organization was in turn succeeded by the Communist Party of Canada, which was constituted at a Congress held in Toronto in 1926.

First Convention.

This was an extremely interesting affair. The presence of the organizers was not only a great stimulus to the movement, but it also served as a basis for the construction of the Working Class Movement.

Early Organization.

The Convention adjourned, leaving in charge of the Party, the task of carrying on the work of organizing.

They have succeeded beyond all expectations. The Party has grown rapidly, and has been able to carry on its work effectively.

The Colonies

Where are the Masses?

By E. Ray

The third annual session of the Indian Congress of 1921, has shown that the activities have been wrapped in a veil of mystery, not least in the case of the All-India Congress. The Congress did not seem to make a great deal of the movement, or to inspire the masses with much enthusiasm. The Indian National Congress, as a whole, has not been able to carry on its work effectively.

Now for the Outlook.

The standing up influence of the Second Convention is noticeable. More and more it is becoming apparent that the Indian National Congress has grown in size and strength. The Party members have settled down in their stride and are fast laying the foundations for a mass organization. The Communist Party of Canada is so far the most revolutionary and viable group. Now that the Canadian Communist Party is also having a healthy influence. The outlook for the future is encouraging. The establishment of a Communist Party in Canada is a great step forward. But we must all work together, and today but mark another opportunity for the proletariat to celebrate a further advance of class-consciousness. The Party is taking a definite part in the world struggle for economic freedom under the leadership of the Communist International. The whole world is looking to the Communist movement in the Colonies.
The concluding sentiments of the General Secretary, as well as his reference to the "Labor Problem in India," point to the general agreement among the leaders of labor and nationalists that the labor problem is of paramount importance.

The labor movement in India has been gaining momentum and the leaders are aware of the need for cooperation between the labor and national movements. The General Secretary emphasizes the importance of unity and coordination among the labor organizations.

The General Secretary stresses the need for solidarity among the workers, both in India and internationally. He reminds the audience of the contributions made by the Indian labor movement to the struggle for freedom.

The General Secretary acknowledges the efforts of the Indian labor movement in the past and满怀信心地 declares that the labor movement is poised to achieve greater victories.

The concluding sentiments of the General Secretary, as well as his reference to the "Labor Problem in India," point to the general agreement among the leaders of labor and nationalists that the labor problem is of paramount importance.
there a Labor Problem in Japan?" To which he himself replied, "Of course it is there. The problems of labor are marching, and the problems of labor in Japan are marching, too."

Mr. G. D.ывo, the Indian member of the International Labor Conference, pointed out that the Indian labor movement is under the guidance of the Indian Congress, which has helped Indian leaders to grasp the fact that "Society cannot be divided into classes, but it must be divided into races." There can be no better description of the aims of one of the most effective leaders of the Indian Congress, Mr. G. D.ывo.

The concluding sentiments of the Central Secretary, as well as the recommendations of the Indian delegates, were that India's economic and social problems cannot be separated from her political problems, and that the solution of both must be sought in the unification of India and Pakistan.

The conference ended on a high note of optimism, with the delegates confident that the Indian labor movement will continue to grow and develop, and that the problems of labor in India will be resolved in the near future.