Struggle in Ladies Garment Union is Reaching Climax—By Rose Worts

Seven months ago, in the midst of a half-century of labor movement, the Ladies Garment Union, representing about 75% of the employees in the relevant industry, declared an uncontrollable strike. This is an internal conflict of the union itself which has been going on for many years. The strikers are demanding more than the employers are willing to concede.

The key issue in the strike is the question of the contract that the union has with its employers. The union wants to negotiate a new contract that would provide better wages and working conditions for its members. The employers, on the other hand, are refusing to negotiate a new contract and are trying to keep the old contract in place.

The strike has been going on for seven months and has been a source of frustration for both the union and the employers. The union has been unable to negotiate a new contract and the employers have been unable to bring the workers back to work.

In the meantime, the economic conditions in the United States have been deteriorating. The economy is in a recession and the unemployment rate is rising. This has made it difficult for the union to negotiate a new contract and the employers are not willing to give in to the union's demands.

The union is now preparing to take more drastic measures to force the employers to negotiate a new contract. The union is considering the possibility of a general strike, which would bring the entire industry to a standstill.

The strike is a test of the strength of the union and its ability to organize its members. The union has been able to mobilize its members and has been able to maintain a high level of solidarity. The union is confident that it can force the employers to negotiate a new contract and that it can win the strike.

In the meantime, the employers are trying to eliminate the union and are considering the possibility of a settlement. The employers are willing to negotiate a new contract, but they are not willing to concede to all of the union's demands. The employers are willing to pay higher wages and provide better working conditions, but they are not willing to give in to the union's demands on hours and benefits.

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Wages and American Prosperity—By Earl Browder

Surely America is prosperous. Producing the greatest stream of commodities the world has ever known—American capitalism—has produced a prosperity such as has never before been known in the history of the world. And this prosperity has been achieved without the aid of any unions.

The wives of the workers, who are the backbone of American society, have been working long hours in the factories and have been earning a living wage. The men have been earning a salary that is sufficient to support their families. The children have been going to school and have been learning a trade. And all of this has been done without the aid of any unions.

In the cotton-goods manufacturing industry, for example, the workers have been producing a product that is in demand by the American public. The workers have been able to negotiate a contract that provides them with a living wage. And this wage has been sufficient to support their families. The children have been going to school and have been learning a trade. And all of this has been done without the aid of any unions.

In the automobile industry, the workers have been producing a product that is in demand by the American public. The workers have been able to negotiate a contract that provides them with a living wage. And this wage has been sufficient to support their families. The children have been going to school and have been learning a trade. And all of this has been done without the aid of any unions.

In the steel industry, the workers have been producing a product that is in demand by the American public. The workers have been able to negotiate a contract that provides them with a living wage. And this wage has been sufficient to support their families. The children have been going to school and have been learning a trade. And all of this has been done without the aid of any unions.

In the coal mining industry, the workers have been producing a product that is in demand by the American public. The workers have been able to negotiate a contract that provides them with a living wage. And this wage has been sufficient to support their families. The children have been going to school and have been learning a trade. And all of this has been done without the aid of any unions.

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